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FEB 25 2020

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PPPO-02-10003255-20B

Mr. Todd Hendricks
Division of Waste Management
Kentucky Department for Environmental Protection
300 Sower Boulevard, 2nd Floor
Frankfort, Kentucky 40601

Dear Ms. Green and Mr. Hendricks:

C-746-U CONTAINED LANDFILL FOURTH QUARTER CALENDAR YEAR 2019 (OCTOBER–DECEMBER) COMPLIANCE MONITORING REPORT, PADUCAH GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANT, PADUCAH, KENTUCKY, FRNP-RPT-0087/V4, PERMIT NUMBER SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, AGENCY INTEREST ID NO. 3059

Enclosed is the subject report for the fourth quarter calendar year (CY) 2019. This report is required in accordance with Permit Condition ACTV0006, Special Condition Number 3, of Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 (Permit). The report includes groundwater analytical data, surface water analytical data, validation summary, groundwater flow rate and direction determination, figures depicting well locations, and methane monitoring results.

The statistical analyses on the fourth quarter CY 2019 monitoring well data collected from the C-746-U Landfill were performed in accordance with Monitoring Condition GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 3, using the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency guidance document, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989). This report also serves as the statistical exceedance notification for the fourth quarter CY 2019, in accordance with Monitoring Condition GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 5, of the Permit.

If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact David Dollins at (270) 441-6819.

Sincerely,

Jennifer Woodard

Jennifer Woodard
Paducah Site Lead
Portsmouth/Paducah Project Office

Enclosure:
C-746-U Contained Landfill 4th Qtr. CY 2019 (Oct.–Dec.) Compliance Monitoring Report

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FRNP-RPT-0087/V4

C-746-U Contained Landfill
Fourth Quarter Calendar Year 2019
(October–December)
Compliance Monitoring Report
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky

FOUR RIVERS
NUCLEAR PARTNERSHIP, LLC

This document is approved for public release per review by:

David Hayden — 2-19-2020

FRNP Classification Support — Date

FRNP-RPT-0087/V4

C-746-U Contained Landfill
Fourth Quarter Calendar Year 2019
(October–December)
Compliance Monitoring Report
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky

Date Issued—February 2020

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
Office of Environmental Management

Prepared by
FOUR RIVERS NUCLEAR PARTNERSHIP, LLC,
managing the
Deactivation and Remediation Project at the
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
under Contract DE-EM0004895

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CONTENTS

FIGURES v

TABLES v

ACRONYMS vii

1. INTRODUCTION 1
   1.1 BACKGROUND 1
   1.2 MONITORING PERIOD ACTIVITIES 1
      1.2.1 Groundwater Monitoring 1
      1.2.2 Methane Monitoring 3
      1.2.3 Surface Water Monitoring 3
   1.3 KEY RESULTS 5

2. DATA EVALUATION/STATISTICAL SYNOPSIS 7
   2.1 STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF GROUNDWATER DATA 8
      2.1.1 Upper Continental Recharge System 8
      2.1.2 Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer 8
      2.1.3 Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer 8
   2.2 DATA VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION 9

3. PROFESSIONAL GEOLOGIST AUTHORIZATION 11

4. REFERENCES 13

APPENDIX A: GROUNDWATER, SURFACE WATER, LEACHATE, AND METHANE MONITORING SAMPLE DATA REPORTING FORM A-1

APPENDIX B: FACILITY INFORMATION SHEET B-1

APPENDIX C: GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSES AND WRITTEN COMMENTS C-1

APPENDIX D: STATISTICAL ANALYSES AND QUALIFICATION STATEMENT D-1

APPENDIX E: GROUNDWATER FLOW RATE AND DIRECTION E-1

APPENDIX F: NOTIFICATIONS F-1

APPENDIX G: CHART OF MCL AND UTL EXCEEDANCES G-1

APPENDIX H: METHANE MONITORING DATA H-1

APPENDIX I: SURFACE WATER ANALYSES AND WRITTEN COMMENTS I-1

APPENDIX J: ANALYTICAL LABORATORY CERTIFICATION J-1

APPENDIX K: LABORATORY ANALYTICAL METHODS K-1

APPENDIX L: MICRO-PURGING STABILITY PARAMETERS L-1

FIGURES

1. C-746-U Landfill Groundwater Monitoring Well Network 2
2. C-746-U Landfill Surface Water Monitoring Locations 4

TABLES

1. Summary of MCL Exceedances 5
2. Exceedances of Statistically Derived Historical Background Concentrations 5
3. Exceedances of Current Background UTL in Downgradient Wells 6
4. Monitoring Wells Included in Statistical Analysis 8

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ACRONYMS

CFR	*Code of Federal Regulations*
COD	chemical oxygen demand
CY	calendar year
KAR	*Kentucky Administrative Regulations*
KDWM	Kentucky Division of Waste Management
KRS	*Kentucky Revised Statutes*
LEL	lower explosive limit
LRGA	Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer
LTL	lower tolerance limit
MCL	maximum contaminant level
MW	monitoring well
RGA	Regional Gravel Aquifer
UCRS	Upper Continental Recharge System
URGA	Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer
UTL	upper tolerance limit

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1. INTRODUCTION

This report, *C-746-U Contained Landfill Fourth Quarter Calendar Year 2019 (October–December) Compliance Monitoring Report, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, is being submitted in accordance with Solid Waste Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045.

The Groundwater, Surface Water, Leachate, and Methane Monitoring Sample Data Reporting Form is provided in Appendix A. The facility information sheet is provided in Appendix B. Groundwater analytical results are recorded on the Kentucky Division of Waste Management (KDWM) Groundwater Sample Analyses forms, which are presented in Appendix C. The statistical analyses and qualification statement are provided in Appendix D. The groundwater flow rate and direction determinations are provided in Appendix E. Appendix F contains the notifications for all permit required parameters whose concentrations exceed the maximum contaminant level (MCL) for Kentucky solid waste facilities provided in 401 *KAR* 47:030 § 6 and for all permit required parameters listed in 40 *CFR* § 302.4, Appendix A, that do not have an MCL and whose concentrations exceed the historical background concentrations [upper tolerance limit (UTL) or both UTL and lower tolerance limit (LTL) for pH, as established at a 95% confidence]. Appendix G provides a chart of MCL and historical background UTL exceedances that have occurred, beginning in the fourth quarter, calendar year 2002. Methane monitoring results are documented on the approved C-746-U Landfill Methane Monitoring Report form provided in Appendix H. The form includes pertinent remarks/observations as required by 401 *KAR* 48:090 § 5. Surface water analyses and written comments are provided in Appendix I. Analytical laboratory certification is provided in Appendix J. Laboratory analytical methods used to analyze the included data set are provided in Appendix K. Micro-purging stability parameter results are provided in Appendix L.

1.1 BACKGROUND

The C-746-U Landfill is an operating solid waste landfill located north of the Paducah Site and north of the C-746-S&T Landfills. Construction and operation of the C-746-U Landfill were permitted in November 1996. The operation is regulated under Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045. The permitted C-746-U Landfill area covers about 60 acres and includes a liner and leachate collection system. The C-746-U Landfill currently is operating in Phases 4 and 5, with Phases 6 and 7 approved for receipt of waste as of September 27, 2019. Phases 1, 2, and 3 have long-term cover. Phases 8 through 23 have not been constructed.

1.2 MONITORING PERIOD ACTIVITIES

1.2.1 Groundwater Monitoring

Three zones are monitored at the site: the Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS), the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA), and the Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA). There are 21 monitoring wells (MWs) under permit for the C-746-U Landfill: 9 UCRS wells, 6 URGA wells, and 6 LRGA wells. A map of the MW locations is presented in Figure 1. All MWs were sampled this quarter except MW376 and MW377 (both screened in the UCRS), which had an insufficient amount of water to obtain samples; therefore, there are no laboratory analysis results for these locations.

Consistent with the approved *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, (Groundwater Monitoring Plan) UCRS wells are included

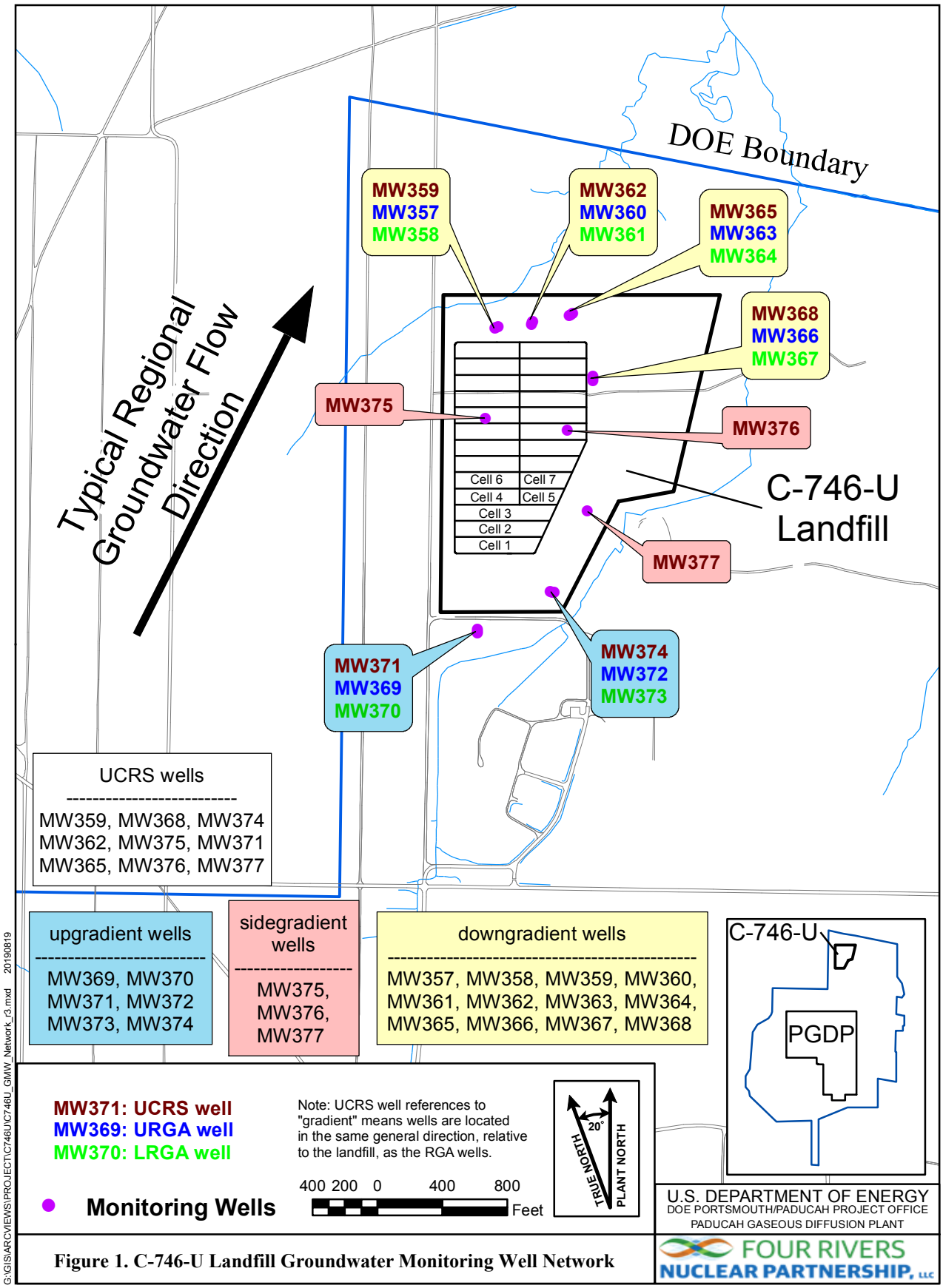

Figure 1. C-746-U Landfill Groundwater Monitoring Well Network

in the monitoring program (LATA Kentucky 2014). Groundwater flow gradients are downward through the UCRS, but flow in the underlying Regional Gravel Aquifer (RGA) is lateral. Groundwater flow in the RGA typically is in a northeasterly direction in the vicinity of the C-746-U Landfill. The Ohio River and lower reaches of Little Bayou Creek are the discharge areas for the RGA flow system from the vicinity of the landfills.

Consistent with the conceptual site model, the constituent concentrations in UCRS wells are considered to be representative only of the conditions local to the well or sourced from overlying soils; thus, no discussion of potential "upgradient" sources is relevant to the discussion for the UCRS. Nevertheless, a UTL for background also has been calculated for UCRS wells using concentrations from UCRS wells located in the same direction (relative to the landfill) as those RGA wells identified as upgradient. The results from these wells are considered to represent historical "background" for UCRS water quality. Similarly, other gradient references for UCRS wells are identified using the same gradient references (relative to the landfill) that are attributed to nearby RGA wells. Results from UCRS wells are compared to this UTL and exceedances of these values are reported in the quarterly report.

Groundwater sampling was conducted within the fourth quarter 2019 in accordance with the Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014) using the Deactivation and Remediation Contractor, procedure CP4-ES-2101, *Groundwater Sampling*. The analytical laboratory used U.S. Environmental Protection Agency-approved methods, as applicable. Appropriate sample containers and preservatives were used. The parameters specified in Permit Condition GSTR0001, Special Condition 1, were analyzed for all locations sampled.

The groundwater flow rate and direction determination are provided in Appendix E. Depth-to-water was measured on October 15, 2019, in MWs of the C-746-U Landfill (see Table E.1), in MWs of the C-746-S&T Landfills, and in MWs of the surrounding region (shown on Figure E.4). Water level measurements in 39 vicinity wells define the potentiometric surface for the RGA. Typical regional flow in the RGA is northeastward, toward the Ohio River. During October, RGA groundwater flow in the area of the landfill was oriented north-northeastward. The hydraulic gradient for the RGA in the vicinity of the C-746-U Landfill in October was 4.92×10^{-4} ft/ft. The hydraulic gradients for the URGA and LRGA at the C-746-U Landfill were 1.06×10^{-3} ft/ft and 9.91×10^{-4} ft/ft, respectively. Calculated groundwater flow rates (average linear velocity) at the C-746-U Landfill range from 1.79 to 3.06 ft/day for the URGA and 1.68 to 2.87 ft/day for the LRGA (see Table E.3).

1.2.2 Methane Monitoring

Methane monitoring was conducted in accordance with 401 *KAR* 48:090 § 5 and the approved Explosive Gas Monitoring Program (KEEC 2011), which is Technical Application Attachment 12, of the Solid Waste Permit. Landfill operations staff monitored for the occurrence of methane in four on-site building locations and four locations along the landfill boundary on December 3, 2019. See Appendix H for a map (Figure H.1) of the monitoring locations. Monitoring identified all locations to be compliant with the regulatory requirement of < 100% lower explosive limit (LEL) at boundary locations and < 25% LEL at all other locations. The results are documented on the C-746-U Landfill Methane Log provided in Appendix H.

1.2.3 Surface Water Monitoring

Surface water sampling was performed at three locations (see Figure 2) monitored for the C-746-U Landfill: (1) upstream location, L154; (2) downstream location, L351; and (3) location L150 capturing

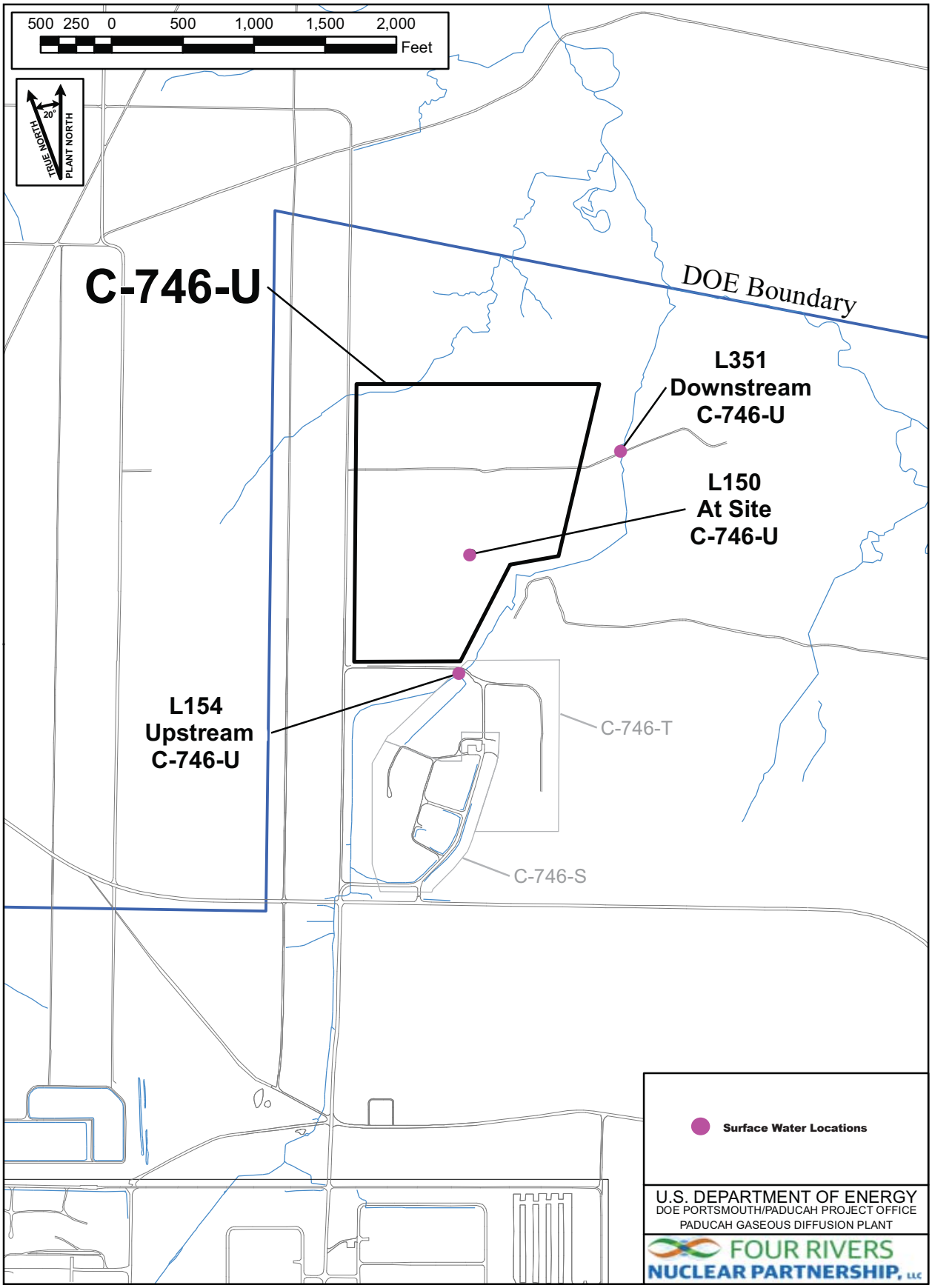

Figure 2. C-746-U Landfill Surface Water Monitoring Locations

runoff from the landfill surface. Surface water was monitored, as specified in 401 *KAR* 48:300 § 2, and the approved *Surface Water Monitoring Plan for C-746-U Contained Landfill Permit Number KY-073-00045, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky* (PRS 2008), which is Technical Application Attachment 24, of the Solid Waste Permit. Surface water results are provided in Appendix I.

1.3 KEY RESULTS

Groundwater data were evaluated in accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014), which is Technical Application, Attachment 25, of the Solid Waste Permit. Parameters that had concentrations that exceeded their respective MCL are listed in Table 1. Those constituents that exceeded their respective MCL were evaluated further against their historical background UTL. Table 2 identifies parameters (that do not have MCLs) with concentrations that exceeded the statistically derived historical background UTL[1] during the fourth quarter 2019, as well as parameters that exceeded their MCL and also exceeded their historical background UTL. Those constituents (present in downgradient wells) that exceed their historical background UTL were evaluated against their current UTL-derived background using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells considered to be upgradient (Table 3).

