



Department of Energy
Portsmouth/Paducah Project Office
1017 Majestic Drive, Suite 200
Lexington, Kentucky 40513
(859) 219-4000

RECEIVED
By Terri.Drake at 4:14 pm, Aug 25, 2022

August 25, 2022

Mr. Todd Hendricks
Division of Waste Management
Kentucky Department for Environmental Protection
300 Sower Boulevard, 2nd Floor
Frankfort, Kentucky 40601

PPPO-02-10022011-22B

Ms. Jamie Nielsen
Division of Waste Management
Kentucky Department for Environmental Protection
300 Sower Boulevard, 2nd Floor
Frankfort, Kentucky 40601

Dear Mr. Hendricks and Ms. Nielsen:

**C-746-U CONTAINED LANDFILL SECOND QUARTER CALENDAR YEAR 2022
(APRIL-JUNE) COMPLIANCE MONITORING REPORT, PADUCAH GASEOUS
DIFFUSION PLANT, PADUCAH, KENTUCKY, FRNP-RPT-0245/V2, PERMIT
NUMBER SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, AGENCY INTEREST ID NO. 3059**

The subject report for the second quarter calendar year (CY) 2022 has been uploaded to the KY eForms portal via the Kentucky Online Gateway. Other recipients outside the Solid Waste Branch are receiving this document via e-mail distribution (see distribution list). This report is required in accordance with Permit Condition ACTV0006, Special Condition Number 3, of Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 (Permit). This report includes groundwater analytical data, surface water analytical data, a validation summary, groundwater flow rate and direction determination, figures depicting well locations, and methane monitoring results.

The statistical analyses on the second quarter CY 2022 monitoring well data collected from the C-746-U Landfill were performed in accordance with Monitoring Condition GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 3, using the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency guidance document, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989). This report also serves as the statistical exceedance notification for the second quarter CY 2022, in accordance with Monitoring Condition GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 5, of the Permit.

If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact David Dollins at (270) 441-6819.

Sincerely,

April Ladd

Digitally signed by April
Ladd
Date: 2022.08.25
13:25:13 -05'00'

April Ladd
Acting Paducah Site Lead
Portsmouth/Paducah Project Office

Enclosure:

*C-746-U Contained Landfill Second Quarter Calendar Year 2022 (April-June) Compliance
Monitoring Report, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky,
FRNP-RPT-0245/V2*

cc w/enclosure:

abigail.parish@pppo.gov, PPPO
april.ladd@pppo.gov, PPPO
april.webb@ky.gov, KDEP
brian.begley@ky.gov, KDEP
bruce.ford@pad.pppo.gov, FRNP
bryan.smith@pad.pppo.gov, FRNP
christopher.travis@ky.gov, KDEP
dave.dollins@pppo.gov, PPPO
dennis.greene@pad.pppo.gov, FRNP
frnp_correspondence@pad.pppo.gov
jennifer.woodard@pppo.gov, PPPO
ken.davis@pad.pppo.gov, FRNP
leo.williamson@ky.gov, KDEP
lisa.crabtree@pad.pppo.gov, FRNP
myrna.redfield@pad.pppo.gov, FRNP
pad.rmc@pad.pppo.gov
stephaniec.brock@ky.gov, KYRHB
tracey.duncan@pppo.gov, PPPO

e-copy via KY eForms portal:

jamie.nielsen@ky.gov, KDEP
lauren.linehan@ky.gov, KDEP
teresa.osborne@ky.gov, KDEP
todd.hendricks@ky.gov, KDEP

FRNP-RPT-0245/V2

**C-746-U Contained Landfill
Second Quarter Calendar Year 2022
(April-June)
Compliance Monitoring Report,
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky**



This document is approved for public release per review by:

KA Beasley
FRNP Classification Support

8-15-22
Date

**C-746-U Contained Landfill
Second Quarter Calendar Year 2022
(April-June)
Compliance Monitoring Report,
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky**

Date Issued—August 2022

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
Office of Environmental Management

Prepared by
FOUR RIVERS NUCLEAR PARTNERSHIP, LLC,
managing the
Deactivation and Remediation Project at the
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
under Contract DE-EM0004895

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

CONTENTS

FIGURES	v
TABLES	v
ACRONYMS	vii
1. INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 BACKGROUND	1
1.2 MONITORING PERIOD ACTIVITIES	1
1.2.1 Groundwater Monitoring	1
1.2.2 Methane Monitoring	3
1.2.3 Surface Water Monitoring	3
1.3 KEY RESULTS	4
2. DATA EVALUATION/STATISTICAL SYNOPSIS	7
2.1 STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF GROUNDWATER DATA	8
2.1.1 Upper Continental Recharge System	8
2.1.2 Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer	8
2.1.3 Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer	8
2.2 DATA VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION	9
3. PROFESSIONAL GEOLOGIST AUTHORIZATION	11
4. REFERENCES	13
APPENDIX A: GROUNDWATER, SURFACE WATER, LEACHATE, AND METHANE MONITORING SAMPLE DATA REPORTING FORM	A-1
APPENDIX B: FACILITY INFORMATION SHEET	B-1
APPENDIX C: GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSES AND WRITTEN COMMENTS	C-1
APPENDIX D: STATISTICAL ANALYSES AND QUALIFICATION STATEMENT	D-1
APPENDIX E: GROUNDWATER FLOW RATE AND DIRECTION	E-1
APPENDIX F: NOTIFICATIONS	F-1
APPENDIX G: CHART OF MCL AND UTL EXCEEDANCES	G-1
APPENDIX H: METHANE MONITORING DATA	H-1
APPENDIX I: SURFACE WATER ANALYSES AND WRITTEN COMMENTS	I-1
APPENDIX J: ANALYTICAL LABORATORY CERTIFICATION	J-1

APPENDIX K:	LABORATORY ANALYTICAL METHODS.....	K-1
APPENDIX L:	MICRO-PURGING STABILITY PARAMETERS.....	L-1

FIGURES

1. C-746-U Landfill Groundwater Monitoring Well Network	2
2. C-746-U Landfill Surface Water Monitoring Locations	5

TABLES

1. Summary of MCL Exceedances	4
2. Exceedances of Statistically Derived Historical Background Concentrations	4
3. Exceedances of Current Background UTL in Downgradient Wells	6
4. C-746-U Landfills Downgradient Wells Trend Summary Utilizing the Previous Eight Quarters	6
5. Monitoring Wells Included in Statistical Analysis	8

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

ACRONYMS

<i>CFR</i>	<i>Code of Federal Regulations</i>
CY	calendar year
<i>KAR</i>	<i>Kentucky Administrative Regulations</i>
KDWM	Kentucky Division of Waste Management
<i>KRS</i>	<i>Kentucky Revised Statutes</i>
LEL	lower explosive limit
LRGA	Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer
LTL	lower tolerance limit
MCL	maximum contaminant level
MW	monitoring well
RGA	Regional Gravel Aquifer
UCRS	Upper Continental Recharge System
URGA	Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer
UTL	upper tolerance limit

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

1. INTRODUCTION

This report, *C-746-U Contained Landfill Second Quarter Calendar Year 2022 (April–June) Compliance Monitoring Report, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, is being submitted in accordance with Solid Waste Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045.

The Groundwater, Surface Water, Leachate, and Methane Monitoring Sample Data Reporting Form is provided in Appendix A. The facility information sheet is provided in Appendix B. Groundwater analytical results are recorded on the Kentucky Division of Waste Management (KDWM) Groundwater Sample Analyses forms, which are presented in Appendix C. The statistical analyses and qualification statement are provided in Appendix D. The groundwater flow rate and direction determinations are provided in Appendix E. Appendix F contains the notifications for all permit required parameters whose concentrations exceed the maximum contaminant level (MCL) for Kentucky solid waste facilities provided in 401 KAR 47:030 § 6 and for all permit required parameters listed in 40 CFR § 302.4, Appendix A, that do not have an MCL and whose concentrations exceed the historical background concentrations [upper tolerance limit (UTL), or both UTL and lower tolerance limit (LTL) for pH, as established at a 95% confidence]. Appendix G provides a chart of MCL and historical background UTL exceedances that have occurred, beginning in the third quarter, calendar year (CY) 2002. Methane monitoring results are documented on the approved C-746-U Landfill Methane Monitoring Report form provided in Appendix H. The form includes pertinent remarks/observations as required by 401 KAR 48:090 § 5. Surface water analyses and written comments are provided in Appendix I. Analytical laboratory certification is provided in Appendix J. Laboratory analytical methods used to analyze the included data set are provided in Appendix K. Micropurging stability parameter results are provided in Appendix L.

1.1 BACKGROUND

The C-746-U Landfill is an operating solid waste landfill located north of the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant and north of the C-746-S&T Landfills. Construction and operation of the C-746-U Landfill were permitted in November 1996. The operation is regulated under Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045. The permitted C-746-U Landfill area covers about 60 acres and includes a liner and leachate collection system. The C-746-U Landfill currently is operating in Phases 4 and 5, with Phases 6 and 7 approved for receipt of waste as of September 27, 2019. A minor permit modification that included upgrades to the leachate storage capacity for Phases 6 and 7 was approved by KDWM on May 21, 2021 (FRNP 2021). Phases 1, 2, and 3 have long-term cover. Phases 8 through 23 have not been constructed.

1.2 MONITORING PERIOD ACTIVITIES

1.2.1 Groundwater Monitoring

Three zones are monitored at the site: the Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS), the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA), and the Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA). There are 21 monitoring wells (MWs) under permit for the C-746-U Landfill: 9 UCRS wells, 6 URGA wells, and 6 LRGA wells. A map of the MW locations is presented in Figure 1. All MWs were sampled this quarter except MW376 and MW377 (both screened in the UCRS), which had an insufficient amount of water to obtain samples; therefore, there are no laboratory analysis results for these locations.

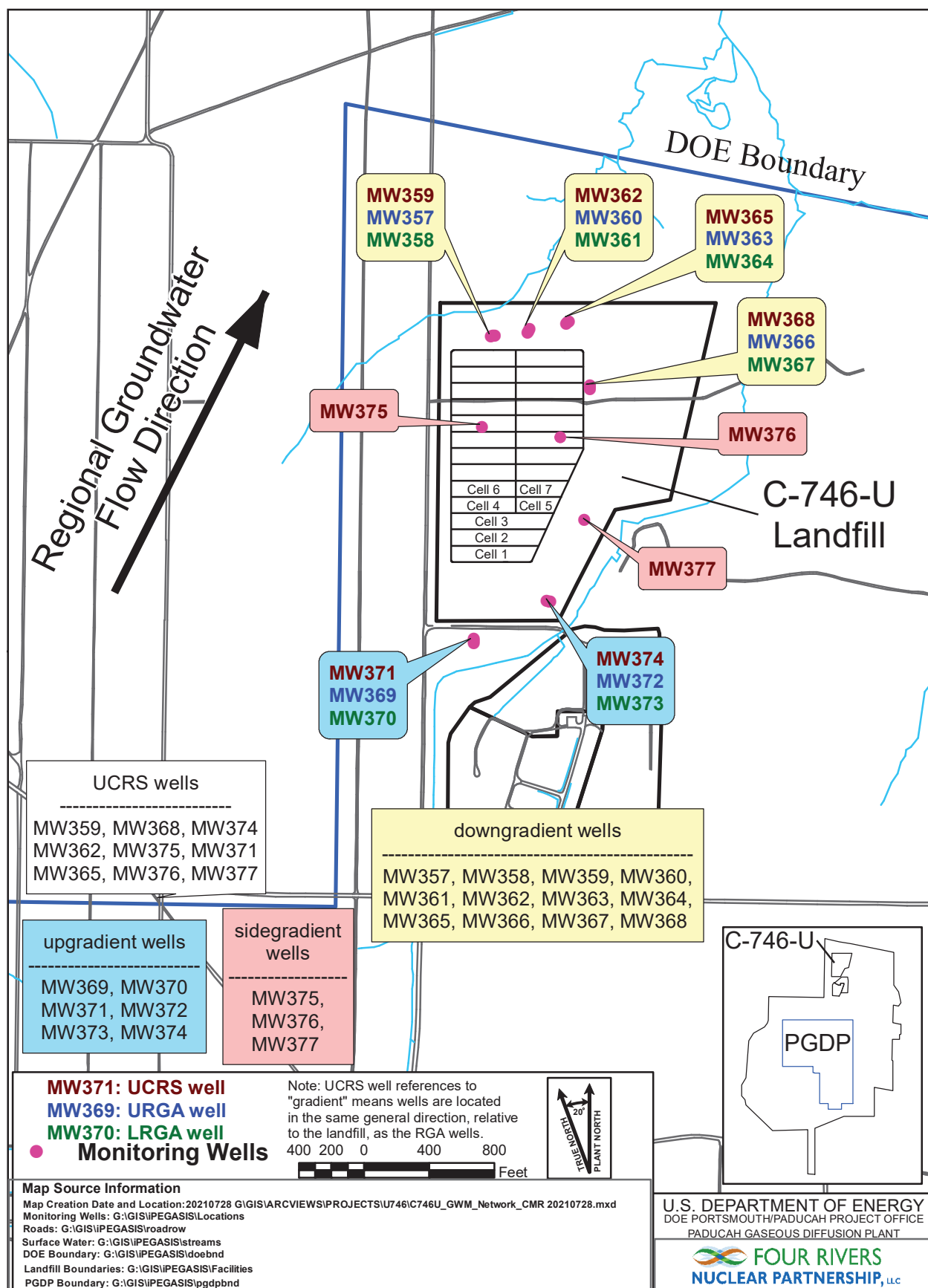


Figure 1. C-746-U Landfill Groundwater Monitoring Well Network

Consistent with the approved *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, (Groundwater Monitoring Plan) UCRS wells are included in the monitoring program (LATA Kentucky 2014). Groundwater flow gradients are downward through the UCRS, but flow in the underlying Regional Gravel Aquifer (RGA) is lateral. Groundwater flow in the RGA typically is in a northeasterly direction in the vicinity of the C-746-U Landfill. The Ohio River and lower reaches of Little Bayou Creek are the discharge areas for the RGA flow system from the vicinity of the landfills.

Consistent with the conceptual site model, the constituent concentrations in UCRS wells are considered to be representative only of the conditions local to the well or sourced from overlying soils; thus, no discussion of potential “upgradient” sources is relevant to the discussion for the UCRS. Nevertheless, a UTL for background also has been calculated for UCRS wells using concentrations from UCRS wells located in the same direction (relative to the landfill) as those RGA wells identified as upgradient. The results from these wells are considered to represent historical “background” for UCRS water quality. Similarly, other gradient references for UCRS wells are identified using the same gradient references (relative to the landfill) that are attributed to nearby RGA wells. Results from UCRS wells are compared to this UTL and exceedances of these values are reported in the quarterly report.

Groundwater sampling was conducted within the second quarter 2022 in accordance with the Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014) using the Deactivation and Remediation Contractor procedure CP4-ES-2101, *Groundwater Sampling*. Groundwater sampling for the second quarter 2022 was conducted in April 2022. The analytical laboratory used U.S. Environmental Protection Agency-approved methods, as applicable. Appropriate sample containers and preservatives were used. The parameters specified in Permit Condition GSTR0001, Special Condition 1, were analyzed for all locations sampled.

The groundwater flow rate and direction determination are provided in Appendix E. Depth-to-water was measured on April 25 and 26, 2022, in MWs of the C-746-U Landfill (see Appendix E, Table E.1), in MWs of the C-746-S&T Landfills, and in MWs of the surrounding region (shown on Appendix E, Figure E.4). Water level measurements in 38 vicinity wells define the potentiometric surface for the RGA. Typical regional flow in the RGA is northeastward, toward the Ohio River. During April, RGA groundwater flow in the area of the landfill was oriented northeast. The hydraulic gradient for the RGA in the vicinity of the C-746-U Landfill in April was 1.35×10^{-3} ft/ft (see Appendix E, Table E.2). The hydraulic gradients for the URGA and LRGA at the C-746-U Landfill were 5.89×10^{-4} ft/ft and 5.86×10^{-4} ft/ft, respectively (see Appendix E, Table E.2). Calculated groundwater flow rates (average linear velocity) at the C-746-U Landfill range from 1.002 to 1.709 ft/day for the URGA and 0.996 to 1.699 ft/day for the LRGA (see Appendix E, Table E.3).

1.2.2 Methane Monitoring

Methane monitoring was conducted in accordance with 401 KAR 48:090 § 5 and the approved Explosive Gas Monitoring Program (KEEC 2011), which is Technical Application Attachment 12, of the Solid Waste Permit. Industrial Hygiene staff monitored for the occurrence of methane in four on-site building locations and four locations along the landfill boundary on June 13, 2022. See Appendix H for a map (see Appendix H, Figure H.1) of the monitoring locations. Monitoring identified all locations to be compliant with the regulatory requirement of < 100% lower explosive limit (LEL) at boundary locations and < 25% LEL at all other locations. The results are documented on the C-746-U Landfill Methane Monitoring Report provided in Appendix H.

1.2.3 Surface Water Monitoring

Surface water was monitored, as specified in 401 KAR 48:300 § 2, and the approved *Surface Water Monitoring Plan for C-746-U and C-746-S&T Landfills Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015,*

SW07300045, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky, Agency Interest Number 3059 (FRNP 2021), which is Technical Application Attachment 24 of the Solid Waste Permit. Surface water sampling was performed at three locations (see Figure 2) monitored for the C-746-U Landfill: (1) instream location, L154; (2) downstream location, L351; and (3) instream location L150. Surface water results are provided in Appendix I.

1.3 KEY RESULTS

Groundwater data were evaluated in accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014), which is Technical Application Attachment 25, of the Solid Waste Permit. Parameters that had concentrations that exceeded their respective MCL are listed in Table 1. Those constituents that exceeded their respective MCL were evaluated further against their historical background UTL. Table 2 identifies parameters (that do not have MCLs) with concentrations that exceeded the statistically derived historical background UTL¹ during the second quarter 2022, as well as parameters that exceeded their MCL and also exceeded their historical background UTL. Those constituents (present in downgradient wells) that exceed their historical background UTL were evaluated against their current UTL-derived background using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells considered to be background. Constituents in downgradient wells that exceeded current background UTL are shown on Table 3.

Table 1. Summary of MCL Exceedances

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
None	None	MW361: Trichloroethene
		MW373: Trichloroethene

Table 2. Exceedances of Statistically Derived Historical Background Concentrations

UCRS*	URGA	LRGA
MW359: Dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW357: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW358: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW362: Dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW360: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW361: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW365: Dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW363: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW364: Oxidation-reduction potential, technetium-99
MW368: Dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW366: Oxidation-reduction potential, technetium-99	MW367: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW371: Dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW369: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW370: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW374: Dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW372: Calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate, technetium-99	MW373: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW375: Oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate		

*Gradients in the UCRS are downward. UCRS gradient designations are identified using the same gradient reference (relative to the landfill) that is attributed to nearby RGA wells.

Sidegradient wells: MW375, MW376, MW377

Downgradient wells: MW357, MW358, MW359, MW360, MW361, MW362, MW363, MW364, MW365, MW366, MW367, MW368

Upgradient wells: MW369, MW370, MW371, MW372, MW373, MW374

¹ The UTL comparison for pH uses a two-sided test for both UTLs and LTLs. For the purposes of this report, the reference to “UTL exceedances” also includes the LTL for pH.

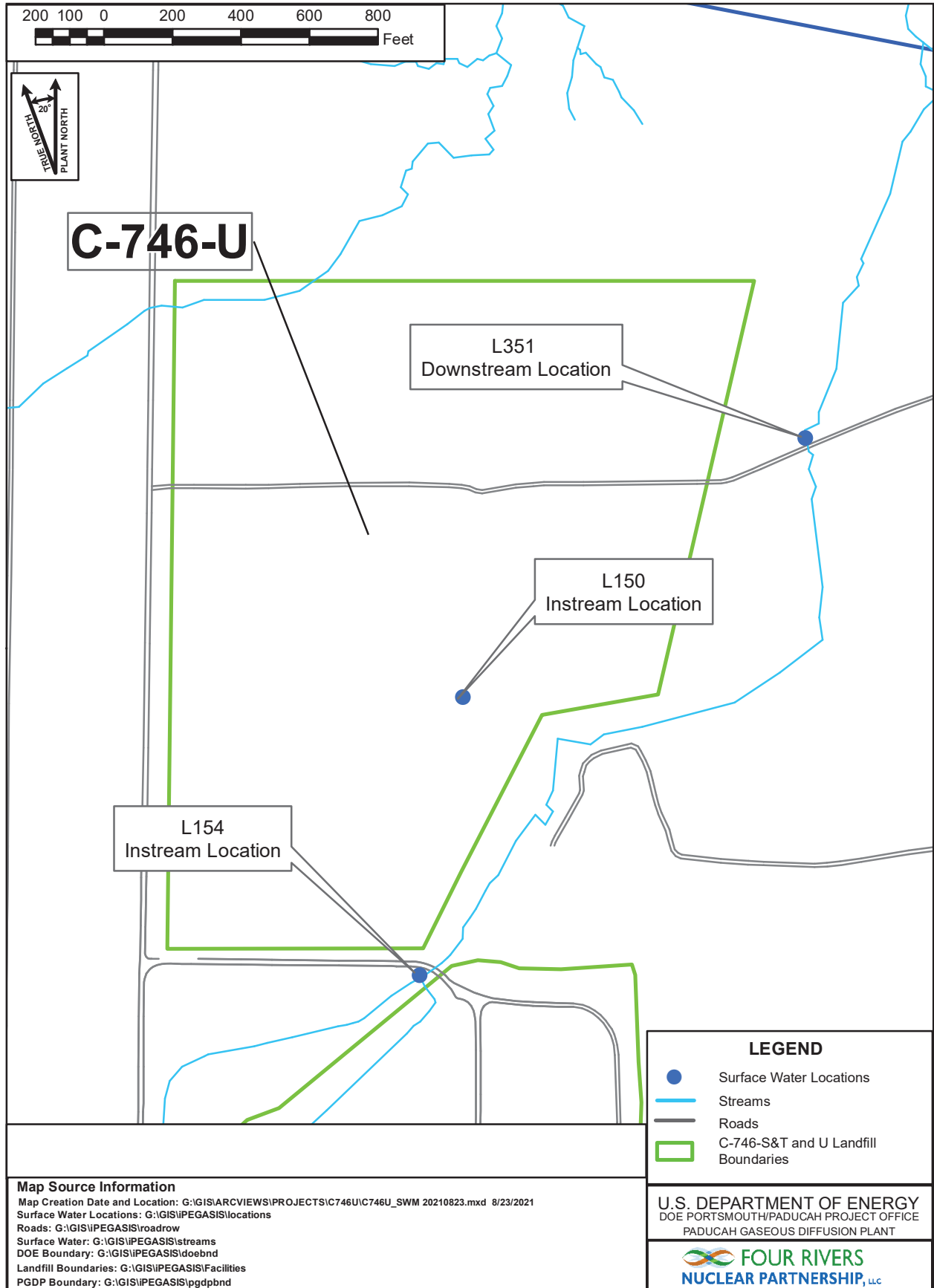


Figure 2. C-746-U Landfill Surface Water Monitoring Locations

**Table 3. Exceedances of Current Background
UTL in Downgradient Wells**

URGA	LRGA
MW363: Oxidation-reduction potential	None

The notification of parameters that exceeded the MCL was submitted electronically to the KDWM, in accordance with 401 KAR 48:300 § 7, prior to the submittal of this report.

The constituent that exceeded the MCL in downgradient wells was subjected to a comparison against the UTL concentration calculated using historical concentrations from wells identified as background. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan, the MCL exceedance for trichloroethene in downgradient well MW361 does not exceed the historical background concentration and is considered to be a Type 1 exceedance—not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill.

This report is the notification of parameters that had statistically significant increased concentrations relative to historical background concentrations, as required by Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Condition GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 5, and 401 KAR 48:300 § 7.

The constituents that had exceedances of the statistically derived historical background UTL underwent additional statistical evaluation. The current quarter concentrations were compared to the current background UTLs that were developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as background in order to determine if the current downgradient (compliance) well concentrations are consistent with current background values. Table 3 summarizes the evaluation against current background UTL for those constituents present in downgradient RGA wells with historical UTL exceedances. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan, constituents in downgradient wells that exceed the historical UTL, but do not exceed the current UTL, are considered not to have a C-746-U Landfill source; therefore, they are a Type 1 exceedance (not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill). Except for oxidation-reduction potential in MW363, all MCL and UTL exceedances reported for this quarter were evaluated and considered to be Type 1 exceedances—not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill.

Oxidation-reduction potential in downgradient LRGA well MW363 exceeds both the historical background UTL and the current background UTL; therefore, preliminarily considered to be a Type 2 exceedance. To evaluate the preliminary Type 2 exceedance further, the parameter was subjected to the Mann-Kendall statistical test for trend using the most recent eight quarters of data. The results are summarized in Table 4. Oxidation-reduction potential in MW363 showed no trend and is considered to be a Type 1 exceedance—not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill.

**Table 4. C-746-U Landfills Downgradient Wells Trend Summary
Utilizing the Previous Eight Quarters**

Location	Well ID	Parameter	Sample Size	Alpha¹	p-Value²	S³	Decision⁴
C-746-U Landfill	MW363	Oxidation-reduction potential	8	0.05	0.274	6	No trend

¹ An alpha of 0.05 represents a 95% confidence interval.

² The p-value represents the risk of acceptance the H_a hypothesis of a trend, in terms of a percentage.

³ The initial value of the Mann-Kendall statistic, S, is assumed to be 0 (e.g., no trend). If a data value from a later time period is higher than a data value from an earlier time period, S is incremented by 1. On the other hand, if the data value from a later time period is lower than a data value sampled earlier, S is decremented by 1. The net result of all such increments and decrements yields the final value of S. A very high positive value of S is an indicator of an increasing trend, and a very low negative value indicates a decreasing trend.

⁴ The Mann-Kendall decision operates on two hypotheses; the H₀ and H_a. H₀ assumes there is no trend in the data, whereas H_a assumes either a positive or negative trend.

Note: Statistics generated using ProUCL.

2. DATA EVALUATION/STATISTICAL SYNOPSIS

The statistical analyses conducted on the second quarter 2022 groundwater data collected from the C-746-U Landfill MWs were performed in accordance with the Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014). The statistical analyses for this report use data from the first eight quarters that were sampled for each parameter, beginning with the baseline sampling events in 2002, when available. The sampling dates associated with background data are listed next to the result in the statistical analysis sheets in Appendix D (Attachments D1 and D2).

Parameters that exceed the MCL for Kentucky solid waste facilities found in 401 KAR 47:030 § 6 were documented and evaluated further. Exceedances were reviewed against historical background results (UTL). If the MCL exceedance was found not to exceed the historical UTL, the exceedance was noted as a Type 1 exceedance—an exceedance not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill. If there was an exceedance of the MCL in a downgradient well and this constituent also exceeded the historical background, the quarterly result was compared to the current background UTL (developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as background) to identify if this exceedance is attributable to upgradient/non-landfill sources. If the downgradient concentration was less than the current background, the exceedance was noted as a Type 1 exceedance. If a constituent exceeds its Kentucky solid waste facility MCL, historical background UTL, and current background UTL, it was reported as a Type 2 exceedance—source undetermined. Type 2 exceedances (undetermined source) were evaluated further using the Mann-Kendall test for trend. If there was no statistically significant increasing trend for a constituent in a downgradient well, the exceedance was reclassified as a Type 1 exceedance (not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill).

For those parameters that do not have a Kentucky solid waste facility MCL, the same process was used. If a constituent without an MCL exceeded its historical background UTL and its current background UTL, it was evaluated further to identify the source of the exceedance, if possible. If the source of the exceedance could not be identified, it was reported as a Type 2 exceedance—source undetermined. Type 2 exceedances (undetermined source) were evaluated further using the Mann-Kendall test for trend. If there was no statistically significant increasing trend for a constituent in a downgradient well, the exceedance was reclassified as a Type 1 exceedance (not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill).

To calculate the UTL, the data were divided into censored (nondetects) and uncensored (detected) observations. The one-sided tolerance interval statistical test was conducted only on parameters that had at least one uncensored observation. Results of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test were used to determine whether the data showed a statistical exceedance in concentrations with respect to historical background concentrations (UTL).

For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test was conducted. The test well results were compared to both a UTL and LTL to determine if statistically significant deviations in concentrations existed with respect to background well data.

A stepwise list of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical procedures applied to the data is provided in Appendix D under Statistical Analysis Process. The statistical analysis was conducted separately for each parameter in each well. The MWs included in the statistical analyses are listed in Table 5.

Table 5. Monitoring Wells Included in Statistical Analysis^a

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
MW359	MW357	MW358
MW362	MW360	MW361
MW365	MW363	MW364
MW368	MW366	MW367
MW371 ^b	MW369 (background)	MW370 (background)
MW374 ^b	MW372 (background)	MW373 (background)
MW375		
MW376 ^c		
MW377 ^c		

^a Map showing the monitoring well locations is shown on Figure 1.

^b In the same direction (relative to the landfill) as RGA wells considered to be upgradient.

^c Well had insufficient water to permit a water sample for laboratory analysis.

2.1 STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF GROUNDWATER DATA

Parameters requiring statistical analysis are summarized in Appendix D for each hydrogeological unit. A stepwise list for determining exceedances of statistically derived historical background concentrations is provided in Appendix D under Statistical Analysis Process. A comparison of the current quarter's results to the statistically derived historical background was conducted for parameters that do not have MCLs and also for those parameters whose concentrations exceed MCLs. Appendix G summarizes the occurrences (by well and by quarter) of historical UTLs and MCL exceedances. The constituents that had exceedances of the statistically derived historical background UTL underwent additional statistical evaluation. The current quarter concentrations were compared to the current background UTL developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as upgradient in order to determine if the current downgradient concentrations are consistent with current background values.

2.1.1 Upper Continental Recharge System

In this quarter, 26 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the UCRS. During the second quarter, dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, and sulfate displayed concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTL and are listed in Table 2. Dissolved oxygen exceeded the current background UTL in upgradient UCRS well MW371.

2.1.2 Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer

In this quarter, 26 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the URGA. During the second quarter, calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate, and technetium-99 displayed concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTL and are listed in Table 2. Oxidation-reduction potential exceeded the current background UTL in downgradient URGA well MW363.

2.1.3 Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer

In this quarter, 25 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the LRGA. During the second quarter, oxidation-reduction potential and technetium-99 displayed concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTL and are listed in Table 2. There were no constituents that exceeded the current background UTL in downgradient LRGA wells.

2.2 DATA VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION

Data verification is the process of comparing a data set against a set standard or contractual requirements. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014), data verification is performed for 100% of the data. Data are flagged as necessary.

Data validation was performed on 100% of the organic, inorganic, and radiochemical analytical data by a qualified individual independent from sampling, laboratory, project management, or other decision making personnel. Data validation evaluates the laboratory adherence to analytical method requirements. Validation qualifiers are added by the independent validator and not the laboratory. Validation qualifiers are not requested on the groundwater reporting forms.

Field quality control samples are collected each sampling event. Field blanks, rinseate blanks, and trip blanks are obtained to ensure quality of field and laboratory practices and data are reported in the Groundwater Sample Analysis forms in Appendix C. Laboratory quality control samples, such as matrix spikes, matrix spike duplicates, and method blanks, are performed by the laboratory. Both field and laboratory quality control sample results are reviewed as part of the data verification/validation process.

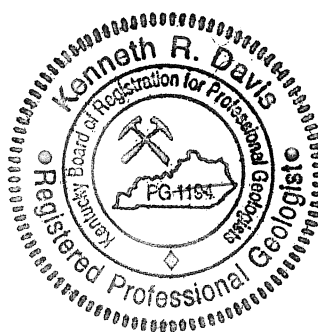
Data verification and validation results for this data set indicated that all data were considered usable.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

3. PROFESSIONAL GEOLOGIST AUTHORIZATION

DOCUMENT IDENTIFICATION: *C-746-U Contained Landfill Second Quarter Calendar Year 2022 (April-June) Compliance Monitoring Report, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky (FRNP-RPT-0245/V2)*

Stamped and signed pursuant to my authority as a duly registered geologist under the provisions of KRS Chapter 322A.



PG113927
Kenneth Davis
8-15-2022

Kenneth R. Davis
Kenneth R. Davis

PG113927

August 15, 2022
Date

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

4. REFERENCES

- FRNP (Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC) 2021. *Surface Water Monitoring Plan for C-746-U and C-746-S&T Landfills Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky, Agency Interest Number 3059*, Solid Waste Landfill Permit, Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Technical Application Attachment 24, Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC, Paducah, KY, March.
- KEEC (Kentucky Energy and Environment Cabinet) 2011. Solid Waste Landfill Permit, Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Division of Waste Management, Solid Waste Branch, Technical Application Attachment 12, “Explosive Gas Monitoring Program,” January 21.
- LATA Kentucky (LATA Environmental Services of Kentucky, LLC) 2014. *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky, PAD- PROJ-0139*, Solid Waste Landfill Permit, Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Technical Application Attachment 25, LATA Environmental Services of Kentucky, LLC, Kevil, KY, June.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

APPENDIX A

**GROUNDWATER, SURFACE WATER,
LEACHATE, AND METHANE MONITORING
SAMPLE DATA REPORTING FORM**

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

**GROUNDWATER, SURFACE WATER, LEACHATE,
AND METHANE MONITORING
SAMPLE DATA REPORTING FORM**

**NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION CABINET
DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
DIVISION OF WASTE MANAGEMENT
SOLID WASTE BRANCH
14 REILLY ROAD
FRANKFORT, KY 40601**

Facility Name: U.S. DOE–Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant Activity: C-746-U Contained Landfill
(As officially shown on DWM Permit Face)

Permit No: SW07300014,
SW07300015, Finds/Unit No: _____ Quarter & Year 2nd Qtr. CY 2022
SW07300045

Please check the following as applicable:

_____ Characterization X Quarterly _____ Semiannual _____ Annual _____ Assessment

Please check applicable submittal(s): X Groundwater X Surface Water
_____ Leachate X Methane Monitoring

This form is to be utilized by those sites required by regulation (Kentucky Waste Management Regulations-401 KAR 48:300 and 45:160) or by statute (Kentucky Revised Statutes Chapter 224) to conduct groundwater and surface water monitoring under the jurisdiction of the Division of Waste Management. **You must report any indication of contamination within forty-eight (48) hours of making the determination using statistical analyses, direct comparison, or other similar techniques. Submitting the lab report is NOT considered notification.** Instructions for completing the form are attached. Do not submit the instruction pages.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for such violations.

Myrna E. Redfield Digitally signed by Myrna E. Redfield
Date: 2022.08.25 14:19:52 -05'00'

Myrna E. Redfield, Program Manager
Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC

Date

April Ladd Digitally signed by April
Ladd
Date: 2022.08.25 14:43:01
-05'00'

April Ladd, Acting Paducah Site Lead
U.S. Department of Energy

Date

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

APPENDIX B
FACILITY INFORMATION SHEET

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

FACILITY INFORMATION SHEET

Groundwater: April 2022
Surface water: April 2022
Methane: June 2022

Sampling Date: _____ County: McCracken Permit Nos. SW07300014,
SW07300015,
SW07300045

Facility Name: U.S. DOE—Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
(As officially shown on DWM Permit Face)

Site Address: 5600 Hobbs Road Kevil, Kentucky 42053
Street City/State Zip

Phone No: (270) 441-6800 Latitude: N 37° 07' 45" Longitude: W 88° 47' 55"

OWNER INFORMATION

Facility Owner: U.S. DOE, Joel Bradburne, Manager
Portsmouth/Paducah Project Office Phone No: (859) 219-4000

Contact Person: Bruce Ford Phone No: (270) 441-5357
Director, Environmental Services

Contact Person Title: Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC

Mailing Address: 5511 Hobbs Road Kevil, Kentucky 42053
Street City/State Zip

SAMPLING PERSONNEL (IF OTHER THAN LANDFILL OR LABORATORY)

Company: GEO Consultants Corporation

Contact Person: Jason Boulton Phone No: (270) 816-3415

Mailing Address: 199 Kentucky Avenue Kevil, Kentucky 42053
Street City/State Zip

LABORATORY RECORD #1

Laboratory GEL Laboratories, LLC Lab ID No: KY90129

Contact Person: Valerie Davis Phone No: (843) 769-7391

Mailing Address: 2040 Savage Road Charleston, South Carolina 29407
Street City/State Zip

LABORATORY RECORD #2

Laboratory: N/A Lab ID No: N/A

Contact Person: N/A Phone No: N/A

Mailing Address: N/A
Street City/State Zip

LABORATORY RECORD #3

Laboratory: N/A Lab ID No: N/A

Contact Person: N/A Phone No: N/A

Mailing Address: N/A
Street City/State Zip

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

APPENDIX C
GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSES
AND WRITTEN COMMENTS

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4798	8004-4799	8004-0981	8004-4800					
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					357	358	359	360					
Sample Sequence #					1	1	1	1					
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment					NA	NA	NA	NA					
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)					4/6/2022 10:25	4/6/2022 11:23	4/6/2022 12:02	4/6/2022 07:58					
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²					N	N	N	N					
Split ("Y" or "N") ³					N	N	N	N					
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)					MW357UG3-22	MW358UG3-22	MW359UG3-22	MW360UG3-22					
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)					575751001	575751003	575751005	575751007					
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatile Organics</u> Analysis					4/8/2022	4/8/2022	4/8/2022	4/8/2022					
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)					DOWN	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN					
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D S ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.547	*	0.454	*	<0.2	*	0.195	*J
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	33.1	*J	29.9	*J	0.589	*J	7.86	*J
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.152	J	0.173	J	0.115	J	0.238	J
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	1.11	J	0.639	J	0.266	J	0.475	J
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	39.3		54.1		23.5		11.1	
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	29.71		29.72		29.72		29.68	
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	µMH0/cm	Field	428		497		252		422	

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.

²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.

³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.

⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.

⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved

⁶"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.

⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:

* = See Comments

J = Estimated Value

B = Analyte found in blank

A = Average value

N = Presumptive ID

D = Concentration from analysis
of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)					357		358		359		360	
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	327.89		327.9		344.97		327.92	
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	4.66		1		6.01		1.67	
S0266- -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	216		244		160		229	
S0296- -	pH	T	Units	Field	6.1		6.22		6.27		6.09	
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field	402		166		282		378	
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field	15.56		15.06		15.33		14.33	
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	0.114		0.0332	J	0.0655		0.0801	
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		0.00368	J	<0.005		<0.005	
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0711		0.067		0.047		0.192	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.369		0.324		0.00603	J	0.0246	
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	24.3		32.3		23.3		19	
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	0.000696	J	0.0198		<0.001		0.00249	
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.000844	J	0.000538	J	0.00175	J	0.00403	
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.232		7.15		0.0803	J	0.235	
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	10.7		16.3		4.35		7.93	
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.0275		1.34		0.00164	J	0.0334	
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						357		358		359		360	
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.000376	J	0.000281	J	<0.001	
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.000848	J	0.0397		0.00291		0.00149	J
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	1.54		2.73		0.401		0.604	
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		0.00181	J
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	39.6		37.4		18.3		61.8	
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	0.00101	J	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		<0.0002		0.00033		0.0001	J
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.02		<0.02		<0.02		<0.02	
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.0078	J	0.01	J	0.0034	J	0.00457	J
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant **FINDS/UNIT:** KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 **LAB ID:** None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					357		358		359		360	
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2	Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9	Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3	Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3	Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3	Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6	Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5	Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4	Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6	Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.003		0.0013		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						357		358		359		360	
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000193		<0.0000188		<0.0000188		<0.0000194	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB, Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.101		<0.099		<0.0982	
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.101		<0.099		<0.0982	
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.101		<0.099		<0.0982	
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.101		<0.099		<0.0982	
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.101		<0.099		<0.0982	
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.101		<0.099		<0.0982	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800		
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					357		358		359		360		
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.101		<0.099		<0.0982	
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.101		<0.099		<0.0982	
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.101		<0.099		<0.0982	
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	4.97	*	-0.209	*	1.63	*	-1.59	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	23.6	*	20.1	*	-1.86	*	-3.5	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	0.606	*	1.06	*	0.127	*	1.74	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	1.39	*	0.527	*	0.265	*	0.595	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	28.6	*	25	*	-8.63	*	-3.21	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	-0.327	*	0.552	*	1.4	*	1.35	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	21.1	*	132	*	184	*	86.3	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	<20		19.3	J	26.4		<20	
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5		<0.5	
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	0.639	J	4.01		6.28		1.06	J
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.00382	J	<0.01		0.00388	J	<0.01	

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4795	8004-0986	8004-4796	8004-4797					
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					361	362	363	364					
Sample Sequence #					1	1	1	1					
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment					NA	NA	NA	NA					
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)					4/6/2022 08:40	4/6/2022 09:42	4/11/2022 07:34	4/11/2022 08:33					
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²					N	N	N	N					
Split ("Y" or "N") ³					N	N	N	N					
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)					MW361UG3-22	MW362UG3-22	MW363UG3-22	MW364UG3-22					
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)					575751011	575751013	576202001	576202003					
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatile Organics</u> Analysis					4/11/2022	4/11/2022	4/13/2022	4/13/2022					
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)					DOWN	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN					
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.504	*	0.125	*J	0.142	J	0.543	
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	36.2	*J	2.77	*J	29.3	*J	37.2	*J
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.152	J	0.39	J	0.177	J	0.139	J
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	1.17	J	0.398	J	7.98	J	1.07	J
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	69.8		31.1		29.6		72.3	
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	29.68		29.7		29.86		29.86	
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	µMH0/cm	Field	478		660		445		481	

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.

²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.

³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.

⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.

⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved

⁶"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.

⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:

* = See Comments

J = Estimated Value

B = Analyte found in blank

A = Average value

N = Presumptive ID

D = Concentration from analysis
of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)					361		362		363		364	
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	327.93		340.8		327.5		326.72	
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	4.2		5.9		1.33		3.75	
S0266- -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	260		394		271		269	
S0296- -	pH	T	Units	Field	5.93		7.02		5.94		5.91	
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field	381		358		471		406	
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field	15.11		15.61		15.44		15.17	
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.05		0.263		<0.05		<0.05	
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0568		0.0894		0.144		0.0544	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.267		0.0171		0.0188		0.106	
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	30		19		28		31.3	
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		0.00123		<0.001	
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.000735	J	0.000914	J	0.00199	J	0.00179	J
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020	<0.1		0.125		0.0423	J	0.0466	J
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	14		8.74		11.1		13.6	
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.00411	J	0.00186	J	0.197		0.01	
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		0.000092	J	0.000097	J

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						361		362		363		364	
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.000629	J	0.000207	J	<0.001	
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.000621	J	0.00106	J	0.0153		0.00116	J
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	2.08		0.225	J	2.05		1.96	
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	42.5		131		40.7		41.7	
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		0.00331		<0.0002		<0.0002	
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.02		<0.02		<0.02		<0.02	
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.00362	J	<0.02		0.00871	J	0.0192	J
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					361		362		363		364	
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2	Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9	Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3	Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3	Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3	Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6	Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5	Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4	Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6	Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00527		<0.001		<0.001		0.00285	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						361		362		363		364	
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000188		<0.000019		<0.0000193		<0.0000194	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0999		<0.103		<0.1		<0.104	
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0999		<0.103		<0.1		<0.104	
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0999		<0.103		<0.1		<0.104	
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0999		<0.103		<0.1		<0.104	
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0999		<0.103		<0.1		<0.104	
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0999		<0.103		<0.1		<0.104	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					361		362		363		364	
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
11097-69-1	PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0999		<0.103		<0.1		<0.104	
11096-82-5	PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0999		<0.103		<0.1		<0.104	
11100-14-4	PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0999		<0.103		<0.1		<0.104	
12587-46-1	Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	1.05	*	3.3	*	1.52	*	3.04	*
12587-47-2	Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	10.1	*	-3.42	*	6.01	*	27.2	*
10043-66-0	Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3	Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	-0.0581	*	0.577	*	1.41	*	0.718	*
10098-97-2	Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	-2.71	*	2.99	*	-0.482	*	0.06	*
14133-76-7	Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	29	*	-8.27	*	14.9	*	61.7	*
14269-63-7	Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	0.119	*	0.134	*	2.33	*	3.05	*
10028-17-8	Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	98.8	*	61.5	*	57.7	*	-113	*
S0130- -	Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	26.4		22.8		11	J	11	J
57-12-5	Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5	Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5		<0.5	
S0268- -	Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	0.456	J	1.87	J	0.978	J	0.573	J
S0586- -	Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.00566	J	0.0176		0.0082	J	0.00682	J

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-0984	8004-0982	8004-4793	8004-0983					
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					365	366	367	368					
Sample Sequence #					1	1	1	1					
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment					NA	NA	NA	NA					
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)					4/11/2022 09:13	4/11/2022 09:56	4/11/2022 10:39	4/11/2022 11:19					
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²					N	N	N	N					
Split ("Y" or "N") ³					N	N	N	N					
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)					MW365UG3-22	MW366UG3-22	MW367UG3-22	MW368UG3-22					
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)					576202005	576202007	576202009	576202011					
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatile Organics</u> Analysis					4/13/2022	4/14/2022	4/14/2022	4/14/2022					
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)					DOWN	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN					
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D S ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.09	J	0.52		0.546		<0.2	
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	2.22	*J	38.1	*J	39.1	*J	0.591	*J
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.295	J	0.168	J	0.118	J	0.223	J
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	0.775	J	0.787	J	0.29	J	0.0571	J
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	56.1		43.6		45.2		19.3	
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	29.9		29.91		29.91		29.93	
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	µMH0/cm	Field	417		450		427		332	

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.

²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.

³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.

⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.

⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved

⁶"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.

⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:

* = See Comments

J = Estimated Value

B = Analyte found in blank

A = Average value

N = Presumptive ID

D = Concentration from analysis
of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)					365		366		367		368	
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	335.31		327.62		327.6		357.7	
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	6.07		3.38		2.01		3.77	
S0266- -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	266		257		241		191	
S0296- -	pH	T	Units	Field	6.22		6.07		5.92		6.56	
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field	394		416		407		386	
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field	15.28		16.33		16.33		15.56	
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.05		<0.05		<0.05		0.0703	
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0863		0.103		0.156		0.0307	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.00646	J	0.0524		0.0405		0.00559	J
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	20.3		27.3		25.5		37	
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	0.00146		<0.001		0.000567	J	<0.001	
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.00383		0.00164	J	0.00168	J	0.00138	J
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020	<0.1		<0.1		0.543		0.0503	J
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	9.37		11.6		11.7		7.78	
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.00704		0.0026	J	0.222		0.0019	J
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	0.000095	J	0.000102	J	0.000075	J	0.000096	J

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983		
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					365		366		367		368		
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		0.000497	J
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.00503		0.00103	J	0.00184	J	0.000762	J
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	0.252	J	1.81		3.01		0.207	J
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		0.00271	J	<0.005		<0.005	
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	53.7		44.5		37.2		20.5	
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	0.000268		<0.0002		<0.0002		0.000199	J
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.02		<0.02		<0.02		0.00406	J
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.00783	J	0.00525	J	0.0065	J	<0.02	
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant **FINDS/UNIT:** KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 **LAB ID:** None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					365		366		367		368	
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2	Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9	Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3	Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3	Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3	Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6	Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5	Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4	Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6	Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		0.0018		0.00413		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						365		366		367		368	
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000194		<0.0000192		<0.0000191		<0.0000195	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB, Total	T	ug/L	8082	0.0512	J	<0.0991		<0.1		<0.0996	
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.106		<0.0991		<0.1		<0.0996	
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.106		<0.0991		<0.1		<0.0996	
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.106		<0.0991		<0.1		<0.0996	
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	0.0512	J	<0.0991		<0.1		<0.0996	
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.106		<0.0991		<0.1		<0.0996	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant **FINDS/UNIT:** KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 **LAB ID:** None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983		
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					365		366		367		368		
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.106		<0.0991		<0.1		<0.0996	
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.106		<0.0991		<0.1		<0.0996	
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.106		<0.0991		<0.1		<0.0996	
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	-1.74	*	1.38	*	3.5	*	6.1	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	2.56	*	47.1	*	28.7	*	1.39	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	0.427	*	0.407	*	1.77	*	1.38	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	0.179	*	0.185	*	0.811	*	6.14	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	15.6	*	72.5	*	35.5	*	8.06	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	3.69	*	2.81	*	-0.849	*	3.39	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	-15.2	*	-40.1	*	-15.5	*	112	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	<20		11	J	11	J	<20	
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5		<0.5	
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	1.45	J	0.769	J	0.804	J	1.61	J
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.0174		<0.01		0.00684	J	0.0037	J

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4820	8004-4818	8004-4819	8004-4808					
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					369	370	371	372					
Sample Sequence #					1	1	1	1					
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment					NA	NA	NA	NA					
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)					4/12/2022 07:59	4/12/2022 08:57	4/12/2022 09:36	4/12/2022 10:17					
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²					N	N	N	N					
Split ("Y" or "N") ³					N	N	N	N					
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)					MW369UG3-22	MW370UG3-22	MW371UG3-22	MW372UG3-22					
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)					576330001	576330003	576330005	576330007					
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatile Organics</u> Analysis					4/14/2022	4/14/2022	4/14/2022	4/14/2022					
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)					UP	UP	UP	UP					
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D S ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.381		0.672		<0.2		0.507	
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	30.5	BJ*	38.5	BJ*	1.06	BJ*	38	BJ*
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.168	J	0.211	J	0.136	J	0.175	J
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	0.523	BJ	0.856	BJ	0.0541	BJ	0.87	BJ
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	8.93	B	20.9	B	75.4	B	144	B
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	29.95		29.95		29.95		29.95	
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	µMH0/cm	Field	378		500		475		738	

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.

²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.

³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.

⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.

⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved

⁶"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.

⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:

* = See Comments

J = Estimated Value

B = Analyte found in blank

A = Average value

N = Presumptive ID

D = Concentration from analysis
of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)					369		370		371		372	
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	328.41		328.38		343.61		328.44	
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	1.83		3.45		7.49		2.8	
S0266- -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	234	B	296	B	266	B	457	B
S0296- -	pH	T	Units	Field	6.11		5.99		6.58		6.09	
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field	382		390		375		402	
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field	15.83		15.89		15.56		16.11	
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	0.0231	J	<0.05		0.0312	J	<0.05	
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.384		0.218		0.0869		0.051	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0393		1.02		0.0119	J	1.25	
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	16.5		30.5		61		61.1	
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	0.00565		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.00216		0.000976	J	0.000852	J	0.001	J
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.125		<0.1		0.0727	J	<0.1	
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	6.89		13.2		8.52		22	
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.0912		0.00143	J	0.00103	J	<0.005	
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	0.000118	BJ	0.00012	BJ	0.000119	BJ	0.000122	BJ

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808		
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					369		370		371		372		
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		0.000214	J	<0.001	
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.00428		0.000834	J	0.00154	J	0.000793	J
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	0.546		2.61		0.287	J	2.06	
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	0.00172	J	<0.005		<0.005		0.00176	J
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	52		49		9.41		57.7	
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		<0.0002		0.000214		<0.0002	
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.02		<0.02		<0.02		<0.02	
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.00558	J	<0.02		<0.02		<0.02	
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	0.00153		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					369		370		371		372	
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2	Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9	Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3	Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3	Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3	Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6	Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5	Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4	Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6	Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00116		0.00191		<0.001		0.0041	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						369		370		371		372	
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000189		<0.000019		<0.000019		<0.0000189	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0951		<0.0982		<0.0979	
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0951		<0.0982		<0.0979	
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0951		<0.0982		<0.0979	
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0951		<0.0982		<0.0979	
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0951		<0.0982		<0.0979	
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0951		<0.0982		<0.0979	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808		
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					369		370		371		372		
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0951		<0.0982		<0.0979	
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0951		<0.0982		<0.0979	
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0951		<0.0982		<0.0979	
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	7.72	*	0.218	*	-1.13	*	2.59	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	30.6	*	8.86	*	-6.2	*	39.7	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	0.238	*	0.428	*	0.331	*	0.482	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	0.218	*	2.35	*	-3.83	*	1.71	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	57.2	*	23.4	*	11.4	*	79.4	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	1.16	*	0.38	*	1.08	*	1.18	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	125	*	1.2	*	-118	*	-20.2	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	<20		11.8	J	<20		<20	
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5		<0.5	
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	1.05	J	0.94	J	1.05	J	0.962	J
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.0249		0.00742	J	<0.01		0.0133	

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS_(S)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988		
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					373		374		375		376		
Sample Sequence #					1		1		1		1		
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment					NA		NA		NA		NA		
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)					4/12/2022 10:58		4/12/2022 11:36		4/12/2022 07:16		NA		
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²					N		N		N		N		
Split ("Y" or "N") ³					N		N		N		N		
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)					MW373UG3-22		MW374UG3-22		MW375UG3-22		NA		
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)					576330009		576330011		576330013		NA		
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatile Organics</u> Analysis					4/14/2022		4/14/2022		4/14/2022		NA		
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)					UP		UP		SIDE		SIDE		
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D S ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.703		0.83		0.0762	J		*
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	43.5	BJ*	48.9	BJ*	3.1	BJ*		*
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.175	J	0.207	J	0.281	J		*
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	0.729	BJ	0.439	BJ	0.908	BJ		*
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	199	B	16.4	B	24.4	B		*
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	29.95		29.95		29.93			*
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	µMH0/cm	Field	777		672		346			*

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.

²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.

³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.

⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.

⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved

⁶"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.

⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:

* = See Comments

J = Estimated Value

B = Analyte found in blank

A = Average value

N = Presumptive ID

D = Concentration from analysis
of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)					373		374		375		376	
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	328.44		341.87		342.91			*
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	2.79		2.86		1.72			*
S0266- -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	484	B	403	B	226	B		*
S0296- -	pH	T	Units	Field	6.11		6.77		6.32			*
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field	399		353		396			*
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field	16.22		16.39		15.78			*
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.05		0.108		0.0591			*
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003			*
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0351		0.126		0.167			*
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005			*
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020	1.6		0.0233		0.011	J		*
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	62.8		22.7		13			*
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01			*
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		0.000876	J		*
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.000968	J	0.000822	J	0.00116	J		*
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020	<0.1		0.859		0.126			*
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002			*
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	23.6		5.25		5.25			*
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.00223	J	0.0281		0.0139			*
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	0.000122	BJ	0.00012	BJ	0.000119	BJ		*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988		
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					373		374		375		376		
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.000287	J	<0.001			*
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.000796	J	0.000625	J	0.00152	J		*
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	2.57		0.461		0.27	J		*
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		0.00527		0.00232	J		*
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	56.1		117		50.6			*
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002			*
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		0.00029		<0.0002			*
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.02		<0.02		<0.02			*
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	<0.02		<0.02		0.00533	J		*
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003			*
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					373		374		375		376	
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-25-2	Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
74-83-9	Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
110-57-6	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
75-00-3	Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
67-66-3	Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
74-87-3	Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
106-93-4	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
79-34-5	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
71-55-6	Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
79-00-5	Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
630-20-6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
127-18-4	Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
79-01-6	Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00506		<0.001		0.00034	J		*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988		
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					373		374		375		376		
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000189		<0.000019		<0.0000191			*
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0975		<0.0998		<0.111			*
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0975		<0.0998		<0.111			*
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0975		<0.0998		<0.111			*
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0975		<0.0998		<0.111			*
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0975		<0.0998		<0.111			*
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0975		<0.0998		<0.111			*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988		
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					373		374		375		376		
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0975		<0.0998		<0.111			*
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0975		<0.0998		<0.111			*
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0975		<0.0998		<0.111			*
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	-3	*	0.395	*	-2.15	*		*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	7.72	*	3.3	*	4.14	*		*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	0.194	*	0.242	*	0.925	*		*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	0.73	*	-0.282	*	-2.95	*		*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	14.8	*	11.2	*	1.97	*		*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	1.77	*	0.582	*	1.39	*		*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	12.3	*	-54.1	*	-69.3	*		*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	11.8	J	23.8		<20			*
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2			*
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5			*
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	1.03	J	2.22		0.558	J		*
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.0104		0.0193		0.00842	J		*

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014,SW07300015,SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-0989	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	377	E. BLANK	F. BLANK	T. BLANK 1
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	E	F	T
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour:minutes)	NA	4/6/2022 07:05	4/6/2022 08:44	4/6/2022 07:00
06:50Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²	N	N	N	N
Split ("Y" or "N") ³	N	N	N	N
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	NA	RI1UG3-22	FB1UG3-22	TB1UG3-22
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	NA	575751016	575751015	575751017
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatile Organics</u> Analysis	NA	4/11/2022	4/11/2022	4/11/2022
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	SIDE	NA	NA	NA

CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHO D	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
24959-67-9	Bromide	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
16887-00-6	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
16984-48-8	Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
S0595- -	Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
14808-79-8	Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
NS1894	Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field		*		*		*		*
S0145- -	Specific Conductance	T	µMH0/cm	Field		*		*		*		*

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.

²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.

³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.

⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.

⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved

⁶"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.

⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:

* = See Comments

J = Estimated Value

B = Analyte found in blank

A = Average value

N = Presumptive ID

D = Concentration from analysis
of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000		
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1		
CAS	RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
S0906	-	-	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field		*		*		*		*
N238			Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field		*		*		*		*
S0266	-	-	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1		*		*		*		*
S0296	-	-	pH	T	Units	Field		*		*		*		*
NS215			Eh	T	mV	Field		*		*		*		*
S0907	-	-	Temperature	T	°C	Field		*		*		*		*
7429-90-5			Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.05		<0.05			*
7440-36-0			Antimony	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.003		<0.003			*
7440-38-2			Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7440-39-3			Barium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.004		<0.004			*
7440-41-7			Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.0005		<0.0005			*
7440-42-8			Boron	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.015		<0.015			*
7440-43-9			Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-70-2			Calcium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.2		<0.2			*
7440-47-3			Chromium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.01		<0.01			*
7440-48-4			Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-50-8			Copper	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			*
7439-89-6			Iron	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.1		<0.1			*
7439-92-1			Lead	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			*
7439-95-4			Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.03		<0.03			*
7439-96-5			Manganese	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7439-97-6			Mercury	T	mg/L	7470		*	<0.0002		<0.0002			*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000		
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1		
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			*
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.3		<0.3			*
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.25		<0.25			*
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			*
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.0002		<0.0002			*
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.02		<0.02			*
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.02		<0.02			*
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260		*	0.007	B	0.00636	B	0.00729	B
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000		
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1		
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant **FINDS/UNIT:** KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 **LAB ID:** None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1	
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011		*	<0.000019		<0.0000191		<0.0000191	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	0.00037	J	<0.001		0.00038	J
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.101		<0.0946			*
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.101		<0.0946			*
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.101		<0.0946			*
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.101		<0.0946			*
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.101		<0.0946			*
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.101		<0.0946			*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant **FINDS/UNIT:** KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 **LAB ID:** None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000		
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1		
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.101		<0.0946			*
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.101		<0.0946			*
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.101		<0.0946			*
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310		*	0.179	*	1.31	*		*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310		*	1.77	*	3.38	*		*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418		*	0.955	*	1.77	*		*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0		*	-1.02	*	1.99	*		*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC		*	4.47	*	-4.52	*		*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC		*	1.14	*	-0.688	*		*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0		*	121	*	29.4	*		*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4		*		*		*		*
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012		*		*		*		*
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0		*	<0.5		<0.5			*
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060		*		*		*		*
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020		*		*		*		*

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	0000-0000	0000-0000	8004-4795
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	T. BLANK 2	T. BLANK 3	361
Sample Sequence #	1	1	2
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	T	T	NA
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	4/11/2022 06:30	4/12/2022 06:05	4/6/2022 08:40
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²	N	N	Y
Split ("Y" or "N") ³	N	N	N
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	TB2UG3-22	TB3UG3-22	MW361DUG3-22
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	576202013	576330015	575751009
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatile Organics</u> Analysis	4/14/2022	4/14/2022	4/8/2022
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	NA	NA	DOWN

CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
24959-67-9	Bromide	T	mg/L	9056		*		*	0.59	*		
16887-00-6	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056		*		*	36.2	*J		
16984-48-8	Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056		*		*	0.147	J		
80595- -	Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056		*		*	1.17	J		
14808-79-8	Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056		*		*	69.7			
NS1894	Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field		*		*		*		
S0145- -	Specific Conductance	T	µMH0/cm	Field		*		*		*		

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.