Table 1. Summary of MCL Exceedances

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
None	MW366: Beta activity	MW361: Trichloroethene
	MW372: Beta activity	MW364: Trichloroethene
		MW370: Beta activity

Table 2. Exceedances of Statistically Derived Historical Background Concentrations

UCRS*	URGA	LRGA
MW359: Dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW357: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW358: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW362: Dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW360: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW361: Oxidation-reduction potential, technetium-99
MW365: Dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW363: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW364: Oxidation-reduction potential, technetium-99
MW368: Oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW366: Beta activity, Oxidation-reduction potential	MW367: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW371: Oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW369: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW370: Beta activity, oxidation-reduction potential, technetium-99
MW374: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW372: Beta activity, calcium, chemical oxygen demand (COD), conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, oxidation-reduction potential, technetium-99	MW373: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW375: Oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate		

[1] The UTL comparison for pH uses a two-sided test for both UTLs and LTLs. For the purposes of this report, the reference to "UTL exceedances" also includes the LTL for pH.

Table 2. Exceedance of Statistically Derived historical Background Concentrations (Continued)

*Gradients in the UCRS are downward. UCRS gradient designations are identified using the same gradient reference (relative to the landfill) that is attributed to nearby RGA wells.
Sidegradient wells: MW375, MW376, MW377
Downgradient wells: MW357, MW358, MW359, MW360, MW361, MW362, MW363, MW364, MW365, MW366, MW367, MW368
Upgradient wells: MW369, MW370, MW371, MW372, MW373, MW374

Table 3. Exceedances of Current Background UTL in Downgradient Wells

URGA	LRGA
None	None

The notification of parameters that exceeded the MCL was submitted electronically to the KDWM, in accordance with 401 *KAR* 48:300 § 7, prior to the submittal of this report.

The constituents that exceeded their MCL in a downgradient well were subjected to a comparison against the UTL concentrations calculated using historical concentrations from wells identified as background. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan, the MCL exceedances for trichloroethene in MW361 and MW364 (downgradient wells) do not exceed the historical background concentration and are considered to be a Type 1 exceedance—not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill. The MCL exceedance for beta activity in MW366 (downgradient well) exceeded the historical background concentration but did not exceed the current background concentration and is considered to be a Type 1 exceedance—not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill.

This report is the notification of parameters that had statistically significant increased concentrations relative to historical background concentrations, as required by Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Condition GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 5, and 401 *KAR* 48:300 § 7.

The constituents that had exceedances of the statistically derived historical background UTL underwent additional statistical evaluation. The current-quarter concentrations were compared to the current background UTLs that were developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as upgradient in order to determine if the current downgradient concentrations are consistent with current background values. Table 3 summarizes the evaluation against current background UTL for those constituents present in downgradient RGA wells with historical UTL exceedances. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan, constituents in downgradient wells that exceed the historical UTL, but do not exceed the current UTL, are considered not to have a C-746-U Landfill source; therefore, they are a Type 1 exceedance (not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill).

All MCL and UTL exceedances reported for this quarter were evaluated and considered to be Type 1 exceedances—not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill.

2. DATA EVALUATION/STATISTICAL SYNOPSIS

The statistical analyses conducted on the fourth quarter 2019 groundwater data collected from the C-746-U Landfill MWs were performed in accordance with the Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014). The statistical analyses for this report use data from the first eight quarters that were sampled for each parameter, beginning with the baseline sampling events in 2002, when available. The sampling dates associated with background data are listed next to the result in the statistical analysis sheets in Appendix D (Attachments D1 and D2).

Parameters that exceed the MCL for Kentucky solid waste facilities found in 401 *KAR* 47:030 § 6 were documented and evaluated further. Exceedances were reviewed against historical background results (UTL). If the MCL exceedance was found not to exceed the historical UTL, the exceedance was noted as a Type 1 exceedance—an exceedance not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill. If there was an exceedance of the MCL in a downgradient well and this constituent also exceeded the historical background, the quarterly result was compared to the current background UTL (developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as upgradient) to identify if this exceedance is attributable to upgradient/non-landfill sources. If the downgradient concentration was less than the current background, the exceedance was noted as a Type 1 exceedance. If a constituent exceeds its Kentucky solid waste facility MCL, historical background UTL, and current background UTL, it was reported as a Type 2 exceedance—source undetermined. Type 2 exceedances (undetermined source) were evaluated further using the Mann-Kendall test for trend. If there was no statistically significant increasing trend for a constituent in a downgradient well, the exceedance was reclassified as a Type 1 exceedance (not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill).

For those parameters that do not have a Kentucky solid waste facility MCL, the same process was used. If a constituent without an MCL exceeded its historical background UTL and its current background UTL, it was evaluated further to identify the source of the exceedance, if possible. If the source of the exceedance could not be identified, it was reported as a Type 2 exceedance—source undetermined. Type 2 exceedances (undetermined source) were evaluated further using the Mann-Kendall test for trend. If there was no statistically significant increasing trend for a constituent in a downgradient well, the exceedance was reclassified as a Type 1 exceedance (not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill).

To calculate the UTL, the data are divided into censored (nondetects) and uncensored (detected) observations. The one-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted only on parameters that have at least one uncensored observation. Results of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test are used to determine whether the data show a statistical exceedance in concentrations with respect to historical background concentrations (UTL).

For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted. The test well results are compared to both a UTL and LTL to determine if statistically significant deviations in concentrations exist with respect to upgradient (background) well data.

A stepwise list of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical procedures applied to the data is provided in Appendix D under Statistical Analysis Process. The statistical analysis was conducted separately for each parameter in each well. The MWs included historically in the statistical analyses are listed in Table 4.

Table 4. Monitoring Wells Included in Statistical Analysis*

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
MW359	MW357	MW358
MW362	MW360	MW361
MW365	MW363	MW364
MW368	MW366	MW367
MW371**	MW369 (upgradient)	MW370 (upgradient)
MW374**	MW372 (upgradient)	MW373 (upgradient)
MW375		
MW376***		
MW377***		

*A map showing the monitoring well locations is shown on Figure 1.
**In the same direction (relative to the landfill) as RGA wells considered to be upgradient.
***Well had insufficient water to permit a water sample for laboratory analysis.

2.1 STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF GROUNDWATER DATA

Parameters requiring statistical analysis are summarized in Appendix D for each hydrogeological unit. A stepwise list for determining exceedances of statistically derived historical background concentrations is provided in Appendix D under Statistical Analysis Process. A comparison of the current quarter's results to the statistically derived historical background was conducted for parameters that do not have MCLs and also for those parameters whose concentrations exceed MCLs. Appendix G summarizes the occurrences (by well and by quarter) of historical UTLs and MCL exceedances. The constituents that had exceedances of the statistically derived historical background UTL underwent additional statistical evaluation. The current-quarter concentrations were compared to the current background UTL developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as upgradient in order to determine if the current downgradient concentrations are consistent with current background values.

2.1.1 Upper Continental Recharge System

In this quarter, 29 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the UCRS. During the fourth quarter, dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, and sulfate displayed concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTL and are listed in Table 2. There were no constituents that exceeded the current background UTL in URCS wells.

2.1.2 Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer

In this quarter, 28 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the URGA. During the fourth quarter, beta activity, calcium, COD, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, oxidation-reduction potential, and technetium-99 displayed concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTL and are listed in Table 2. There were no constituents that exceeded the current background UTL in downgradient URGA wells.

2.1.3 Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer

In this quarter, 29 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the LRGA. During the fourth quarter, beta activity, oxidation-reduction potential, and technetium-99 displayed concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTL and are listed in Table 2. There were no constituents that exceeded the current background UTL in LGRA wells.

2.2 DATA VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION

Data verification is the process of comparing a data set against a set standard or contractual requirements. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014), data verification is performed for 100% of the data. Data are flagged as necessary.

Data validation was performed on 100% of the organic, inorganic, and radiochemical analytical data by a qualified individual independent from sampling, laboratory, project management, or other decision-making personnel. Data validation evaluates the laboratory adherence to analytical method requirements. Validation qualifiers are added by the independent validator and not the laboratory. Validation qualifiers are not requested on the groundwater reporting forms.

Field quality control samples are collected each sampling event. Field blanks, rinseate blanks, and trip blanks are obtained to ensure quality of field and laboratory practices and data are reported in the Groundwater Sample Analysis forms in Appendix C. Laboratory quality control samples, such as matrix spikes, matrix spike duplicates, and method blanks, are performed by the laboratory. Both field and laboratory quality control sample results are reviewed as part of the data verification/validation process.

Data verification and validation results for this data set indicated that all data were considered usable.

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3. PROFESSIONAL GEOLOGIST AUTHORIZATION

DOCUMENT IDENTIFICATION: *C-746-U Contained Landfill*
Fourth Quarter Calendar Year 2019 (October–December)
Compliance Monitoring Report,
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky (FRNP-RPT-0087/V4)

Stamped and signed pursuant to my authority as a duly registered geologist under the provisions of *KRS* Chapter 322A.

PG 113927
KDavis
2-19-2020

Kenneth R. Davis
Kenneth R. Davis

PG113927

February 19, 2020
Date

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4. REFERENCES

KEEC (Kentucky Energy and Environment Cabinet) 2011. Solid Waste Landfill Permit, Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Division of Waste Management, Solid Waste Branch, Technical Application Attachment 12, "Explosive Gas Monitoring Program," January 21.

LATA Kentucky (LATA Environmental Services of Kentucky, LLC) 2014. *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, PAD-PROJ-0139, Solid Waste Landfill Permit, Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Technical Application Attachment 25, LATA Environmental Services of Kentucky, LLC, Kevil, KY, June.

PRS (Paducah Remediation Services, LLC) 2008. *Surface Water Monitoring Plan for C-746-U Contained Landfill Permit Number KY-073-00045, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, Solid Waste Landfill Permit, Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Technical Application Attachment 24, Paducah Remediation Services, LLC, Kevil, KY, June.

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APPENDIX A

GROUNDWATER, SURFACE WATER, LEACHATE, AND METHANE MONITORING SAMPLE DATA REPORTING FORM

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GROUNDWATER, SURFACE WATER, LEACHATE, AND METHANE MONITORING SAMPLE DATA REPORTING FORM

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION CABINET
DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
DIVISION OF WASTE MANAGEMENT
SOLID WASTE BRANCH
14 REILLY ROAD
FRANKFORT, KY 40601

Facility Name: U.S. DOE–Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant (As officially shown on DWM Permit Face) Activity: C-746-U Contained Landfill

Permit No: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 Finds/Unit No: Quarter & Year 4th Qtr. CY 2019

Please check the following as applicable:

___ Characterization X Quarterly ___ Semiannual ___ Annual ___ Assessment

Please check applicable submittal(s): X Groundwater X Surface Water

___ Leachate X Methane Monitoring

This form is to be utilized by those sites required by regulation (Kentucky Waste Management Regulations-401 *KAR* 48:300 and 45:160) or by statute (Kentucky Revised Statues Chapter 224) to conduct groundwater and surface water monitoring under the jurisdiction of the Division of Waste Management. **You must report any indication of contamination within forty-eight (48) hours of making the determination using statistical analyses, direct comparison, or other similar techniques. Submitting the lab report is NOT considered notification.** Instructions for completing the form are attached. Do not submit the instruction pages.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for such violations.

Myrna E. Redfield, Program Manager
Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC Date

Jennifer Woodard, Paducah Site Lead
U.S. Department of Energy Date

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APPENDIX B

FACILITY INFORMATION SHEET

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FACILITY INFORMATION SHEET

Sampling Date: Groundwater: October 2019; Surface water: October 2019; Methane: December 2019 | County: McCracken | Permit Nos. SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Facility Name: U.S. DOE—Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
(As officially shown on DWM Permit Face)

Site Address: 5600 Hobbs Road (Street) | Kevil, Kentucky (City/State) | 42053 (Zip)

Phone No: (270) 441-6800 | Latitude: N 37° 07' 45" | Longitude: W 88° 47' 55"

OWNER INFORMATION

Facility Owner: U.S. DOE, Robert E. Edwards III, Manager | Phone No: (859) 227-5020

Contact Person: Bruce Ford | Phone No: (270) 441-5357

Contact Person Title: Director, Environmental Services, Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC

Mailing Address: 5511 Hobbs Road (Street) | Kevil, Kentucky (City/State) | 42053 (Zip)

SAMPLING PERSONNEL
(IF OTHER THAN LANDFILL OR LABORATORY)

Company: GEO Consultants, LLC

Contact Person: Jason Boulton | Phone No: (270) 816-3415

Mailing Address: 199 Kentucky Avenue (Street) | Kevil, Kentucky (City/State) | 42053 (Zip)

LABORATORY RECORD #1

Laboratory: GEL Laboratories, LLC | Lab ID No: KY90129

Contact Person: Valerie Davis | Phone No: (843) 769-7391

Mailing Address: 2040 Savage Road (Street) | Charleston, South Carolina (City/State) | 29407 (Zip)

LABORATORY RECORD #2

Laboratory: N/A | Lab ID No: N/A

Contact Person: N/A | Phone No: N/A

Mailing Address: N/A (Street) | City/State | Zip

LABORATORY RECORD #3

Laboratory: N/A | Lab ID No: N/A

Contact Person: N/A | Phone No: N/A

Mailing Address: N/A (Street) | City/State | Zip

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APPENDIX C

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSES AND WRITTEN COMMENTS

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Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014,SW07300015,SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-4798	8004-4799	8004-0981	8004-4800
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	357	358	359	360
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	NA	NA	NA
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	10/14/2019 10:01	10/14/2019 12:19	10/14/2019 10:44	10/14/2019 09:13
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]	N	N	N	N
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]	N	N	N	N
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	MW357UG1-20	MW358UG1-20	MW359UG1-20	MW360UG1-20
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	492956003	492956005	492956007	492956009
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis	10/17/2019	10/17/2019	10/17/2019	10/17/2019
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN

CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.351		0.443		<0.2		0.162	J
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	31.7	*	35.8	*	1.21	*	11.1	*
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.167		0.188		0.16		0.24	
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	1.22		0.761		0.564		0.516	
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	43.5	*	65	*	43.8	*	13.6	*
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	30.14		30.12		30.14		30.13	
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	μMH0/cm	Field	419		519		236		420	

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						357		358		359		360	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	324.59		324.63		329.55		324.63	
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	3.21		1.37		4.04		2.17	
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	274		297		171		250	
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	6.27		6.49		6.21		6.4	
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	448		149		463		381	
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	16.22		17.17		16.89		14.72	
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.05		0.0461	J	0.0312	J	0.101	
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	0.0012	J	0.00111	J	<0.003		0.00114	J
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		0.00414	J	0.00262	J	0.00249	J
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0713		0.0627		0.0312		0.188	
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.323		0.371		0.0098	J	0.0298	
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	27.1		35.3		8.37		21.4	
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.00857		<0.001		0.00232	
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.000915	BJ	0.000991	BJ	0.0124	B	0.000616	BJ
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	<0.1		3.78		0.0918	J	0.554	
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	10.8		15.3		3.57		8.21	
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.00711		0.682		0.00228	J	0.0326	
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						357		358		359		360	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.000335	BJ	<0.001		0.000212	BJ
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		0.0151		0.00568		0.000803	J
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	1.73		2.74		0.138	J	0.747	
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	41.6		39.9		34.7		65.9	
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		<0.0002		0.000115	BJ	0.000118	BJ
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.02		0.00463	BJ	0.00871	BJ	<0.02	
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.00618	BJ	0.0114	BJ	0.0217	B	0.00628	BJ
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	0.00189	BJ	0.00224	BJ	<0.005		0.00306	BJ
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005	*	<0.005	*	<0.005	*	<0.005	*
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						357		358		359		360	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		0.00043	J	<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00311		0.00209		0.00059	J	<0.001	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						357		358		359		360	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000211		<0.0000197		<0.0000192		<0.0000199	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0973		<0.0979		<0.119		<0.0975	
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0973		<0.0979		<0.119		<0.0975	
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0973		<0.0979		<0.119		<0.0975	
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0973		<0.0979		<0.119		<0.0975	
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0973		<0.0979		<0.119		<0.0975	
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0973		<0.0979		<0.119		<0.0975	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						357		358		359		360	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0973		<0.0979		<0.119		<0.0975	
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0973		<0.0979		<0.119		<0.0975	
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0973		<0.0979		<0.119		<0.0975	
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	2.76	*	1.78	*	4.04	*	-0.571	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	36.9	*	29.5	*	6.67	*	13.6	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	0.483	*	1.26	*	1.27	*	0.578	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	-1.07	*	-1.13	*	-0.174	*	-0.679	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	25.2	*	30.7	*	-2.03	*	7.92	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	-0.258	*	0.0175	*	0.892	*	0.986	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	-7.06	*	-119	*	-33.8	*	17.9	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	<20		22.4		<20		<20	
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5		<0.5	
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	0.728	J	3.02		1.82	J	1.21	J
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.00458	J	0.0051	J	0.00354	J	0.0104	

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014,SW07300015,SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						361		362		363		364	
Sample Sequence #						1		1		1		1	
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment						NA		NA		NA		NA	
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)						10/14/2019 07:24		10/14/2019 08:30		10/15/2019 08:01		10/15/2019 08:46	
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]						N		N		N		N	
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]						N		N		N		N	
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)						MW361UG1-20		MW362UG1-20		MW363UG1-20		MW364UG1-20	
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)						492956001		492956011		493055003		493055001	
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis						10/17/2019		10/17/2019		10/18/2019		10/18/2019	
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)						DOWN		DOWN		DOWN		DOWN	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.452		<0.2		0.138	J	0.426	
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	35.6	*	4.47	*	30.5		31.7	
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.173		0.367		0.22		0.18	
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	1		0.452		4.9		1.01	
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	83.6	*	30.8	*	24.5		66.9	
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	30.08		30.11		30.01		30.01	
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	μMH0/cm	Field	503		731		427		473	

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						361		362		363		364	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	324.65		337.92		324.62		323.94	
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	2.69		5.19		1.02		3.61	
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	289		410		263		299	
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	6.03		7		6.2		6.18	
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	456		458		407		366	
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	13.83		14.44		14.61		15	
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.05		0.0319	J	<0.05		0.0255	J
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		0.00127	J	0.00117	J	0.0012	J
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	0.005	J	0.00229	J	<0.005		0.00214	J
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0586		0.113		0.14		0.0683	
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.1		0.0171		0.0217		0.02	
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	34.8		23.3		27.2		31.4	
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		0.000708	J	0.000867	J
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.000644	BJ	0.00118	BJ	0.00377		0.00138	J
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	<0.1		<0.1		0.0703	J	0.359	
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		0.000877	J
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	14.3		9.77		10.9		13.5	
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.00398	J	<0.005		0.118		0.0937	
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						361		362		363		364	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.000526	BJ	<0.001		0.000244	J
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		0.0112		0.00114	J
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	2.56		0.331		1.85		2.05	
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	46.7		145		39		42.2	
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	0.000093	BJ	0.00367	B	<0.0002		<0.0002	
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.02		<0.02		<0.02		<0.02	
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.00575	BJ	0.00731	BJ	<0.02		0.0295	
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	0.00189	BJ	0.00246	BJ	<0.005		0.00196	J
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005	*	<0.005	*	<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						361		362		363		364	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00531		<0.001		0.00042	J	0.00577	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						361		362		363		364	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000196		<0.0000196		<0.0000193		<0.0000192	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0974		<0.0962		<0.0961	
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0974		<0.0962		<0.0961	
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0974		<0.0962		<0.0961	
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0974		<0.0962		<0.0961	
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0974		<0.0962		<0.0961	
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0974		<0.0962		<0.0961	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						361		362		363		364	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0974		<0.0962		<0.0961	
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0974		<0.0962		<0.0961	
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0974		<0.0962		<0.0961	
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	1.79	*	0.491	*	5.92	*	1.69	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	46.9	*	0.283	*	11.3	*	36.2	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	1.21	*	0.915	*	1.54	*	1.14	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	-0.891	*	2.53	*	-0.186	*	5.06	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	53	*	-1.4	*	5.41	*	58.7	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	-0.242	*	-0.0779	*	-0.545	*	-0.166	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	67.1	*	-80.2	*	90.2	*	-49.3	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	<20		<20		18.9	*J	23.7	*
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5		<0.5	
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	0.782	J	2.23		1.08	J	0.821	J
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.00658	J	0.0158		0.00528	J	0.0281	