²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.

³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.

⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.

⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved

⁶"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.

⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:

* = See Comments

J = Estimated Value

B = Analyte found in blank

A = Average value

N = Presumptive ID

D = Concentration from analysis
of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4795			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)					T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		361			
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field		*		*		*		
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field		*		*		*		
S0266- -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1		*		*	263			
S0296- -	pH	T	Units	Field		*		*		*		
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field		*		*		*		
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field		*		*		*		
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.05			
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.003			
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.005			
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.0558			
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.0005			
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.256			
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.001			
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	30.3			
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.01			
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.001			
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.000653	J		
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.1			
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.002			
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	14.1			
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.00323	J		
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470		*		*	<0.0002			

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant **FINDS/UNIT:** KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 **LAB ID:** None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4795				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		361				
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.001			
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.002			
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	2.06			
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.005			
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.005			
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.001			
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	42.1			
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.005			
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.002			
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.0002			
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.02			
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.02			
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	0.0127		<0.005		<0.005			
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		0.00132		<0.001			
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003			
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			

C-41

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4795				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		361				
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	0.00205	J	<0.005		<0.005			
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		0.00538			

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4795				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		361				
CAS RN ⁴		CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000188		<0.0000188		<0.0000189			
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00037	J	0.00035	J	<0.001			
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		0.00054	J	<0.001			
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.098			
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.098			
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.098			
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.098			
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.098			
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.098			

C-43

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4795			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		361			
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
11097-69-1	PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.098			
11096-82-5	PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.098			
11100-14-4	PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.098			
12587-46-1	Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310		*		*	0.658	*		
12587-47-2	Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310		*		*	9.61	*		
10043-66-0	Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		
13982-63-3	Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418		*		*	1.91	*		
10098-97-2	Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0		*		*	2.77	*		
14133-76-7	Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC		*		*	33.3	*		
14269-63-7	Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC		*		*	3.6	*		
10028-17-8	Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0		*		*	9.63	*		
S0130- -	Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4		*		*	19.3	J		
57-12-5	Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012		*		*	<0.2			
20461-54-5	Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0		*		*	<0.5			
S0268- -	Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060		*		*	0.507	J		
S0586- -	Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020		*		*	0.00624	J		

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4798 MW357	MW357UG3-22	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.23. Rad error is 5.15.
		Gross beta		TPU is 8.66. Rad error is 7.75.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.55. Rad error is 1.55.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.84. Rad error is 3.83.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12.6. Rad error is 12.2.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.75. Rad error is 1.75.
8004-4799 MW358	MW358UG3-22	Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 123. Rad error is 123.
		Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.01. Rad error is 3.
		Gross beta		TPU is 9.05. Rad error is 8.41.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.59. Rad error is 1.59.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.63. Rad error is 3.63.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 11.6. Rad error is 11.3.
8004-0981 MW359	MW359UG3-22	Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.15. Rad error is 2.15.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 126. Rad error is 124.
		Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.89. Rad error is 3.88.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.87. Rad error is 4.87.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.51. Rad error is 1.51.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.9. Rad error is 3.9.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 11.2. Rad error is 11.2.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.36. Rad error is 2.34.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 133. Rad error is 128.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4800 MW360	MW360UG3-22	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.37. Rad error is 2.36.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.56. Rad error is 6.56.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.98. Rad error is 1.98.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.63. Rad error is 3.63.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 11.3. Rad error is 11.3.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.16. Rad error is 2.14.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 118. Rad error is 116.
8004-4795 MW361	MW361UG3-22	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.86. Rad error is 3.86.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 8.05. Rad error is 7.87.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.872. Rad error is 0.872.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.03. Rad error is 3.03.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 11.9. Rad error is 11.5.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.81. Rad error is 2.81.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 114. Rad error is 113.
8004-0986 MW362	MW362UG3-22	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.06. Rad error is 5.03.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.96. Rad error is 3.96.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.57. Rad error is 1.57.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.32. Rad error is 4.3.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 11.1. Rad error is 11.1.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.86. Rad error is 1.85.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 114. Rad error is 113.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4796 MW363	MW363UG3-22	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.07. Rad error is 3.06.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.83. Rad error is 7.76.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.67. Rad error is 1.67.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.52. Rad error is 3.52.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 12.1. Rad error is 12.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.65. Rad error is 3.61.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 149. Rad error is 148.
8004-4797 MW364	MW364UG3-22	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.67. Rad error is 4.64.
		Gross beta		TPU is 10.8. Rad error is 9.83.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.54. Rad error is 1.54.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.04. Rad error is 4.04.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 15.1. Rad error is 13.4.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.25. Rad error is 4.19.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 142. Rad error is 142.
8004-0984 MW365	MW365UG3-22	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.58. Rad error is 2.58.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.74. Rad error is 7.73.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.57. Rad error is 1.57.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.04. Rad error is 4.04.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.93. Rad error is 9.78.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.78. Rad error is 3.71.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 144. Rad error is 144.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0982 MW366	MW366UG3-22	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.56. Rad error is 4.55.
		Gross beta		TPU is 13.7. Rad error is 11.3.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.07. Rad error is 1.07.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4. Rad error is 4.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 14.2. Rad error is 11.7.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.97. Rad error is 3.92.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 144. Rad error is 144.
8004-4793 MW367	MW367UG3-22	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.01. Rad error is 4.98.
		Gross beta		TPU is 11.2. Rad error is 10.1.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.78. Rad error is 1.78.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4. Rad error is 4.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 10.4. Rad error is 9.67.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.37. Rad error is 1.37.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 145. Rad error is 145.
8004-0983 MW368	MW368UG3-22	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.41. Rad error is 5.32.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.1. Rad error is 6.1.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.45. Rad error is 1.45.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.75. Rad error is 4.65.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 10.6. Rad error is 10.6.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.67. Rad error is 2.62.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 152. Rad error is 150.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4820 MW369	MW369UG3-22	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.59. Rad error is 7.41.
		Gross beta		TPU is 11.2. Rad error is 10.1.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.494. Rad error is 0.494.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.99. Rad error is 3.99.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 13.2. Rad error is 11.6.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.78. Rad error is 1.76.
8004-4818 MW370	MW370UG3-22	Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 152. Rad error is 150.
		Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.39. Rad error is 3.38.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 8.45. Rad error is 8.32.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.566. Rad error is 0.566.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.3. Rad error is 4.28.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 10.8. Rad error is 10.5.
8004-4819 MW371	MW371UG3-22	Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.49. Rad error is 2.48.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 146. Rad error is 146.
		Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.44. Rad error is 3.43.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.13. Rad error is 7.13.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.526. Rad error is 0.526.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.38. Rad error is 3.38.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 10. Rad error is 9.95.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.42. Rad error is 2.4.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 137. Rad error is 137.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4808 MW372	MW372UG3-22	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.53. Rad error is 5.52.
		Gross beta		TPU is 12.6. Rad error is 10.7.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.638. Rad error is 0.638.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.82. Rad error is 2.81.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 20.2. Rad error is 18.1.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.11. Rad error is 2.09.
8004-4792 MW373	MW373UG3-22	Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 147. Rad error is 147.
		Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.42. Rad error is 2.42.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 8.66. Rad error is 8.56.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.464. Rad error is 0.464.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.07. Rad error is 4.07.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 11.5. Rad error is 11.4.
8004-0990 MW374	MW374UG3-22	Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.37. Rad error is 2.35.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 148. Rad error is 148.
		Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.79. Rad error is 3.79.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.82. Rad error is 5.8.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.472. Rad error is 0.472.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.94. Rad error is 3.94.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 10.8. Rad error is 10.7.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.19. Rad error is 2.18.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 137. Rad error is 137.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0985 MW375	MW375UG3-22	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.47. Rad error is 5.47.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.98. Rad error is 5.94.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.851. Rad error is 0.85.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.72. Rad error is 3.72.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 10. Rad error is 10.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.88. Rad error is 2.86.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 142. Rad error is 142.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988 MW376		Bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Fluoride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sulfate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Specific Conductance		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Static Water Level Elevation		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dissolved Oxygen		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Dissolved Solids		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		pH		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Eh		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Temperature		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Aluminum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Antimony		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Arsenic		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Beryllium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Boron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cadmium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Calcium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chromium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cobalt		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Copper		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Lead		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Magnesium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Manganese		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Mercury		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988 MW376		Molybdenum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nickel		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Potassium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Rhodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Selenium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Silver		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tantalum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thallium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Uranium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vanadium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Zinc		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl acetate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acetone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrolein		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrylonitrile		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Benzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Xylenes		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Styrene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Toluene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Bromodichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tribromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Ethyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon disulfide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988 MW376		Chloroform		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methylene bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethylene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromoethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tetrachloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Ethylbenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		2-Hexanone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dibromochloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon tetrachloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichlorofluoromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2,3-Trichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988 MW376		1,2-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,4-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB, Total		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1016		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1221		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1232		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1242		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1248		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1254		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1260		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1268		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross alpha		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross beta		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodine-131		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Radium-226		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Strontium-90		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Technetium-99		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thorium-230		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tritium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cyanide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Carbon		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Halides		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989 MW377		Bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Fluoride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sulfate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Specific Conductance		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Static Water Level Elevation		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dissolved Oxygen		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Dissolved Solids		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		pH		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Eh		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Temperature		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Aluminum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Antimony		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Arsenic		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Beryllium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Boron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cadmium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Calcium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chromium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cobalt		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Copper		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Lead		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Magnesium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Manganese		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Mercury		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989 MW377		Molybdenum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nickel		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Potassium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Rhodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Selenium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Silver		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tantalum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thallium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Uranium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vanadium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Zinc		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl acetate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acetone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrolein		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrylonitrile		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Benzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Xylenes		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Styrene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Toluene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Bromodichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tribromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Ethyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon disulfide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989 MW377		Chloroform		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methylene bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethylene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromoethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tetrachloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Ethylbenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		2-Hexanone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dibromochloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon tetrachloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichlorofluoromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2,3-Trichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989 MW377		1,2-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,4-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB, Total		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1016		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1221		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1232		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1242		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1248		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1254		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1260		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1268		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross alpha		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross beta		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodine-131		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Radium-226		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Strontium-90		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Technetium-99		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thorium-230		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tritium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cyanide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Carbon		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Halides		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	RI1UG3-22	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.97. Rad error is 2.97.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.72. Rad error is 5.71.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.21. Rad error is 1.21.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.94. Rad error is 3.94.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 12.2. Rad error is 12.1.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.89. Rad error is 2.88.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 124. Rad error is 121.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	FB1UG3-22	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nucleide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.86. Rad error is 3.86.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nucleide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.84. Rad error is 5.81.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nucleide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.69. Rad error is 1.69.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nucleide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.23. Rad error is 4.22.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nucleide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 12.3. Rad error is 12.3.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nucleide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.47. Rad error is 2.46.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nucleide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 105. Rad error is 105.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB1UG3-22	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB1UG3-22	Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB2UG3-22	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB2UG3-22	Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB3UG3-22	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB3UG3-22	Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4795 MW361	MW361DUG3-22	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.04. Rad error is 4.03.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.77. Rad error is 7.61.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.78. Rad error is 1.78.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.01. Rad error is 3.98.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 13.6. Rad error is 13.1.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.95. Rad error is 3.89.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 104. Rad error is 104.

APPENDIX D

**STATISTICAL ANALYSES AND
QUALIFICATION STATEMENT**

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

GROUNDWATER STATISTICAL COMMENTS

Introduction

The statistical analyses conducted on the second quarter 2022 groundwater data collected from the C-746-U Landfill monitoring wells (MWs) were performed in accordance with Permit GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 3, using the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidance document, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989). A statistician qualification statement has been provided for this analysis.

The statistical evaluation was conducted separately for the three groundwater systems: the Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS), the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA), and the Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA). For each groundwater system, data from wells considered to represent background conditions were compared with test wells (downgradient or sidegradient wells) (Exhibit D.1). The second quarter 2022 data used to conduct the statistical analyses were collected in April 2022. The statistical analyses for this report first used data from the first eight quarters that had been sampled for each parameter to develop the historical background value, beginning with the first two baseline sampling events in 2002, when available. Then a second set of statistical analyses, using the last eight quarters, was run on analytes that had at least one downgradient well that had exceeded the historical background. The sampling dates associated with both the historical and the current background data are listed next to the result in the statistical analysis sheets of this appendix.

Statistical Analysis Process

Constituents of concern that have Kentucky maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) and results that do not exceed their respective MCL are not included in the statistical evaluation. Parameters that have MCLs can be found in 401 KAR 47:030 § 6. For parameters with no established MCL and those parameters that exceed their MCLs, the most recent results are compared to historical background concentrations, as follows: the data are divided into censored and uncensored observations. The one-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted only on parameters that have at least one uncensored (detected) observation. The current result is compared to the results of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test to determine if the current data exceed the historical background concentration calculated using the first eight quarters of data.

For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted. The test well results are compared to both an upper and lower tolerance limit (TL) to determine if statistically significant deviations in concentrations exist with respect to upgradient (background) well data from the first eight quarters. The tolerance interval statistical analysis is conducted separately for each parameter in each well (no pooling of downgradient data).

Statistical analyses are performed on the first eight quarters of historical background data, not on the data for the current quarter. Once a statistical result is obtained using the background data, the result for the current quarter is compared to that value. If the value is exceeded, the well is considered to have an exceedance of the statistically derived historical background concentration.

Exhibit D.1. Station Identification for Monitoring Wells Analyzed

Station	Type	Groundwater Unit
MW357	TW	URGA
MW358	TW	LRGA
MW359 ^a	TW	UCRS
MW360	TW	URGA
MW361	TW	LRGA
MW362 ^a	TW	UCRS
MW363	TW	URGA
MW364	TW	LRGA
MW365 ^a	TW	UCRS
MW366	TW	URGA
MW367	TW	LRGA
MW368 ^a	TW	UCRS
MW369	BG	URGA
MW370	BG	LRGA
MW371 ^a	BG	UCRS
MW372	BG	URGA
MW373	BG	LRGA
MW374 ^a	BG	UCRS
MW375 ^a	SG	UCRS
MW376 ^{a,b}	SG	UCRS
MW377 ^{a,b}	SG	UCRS

^a The gradients in UCRS wells are downward and, hydrogeologically, UCRS wells are not considered upgradient, downgradient, or sidegradient from the C-746-U Landfill. The UCRS wells identified as upgradient, sidegradient, or downgradient are those wells located in the same general direction as the RGA wells considered to be upgradient, sidegradient, or downgradient.

^b Well was dry this quarter, and a groundwater sample could not be collected.

BG: upgradient or background wells

TW: downgradient or test wells

SG: sidegradient wells

For those parameters that are determined to exceed the historical background concentration, a second one-sided tolerance interval statistical test, or a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test in the case of pH, is conducted. The second one-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted to determine whether the current concentration in downgradient wells exceeds the current background, as determined by a comparison against the statistically derived upper TL using the most recent eight quarters of data for the relevant background wells. For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted, if required. The test well pH results are compared to both an upper and lower TL to determine if the current pH is different from the current background level to a statistically significant level. The tolerance interval statistical analysis is conducted separately for each parameter in each well (no pooling of downgradient data).

Statistical analyses are performed on the last eight quarters of current background data, not on the data for the current quarter. Once a statistical result is obtained using the background data, the result for the current quarter is compared to that value. If the value is exceeded, the well has an exceedance of the statistically derived current background concentration.

A stepwise list of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical procedure applied to the data is summarized below.¹

1. The TL is calculated for the background data (first using the first eight quarters, then using the last eight quarters, if required).
 - For each parameter, the background data are used to establish a baseline. On this data set, the mean (X) and the standard deviation (S) are computed.
 - The data set is checked for normality using coefficient of variation (CV). If $CV \leq 1.0$, then the data are assumed to be normally distributed. Data sets with $CV > 1.0$ are assumed to be log-normally distributed; for data sets with $CV > 1.0$, the data are log-transformed and analyzed.
 - The factor (K) for one-sided upper TL with 95% minimum coverage is determined (Table 5, Appendix B, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance*, 1989) based on the number of background data points.
 - The one-sided upper TL is calculated using the following equation:
$$TL = X + (K \times S)$$
2. Each observation from downgradient wells is compared to the calculated one-sided upper TL in Step 1. If an observation value exceeds the TL, then there is statistically significant evidence that the well concentration exceeds the historical background.

Type of Data Used

Exhibit D.1 presents the upgradient or background wells (identified as “BG”), the downgradient or test wells (identified as “TW”), and the sidegradient wells (identified as “SG”) for the C-746-U Contained Landfill. Exhibit D.2 presents the parameters from the available data set for which a statistical test was performed using the one-sided tolerance interval.

Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5 list the number of analyses (observations), nondetects (censored observations), and detects (uncensored observations), by parameter in the UCRS, the URGAs, and the LRGA, respectively. Those parameters displayed with bold-face type indicate the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test was performed. The data presented in Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5 were collected during the current quarter, second quarter 2022. The observations are representative of the current quarter data. Background data are presented in Attachments D1 and D2. The sampling dates associated with background data are listed next to the result in Attachments D1 and D2. When field duplicate data are available, the higher of the two readings is retained for further evaluation. When a data point has been rejected following data validation or data assessment, this result is not used, and the next available data point is used for the background or current quarter data.

¹ For pH, two-sided TLs (upper and lower) were calculated with an adjusted K factor using the following equations:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{upper TL} &= X + (K \times S) \\ \text{lower TL} &= X - (K \times S)\end{aligned}$$

**Exhibit D.2. List of Parameters Tested Using the One-Sided Upper Tolerance Level
Test with Historical Background**

Parameters
Aluminum
Boron
Bromide
Calcium
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)
Chloride
Cobalt
Conductivity
Copper
Dissolved Oxygen
Dissolved Solids
Iron
Magnesium
Manganese
Nickel
Oxidation-Reduction Potential
PCB, Total
PCB-1242
pH*
Potassium
Sodium
Sulfate
Tantalum
Technetium-99
Toluene
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)
Total Organic Halides (TOX)
Trichloroethene
Vanadium
Zinc

*For pH, the test well results were compared to both an upper and lower TL to determine if the current result differs to a statistically significant degree from the historical background values.

Exhibit D.3. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—UCRS

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	7	7	0	No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	7	7	0	No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	7	7	0	No
1,1-Dichloroethane	7	7	0	No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	7	7	0	No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	7	7	0	No
1,2-Dibromoethane	7	7	0	No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	7	7	0	No
1,2-Dichloropropane	7	7	0	No
2-Butanone	7	7	0	No
2-Hexanone	7	7	0	No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	7	7	0	No
Acetone	7	7	0	No
Acrolein	7	7	0	No
Acrylonitrile	7	7	0	No
Aluminum	7	1	6	Yes
Antimony	7	7	0	No
Beryllium	7	7	0	No
Boron	7	0	7	Yes
Bromide	7	3	4	Yes
Bromochloromethane	7	7	0	No
Bromodichloromethane	7	7	0	No
Bromoform	7	7	0	No
Bromomethane	7	7	0	No
Calcium	7	0	7	Yes
Carbon disulfide	7	7	0	No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	7	4	3	Yes
Chloride	7	3	4	Yes
Chlorobenzene	7	7	0	No
Chloroethane	7	7	0	No
Chloroform	7	7	0	No
Chloromethane	7	7	0	No
<i>cis</i> -1,2-Dichloroethene	7	7	0	No
<i>cis</i> -1,3-Dichloropropene	7	7	0	No
Cobalt	7	5	2	Yes
Conductivity	7	0	7	Yes
Copper	7	0	7	Yes
Cyanide	7	7	0	No
Dibromochloromethane	7	7	0	No
Dibromomethane	7	7	0	No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	7	7	0	No
Dissolved Oxygen	7	0	7	Yes
Dissolved Solids	7	0	7	Yes
Ethylbenzene	7	7	0	No
Iodide	7	7	0	No
Iodomethane	7	7	0	No
Iron	7	2	5	Yes
Magnesium	7	0	7	Yes
Manganese	7	0	7	Yes
Methylene chloride	7	7	0	No
Molybdenum	7	7	0	No

Exhibit D.3. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—UCRS (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Nickel	7	0	7	Yes
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	7	0	7	Yes
PCB, Total	7	6	1	Yes
PCB-1016	7	7	0	No
PCB-1221	7	7	0	No
PCB-1232	7	7	0	No
PCB-1242	7	6	1	Yes
PCB-1248	7	7	0	No
PCB-1254	7	7	0	No
PCB-1260	7	7	0	No
PCB-1268	7	7	0	No
pH	7	0	7	Yes
Potassium	7	0	7	Yes
Radium-226	7	7	0	No
Rhodium	7	7	0	No
Sodium	7	0	7	Yes
Styrene	7	7	0	No
Sulfate	7	0	7	Yes
Tantalum	7	7	0	No
Technetium-99	7	7	0	No
Tetrachloroethene	7	7	0	No
Thallium	7	7	0	No
Thorium-230	7	7	0	No
Toluene	7	7	0	No
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	7	0	7	Yes
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	7	1	6	Yes
<i>trans</i> -1,2-Dichloroethene	7	7	0	No
<i>trans</i> -1,3-Dichloropropene	7	7	0	No
<i>trans</i> -1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	7	7	0	No
Trichlorofluoromethane	7	7	0	No
Vanadium	7	6	1	Yes
Vinyl Acetate	7	7	0	No
Zinc	7	4	3	Yes

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Exhibit D.4. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—URGA

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1-Dichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromoethane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichloropropane	6	6	0	No
2-Butanone	6	6	0	No
2-Hexanone	6	6	0	No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	6	6	0	No
Acetone	6	6	0	No
Acrolein	6	6	0	No
Acrylonitrile	6	6	0	No
Aluminum	6	3	3	Yes
Antimony	6	6	0	No
Beryllium	6	6	0	No
Boron	6	0	6	Yes
Bromide	6	0	6	Yes
Bromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromodichloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromoform	6	6	0	No
Bromomethane	6	6	0	No
Calcium	6	0	6	Yes
Carbon disulfide	6	6	0	No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	6	4	2	Yes
Chloride	6	2	4	Yes
Chlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
Chloroethane	6	6	0	No
Chloroform	6	6	0	No
Chloromethane	6	6	0	No
<i>cis</i> -1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
<i>cis</i> -1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
Cobalt	6	2	4	Yes
Conductivity	6	0	6	Yes
Copper	6	0	6	Yes
Cyanide	6	6	0	No
Dibromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Dibromomethane	6	6	0	No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	6	6	0	No
Dissolved Oxygen	6	0	6	Yes
Dissolved Solids	6	0	6	Yes
Ethylbenzene	6	6	0	No
Iodide	6	6	0	No
Iodomethane	6	6	0	No
Iron	6	2	4	Yes
Magnesium	6	0	6	Yes
Manganese	6	1	5	Yes
Methylene chloride	6	6	0	No
Molybdenum	6	6	0	No

Exhibit D.4. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—URGA (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Nickel	6	0	6	Yes
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	6	0	6	Yes
PCB, Total	6	6	0	No
PCB-1016	6	6	0	No
PCB-1221	6	6	0	No
PCB-1232	6	6	0	No
PCB-1242	6	6	0	No
PCB-1248	6	6	0	No
PCB-1254	6	6	0	No
PCB-1260	6	6	0	No
PCB-1268	6	6	0	No
pH	6	0	6	Yes
Potassium	6	0	6	Yes
Radium-226	6	6	0	No
Rhodium	6	6	0	No
Sodium	6	0	6	Yes
Styrene	6	6	0	No
Sulfate	6	0	6	Yes
Tantalum	6	5	1	Yes
Technetium-99	6	2	4	Yes
Tetrachloroethene	6	6	0	No
Thallium	6	6	0	No
Thorium-230	6	6	0	No
Toluene	6	5	1	Yes
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	6	0	6	Yes
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	6	2	4	Yes
<i>trans</i> -1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
<i>trans</i> -1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
<i>trans</i> -1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	6	6	0	No
Trichlorofluoromethane	6	6	0	No
Vanadium	6	6	0	No
Vinyl Acetate	6	6	0	No
Zinc	6	1	5	Yes

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Exhibit D.5. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—LRGA

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1-Dichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromoethane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichloropropane	6	6	0	No
2-Butanone	6	6	0	No
2-Hexanone	6	6	0	No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	6	6	0	No
Acetone	6	6	0	No
Acrolein	6	6	0	No
Acrylonitrile	6	6	0	No
Aluminum	6	5	1	Yes
Antimony	6	6	0	No
Beryllium	6	6	0	No
Boron	6	0	6	Yes
Bromide	6	0	6	Yes
Bromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromodichloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromoform	6	6	0	No
Bromomethane	6	6	0	No
Calcium	6	0	6	Yes
Carbon disulfide	6	6	0	No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	6	0	6	Yes
Chloride	6	2	4	Yes
Chlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
Chloroethane	6	6	0	No
Chloroform	6	6	0	No
Chloromethane	6	6	0	No
<i>cis</i> -1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
<i>cis</i> -1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
Cobalt	6	4	2	Yes
Conductivity	6	0	6	Yes
Copper	6	0	6	Yes
Cyanide	6	6	0	No
Dibromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Dibromomethane	6	6	0	No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	6	6	0	No
Dissolved Oxygen	6	0	6	Yes
Dissolved Solids	6	0	6	Yes
Ethylbenzene	6	6	0	No
Iodide	6	6	0	No
Iodomethane	6	6	0	No
Iron	6	3	3	Yes
Magnesium	6	0	6	Yes
Manganese	6	0	6	Yes
Methylene chloride	6	6	0	No
Molybdenum	6	6	0	No

Exhibit D.5. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—LRGA (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Nickel	6	0	6	Yes
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	6	0	6	Yes
PCB, Total	6	6	0	No
PCB-1016	6	6	0	No
PCB-1221	6	6	0	No
PCB-1232	6	6	0	No
PCB-1242	6	6	0	No
PCB-1248	6	6	0	No
PCB-1254	6	6	0	No
PCB-1260	6	6	0	No
PCB-1268	6	6	0	No
pH	6	0	6	Yes
Potassium	6	0	6	Yes
Radium-226	6	6	0	No
Rhodium	6	6	0	No
Sodium	6	0	6	Yes
Styrene	6	6	0	No
Sulfate	6	0	6	Yes
Tantalum	6	6	0	No
Technetium-99	6	1	5	Yes
Tetrachloroethene	6	6	0	No
Thallium	6	6	0	No
Thorium-230	6	6	0	No
Toluene	6	6	0	No
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	6	0	6	Yes
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	6	1	5	Yes
<i>trans</i> -1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
<i>trans</i> -1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
<i>trans</i> -1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	6	6	0	No
Trichloroethene	6	0	6	Yes
Trichlorofluoromethane	6	6	0	No
Vanadium	6	6	0	No
Vinyl Acetate	6	6	0	No
Zinc	6	3	3	Yes

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Discussion of Results from Historical Background Comparison

For the UCRS, URGAs, and LRGA, the concentrations of this quarter were compared to the results of the one-sided tolerance interval test calculated using historical background and are presented in Attachment D1. The statistician qualification statement is presented in Attachment D3. For the UCRS, URGAs, and LRGA, the test was applied to 26, 26, and 25 parameters, respectively, including those listed in bold print in Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5, which includes those constituents (trichloroethene) that exceeded their MCL. A summary of exceedances when compared to statistically derived historical upgradient background by well number is shown in Exhibit D.6.

UCRS

This quarter's results identified historical background exceedances for dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, and sulfate.

URGA

This quarter's results identified historical background exceedances for calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate, and technetium-99.

LRGA

This quarter's results identified historical background exceedances for oxidation-reduction potential and technetium-99.

Statistical Summary

Summaries of the results of the statistical tests conducted on data obtained from wells in the UCRS, the URGAs, and in the LRGA in comparison to historical data are presented in Exhibit D.7, Exhibit D.8, and Exhibit D.9, respectively.

Exhibit D.6. Summary of Exceedances of Statistically Derived Historical Background Concentrations

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
MW359: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	MW357: Oxidation-Reduction Potential	MW358: Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW362: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	MW360: Oxidation-Reduction Potential	MW361: Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW365: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	MW363: Oxidation-Reduction Potential	MW364: Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Technetium-99
MW368: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	MW366: Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Technetium-99	MW367: Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW371: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	MW369: Oxidation-Reduction Potential	MW370: Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW374: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	MW372: Calcium, Conductivity, Dissolved Solids, Magnesium, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate, Technetium-99	MW373: Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW375: Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate		

Exhibit D.7. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—UCRS

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	2.08	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Boron	Tolerance Interval	1.24	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.34	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.97	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.95	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	1.31	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.45	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Copper	Tolerance Interval	1.27	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.55	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW359, MW362, MW365, MW368, MW371 and MW374.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.42	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Iron	Tolerance Interval	0.98	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.27	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	0.89	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

Exhibit D.7. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—UCRS (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	0.98	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	3.54	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW359, MW362, MW365, MW368, MW371, MW374 and MW375.
PCB, Total	Tolerance Interval	0.92	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
PCB-1242	Tolerance Interval	1.41	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.04	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	0.72	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.49	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW359, MW362, MW365, MW368, MW371, MW374 and MW375.
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	1.38	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	1.08	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Vanadium	Tolerance Interval	1.32	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Zinc	Tolerance Interval	1.38	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

CV: coefficient of variation

*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.

Exhibit D.8. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—URGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	1.24	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Boron	Tolerance Interval	0.84	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.00	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.29	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW372.
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.10	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.10	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	0.84	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.12	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW372.
Copper	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.76	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.16	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW372.
Iron	Tolerance Interval	0.95	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.27	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW372.
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	0.66	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	0.91	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

Exhibit D.8. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—URGA (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	1.26	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW357, MW360, MW363, MW366, MW369 and MW372.
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.03	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	0.29	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.26	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.75	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW372.
Tantalum	Tolerance Interval	1.25	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	0.87	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW366 and MW372.
Toluene	Tolerance Interval	0.00	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	1.23	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	0.95	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Zinc	Tolerance Interval	1.49	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

CV: coefficient of variation

*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.

Exhibit D.9. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—LRGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	2.78	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Boron	Tolerance Interval	0.68	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.00	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.31	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.59	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.16	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	1.16	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.26	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Copper	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.83	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.30	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Iron	Tolerance Interval	0.96	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.34	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	0.62	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	0.90	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

Exhibit D.9. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—LRGA (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	1.31	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW358, MW361, MW364, MW367, MW370 and MW373.
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.03	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	0.18	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.30	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	1.59	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	1.73	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration MW364.
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	1.96	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	0.98	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Trichloroethene ¹	Tolerance Interval	0.57	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Zinc	Tolerance Interval	0.67	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

CV: coefficient of variation

*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.

¹ A tolerance interval was calculated based on an MCL exceedance.

Discussion of Results from Current Background Comparison

For concentrations in wells in the UCRS, URGAs, and LRGA that exceeded the TL test using historical background, the concentrations were compared to the results of the one-sided tolerance interval test compared to current background, and are presented in Attachment D2. The statistician qualification statement is presented in Attachment D3. For the UCRS, URGAs, and LRGA, the test was applied to 3, 7, and 2 parameters, respectively, because these parameter concentrations exceeded the historical background TL.

UCRS

Because gradients in the UCRS are downward (vertical), there are no hydrogeologically downgradient UCRS wells. It should be noted; however, that dissolved oxygen in MW371 exceeded the current TL this quarter.

URGA

This quarter's results showed a statistically significant exceedance of current background TL for oxidation-reduction potential in downgradient URGAs well MW363.

LRGA

This quarter's results did not indicate any statistically significant exceedances of current background TL in downgradient LRGA wells.

Statistical Summary

Summaries of the statistical tests conducted on data obtained from wells in the UCRS, the URGAs, and the LRGA are presented in Exhibit D.10, Exhibit D.11, and Exhibit D.12, respectively.

Exhibit D.10. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Current Background—UCRS

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.77	Because gradients in UCRS wells are downward, there are no UCRS wells that are hydrogeologically downgradient of the landfill; however, MW371 exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.27	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.94	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.

CV: coefficient of variation

Exhibit D.11. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Current Background—URGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.61	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.37	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.42	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.55	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.07	MW363 exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.95	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	0.41	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.

CV: coefficient of variation

Exhibit D.12. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Current Background—LRGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Oxidation- Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.07	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	0.68	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.

CV: coefficient of variation

ATTACHMENT D1

**COMPARISON OF CURRENT DATA TO
ONE-SIDED UPPER TOLERANCE INTERVAL TEST
CALCULATED USING
HISTORICAL BACKGROUND DATA**

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Aluminum

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 3.300 S= 6.859 CV(1)=2.078 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 20.604 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.371 S= 1.678 CV(2)=-4.521 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 3.863 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2.24	0.806
4/22/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	21.3	3.059
1/7/2003	20	2.996
4/2/2003	4.11	1.413
7/9/2003	1.41	0.344
10/7/2003	1.09	0.086
1/6/2004	0.854	-0.158
4/7/2004	0.2	-1.609
7/14/2004	0.2	-1.609

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No. Gradient

MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.0655	N/A	-2.726	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.263	N/A	-1.336	NO
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.0703	N/A	-2.655	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.0312	N/A	-3.467	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.108	N/A	-2.226	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.0591	N/A	-2.829	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Boron

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 0.650 **S**= 0.805 **CV(1)**= 1.238 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 2.681 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= -1.034 **S**= 1.030 **CV(2)**= -0.996 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 1.564 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	2	0.693
1/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
1/6/2004	0.2	-1.609
4/7/2004	0.2	-1.609
7/14/2004	0.2	-1.609

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No. Gradient

MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.00603	N/A	-5.111	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.0171	N/A	-4.069	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00646	N/A	-5.042	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00559	N/A	-5.187	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.0119	N/A	-4.431	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.0233	N/A	-3.759	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.011	N/A	-4.510	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison**Bromide****UNITS: mg/L****UCRS**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 1.394 **S**= 0.474 **CV(1)**=0.340 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 2.590 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 0.279 **S**= 0.332 **CV(2)**=1.190 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 1.118 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	1	0.000
7/15/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/8/2003	1	0.000
4/3/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/6/2003	1	0.000

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	2.1	0.742
1/7/2003	2.1	0.742
4/2/2003	1.9	0.642
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/7/2003	1.9	0.642
1/6/2004	1.9	0.642
4/7/2004	1.8	0.588
7/14/2004	1.6	0.470

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No. Gradient

MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.125	NO	-2.079	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.09	NO	-2.408	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.83	NO	-0.186	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.0762	NO	-2.574	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Calcium

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 34.100 S= 13.637 CV(1)=0.400 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 68.505 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.466 S= 0.356 CV(2)=0.103 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.364 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	17.2	2.845
4/22/2002	22.4	3.109
7/15/2002	25.5	3.239
10/8/2002	26.4	3.273
1/8/2003	27.2	3.303
4/3/2003	30.3	3.411
7/9/2003	25.9	3.254
10/6/2003	27	3.296
Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	67.3	4.209
1/7/2003	60.6	4.104
4/2/2003	47.2	3.854
7/9/2003	34.7	3.547
10/7/2003	37.1	3.614
1/6/2004	37.7	3.630
4/7/2004	32.2	3.472
7/14/2004	26.9	3.292

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	23.3	NO	3.148	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	19	NO	2.944	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	20.3	NO	3.011	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	37	NO	3.611	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	61	NO	4.111	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	22.7	NO	3.122	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	13	NO	2.565	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 72.938 S= 70.749 CV(1)=0.970 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 251.437 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 4.000 S= 0.702 CV(2)=0.175 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 5.770 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35	3.555
4/22/2002	35	3.555
7/15/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/8/2003	35	3.555
4/3/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/6/2003	35	3.555

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	26.4	NO	3.273	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	22.8	NO	3.127	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	23.8	NO	3.170	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	260	5.561
1/7/2003	214	5.366
4/2/2003	147	4.990
7/9/2003	72	4.277
10/7/2003	56	4.025
1/6/2004	68	4.220
4/7/2004	35	3.555
7/14/2004	35	3.555

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Chloride

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 91.300 S= 86.959 CV(1)=0.952 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 310.697 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.620 S= 1.590 CV(2)=0.439 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 7.631 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	8.3	2.116
10/8/2002	7.6	2.028
1/8/2003	7.7	2.041
4/3/2003	8.8	2.175
7/9/2003	8.1	2.092
10/6/2003	8.6	2.152
1/7/2004	7.6	2.028
4/6/2004	7.6	2.028

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	199.2	5.294
1/7/2003	199.7	5.297
4/2/2003	171.8	5.146
7/9/2003	178.7	5.186
10/7/2003	175.6	5.168
1/6/2004	170.4	5.138
4/7/2004	156.4	5.052
7/14/2004	144.7	4.975

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.589	NO	-0.529	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	2.77	NO	1.019	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	2.22	NO	0.798	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.591	NO	-0.526	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	1.06	N/A	0.058	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	48.9	N/A	3.890	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	3.1	N/A	1.131	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Cobalt

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.007 S= 0.009 CV(1)= 1.314 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.031 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -5.843 S= 1.392 CV(2)=-0.238 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -2.331 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.01	-4.605
1/7/2003	0.01	-4.605
4/2/2003	0.01	-4.605
7/9/2003	0.00161	-6.432
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
1/6/2004	0.001	-6.908
4/7/2004	0.001	-6.908
7/14/2004	0.001	-6.908

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No. Gradient

MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00146	N/A	-6.529	NO
MW368	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.000876	N/A	-7.040	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Conductivity

UNITS: umho/cm

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 918.744 S= 417.257 CV(1)=0.454 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 1971.483 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 6.705 S= 0.550 CV(2)=0.082 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 8.092 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	541	6.293
4/22/2002	643	6.466
7/15/2002	632	6.449
10/8/2002	631	6.447
1/8/2003	680	6.522
4/3/2003	749	6.619
7/9/2003	734	6.599
10/6/2003	753	6.624

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1007	6.915
10/8/2002	1680	7.427
1/7/2003	1715.9	7.448
4/2/2003	172	5.147
7/9/2003	1231	7.116
10/7/2003	1214	7.102
1/6/2004	1172	7.066
4/7/2004	1145	7.043

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	252	NO	5.529	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	660	NO	6.492	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	417	NO	6.033	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	332	NO	5.805	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	475	NO	6.163	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	672	NO	6.510	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	346	NO	5.846	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Copper

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.056 S= 0.072 CV(1)= 1.275 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.237 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -3.395 S= 0.915 CV(2)=-0.270 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -1.086 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912
Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/6/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/7/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.00175	N/A	-6.348	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.000914	N/A	-6.998	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00383	N/A	-5.565	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00138	N/A	-6.586	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.000852	N/A	-7.068	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.000822	N/A	-7.104	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00116	N/A	-6.759	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.138 S= 0.621 CV(1)=0.546 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 2.704 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.013 S= 0.577 CV(2)=-43.069 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 1.441 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2.26	0.815
4/22/2002	1.15	0.140
7/15/2002	0.94	-0.062
10/8/2002	0.74	-0.301
1/8/2003	2.62	0.963
4/3/2003	1.5	0.405
7/9/2003	1.66	0.507
10/6/2003	1.28	0.247

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.6	-0.511
10/8/2002	0.67	-0.400
1/7/2003	0.23	-1.470
4/2/2003	0.65	-0.431
7/9/2003	0.92	-0.083
10/7/2003	0.99	-0.010
1/6/2004	1.11	0.104
4/7/2004	0.88	-0.128

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No. Gradient

MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	6.01	YES	1.793	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	5.9	YES	1.775	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	6.07	YES	1.803	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	3.77	YES	1.327	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	7.49	YES	2.014	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	2.86	YES	1.051	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	1.72	NO	0.542	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW359
MW362
MW365
MW368
MW371
MW374

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Solids

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 590.000 S= 248.068 CV(1)=0.420 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 1215.876 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 6.308 S= 0.383 CV(2)=0.061 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 7.274 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	274	5.613
4/22/2002	409	6.014
7/15/2002	418	6.035
10/8/2002	424	6.050
1/8/2003	431	6.066
4/3/2003	444	6.096
7/9/2003	445	6.098
10/6/2003	438	6.082

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	1136	7.035
1/7/2003	1101	7.004
4/2/2003	863	6.760
7/9/2003	682	6.525
10/7/2003	589	6.378
1/6/2004	603	6.402
4/7/2004	601	6.399
7/14/2004	582	6.366

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	160	NO	5.075	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	394	NO	5.976	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	266	NO	5.583	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	191	NO	5.252	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	266	NO	5.583	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	403	NO	5.999	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	226	NO	5.421	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison**Iron****UNITS: mg/L****UCRS**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 6.612 **S**= 6.487 **CV(1)**=0.981 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 22.979 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 1.363 **S**= 1.147 **CV(2)**=0.841 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 4.256 **LL(2)**=N/A

**Historical Background Data from
Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result**

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1.31	0.270
4/22/2002	0.913	-0.091
7/15/2002	0.881	-0.127
10/8/2002	3.86	1.351
1/8/2003	1.88	0.631
4/3/2003	3.18	1.157
7/9/2003	0.484	-0.726
10/6/2003	2.72	1.001

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	23	3.135
1/7/2003	13.9	2.632
4/2/2003	14	2.639
7/9/2003	14.2	2.653
10/7/2003	7.92	2.069
1/6/2004	7.86	2.062
4/7/2004	4.82	1.573
7/14/2004	4.87	1.583

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No. Gradient

MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.0803	N/A	-2.522	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.125	NO	-2.079	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.0503	NO	-2.990	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.0727	NO	-2.621	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.859	NO	-0.152	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.126	NO	-2.071	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Magnesium

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 11.347 S= 3.019 CV(1)=0.266 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 18.963 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.401 S= 0.237 CV(2)=0.099 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 2.999 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	7.1	1.960
4/22/2002	9.77	2.279
7/15/2002	10.4	2.342
10/8/2002	10.2	2.322
1/8/2003	10.7	2.370
4/3/2003	11.9	2.477
7/9/2003	10.8	2.380
10/6/2003	10.9	2.389

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	20	2.996
1/7/2003	16.1	2.779
4/2/2003	13.1	2.573
7/9/2003	10.3	2.332
10/7/2003	11.1	2.407
1/6/2004	11	2.398
4/7/2004	9.69	2.271
7/14/2004	8.49	2.139

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No. Gradient

MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	4.35	NO	1.470	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	8.74	NO	2.168	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	9.37	NO	2.238	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	7.78	NO	2.052	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	8.52	NO	2.142	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	5.25	NO	1.658	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	5.25	NO	1.658	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Manganese

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 0.248 **S**= 0.222 **CV(1)**=0.894 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 0.809 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= -1.873 **S**= 1.068 **CV(2)**=-0.570 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 0.821 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.063	-2.765
4/22/2002	0.067	-2.703
7/15/2002	0.074	-2.604
10/8/2002	0.0521	-2.955
1/8/2003	0.0385	-3.257
4/3/2003	0.0551	-2.899
7/9/2003	0.0546	-2.908
10/6/2003	0.0543	-2.913
Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.596	-0.518
1/7/2003	0.565	-0.571
4/2/2003	0.675	-0.393
7/9/2003	0.397	-0.924
10/7/2003	0.312	-1.165
1/6/2004	0.299	-1.207
4/7/2004	0.329	-1.112
7/14/2004	0.342	-1.073

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.00164	NO	-6.413	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.00186	NO	-6.287	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00704	NO	-4.956	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.0019	NO	-6.266	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00103	NO	-6.878	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.0281	NO	-3.572	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.0139	NO	-4.276	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Nickel

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.023 S= 0.022 CV(1)=0.980 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.078 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -4.349 S= 1.109 CV(2)=-0.255 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -1.552 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/22/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.0124	-4.390
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/6/2003	0.005	-5.298

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.05	-2.996
1/7/2003	0.05	-2.996
4/2/2003	0.05	-2.996
7/9/2003	0.00794	-4.836
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
1/6/2004	0.005	-5.298
4/7/2004	0.005	-5.298
7/14/2004	0.005	-5.298

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No. Gradient

MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.00291	NO	-5.840	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.00106	NO	-6.849	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00503	NO	-5.292	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.000762	NO	-7.180	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00154	NO	-6.476	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.000625	NO	-7.378	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00152	NO	-6.489	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential

UNITS: mV

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 22.281 S= 78.889 CV(1)=3.541 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 221.319 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.642 S= 1.729 CV(2)=0.475 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 5.106 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	75	4.317
4/22/2002	165	5.106
7/15/2002	65	4.174
4/3/2003	-19	#Func!
7/9/2003	114	4.736
10/6/2003	-22	#Func!
1/7/2004	20.5	3.020
4/6/2004	113	4.727

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	135	4.905
4/2/2003	-56	#Func!
7/9/2003	-68	#Func!
10/7/2003	-50	#Func!
1/6/2004	-85	#Func!
4/7/2004	6	1.792
7/14/2004	-38	#Func!
10/7/2004	1	0.000

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	282	N/A	5.642	YES
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	358	N/A	5.881	YES
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	394	N/A	5.976	YES
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	386	N/A	5.956	YES
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	375	N/A	5.927	YES
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	353	N/A	5.866	YES
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	396	N/A	5.981	YES

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW359
MW362
MW365
MW368
MW371
MW374
MW375

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison**PCB, Total****UNITS: UG/L****UCRS**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 0.224 **S**= 0.207 **CV(1)**=0.922 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 0.746 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= -1.647 **S**= 0.440 **CV(2)**=-0.267 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= -0.537 **LL(2)**=N/A

**Historical Background Data from
Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result**

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/15/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/9/2003	0.17	-1.772
10/6/2003	0.17	-1.772
7/13/2004	0.18	-1.715
7/25/2005	0.17	-1.772
4/5/2006	0.18	-1.715

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/9/2003	0.17	-1.772
10/7/2003	0.17	-1.772
7/14/2004	0.18	-1.715
7/26/2005	0.17	-1.772
4/6/2006	0.18	-1.715
7/10/2006	0.17	-1.772
10/12/2006	0.17	-1.772
1/8/2007	0.17	-1.772

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No. Gradient

MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.099	N/A	-2.313	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.103	N/A	-2.273	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0512	NO	-2.972	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	No	0.0996	N/A	-2.307	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.0982	N/A	-2.321	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.0998	N/A	-2.305	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.111	N/A	-2.198	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison**PCB-1242****UNITS: UG/L****UCRS**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 0.159 **S**= 0.224 **CV(1)**= 1.409 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 0.726 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= -2.134 **S**= 0.579 **CV(2)**= -0.272 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= -0.672 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371		
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/15/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/9/2003	0.13	-2.040
10/6/2003	0.09	-2.408
7/13/2004	0.1	-2.303
7/25/2005	0.09	-2.408
4/5/2006	0.1	-2.303
Well Number: MW374		
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/9/2003	0.13	-2.040
10/7/2003	0.09	-2.408
7/14/2004	0.1	-2.303
7/26/2005	0.1	-2.303
4/6/2006	0.1	-2.303
7/10/2006	0.1	-2.303
10/12/2006	0.1	-2.303
1/8/2007	0.1	-2.303

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.099	N/A	-2.313	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.103	N/A	-2.273	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0512	N/A	-2.972	NO
MW368	Downgradient	No	0.0996	N/A	-2.307	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.0982	N/A	-2.321	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.0998	N/A	-2.305	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.111	N/A	-2.198	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

pH

UNITS: Std Unit

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 6.619 S= 0.295 CV(1)=0.045 K factor**= 2.904 TL(1)= 7.475 LL(1)=5.7635

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.889 S= 0.046 CV(2)=0.024 K factor**= 2.904 TL(2)= 2.023 LL(2)=1.7548

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	6.3	1.841
4/22/2002	6.5	1.872
7/15/2002	6.5	1.872
10/8/2002	6.6	1.887
1/8/2003	6.6	1.887
4/3/2003	6.9	1.932
7/9/2003	6.7	1.902
10/6/2003	7	1.946

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5.75	1.749
10/8/2002	6.6	1.887
1/7/2003	6.82	1.920
4/2/2003	6.86	1.926
7/9/2003	6.7	1.902
10/7/2003	6.6	1.887
1/6/2004	6.9	1.932
4/7/2004	6.58	1.884

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)? Result <LL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)? LN(Result) <LL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	6.27	NO	1.836	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	7.02	NO	1.949	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	6.22	NO	1.828	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	6.56	NO	1.881	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	6.58	NO	1.884	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	6.77	NO	1.913	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	6.32	NO	1.844	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Potassium

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.262 S= 0.907 CV(1)=0.718 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 3.549 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.023 S= 0.752 CV(2)=-32.218 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 1.874 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.408	-0.896
1/8/2003	0.384	-0.957
4/3/2003	0.368	-1.000
7/9/2003	0.587	-0.533
10/6/2003	0.382	-0.962
Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	3.04	1.112
1/7/2003	2.83	1.040
4/2/2003	2	0.693
7/9/2003	1.09	0.086
10/7/2003	0.802	-0.221
1/6/2004	0.897	-0.109
4/7/2004	0.689	-0.373
7/14/2004	0.716	-0.334

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.401	NO	-0.914	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.225	NO	-1.492	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.252	NO	-1.378	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.207	NO	-1.575	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.287	NO	-1.248	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.461	NO	-0.774	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.27	NO	-1.309	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sodium

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 183.063 S= 73.222 CV(1)=0.400 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 367.800 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 5.146 S= 0.356 CV(2)=0.069 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 6.044 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	129	4.860
4/22/2002	131	4.875
7/15/2002	127	4.844
10/8/2002	123	4.812
1/8/2003	128	4.852
4/3/2003	144	4.970
7/9/2003	126	4.836
10/6/2003	120	4.787

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	336	5.817
1/7/2003	329	5.796
4/2/2003	287	5.659
7/9/2003	181	5.198
10/7/2003	182	5.204
1/6/2004	206	5.328
4/7/2004	182	5.204
7/14/2004	198	5.288

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No. Gradient

MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	18.3	NO	2.907	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	131	NO	4.875	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	53.7	NO	3.983	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	20.5	NO	3.020	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	9.41	NO	2.242	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	117	NO	4.762	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	50.6	NO	3.924	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sulfate

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 6.469 S= 3.153 CV(1)=0.487 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 14.423 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.794 S= 0.357 CV(2)=0.199 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 2.694 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	16.3	2.791
4/22/2002	8.6	2.152
7/15/2002	6.7	1.902
10/8/2002	5	1.609
1/8/2003	5	1.609
4/3/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	5	1.609
10/6/2003	5	1.609
Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	5	1.609
1/7/2003	5	1.609
4/2/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	5.6	1.723
10/7/2003	5	1.609
1/6/2004	5	1.609
4/7/2004	11.3	2.425
7/14/2004	5	1.609

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	23.5	YES	3.157	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	31.1	YES	3.437	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	56.1	YES	4.027	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	19.3	YES	2.960	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	75.4	YES	4.323	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	16.4	YES	2.797	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	24.4	YES	3.195	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW359
MW362
MW365
MW368
MW371
MW374
MW375

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Carbon (TOC)

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 17.631 S= 24.314 CV(1)=1.379 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 78.977 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.318 S= 0.979 CV(2)=0.422 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.788 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	11.1	2.407
4/22/2002	7	1.946
7/15/2002	4.1	1.411
10/8/2002	6	1.792
1/8/2003	5.3	1.668
4/3/2003	5.3	1.668
7/9/2003	2.9	1.065
10/6/2003	3.2	1.163

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	90	4.500
1/7/2003	64	4.159
4/2/2003	25	3.219
7/9/2003	16	2.773
10/7/2003	13	2.565
1/6/2004	10	2.303
4/7/2004	7.2	1.974
7/14/2004	12	2.485

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No. Gradient

MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	6.28	N/A	1.837	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	1.87	N/A	0.626	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	1.45	N/A	0.372	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	1.61	N/A	0.476	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	1.05	N/A	0.049	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	2.22	N/A	0.798	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.558	N/A	-0.583	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Halides (TOX)

UNITS: ug/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 214.094 S= 231.089 CV(1)= 1.079 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 797.131 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 4.867 S= 1.065 CV(2)= 0.219 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 7.554 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	50	3.912
4/22/2002	105	4.654
7/15/2002	70	4.248
10/8/2002	52	3.951
1/8/2003	20.2	3.006
4/3/2003	104	4.644
7/9/2003	34.2	3.532
10/6/2003	46.1	3.831

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	903	6.806
1/7/2003	539	6.290
4/2/2003	295	5.687
7/9/2003	272	5.606
10/7/2003	197	5.283
1/6/2004	330	5.799
4/7/2004	183	5.209
7/14/2004	225	5.416

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	3.88	N/A	1.356	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	17.6	N/A	2.868	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	17.4	N/A	2.856	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	3.7	N/A	1.308	NO
MW371	Upgradient	No	10	N/A	2.303	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	19.3	N/A	2.960	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	8.42	N/A	2.131	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Vanadium

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.055 S= 0.072 CV(1)= 1.319 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.237 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -3.438 S= 0.912 CV(2)=-0.265 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -1.138 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912
Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/6/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/7/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.02	N/A	-3.912	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.02	N/A	-3.912	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.02	N/A	-3.912	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00406	N/A	-5.507	NO
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.02	N/A	-3.912	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.02	N/A	-3.912	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.02	N/A	-3.912	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Zinc

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.060 S= 0.083 CV(1)= 1.380 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.270 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -3.259 S= 0.840 CV(2)= -0.258 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -1.140 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/22/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/15/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/8/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/3/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.0376	-3.281
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/7/2003	0.35	-1.050
4/2/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/6/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/7/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No. Gradient

MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.0034	N/A	-5.684	NO
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.02	N/A	-3.912	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00783	N/A	-4.850	NO
MW368	Downgradient	No	0.02	N/A	-3.912	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.02	N/A	-3.912	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.02	N/A	-3.912	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00533	N/A	-5.234	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Aluminum

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data $X = 0.625$ $S = 0.774$ $CV(1) = 1.239$ **K factor**** = 2.523 $TL(1) = 2.578$ $LL(1) = N/A$

Statistics-Transformed Background Data $X = -0.973$ $S = 0.935$ $CV(2) = -0.961$ **K factor**** = 2.523 $TL(2) = 1.386$ $LL(2) = N/A$

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.255	-1.366
4/22/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.322	-1.133
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.689	-0.373

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	2.61	0.959
4/23/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/16/2002	1.14	0.131
10/8/2002	0.862	-0.149
1/7/2003	2.32	0.842
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result > TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) > TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.114	N/A	-2.172	NO
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.0801	N/A	-2.524	NO
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0231	N/A	-3.768	NO
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Boron

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 0.985 **S**= 0.825 **CV(1)**=0.838 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 3.067 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= -0.430 **S**= 0.990 **CV(2)**=-2.302 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 2.068 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	2	0.693
4/23/2002	2	0.693
7/16/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.492	-0.709
1/7/2003	0.492	-0.709
4/2/2003	0.6	-0.511
7/9/2003	0.57	-0.562
10/7/2003	0.604	-0.504

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.369	NO	-0.997	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.0246	NO	-3.705	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.0188	NO	-3.974	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.0524	NO	-2.949	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0393	NO	-3.237	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	1.25	NO	0.223	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison**Bromide****UNITS: mg/L****URGA**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 1.000 **S**= 0.000 **CV(1)**=0.000 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 1.000 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 0.000 **S**= 0.000 **CV(2)**=#Num! **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 0.000 **LL(2)**=N/A

**Historical Background Data from
Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result**

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	1	0.000
7/15/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/8/2003	1	0.000
4/3/2003	1	0.000
7/8/2003	1	0.000
10/6/2003	1	0.000

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1	0.000
7/16/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/7/2003	1	0.000
4/2/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/7/2003	1	0.000

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.547	NO	-0.603	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.195	NO	-1.635	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.142	NO	-1.952	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.52	NO	-0.654	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.381	NO	-0.965	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.507	NO	-0.679	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Calcium

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 32.763 S= 9.391 CV(1)=0.287 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 56.456 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.449 S= 0.299 CV(2)=0.087 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.202 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	29.5	3.384
4/22/2002	29.8	3.395
7/15/2002	25.3	3.231
10/8/2002	21.9	3.086
1/8/2003	20.9	3.040
4/3/2003	22.2	3.100
7/8/2003	22.9	3.131
10/6/2003	21.7	3.077

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	41.5	3.726
4/23/2002	43.6	3.775
7/16/2002	40.4	3.699
10/8/2002	38.8	3.658
1/7/2003	41.1	3.716
4/2/2003	42.9	3.759
7/9/2003	35.1	3.558
10/7/2003	46.6	3.842

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	24.3	NO	3.190	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	19	NO	2.944	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	28	NO	3.332	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	27.3	NO	3.307	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	16.5	NO	2.803	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	61.1	YES	4.113	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison**Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)****UNITS: mg/L****URGA**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 35.938 **S**= 3.750 **CV(1)**=0.104 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 45.399 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 3.578 **S**= 0.089 **CV(2)**=0.025 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 3.803 **LL(2)**=N/A

**Historical Background Data from
Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result**

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35	3.555
4/22/2002	35	3.555
7/15/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	50	3.912
1/8/2003	35	3.555
4/3/2003	35	3.555
7/8/2003	35	3.555
10/6/2003	35	3.555

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	35	3.555
4/23/2002	35	3.555
7/16/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/7/2003	35	3.555
4/2/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/7/2003	35	3.555

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	11	NO	2.398	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	11	NO	2.398	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Chloride

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 44.119 S= 4.554 CV(1)=0.103 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 55.607 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.782 S= 0.099 CV(2)=0.026 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.033 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	48.3	3.877
10/8/2002	47.7	3.865
1/8/2003	45.7	3.822
4/3/2003	47.4	3.859
7/8/2003	55.9	4.024
10/6/2003	47.4	3.859
1/7/2004	45.5	3.818
4/7/2004	43.4	3.770

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/16/2002	39.8	3.684
10/8/2002	41	3.714
1/7/2003	39.4	3.674
4/2/2003	39.2	3.669
7/9/2003	39.8	3.684
10/7/2003	40	3.689
1/5/2004	43.4	3.770
4/5/2004	42	3.738

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	33.1	NO	3.500	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	7.86	NO	2.062	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	29.3	NO	3.378	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	38.1	NO	3.640	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	30.5	N/A	3.418	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	38	N/A	3.638	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison**Cobalt****UNITS: mg/L****URGA**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 0.025 **S**= 0.021 **CV(1)**=0.845 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 0.077 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= -4.090 **S**= 1.006 **CV(2)**=-0.246 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= -1.553 **LL(2)**=N/A

**Historical Background Data from
Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result**

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00938	-4.669
1/8/2003	0.00548	-5.207
4/3/2003	0.00587	-5.138
7/8/2003	0.0541	-2.917
10/6/2003	0.0689	-2.675

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00158	-6.450
1/7/2003	0.0147	-4.220
4/2/2003	0.0116	-4.457
7/9/2003	0.0653	-2.729
10/7/2003	0.00788	-4.843

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.000696	NO	-7.270	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.00249	NO	-5.995	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.00123	NO	-6.701	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00565	NO	-5.176	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Conductivity

UNITS: umho/cm

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 482.856 S= 57.603 CV(1)=0.119 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 628.189 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 6.173 S= 0.123 CV(2)=0.020 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 6.484 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	388	5.961
4/22/2002	404	6.001
7/15/2002	394	5.976
10/8/2002	403	5.999
1/8/2003	520	6.254
4/3/2003	487	6.188
7/8/2003	478	6.170
10/6/2003	476	6.165