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014,SW07300015,SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-0984	8004-0982	8004-4793	8004-0983
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	365	366	367	368
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	NA	NA	NA
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	10/15/2019 09:39	10/14/2019 13:11	10/15/2019 10:25	10/15/2019 12:30
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]	N	N	N	N
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]	N	N	N	N
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	MW365UG1-20	MW366UG1-20	MW367UG1-20	MW368UG1-20
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	493055005	492956013	493055009	493055011
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis	10/18/2019	10/17/2019	10/18/2019	10/18/2019
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN

CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	<0.2		0.459		0.169	J	<0.2	
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	3.68		38.5	*	12.1		5.07	
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.309		0.197		0.13		0.255	
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	0.398		0.707		0.116		0.153	
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	56		42.2	*	26.8		118	
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	30		30.1		29.99		29.94	
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	µMH0/cm	Field	429		466		279		643	

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						365		366		367		368	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	330.08		324.81		324.76		328.67	
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	4.59		4.26		2.29		2.03	
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	241		256		141		417	
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	6.28		6.68		6.06		6.63	
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	367		269		278		245	
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	15.56		16.61		16.11		16.78	
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.05		<0.05		<0.05		0.0869	
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	0.00123	J	0.00122	J	<0.003		0.00132	J
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		0.00272	J	0.00401	J	0.0042	J
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.125		0.176		0.153		0.044	
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.00616	J	0.0933		0.0243		0.0068	J
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	22.3		30.5		15.5		65.9	
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	0.00198		0.0039		0.0082		<0.001	
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.00577		0.001	BJ	0.00268		0.000844	J
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0333	J	0.35		8.84		0.0755	J
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	10.3		12.2		8.09		18.2	
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.0542		0.679		1.54		0.0104	
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						365		366		367		368	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		0.000805	J
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.00603		0.00729		0.00349		0.00108	J
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	0.252	J	1.74		2.89		0.61	
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	50.4		46.3		20.1		50.1	
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	0.000131	J	<0.0002		<0.0002		0.000415	
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.02		<0.02		<0.02		0.00389	J
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.0104	J	0.0113	BJ	0.0165	J	0.00622	J
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	0.00245	J	0.00317	BJ	0.0022	J	<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005	*	<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						365		366		367		368	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		0.00294		0.00106		<0.001	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						365		366		367		368	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000192		<0.0000195		<0.0000194		<0.0000195	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082	0.0724	J	0.0466	J	<0.0967		0.0908	*J
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0958		<0.101		<0.0967		<0.102	
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0958		<0.101		<0.0967		<0.102	
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0958		<0.101		<0.0967		<0.102	
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	0.0724	J	0.0466	J	<0.0967		0.0908	*J
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0958		<0.101		<0.0967		<0.102	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						365		366		367		368	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0958		<0.101		<0.0967		<0.102	
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0958		<0.101		<0.0967		<0.102	
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0958		<0.101		<0.0967		<0.102	
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	3.58	*	13.6	*	-2.99	*	7.3	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	5.75	*	66.2	*	4.81	*	2.3	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	0.797	*	0.876	*	3.25	*	0.802	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	1.73	*	-0.154	*	-2.12	*	0.27	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	5.32	*	30	*	2.55	*	6.26	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	-0.128	*	-0.449	*	0.205	*	-0.487	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	25	*	-53	*	-40.8	*	-7.09	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	28.4	*	<20		9.38	*J	23.7	*
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5		<0.5	
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	1.56	J	0.92	J	0.671	J	1.66	J
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.0203		0.011		<0.01		0.00452	J

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014,SW07300015,SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808		
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						369		370		371		372		
Sample Sequence #						1		1		1		1		
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment						NA		NA		NA		NA		
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)						10/16/2019 07:46		10/16/2019 08:30		10/16/2019 09:24		10/16/2019 12:16		
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]						N		N		N		N		
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]						N		N		N		N		
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)						MW369UG1-20		MW370UG1-20		MW371UG1-20		MW372UG1-20		
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)						493262003		493262001		493262005		493262007		
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis						10/21/2019		10/23/2019		10/21/2019		10/21/2019		
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)						UP		UP		UP		UP		
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.346	*	0.436	*	<0.2	*	0.572	*	
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	31.6	*	35.8	*	4	*	47.6	*	
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.236	*	0.202	*	0.207	*	0.182	*	
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	0.676		1.05		0.148	J	1.38		
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	5.09		19.1		30		89.6		
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	30		30.02		30.05		30.05		
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	µMH0/cm	Field	367		434		657		697		

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						369		370		371		372	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	326.29		326.34		343.27		326.29	
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	1.88		3.7		1.27		1.93	
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	227		236		403		466	
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	6.19		6.06		6.6		6.37	
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	347		405		321		303	
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	15.78		15.83		16.06		16.67	
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	0.0197	J	<0.05		0.927		<0.05	
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		0.00227	J	<0.005	
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.374		0.251		0.0838		0.0663	
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0105	J	0.0401		<0.015		0.956	
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	15.5		28.9		58.4		59.4	
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	0.00433		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.00121	J	0.000786	J	0.00122	J	0.000537	J
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.124		<0.1		0.58		0.14	
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	7.28		12.9		15.6		22	
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.0143		0.00151	J	0.0168		0.00125	J
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						369		370		371		372	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.000233	BJ	0.00055	BJ	<0.001	
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.00244		<0.002		0.00236		<0.002	
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	0.519		2.86		0.551		2.44	
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		0.00268	J
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	57		46.1		84		66.4	
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		<0.0002		0.00203		<0.0002	
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.02		<0.02		0.00471	J	<0.02	
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.0045	BJ	0.0043	BJ	0.00646	BJ	0.00415	BJ
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		0.0018	J	<0.005		0.00516	B
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						369		370		371		372	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00054	J	0.00064	J	<0.001		0.00269	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						369		370		371		372	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000193		<0.0000193		<0.0000195		<0.0000196	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0999		<0.1		<0.0978		<0.1	
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0999		<0.1		<0.0978		<0.1	
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0999		<0.1		<0.0978		<0.1	
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0999		<0.1		<0.0978		<0.1	
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0999		<0.1		<0.0978		<0.1	
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0999		<0.1		<0.0978		<0.1	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						369		370		371		372	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0999		<0.1		<0.0978		<0.1	
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0999		<0.1		<0.0978		<0.1	
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0999		<0.1		<0.0978		<0.1	
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	8.05	*	-1.62	*	-1.38	*	0.414	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	14.8	*	70.1	*	8.84	*	105	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	1.21	*	0.607	*	0.414	*	1.18	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	3.8	*	-2.03	*	-0.504	*	1.21	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	30.1	*	125	*	9.5	*	194	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	0.766	*	1.02	*	0.482	*	-0.138	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	-40.3	*	-62.2	*	27.1	*	-34.3	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	45.3	*	<20	*	<20	*	85.3	*
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5		<0.5	
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	1.38	J	1.13	J	2.06		1.35	J
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.0336		<0.01		0.00374	J	0.0052	J

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014,SW07300015,SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						373		374		375		376	
Sample Sequence #						1		1		1		1	
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment						NA		NA		NA		NA	
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)						10/16/2019 10:11		10/16/2019 12:58		10/15/2019 13:16		NA	
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]						N		N		N		N	
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]						N		N		N		N	
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)						MW373UG1-20		MW374UG1-20		MW375UG1-20		NA	
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)						493262009		493262011		493055013		NA	
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis						10/22/2019		10/21/2019		10/18/2019		NA	
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)						UP		UP		SIDE		SIDE	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.558	*	0.703	*	<0.2			*
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	40.8	*	62.2	*	4.45			*
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.191	*	0.202	*	0.317			*
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	1.06		<0.1		1.52			*
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	149		6.43		22.9			*
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	30.06		30.05		29.93			*
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	µMH0/cm	Field	806		670		336			*

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						373		374		375		376	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	326.32		336.54		333.28			*
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	1.98		1.88		1.61			*
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	513		383		189			*
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	6.16		6.78		6.82			*
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	347		233		277			*
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	17		16.78		16.94			*
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.05		<0.05		<0.05			*
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003			*
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		0.00236	J	<0.005			*
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0371		0.137		0.175			*
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005			*
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	1.44		0.0115	J	<0.015			*
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	69.8		21.8		13.6			*
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01			*
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.000857	J	<0.001			*
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.000438	J	0.000994	J	0.000783	J		*
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.054	J	0.816		0.0411	J		*
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002			*
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	27.9		6.38		5.74			*
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.0157		0.201		0.00125	J		*
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002			*

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						373		374		375		376	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.000265	BJ	<0.001			*
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.000872	J	<0.002		0.000698	J		*
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	2.92		0.421		0.267	J		*
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		0.00233	J		*
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	62		135		52.4			*
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002			*
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		0.000307		<0.0002			*
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.02		<0.02		<0.02			*
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.00386	BJ	0.0043	BJ	0.00441	J		*
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	0.00291	BJ	<0.005		<0.005			*
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003			*
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						373		374		375		376	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00335		<0.001		<0.001			*

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						373		374		375		376	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000195		<0.0000195		<0.0000196			*
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.097		<0.0997		<0.104			*
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.097		<0.0997		<0.104			*
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.097		<0.0997		<0.104			*
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.097		<0.0997		<0.104			*
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.097		<0.0997		<0.104			*
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.097		<0.0997		<0.104			*

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						373		374		375		376	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.097		<0.0997		<0.104			*
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.097		<0.0997		<0.104			*
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.097		<0.0997		<0.104			*
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	-1.48	*	1.09	*	4.68	*		*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	17.3	*	3.9	*	7.43	*		*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	1.19	*	1.96	*	0.676	*		*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	2.34	*	-0.0345	*	-0.406	*		*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	36.5	*	-1.83	*	1.9	*		*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	0.845	*	0.486	*	0.273	*		*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	-49.7	*	10.2	*	65.3	*		*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	10.3	*J	125	*	23.7	*		*
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2			*
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5			*
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	1.35	J	2.47		0.916	J		*
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.00874	J	0.0202		0.00552	J		*

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014,SW07300015,SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-0989	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	377	E. BLANK	F. BLANK	T. BLANK 1
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	E	F	T
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	NA	10/15/2019 07:00	10/15/2019 10:27	10/14/2019 06:50
06:50Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]	N	N	N	N
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]	N	N	N	N
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	NA	RI1UG1-20	FB1UG1-20	TB1UG1-20
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	NA	493055016	493055015	492956015
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis	NA	10/18/2019	10/18/2019	10/17/2019
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	SIDE	NA	NA	NA

CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field		*		*		*		*
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	µMH0/cm	Field		*		*		*		*

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field		*		*		*		*
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field		*		*		*		*
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1		*		*		*		*
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field		*		*		*		*
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field		*		*		*		*
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field		*		*		*		*
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.05		<0.05			*
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.003		<0.003			*
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.004		<0.004			*
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.0005		<0.0005			*
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.015		<0.015			*
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.2		<0.2			*
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.01		<0.01			*
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020		*	0.000318	J	<0.002			*
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.1		<0.1			*
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			*
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.03		<0.03			*
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470		*	<0.0002		<0.0002			*

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			*
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.3		<0.3			*
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.25		<0.25			*
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			*
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.0002		<0.0002			*
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.02		0.00334	J		*
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.02		<0.02			*
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260		*	0.00761		0.0022	J	0.0104	B
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	*
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011		*	<0.0000196		<0.0000194		<0.0000197	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0956		<0.0954			*
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0956		<0.0954			*
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0956		<0.0954			*
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0956		<0.0954			*
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0956		<0.0954			*
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0956		<0.0954			*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0956		<0.0954			*
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0956		<0.0954			*
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0956		<0.0954			*
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310		*	0.256	*	-0.281	*		*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310		*	4.39	*	3.72	*		*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418		*	0.632	*	0.134	*		*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0		*	1.29	*	0.51	*		*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC		*	5.72	*	-7.59	*		*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC		*	0.173	*	-0.00437	*		*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0		*	82.6	*	-7.68	*		*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4		*		*		*		*
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012		*		*		*		*
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0		*	<0.5		<0.5			*
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060		*		*		*		*
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020		*		*		*		*

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014,SW07300015,SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4793			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		367			
Sample Sequence #						1		1		2			
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment						T		T		NA			
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour:minutes)						10/15/2019 06:55		10/16/2019 06:45		10/15/2019 10:25			
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]						N		N		Y			
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]						N		N		N			
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)						TB2UG1-20		TB3UG1-20		MW367DUG1-20			
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)						493055017		493262013		493055007			
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis						10/18/2019		10/21/2019		10/18/2019			
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)						NA		NA		DOWN			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056		*		*	0.163	J		
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056		*		*	12.2			
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056		*		*	0.121			
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056		*		*	0.121			
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056		*		*	26.9			
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field		*		*		*		
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	µMH0/cm	Field		*		*		*		

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4793			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		367			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field		*		*		*		
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field		*		*		*		
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1		*		*	177			
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field		*		*		*		
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field		*		*		*		
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field		*		*		*		
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.05			
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.00107	J		
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.00386	J		
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.148			
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.0005			
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.0248			
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.001			
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	15.1			
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.01			
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.00787			
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.000419	J		
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	8.75			
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.002			
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	8.03			
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	1.38			
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470		*		*	<0.0002			

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4793			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		367			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.001			
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.00332			
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	2.85			
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.005			
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.005			
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.001			
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	20.5			
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.005			
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.002			
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.0002			
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.02			
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.0147	J		
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	0.00505		0.00307	BJ	<0.005			
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003			
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4793			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		367			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		0.00107			

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4793			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		367			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000193		<0.0000193		<0.0000196			
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0959			
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0959			
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0959			
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0959			
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0959			
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0959			

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4793			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		367			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0959			
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0959			
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0959			
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310		*		*	7.97	*		
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310		*		*	9.4	*		
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418		*		*	0.754	*		
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0		*		*	4.27	*		
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC		*		*	-3.87	*		
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC		*		*	-0.185	*		
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0		*		*	4.03	*		
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4		*		*	9.38	*J		
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012		*		*	<0.2			
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0		*		*	<0.5			
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060		*		*	0.694	J		
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020		*		*	<0.01			

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4798 MW357	MW357UG1-20	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Acrylonitrile	Y2	MS/MSD RPD outside acceptance criteria
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.8. Rad error is 4.78.
		Gross beta		TPU is 11.1. Rad error is 9.35.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.954. Rad error is 0.95.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.7. Rad error is 1.7.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 11.9. Rad error is 11.5.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.647. Rad error is 0.646.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 146. Rad error is 146.
8004-4799 MW358	MW358UG1-20	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Acrylonitrile	Y2	MS/MSD RPD outside acceptance criteria
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.5. Rad error is 4.5.
		Gross beta		TPU is 9.73. Rad error is 8.46.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.66. Rad error is 1.63.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.87. Rad error is 2.87.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 11.8. Rad error is 11.3.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.878. Rad error is 0.877.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 138. Rad error is 138.
8004-0981 MW359	MW359UG1-20	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Acrylonitrile	Y2	MS/MSD RPD outside acceptance criteria
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.81. Rad error is 5.78.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.2. Rad error is 7.11.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.57. Rad error is 1.54.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.14. Rad error is 2.14.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 8.99. Rad error is 8.99.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.987. Rad error is 0.976.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 145. Rad error is 145.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4800 MW360	MW360UG1-20	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Acrylonitrile	Y2	MS/MSD RPD outside acceptance criteria
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.09. Rad error is 3.08.
		Gross beta		TPU is 6.79. Rad error is 6.42.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.06. Rad error is 1.05.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.66. Rad error is 1.66.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 10.2. Rad error is 10.2.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.05. Rad error is 1.04.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 147. Rad error is 147.
8004-4795 MW361	MW361UG1-20	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Acrylonitrile	Y2	MS/MSD RPD outside acceptance criteria
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.53. Rad error is 5.52.
		Gross beta		TPU is 12.1. Rad error is 9.44.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.65. Rad error is 1.63.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.74. Rad error is 2.74.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 13.6. Rad error is 12.1.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.832. Rad error is 0.832.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 145. Rad error is 145.
8004-0986 MW362	MW362UG1-20	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Acrylonitrile	Y2	MS/MSD RPD outside acceptance criteria
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.11. Rad error is 5.11.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.86. Rad error is 5.86.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.906. Rad error is 0.87.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.68. Rad error is 2.65.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.48. Rad error is 9.48.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.745. Rad error is 0.744.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 141. Rad error is 141.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4796 MW363	MW363UG1-20	Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.15. Rad error is 7.08.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 8.91. Rad error is 8.71.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.87. Rad error is 1.87.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.99. Rad error is 2.99.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 12.7. Rad error is 12.7.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.778. Rad error is 0.777.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 122. Rad error is 121.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
8004-4797 MW364	MW364UG1-20	Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.73. Rad error is 4.72.
		Gross beta		TPU is 11.1. Rad error is 9.37.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.07. Rad error is 1.06.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.8. Rad error is 3.72.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 16.4. Rad error is 15.1.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.961. Rad error is 0.96.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 104. Rad error is 104.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
8004-0984 MW365	MW365UG1-20	Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.96. Rad error is 4.93.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.57. Rad error is 6.5.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.39. Rad error is 1.39.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.32. Rad error is 3.31.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 12.3. Rad error is 12.3.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.32. Rad error is 1.32.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 115. Rad error is 115.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0982 MW366	MW366UG1-20	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Acrylonitrile	Y2	MS/MSD RPD outside acceptance criteria
		Gross alpha		TPU is 8.2. Rad error is 7.9.
		Gross beta		TPU is 16.3. Rad error is 12.1.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.975. Rad error is 0.939.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.7. Rad error is 1.7.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12. Rad error is 11.5.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.406. Rad error is 0.405.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 144. Rad error is 144.
8004-4793 MW367	MW367UG1-20	Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.72. Rad error is 4.72.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.02. Rad error is 6.97.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.97. Rad error is 2.95.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.42. Rad error is 3.42.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 12.2. Rad error is 12.2.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.03. Rad error is 1.02.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 108. Rad error is 108.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
8004-0983 MW368	MW368UG1-20	PCB, Total	P	Difference between results from two GC columns unacceptable.
		PCB-1242	P	Difference between results from two GC columns unacceptable.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.92. Rad error is 6.82.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.88. Rad error is 6.86.
		Iodine-131		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.67. Rad error is 1.67.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.48. Rad error is 2.48.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 12.8. Rad error is 12.8.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.521. Rad error is 0.52.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 112. Rad error is 112.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4820 MW369	MW369UG1-20	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Fluoride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 8.11. Rad error is 7.97.
		Gross beta		TPU is 8.48. Rad error is 8.11.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.39. Rad error is 1.38.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.19. Rad error is 4.14.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 14.4. Rad error is 14.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.903. Rad error is 0.893.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 109. Rad error is 109.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
8004-4818 MW370	MW370UG1-20	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Fluoride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.83. Rad error is 4.83.
		Gross beta		TPU is 16.5. Rad error is 12.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.9. Rad error is 0.9.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.21. Rad error is 2.21.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 21. Rad error is 15.8.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.968. Rad error is 0.954.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 106. Rad error is 106.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4819 MW371	MW371UG1-20	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Fluoride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.71. Rad error is 4.71.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.98. Rad error is 6.83.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.2. Rad error is 1.2.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.55. Rad error is 2.55.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 12.8. Rad error is 12.7.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.976. Rad error is 0.97.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 112. Rad error is 112.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
8004-4808 MW372	MW372UG1-20	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Fluoride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.74. Rad error is 4.74.
		Gross beta		TPU is 22.1. Rad error is 13.6.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.39. Rad error is 1.38.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.46. Rad error is 2.46.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 27.7. Rad error is 17.4.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.793. Rad error is 0.793.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 110. Rad error is 110.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4792 MW373	MW373UG1-20	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Fluoride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.89. Rad error is 3.88.
		Gross beta		TPU is 8.55. Rad error is 8.07.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.48. Rad error is 1.47.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.57. Rad error is 3.55.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 13.6. Rad error is 13.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.14. Rad error is 1.13.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 103. Rad error is 103.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
8004-0990 MW374	MW374UG1-20	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Fluoride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.36. Rad error is 5.36.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 8.27. Rad error is 8.24.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.77. Rad error is 1.74.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.18. Rad error is 2.18.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 12.8. Rad error is 12.8.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.892. Rad error is 0.886.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 112. Rad error is 112.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0985 MW375	MW375UG1-20	Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.3. Rad error is 5.25.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.15. Rad error is 7.05.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.863. Rad error is 0.856.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.97. Rad error is 2.97.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 12.6. Rad error is 12.6.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.17. Rad error is 1.16.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 115. Rad error is 115.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988	MW376	Bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Fluoride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sulfate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Specific Conductance		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Static Water Level Elevation		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dissolved Oxygen		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Dissolved Solids		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		pH		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Eh		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Temperature		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Aluminum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Antimony		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Arsenic		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Beryllium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Boron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cadmium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Calcium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chromium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cobalt		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Copper		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Lead		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Magnesium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Manganese		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Mercury		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988	MW376	Molybdenum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nickel		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Potassium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Rhodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Selenium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Silver		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tantalum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thallium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Uranium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vanadium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Zinc		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl acetate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acetone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrolein		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrylonitrile		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Benzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Xylenes		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Styrene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Toluene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Bromodichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tribromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Ethyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon disulfide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988	MW376	Chloroform		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methylene bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethylene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromoethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tetrachloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Ethylbenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		2-Hexanone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dibromochloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon tetrachloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichlorofluoromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2,3-Trichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988 MW376		1,2-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,4-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB, Total		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1016		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1221		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1232		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1242		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1248		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1254		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1260		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1268		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross alpha		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross beta		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodine-131		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Radium-226		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Strontium-90		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Technetium-99		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thorium-230		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tritium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cyanide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Carbon		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Halides		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989	MW377	Bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Fluoride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sulfate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Specific Conductance		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Static Water Level Elevation		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dissolved Oxygen		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Dissolved Solids		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		pH		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Eh		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Temperature		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Aluminum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Antimony		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Arsenic		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Beryllium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Boron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cadmium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Calcium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chromium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cobalt		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Copper		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Lead		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Magnesium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Manganese		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Mercury		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989	MW377	Molybdenum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nickel		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Potassium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Rhodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Selenium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Silver		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tantalum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thallium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Uranium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vanadium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Zinc		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl acetate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acetone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrolein		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrylonitrile		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Benzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Xylenes		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Styrene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Toluene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Bromodichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tribromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Ethyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon disulfide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989	MW377	Chloroform		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methylene bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethylene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromoethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tetrachloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Ethylbenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		2-Hexanone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dibromochloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon tetrachloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichlorofluoromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2,3-Trichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989 MW377		1,2-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,4-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB, Total		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1016		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1221		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1232		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1242		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1248		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1254		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1260		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1268		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross alpha		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross beta		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodine-131		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Radium-226		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Strontium-90		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Technetium-99		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thorium-230		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tritium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cyanide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Carbon		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Halides		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	RI1UG1-20	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.76. Rad error is 2.76.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 8.59. Rad error is 8.56.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.04. Rad error is 1.03.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.45. Rad error is 3.44.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 13.3. Rad error is 13.3.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.84. Rad error is 0.837.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 125. Rad error is 124.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	FB1UG1-20	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.99. Rad error is 3.99.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.27. Rad error is 6.24.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.869. Rad error is 0.868.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.94. Rad error is 2.94.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 12.1. Rad error is 12.1.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.857. Rad error is 0.855.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 112. Rad error is 112.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB1UG1-20	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB1UG1-20	Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Acrylonitrile	Y2	MS/MSD RPD outside acceptance criteria
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB2UG1-20	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB2UG1-20	Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB3UG1-20	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB3UG1-20	Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4793 MW367	MW367DUG1-20	Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.52. Rad error is 7.4.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.02. Rad error is 6.85.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.982. Rad error is 0.979.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.49. Rad error is 4.44.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 12. Rad error is 12.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.726. Rad error is 0.725.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 113. Rad error is 113.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits

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APPENDIX D

STATISTICAL ANALYSES AND QUALIFICATION STATEMENT

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GROUNDWATER STATISTICAL COMMENTS

Introduction

The statistical analyses conducted on the fourth quarter 2019 groundwater data collected from the C-746-U Landfill monitoring wells (MWs) were performed in accordance with Permit GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 3, using the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidance document, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989).

The statistical evaluation was conducted separately for the three groundwater systems: the Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS), the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA), and the Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA). For each groundwater system, data from wells considered to represent background conditions were compared with test wells (downgradient or sidegradient wells) (Exhibit D.1). The fourth quarter 2019 data used to conduct the statistical analyses were collected in October 2019. The statistical analyses for this report first used data from the first eight quarters that had been sampled for each parameter to develop the historical background value, beginning with the first two baseline sampling events in 2002, when available. Then a second set of statistical analyses, using the last eight quarters, was run on analytes that had at least one downgradient well that had exceeded the historical background. The sampling dates associated with both the historical and the current background data are listed next to the result in the statistical analysis sheets of this appendix.

Statistical Analysis Process

Constituents of concern that have Kentucky maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) and results that do not exceed their respective MCL are not included in the statistical evaluation. Parameters that have MCLs can be found in 401 *KAR* 47:030 § 6. For parameters with no established MCL and those parameters that exceed their MCLs, the most recent results are compared to historical background concentrations, as follows: the data are divided into censored and uncensored observations. The one-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted only on parameters that have at least one uncensored (detected) observation. The current result is compared to the results of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test to determine if the current data exceed the historical background concentration calculated using the first eight quarters of data.

For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted. The test well results are compared to both an upper and lower tolerance limit (TL) to determine if statistically significant deviations in concentrations exist with respect to upgradient (background) well data from the first eight quarters. The tolerance interval statistical analysis is conducted separately for each parameter in each well (no pooling of downgradient data).

Statistical analyses are performed on the first eight quarters of historical background data, not on the data for the current quarter. Once a statistical result is obtained using the background data, the result for the current quarter is compared to that value. If the value is exceeded, the well is considered to have an exceedance of the statistically derived historical background concentration.

Exhibit D.1. Station Identification for Monitoring Wells Analyzed

Station	Type	Groundwater Unit
MW357	TW	URGA
MW358	TW	LRGA
MW359[a]	TW	UCRS
MW360	TW	URGA
MW361	TW	LRGA
MW362[a]	TW	UCRS
MW363	TW	URGA
MW364	TW	LRGA
MW365[a]	TW	UCRS
MW366	TW	URGA
MW367	TW	LRGA
MW368[a]	TW	UCRS
MW369	BG	URGA
MW370	BG	LRGA
MW371[a]	BG	UCRS
MW372	BG	URGA
MW373	BG	LRGA
MW374[a]	BG	UCRS
MW375[a]	SG	UCRS
MW376[a,b]	SG	UCRS
MW377[a,b]	SG	UCRS

[a] The gradients in UCRS wells are downward and, hydrogeologically, UCRS wells are not considered upgradient, downgradient, or sidegradient from the C-746-U Landfill. The UCRS wells identified as upgradient, sidegradient, or downgradient are those wells located in the same general direction as the RGA wells considered to be upgradient, sidegradient, or downgradient.
[b] Well was dry this quarter, and a groundwater sample could not be collected.
BG: upgradient or background wells
TW: downgradient or test wells
SG: sidegradient wells

For those parameters that are determined to exceed the historical background concentration, a second one-sided tolerance interval statistical test, or a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test in the case of pH, is conducted. The second one-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted to determine whether the current concentration in downgradient wells exceeds the current background, as determined by a comparison against the statistically derived upper TL using the most recent eight quarters of data for the relevant background wells. For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted, if required. The test well pH results are compared to both an upper and lower TL to determine if the current pH is different from the current background level to a statistically significant level. The tolerance interval statistical analysis is conducted separately for each parameter in each well (no pooling of downgradient data).

Statistical analyses are performed on the last eight quarters of current background data, not on the data for the current quarter. Once a statistical result is obtained using the background data, the result for the current quarter is compared to that value. If the value is exceeded, the well has an exceedance of the statistically derived current background concentration.

A stepwise list of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical procedure applied to the data is summarized below.[1]

1. The TL is calculated for the background data (first using the first eight quarters, then using the last eight quarters, if required).

    - For each parameter, the background data are used to establish a baseline. On this data set, the mean (X) and the standard deviation (S) are computed.

    - The data set is checked for normality using coefficient of variation (CV). If CV $\leq$ 1.0, then the data are assumed to be normally distributed. Data sets with CV > 1.0 are assumed to be log-normally distributed; for data sets with CV > 1.0, the data are log-transformed and analyzed.

    - The factor (K) for one-sided upper TL with 95% minimum coverage is determined (Table 5, Appendix B, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance*, 1989) based on the number of background data points.

    - The one-sided upper TL is calculated using the following equation:

      $TL = X + (K \times S)$

2. Each observation from downgradient wells is compared to the calculated one-sided upper TL in Step 1. If an observation value exceeds the TL, then there is statistically significant evidence that the well concentration exceeds the historical background.

Type of Data Used

Exhibit D.1 presents the upgradient or background wells (identified as "BG"), the downgradient or test wells (identified as "TW"), and the sidegradient wells (identified as "SG") for the C-746-U Contained Landfill. Exhibit D.2 presents the parameters from the available data set for which a statistical test was performed using the one-sided tolerance interval.

Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5 list the number of analyses (observations), nondetects (censored observations), and detects (uncensored observations), by parameter in the UCRS, the URGA, and the LRGA, respectively. Those parameters displayed with bold-face type indicate the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test was performed. The data presented in Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5 were collected during the current quarter, fourth quarter 2019. The observations are representative of the current quarter data. Background data are presented in Attachments D1 and D2. The sampling dates associated with background data are listed next to the result in Attachments D1 and D2. When field duplicate data are available, the higher of the two readings is retained for further evaluation. When a data point has been rejected following data validation, this result is not used, and the next available data point is used for the background or current quarter data.

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[1] For pH, two-sided TLs (upper and lower) were calculated with an adjusted K factor using the following equations:
upper TL = X + (K × S)
lower TL = X - (K × S)

Exhibit D.2. List of Parameters Tested Using the One-Sided Upper Tolerance Level Test with Historical Background

Parameters
Acetone
Aluminum
Antimony
Beta Activity
Boron
Bromide
Calcium
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)
Chloride
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene
Cobalt
Conductivity
Copper
Dissolved Oxygen
Dissolved Solids
Iron
Magnesium
Manganese
Molybdenum
Nickel
Oxidation-Reduction Potential
PCB, Total
PCB-1242
pH*
Potassium
Sodium
Sulfate
Technetium-99
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)
Total Organic Halides (TOX)
Trichloroethene
Vanadium
Zinc

*****For pH, the test well results were compared to both an upper and lower TL to determine if the current result differs to a statistically significant degree from the historical background values.

Exhibit D.3. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—UCRS

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	7	7	0	No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	7	7	0	No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	7	7	0	No
1,1-Dichloroethane	7	7	0	No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	7	7	0	No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	7	7	0	No
1,2-Dibromoethane	7	7	0	No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	7	7	0	No
1,2-Dichloropropane	7	7	0	No
2-Butanone	7	7	0	No
2-Hexanone	7	7	0	No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	7	7	0	No
Acetone	**7**	**6**	**1**	**Yes**
Acrolein	7	7	0	No
Acrylonitrile	7	7	0	No
Aluminum	**7**	**3**	**4**	**Yes**
Antimony	**7**	**4**	**3**	**Yes**
Beryllium	7	7	0	No
Boron	**7**	**2**	**5**	**Yes**
Bromide	**7**	**6**	**1**	**Yes**
Bromochloromethane	7	7	0	No
Bromodichloromethane	7	7	0	No
Bromoform	7	7	0	No
Bromomethane	7	7	0	No
Calcium	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Carbon disulfide	7	7	0	No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	**7**	**3**	**4**	**Yes**
Chloride	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Chlorobenzene	7	7	0	No
Chloroethane	7	7	0	No
Chloroform	7	7	0	No
Chloromethane	7	7	0	No
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	7	7	0	No
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	7	7	0	No
Cobalt	**7**	**5**	**2**	**Yes**
Conductivity	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Copper	**7**	**1**	**6**	**Yes**
Cyanide	7	7	0	No
Dibromochloromethane	7	7	0	No
Dibromomethane	7	7	0	No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	7	7	0	No
Dissolved Oxygen	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Dissolved Solids	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Ethylbenzene	7	7	0	No
Iodide	7	7	0	No
Iodomethane	7	7	0	No
Iron	**7**	**1**	**6**	**Yes**
Magnesium	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Manganese	**7**	**1**	**6**	**Yes**
Methylene chloride	7	7	0	No
Molybdenum	**7**	**6**	**1**	**Yes**

Exhibit D.3. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—UCRS (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Nickel	**7**	**0**	**5**	**Yes**
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
PCB, Total	**7**	**5**	**2**	**Yes**
PCB-1016	7	7	0	No
PCB-1221	7	7	0	No
PCB-1232	7	7	0	No
PCB-1242	**7**	**5**	**2**	**Yes**
PCB-1248	7	7	0	No
PCB-1254	7	7	0	No
PCB-1260	7	7	0	No
PCB-1268	7	7	0	No
pH	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Potassium	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Radium-226	7	7	0	No
Rhodium	7	7	0	No
Sodium	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Styrene	7	7	0	No
Sulfate	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Tantalum	7	7	0	No
Technetium-99	7	7	0	No
Tetrachloroethene	7	7	0	No
Thallium	7	7	0	No
Thorium-230	7	7	0	No
Toluene	7	7	0	No
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	7	7	0	No
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	7	7	0	No
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	7	7	0	No
Trichlorofluoromethane	7	7	0	No
Vanadium	**7**	**5**	**2**	**Yes**
Vinyl Acetate	7	7	0	No
Zinc	**7**	**3**	**4**	**Yes**

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Exhibit D.4. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—URGA

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1-Dichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromoethane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichloropropane	6	6	0	No
2-Butanone	6	6	0	No
2-Hexanone	6	6	0	No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	6	6	0	No
Acetone	**6**	**5**	**1**	**Yes**
Acrolein	6	6	0	No
Acrylonitrile	6	6	0	No
Aluminum	**6**	**4**	**2**	**Yes**
Antimony	**6**	**2**	**4**	**Yes**
Beryllium	6	6	0	No
Beta activity	**6**	**1**	**5**	**Yes**
Boron	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Bromide	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Bromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromodichloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromoform	6	6	0	No
Bromomethane	6	6	0	No
Calcium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Carbon disulfide	6	6	0	No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	**6**	**3**	**3**	**Yes**
Chloride	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Chlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
Chloroethane	6	6	0	No
Chloroform	6	6	0	No
Chloromethane	6	6	0	No
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
Cobalt	**6**	**2**	**4**	**Yes**
Conductivity	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Copper	**6**	**3**	**3**	**Yes**
Cyanide	6	6	0	No
Dibromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Dibromomethane	6	6	0	No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	6	6	0	No
Dissolved Oxygen	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Dissolved Solids	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Ethylbenzene	6	6	0	No
Iodide	6	6	0	No
Iodomethane	6	6	0	No

Exhibit D.4. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—URGA (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Iron	**6**	**1**	**5**	**Yes**
Magnesium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Manganese	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Methylene chloride	6	6	0	No
Molybdenum	6	6	0	No
Nickel	**6**	**2**	**4**	**Yes**
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
PCB, Total	**6**	**5**	**1**	**Yes**
PCB-1016	6	6	0	No
PCB-1221	6	6	0	No
PCB-1232	6	6	0	No
PCB-1242	**6**	**5**	**1**	**Yes**
PCB-1248	6	6	0	No
PCB-1254	6	6	0	No
PCB-1260	6	6	0	No
PCB-1268	6	6	0	No
pH	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Potassium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Radium-226	6	6	0	No
Rhodium	6	6	0	No
Sodium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Styrene	6	6	0	No
Sulfate	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Tantalum	6	6	0	No
Technetium-99	**6**	**2**	**4**	**Yes**
Tetrachloroethene	6	6	0	No
Thallium	6	6	0	No
Thorium-230	6	6	0	No
Toluene	6	6	0	No
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	6	6	0	No
Trichlorofluoromethane	6	6	0	No
Vanadium	6	6	0	No
Vinyl Acetate	6	6	0	No
Zinc	6	6	0	No

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Exhibit D.5. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—LRGA

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1-Dichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromoethane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichloropropane	6	6	0	No
2-Butanone	6	6	0	No
2-Hexanone	6	6	0	No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	6	6	0	No
Acetone	**7**	**5**	**2**	**Yes**
Acrolein	6	6	0	No
Acrylonitrile	6	6	0	No
Aluminum	**6**	**4**	**2**	**Yes**
Antimony	**7**	**4**	**3**	**Yes**
Beryllium	6	6	0	No
Beta activity	**6**	**1**	**5**	**Yes**
Boron	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Bromide	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Bromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromodichloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromoform	6	6	0	No
Bromomethane	6	6	0	No
Calcium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Carbon disulfide	6	6	0	No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	**6**	**2**	**4**	**Yes**
Chloride	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Chlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
Chloroethane	6	6	0	No
Chloroform	6	6	0	No
Chloromethane	6	6	0	No
***cis*-1,2-Dichloroethene**	**6**	**5**	**1**	**Yes**
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
Cobalt	**6**	**3**	**3**	**Yes**
Conductivity	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Copper	**6**	**2**	**4**	**Yes**
Cyanide	6	6	0	No
Dibromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Dibromomethane	6	6	0	No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	6	6	0	No
Dissolved Oxygen	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Dissolved Solids	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Ethylbenzene	6	6	0	No
Iodide	6	6	0	No
Iodomethane	6	6	0	No

Exhibit D.5. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—LRGA (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Iron	**6**	**2**	**4**	**Yes**
Magnesium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Manganese	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Methylene chloride	6	6	0	No
Molybdenum	6	6	0	No
Nickel	**6**	**2**	**4**	**Yes**
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
PCB, Total	6	6	0	No
PCB-1016	6	6	0	No
PCB-1221	6	6	0	No
PCB-1232	6	6	0	No
PCB-1242	6	6	0	No
PCB-1248	6	6	0	No
PCB-1254	6	6	0	No
PCB-1260	6	6	0	No
PCB-1268	6	6	0	No
pH	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Potassium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Radium-226	6	6	0	No
Rhodium	6	6	0	No
Sodium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Styrene	6	6	0	No
Sulfate	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Tantalum	6	6	0	No
Technetium-99	**6**	**1**	**5**	**Yes**
Tetrachloroethene	6	6	0	No
Thallium	6	6	0	No
Thorium-230	6	6	0	No
Toluene	6	6	0	No
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	**6**	**2**	**4**	**Yes**
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	6	6	0	No
Trichloroethene	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Trichlorofluoromethane	6	6	0	No
Vanadium	6	6	0	No
Vinyl Acetate	6	6	0	No
Zinc	**6**	**4**	**2**	**Yes**

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Discussion of Results from Historical Background Comparison

For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the concentrations of this quarter were compared to the results of the one-sided tolerance interval test calculated using historical background and are presented in Attachment D1. The statistician qualification statement is presented in Attachment D3. For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the test was applied to 29, 28, and 29 parameters, respectively, including those listed in bold print in Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5, which includes those constituents (beta activity and trichloroethene) that exceeded their MCL. A summary of exceedances when compared to statistically derived historical upgradient background by well number is shown in Exhibit D.6.

UCRS

This quarter's results identified historical background exceedances for dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, and sulfate.

URGA

This quarter's results identified historical background exceedances for beta activity, calcium, chemical oxygen demand (COD), conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, oxidation-reduction potential, and technetium-99.

LRGA

This quarter's results identified historical background exceedances for beta activity, oxidation-reduction potential, and technetium-99.

Statistical Summary

Summaries of the results of the statistical tests conducted on data obtained from wells in the UCRS, the URGA, and in the LRGA in comparison to historical data are presented in Exhibit D.7, Exhibit D.8, and Exhibit D.9, respectively.