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	508	6.230
4/23/2002	501	6.217
7/16/2002	507	6.229
10/8/2002	495	6.205
1/7/2003	508.7	6.232
4/2/2003	515	6.244
7/9/2003	576	6.356
10/7/2003	565	6.337

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	428	NO	6.059	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	422	NO	6.045	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	445	NO	6.098	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	450	NO	6.109	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	378	NO	5.935	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	738	YES	6.604	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Copper

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.025 S= 0.010 CV(1)=0.400 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.050 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -3.742 S= 0.307 CV(2)=-0.082 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -2.967 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/2/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.000844	NO	-7.077	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.00403	NO	-5.514	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.00199	NO	-6.220	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.00164	NO	-6.413	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00216	NO	-6.138	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.001	NO	-6.908	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 1.781 **S**= 1.351 **CV(1)**=0.759 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 5.190 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 0.228 **S**= 1.065 **CV(2)**=4.665 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 2.915 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5.41	1.688
4/22/2002	1.57	0.451
7/15/2002	0.8	-0.223
10/8/2002	1.09	0.086
1/8/2003	2.69	0.990
4/3/2003	2.04	0.713
7/8/2003	1.19	0.174
10/6/2003	1.78	0.577

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	3.89	1.358
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/16/2002	1.33	0.285
10/8/2002	2.66	0.978
1/7/2003	0.4	-0.916
4/2/2003	0.91	-0.094
7/9/2003	1.42	0.351
10/7/2003	1.26	0.231

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	4.66	NO	1.539	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	1.67	NO	0.513	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	1.33	NO	0.285	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	3.38	NO	1.218	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	1.83	NO	0.604	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	2.8	NO	1.030	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Solids

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 285.188 S= 44.908 CV(1)=0.157 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 398.489 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 5.640 S= 0.175 CV(2)=0.031 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 6.080 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	173	5.153
4/22/2002	246	5.505
7/15/2002	232	5.447
10/8/2002	275	5.617
1/8/2003	269	5.595
4/3/2003	250	5.521
7/8/2003	295	5.687
10/6/2003	276	5.620

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	295	5.687
4/23/2002	322	5.775
7/16/2002	329	5.796
10/8/2002	290	5.670
1/7/2003	316	5.756
4/2/2003	311	5.740
7/9/2003	347	5.849
10/7/2003	337	5.820

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	216	NO	5.375	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	229	NO	5.434	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	271	NO	5.602	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	257	NO	5.549	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	234	NO	5.455	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	457	YES	6.125	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Iron

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data $X = 7.385$ $S = 6.991$ $CV(1) = 0.947$ **K factor**** = 2.523 $TL(1) = 25.024$ $LL(1) = N/A$

Statistics-Transformed Background Data $X = 1.358$ $S = 1.323$ $CV(2) = 0.974$ **K factor**** = 2.523 $TL(2) = 4.697$ $LL(2) = N/A$

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.656	-0.422
4/22/2002	0.695	-0.364
7/15/2002	7.1	1.960
10/8/2002	21.5	3.068
1/8/2003	18.5	2.918
4/3/2003	14.9	2.701
7/8/2003	11.3	2.425
10/6/2003	14.9	2.701

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	5.95	1.783
4/23/2002	0.792	-0.233
7/16/2002	1.78	0.577
10/8/2002	0.776	-0.254
1/7/2003	3.55	1.267
4/2/2003	5.02	1.613
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	0.733	-0.311

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result > TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) > TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.232	NO	-1.461	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.235	NO	-1.448	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.0423	NO	-3.163	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.125	NO	-2.079	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Magnesium

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 12.864 S= 3.505 CV(1)=0.272 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 21.707 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.517 S= 0.290 CV(2)=0.115 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 3.248 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	11.4	2.434
4/22/2002	12	2.485
7/15/2002	10	2.303
10/8/2002	8.62	2.154
1/8/2003	7.89	2.066
4/3/2003	7.97	2.076
7/8/2003	10.3	2.332
10/6/2003	9.14	2.213

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	15.7	2.754
4/23/2002	16.6	2.809
7/16/2002	15.4	2.734
10/8/2002	15.8	2.760
1/7/2003	15.8	2.760
4/2/2003	16.4	2.797
7/9/2003	15.2	2.721
10/7/2003	17.6	2.868

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	10.7	NO	2.370	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	7.93	NO	2.071	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	11.1	NO	2.407	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	11.6	NO	2.451	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	6.89	NO	1.930	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	22	YES	3.091	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Manganese

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.413 S= 0.274 CV(1)=0.664 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 1.105 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -1.226 S= 1.008 CV(2)=-0.822 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 1.317 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.034	-3.381
4/22/2002	0.062	-2.781
7/15/2002	0.436	-0.830
10/8/2002	0.867	-0.143
1/8/2003	0.828	-0.189
4/3/2003	0.672	-0.397
7/8/2003	0.321	-1.136
10/6/2003	0.714	-0.337

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.205	-1.585
4/23/2002	0.345	-1.064
7/16/2002	0.21	-1.561
10/8/2002	0.0539	-2.921
1/7/2003	0.537	-0.622
4/2/2003	0.415	-0.879
7/9/2003	0.654	-0.425
10/7/2003	0.254	-1.370

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.0275	NO	-3.594	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.0334	NO	-3.399	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.197	NO	-1.625	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.0026	NO	-5.952	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0912	NO	-2.395	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison**Nickel****UNITS: mg/L****URGA**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 0.024 **S**= 0.021 **CV(1)**=0.910 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 0.078 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= -4.246 **S**= 1.075 **CV(2)**=-0.253 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= -1.535 **LL(2)**=N/A

**Historical Background Data from
Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result**

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/22/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/8/2003	0.013	-4.343
10/6/2003	0.0104	-4.566

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/2/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.019	-3.963
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.000848	NO	-7.073	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.00149	NO	-6.509	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.0153	NO	-4.180	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.00103	NO	-6.878	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00428	NO	-5.454	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.000793	NO	-7.140	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential

UNITS: mV

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 74.563 S= 94.243 CV(1)= 1.264 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 312.337 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 4.554 S= 0.784 CV(2)=0.172 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 5.371 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	215	5.371
4/22/2002	110	4.700
7/15/2002	20	2.996
1/8/2003	-5	#Func!
4/3/2003	-18	#Func!
7/8/2003	-67	#Func!
10/6/2003	-1	#Func!
1/7/2004	55	4.007

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	210	5.347
4/23/2002	65	4.174
7/16/2002	215	5.371
10/8/2002	185	5.220
1/7/2003	45	3.807
4/2/2003	65	4.174
7/9/2003	-39	#Func!
10/7/2003	138	4.927

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	402	N/A	5.996	YES
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	378	N/A	5.935	YES
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	471	N/A	6.155	YES
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	416	N/A	6.031	YES
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	382	N/A	5.945	YES
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	402	N/A	5.996	YES

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW357
MW360
MW363
MW366
MW369
MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

pH

UNITS: Std Unit

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 6.274 S= 0.194 CV(1)=0.031 K factor**= 2.904 TL(1)= 6.837 LL(1)=5.7114

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.836 S= 0.031 CV(2)=0.017 K factor**= 2.904 TL(2)= 1.925 LL(2)=1.7467

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	6.1	1.808
4/22/2002	6.1	1.808
7/15/2002	6.1	1.808
10/8/2002	6.5	1.872
1/8/2003	6.5	1.872
4/3/2003	6.6	1.887
7/8/2003	6.5	1.872
10/6/2003	6.5	1.872

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	6.1	1.808
4/23/2002	6.12	1.812
7/16/2002	6.1	1.808
10/8/2002	6.06	1.802
1/7/2003	6.26	1.834
4/2/2003	6.15	1.816
7/9/2003	6.3	1.841
10/7/2003	6.4	1.856

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)? Result <LL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)? LN(Result) <LL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	6.1	NO	1.808	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	6.09	NO	1.807	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	5.94	NO	1.782	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	6.07	NO	1.803	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	6.11	NO	1.810	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	6.09	NO	1.807	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Potassium

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.663 S= 0.488 CV(1)=0.293 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 2.895 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 0.456 S= 0.362 CV(2)=0.794 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 1.368 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2.21	0.793
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.966	-0.035
1/8/2003	0.727	-0.319
4/3/2003	0.8	-0.223
7/8/2003	1.62	0.482
10/6/2003	1.14	0.131

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	2.04	0.713
4/23/2002	2.03	0.708
7/16/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	1.54	0.432
1/7/2003	1.88	0.631
4/2/2003	2.09	0.737
7/9/2003	1.78	0.577
10/7/2003	1.79	0.582

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	1.54	NO	0.432	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.604	NO	-0.504	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	2.05	NO	0.718	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	1.81	NO	0.593	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.546	NO	-0.605	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	2.06	NO	0.723	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sodium

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 45.100 **S**= 11.875 **CV(1)**=0.263 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 75.061 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 3.780 **S**= 0.242 **CV(2)**=0.064 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 4.390 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35.7	3.575
4/22/2002	37.6	3.627
7/15/2002	42.4	3.747
10/8/2002	66.9	4.203
1/8/2003	67.9	4.218
4/3/2003	61.8	4.124
7/8/2003	45.6	3.820
10/6/2003	59.1	4.079

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	37.2	3.616
4/23/2002	38.6	3.653
7/16/2002	35.6	3.572
10/8/2002	37.5	3.624
1/7/2003	34.1	3.529
4/2/2003	34.4	3.538
7/9/2003	44.1	3.786
10/7/2003	43.1	3.764

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	39.6	NO	3.679	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	61.8	NO	4.124	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	40.7	NO	3.706	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	44.5	NO	3.795	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	52	NO	3.951	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	57.7	NO	4.055	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sulfate

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 45.031 S= 33.919 CV(1)=0.753 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 130.609 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.420 S= 0.981 CV(2)=0.287 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 5.894 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	15.5	2.741
4/22/2002	15.8	2.760
7/15/2002	13.8	2.625
10/8/2002	6.9	1.932
1/8/2003	10.5	2.351
4/3/2003	10.5	2.351
7/8/2003	10.9	2.389
10/6/2003	16.3	2.791

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	71.7	4.272
4/23/2002	74.7	4.313
7/16/2002	74.1	4.305
10/8/2002	70.5	4.256
1/7/2003	75.8	4.328
4/2/2003	81.8	4.404
7/9/2003	83.6	4.426
10/7/2003	88.1	4.478

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	39.3	NO	3.671	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	11.1	NO	2.407	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	29.6	NO	3.388	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	43.6	NO	3.775	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	8.93	NO	2.189	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	144	YES	4.970	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Tantalum

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.078 S= 0.098 CV(1)= 1.248 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.324 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -3.915 S= 1.844 CV(2)=-0.471 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 0.739 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.2	-1.609
4/22/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/6/2003	0.005	-5.298

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.2	-1.609
4/23/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/16/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/2/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.00101	N/A	-6.898	NO
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Technetium-99

UNITS: pCi/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 20.821 S= 18.044 CV(1)=0.867 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 66.344 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.770 S= 1.150 CV(2)=0.415 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 3.972 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	41.7	3.731
4/22/2002	53.1	3.972
7/15/2002	18.1	2.896
10/8/2002	16.4	2.797
1/8/2003	3.49	1.250
4/3/2003	9.34	2.234
7/8/2003	17.5	2.862
10/6/2003	17	2.833

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	44.8	3.802
4/23/2002	0.802	-0.221
7/16/2002	19.8	2.986
10/8/2002	46.1	3.831
1/7/2003	-0.973	#Func!
4/2/2003	9.07	2.205
7/9/2003	0	#Func!
10/7/2003	36.9	3.608

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	28.6	NO	3.353	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	-3.21	N/A	#Error	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	14.9	N/A	2.701	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	72.5	YES	4.284	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	57.2	NO	4.047	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	79.4	YES	4.374	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW366
MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison**Toluene****UNITS: ug/L****URGA**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X= 5.000** **S= 0.000** **CV(1)=0.000** **K factor**= 2.523** **TL(1)= 5.000** **LL(1)=N/A**

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X= 1.609** **S= 0.000** **CV(2)=0.000** **K factor**= 2.523** **TL(2)= 1.609** **LL(2)=N/A**

**Historical Background Data from
Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result**

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5	1.609
4/22/2002	5	1.609
7/15/2002	5	1.609
10/8/2002	5	1.609
1/8/2003	5	1.609
4/3/2003	5	1.609
7/8/2003	5	1.609
10/6/2003	5	1.609

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	5	1.609
4/23/2002	5	1.609
7/16/2002	5	1.609
10/8/2002	5	1.609
1/7/2003	5	1.609
4/2/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	5	1.609
10/7/2003	5	1.609

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	1.53	NO	0.425	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Carbon (TOC)

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 3.513 **S**= 4.307 **CV(1)**= 1.226 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 14.378 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 0.851 **S**= 0.828 **CV(2)**= 0.973 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 2.940 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1.7	0.531
4/22/2002	1.6	0.470
7/15/2002	3.1	1.131
10/8/2002	17.7	2.874
1/8/2003	9	2.197
4/3/2003	4	1.386
7/8/2003	4.9	1.589
10/6/2003	2.4	0.875

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1.2	0.182
7/16/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/7/2003	1.6	0.470
4/2/2003	1.5	0.405
7/9/2003	3	1.099
10/7/2003	1.5	0.405

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.639	N/A	-0.448	NO
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	1.06	N/A	0.058	NO
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.978	N/A	-0.022	NO
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.769	N/A	-0.263	NO
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	1.05	N/A	0.049	NO
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.962	N/A	-0.039	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Halides (TOX)

UNITS: ug/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 67.963 **S**= 64.316 **CV(1)**=0.946 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 230.231 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 3.772 **S**= 1.023 **CV(2)**=0.271 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 6.353 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	50	3.912
4/22/2002	50	3.912
7/15/2002	81	4.394
10/8/2002	202	5.308
1/8/2003	177	5.176
4/3/2003	93.1	4.534
7/8/2003	17.5	2.862
10/6/2003	37.5	3.624

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	184	5.215
4/23/2002	50	3.912
7/16/2002	50	3.912
10/8/2002	50	3.912
1/7/2003	10	2.303
4/2/2003	12.7	2.542
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	12.6	2.534

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	3.82	NO	1.340	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	10	N/A	2.303	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	8.2	NO	2.104	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	10	N/A	2.303	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	24.9	NO	3.215	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	13.3	NO	2.588	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Zinc

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 0.116 **S**= 0.173 **CV(1)**= 1.490 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 0.552 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= -2.729 **S**= 1.014 **CV(2)**= -0.371 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= -0.172 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/22/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/15/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/8/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/3/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.725	-0.322
4/23/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/16/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/7/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/2/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.0078	N/A	-4.854	NO
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.00457	N/A	-5.388	NO
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.00871	N/A	-4.743	NO
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.00525	N/A	-5.250	NO
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00558	N/A	-5.189	NO
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.02	N/A	-3.912	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Aluminum

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data $X = 2.026$ $S = 5.626$ $CV(1) = 2.777$ $K \text{ factor}^{**} = 2.523$ $TL(1) = 16.219$ $LL(1) = N/A$

Statistics-Transformed Background Data $X = -0.803$ $S = 1.380$ $CV(2) = -1.718$ $K \text{ factor}^{**} = 2.523$ $TL(2) = 2.678$ $LL(2) = N/A$

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	4.66	1.539
4/23/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	22.7	3.122
4/23/2002	1.46	0.378
7/16/2002	0.253	-1.374
10/8/2002	0.482	-0.730
1/7/2003	0.608	-0.498
4/2/2003	0.446	-0.807
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result > TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) > TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.0332	N/A	-3.405	NO
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background \text{ result} - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Boron

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 1.140 **S**= 0.780 **CV(1)**=0.684 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 3.108 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= -0.235 **S**= 1.006 **CV(2)**=-4.287 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 2.303 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	2	0.693
4/23/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/23/2002	2	0.693
7/16/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.79	-0.236
1/7/2003	0.807	-0.214
4/2/2003	1.13	0.122
7/9/2003	1.28	0.247
10/7/2003	1.24	0.215

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.324	NO	-1.127	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.267	NO	-1.321	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.106	NO	-2.244	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.0405	NO	-3.206	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	1.02	NO	0.020	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	1.6	NO	0.470	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Bromide

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 1.000 **S**= 0.000 **CV(1)**=0.000 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 1.000 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 0.000 **S**= 0.000 **CV(2)**=#Num! **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 0.000 **LL(2)**=N/A

**Historical Background Data from
Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result**

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1	0.000
7/15/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/8/2003	1	0.000
4/3/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/6/2003	1	0.000

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1	0.000
7/16/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/7/2003	1	0.000
4/2/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/7/2003	1	0.000

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.454	NO	-0.790	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.59	NO	-0.528	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.543	NO	-0.611	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.546	NO	-0.605	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.672	NO	-0.397	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.703	NO	-0.352	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Calcium

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 43.413 S= 13.444 CV(1)=0.310 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 77.331 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.723 S= 0.323 CV(2)=0.087 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.539 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	34.8	3.550
4/23/2002	43.4	3.770
7/15/2002	33.2	3.503
10/8/2002	29.2	3.374
1/8/2003	31.3	3.444
4/3/2003	32.4	3.478
7/9/2003	22.9	3.131
10/6/2003	28	3.332

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	61.9	4.126
4/23/2002	59.2	4.081
7/16/2002	47.6	3.863
10/8/2002	46.1	3.831
1/7/2003	49.2	3.896
4/2/2003	57.8	4.057
7/9/2003	52.7	3.965
10/7/2003	64.9	4.173

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	32.3	NO	3.475	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	30.3	NO	3.411	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	31.3	NO	3.444	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	25.5	NO	3.239	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	30.5	NO	3.418	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	62.8	NO	4.140	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data $X = 41.938$ $S = 24.732$ $CV(1) = 0.590$ **K factor**** = 2.523 $TL(1) = 104.336$ $LL(1) = N/A$

Statistics-Transformed Background Data $X = 3.658$ $S = 0.339$ $CV(2) = 0.093$ **K factor**** = 2.523 $TL(2) = 4.512$ $LL(2) = N/A$

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	35	3.555
4/23/2002	134	4.898
7/15/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/8/2003	35	3.555
4/3/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/6/2003	35	3.555

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35	3.555
4/23/2002	47	3.850
7/16/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/7/2003	35	3.555
4/2/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/7/2003	35	3.555

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result > TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) > TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	19.3	NO	2.960	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	26.4	NO	3.273	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	11	NO	2.398	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	11	NO	2.398	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	11.8	NO	2.468	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	11.8	NO	2.468	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Chloride

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 45.919 S= 7.524 CV(1)=0.164 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 64.901 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.814 S= 0.165 CV(2)=0.043 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.231 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	55.5	4.016
10/8/2002	53.6	3.982
1/8/2003	52.9	3.968
4/3/2003	53.6	3.982
7/9/2003	51.9	3.949
10/6/2003	53	3.970
1/7/2004	53	3.970
4/7/2004	51.6	3.944

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/16/2002	40.6	3.704
10/8/2002	38.8	3.658
1/7/2003	39	3.664
4/2/2003	38.4	3.648
7/9/2003	38.1	3.640
10/7/2003	38	3.638
1/6/2004	37.9	3.635
4/7/2004	38.8	3.658

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	29.9	NO	3.398	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	36.2	NO	3.589	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	37.2	NO	3.616	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	39.1	NO	3.666	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	38.5	N/A	3.651	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	43.5	N/A	3.773	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Cobalt

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.027 S= 0.032 CV(1)= 1.165 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.108 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -4.058 S= 1.011 CV(2)=-0.249 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -1.507 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.0174	-4.051
1/8/2003	0.0105	-4.556
4/3/2003	0.00931	-4.677
7/9/2003	0.137	-1.988
10/6/2003	0.0463	-3.073

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.034	-3.381
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00411	-5.494
1/7/2003	0.00344	-5.672
4/2/2003	0.00368	-5.605
7/9/2003	0.0405	-3.206
10/7/2003	0.00843	-4.776

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.0198	N/A	-3.922	NO
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.000567	N/A	-7.475	NO
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Conductivity

UNITS: umho/cm

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 608.719 S= 156.157 CV(1)=0.257 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 1002.702 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 6.380 S= 0.260 CV(2)=0.041 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 7.036 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	406	6.006
4/23/2002	543	6.297
7/15/2002	476	6.165
10/8/2002	441	6.089
1/8/2003	486	6.186
4/3/2003	466	6.144
7/9/2003	479	6.172
10/6/2003	435	6.075

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	661	6.494
4/23/2002	801	6.686
7/16/2002	774	6.652
10/8/2002	680	6.522
1/7/2003	686.5	6.532
4/2/2003	763	6.637
7/9/2003	828	6.719
10/7/2003	814	6.702

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	497	NO	6.209	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	478	NO	6.170	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	481	NO	6.176	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	427	NO	6.057	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	500	NO	6.215	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	777	NO	6.655	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Copper

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.025 S= 0.010 CV(1)=0.399 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.050 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -3.739 S= 0.308 CV(2)=-0.082 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -2.963 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.026	-3.650
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/2/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.000538	NO	-7.528	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.000735	NO	-7.216	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.00179	NO	-6.326	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.00168	NO	-6.389	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.000976	NO	-6.932	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.000968	NO	-6.940	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.387 S= 1.153 CV(1)=0.831 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 4.295 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.115 S= 1.207 CV(2)=-10.514 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 2.930 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	4.32	1.463
4/23/2002	1.24	0.215
7/15/2002	0.75	-0.288
10/8/2002	0.94	-0.062
1/8/2003	3.08	1.125
4/3/2003	1.45	0.372
7/9/2003	1.22	0.199
10/6/2003	1.07	0.068

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	3.04	1.112
4/23/2002	0.03	-3.507
7/16/2002	0.23	-1.470
10/8/2002	0.86	-0.151
1/7/2003	0.21	-1.561
4/2/2003	1.19	0.174
7/9/2003	1.1	0.095
10/7/2003	1.46	0.378

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	1	NO	0.000	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	4.2	NO	1.435	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	3.75	NO	1.322	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	2.01	NO	0.698	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	3.45	NO	1.238	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	2.79	NO	1.026	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Solids

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 356.188 S= 106.752 CV(1)=0.300 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 625.523 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 5.831 S= 0.311 CV(2)=0.053 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 6.616 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	236	5.464
4/23/2002	337	5.820
7/15/2002	266	5.583
10/8/2002	240	5.481
1/8/2003	282	5.642
4/3/2003	238	5.472
7/9/2003	248	5.513
10/6/2003	224	5.412

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	427	6.057
4/23/2002	507	6.229
7/16/2002	464	6.140
10/8/2002	408	6.011
1/7/2003	404	6.001
4/2/2003	450	6.109
7/9/2003	487	6.188
10/7/2003	481	6.176

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	244	NO	5.497	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	263	NO	5.572	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	269	NO	5.595	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	241	NO	5.485	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	296	NO	5.690	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	484	NO	6.182	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Iron

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 9.230 S= 8.841 CV(1)=0.958 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 31.535 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.942 S= 0.713 CV(2)=0.367 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 3.740 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	9.34	2.234
4/23/2002	4.33	1.466
7/15/2002	3.52	1.258
10/8/2002	7.45	2.008
1/8/2003	7.04	1.952
4/3/2003	4.64	1.535
7/9/2003	15.8	2.760
10/6/2003	6.49	1.870

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	37.6	3.627
4/23/2002	19	2.944
7/16/2002	10.7	2.370
10/8/2002	3.75	1.322
1/7/2003	3.87	1.353
4/2/2003	3.5	1.253
7/9/2003	7.72	2.044
10/7/2003	2.93	1.075

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	7.15	NO	1.967	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.0466	NO	-3.066	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.543	NO	-0.611	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Magnesium

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 17.544 S= 5.911 CV(1)=0.337 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 32.458 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.810 S= 0.343 CV(2)=0.122 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 3.676 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	12.1	2.493
4/23/2002	15.1	2.715
7/15/2002	12.4	2.518
10/8/2002	12.2	2.501
1/8/2003	11.5	2.442
4/3/2003	12.3	2.510
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/6/2003	12.1	2.493

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	24.8	3.211
4/23/2002	22.7	3.122
7/16/2002	18.8	2.934
10/8/2002	21.1	3.049
1/7/2003	19.9	2.991
4/2/2003	25.5	3.239
7/9/2003	23.3	3.148
10/7/2003	26.9	3.292

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	16.3	NO	2.791	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	14.1	NO	2.646	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	13.6	NO	2.610	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	11.7	NO	2.460	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	13.2	NO	2.580	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	23.6	NO	3.161	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Manganese

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.080 S= 0.674 CV(1)=0.624 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 2.780 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.114 S= 0.658 CV(2)=-5.762 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 1.547 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.244	-1.411
4/23/2002	1.82	0.599
7/15/2002	1.22	0.199
10/8/2002	0.988	-0.012
1/8/2003	0.729	-0.316
4/3/2003	0.637	-0.451
7/9/2003	2.51	0.920
10/6/2003	1.05	0.049

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.355	-1.036
4/23/2002	2.16	0.770
7/16/2002	1.39	0.329
10/8/2002	0.717	-0.333
1/7/2003	0.587	-0.533
4/2/2003	0.545	-0.607
7/9/2003	1.76	0.565
10/7/2003	0.57	-0.562

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	1.34	NO	0.293	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.00411	NO	-5.494	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.01	NO	-4.605	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.222	NO	-1.505	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.00143	NO	-6.550	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.00223	NO	-6.106	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Nickel

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data $X = 0.024$ $S = 0.022$ $CV(1) = 0.901$ $K \text{ factor}^{**} = 2.523$ $TL(1) = 0.078$ $LL(1) = N/A$

Statistics-Transformed Background Data $X = -4.239$ $S = 1.087$ $CV(2) = -0.256$ $K \text{ factor}^{**} = 2.523$ $TL(2) = -1.497$ $LL(2) = N/A$

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.0264	-3.634
10/6/2003	0.00971	-4.635

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/2/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.0112	-4.492
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result > TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) > TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.0397	NO	-3.226	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.000621	NO	-7.384	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.00116	NO	-6.759	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.00184	NO	-6.298	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.000834	NO	-7.089	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.000796	NO	-7.136	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background \text{ result} - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

**** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.**

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential

UNITS: mV

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 46.688 S= 60.986 CV(1)=1.306 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 200.555 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.829 S= 1.151 CV(2)=0.301 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.942 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	140	4.942
4/23/2002	-15	#Func!
7/15/2002	5	1.609
4/3/2003	49	3.892
7/9/2003	-35	#Func!
10/6/2003	40	3.689
1/7/2004	101	4.615
4/7/2004	105	4.654

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	140	4.942
4/23/2002	-20	#Func!
10/8/2002	10	2.303
1/7/2003	10	2.303
4/2/2003	67	4.205
7/9/2003	-29	#Func!
10/7/2003	127	4.844
1/6/2004	52	3.951

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	166	N/A	5.112	YES
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	381	N/A	5.943	YES
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	406	N/A	6.006	YES
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	407	N/A	6.009	YES
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	390	N/A	5.966	YES
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	399	N/A	5.989	YES

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW358
MW361
MW364
MW367
MW370
MW373

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

pH

UNITS: Std Unit

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 6.283 **S**= 0.159 **CV(1)**=0.025 **K factor****= 2.904 **TL(1)**= 6.745 **LL(1)**=5.8202

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 1.837 **S**= 0.025 **CV(2)**=0.014 **K factor****= 2.904 **TL(2)**= 1.911 **LL(2)**=1.7634

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	6.3	1.841
4/23/2002	6.4	1.856
7/15/2002	6.3	1.841
10/8/2002	6.3	1.841
1/8/2003	6.4	1.856
4/3/2003	6.5	1.872
7/9/2003	6.3	1.841
10/6/2003	6.5	1.872

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	6	1.792
4/23/2002	6.3	1.841
7/16/2002	6.45	1.864
10/8/2002	6.18	1.821
1/7/2003	6.35	1.848
4/2/2003	6.14	1.815
7/9/2003	6.1	1.808
10/7/2003	6	1.792

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)? Result <LL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)? LN(Result) <LL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	6.22	NO	1.828	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	5.93	NO	1.780	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	5.91	NO	1.777	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	5.92	NO	1.778	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	5.99	NO	1.790	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	6.11	NO	1.810	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Potassium

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 2.823 **S**= 0.522 **CV(1)**=0.185 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 4.139 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 1.024 **S**= 0.167 **CV(2)**=0.163 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 1.445 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	3.22	1.169
4/23/2002	3.43	1.233
7/15/2002	2.98	1.092
10/8/2002	2.46	0.900
1/8/2003	2.41	0.880
4/3/2003	2.43	0.888
7/9/2003	2.44	0.892
10/6/2003	2.48	0.908

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	4.34	1.468
4/23/2002	3.04	1.112
7/16/2002	2.93	1.075
10/8/2002	2.3	0.833
1/7/2003	2.45	0.896
4/2/2003	2.7	0.993
7/9/2003	2.68	0.986
10/7/2003	2.88	1.058

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	2.73	NO	1.004	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	2.08	NO	0.732	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	1.96	NO	0.673	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	3.01	NO	1.102	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	2.61	NO	0.959	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	2.57	NO	0.944	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sodium

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 51.544 S= 15.227 CV(1)=0.295 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 89.962 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.906 S= 0.272 CV(2)=0.070 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.592 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	31.8	3.459
4/23/2002	50	3.912
7/15/2002	44.7	3.800
10/8/2002	40	3.689
1/8/2003	44.6	3.798
4/3/2003	41.9	3.735
7/9/2003	40	3.689
10/6/2003	38.1	3.640

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	43.4	3.770
4/23/2002	79.8	4.380
7/16/2002	87.7	4.474
10/8/2002	61.6	4.121
1/7/2003	59.3	4.083
4/2/2003	62.1	4.129
7/9/2003	50.1	3.914
10/7/2003	49.6	3.904

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	37.4	NO	3.622	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	42.5	NO	3.750	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	41.7	NO	3.731	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	37.2	NO	3.616	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	49	NO	3.892	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	56.1	NO	4.027	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sulfate

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 122.381 S= 195.095 CV(1)=1.594 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 614.606 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.985 S= 1.323 CV(2)=0.332 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 7.322 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	17.4	2.856
4/23/2002	37.9	3.635
7/15/2002	15.7	2.754
10/8/2002	13.4	2.595
1/8/2003	14.4	2.667
4/3/2003	18.1	2.896
7/9/2003	9.6	2.262
10/6/2003	16.5	2.803

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	163.3	5.096
4/23/2002	809.6	6.697
7/16/2002	109.4	4.695
10/8/2002	110.6	4.706
1/7/2003	113.7	4.734
4/2/2003	133	4.890
7/9/2003	182.1	5.205
10/7/2003	193.4	5.265

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	54.1	N/A	3.991	NO
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	69.8	N/A	4.246	NO
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	72.3	N/A	4.281	NO
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	45.2	N/A	3.811	NO
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	20.9	N/A	3.040	NO
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	199	N/A	5.293	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Technetium-99

UNITS: pCi/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data $X = 7.655$ $S = 13.274$ $CV(1) = 1.734$ $K \text{ factor}^{**} = 2.523$ $TL(1) = 41.146$ $LL(1) = N/A$

Statistics-Transformed Background Data $X = 1.946$ $S = 0.939$ $CV(2) = 0.483$ $K \text{ factor}^{**} = 2.523$ $TL(2) = 3.833$ $LL(2) = N/A$

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	10.8	2.380
4/23/2002	8.53	2.144
7/15/2002	5.09	1.627
10/8/2002	4.78	1.564
1/8/2003	-5.12	#Func!
4/3/2003	5.11	1.631
7/9/2003	4.25	1.447
10/6/2003	6.54	1.878

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	16.5	2.803
4/23/2002	3.49	1.250
7/16/2002	1.42	0.351
10/8/2002	-6.06	#Func!
1/7/2003	-8.41	#Func!
4/2/2003	26.3	3.270
7/9/2003	3.06	1.118
10/7/2003	46.2	3.833

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result > TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) > TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	25	N/A	3.219	NO
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	33.3	N/A	3.506	NO
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	61.7	N/A	4.122	YES
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	35.5	N/A	3.570	NO
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	23.4	N/A	3.153	NO
MW373	Upgradient	No	14.8	N/A	2.695	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW364

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background \text{ result} - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Carbon (TOC)

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 6.169 **S**= 12.072 **CV(1)**=1.957 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 36.626 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 1.069 **S**= 1.014 **CV(2)**=0.948 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 3.626 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	1.2	0.182
4/23/2002	4.3	1.459
7/15/2002	2.6	0.956
10/8/2002	2.3	0.833
1/8/2003	3	1.099
4/3/2003	1.2	0.182
7/9/2003	2.6	0.956
10/6/2003	1.7	0.531

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1.1	0.095
4/23/2002	17.5	2.862
7/16/2002	49	3.892
10/8/2002	2.9	1.065
1/7/2003	3.9	1.361
4/2/2003	2.5	0.916
7/9/2003	1.7	0.531
10/7/2003	1.2	0.182

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	4.01	N/A	1.389	NO
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.507	N/A	-0.679	NO
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.573	N/A	-0.557	NO
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.804	N/A	-0.218	NO
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.94	N/A	-0.062	NO
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	1.03	N/A	0.030	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Halides (TOX)

UNITS: ug/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 79.819 **S**= 78.470 **CV(1)**=0.983 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 277.798 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 3.971 **S**= 0.950 **CV(2)**=0.239 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 6.368 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	50	3.912
4/23/2002	228	5.429
7/15/2002	88	4.477
10/8/2002	58	4.060
1/8/2003	72.4	4.282
4/3/2003	26.6	3.281
7/9/2003	16.4	2.797
10/6/2003	31.1	3.437

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	50	3.912
4/23/2002	276	5.620
7/16/2002	177	5.176
10/8/2002	76	4.331
1/7/2003	45.9	3.826
4/2/2003	57.8	4.057
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	13.9	2.632

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	No	10	N/A	2.303	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	6.24	NO	1.831	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	6.82	NO	1.920	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	6.84	NO	1.923	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	7.42	NO	2.004	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	10.4	NO	2.342	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Trichloroethene

UNITS: ug/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 12.188 S= 6.950 CV(1)=0.570 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 29.721 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.305 S= 0.687 CV(2)=0.298 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.039 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	19	2.944
4/23/2002	17	2.833
7/15/2002	15	2.708
10/8/2002	18	2.890
1/8/2003	17	2.833
4/3/2003	18	2.890
7/9/2003	15	2.708
10/6/2003	16	2.773

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5	1.609
4/23/2002	25	3.219
7/16/2002	3	1.099
10/8/2002	4	1.386
1/7/2003	6	1.792
4/2/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	6	1.792
10/7/2003	6	1.792

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	1.3	N/A	0.262	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	5.38	NO	1.683	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	2.85	N/A	1.047	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	4.13	N/A	1.418	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	1.91	N/A	0.647	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	5.06	NO	1.621	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Zinc

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 0.055 **S**= 0.037 **CV(1)**=0.673 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 0.147 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= -3.131 **S**= 0.691 **CV(2)**=-0.221 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= -1.388 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/23/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/15/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/8/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/3/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/23/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/16/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/7/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/2/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.0234	-3.755
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.01	NO	-4.605	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.02	N/A	-3.912	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.0192	NO	-3.953	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.0065	NO	-5.036	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.02	N/A	-3.912	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.02	N/A	-3.912	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

ATTACHMENT D2

**COMPARISON OF CURRENT DATA TO
ONE-SIDED UPPER TOLERANCE INTERVAL TEST
CALCULATED USING
CURRENT BACKGROUND DATA**

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis

Current Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 2.284 S= 1.757 CV(1)=0.769 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 6.716 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 0.525 S= 0.833 CV(2)=1.588 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 2.627 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	3.39	1.221
7/23/2020	2.5	0.916
10/12/2020	1.34	0.293
1/20/2021	1.6	0.470
4/13/2021	6.07	1.803
7/20/2021	5.52	1.708
10/12/2021	3.36	1.212
1/12/2022	3.82	1.340

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	0.8	-0.223
7/23/2020	0.7	-0.357
10/12/2020	0.5	-0.693
1/20/2021	0.92	-0.083
4/13/2021	2.8	1.030
7/14/2021	0.99	-0.010
10/13/2021	0.44	-0.821
1/13/2022	1.8	0.588

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	6.01	NO	1.793	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	5.9	NO	1.775	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	6.07	NO	1.803	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	3.77	NO	1.327	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	7.49	YES	2.014	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	2.86	NO	1.051	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW371

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis
Oxidation-Reduction Potential

Current Background Comparison
UNITS: mV

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	X= 318.188	S= 85.874	CV(1)=0.270	K factor**= 2.523	TL(1)= 534.849	LL(1)=N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	X= 5.720	S= 0.321	CV(2)=0.056	K factor**= 2.523	TL(2)= 6.530	LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW371		
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	423	6.047
7/23/2020	361	5.889
10/12/2020	344	5.841
1/20/2021	296	5.690
4/13/2021	388	5.961
7/20/2021	401	5.994
10/12/2021	344	5.841
1/12/2022	389	5.964
Well Number: MW374		
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	385	5.953
7/23/2020	304	5.717
10/12/2020	207	5.333
1/20/2021	145	4.977
4/13/2021	361	5.889
7/14/2021	349	5.855
10/13/2021	202	5.308
1/13/2022	192	5.257

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	282	NO	5.642	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	358	NO	5.881	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	394	NO	5.976	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	386	NO	5.956	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	375	NO	5.927	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	353	NO	5.866	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	396	NO	5.981	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum } ((\text{background result}-X)^2)/[\text{count of background results} - 1]]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>,2009.*

D2-4

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis

Current Background Comparison

Sulfate

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 26.778 S= 25.270 CV(1)=0.944 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 90.535 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.966 S= 0.776 CV(2)=0.262 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.924 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	75.3	4.321
7/23/2020	53.6	3.982
10/12/2020	29.9	3.398
1/20/2021	29.2	3.374
4/13/2021	90.7	4.508
7/20/2021	34.1	3.529
10/12/2021	11.9	2.477
1/12/2022	14.3	2.660

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	8.41	2.129
7/23/2020	9.1	2.208
10/12/2020	9.73	2.275
1/20/2021	10.7	2.370
4/13/2021	13	2.565
7/14/2021	13.4	2.595
10/13/2021	12.7	2.542
1/13/2022	12.4	2.518

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	23.5	NO	3.157	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	31.1	NO	3.437	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	56.1	NO	4.027	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	19.3	NO	2.960	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	75.4	NO	4.323	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	16.4	NO	2.797	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	24.4	NO	3.195	N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis

Current Background Comparison

Calcium

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 40.338 S= 24.768 CV(1)=0.614 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 102.827 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.478 S= 0.710 CV(2)=0.204 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 5.269 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	20.4	3.016
7/20/2020	16.5	2.803
10/12/2020	15.7	2.754
1/20/2021	15.4	2.734
4/13/2021	16.7	2.815
7/13/2021	15.3	2.728
10/12/2021	15.1	2.715
1/12/2022	16.3	2.791

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	61.1	NO	4.113	N/A

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	62.7	4.138
7/23/2020	62.4	4.134
10/12/2020	62.3	4.132
1/20/2021	67.5	4.212
4/13/2021	62.3	4.132
7/14/2021	65	4.174
10/13/2021	64.8	4.171
1/13/2022	67	4.205

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis

Current Background Comparison

Conductivity
UNITS: umho/cm
URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	X= 549.875	S= 201.857	CV(1)=0.367	K factor**= 2.523	TL(1)= 1059.159	LL(1)=N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	X= 6.245	S= 0.372	CV(2)=0.060	K factor**= 2.523	TL(2)= 7.184	LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	407	6.009
7/23/2020	372	5.919
10/12/2020	373	5.922
1/20/2021	373	5.922
4/13/2021	383	5.948
7/13/2021	378	5.935
10/12/2021	305	5.720
1/12/2022	359	5.883

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	687	6.532
7/23/2020	770	6.646
10/12/2020	778	6.657
1/20/2021	822	6.712
4/13/2021	795	6.678
7/14/2021	760	6.633
10/13/2021	484	6.182
1/13/2022	752	6.623

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	738	NO	6.604	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result-X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>,2009.

D2-7

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis**Current Background Comparison****Dissolved Solids****UNITS: mg/L****URGA**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 330.000 **S**= 137.409 **CV(1)**=0.416 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 676.684 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 5.711 **S**= 0.439 **CV(2)**=0.077 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 6.819 **LL(2)**=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result
--

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	214	5.366
7/20/2020	186	5.226
10/12/2020	220	5.394
1/20/2021	191	5.252
4/13/2021	209	5.342
7/13/2021	194	5.268
10/12/2021	179	5.187
1/12/2022	200	5.298

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	457	NO	6.125	N/A

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	399	5.989
7/23/2020	436	6.078
10/12/2020	474	6.161
1/20/2021	447	6.103
4/13/2021	483	6.180
7/14/2021	481	6.176
10/13/2021	461	6.133
1/13/2022	506	6.227

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis

Current Background Comparison

Magnesium

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 15.014 S= 8.308 CV(1)=0.553 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 35.974 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.539 S= 0.619 CV(2)=0.244 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.102 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	8.43	2.132
7/20/2020	6.51	1.873
10/12/2020	7.24	1.980
1/20/2021	6.85	1.924
4/13/2021	6.97	1.942
7/13/2021	6.41	1.858
10/12/2021	6.77	1.913
1/12/2022	6.84	1.923

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	22.4	3.109
7/23/2020	21.4	3.063
10/12/2020	23.4	3.153
1/20/2021	24.1	3.182
4/13/2021	23.2	3.144
7/14/2021	24.1	3.182
10/13/2021	22.8	3.127
1/13/2022	22.8	3.127

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	22	NO	3.091	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis

Oxidation-Reduction Potential

Current Background Comparison

UNITS: mV

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	X= 375.125	S= 27.551	CV(1)=0.073	K factor**= 2.523	TL(1)= 444.636	LL(1)=N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	X= 5.925	S= 0.072	CV(2)=0.012	K factor**= 2.523	TL(2)= 6.105	LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369		
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	390	5.966
7/23/2020	353	5.866
10/12/2020	362	5.892
1/20/2021	350	5.858
4/13/2021	444	6.096
7/13/2021	352	5.864
10/12/2021	343	5.838
1/12/2022	392	5.971
Well Number: MW372		
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	393	5.974
7/23/2020	365	5.900
10/12/2020	341	5.832
1/20/2021	362	5.892
4/13/2021	411	6.019
7/14/2021	378	5.935
10/13/2021	390	5.966
1/13/2022	376	5.930

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	402	NO	5.996	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	378	NO	5.935	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	471	YES	6.155	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	416	NO	6.031	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	382	NO	5.945	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	402	NO	5.996	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW363

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum } ((\text{background result}-X)^2)/[\text{count of background results} - 1]]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>,2009.

D2-10

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis

Current Background Comparison

Sulfate

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 72.869 S= 68.868 CV(1)=0.945 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 246.623 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.448 S= 1.533 CV(2)=0.445 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 7.316 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	9.41	2.242
7/20/2020	5.48	1.701
10/12/2020	5.29	1.666
1/20/2021	5.86	1.768
4/13/2021	7.59	2.027
7/13/2021	8.66	2.159
10/12/2021	8.82	2.177
1/12/2022	7.8	2.054

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	102	4.625
7/23/2020	124	4.820
10/12/2020	129	4.860
1/20/2021	156	5.050
4/13/2021	157	5.056
7/14/2021	147	4.990
10/13/2021	147	4.990
1/13/2022	145	4.977

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	144	NO	4.970	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis
Technetium-99

Current Background Comparison
URGA

UNITS: pCi/L

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	X= 53.594	S= 21.969	CV(1)=0.410	K factor**= 2.523	TL(1)= 109.022	LL(1)=N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	X= 3.892	S= 0.461	CV(2)=0.119	K factor**= 2.523	TL(2)= 5.056	LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	29.8	3.395
7/20/2020	20	2.996
10/12/2020	18.6	2.923
1/20/2021	47.7	3.865
4/13/2021	60.3	4.099
7/13/2021	67.7	4.215
10/12/2021	59.8	4.091
1/12/2022	52.8	3.967

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	46.5	3.839
7/23/2020	106	4.663
10/12/2020	83.4	4.424
1/20/2021	43.5	3.773
4/13/2021	51.3	3.938
7/14/2021	66.6	4.199
10/13/2021	55.9	4.024
1/13/2022	47.6	3.863

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	72.5	NO	4.284	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	79.4	NO	4.374	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result-X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>,2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis

Current Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential

UNITS: mV

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 385.125 S= 28.698 CV(1)=0.075 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 457.530 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 5.951 S= 0.073 CV(2)=0.012 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 6.135 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	448	6.105
7/23/2020	366	5.903
10/12/2020	350	5.858
1/20/2021	395	5.979
4/13/2021	435	6.075
7/13/2021	364	5.897
10/12/2021	359	5.883
1/12/2022	402	5.996

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	409	6.014
7/23/2020	377	5.932
10/12/2020	350	5.858
1/20/2021	372	5.919
4/13/2021	407	6.009
7/14/2021	380	5.940
10/13/2021	372	5.919
1/13/2022	376	5.930

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	166	NO	5.112	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	381	NO	5.943	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	406	NO	6.006	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	407	NO	6.009	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	390	NO	5.966	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	399	NO	5.989	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = \sqrt{\frac{\sum [(background\ result - X)^2]}{[count\ of\ background\ results - 1]}}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results}) / (\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2022 Statistical Analysis
Technetium-99

Current Background Comparison
UNITS: pCi/L
LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	X= 32.376	S= 22.163	CV(1)=0.685	K factor**= 2.523	TL(1)= 88.293	LL(1)=N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	X= 3.238	S= 0.732	CV(2)=0.226	K factor**= 2.523	TL(2)= 5.086	LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	60.4	4.101
7/23/2020	67.3	4.209
10/12/2020	72.3	4.281
1/20/2021	58.8	4.074
4/13/2021	44.2	3.789
7/13/2021	37.9	3.635
10/12/2021	39.2	3.669
1/12/2022	25.6	3.243

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/6/2020	13.8	2.625
7/23/2020	18.4	2.912
10/12/2020	19.2	2.955
1/20/2021	9.89	2.292
4/13/2021	17.5	2.862
7/14/2021	14.2	2.653
10/13/2021	8.12	2.094
1/13/2022	11.2	2.416

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	61.7	NO	4.122	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.
CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.
S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5
TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)
X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)
** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>,2009.

D2-14

ATTACHMENT D3

STATISTICIAN QUALIFICATION STATEMENT

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

July 14, 2022

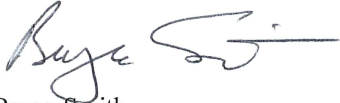
Mr. Dennis Greene
Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC
5511 Hobbs Road
Kevil, KY 42053

Dear Mr. Greene:

As an Environmental Scientist, with a bachelor's degree in Earth Sciences/Geology, I have over 30 years of experience in reviewing and assessing laboratory analytical results associated with environmental sampling and investigation activities. For the generation of these statistical analyses, my work was reviewed by a qualified independent technical reviewer with Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC.

For this project, the statistical analyses conducted on the second quarter 2022 monitoring well data collected from the C-746-S&T and C-746-U Landfills were performed in accordance with guidance provided in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency guidance document, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989).

Sincerely,



Bryan Smith

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

APPENDIX E

GROUNDWATER FLOW RATE AND DIRECTION

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

GROUNDWATER FLOW RATE AND DIRECTION

Determination of groundwater flow rate and direction of flow in the uppermost aquifer whenever the monitoring wells (MWs) are sampled is a requirement of 401 KAR 48.300, Section 11. The uppermost aquifer below the C-746-U Landfill is the Regional Gravel Aquifer (RGA). Water level measurements currently are recorded in several wells at the landfill on a quarterly basis. These measurements were used to plot the potentiometric surface of the RGA for the second quarter 2022 and determine groundwater flow rate and direction.

Water levels during this reporting period were measured on April 25 and 26, 2022. As shown on Figure E.1, all Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS) wells had sufficient water to permit water level measurement and sampling for laboratory analysis during this reporting period.

The UCRS has a strong vertical hydraulic gradient; therefore, the available UCRS wells screened over different elevations are not sufficient for mapping the potentiometric surface. As shown in Table E.1, the RGA data were converted to elevations to plot the potentiometric surfaces within the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA) and Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA). (At the request of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the RGA is differentiated into two zones, the URGA and LRGA.) Based on the potentiometric maps (Figures E.2 and E.3), the hydraulic gradients for the URGA and LRGA at the C-746-U Landfill, as measured along the defined groundwater flow directions, were 5.89×10^{-4} ft/ft and 5.86×10^{-4} ft/ft, respectively. Water level measurements in wells at the C-746-U Landfill and in wells of the surrounding region (MW98, MW100, MW125, MW139, MW165A, MW173, MW197, and MW200), along with the C-746-S&T Landfill wells, were used to contour the general RGA potentiometric surface (Figure E.4). The hydraulic gradient for the RGA, as a whole, in the vicinity of the C-746-U Landfill was 1.35×10^{-3} ft/ft. The hydraulic gradients are shown in Table E.2.

The average linear groundwater flow velocity (v) is determined by multiplying the hydraulic gradient (i) by the hydraulic conductivity (K) [resulting in the specific discharge (q)] and dividing by the effective porosity (n_e). The RGA hydraulic conductivity values used are reported in the Administrative Application for the New Solid Waste Landfill Permit No. SW07300045NWC1 and range from 425 to 725 ft/day (0.150 to 0.256 cm/s). RGA (both URGA and LRGA) effective porosity is assumed to be 25%. Flow velocities were calculated for the URGA and LRGA using the low and high values for hydraulic conductivity, as shown in the Table E.3.

Groundwater flow beneath the C-746-U Landfill typically trends northeastward toward the Ohio River. As demonstrated on the potentiometric maps for April 2022, the groundwater flow direction in the immediate area of the landfill was to the northeast.

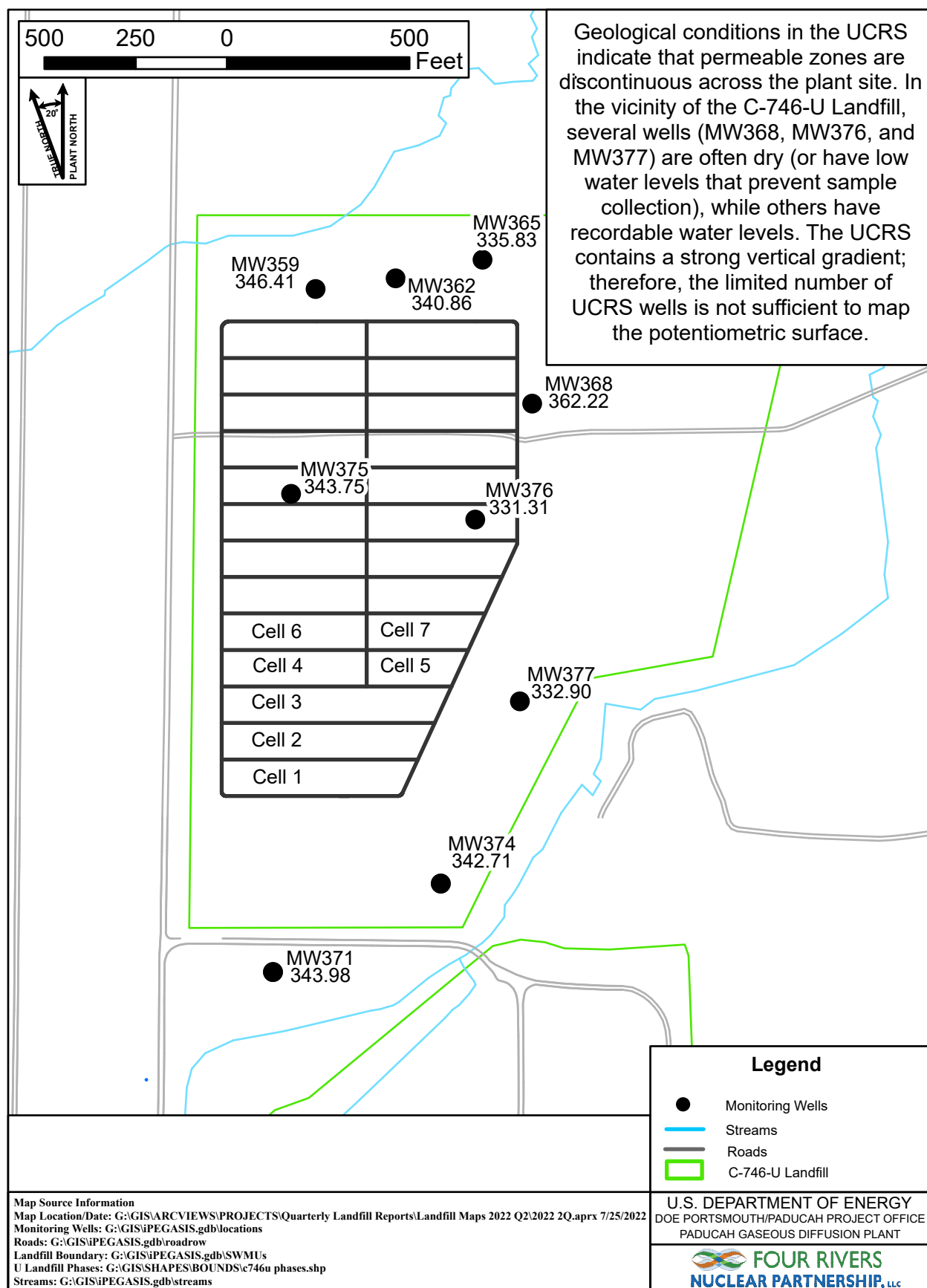


Figure E.1. Potentiometric Measurements of the Upper Continental Recharge System at the C-746-U Landfill, April 25, 2022

Table E.1. C-746-U Landfill Second Quarter 2022 (April) Water Levels

C-746-U Landfill (April 2022) Water Levels										
Date	Time	Well	Aquifer	Datum Elev	BP	Delta BP	Raw Data		*Corrected Data	
							DTW	Elev	DTW	Elev
							(ft)	(ft amsl)	(ft)	(ft amsl)
				(ft amsl)	(in Hg)	(ft H2O)				
4/25/2022	9:45	MW357	URGA	368.77	30.05	0.07	40.85	327.92	40.92	327.85
4/25/2022	9:46	MW358	LRGA	368.92	30.05	0.07	40.99	327.93	41.06	327.86
4/25/2022	9:47	MW359	UCRS	368.91	30.05	0.07	22.43	346.48	22.50	346.41
4/25/2022	9:57	MW360	URGA	362.07	30.08	0.03	34.19	327.88	34.22	327.85
4/25/2022	9:56	MW361	LRGA	361.32	30.08	0.03	33.44	327.88	33.47	327.85
4/25/2022	9:58	MW362	UCRS	361.85	30.08	0.03	20.96	340.89	20.99	340.86
4/25/2022	10:08	MW363	URGA	368.56	30.08	0.03	40.77	327.79	40.80	327.76
4/25/2022	10:07	MW364	LRGA	368.17	30.08	0.03	40.43	327.74	40.46	327.71
4/25/2022	10:09	MW365	UCRS	368.14	30.08	0.03	32.28	335.86	32.31	335.83
4/26/2022	9:43	MW366	URGA	368.95	30.39	-0.32	41.36	327.59	41.04	327.91
4/26/2022	9:44	MW367	LRGA	369.37	30.39	-0.32	41.78	327.59	41.46	327.91
4/26/2022	9:45	MW368	UCRS	368.98	30.39	-0.32	7.08	361.90	6.76	362.22
4/25/2022	10:43	MW369	URGA	364.23	30.08	0.03	35.50	328.73	35.53	328.70
4/25/2022	10:44	MW370	LRGA	365.12	30.08	0.03	36.38	328.74	36.41	328.71
4/25/2022	10:45	MW371	UCRS	364.64	30.08	0.03	20.63	344.01	20.66	343.98
4/25/2022	10:38	MW372	URGA	359.42	30.08	0.03	30.71	328.71	30.74	328.68
4/25/2022	10:39	MW373	LRGA	359.73	30.08	0.03	31.03	328.70	31.06	328.67
4/25/2022	10:40	MW374	UCRS	359.44	30.08	0.03	16.70	342.74	16.73	342.71
4/25/2022	10:29	MW375	UCRS	370.36	30.08	0.03	26.58	343.78	26.61	343.75
4/25/2022	10:32	MW376	UCRS	370.39	30.08	0.03	39.05	331.34	39.08	331.31
4/25/2022	10:35	MW377	UCRS	365.74	30.08	0.03	32.81	332.93	32.84	332.90
4/25/2022	13:11	MW391	URGA	366.67	30.11	0.00	38.04	328.63	38.04	328.63
4/25/2022	13:12	MW392	LRGA	365.85	30.11	0.00	37.25	328.60	37.25	328.60
Reference Barometric Pressure					30.11					
Elev = elevation										
amsl = above mean sea level										
BP = barometric pressure										
DTW = depth to water in feet below datum										
URGA = Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer										
LRGA = Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer										
UCRS = Upper Continental Recharge System										
*Assumes a barometric efficiency of 1.0										

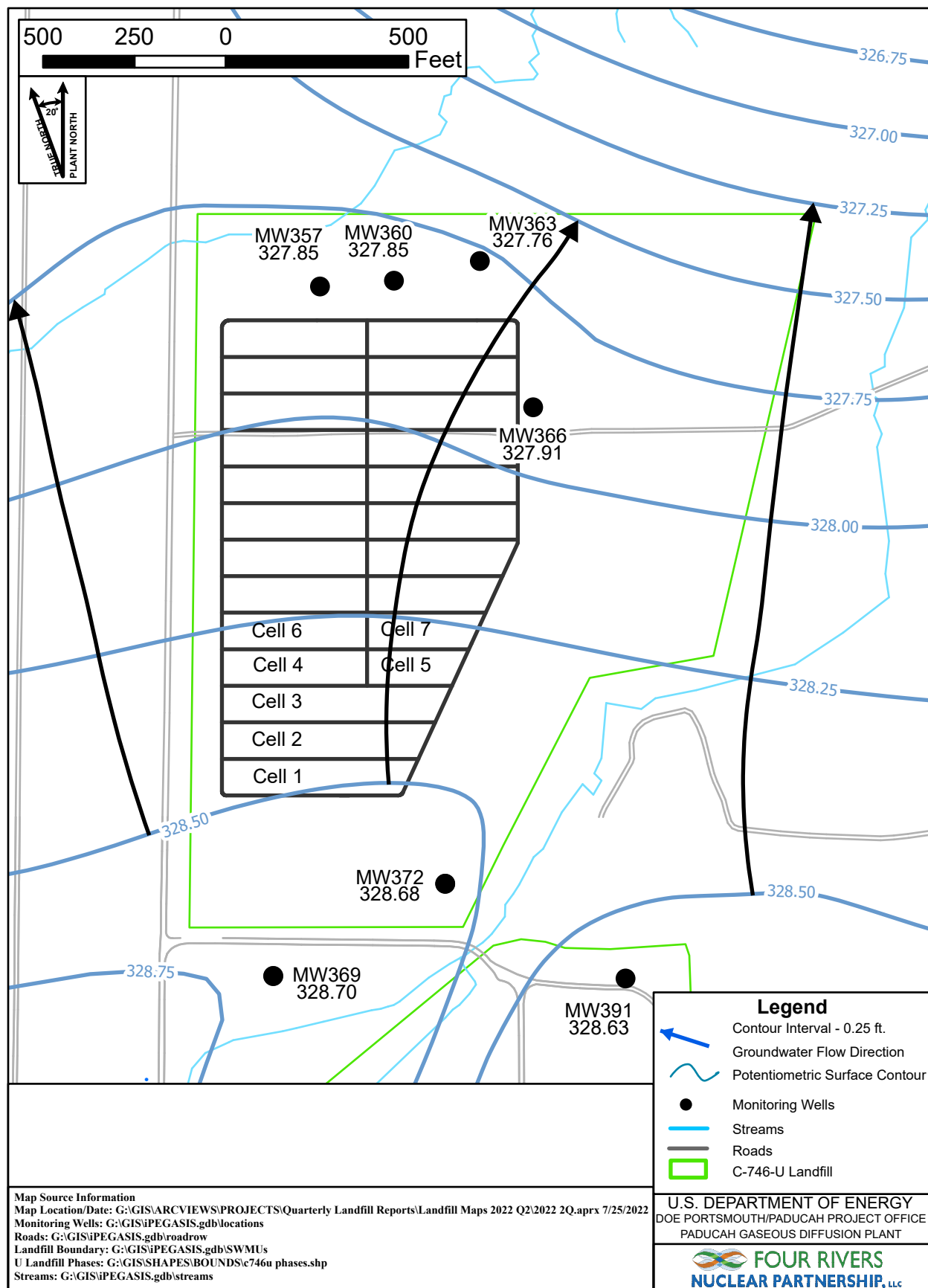


Figure E.2. Potentiometric Surface of the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer at the C-746-U Landfill, April 25, 2022