Exhibit D.6. Summary of Exceedances of Statistically Derived Historical Background Concentrations

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
MW359: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	**MW357:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**MW358:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW362: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	**MW360:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**MW361:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential**,** Technetium-99
MW365: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	**MW363:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**MW364:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Technetium-99
MW368: Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	**MW366:** Beta Activity, Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**MW367:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW371: Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	**MW369:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**MW370:** Beta activity, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Technetium-99
MW374: Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**MW372:** Beta Activity, Calcium, Chemical Oxygen Demand, Conductivity, Dissolved Solids, Magnesium, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Technetium-99	**MW373:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW375: Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate		

.

Exhibit D.7. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—UCRS

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Acetone	Tolerance Interval	2.24	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	2.08	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Antimony	Tolerance Interval	1.89	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Boron	Tolerance Interval	1.24	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.34	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.97	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.95	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	1.31	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.45	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Copper	Tolerance Interval	1.28	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.55	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW359, MW362, and MW365.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.42	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Iron	Tolerance Interval	0.98	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.27	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	0.89	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

Exhibit D.7. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—UCRS (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Molybdenum	Tolerance Interval	1.65	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	0.98	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	3.54	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW359, MW362, MW365, MW368, MW371, MW374, and MW375.
PCB, Total	Tolerance Interval	0.92	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
PCB-1242	Tolerance Interval	1.41	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.04	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	0.72	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.49	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW359, MW362, MW365, MW368, MW371, and MW375.
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	1.38	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	1.08	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Vanadium	Tolerance Interval	1.32	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Zinc	Tolerance Interval	1.38	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

CV: coefficient of variation
*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.

Exhibit D.8. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—URGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Acetone	Tolerance Interval	3.88	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	1.24	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Antimony	Tolerance Interval	1.25	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Beta activity[1]	Tolerance Interval	0.74	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW366 and MW372.
Boron	Tolerance Interval	0.84	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.00	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.29	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW372.
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.10	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW372.
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.10	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	0.84	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.12	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW372.
Copper	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.76	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.16	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW372.
Iron	Tolerance Interval	0.95	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.27	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW372.
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	0.66	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

Exhibit D.8. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—URGA (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	0.91	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	1.26	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW357, MW360, MW363, MW366, MW369, and MW372.
PCB, Total	Tolerance Interval	0.90	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
PCB-1242	Tolerance Interval	1.36	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.03	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	0.29	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.26	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.75	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	0.87	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW372.
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	1.23	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	0.95	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

CV: coefficient of variation
*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.
[1] A tolerance interval was calculated based on an MCL exceedance.

Exhibit D.9. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—LRGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Acetone	Tolerance Interval	2.67	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	2.78	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Antimony	Tolerance Interval	1.25	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Beta activity[1]	Tolerance Interval	0.80	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW370.
Boron	Tolerance Interval	0.68	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.00	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.31	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.59	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.16	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	Tolerance Interval	0.80	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	1.16	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.26	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Copper	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.83	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.30	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Iron	Tolerance Interval	0.96	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.34	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

Exhibit D.9. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—LRGA (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	0.62	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	0.90	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	1.31	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW358, MW361, MW364, MW367, MW370, and MW373.
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.02	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	0.18	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.30	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	1.59	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	1.73	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW361, MW364, and MW370.
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	1.96	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	0.98	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Trichloroethene[1]	Tolerance Interval	0.57	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Zinc	Tolerance Interval	0.67	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

CV: coefficient of variation
*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.
[1] A tolerance interval was calculated based on an MCL exceedance.

Discussion of Results from Current Background Comparison

For concentrations in wells in the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA that exceeded the TL test using historical background, the concentrations were compared to the results of the one-sided tolerance interval test compared to current background, and are presented in Attachment D2. The statistician qualification statement is presented in Attachment D3. For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the test was applied to 3, 8, and 3 parameters, respectively, because these parameter concentrations exceeded the historical background TL.

UCRS

Because gradients in the UCRS are downward (vertical), there are no hydrogeologically downgradient UCRS wells. This quarter's results showed no exceedances in UCRS wells located downgradient of the landfill.

URGA

This quarter's results showed no exceedances in wells located downgradient of the landfill.

LRGA

This quarter's results showed no exceedances in wells located downgradient of the landfill.

Statistical Summary

Summaries of the statistical tests conducted on data obtained from wells in the UCRS, the URGA, and the LRGA are presented in Exhibit D.10, Exhibit D.11, and Exhibit D.12, respectively.

Exhibit D.10. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Current Background—UCRS

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.86	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.22	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	1.14	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.

CV: coefficient of variation

Exhibit D.11. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Current Background—URGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Beta Activity	Tolerance Interval	0.77	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.48	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.65	MW372 exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence of a difference in concentration with respect to current background data.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.24	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.38	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.43	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.11	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	0.73	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.

CV: coefficient of variation

Exhibit D.12. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Current Background—LRGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Beta activity	Tolerance Interval	0.65	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.10	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	0.71	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.

CV: coefficient of variation

ATTACHMENT D1

COMPARISON OF CURRENT DATA TO ONE-SIDED UPPER TOLERANCE INTERVAL TEST CALCULATED USING HISTORICAL BACKGROUND DATA

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C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Acetone **UNITS: ug/L** **UCRS**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 49.938	**S=** 111.751	**CV(1)=** 2.238	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 331.886	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.847	**S=** 1.149	**CV(2)=** 0.404	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 5.746	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	18	2.890
4/22/2002	10	2.303
7/15/2002	10	2.303
10/8/2002	15	2.708
1/8/2003	10	2.303
4/3/2003	10	2.303
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/6/2003	10	2.303

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	200	5.298
1/7/2003	26	3.258
4/2/2003	10	2.303
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	430	6.064
1/6/2004	10	2.303
4/7/2004	10	2.303
7/14/2004	10	2.303

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	No	5	N/A	1.609	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	2.46	N/A	0.900	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	2.45	N/A	0.896	NO
MW368	Downgradient	No	5	N/A	1.609	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	5	N/A	1.609	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	5	N/A	1.609	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	5	N/A	1.609	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Aluminum UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 3.300	**S=** 6.859	**CV(1)=**2.078	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 20.604	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.371	**S=** 1.678	**CV(2)=**-4.521	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.863	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2.24	0.806
4/22/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	21.3	3.059
1/7/2003	20	2.996
4/2/2003	4.11	1.413
7/9/2003	1.41	0.344
10/7/2003	1.09	0.086
1/6/2004	0.854	-0.158
4/7/2004	0.2	-1.609
7/14/2004	0.2	-1.609

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.0312	N/A	-3.467	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.0319	N/A	-3.445	NO
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.0869	N/A	-2.443	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.927	N/A	-0.076	NO
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Antimony UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.042	**S=** 0.079	**CV(1)=** 1.891	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.240	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -4.607	**S=** 1.487	**CV(2)=** -0.323	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -0.855	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.2	-1.609
4/22/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/6/2003	0.005	-5.298

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/2/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
1/6/2004	0.005	-5.298
4/7/2004	0.005	-5.298
7/14/2004	0.005	-5.298

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.003	N/A	-5.809	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.00127	N/A	-6.669	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00123	N/A	-6.701	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00132	N/A	-6.630	NO
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.003	N/A	-5.809	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.003	N/A	-5.809	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.003	N/A	-5.809	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Boron UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.650	**S=** 0.805	**CV(1)=** 1.238	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 2.681	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.034	**S=** 1.030	**CV(2)=** -0.996	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.564	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	2	0.693
1/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
1/6/2004	0.2	-1.609
4/7/2004	0.2	-1.609
7/14/2004	0.2	-1.609

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.0098	N/A	-4.625	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.0171	N/A	-4.069	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00616	N/A	-5.090	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.0068	N/A	-4.991	NO
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.015	N/A	-4.200	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.0115	N/A	-4.465	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.015	N/A	-4.200	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Bromide **UNITS: mg/L** **UCRS**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.394	**S=** 0.474	**CV(1)=** 0.340	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 2.590	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.279	**S=** 0.332	**CV(2)=** 1.190	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.118	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	1	0.000
7/15/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/8/2003	1	0.000
4/3/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/6/2003	1	0.000

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	2.1	0.742
1/7/2003	2.1	0.742
4/2/2003	1.9	0.642
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/7/2003	1.9	0.642
1/6/2004	1.9	0.642
4/7/2004	1.8	0.588
7/14/2004	1.6	0.470

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.703	NO	-0.352	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Calcium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 34.100 **S=** 13.637 **CV(1)=**0.400 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 68.505 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 3.466 **S=** 0.356 **CV(2)=**0.103 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 4.364 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	17.2	2.845
4/22/2002	22.4	3.109
7/15/2002	25.5	3.239
10/8/2002	26.4	3.273
1/8/2003	27.2	3.303
4/3/2003	30.3	3.411
7/9/2003	25.9	3.254
10/6/2003	27	3.296

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	67.3	4.209
1/7/2003	60.6	4.104
4/2/2003	47.2	3.854
7/9/2003	34.7	3.547
10/7/2003	37.1	3.614
1/6/2004	37.7	3.630
4/7/2004	32.2	3.472
7/14/2004	26.9	3.292

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	8.37	NO	2.125	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	23.3	NO	3.148	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	22.3	NO	3.105	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	65.9	NO	4.188	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	58.4	NO	4.067	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	21.8	NO	3.082	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	13.6	NO	2.610	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 72.938	**S=** 70.749	**CV(1)=** 0.970	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 251.437	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 4.000	**S=** 0.702	**CV(2)=** 0.175	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 5.770	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35	3.555
4/22/2002	35	3.555
7/15/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/8/2003	35	3.555
4/3/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/6/2003	35	3.555

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	260	5.561
1/7/2003	214	5.366
4/2/2003	147	4.990
7/9/2003	72	4.277
10/7/2003	56	4.025
1/6/2004	68	4.220
4/7/2004	35	3.555
7/14/2004	35	3.555

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	28.4	NO	3.346	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	23.7	NO	3.165	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	125	NO	4.828	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	23.7	NO	3.165	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Chloride UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 91.300 **S=** 86.959 **CV(1)=** 0.952 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 310.697 **LL(1)=** N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 3.620 **S=** 1.590 **CV(2)=** 0.439 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 7.631 **LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	8.3	2.116
10/8/2002	7.6	2.028
1/8/2003	7.7	2.041
4/3/2003	8.8	2.175
7/9/2003	8.1	2.092
10/6/2003	8.6	2.152
1/7/2004	7.6	2.028
4/6/2004	7.6	2.028

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	199.2	5.294
1/7/2003	199.7	5.297
4/2/2003	171.8	5.146
7/9/2003	178.7	5.186
10/7/2003	175.6	5.168
1/6/2004	170.4	5.138
4/7/2004	156.4	5.052
7/14/2004	144.7	4.975

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	1.21	NO	0.191	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	4.47	NO	1.497	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	3.68	NO	1.303	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	5.07	NO	1.623	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	4	NO	1.386	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	62.2	NO	4.130	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	4.45	NO	1.493	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Cobalt UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 0.007 **S=** 0.009 **CV(1)=** 1.314 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 0.031 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** -5.843 **S=** 1.392 **CV(2)=** -0.238 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** -2.331 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.01	-4.605
1/7/2003	0.01	-4.605
4/2/2003	0.01	-4.605
7/9/2003	0.00161	-6.432
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
1/6/2004	0.001	-6.908
4/7/2004	0.001	-6.908
7/14/2004	0.001	-6.908

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00198	N/A	-6.225	NO
MW368	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.000857	N/A	-7.062	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Conductivity UNITS: umho/cm UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 918.744 **S=** 417.257 **CV(1)=** 0.454 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 1971.483 **LL(1)=** N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 6.705 **S=** 0.550 **CV(2)=** 0.082 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 8.092 **LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	541	6.293
4/22/2002	643	6.466
7/15/2002	632	6.449
10/8/2002	631	6.447
1/8/2003	680	6.522
4/3/2003	749	6.619
7/9/2003	734	6.599
10/6/2003	753	6.624

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1007	6.915
10/8/2002	1680	7.427
1/7/2003	1715.9	7.448
4/2/2003	172	5.147
7/9/2003	1231	7.116
10/7/2003	1214	7.102
1/6/2004	1172	7.066
4/7/2004	1145	7.043

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	236	NO	5.464	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	731	NO	6.594	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	429	NO	6.061	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	643	NO	6.466	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	657	NO	6.488	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	670	NO	6.507	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	336	NO	5.817	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Copper UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.056	**S=** 0.072	**CV(1)=** 1.275	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.237	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.395	**S=** 0.915	**CV(2)=** -0.270	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.086	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/6/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/7/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.0124	N/A	-4.390	NO
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.00118	N/A	-6.742	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00577	N/A	-5.155	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.000844	N/A	-7.077	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00122	N/A	-6.709	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.000994	N/A	-6.914	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.000783	N/A	-7.152	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.138	**S=** 0.621	**CV(1)=** 0.546	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 2.704	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.013	**S=** 0.577	**CV(2)=** -43.069	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.441	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2.26	0.815
4/22/2002	1.15	0.140
7/15/2002	0.94	-0.062
10/8/2002	0.74	-0.301
1/8/2003	2.62	0.963
4/3/2003	1.5	0.405
7/9/2003	1.66	0.507
10/6/2003	1.28	0.247

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.6	-0.511
10/8/2002	0.67	-0.400
1/7/2003	0.23	-1.470
4/2/2003	0.65	-0.431
7/9/2003	0.92	-0.083
10/7/2003	0.99	-0.010
1/6/2004	1.11	0.104
4/7/2004	0.88	-0.128

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	4.04	YES	1.396	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	5.19	YES	1.647	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	4.59	YES	1.524	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	2.03	NO	0.708	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	1.27	NO	0.239	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	1.88	NO	0.631	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	1.61	NO	0.476	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW359
MW362
MW365

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Solids UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 590.000 **S=** 248.068 **CV(1)=** 0.420 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 1215.876 **LL(1)=** N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 6.308 **S=** 0.383 **CV(2)=** 0.061 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 7.274 **LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	274	5.613
4/22/2002	409	6.014
7/15/2002	418	6.035
10/8/2002	424	6.050
1/8/2003	431	6.066
4/3/2003	444	6.096
7/9/2003	445	6.098
10/6/2003	438	6.082

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	1136	7.035
1/7/2003	1101	7.004
4/2/2003	863	6.760
7/9/2003	682	6.525
10/7/2003	589	6.378
1/6/2004	603	6.402
4/7/2004	601	6.399
7/14/2004	582	6.366

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	171	NO	5.142	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	410	NO	6.016	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	241	NO	5.485	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	417	NO	6.033	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	403	NO	5.999	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	383	NO	5.948	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	189	NO	5.242	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Iron UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 6.612	**S=** 6.487	**CV(1)=** 0.981	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 22.979	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.363	**S=** 1.147	**CV(2)=** 0.841	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.256	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1.31	0.270
4/22/2002	0.913	-0.091
7/15/2002	0.881	-0.127
10/8/2002	3.86	1.351
1/8/2003	1.88	0.631
4/3/2003	3.18	1.157
7/9/2003	0.484	-0.726
10/6/2003	2.72	1.001

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	23	3.135
1/7/2003	13.9	2.632
4/2/2003	14	2.639
7/9/2003	14.2	2.653
10/7/2003	7.92	2.069
1/6/2004	7.86	2.062
4/7/2004	4.82	1.573
7/14/2004	4.87	1.583

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.0918	NO	-2.388	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0333	NO	-3.402	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.0755	NO	-2.584	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.58	NO	-0.545	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.816	NO	-0.203	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.0411	NO	-3.192	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Magnesium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 11.347 **S=** 3.019 **CV(1)=**0.266 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 18.963 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 2.401 **S=** 0.237 **CV(2)=**0.099 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 2.999 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	7.1	1.960
4/22/2002	9.77	2.279
7/15/2002	10.4	2.342
10/8/2002	10.2	2.322
1/8/2003	10.7	2.370
4/3/2003	11.9	2.477
7/9/2003	10.8	2.380
10/6/2003	10.9	2.389

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	20	2.996
1/7/2003	16.1	2.779
4/2/2003	13.1	2.573
7/9/2003	10.3	2.332
10/7/2003	11.1	2.407
1/6/2004	11	2.398
4/7/2004	9.69	2.271
7/14/2004	8.49	2.139

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	3.57	NO	1.273	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	9.77	NO	2.279	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	10.3	NO	2.332	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	18.2	NO	2.901	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	15.6	NO	2.747	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	6.38	NO	1.853	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	5.74	NO	1.747	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Manganese **UNITS: mg/L** **UCRS**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.248	**S=** 0.222	**CV(1)=** 0.894	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.809	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.873	**S=** 1.068	**CV(2)=** -0.570	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.821	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.063	-2.765
4/22/2002	0.067	-2.703
7/15/2002	0.074	-2.604
10/8/2002	0.0521	-2.955
1/8/2003	0.0385	-3.257
4/3/2003	0.0551	-2.899
7/9/2003	0.0546	-2.908
10/6/2003	0.0543	-2.913

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.596	-0.518
1/7/2003	0.565	-0.571
4/2/2003	0.675	-0.393
7/9/2003	0.397	-0.924
10/7/2003	0.312	-1.165
1/6/2004	0.299	-1.207
4/7/2004	0.329	-1.112
7/14/2004	0.342	-1.073

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.00228	NO	-6.084	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0542	NO	-2.915	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.0104	NO	-4.566	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.0168	NO	-4.086	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.201	NO	-1.604	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00125	NO	-6.685	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Molybdenum **UNITS: mg/L** **UCRS**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.006	**S=** 0.010	**CV(1)=** 1.650	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.030	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -6.108	**S=** 1.239	**CV(2)=** -0.203	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -2.983	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/8/2003	0.00121	-6.717
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.00111	-6.803
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.00222	-6.110
1/7/2003	0.00201	-6.210
4/2/2003	0.00159	-6.444
7/9/2003	0.00242	-6.024
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
1/6/2004	0.001	-6.908
4/7/2004	0.001	-6.908
7/14/2004	0.001	-6.908

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.000526	N/A	-7.550	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.000805	N/A	-7.125	NO
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.00055	N/A	-7.506	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.000265	N/A	-8.236	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Nickel UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.023	**S=** 0.022	**CV(1)=** 0.980	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.078	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -4.349	**S=** 1.109	**CV(2)=** -0.255	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.552	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/22/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.0124	-4.390
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/6/2003	0.005	-5.298

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.05	-2.996
1/7/2003	0.05	-2.996
4/2/2003	0.05	-2.996
7/9/2003	0.00794	-4.836
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
1/6/2004	0.005	-5.298
4/7/2004	0.005	-5.298
7/14/2004	0.005	-5.298

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.00568	NO	-5.171	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00603	NO	-5.111	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00108	NO	-6.831	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00236	NO	-6.049	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.000698	NO	-7.267	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential UNITS: mV UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 22.281	**S=** 78.889	**CV(1)=**3.541	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 221.319	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.642	**S=** 1.729	**CV(2)=**0.475	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 5.106	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	75	4.317
4/22/2002	165	5.106
7/15/2002	65	4.174
4/3/2003	-19	#Func!
7/9/2003	114	4.736
10/6/2003	-22	#Func!
1/7/2004	20.5	3.020
4/6/2004	113	4.727

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	135	4.905
4/2/2003	-56	#Func!
7/9/2003	-68	#Func!
10/7/2003	-50	#Func!
1/6/2004	-85	#Func!
4/7/2004	6	1.792
7/14/2004	-38	#Func!
10/7/2004	1	0.000

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	463	N/A	6.138	YES
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	458	N/A	6.127	YES
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	367	N/A	5.905	YES
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	245	N/A	5.501	YES
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	321	N/A	5.771	YES
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	233	N/A	5.451	YES
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	277	N/A	5.624	YES

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW359
MW362
MW365
MW368
MW371
MW374
MW375

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

PCB, Total UNITS: UG/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 0.224 **S=** 0.207 **CV(1)=** 0.922 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 0.746 **LL(1)=** N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** -1.647 **S=** 0.440 **CV(2)=** -0.267 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** -0.537 **LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/15/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/9/2003	0.17	-1.772
10/6/2003	0.17	-1.772
7/13/2004	0.18	-1.715
7/25/2005	0.17	-1.772
4/5/2006	0.18	-1.715

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/9/2003	0.17	-1.772
10/7/2003	0.17	-1.772
7/14/2004	0.18	-1.715
7/26/2005	0.17	-1.772
4/6/2006	0.18	-1.715
7/10/2006	0.17	-1.772
10/12/2006	0.17	-1.772
1/8/2007	0.17	-1.772

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.119	N/A	-2.129	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.0974	N/A	-2.329	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0724	NO	-2.626	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.0908	NO	-2.399	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.0978	N/A	-2.325	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.0997	N/A	-2.306	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.104	N/A	-2.263	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

PCB-1242 **UNITS: UG/L** **UCRS**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.159	**S=** 0.224	**CV(1)=** 1.409	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.726	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -2.134	**S=** 0.579	**CV(2)=** -0.272	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -0.672	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/15/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/9/2003	0.13	-2.040
10/6/2003	0.09	-2.408
7/13/2004	0.1	-2.303
7/25/2005	0.09	-2.408
4/5/2006	0.1	-2.303

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/9/2003	0.13	-2.040
10/7/2003	0.09	-2.408
7/14/2004	0.1	-2.303
7/26/2005	0.1	-2.303
4/6/2006	0.1	-2.303
7/10/2006	0.1	-2.303
10/12/2006	0.1	-2.303
1/8/2007	0.1	-2.303

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.119	N/A	-2.129	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.0974	N/A	-2.329	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0724	N/A	-2.626	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.0908	N/A	-2.399	NO
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.0978	N/A	-2.325	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.0997	N/A	-2.306	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.104	N/A	-2.263	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

pH UNITS: Std Unit UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 6.619 **S=** 0.295 **CV(1)=**0.045 **K factor**=** 2.904 **TL(1)=** 7.475 **LL(1)=**5.7635

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 1.889 **S=** 0.046 **CV(2)=**0.024 **K factor**=** 2.904 **TL(2)=** 2.023 **LL(2)=**1.7548

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	6.3	1.841
4/22/2002	6.5	1.872
7/15/2002	6.5	1.872
10/8/2002	6.6	1.887
1/8/2003	6.6	1.887
4/3/2003	6.9	1.932
7/9/2003	6.7	1.902
10/6/2003	7	1.946

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5.75	1.749
10/8/2002	6.6	1.887
1/7/2003	6.82	1.920
4/2/2003	6.86	1.926
7/9/2003	6.7	1.902
10/7/2003	6.6	1.887
1/6/2004	6.9	1.932
4/7/2004	6.58	1.884

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)? Result <LL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)? LN(Result) <LL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	6.21	NO	1.826	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	7	NO	1.946	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	6.28	NO	1.837	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	6.63	NO	1.892	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	6.6	NO	1.887	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	6.78	NO	1.914	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	6.82	NO	1.920	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Potassium **UNITS: mg/L** **UCRS**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.262	**S=** 0.907	**CV(1)=**0.718	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 3.549	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.023	**S=** 0.752	**CV(2)=**-32.218	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.874	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.408	-0.896
1/8/2003	0.384	-0.957
4/3/2003	0.368	-1.000
7/9/2003	0.587	-0.533
10/6/2003	0.382	-0.962

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	3.04	1.112
1/7/2003	2.83	1.040
4/2/2003	2	0.693
7/9/2003	1.09	0.086
10/7/2003	0.802	-0.221
1/6/2004	0.897	-0.109
4/7/2004	0.689	-0.373
7/14/2004	0.716	-0.334

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.138	NO	-1.981	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.331	NO	-1.106	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.252	NO	-1.378	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.61	NO	-0.494	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.551	NO	-0.596	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.421	NO	-0.865	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.267	NO	-1.321	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sodium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 183.063 **S=** 73.222 **CV(1)=** 0.400 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 367.800 **LL(1)=** N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.146 **S=** 0.356 **CV(2)=** 0.069 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.044 **LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	129	4.860
4/22/2002	131	4.875
7/15/2002	127	4.844
10/8/2002	123	4.812
1/8/2003	128	4.852
4/3/2003	144	4.970
7/9/2003	126	4.836
10/6/2003	120	4.787

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	336	5.817
1/7/2003	329	5.796
4/2/2003	287	5.659
7/9/2003	181	5.198
10/7/2003	182	5.204
1/6/2004	206	5.328
4/7/2004	182	5.204
7/14/2004	198	5.288

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	34.7	NO	3.547	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	145	NO	4.977	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	50.4	NO	3.920	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	50.1	NO	3.914	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	84	NO	4.431	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	135	NO	4.905	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	52.4	NO	3.959	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sulfate **UNITS: mg/L** **UCRS**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 6.469	**S=** 3.153	**CV(1)=**0.487	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 14.423	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.794	**S=** 0.357	**CV(2)=**0.199	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.694	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	16.3	2.791
4/22/2002	8.6	2.152
7/15/2002	6.7	1.902
10/8/2002	5	1.609
1/8/2003	5	1.609
4/3/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	5	1.609
10/6/2003	5	1.609

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	5	1.609
1/7/2003	5	1.609
4/2/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	5.6	1.723
10/7/2003	5	1.609
1/6/2004	5	1.609
4/7/2004	11.3	2.425
7/14/2004	5	1.609

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	43.8	YES	3.780	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	30.8	YES	3.428	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	56	YES	4.025	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	118	YES	4.771	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	30	YES	3.401	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	6.43	NO	1.861	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	22.9	YES	3.131	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW359
MW362
MW365
MW368
MW371
MW375

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Carbon (TOC) UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 17.631	**S=** 24.314	**CV(1)=** 1.379	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 78.977	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.318	**S=** 0.979	**CV(2)=** 0.422	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.788	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	11.1	2.407
4/22/2002	7	1.946
7/15/2002	4.1	1.411
10/8/2002	6	1.792
1/8/2003	5.3	1.668
4/3/2003	5.3	1.668
7/9/2003	2.9	1.065
10/6/2003	3.2	1.163

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	90	4.500
1/7/2003	64	4.159
4/2/2003	25	3.219
7/9/2003	16	2.773
10/7/2003	13	2.565
1/6/2004	10	2.303
4/7/2004	7.2	1.974
7/14/2004	12	2.485

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	1.82	N/A	0.599	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	2.23	N/A	0.802	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	1.56	N/A	0.445	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	1.66	N/A	0.507	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	2.06	N/A	0.723	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	2.47	N/A	0.904	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.916	N/A	-0.088	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Halides (TOX) UNITS: ug/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 214.094 **S=** 231.089 **CV(1)=** 1.079 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 797.131 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 4.867 **S=** 1.065 **CV(2)=** 0.219 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 7.554 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	50	3.912
4/22/2002	105	4.654
7/15/2002	70	4.248
10/8/2002	52	3.951
1/8/2003	20.2	3.006
4/3/2003	104	4.644
7/9/2003	34.2	3.532
10/6/2003	46.1	3.831

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	903	6.806
1/7/2003	539	6.290
4/2/2003	295	5.687
7/9/2003	272	5.606
10/7/2003	197	5.283
1/6/2004	330	5.799
4/7/2004	183	5.209
7/14/2004	225	5.416

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	3.54	N/A	1.264	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	15.8	N/A	2.760	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	20.3	N/A	3.011	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	4.52	N/A	1.509	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	3.74	N/A	1.319	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	20.2	N/A	3.006	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	5.52	N/A	1.708	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Vanadium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.055	**S=** 0.072	**CV(1)=** 1.319	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.237	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.438	**S=** 0.912	**CV(2)=** -0.265	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.138	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/6/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/7/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.00871	N/A	-4.743	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.02	N/A	-3.912	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.02	N/A	-3.912	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00389	N/A	-5.549	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00471	N/A	-5.358	NO
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.02	N/A	-3.912	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.02	N/A	-3.912	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Zinc UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.060	**S=** 0.083	**CV(1)=** 1.380	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.270	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.259	**S=** 0.840	**CV(2)=** -0.258	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.140	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/22/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/15/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/8/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/3/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.0376	-3.281
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/7/2003	0.35	-1.050
4/2/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/6/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/7/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.0217	N/A	-3.830	NO
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.00731	N/A	-4.919	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0104	N/A	-4.566	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00622	N/A	-5.080	NO
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.00646	N/A	-5.042	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.0043	N/A	-5.449	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00441	N/A	-5.424	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Acetone UNITS: ug/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 372.563 **S=** 1447.319 **CV(1)=** 3.885 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 4024.149 **LL(1)=** N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 2.736 **S=** 1.603 **CV(2)=** 0.586 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.780 **LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5	1.609
4/22/2002	10	2.303
7/15/2002	14	2.639
10/8/2002	10	2.303
1/8/2003	10	2.303
4/3/2003	10	2.303
7/8/2003	10	2.303
10/6/2003	5800	8.666

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	14	2.639
4/23/2002	10	2.303
7/16/2002	10	2.303
10/8/2002	10	2.303
1/7/2003	10	2.303
4/2/2003	10	2.303
7/9/2003	18	2.890
10/7/2003	10	2.303

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	No	1.89	N/A	0.637	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	3.06	N/A	1.118	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	5	N/A	1.609	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	3.17	N/A	1.154	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	5	N/A	1.609	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	5.16	N/A	1.641	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Aluminum UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.625	**S=** 0.774	**CV(1)=** 1.239	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 2.578	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.973	**S=** 0.935	**CV(2)=** -0.961	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.386	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.255	-1.366
4/22/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.322	-1.133
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.689	-0.373

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	2.61	0.959
4/23/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/16/2002	1.14	0.131
10/8/2002	0.862	-0.149
1/7/2003	2.32	0.842
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.101	N/A	-2.293	NO
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0197	N/A	-3.927	NO
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Antimony **UNITS: mg/L** **URGA**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.078	**S=** 0.098	**CV(1)=** 1.248	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.324	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.915	**S=** 1.844	**CV(2)=** -0.471	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.739	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.2	-1.609
4/22/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/6/2003	0.005	-5.298

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.2	-1.609
4/23/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/16/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/2/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.0012	N/A	-6.725	NO
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.00114	N/A	-6.777	NO
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.00117	N/A	-6.751	NO
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.00122	N/A	-6.709	NO
MW369	Upgradient	No	0.003	N/A	-5.809	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.003	N/A	-5.809	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Beta activity UNITS: pCi/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 15.996	**S=** 11.899	**CV(1)=**0.744	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 46.017	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.497	**S=** 0.783	**CV(2)=**0.314	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.473	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW369	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	32.5	3.481
4/22/2002	35.4	3.567
7/15/2002	12.9	2.557
10/8/2002	7.59	2.027
1/8/2003	9.58	2.260
4/3/2003	6.69	1.901
7/8/2003	9.1	2.208
10/6/2003	7.31	1.989

Well Number:	MW372	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	28.5	3.350
4/23/2002	5.37	1.681
7/16/2002	19.9	2.991
10/8/2002	38.7	3.656
1/7/2003	13	2.565
4/2/2003	3.94	1.371
7/9/2003	3.56	1.270
10/7/2003	21.9	3.086

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	36.9	N/A	3.608	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	13.6	N/A	2.610	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	11.3	N/A	2.425	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	66.2	YES	4.193	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	14.8	N/A	2.695	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	105	YES	4.654	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW366
MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Boron UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.985	**S=** 0.825	**CV(1)=** 0.838	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 3.067	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.430	**S=** 0.990	**CV(2)=** -2.302	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.068	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	2	0.693
4/23/2002	2	0.693
7/16/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.492	-0.709
1/7/2003	0.492	-0.709
4/2/2003	0.6	-0.511
7/9/2003	0.57	-0.562
10/7/2003	0.604	-0.504

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.323	NO	-1.130	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.0298	NO	-3.513	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.0217	NO	-3.830	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.0933	NO	-2.372	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0105	NO	-4.556	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.956	NO	-0.045	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Bromide **UNITS: mg/L** **URGA**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.000	**S=** 0.000	**CV(1)=** 0.000	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 1.000	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.000	**S=** 0.000	**CV(2)=** #Num!	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.000	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	1	0.000
7/15/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/8/2003	1	0.000
4/3/2003	1	0.000
7/8/2003	1	0.000
10/6/2003	1	0.000

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1	0.000
7/16/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/7/2003	1	0.000
4/2/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/7/2003	1	0.000

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.351	NO	-1.047	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.162	NO	-1.820	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.138	NO	-1.981	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.459	NO	-0.779	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.346	NO	-1.061	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.572	NO	-0.559	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Calcium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 32.763	**S=** 9.391	**CV(1)=**0.287	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 56.456	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.449	**S=** 0.299	**CV(2)=**0.087	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.202	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	29.5	3.384
4/22/2002	29.8	3.395
7/15/2002	25.3	3.231
10/8/2002	21.9	3.086
1/8/2003	20.9	3.040
4/3/2003	22.2	3.100
7/8/2003	22.9	3.131
10/6/2003	21.7	3.077

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	41.5	3.726
4/23/2002	43.6	3.775
7/16/2002	40.4	3.699
10/8/2002	38.8	3.658
1/7/2003	41.1	3.716
4/2/2003	42.9	3.759
7/9/2003	35.1	3.558
10/7/2003	46.6	3.842

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	27.1	NO	3.300	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	21.4	NO	3.063	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	27.2	NO	3.303	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	30.5	NO	3.418	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	15.5	NO	2.741	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	59.4	YES	4.084	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 35.938	**S=** 3.750	**CV(1)=** 0.104	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 45.399	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.578	**S=** 0.089	**CV(2)=** 0.025	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.803	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35	3.555
4/22/2002	35	3.555
7/15/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	50	3.912
1/8/2003	35	3.555
4/3/2003	35	3.555
7/8/2003	35	3.555
10/6/2003	35	3.555

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	35	3.555
4/23/2002	35	3.555
7/16/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/7/2003	35	3.555
4/2/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/7/2003	35	3.555

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	18.9	NO	2.939	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	45.3	NO	3.813	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	85.3	YES	4.446	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Chloride UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 44.119	**S=** 4.554	**CV(1)=** 0.103	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 55.607	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.782	**S=** 0.099	**CV(2)=** 0.026	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.033	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	48.3	3.877
10/8/2002	47.7	3.865
1/8/2003	45.7	3.822
4/3/2003	47.4	3.859
7/8/2003	55.9	4.024
10/6/2003	47.4	3.859
1/7/2004	45.5	3.818
4/7/2004	43.4	3.770

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/16/2002	39.8	3.684
10/8/2002	41	3.714
1/7/2003	39.4	3.674
4/2/2003	39.2	3.669
7/9/2003	39.8	3.684
10/7/2003	40	3.689
1/5/2004	43.4	3.770
4/5/2004	42	3.738

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	31.7	NO	3.456	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	11.1	NO	2.407	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	30.5	NO	3.418	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	38.5	NO	3.651	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	31.6	NO	3.453	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	47.6	NO	3.863	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Cobalt UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.025	**S=** 0.021	**CV(1)=** 0.845	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.077	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -4.090	**S=** 1.006	**CV(2)=** -0.246	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.553	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00938	-4.669
1/8/2003	0.00548	-5.207
4/3/2003	0.00587	-5.138
7/8/2003	0.0541	-2.917
10/6/2003	0.0689	-2.675

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00158	-6.450
1/7/2003	0.0147	-4.220
4/2/2003	0.0116	-4.457
7/9/2003	0.0653	-2.729
10/7/2003	0.00788	-4.843

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.00232	NO	-6.066	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.000708	NO	-7.253	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.0039	NO	-5.547	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00433	NO	-5.442	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Conductivity UNITS: umho/cm URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 482.856 **S=** 57.603 **CV(1)=** 0.119 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 628.189 **LL(1)=** N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 6.173 **S=** 0.123 **CV(2)=** 0.020 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.484 **LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	388	5.961
4/22/2002	404	6.001
7/15/2002	394	5.976
10/8/2002	403	5.999
1/8/2003	520	6.254
4/3/2003	487	6.188
7/8/2003	478	6.170
10/6/2003	476	6.165

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	508	6.230
4/23/2002	501	6.217
7/16/2002	507	6.229
10/8/2002	495	6.205
1/7/2003	508.7	6.232
4/2/2003	515	6.244
7/9/2003	576	6.356
10/7/2003	565	6.337

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	419	NO	6.038	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	420	NO	6.040	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	427	NO	6.057	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	466	NO	6.144	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	367	NO	5.905	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	697	YES	6.547	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Copper UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.025	**S=** 0.010	**CV(1)=** 0.400	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.050	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.742	**S=** 0.307	**CV(2)=** -0.082	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -2.967	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/2/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.000915	N/A	-6.997	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.000616	N/A	-7.392	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.00377	NO	-5.581	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00121	NO	-6.717	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.000537	NO	-7.530	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.781	**S=** 1.351	**CV(1)=**0.759	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 5.190	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.228	**S=** 1.065	**CV(2)=**4.665	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.915	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5.41	1.688
4/22/2002	1.57	0.451
7/15/2002	0.8	-0.223
10/8/2002	1.09	0.086
1/8/2003	2.69	0.990
4/3/2003	2.04	0.713
7/8/2003	1.19	0.174
10/6/2003	1.78	0.577

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	3.89	1.358
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/16/2002	1.33	0.285
10/8/2002	2.66	0.978
1/7/2003	0.4	-0.916
4/2/2003	0.91	-0.094
7/9/2003	1.42	0.351
10/7/2003	1.26	0.231

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	3.21	NO	1.166	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	2.17	NO	0.775	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	1.02	NO	0.020	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	4.26	NO	1.449	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	1.88	NO	0.631	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	1.93	NO	0.658	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Solids UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 285.188 **S=** 44.908 **CV(1)=** 0.157 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 398.489 **LL(1)=** N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.640 **S=** 0.175 **CV(2)=** 0.031 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.080 **LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	173	5.153
4/22/2002	246	5.505
7/15/2002	232	5.447
10/8/2002	275	5.617
1/8/2003	269	5.595
4/3/2003	250	5.521
7/8/2003	295	5.687
10/6/2003	276	5.620

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	295	5.687
4/23/2002	322	5.775
7/16/2002	329	5.796
10/8/2002	290	5.670
1/7/2003	316	5.756
4/2/2003	311	5.740
7/9/2003	347	5.849
10/7/2003	337	5.820

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	274	NO	5.613	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	250	NO	5.521	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	263	NO	5.572	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	256	NO	5.545	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	227	NO	5.425	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	466	YES	6.144	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Iron UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 7.385	**S=** 6.991	**CV(1)=**0.947	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 25.024	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.358	**S=** 1.323	**CV(2)=**0.974	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.697	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.656	-0.422
4/22/2002	0.695	-0.364
7/15/2002	7.1	1.960
10/8/2002	21.5	3.068
1/8/2003	18.5	2.918
4/3/2003	14.9	2.701
7/8/2003	11.3	2.425
10/6/2003	14.9	2.701

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	5.95	1.783
4/23/2002	0.792	-0.233
7/16/2002	1.78	0.577
10/8/2002	0.776	-0.254
1/7/2003	3.55	1.267
4/2/2003	5.02	1.613
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	0.733	-0.311

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.554	NO	-0.591	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.0703	NO	-2.655	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.35	NO	-1.050	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.124	NO	-2.087	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.14	NO	-1.966	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Magnesium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 12.864	**S=** 3.505	**CV(1)=** 0.272	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 21.707	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.517	**S=** 0.290	**CV(2)=** 0.115	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.248	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	11.4	2.434
4/22/2002	12	2.485
7/15/2002	10	2.303
10/8/2002	8.62	2.154
1/8/2003	7.89	2.066
4/3/2003	7.97	2.076
7/8/2003	10.3	2.332
10/6/2003	9.14	2.213

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	15.7	2.754
4/23/2002	16.6	2.809
7/16/2002	15.4	2.734
10/8/2002	15.8	2.760
1/7/2003	15.8	2.760
4/2/2003	16.4	2.797
7/9/2003	15.2	2.721
10/7/2003	17.6	2.868

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	10.8	NO	2.380	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	8.21	NO	2.105	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	10.9	NO	2.389	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	12.2	NO	2.501	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	7.28	NO	1.985	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	22	YES	3.091	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Manganese **UNITS: mg/L** **URGA**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.413	**S=** 0.274	**CV(1)=** 0.664	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 1.105	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.226	**S=** 1.008	**CV(2)=** -0.822	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.317	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.034	-3.381
4/22/2002	0.062	-2.781
7/15/2002	0.436	-0.830
10/8/2002	0.867	-0.143
1/8/2003	0.828	-0.189
4/3/2003	0.672	-0.397
7/8/2003	0.321	-1.136
10/6/2003	0.714	-0.337

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.205	-1.585
4/23/2002	0.345	-1.064
7/16/2002	0.21	-1.561
10/8/2002	0.0539	-2.921
1/7/2003	0.537	-0.622
4/2/2003	0.415	-0.879
7/9/2003	0.654	-0.425
10/7/2003	0.254	-1.370

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.00711	NO	-4.946	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.0326	NO	-3.423	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.118	NO	-2.137	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.679	NO	-0.387	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0143	NO	-4.247	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.00125	NO	-6.685	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Nickel **UNITS: mg/L** **URGA**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.024	**S=** 0.021	**CV(1)=** 0.910	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.078	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -4.246	**S=** 1.075	**CV(2)=** -0.253	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.535	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/22/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/8/2003	0.013	-4.343
10/6/2003	0.0104	-4.566

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/2/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.019	-3.963
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.000803	NO	-7.127	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.0112	NO	-4.492	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.00729	NO	-4.921	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00244	NO	-6.016	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential UNITS: mV URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 74.563	**S=** 94.243	**CV(1)=** 1.264	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 312.337	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 4.554	**S=** 0.784	**CV(2)=** 0.172	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 5.371	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	215	5.371
4/22/2002	110	4.700
7/15/2002	20	2.996
1/8/2003	-5	#Func!
4/3/2003	-18	#Func!
7/8/2003	-67	#Func!
10/6/2003	-1	#Func!
1/7/2004	55	4.007

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	210	5.347
4/23/2002	65	4.174
7/16/2002	215	5.371
10/8/2002	185	5.220
1/7/2003	45	3.807
4/2/2003	65	4.174
7/9/2003	-39	#Func!
10/7/2003	138	4.927

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	448	N/A	6.105	YES
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	381	N/A	5.943	YES
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	407	N/A	6.009	YES
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	269	N/A	5.595	YES
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	347	N/A	5.849	YES
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	303	N/A	5.714	YES

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW357
MW360
MW363
MW366
MW369
MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

PCB, Total UNITS: UG/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.390	**S=** 0.350	**CV(1)=** 0.897	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 1.272	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.238	**S=** 0.737	**CV(2)=** -0.595	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.622	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/15/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/8/2003	1.15	0.140
10/6/2003	0.605	-0.503
7/13/2004	0.42	-0.868
7/20/2005	0.28	-1.273
4/4/2006	0.23	-1.470

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/16/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/9/2003	0.17	-1.772
10/7/2003	0.17	-1.772
7/14/2004	0.18	-1.715
7/21/2005	0.17	-1.772
4/5/2006	0.18	-1.715

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.0973	N/A	-2.330	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.0975	N/A	-2.328	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.0962	N/A	-2.341	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.0466	NO	-3.066	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	0.0999	N/A	-2.304	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

PCB-1242 UNITS: UG/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.281	**S=** 0.383	**CV(1)=** 1.361	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 1.247	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.835	**S=** 0.938	**CV(2)=** -0.511	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.532	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW369	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/15/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/8/2003	1.15	0.140
10/6/2003	0.09	-2.408
7/13/2004	0.1	-2.303
7/20/2005	0.1	-2.303
4/4/2006	0.1	-2.303

Well Number:	MW372	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/16/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/9/2003	0.13	-2.040
10/7/2003	0.09	-2.408
7/14/2004	0.1	-2.303
7/21/2005	0.1	-2.303
4/5/2006	0.1	-2.303

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.0973	N/A	-2.330	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.0975	N/A	-2.328	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.0962	N/A	-2.341	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.0466	N/A	-3.066	NO
MW369	Upgradient	No	0.0999	N/A	-2.304	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

pH UNITS: Std Unit URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 6.274	**S=** 0.194	**CV(1)=**0.031	**K factor**=** 2.904	**TL(1)=** 6.837	**LL(1)=**5.7114
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.836	**S=** 0.031	**CV(2)=**0.017	**K factor**=** 2.904	**TL(2)=** 1.925	**LL(2)=**1.7467

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	6.1	1.808
4/22/2002	6.1	1.808
7/15/2002	6.1	1.808
10/8/2002	6.5	1.872
1/8/2003	6.5	1.872
4/3/2003	6.6	1.887
7/8/2003	6.5	1.872
10/6/2003	6.5	1.872

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	6.1	1.808
4/23/2002	6.12	1.812
7/16/2002	6.1	1.808
10/8/2002	6.06	1.802
1/7/2003	6.26	1.834
4/2/2003	6.15	1.816
7/9/2003	6.3	1.841
10/7/2003	6.4	1.856

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)? Result <LL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)? LN(Result) <LL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	6.27	NO	1.836	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	6.4	NO	1.856	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	6.2	NO	1.825	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	6.68	NO	1.899	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	6.19	NO	1.823	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	6.37	NO	1.852	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Potassium **UNITS: mg/L** **URGA**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.663	**S=** 0.488	**CV(1)=**0.293	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 2.895	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.456	**S=** 0.362	**CV(2)=**0.794	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.368	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2.21	0.793
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.966	-0.035
1/8/2003	0.727	-0.319
4/3/2003	0.8	-0.223
7/8/2003	1.62	0.482
10/6/2003	1.14	0.131

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	2.04	0.713
4/23/2002	2.03	0.708
7/16/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	1.54	0.432
1/7/2003	1.88	0.631
4/2/2003	2.09	0.737
7/9/2003	1.78	0.577
10/7/2003	1.79	0.582

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	1.73	NO	0.548	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.747	NO	-0.292	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	1.85	NO	0.615	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	1.74	NO	0.554	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.519	NO	-0.656	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	2.44	NO	0.892	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sodium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 45.100	**S=** 11.875	**CV(1)=** 0.263	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 75.061	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.780	**S=** 0.242	**CV(2)=** 0.064	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.390	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW369	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35.7	3.575
4/22/2002	37.6	3.627
7/15/2002	42.4	3.747
10/8/2002	66.9	4.203
1/8/2003	67.9	4.218
4/3/2003	61.8	4.124
7/8/2003	45.6	3.820
10/6/2003	59.1	4.079

Well Number:	MW372	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	37.2	3.616
4/23/2002	38.6	3.653
7/16/2002	35.6	3.572
10/8/2002	37.5	3.624
1/7/2003	34.1	3.529
4/2/2003	34.4	3.538
7/9/2003	44.1	3.786
10/7/2003	43.1	3.764

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	41.6	NO	3.728	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	65.9	NO	4.188	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	39	NO	3.664	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	46.3	NO	3.835	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	57	NO	4.043	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	66.4	NO	4.196	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sulfate UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 45.031	**S=** 33.919	**CV(1)=**0.753	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 130.609	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.420	**S=** 0.981	**CV(2)=**0.287	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 5.894	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	15.5	2.741
4/22/2002	15.8	2.760
7/15/2002	13.8	2.625
10/8/2002	6.9	1.932
1/8/2003	10.5	2.351
4/3/2003	10.5	2.351
7/8/2003	10.9	2.389
10/6/2003	16.3	2.791

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	71.7	4.272
4/23/2002	74.7	4.313
7/16/2002	74.1	4.305
10/8/2002	70.5	4.256
1/7/2003	75.8	4.328
4/2/2003	81.8	4.404
7/9/2003	83.6	4.426
10/7/2003	88.1	4.478

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	43.5	NO	3.773	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	13.6	NO	2.610	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	24.5	NO	3.199	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	42.2	NO	3.742	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	5.09	NO	1.627	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	89.6	NO	4.495	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Technetium-99 UNITS: pCi/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 20.821	**S=** 18.044	**CV(1)=** 0.867	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 66.344	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.770	**S=** 1.150	**CV(2)=** 0.415	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.972	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	41.7	3.731
4/22/2002	53.1	3.972
7/15/2002	18.1	2.896
10/8/2002	16.4	2.797
1/8/2003	3.49	1.250
4/3/2003	9.34	2.234
7/8/2003	17.5	2.862
10/6/2003	17	2.833

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	44.8	3.802
4/23/2002	0.802	-0.221
7/16/2002	19.8	2.986
10/8/2002	46.1	3.831
1/7/2003	-0.973	#Func!
4/2/2003	9.07	2.205
7/9/2003	0	#Func!
10/7/2003	36.9	3.608

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	25.2	NO	3.227	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	7.92	N/A	2.069	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	5.41	N/A	1.688	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	30	NO	3.401	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	30.1	NO	3.405	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	194	YES	5.268	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Carbon (TOC) UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 3.513	**S=** 4.307	**CV(1)=** 1.226	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 14.378	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.851	**S=** 0.828	**CV(2)=** 0.973	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.940	**LL(2)=** N/A

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1.7	0.531
4/22/2002	1.6	0.470
7/15/2002	3.1	1.131
10/8/2002	17.7	2.874
1/8/2003	9	2.197
4/3/2003	4	1.386
7/8/2003	4.9	1.589
10/6/2003	2.4	0.875

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1.2	0.182
7/16/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/7/2003	1.6	0.470
4/2/2003	1.5	0.405
7/9/2003	3	1.099
10/7/2003	1.5	0.405

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.728	N/A	-0.317	NO
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	1.21	N/A	0.191	NO
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	1.08	N/A	0.077	NO
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.92	N/A	-0.083	NO
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	1.38	N/A	0.322	NO
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	1.35	N/A	0.300	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Halides (TOX) UNITS: ug/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 67.963	**S=** 64.316	**CV(1)=** 0.946	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 230.231	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.772	**S=** 1.023	**CV(2)=** 0.271	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 6.353	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	50	3.912
4/22/2002	50	3.912
7/15/2002	81	4.394
10/8/2002	202	5.308
1/8/2003	177	5.176
4/3/2003	93.1	4.534
7/8/2003	17.5	2.862
10/6/2003	37.5	3.624

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	184	5.215
4/23/2002	50	3.912
7/16/2002	50	3.912
10/8/2002	50	3.912
1/7/2003	10	2.303
4/2/2003	12.7	2.542
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	12.6	2.534

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	4.58	NO	1.522	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	10.4	NO	2.342	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	5.28	NO	1.664	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	11	NO	2.398	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	33.6	NO	3.515	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	5.2	NO	1.649	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Acetone UNITS: ug/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 51.625	**S=** 137.818	**CV(1)=**2.670	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 399.340	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.777	**S=** 1.127	**CV(2)=**0.406	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 5.621	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	18	2.890
4/23/2002	110	4.700
7/15/2002	10	2.303
10/8/2002	18	2.890
1/8/2003	10	2.303
4/3/2003	10	2.303
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/6/2003	10	2.303

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	9	2.197
4/23/2002	560	6.328
7/16/2002	10	2.303
10/8/2002	10	2.303
1/7/2003	10	2.303
4/2/2003	10	2.303
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	11	2.398

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	No	2.24	N/A	0.806	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	1.89	N/A	0.637	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	1.96	N/A	0.673	NO
MW367	Downgradient	No	5	N/A	1.609	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	No	5	N/A	0.788	NO
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	2.2	N/A	1.609	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	2.2	N/A	0.788	NO
MW370	Upgradient	No	1.8	N/A	0.588	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	2.91	N/A	1.068	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Aluminum UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 2.026	**S=** 5.626	**CV(1)=**2.777	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 16.219	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.803	**S=** 1.380	**CV(2)=**-1.718	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.678	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	4.66	1.539
4/23/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	22.7	3.122
4/23/2002	1.46	0.378
7/16/2002	0.253	-1.374
10/8/2002	0.482	-0.730
1/7/2003	0.608	-0.498
4/2/2003	0.446	-0.807
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.0461	N/A	-3.077	NO
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.0255	N/A	-3.669	NO
MW367	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Antimony UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.078	**S=** 0.098	**CV(1)=** 1.248	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.324	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.915	**S=** 1.844	**CV(2)=** -0.471	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.739	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.2	-1.609
4/23/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/6/2003	0.005	-5.298

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.2	-1.609
4/23/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/16/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/2/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.00111	N/A	-6.803	NO
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.003	N/A	-5.809	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.0012	N/A	-6.725	NO
MW367	Downgradient	No	0.003	N/A	-6.840	NO
MW367	Downgradient	No	0.003	N/A	-5.809	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.00107	N/A	-6.840	NO
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.00107	N/A	-5.809	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.003	N/A	-5.809	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.003	N/A	-5.809	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Beta activity UNITS: pCi/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 9.815	**S=** 7.838	**CV(1)=** 0.799	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 29.591	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.072	**S=** 0.630	**CV(2)=** 0.304	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.662	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	10.1	2.313
4/23/2002	4.46	1.495
7/15/2002	6.58	1.884
10/8/2002	4.9	1.589
1/8/2003	4.47	1.497
4/3/2003	8.65	2.158
7/9/2003	3.66	1.297
10/6/2003	5.38	1.683

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	15.1	2.715
4/23/2002	6.26	1.834
7/16/2002	6.22	1.828
10/8/2002	4.06	1.401
1/7/2003	11.2	2.416
4/2/2003	18.5	2.918
7/9/2003	13.3	2.588
10/7/2003	34.2	3.532

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	29.5	N/A	3.384	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	46.9	N/A	3.848	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	36.2	N/A	3.589	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	No	9.4	N/A	2.241	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	70.1	YES	4.250	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	17.3	N/A	2.851	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW370

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Boron UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.140	**S=** 0.780	**CV(1)=**0.684	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 3.108	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.235	**S=** 1.006	**CV(2)=**-4.287	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.303	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	2	0.693
4/23/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/23/2002	2	0.693
7/16/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.79	-0.236
1/7/2003	0.807	-0.214
4/2/2003	1.13	0.122
7/9/2003	1.28	0.247
10/7/2003	1.24	0.215

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.371	NO	-0.992	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.1	NO	-2.303	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.02	NO	-3.912	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.0248	NO	-3.697	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.0401	NO	-3.216	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	1.44	NO	0.365	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Bromide **UNITS: mg/L** **LRGA**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.000	**S=** 0.000	**CV(1)=** 0.000	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 1.000	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.000	**S=** 0.000	**CV(2)=** #Num!	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.000	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1	0.000
7/15/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/8/2003	1	0.000
4/3/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/6/2003	1	0.000

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1	0.000
7/16/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/7/2003	1	0.000
4/2/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/7/2003	1	0.000

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.443	NO	-0.814	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.452	NO	-0.794	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.426	NO	-0.853	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.169	NO	-1.778	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.436	NO	-0.830	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.558	NO	-0.583	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Calcium UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 43.413	**S=** 13.444	**CV(1)=** 0.310	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 77.331	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.723	**S=** 0.323	**CV(2)=** 0.087	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.539	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	34.8	3.550
4/23/2002	43.4	3.770
7/15/2002	33.2	3.503
10/8/2002	29.2	3.374
1/8/2003	31.3	3.444
4/3/2003	32.4	3.478
7/9/2003	22.9	3.131
10/6/2003	28	3.332

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	61.9	4.126
4/23/2002	59.2	4.081
7/16/2002	47.6	3.863
10/8/2002	46.1	3.831
1/7/2003	49.2	3.896
4/2/2003	57.8	4.057
7/9/2003	52.7	3.965
10/7/2003	64.9	4.173

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	35.3	NO	3.564	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	34.8	NO	3.550	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	31.4	NO	3.447	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	15.5	NO	2.741	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	28.9	NO	3.364	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	69.8	NO	4.246	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 41.938	**S=** 24.732	**CV(1)=** 0.590	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 104.336	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.658	**S=** 0.339	**CV(2)=** 0.093	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.512	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	35	3.555
4/23/2002	134	4.898
7/15/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/8/2003	35	3.555
4/3/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/6/2003	35	3.555

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35	3.555
4/23/2002	47	3.850
7/16/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/7/2003	35	3.555
4/2/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/7/2003	35	3.555

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	22.4	NO	3.109	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	23.7	NO	3.165	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	9.38	NO	2.239	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	10.3	NO	2.332	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Chloride UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 45.919	**S=** 7.524	**CV(1)=** 0.164	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 64.901	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.814	**S=** 0.165	**CV(2)=** 0.043	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.231	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	55.5	4.016
10/8/2002	53.6	3.982
1/8/2003	52.9	3.968
4/3/2003	53.6	3.982
7/9/2003	51.9	3.949
10/6/2003	53	3.970
1/7/2004	53	3.970
4/7/2004	51.6	3.944

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/16/2002	40.6	3.704
10/8/2002	38.8	3.658
1/7/2003	39	3.664
4/2/2003	38.4	3.648
7/9/2003	38.1	3.640
10/7/2003	38	3.638
1/6/2004	37.9	3.635
4/7/2004	38.8	3.658

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	35.8	NO	3.578	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	35.6	NO	3.572	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	31.7	NO	3.456	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	12.2	NO	2.501	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	35.8	NO	3.578	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	40.8	NO	3.709	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

cis-1,2-Dichloroethene UNITS: ug/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 6.250	**S=** 5.000	**CV(1)=** 0.800	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 18.865	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.710	**S=** 0.402	**CV(2)=** 0.235	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.725	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	5	1.609
4/23/2002	5	1.609
7/15/2002	5	1.609
10/8/2002	5	1.609
1/8/2003	5	1.609
4/3/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	5	1.609
10/6/2003	5	1.609

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5	1.609
4/23/2002	25	3.219
7/16/2002	5	1.609
10/8/2002	5	1.609
1/7/2003	5	1.609
4/2/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	5	1.609
10/7/2003	5	1.609

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.43	NO	-0.844	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Cobalt UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.027	**S=** 0.032	**CV(1)=** 1.165	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.108	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -4.058	**S=** 1.011	**CV(2)=** -0.249	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.507	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.0174	-4.051
1/8/2003	0.0105	-4.556
4/3/2003	0.00931	-4.677
7/9/2003	0.137	-1.988
10/6/2003	0.0463	-3.073

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.034	-3.381
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00411	-5.494
1/7/2003	0.00344	-5.672
4/2/2003	0.00368	-5.605
7/9/2003	0.0405	-3.206
10/7/2003	0.00843	-4.776

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.00857	N/A	-4.759	NO
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.000867	N/A	-7.050	NO
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.0082	N/A	-4.804	NO
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Conductivity UNITS: umho/cm LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 608.719 **S=** 156.157 **CV(1)=** 0.257 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 1002.702 **LL(1)=** N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 6.380 **S=** 0.260 **CV(2)=** 0.041 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 7.036 **LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	406	6.006
4/23/2002	543	6.297
7/15/2002	476	6.165
10/8/2002	441	6.089
1/8/2003	486	6.186
4/3/2003	466	6.144
7/9/2003	479	6.172
10/6/2003	435	6.075

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	661	6.494
4/23/2002	801	6.686
7/16/2002	774	6.652
10/8/2002	680	6.522
1/7/2003	686.5	6.532
4/2/2003	763	6.637
7/9/2003	828	6.719
10/7/2003	814	6.702

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	519	NO	6.252	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	503	NO	6.221	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	473	NO	6.159	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	279	NO	5.631	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	434	NO	6.073	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	806	NO	6.692	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Copper UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.025	**S=** 0.010	**CV(1)=** 0.399	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.050	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.739	**S=** 0.308	**CV(2)=** -0.082	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -2.963	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.026	-3.650
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/2/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	No	0.000991	N/A	-6.917	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.000644	N/A	-7.348	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.00138	NO	-6.586	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.00268	NO	-5.922	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.000786	NO	-7.149	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.000438	NO	-7.733	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.387	**S=** 1.153	**CV(1)=**0.831	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 4.295	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.115	**S=** 1.207	**CV(2)=**-10.514	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.930	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	4.32	1.463
4/23/2002	1.24	0.215
7/15/2002	0.75	-0.288
10/8/2002	0.94	-0.062
1/8/2003	3.08	1.125
4/3/2003	1.45	0.372
7/9/2003	1.22	0.199
10/6/2003	1.07	0.068

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	3.04	1.112
4/23/2002	0.03	-3.507
7/16/2002	0.23	-1.470
10/8/2002	0.86	-0.151
1/7/2003	0.21	-1.561
4/2/2003	1.19	0.174
7/9/2003	1.1	0.095
10/7/2003	1.46	0.378

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	1.37	NO	0.315	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	2.69	NO	0.990	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	3.61	NO	1.284	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	2.29	NO	0.829	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	3.7	NO	1.308	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	1.98	NO	0.683	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Solids UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 356.188 **S=** 106.752 **CV(1)=** 0.300 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 625.523 **LL(1)=** N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.831 **S=** 0.311 **CV(2)=** 0.053 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.616 **LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	236	5.464
4/23/2002	337	5.820
7/15/2002	266	5.583
10/8/2002	240	5.481
1/8/2003	282	5.642
4/3/2003	238	5.472
7/9/2003	248	5.513
10/6/2003	224	5.412

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	427	6.057
4/23/2002	507	6.229
7/16/2002	464	6.140
10/8/2002	408	6.011
1/7/2003	404	6.001
4/2/2003	450	6.109
7/9/2003	487	6.188
10/7/2003	481	6.176

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	297	NO	5.694	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	289	NO	5.666	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	299	NO	5.700	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	177	NO	5.176	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	236	NO	5.464	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	513	NO	6.240	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Iron UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 9.230	**S=** 8.841	**CV(1)=**0.958	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 31.535	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.942	**S=** 0.713	**CV(2)=**0.367	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.740	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	9.34	2.234
4/23/2002	4.33	1.466
7/15/2002	3.52	1.258
10/8/2002	7.45	2.008
1/8/2003	7.04	1.952
4/3/2003	4.64	1.535
7/9/2003	15.8	2.760
10/6/2003	6.49	1.870

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	37.6	3.627
4/23/2002	19	2.944
7/16/2002	10.7	2.370
10/8/2002	3.75	1.322
1/7/2003	3.87	1.353
4/2/2003	3.5	1.253
7/9/2003	7.72	2.044
10/7/2003	2.93	1.075

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	3.78	NO	1.330	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.359	NO	-1.024	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	8.84	NO	2.179	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.054	NO	-2.919	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Magnesium UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 17.544	**S=** 5.911	**CV(1)=**0.337	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 32.458	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.810	**S=** 0.343	**CV(2)=**0.122	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.676	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	12.1	2.493
4/23/2002	15.1	2.715
7/15/2002	12.4	2.518
10/8/2002	12.2	2.501
1/8/2003	11.5	2.442
4/3/2003	12.3	2.510
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/6/2003	12.1	2.493

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	24.8	3.211
4/23/2002	22.7	3.122
7/16/2002	18.8	2.934
10/8/2002	21.1	3.049
1/7/2003	19.9	2.991
4/2/2003	25.5	3.239
7/9/2003	23.3	3.148
10/7/2003	26.9	3.292

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	15.3	NO	2.728	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	14.3	NO	2.660	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	13.5	NO	2.603	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	8.09	NO	2.091	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	12.9	NO	2.557	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	27.9	NO	3.329	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Manganese UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.080	**S=** 0.674	**CV(1)=**0.624	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 2.780	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.114	**S=** 0.658	**CV(2)=**-5.762	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.547	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.244	-1.411
4/23/2002	1.82	0.599
7/15/2002	1.22	0.199
10/8/2002	0.988	-0.012
1/8/2003	0.729	-0.316
4/3/2003	0.637	-0.451
7/9/2003	2.51	0.920
10/6/2003	1.05	0.049

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.355	-1.036
4/23/2002	2.16	0.770
7/16/2002	1.39	0.329
10/8/2002	0.717	-0.333
1/7/2003	0.587	-0.533
4/2/2003	0.545	-0.607
7/9/2003	1.76	0.565
10/7/2003	0.57	-0.562

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.682	NO	-0.383	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.00398	NO	-5.526	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.0937	NO	-2.368	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	1.54	NO	0.432	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.00151	NO	-6.496	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.0157	NO	-4.154	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Nickel UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.024	**S=** 0.022	**CV(1)=** 0.901	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.078	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -4.239	**S=** 1.087	**CV(2)=** -0.256	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.497	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.0264	-3.634
10/6/2003	0.00971	-4.635

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/2/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.0112	-4.492
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.0151	NO	-4.193	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.00114	NO	-6.777	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.00349	NO	-5.658	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.000872	NO	-7.045	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential UNITS: mV LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 46.688	**S=** 60.986	**CV(1)=** 1.306	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 200.555	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.829	**S=** 1.151	**CV(2)=** 0.301	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.942	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW370	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	140	4.942
4/23/2002	-15	#Func!
7/15/2002	5	1.609
4/3/2003	49	3.892
7/9/2003	-35	#Func!
10/6/2003	40	3.689
1/7/2004	101	4.615
4/7/2004	105	4.654

Well Number:	MW373	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	140	4.942
4/23/2002	-20	#Func!
10/8/2002	10	2.303
1/7/2003	10	2.303
4/2/2003	67	4.205
7/9/2003	-29	#Func!
10/7/2003	127	4.844
1/6/2004	52	3.951

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	149	N/A	5.004	YES
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	456	N/A	6.122	YES
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	366	N/A	5.903	YES
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	278	N/A	5.628	YES
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	405	N/A	6.004	YES
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	347	N/A	5.849	YES

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW358
MW361
MW364
MW367
MW370
MW373

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

pH **UNITS: Std Unit** **LRGA**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 6.283	**S=** 0.159	**CV(1)=**0.025	**K factor**=** 2.904	**TL(1)=** 6.745	**LL(1)=**5.8202
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.837	**S=** 0.025	**CV(2)=**0.014	**K factor**=** 2.904	**TL(2)=** 1.911	**LL(2)=**1.7634

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	6.3	1.841
4/23/2002	6.4	1.856
7/15/2002	6.3	1.841
10/8/2002	6.3	1.841
1/8/2003	6.4	1.856
4/3/2003	6.5	1.872
7/9/2003	6.3	1.841
10/6/2003	6.5	1.872

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	6	1.792
4/23/2002	6.3	1.841
7/16/2002	6.45	1.864
10/8/2002	6.18	1.821
1/7/2003	6.35	1.848
4/2/2003	6.14	1.815
7/9/2003	6.1	1.808
10/7/2003	6	1.792

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)? Result <LL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)? LN(Result) <LL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	6.49	NO	1.870	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	6.03	NO	1.797	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	6.18	NO	1.821	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	6.06	NO	1.802	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	6.06	NO	1.802	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	6.16	NO	1.818	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Potassium UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 2.823	**S=** 0.522	**CV(1)=**0.185	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 4.139	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.024	**S=** 0.167	**CV(2)=**0.163	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.445	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	3.22	1.169
4/23/2002	3.43	1.233
7/15/2002	2.98	1.092
10/8/2002	2.46	0.900
1/8/2003	2.41	0.880
4/3/2003	2.43	0.888
7/9/2003	2.44	0.892
10/6/2003	2.48	0.908

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	4.34	1.468
4/23/2002	3.04	1.112
7/16/2002	2.93	1.075
10/8/2002	2.3	0.833
1/7/2003	2.45	0.896
4/2/2003	2.7	0.993
7/9/2003	2.68	0.986
10/7/2003	2.88	1.058

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	2.74	NO	1.008	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	2.56	NO	0.940	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	2.05	NO	0.718	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	2.89	NO	1.061	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	2.86	NO	1.051	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	2.92	NO	1.072	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sodium UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 51.544	**S=** 15.227	**CV(1)=**0.295	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 89.962	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.906	**S=** 0.272	**CV(2)=**0.070	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.592	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	31.8	3.459
4/23/2002	50	3.912
7/15/2002	44.7	3.800
10/8/2002	40	3.689
1/8/2003	44.6	3.798
4/3/2003	41.9	3.735
7/9/2003	40	3.689
10/6/2003	38.1	3.640

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	43.4	3.770
4/23/2002	79.8	4.380
7/16/2002	87.7	4.474
10/8/2002	61.6	4.121
1/7/2003	59.3	4.083
4/2/2003	62.1	4.129
7/9/2003	50.1	3.914
10/7/2003	49.6	3.904

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	39.9	NO	3.686	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	46.7	NO	3.844	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	42.2	NO	3.742	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	20.5	NO	3.020	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	46.1	NO	3.831	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	62	NO	4.127	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sulfate UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 122.381	**S=** 195.095	**CV(1)=** 1.594	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 614.606	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.985	**S=** 1.323	**CV(2)=** 0.332	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 7.322	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	17.4	2.856
4/23/2002	37.9	3.635
7/15/2002	15.7	2.754
10/8/2002	13.4	2.595
1/8/2003	14.4	2.667
4/3/2003	18.1	2.896
7/9/2003	9.6	2.262
10/6/2003	16.5	2.803

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	163.3	5.096
4/23/2002	809.6	6.697
7/16/2002	109.4	4.695
10/8/2002	110.6	4.706
1/7/2003	113.7	4.734
4/2/2003	133	4.890
7/9/2003	182.1	5.205
10/7/2003	193.4	5.265

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	65	N/A	4.174	NO
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	83.6	N/A	4.426	NO
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	66.9	N/A	4.203	NO
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	26.9	N/A	3.292	NO
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	19.1	N/A	2.950	NO
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	149	N/A	5.004	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Technetium-99 UNITS: pCi/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 7.655	**S=** 13.274	**CV(1)=** 1.734	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 41.146	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.946	**S=** 0.939	**CV(2)=** 0.483	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.833	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW370	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	10.8	2.380
4/23/2002	8.53	2.144
7/15/2002	5.09	1.627
10/8/2002	4.78	1.564
1/8/2003	-5.12	#Func!
4/3/2003	5.11	1.631
7/9/2003	4.25	1.447
10/6/2003	6.54	1.878

Well Number:	MW373	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	16.5	2.803
4/23/2002	3.49	1.250
7/16/2002	1.42	0.351
10/8/2002	-6.06	#Func!
1/7/2003	-8.41	#Func!
4/2/2003	26.3	3.270
7/9/2003	3.06	1.118
10/7/2003	46.2	3.833

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	30.7	N/A	3.424	NO
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	53	N/A	3.970	YES
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	58.7	N/A	4.072	YES
MW367	Downgradient	No	2.55	N/A	0.936	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	125	N/A	4.828	YES
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	36.5	N/A	3.597	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW361
MW364
MW370

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Carbon (TOC) UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 6.169	**S=** 12.072	**CV(1)=** 1.957	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 36.626	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.069	**S=** 1.014	**CV(2)=** 0.948	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.626	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	1.2	0.182
4/23/2002	4.3	1.459
7/15/2002	2.6	0.956
10/8/2002	2.3	0.833
1/8/2003	3	1.099
4/3/2003	1.2	0.182
7/9/2003	2.6	0.956
10/6/2003	1.7	0.531

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1.1	0.095
4/23/2002	17.5	2.862
7/16/2002	49	3.892
10/8/2002	2.9	1.065
1/7/2003	3.9	1.361
4/2/2003	2.5	0.916
7/9/2003	1.7	0.531
10/7/2003	1.2	0.182

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	3.02	N/A	1.105	NO
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.782	N/A	-0.246	NO
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.821	N/A	-0.197	NO
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.694	N/A	-0.365	NO
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	1.13	N/A	0.122	NO
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	1.35	N/A	0.300	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Halides (TOX) UNITS: ug/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 79.819	**S=** 78.470	**CV(1)=**0.983	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 277.798	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.971	**S=** 0.950	**CV(2)=**0.239	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 6.368	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW370	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	50	3.912
4/23/2002	228	5.429
7/15/2002	88	4.477
10/8/2002	58	4.060
1/8/2003	72.4	4.282
4/3/2003	26.6	3.281
7/9/2003	16.4	2.797
10/6/2003	31.1	3.437

Well Number:	MW373	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	50	3.912
4/23/2002	276	5.620
7/16/2002	177	5.176
10/8/2002	76	4.331
1/7/2003	45.9	3.826
4/2/2003	57.8	4.057
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	13.9	2.632

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	5.1	NO	1.629	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	6.58	NO	1.884	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	28.1	NO	3.336	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	No	10	N/A	2.303	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	10	N/A	2.303	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	8.74	NO	2.168	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Trichloroethene UNITS: ug/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 12.188	**S=** 6.950	**CV(1)=**0.570	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 29.721	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.305	**S=** 0.687	**CV(2)=**0.298	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.039	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	19	2.944
4/23/2002	17	2.833
7/15/2002	15	2.708
10/8/2002	18	2.890
1/8/2003	17	2.833
4/3/2003	18	2.890
7/9/2003	15	2.708
10/6/2003	16	2.773

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5	1.609
4/23/2002	25	3.219
7/16/2002	3	1.099
10/8/2002	4	1.386
1/7/2003	6	1.792
4/2/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	6	1.792
10/7/2003	6	1.792

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	2.09	N/A	0.737	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	5.31	NO	1.670	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	5.77	NO	1.753	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	1.07	N/A	0.068	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.64	N/A	-0.446	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	3.35	N/A	1.209	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Zinc UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.055	**S=** 0.037	**CV(1)=** 0.673	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.147	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.131	**S=** 0.691	**CV(2)=** -0.221	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.388	**LL(2)=** N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/23/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/15/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/8/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/3/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/23/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/16/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/7/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/2/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.0234	-3.755
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	No	0.0114	N/A	-4.474	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.00575	N/A	-5.159	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.0295	NO	-3.523	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.0165	NO	-4.104	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.0043	N/A	-5.449	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.00386	N/A	-5.557	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

ATTACHMENT D2

COMPARISON OF CURRENT DATA TO ONE-SIDED UPPER TOLERANCE INTERVAL TEST CALCULATED USING CURRENT BACKGROUND DATA

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C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen — UNITS: mg/L — UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 2.884	**S=** 2.474	**CV(1)=** 0.858	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 9.126	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.718	**S=** 0.861	**CV(2)=** 1.200	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.891	**LL(2)=** N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	1.82	0.599
1/22/2018	2.8	1.030
4/12/2018	7.85	2.061
7/18/2018	4.89	1.587
10/10/2018	0.96	-0.041
1/16/2019	8.02	2.082
5/28/2019	5.2	1.649
7/15/2019	4.6	1.526

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	1.12	0.113
1/22/2018	1.39	0.329
4/12/2018	1.67	0.513
7/18/2018	0.52	-0.654
10/10/2018	0.88	-0.128
1/17/2019	0.67	-0.400
4/11/2019	1.52	0.419
7/11/2019	2.23	0.802

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	4.04	NO	1.396	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	5.19	NO	1.647	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	4.59	NO	1.524	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential — UNITS: mV — UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 321.063 **S=** 71.033 **CV(1)=** 0.221 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 500.278 **LL(1)=** N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.745 **S=** 0.245 **CV(2)=** 0.043 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.363 **LL(2)=** N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	375	5.927
1/22/2018	339	5.826
4/12/2018	365	5.900
7/18/2018	342	5.835
10/10/2018	328	5.793
1/16/2019	396	5.981
4/15/2019	388	5.961
7/15/2019	423	6.047

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	194	5.268
1/22/2018	206	5.328
4/12/2018	331	5.802
7/18/2018	269	5.595
10/10/2018	218	5.384
1/17/2019	254	5.537
5/28/2019	355	5.872
7/11/2019	354	5.869

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	463	NO	6.138	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	458	NO	6.127	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	367	NO	5.905	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	245	NO	5.501	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	321	NO	5.771	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	233	NO	5.451	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	277	NO	5.624	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Sulfate — **UNITS: mg/L** — **UCRS**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 22.787	**S=** 26.005	**CV(1)=** 1.141	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 88.397	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.648	**S=** 0.934	**CV(2)=** 0.353	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 5.004	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	10	2.303
1/22/2018	11	2.398
4/12/2018	91.6	4.517
7/18/2018	47.7	3.865
10/10/2018	21.9	3.086
1/16/2019	10.1	2.313
4/15/2019	59.1	4.079
7/15/2019	55.4	4.015

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	6.78	1.914
1/22/2018	6.34	1.847
4/12/2018	7.24	1.980
7/18/2018	7.69	2.040
10/10/2018	6.6	1.887
1/17/2019	6.8	1.917
4/11/2019	8.28	2.114
7/11/2019	8.06	2.087

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	43.8	N/A	3.780	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	30.8	N/A	3.428	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	56	N/A	4.025	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	118	N/A	4.771	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	30	N/A	3.401	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	22.9	N/A	3.131	NO

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Beta activity UNITS: pCi/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 60.731 **S=** 47.031 **CV(1)=** 0.774 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 179.391 **LL(1)=** N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 3.813 **S=** 0.794 **CV(2)=** 0.208 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 5.815 **LL(2)=** N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	40.7	3.706
1/22/2018	32	3.466
4/11/2018	102	4.625
7/18/2018	14.9	2.701
10/9/2018	23.2	3.144
1/16/2019	22.5	3.114
4/15/2019	83.7	4.427
7/15/2019	120	4.787

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	132	4.883
1/22/2018	21.7	3.077
4/12/2018	20.9	3.040
7/18/2018	27.7	3.321
10/10/2018	123	4.812
1/17/2019	25.4	3.235
4/11/2019	41	3.714
7/11/2019	141	4.949

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	66.2	NO	4.193	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	105	NO	4.654	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Calcium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 32.850 **S=** 15.687 **CV(1)=**0.478 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 72.428 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 3.368 **S=** 0.530 **CV(2)=**0.157 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 4.704 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	15.9	2.766
1/22/2018	15	2.708
4/11/2018	28.7	3.357
7/18/2018	15.6	2.747
10/9/2018	16.3	2.791
1/16/2019	16.3	2.791
4/15/2019	20	2.996
7/15/2019	17.7	2.874

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	46.5	3.839
1/22/2018	49.4	3.900
4/12/2018	49.9	3.910
7/18/2018	38.4	3.648
10/10/2018	49.7	3.906
1/17/2019	46.8	3.846
4/11/2019	49.7	3.906
7/11/2019	49.7	3.906

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	59.4	NO	4.084	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) — UNITS: mg/L — URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 24.857	**S=** 16.131	**CV(1)=** 0.649	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 65.554	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.062	**S=** 0.539	**CV(2)=** 0.176	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.422	**LL(2)=** N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	9.71	2.273
1/22/2018	12.6	2.534
4/11/2018	24.7	3.207
7/18/2018	14.5	2.674
10/9/2018	21.4	3.063
1/16/2019	18.4	2.912
4/15/2019	17.4	2.856
7/15/2019	20	2.996

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	21.5	3.068
1/22/2018	29.3	3.378
4/12/2018	10.7	2.370
7/18/2018	39.1	3.666
10/10/2018	16.4	2.797
1/17/2019	20	2.996
4/11/2019	52.6	3.963
7/11/2019	69.4	4.240

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	85.3	YES	4.446	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Conductivity UNITS: umho/cm URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 502.875 **S=** 122.503 **CV(1)=** 0.244 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 811.951 **LL(1)=** N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 6.191 **S=** 0.251 **CV(2)=** 0.041 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.825 **LL(2)=** N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	370	5.914
1/22/2018	351	5.861
4/11/2018	425	6.052
7/18/2018	372	5.919
10/9/2018	374	5.924
1/16/2019	386	5.956
4/15/2019	439	6.084
7/15/2019	373	5.922

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	622	6.433
1/22/2018	620	6.430
4/12/2018	614	6.420
7/18/2018	597	6.392
10/10/2018	618	6.426
1/17/2019	613	6.418
4/11/2019	632	6.449
7/11/2019	640	6.461

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	697	NO	6.547	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Dissolved Solids — **UNITS: mg/L** — **URGA**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 291.375	**S=** 111.803	**CV(1)=** 0.384	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 573.455	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 5.615	**S=** 0.349	**CV(2)=** 0.062	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 6.496	**LL(2)=** N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	180	5.193
1/22/2018	161	5.081
4/11/2018	281	5.638
7/18/2018	197	5.283
10/9/2018	196	5.278
1/16/2019	224	5.412
4/15/2019	261	5.565
7/15/2019	194	5.268

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	304	5.717
1/22/2018	330	5.799
4/12/2018	356	5.875
7/18/2018	323	5.778
10/10