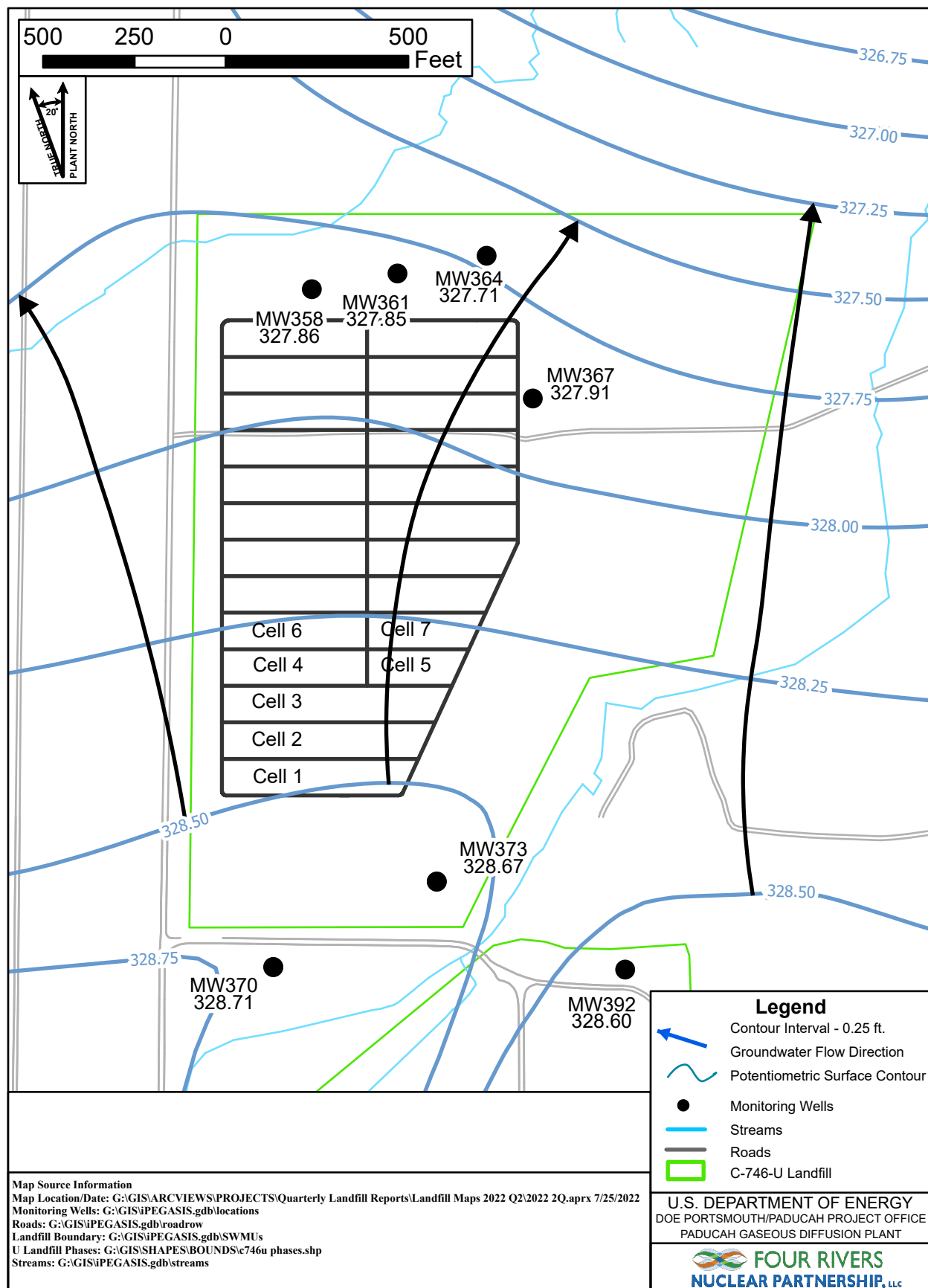


Figure E.3. Potentiometric Surface of the Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer at the C-746-U Landfill, April 25, 2022

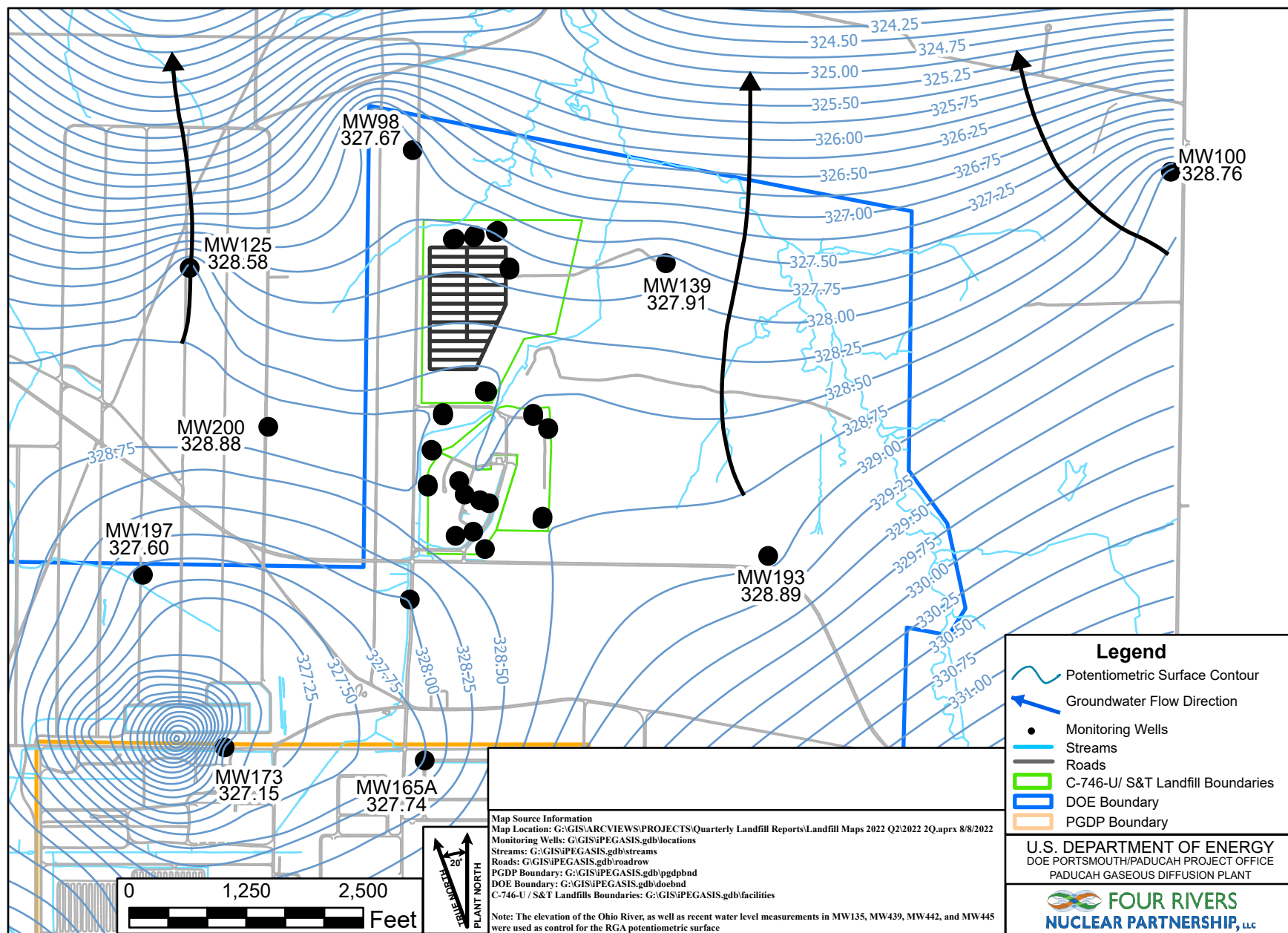


Figure E.4. Vicinity Potentiometric Surface of the Regional Gravel Aquifer, April 25, 2022

Table E.2. C-746-U Landfill Hydraulic Gradients

	ft/ft
Beneath Landfill—Upper RGA	5.89×10^{-4}
Beneath Landfill—Lower RGA	5.86×10^{-4}
Vicinity	1.35×10^{-3}

Table E.3. C-746-U Landfill Groundwater Flow Rate

Hydraulic Conductivity (K)		Specific Discharge (q)		Average Linear Velocity (v)	
ft/day	cm/s	ft/day	cm/s	ft/day	cm/s
Upper RGA					
725	0.256	0.427	1.51×10^{-4}	1.709	6.04×10^{-4}
425	0.150	0.251	8.84×10^{-5}	1.002	3.54×10^{-4}
Lower RGA					
725	0.256	0.425	1.50×10^{-4}	1.699	6.00×10^{-4}
425	0.150	0.249	8.79×10^{-5}	0.996	3.52×10^{-4}

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

APPENDIX F
NOTIFICATIONS

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

NOTIFICATIONS

In accordance with 401 KAR 48:300 § 7, the notification for parameters that exceed the maximum contaminant level (MCL) has been submitted to the Kentucky Division of Waste Management. The parameters submitted are listed on page F-4. The notification for parameters that do not have MCLs, but had statistically significant increased concentrations relative to historical background concentrations, is provided below.

Statistical Analysis of Parameters Notification

The statistical analyses conducted on the second quarter 2022 groundwater data collected from the C-746-U Landfill monitoring wells were performed in accordance with *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky* (LATA Kentucky 2014).

The following are the permit required parameters in 40 CFR § 302.4, Appendix A, which had statistically significant, increased concentrations relative to historical background concentrations.

	<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Monitoring Well</u>
Upper Continental Recharge System	None	
Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer	Technetium-99	MW366, MW372
Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer	Technetium-99	MW364

NOTE: Although technetium-99 is not cited in 40 CFR § 302.4, Appendix A, this radionuclide is being reported along with the parameters of this regulation.

5/23/2022

**Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC
PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM
C-746-U LANDFILL
SOLID WASTE PERMIT NUMBER SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045
MAXIMUM CONTAMINANT LEVEL (MCL) EXCEEDANCE REPORT
Quarterly Groundwater Sampling**

AKGWA	Station	Analysis	Method	Results	Units	MCL
8004-4795	MW361	Trichloroethene	8260D	5.38	ug/L	5
		Trichloroethene	8260D	5.27	ug/L	5
8004-4792	MW373	Trichloroethene	8260D	5.06	ug/L	5

NOTE 1: MCLs are defined in 401 KAR 47:030.

NOTE 2: MW369, MW370, MW372, and MW373 are down-gradient wells for the C-746-S and C-746-T Landfills and upgradient for the C-746-U Landfill. These wells are sampled with the C-746-U Landfill monitoring well network. These wells are reported on the exceedance reports for C-746-S, C-746-T, and C-746-U.

APPENDIX G
CHART OF MCL AND UTL EXCEEDANCES

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

**Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances
for the C-746-U Contained Landfill**

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
ACETONE																						
Quarter 3, 2002											*	*	*									
Quarter 4, 2002											*	*	*									
Quarter 1, 2003												*	*									
Quarter 2, 2003												*	*									
Quarter 3, 2003	*										*	*	*			*			*			
Quarter 4, 2003						*	*				*	*			*				*			
Quarter 3, 2004						*						*					*					
Quarter 3, 2005						*																
Quarter 4, 2005						*																
ALPHA ACTIVITY																						
Quarter 1, 2004																						■
Quarter 2, 2004																						
Quarter 3, 2009						■																
ALUMINUM																						
Quarter 3, 2003											*											
BETA ACTIVITY																						
Quarter 1, 2004																■						
Quarter 2, 2004																■						■
Quarter 3, 2004																■						
Quarter 4, 2004																■						
Quarter 4, 2005																■						
Quarter 1, 2006																■						■
Quarter 2, 2006																■						■
Quarter 3, 2006																■						■
Quarter 4, 2006																■						■
Quarter 1, 2007											■					■						■
Quarter 2, 2007																■						■
Quarter 3, 2007											■					■						■
Quarter 4, 2007											■					■						■
Quarter 1, 2008											■					■						
Quarter 2, 2008															■		■					
Quarter 3, 2008											■					■				■		
Quarter 4, 2008											■					■				■		
Quarter 1, 2009											■					■						
Quarter 2, 2009																■	■	■				
Quarter 3, 2009											■					■						
Quarter 4, 2009											■					■						
Quarter 1, 2010											■					■						
Quarter 2, 2010											■					■						
Quarter 3, 2010											■											
Quarter 4, 2010																■						
Quarter 2, 2011											■						■					
Quarter 4, 2011																■						
Quarter 1, 2012											■											
Quarter 2, 2012											■								■			
Quarter 3, 2012											■					■						
Quarter 4, 2012																■						■
Quarter 1, 2013																■						■
Quarter 3, 2013																■						■
Quarter 4, 2013																■						
Quarter 1, 2014																■						
Quarter 4, 2014																■						
Quarter 1, 2015																■						
Quarter 2, 2015																	■					
Quarter 4, 2015																■				■		
Quarter 3, 2016																					■	
Quarter 4, 2016															■							
Quarter 2, 2017																						■
Quarter 3, 2017																						■
Quarter 4, 2017																■						■
Quarter 1, 2018																				■		■
Quarter 2, 2018																■						
Quarter 3, 2018																						■
Quarter 4, 2018																■						■
Quarter 1, 2019																						■
Quarter 2, 2019																■						■
Quarter 3, 2019																■	■					■
Quarter 4, 2019											■					■						■
Quarter 1, 2020									■							■						■
Quarter 2, 2020																						■
Quarter 3, 2020																■						■
Quarter 4, 2020																						■
BROMIDE																						
Quarter 2, 2004															*							

**Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances
for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)**

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
CALCIUM																						
Quarter 3, 2003											*											
Quarter 2, 2005																						*
Quarter 3, 2006																*						
Quarter 2, 2008																*						
Quarter 3, 2009																*						
Quarter 4, 2009																*						
Quarter 1, 2010																*						
Quarter 2, 2010																*						
Quarter 3, 2010																*						
Quarter 1, 2011																*						
Quarter 2, 2011																*						
Quarter 3, 2011																*						*
Quarter 4, 2011																*						*
Quarter 1, 2012																*						*
Quarter 2, 2012																*						*
Quarter 3, 2012																*						*
Quarter 4, 2012																*						*
Quarter 1, 2013																*						*
Quarter 2, 2013																*						*
Quarter 3, 2013																*						*
Quarter 4, 2013																*						*
Quarter 2, 2014																*						*
Quarter 3, 2014																*						*
Quarter 4, 2014																*						
Quarter 2, 2015																*						
Quarter 3, 2015																*						
Quarter 4, 2015																*						
Quarter 1, 2016																*						
Quarter 2, 2016																*						
Quarter 2, 2017	*																					
Quarter 1, 2018	*																					
Quarter 3, 2018	*																					
Quarter 3, 2019	*							*														
Quarter 4, 2019																*						
Quarter 1, 2020								*								*						
Quarter 2, 2020								*								*						
Quarter 3, 2020	*							*								*						
Quarter 4, 2020																*						
Quarter 1, 2021																*						
Quarter 2, 2021								*								*						
Quarter 3, 2021																*						
Quarter 4, 2021																*						
Quarter 1, 2022																*						
Quarter 2, 2022																*						
CARBON DISULFIDE																						
Quarter 3, 2003											*											
Quarter 2, 2005							*															
Quarter 3, 2005						*																
Quarter 4, 2005						*																
Quarter 1, 2006						*																
Quarter 2, 2006						*																
Quarter 3, 2010		*									*											
Quarter 4, 2010															*							
Quarter 1, 2011																*						
CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND																						
Quarter 3, 2002											*	*	*	*	*	*						
Quarter 4, 2002											*	*	*	*	*	*						
Quarter 1, 2003											*	*	*	*	*	*						
Quarter 2, 2003											*	*	*	*	*	*						
Quarter 3, 2003	*										*	*	*	*	*	*						
Quarter 4, 2003					*						*	*	*	*	*	*						
Quarter 3, 2004											*	*	*	*	*	*						
Quarter 3, 2005					*						*				*	*			*	*		
Quarter 4, 2005					*						*				*	*			*	*		
Quarter 1, 2006											*				*	*			*	*		
Quarter 4, 2016											*				*	*			*	*		
Quarter 1, 2017											*				*	*			*	*		
Quarter 2, 2019											*				*	*			*	*		
Quarter 3, 2019											*				*	*			*	*		*
Quarter 4, 2019											*				*	*			*	*		
CHLORIDE																						
Quarter 1, 2006																					*	
Quarter 2, 2014																*						
COBALT																						
Quarter 3, 2003	*					*					*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2004											*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2016											*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
CONDUCTIVITY																						
Quarter 4, 2002											*											
Quarter 1, 2003											*											
Quarter 2, 2003											*	*										
Quarter 4, 2003											*											
Quarter 1, 2004											*											
Quarter 2, 2004											*											

**Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances
for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)**

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
	D	S	S	S	D	D	U	U			D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
CONDUCTIVITY																						
Quarter 3, 2004											*											
Quarter 1, 2005																*						
Quarter 2, 2005																*						
Quarter 3, 2005						*													*			
Quarter 4, 2005																*		*				
Quarter 1, 2006																*						
Quarter 2, 2006																*						
Quarter 3, 2006																*						
Quarter 1, 2007																*						
Quarter 2, 2007																*						
Quarter 3, 2007																*						
Quarter 4, 2007																*						
Quarter 1, 2008																*						
Quarter 2, 2008																*						
Quarter 3, 2008																*						
Quarter 4, 2008																*						
Quarter 1, 2009																*						
Quarter 2, 2009																*						
Quarter 3, 2009																*						
Quarter 4, 2009																*						
Quarter 1, 2010																*						
Quarter 2, 2010																*						
Quarter 3, 2010																*						
Quarter 4, 2010																*						
Quarter 1, 2011																*						
Quarter 2, 2011																*						
Quarter 3, 2011																*						
Quarter 4, 2011																*						
Quarter 1, 2012																*						
Quarter 2, 2012																*						
Quarter 3, 2012																*						
Quarter 4, 2012																*						
Quarter 1, 2013																*						
Quarter 2, 2013																*						
Quarter 3, 2013																*						
Quarter 4, 2013																*						
Quarter 1, 2014																*						
Quarter 2, 2014																*						
Quarter 3, 2014																*						
Quarter 4, 2014																*						
Quarter 1, 2015																*						
Quarter 2, 2015																*						
Quarter 3, 2015																*						
Quarter 4, 2015																*						
Quarter 1, 2016																*						
Quarter 2, 2016																*						
Quarter 3, 2016																*						
Quarter 2, 2019																*						
Quarter 3, 2019																*						
Quarter 4, 2019																*						
Quarter 1, 2020																*						
Quarter 2, 2020																*						
Quarter 3, 2020																*						
Quarter 4, 2020																*						
Quarter 1, 2021																*						
Quarter 2, 2021																*						
Quarter 3, 2021																*						
Quarter 1, 2022																*						
Quarter 2, 2022																*						
DISSOLVED OXYGEN																						
Quarter 1, 2003					*	*					*											
Quarter 3, 2003					*						*											
Quarter 4, 2003					*																	
Quarter 1, 2004					*																	
Quarter 2, 2004								*									*					
Quarter 1, 2005					*																	
Quarter 2, 2005								*														
Quarter 1, 2006					*																	
Quarter 2, 2006					*			*														
Quarter 3, 2006					*			*														
Quarter 4, 2006					*			*														
Quarter 2, 2007					*			*														
Quarter 3, 2007					*			*	*													
Quarter 1, 2008					*														*			
Quarter 2, 2008								*	*													
Quarter 3, 2008								*														
Quarter 1, 2009							*															
Quarter 2, 2009					*			*	*													
Quarter 3, 2009					*	*		*	*													
Quarter 1, 2010					*	*	*															
Quarter 2, 2010					*	*	*	*	*											*	*	
Quarter 3, 2010					*	*																

**Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances
for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)**

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373	
DISSOLVED OXYGEN																						
Quarter 4, 2010							*					*									*	
Quarter 1, 2011							*															
Quarter 2, 2011					*		*	*	*					*								
Quarter 3, 2011						*			*													
Quarter 1, 2012							*		*													
Quarter 2, 2012	*			*	*	*		*	*													
Quarter 3, 2012						*																
Quarter 4, 2012									*													
Quarter 1, 2013						*			*													
Quarter 2, 2013							*		*													
Quarter 3, 2013	*				*		*	*	*													
Quarter 4, 2013									*												*	
Quarter 2, 2014	*				*	*	*	*	*									*				
Quarter 3, 2014	*				*	*	*		*													
Quarter 4, 2014						*																
Quarter 2, 2015					*	*	*	*	*													
Quarter 3, 2015					*	*		*														
Quarter 4, 2015	*					*	*															
Quarter 1, 2016	*				*		*															
Quarter 2, 2016	*	*			*	*	*	*	*											*	*	
Quarter 3, 2016					*	*	*	*	*				*									
Quarter 4, 2016						*			*													
Quarter 1, 2017							*						*									
Quarter 2, 2017	*				*	*	*	*														
Quarter 3, 2017	*	*			*	*	*	*										*				
Quarter 4, 2017					*	*	*											*				
Quarter 1, 2018					*	*	*	*												*		
Quarter 2, 2018					*	*	*	*						*								
Quarter 3, 2018	*				*	*	*	*														
Quarter 4, 2018					*	*																
Quarter 1, 2019					*	*	*	*														
Quarter 2, 2019					*	*	*	*														
Quarter 3, 2019	*				*	*	*	*														
Quarter 4, 2019					*	*																
Quarter 1, 2020						*	*	*	*													
Quarter 2, 2020					*	*		*														
Quarter 3, 2020	*				*	*																
Quarter 4, 2020	*						*															
Quarter 1, 2021					*		*													*		
Quarter 2, 2021					*	*	*	*	*													
Quarter 3, 2021	*				*	*	*	*	*											*		
Quarter 4, 2021					*	*	*	*												*		
Quarter 1, 2022	*				*	*	*	*	*				*				*			*		
Quarter 2, 2022	*				*	*	*	*	*											*		
DISSOLVED SOLIDS																						
Quarter 4, 2002										*												
Quarter 1, 2003										*												
Quarter 2, 2003										*												
Quarter 3, 2003							*			*	*											
Quarter 4, 2003										*												
Quarter 3, 2005					*																	
Quarter 4, 2006																						
Quarter 1, 2007															*							
Quarter 2, 2007															*							
Quarter 4, 2008															*							
Quarter 1, 2009															*							
Quarter 2, 2009															*							
Quarter 3, 2009															*							
Quarter 4, 2009															*							
Quarter 1, 2010															*							
Quarter 2, 2010															*							
Quarter 3, 2010															*							
Quarter 4, 2010															*							
Quarter 1, 2011															*							
Quarter 2, 2011															*							
Quarter 3, 2011															*							
Quarter 4, 2011															*							
Quarter 1, 2012														*	*							
Quarter 2, 2012														*	*					*		
Quarter 3, 2012														*	*					*		
Quarter 4, 2012														*	*							
Quarter 1, 2013														*	*							
Quarter 2, 2013														*	*							
Quarter 3, 2013														*	*							
Quarter 4, 2013														*	*							
Quarter 1, 2014														*	*							
Quarter 2, 2014														*	*							
Quarter 4, 2014														*	*							
Quarter 2, 2015														*	*							
Quarter 3, 2015														*	*							
Quarter 4, 2015														*	*							
Quarter 1, 2016														*	*							
Quarter 3, 2019														*	*							
Quarter 4, 2019														*	*							

**Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances
for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)**

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
DISSOLVED SOLIDS																						
Quarter 1, 2020																*						
Quarter 2, 2020																*						
Quarter 3, 2020																*						
Quarter 4, 2020																*						
Quarter 1, 2021																*						
Quarter 2, 2021																*						
Quarter 3, 2021																*						
Quarter 4, 2021																*						
Quarter 1, 2022																*						
Quarter 2, 2022																*						
IODIDE																						
Quarter 2, 2003																	*					
Quarter 3, 2003	*										*											
Quarter 4, 2003							*															
Quarter 3, 2010						*		*					*					*				
IODINE-131																						
Quarter 3, 2010																						
IODOMETHANE																						
Quarter 4, 2003						*																
IRON																						
Quarter 4, 2002						*																
Quarter 3, 2003																	*					
Quarter 4, 2003											*						*					
Quarter 1, 2004											*						*					
Quarter 2, 2004											*											
Quarter 3, 2004											*											
Quarter 3, 2005																	*					
MAGNESIUM																						
Quarter 2, 2005																	*					*
Quarter 3, 2005						*																*
Quarter 2, 2006																	*					*
Quarter 3, 2006																	*					
Quarter 1, 2007																	*					
Quarter 2, 2008																	*					
Quarter 2, 2009																	*					
Quarter 3, 2009																	*					
Quarter 4, 2009																	*					
Quarter 1, 2010																	*					
Quarter 2, 2010																	*					
Quarter 3, 2010																	*					
Quarter 1, 2011																	*					
Quarter 2, 2011																	*					
Quarter 3, 2011																	*					
Quarter 4, 2011																	*					
Quarter 1, 2012																	*					
Quarter 2, 2012																	*					
Quarter 3, 2012																	*					
Quarter 4, 2012																	*					
Quarter 1, 2013																	*					
Quarter 2, 2013																	*					
Quarter 3, 2013																	*					
Quarter 4, 2013																	*					
Quarter 2, 2014																	*					
Quarter 4, 2014																	*					
Quarter 2, 2015																	*					
Quarter 3, 2015																	*					
Quarter 4, 2015																	*					
Quarter 1, 2016																	*					
Quarter 2, 2016																	*					
Quarter 3, 2016	*																					
Quarter 4, 2016	*																					
Quarter 2, 2017	*																					
Quarter 3, 2017	*																					
Quarter 1, 2018	*																					
Quarter 3, 2018	*																					
Quarter 3, 2019	*																					
Quarter 4, 2019																	*					
Quarter 2, 2020																	*					
Quarter 4, 2020																	*					
Quarter 1, 2021																	*					
Quarter 2, 2021																	*					
Quarter 3, 2021																	*					
Quarter 4, 2021																	*					
Quarter 1, 2022																	*					
Quarter 2, 2022																	*					
MANGANESE																						
Quarter 3, 2002											*		*									
Quarter 4, 2002		*				*	*				*		*		*							
Quarter 2, 2003											*		*									
Quarter 3, 2003											*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*		
Quarter 4, 2003											*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*		
Quarter 1, 2004											*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*		
Quarter 2, 2004							*				*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*		
Quarter 3, 2004							*				*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*		
Quarter 4, 2004											*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*		
Quarter 1, 2005											*	*	*	*								

**Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances
for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)**

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
MANGANESE																						
Quarter 2, 2005											*		*									
Quarter 3, 2005											*		*				*					
Quarter 4, 2005											*						*					
Quarter 1, 2006											*											
Quarter 2, 2006							*				*		*									
Quarter 3, 2006											*						*					
Quarter 4, 2006											*											
Quarter 1, 2007											*											
Quarter 2, 2007							*				*											
Quarter 3, 2007							*															
Quarter 3, 2008							*															
Quarter 4, 2008							*															
Quarter 3, 2009							*															
Quarter 3, 2011							*															
Quarter 2, 2016															*							
Quarter 3, 2016									*													
Quarter 1, 2022																				*		
NICKEL																						
Quarter 3, 2003											*											
Quarter 1, 2022																				*		
NITRATE AS NITROGEN																						
Quarter 4, 2021																						
OXIDATION-REDUCTION POTENTIAL																						
Quarter 4, 2002																	*		*			
Quarter 1, 2003																	*		*			
Quarter 2, 2003																			*			
Quarter 3, 2003	*																					
Quarter 4, 2003					*																	
Quarter 2, 2004														*			*				*	
Quarter 3, 2004					*			*						*	*	*	*				*	*
Quarter 4, 2004													*				*				*	*
Quarter 1, 2005																	*				*	*
Quarter 2, 2005								*					*		*		*				*	*
Quarter 3, 2005					*	*		*			*	*	*		*		*		*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2005		*						*				*	*		*		*				*	*
Quarter 1, 2006					*		*	*	*				*		*		*				*	*
Quarter 2, 2006					*		*	*	*				*		*		*				*	*
Quarter 3, 2006					*		*	*	*				*		*		*				*	*
Quarter 4, 2006					*		*	*	*		*	*	*		*		*				*	*
Quarter 1, 2007		*			*		*	*	*				*		*		*				*	*
Quarter 2, 2007					*		*	*	*				*		*		*				*	*
Quarter 3, 2007					*		*	*	*				*		*		*				*	*
Quarter 4, 2007					*		*	*	*				*		*		*				*	*
Quarter 1, 2008					*		*	*	*		*	*	*		*		*		*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2008					*		*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*		*		*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2008					*		*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*		*		*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2008					*		*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*		*		*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2009					*		*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*		*		*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2009					*		*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*		*		*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2009		*			*		*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*		*		*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2009		*			*		*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*		*		*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2010		*			*		*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*		*		*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2010					*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*		*		*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2010		*			*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2010		*			*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2011					*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2011		*			*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2011		*			*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2011		*			*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2012		*			*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2012	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2012		*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2012		*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2013		*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2013		*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2013	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2013		*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2014		*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2014	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2014	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2014		*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2015		*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2015	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2015		*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2015	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2016	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2016	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2016	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2016	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2017	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2017	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2017	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

**Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances
for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)**

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373	
OXIDATION-REDUCTION POTENTIAL																						
Quarter 4, 2017	*	*				*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*		*	*		*	*	
Quarter 1, 2018	*	*				*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	
Quarter 2, 2018	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 3, 2018	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 4, 2018	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2019	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 2, 2019	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 3, 2019	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 4, 2019	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2020	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 2, 2020	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 3, 2020	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 4, 2020	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2021	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 2, 2021	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 3, 2021	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 4, 2021	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2022	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 2, 2022	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
PCB, TOTAL																						
Quarter 4, 2003																	*					
Quarter 3, 2004												*										
Quarter 3, 2005							*					*										
Quarter 2, 2006							*															
Quarter 3, 2006							*															
Quarter 1, 2007							*															
Quarter 2, 2007							*															
Quarter 3, 2007							*															
Quarter 1, 2008							*															
Quarter 2, 2008							*															
Quarter 4, 2008							*															
Quarter 3, 2009							*															
Quarter 1, 2010							*															
Quarter 2, 2010							*															
Quarter 4, 2010							*															
PCB-1016																						
Quarter 3, 2004												*										
Quarter 2, 2006							*					*										
Quarter 1, 2007							*															
Quarter 2, 2007							*															
Quarter 3, 2007							*															
Quarter 2, 2008							*															
Quarter 4, 2008							*															
Quarter 3, 2009							*															
Quarter 1, 2010							*															
Quarter 2, 2010							*															
Quarter 4, 2010							*															
PCB-1242																						
Quarter 3, 2006							*					*										
Quarter 4, 2006										*												
Quarter 1, 2008							*															
Quarter 2, 2012							*															
PCB-1248																						
Quarter 2, 2008							*															
PCB-1260																						
Quarter 2, 2006							*															
pH																						
Quarter 3, 2002										*												
Quarter 4, 2002										*												
Quarter 1, 2003										*												
Quarter 2, 2003										*												
Quarter 3, 2003	*						*			*												
Quarter 4, 2003							*									*						
Quarter 1, 2004							*									*						
Quarter 3, 2005						*												*	*			
Quarter 4, 2005						*													*			
Quarter 3, 2006																*						
Quarter 2, 2011														*								
Quarter 3, 2011														*								
Quarter 4, 2011														*								
Quarter 1, 2012																*	*					
Quarter 2, 2012												*										
Quarter 1, 2013										*	*					*						
Quarter 3, 2015																	*					
Quarter 2, 2016																				*	*	
Quarter 3, 2016																				*		
Quarter 2, 2017																	*	*	*			
Quarter 3, 2018					*					*	*						*	*	*			
Quarter 4, 2018																*		*				
Quarter 3, 2019																*						

**Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances
for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)**

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
	D	S	S	S	D	D	U	U			D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
pH																						
Quarter 1, 2021																	*		*		*	
Quarter 3, 2021																						*
Quarter 4, 2021																	*					*
POTASSIUM																						
Quarter 1, 2014																	*					
RADIUM-228																						
Quarter 2, 2005																						
Quarter 4, 2005						■							■						■			
SELENIUM																						
Quarter 4, 2003									■													
SODIUM																						
Quarter 3, 2002											*	*		*								
Quarter 4, 2002											*	*			*							
Quarter 1, 2003											*	*										
Quarter 2, 2003											*	*										
Quarter 3, 2003											*											
Quarter 1, 2007											*											
Quarter 1, 2012															*							
Quarter 1, 2014															*							
Quarter 3, 2014											*											
Quarter 4, 2014											*											
Quarter 4, 2015											*											
Quarter 1, 2016											*											
Quarter 2, 2016											*											
Quarter 3, 2016											*											
Quarter 4, 2016											*											
Quarter 1, 2017											*											
Quarter 2, 2017											*											
Quarter 3, 2017											*											
Quarter 4, 2017											*											
Quarter 1, 2018											*											
Quarter 3, 2018											*											
STRONTIUM-90																						
Quarter 4, 2008						■																
SULFATE																						
Quarter 1, 2003							*															
Quarter 2, 2003							*	*														
Quarter 3, 2003	*						*															
Quarter 4, 2003						*	*	*														
Quarter 1, 2004						*	*	*														
Quarter 2, 2004						*	*	*														
Quarter 3, 2004						*	*	*														
Quarter 1, 2005						*	*	*		*												
Quarter 2, 2005						*	*	*		*						*						
Quarter 3, 2005						*	*	*														
Quarter 4, 2005						*	*	*								*						
Quarter 1, 2006						*				*												
Quarter 2, 2006						*	*	*		*						*						
Quarter 3, 2006						*	*	*														
Quarter 1, 2007						*	*	*														
Quarter 2, 2007						*	*	*														
Quarter 3, 2007						*	*	*														
Quarter 4, 2007		*																				
Quarter 1, 2008		*				*	*	*		*												
Quarter 2, 2008		*				*	*	*														
Quarter 3, 2008		*				*	*	*														
Quarter 4, 2008		*				*	*	*														
Quarter 1, 2009		*				*	*	*														
Quarter 2, 2009		*				*	*	*														
Quarter 3, 2009		*				*	*	*								*						
Quarter 4, 2009		*				*	*	*								*						
Quarter 1, 2010		*				*	*	*								*						
Quarter 2, 2010		*				*	*	*								*						
Quarter 3, 2010		*				*	*	*								*						
Quarter 4, 2010		*				*	*	*								*						
Quarter 1, 2011		*				*	*	*														
Quarter 2, 2011		*				*	*	*								*						
Quarter 3, 2011		*				*	*	*	*							*						
Quarter 4, 2011		*				*	*	*								*						
Quarter 1, 2012	*	*				*	*	*	*							*						
Quarter 2, 2012	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*							*						
Quarter 3, 2012	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*							*						
Quarter 4, 2012	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*							*						
Quarter 1, 2013	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*							*						
Quarter 2, 2013	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*							*						
Quarter 3, 2013	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*							*						
Quarter 4, 2013	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*							*						
Quarter 1, 2014	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*							*						
Quarter 2, 2014	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*							*						
Quarter 3, 2014	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*							*						
Quarter 4, 2014	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*							*						
Quarter 1, 2015	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*							*						

**Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances
for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)**

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
SULFATE																						
Quarter 2, 2015	*	*			*		*									*						
Quarter 3, 2015		*			*	*	*	*								*						
Quarter 4, 2015	*	*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 1, 2016	*	*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 2, 2016	*	*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 3, 2016	*	*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 4, 2016	*	*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 1, 2017	*	*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 2, 2017	*	*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 3, 2017	*	*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 4, 2017		*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 1, 2018	*	*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 2, 2018	*	*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 3, 2018	*	*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 4, 2018	*	*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 1, 2019	*	*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 2, 2019	*	*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 3, 2019	*	*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 4, 2019	*	*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 1, 2020	*	*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 2, 2020	*	*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 3, 2020	*	*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 4, 2020	*	*			*	*	*	*														
Quarter 1, 2021	*	*			*	*	*	*								*						
Quarter 2, 2021	*	*			*	*	*	*								*						
Quarter 3, 2021	*	*			*	*	*	*								*						
Quarter 4, 2021	*	*			*	*	*	*								*						
Quarter 1, 2022	*	*			*	*	*	*								*						
Quarter 2, 2022	*	*			*	*	*	*	*							*						
TECHNETIUM-99																						
Quarter 4, 2002																	*	*	*	*		
Quarter 2, 2003						*						*					*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 3, 2003																	*	*	*	*		
Quarter 4, 2003																	*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 1, 2004																*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 2, 2004																*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 3, 2004																*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 4, 2004																*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 3, 2005																	*	*	*	*		
Quarter 1, 2006																*						*
Quarter 2, 2006		*							*													*
Quarter 3, 2006																						*
Quarter 4, 2006																*						*
Quarter 1, 2007																*						*
Quarter 2, 2007													*			*					*	
Quarter 3, 2007													*			*	*	*	*		*	
Quarter 4, 2007										*			*			*			*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2008													*			*	*	*	*		*	*
Quarter 2, 2008						*	*						*			*	*	*	*		*	
Quarter 3, 2008												*				*	*	*	*		*	
Quarter 4, 2008											*					*	*	*	*		*	
Quarter 1, 2009											*								*	*		
Quarter 2, 2009								*		*					*			*	*	*		
Quarter 3, 2009									*	*					*			*	*	*		
Quarter 4, 2009										*					*		*	*	*	*		
Quarter 2, 2010										*					*		*	*	*	*		
Quarter 3, 2010										*					*		*	*	*	*		
Quarter 4, 2010										*					*		*	*	*	*		
Quarter 1, 2011		*								*					*		*	*	*	*		
Quarter 2, 2011															*		*	*	*	*		
Quarter 1, 2012															*		*	*	*	*		
Quarter 2, 2012							*								*		*	*	*	*		
Quarter 3, 2012															*		*	*	*	*		
Quarter 4, 2012															*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 1, 2013															*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 2, 2013															*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 3, 2013										*					*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 4, 2013															*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 1, 2014															*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 2, 2014															*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 3, 2014															*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 4, 2014															*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 1, 2015															*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 2, 2015															*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 3, 2015															*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 4, 2015															*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 1, 2016															*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 2, 2016															*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 3, 2016															*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 4, 2016										*			*		*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 1, 2017															*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 2, 2017															*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 3, 2017															*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 4, 2017														*	*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 1, 2018														*	*		*	*	*	*		*

**Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances
for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)**

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
TECHNETIUM-99																						
Quarter 2, 2018															*		*				*	
Quarter 3, 2018																*					*	
Quarter 4, 2018																*		*	*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2019																	*				*	
Quarter 2, 2019															*						*	
Quarter 3, 2019																*			*	*	*	
Quarter 4, 2019																*		*	*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2020																*		*	*	*	*	
Quarter 2, 2020																	*		*	*	*	
Quarter 3, 2020																*		*	*	*	*	
Quarter 4, 2020																*		*	*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2021																					*	
Quarter 2, 2021										*							*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 3, 2021														*	*				*	*	*	
Quarter 4, 2021																		*	*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2022										*								*	*	*	*	
Quarter 2, 2022										*						*		*	*	*	*	
THORIUM-230																						
Quarter 4, 2015																	*					
Quarter 2, 2016										*												
Quarter 4, 2016		*									*		*				*			*		
Quarter 4, 2017													*									
Quarter 2, 2018										*			*									
Quarter 2, 2021								*											*	*	*	
TOLUENE																						
Quarter 2, 2014										*					*							
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON																						
Quarter 3, 2002										*	*	*		*								*
Quarter 4, 2002										*	*	*		*								
Quarter 1, 2003										*												
Quarter 3, 2003	*									*	*						*					
Quarter 4, 2003										*	*											
Quarter 1, 2004										*	*											
Quarter 3, 2005						*				*					*	*		*	*			
Quarter 4, 2005					*					*								*	*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2006																				*		
TOTAL ORGANIC HALIDES																						
Quarter 4, 2002										*												
Quarter 1, 2003										*												
Quarter 2, 2003										*												
Quarter 1, 2004																	*					
TRICHLOROETHENE																						
Quarter 3, 2002															■						■	
Quarter 4, 2002															■						■	
Quarter 1, 2003																					■	■
Quarter 2, 2003															■						■	■
Quarter 3, 2003						■															■	■
Quarter 4, 2003															■						■	■
Quarter 1, 2004															■						■	■
Quarter 2, 2004															■						■	■
Quarter 3, 2004															■						■	■
Quarter 4, 2004															■						■	■
Quarter 1, 2005															■						■	■
Quarter 2, 2005															■						■	■
Quarter 3, 2005															■						■	■
Quarter 4, 2005															■						■	■
Quarter 1, 2006															■						■	■
Quarter 2, 2006															■						■	■
Quarter 3, 2006															■						■	■
Quarter 4, 2006															■						■	■
Quarter 1, 2007															■						■	■
Quarter 2, 2007															■						■	■
Quarter 3, 2007															■						■	■
Quarter 4, 2007															■						■	■
Quarter 1, 2008															■						■	■
Quarter 2, 2008															■					■	■	■
Quarter 3, 2008															■						■	■
Quarter 4, 2008															■						■	■
Quarter 1, 2009															■						■	■
Quarter 2, 2009															■						■	■
Quarter 3, 2009															■						■	■
Quarter 4, 2009						■	■				■		■	■	■		■				■	■
Quarter 1, 2010													■		■		■				■	■
Quarter 2, 2010													■		■		■				■	■
Quarter 3, 2010													■		■		■				■	■
Quarter 4, 2010													■		■		■				■	■
Quarter 2, 2011													■		■		■			■	■	■
Quarter 3, 2011													■		■		■			■	■	■
Quarter 4, 2011													■		■		■			■	■	■
Quarter 1, 2012													■		■		■		■	■	■	■
Quarter 2, 2012															■		■			■	■	■

**Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances
for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)**

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
TRICHLOROETHENE																						
Quarter 3, 2012																■						■
Quarter 4, 2012																■						■
Quarter 1, 2013															■							■
Quarter 2, 2013															■							■
Quarter 3, 2013																■						■
Quarter 3, 2013															■							■
Quarter 4, 2013															■							■
Quarter 1, 2014															■							■
Quarter 2, 2014																■						■
Quarter 3, 2014																■						■
Quarter 4, 2014																■						■
Quarter 1, 2015																■						■
Quarter 2, 2015					■											■						■
Quarter 3, 2015																■						■
Quarter 4, 2015																■						■
Quarter 1, 2016																■						■
Quarter 2, 2016															■							■
Quarter 3, 2016															■							■
Quarter 4, 2016															■							■
Quarter 1, 2017															■							■
Quarter 2, 2017																■						■
Quarter 3, 2017																■						■
Quarter 4, 2017											■				■							■
Quarter 1, 2018																■						■
Quarter 2, 2018															■							■
Quarter 3, 2018											■					■						■
Quarter 4, 2018											■					■						■
Quarter 1, 2019											■					■						■
Quarter 2, 2019											■					■						■
Quarter 3, 2019																■						■
Quarter 4, 2019																■						■
Quarter 1, 2020																■						■
Quarter 2, 2020																	■					■
Quarter 3, 2020																	■					■
Quarter 4, 2020																	■					■
Quarter 1, 2021																	■					■
Quarter 2, 2021																	■					■
Quarter 3, 2021																	■					■
Quarter 4, 2021																	■					■
Quarter 1, 2022																	■					■
Quarter 2, 2022																	■					■
TURBIDITY																						
Quarter 1, 2003											*											
URANIUM																						
Quarter 4, 2002		*			*	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2006																						*
ZINC																						
Quarter 3, 2005																				*		
* Statistical test results indicate an elevated concentration (i.e., a statistical exceedance).																						
■ MCL Exceedance																						
■ Previously reported as an MCL exceedance; however, result was equal to MCL																						
UCRS Upper Continental Recharge System																						
URGA Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer																						
LRGA Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer																						

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

APPENDIX H
METHANE MONITORING DATA


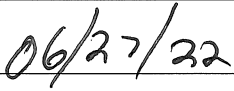
THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

CP3-WM-0017-F04 - C-746-U LANDFILL METHANE MONITORING REPORT

PADUCAH GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANT

Permit #: 073-00045

McCracken County, Kentucky

Date:	June 13, 2022	Time:	0845	Monitor:	Robert Kirby
Weather Conditions: Sunny, 80° F, slight wind, humidity: 37%					
Monitoring Equipment::Multi RAE – Serial # 7974					
Monitoring Location					Reading (% LEL)
C-746-U1	Checked at floor level				0
C-746-U2	Checked at floor level				0
C-746-U-T-14	Checked at floor level				0
C-746-U15	Checked at floor level				0
MG1	Checked 1" from opening				0
MG2	Checked 1" from opening				0
MG3	Checked 1" from opening				0
MG4	Checked 1" from opening				0
Suspect or Problem Areas	No problems noted				None
Remarks:	N/A				
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: flex-end;"> <div> <p>Performed by: </p> <p>Signature</p> </div> <div> <p></p> <p>Date</p> </div> </div>					

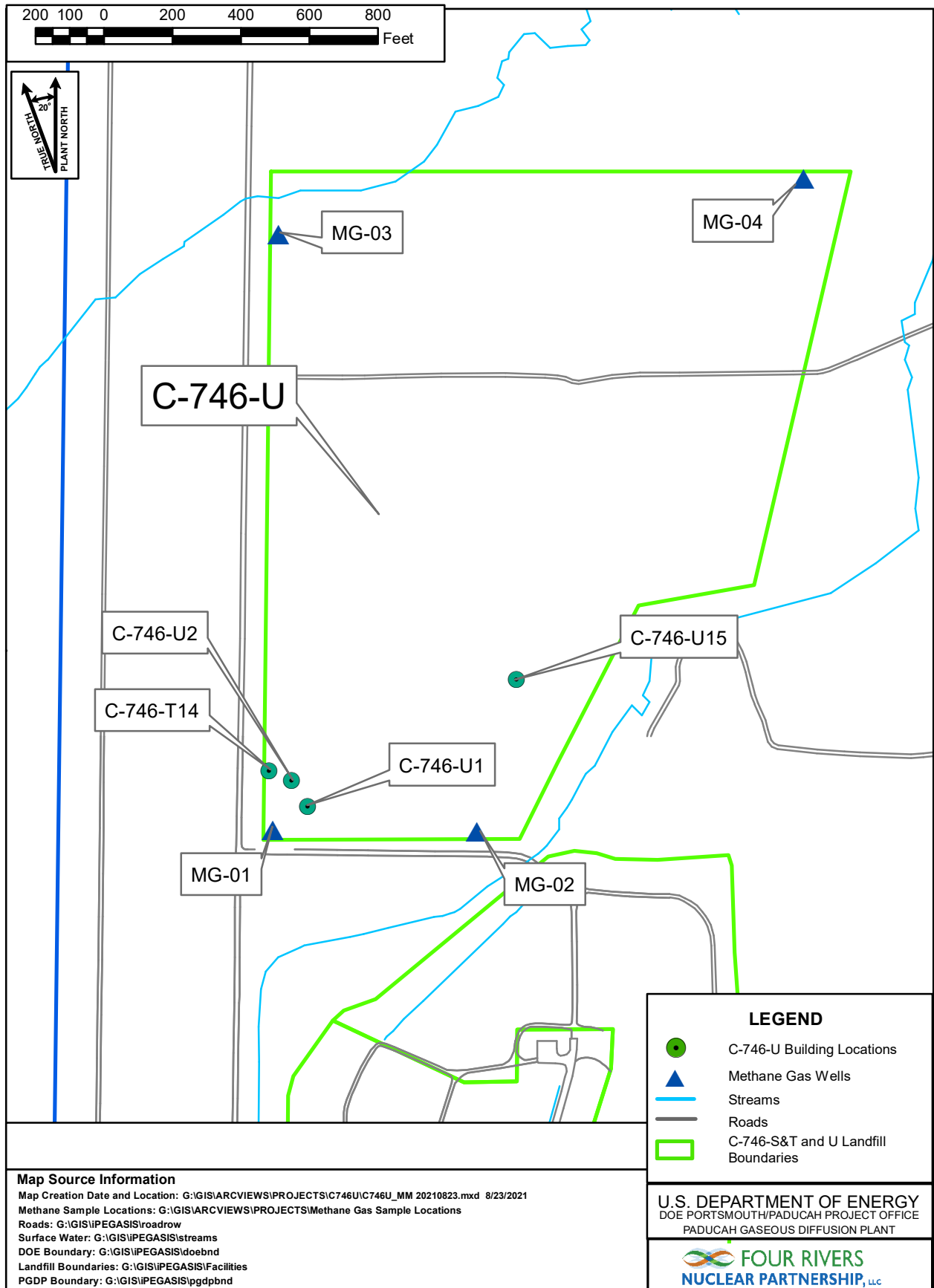


Figure H.1. C-746-U Landfill Methane Monitoring Locations

APPENDIX I

SURFACE WATER ANALYSES AND WRITTEN COMMENTS

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

SURFACE WATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS (S)

Monitoring Point (KPDES Discharge Number, or "UPSTREAM", or "DOWNSTREAM")						L150 INSTREAM		L154 INSTREAM		L351 DOWNSTREAM			
Sample Sequence #						1		1		1			
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment						NA		NA		NA			
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)						4/6/2022 08:18		4/6/2022 08:34		4/6/2022 08:00			
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ¹						N		N		N			
Split ('Y' or "N") ²						N		N		N			
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)						L150US3-22		L154US3-22		L351US3-22			
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)						575745001		575745002		575745003			
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year)						4/25/2022		4/22/2022		4/26/2022			
CAS RN ³		CONSTITUENT	T D 4	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁵	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁵	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁵	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁵	F L A G S ⁷
A200-00-0	0	Flow	T	MGD	Field		*		*		*		
16887-00-6	2	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	300.0	2.17		5.26		5.78			
14808-79-8	0	Sulfate	T	mg/L	300.0	9.61	*	4.52	*	4.29	*		
7439-89-6	0	Iron	T	mg/L	200.8	14.1	*	2.44	*	3.81	*		
7440-23-5	0	Sodium	T	mg/L	200.8	4.4		6.26		6.28			
S0268- -	0	Organic Carbon ⁶	T	mg/L	9060	5.98		14.6		14.9			
S0097- -	0	BOD ⁶	T	mg/L	not applicable		*		*		*		
S0130- -	0	Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	26.4		62.1		62.1			

¹Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report

²Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.

³Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.

⁴"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved

⁵"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value then shown is Practical Quantification Limit

⁶Facility has either/or option on Organic Carbon and (BOD) Biochemical Oxygen Demand - both are not required

⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", " then describe on "Written Comments" page.

STANDARD FLAGS:

* = See Comments

J = Estimated Value

B = Analyte found in blank

A = Average value

N = Presumptive ID

D = Concentration from analysis of
a secondary dilution factor

I-4

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY**Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1****Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant****LAB ID: None****Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045**

SURFACE WATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
L150	L150US3-22	Flow Rate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Iron	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Suspended Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Alpha activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 8.29. Rad error is 8.13.
		Beta activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 8.91. Rad error is 8.87.
L154	L154US3-22	Flow Rate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Iron	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Suspended Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Alpha activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.33. Rad error is 3.32.
		Beta activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.68. Rad error is 6.63.
L351	L351US3-22	Flow Rate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Iron	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Suspended Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Alpha activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.74. Rad error is 3.73.
		Beta activity		TPU is 8.03. Rad error is 7.39.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

APPENDIX J

ANALYTICAL LABORATORY CERTIFICATION

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK



Accredited Laboratory

A2LA has accredited

GEL LABORATORIES, LLC

Charleston, SC

for technical competence in the field of

Environmental Testing

In recognition of the successful completion of the A2LA evaluation process that includes an assessment of the laboratory's compliance with ISO/IEC 17025:2017, the 2009 and 2016 TNI Environmental Testing Laboratory Standard, the requirements of the Department of Defense Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (DoD ELAP), and the requirements of the Department of Energy Consolidated Audit Program (DOECAP) as detailed in Version 5.3 of the DoD/DOE Quality System Manual for Environmental Laboratories (QSM), accreditation is granted to this laboratory to perform recognized EPA methods as defined on the associated A2LA Environmental Scope of Accreditation. This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for this defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communiqué dated April 2017).



Presented this 16th day of June 2021.

A blue ink signature of a person, likely the Vice President of Accreditation Services, written over a horizontal line.

Vice President, Accreditation Services
For the Accreditation Council
Certificate Number 2567.01
Valid to June 30, 2023

For the tests to which this accreditation applies, please refer to the laboratory's Environmental Scope of Accreditation.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

APPENDIX K

LABORATORY ANALYTICAL METHODS

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

LABORATORY ANALYTICAL METHODS

Analytical Method	Preparation Method	Product
SW846 8260B		Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) by Gas Chromatograph/Mass Spectrometer
SW846 8011	SW846 8011 PREP	Analysis of 1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB), 1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane (DBCP) and 1,2,3-Trichloropropane in Water by GC/ECD Using Methods 504.1 or 8011
SW846 3535A/8082	SW846 3535A	Analysis of Polychlorinated Biphenyls by GC/ECD by ECD
SW846 6020	SW846 3005A	Determination of Metals by ICP-MS
SW846 7470A	SW846 7470A Prep	Mercury Analysis Using the Perkin Elmer Automated Mercury Analyzer
SW846 9060A		Carbon, Total Organic
SW846 9012B	SW846 9010C Distillation	Cyanide, Total
EPA 300.0		Ion Chromatography Iodide
SW846 9056		Ion Chromatography
EPA 160.1		Solids, Total Dissolved
EPA 410.4		COD
Eichrom Industries, AN-1418		AlphaSpec Ra226, Liquid
DOE EML HASL-300, Th-01-RC Modified		Th-01-RC M, Th Isotopes, Liquid
EPA 904.0/SW846 9320 Modified		904.0Mod, Ra228, Liquid
EPA 900.0/SW846 9310		9310, Alpha/Beta Activity, liquid
EPA 905.0 Modified/DOE RP501 Rev. 1 Modified		905.0Mod, Sr90, liquid
DOE EML HASL-300, Tc-02-RC Modified		Tc-02-RC-MOD, Tc99, Liquid
EPA 906.0 Modified		906.0M, Tritium Dist, Liquid

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

APPENDIX L

MICRO-PURGING STABILITY PARAMETERS

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

**Micro-Purge Stability Parameters
for the C-746-U Contained Landfill**

	Temperature (°F) Conductivity (umho/cm) pH (Std Unit) Dissolved oxygen (mg/L) Turbidity (NTU)						Temperature (°F) Conductivity (umho/cm) pH (Std Unit) Dissolved oxygen (mg/L) Turbidity (NTU)					
MW357							MW358					
Date Collected: 4/6/2022							Date Collected: 4/6/2022					
1018	60.2	436	6.21	5.24	0.00		1116	59.3	497	6.25	1.18	2.30
1021	60.0	426	6.08	4.71	0.00		1119	59.2	496	6.23	1.04	2.68
1024	60.0	428	6.10	4.66	0.00		1122	59.1	497	6.22	1.00	2.77
MW359							MW360					
Date Collected: 4/6/2022							Date Collected: 4/6/2022					
1155	59.5	251	6.31	6.33	0.00		0751	57.5	439	6.11	2.57	2.28
1158	59.5	252	6.29	6.10	0.00		0754	57.7	425	6.09	1.73	2.77
1201	59.6	252	6.27	6.01	0.00		0757	57.8	422	6.09	1.67	2.03
MW361							MW362					
Date Collected: 4/6/2022							Date Collected: 4/6/2022					
0833	58.7	479	5.96	4.48	0.00		0935	59.8	659	7.00	6.11	36.25
0836	59.0	478	5.92	4.27	0.00		0938	60.0	659	7.01	5.95	32.40
0839	59.2	478	5.93	4.20	0.00		0941	60.1	660	7.02	5.90	31.55
MW363							MW364					
Date Collected: 4/11/2022							Date Collected: 4/11/2022					
0727	59.9	446	6.04	2.33	1.45		0826	59.9	478	6.01	4.17	2.54
0730	59.7	446	5.99	1.39	1.36		0829	59.5	479	5.92	3.82	1.65
0733	59.8	445	5.94	1.33	1.33		0832	59.3	481	5.91	3.75	1.36
MW365							MW366					
Date Collected: 4/11/2022							Date Collected: 4/11/2022					
0906	59.2	416	6.19	6.19	1.60		0949	61.3	449	6.11	3.77	1.08
0909	59.3	417	6.22	6.08	1.52		0952	61.4	450	6.06	3.41	1.45
0912	59.5	417	6.22	6.07	1.65		0955	61.4	450	6.07	3.38	1.19
MW367							MW368					
Date Collected: 4/11/2022							Date Collected: 4/11/2022					
1032	61.6	427	5.98	2.69	11.48		1112	60.2	333	6.60	3.97	3.84
1035	61.3	428	5.96	2.10	12.47		1115	60.0	333	6.57	3.80	3.79
1038	61.4	427	5.92	2.01	12.34		1118	60.0	332	6.56	3.77	3.64
MW369							MW370					
Date Collected: 4/12/2022							Date Collected: 4/12/2022					
0752	61.5	371	6.50	4.01	2.32		0850	60.7	498	6.01	3.74	1.73
0755	60.6	375	6.15	1.91	2.29		0853	60.5	501	5.99	3.51	1.64
0758	60.5	378	6.11	1.83	2.31		0856	60.6	500	5.99	3.45	1.60
MW371							MW372					
Date Collected: 4/12/2022							Date Collected: 4/12/2022					
0929	60.9	509	6.45	7.01	2.55		1010	61.5	714	6.18	3.80	1.65
0932	60.3	479	6.54	7.45	2.49		1013	61.1	736	6.10	2.85	1.60
0935	60.0	475	6.58	7.49	2.51		1016	61.0	738	6.09	2.80	1.70
MW373							MW374					
Date Collected: 4/12/2022							Date Collected: 4/12/2022					
1051	61.6	770	6.20	3.54	1.63		1129	62.0	686	6.50	3.39	6.16
1054	61.4	775	6.12	2.85	1.70		1132	61.6	674	6.72	2.89	5.86
1057	61.2	777	6.11	2.79	1.68		1135	61.5	672	6.77	2.86	5.45
MW375												
Date Collected: 4/12/2022												
0709	61.1	414	6.63	3.40	2.98							
0712	60.5	348	6.34	1.81	3.07							
0715	60.4	346	6.32	1.72	3.12							

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK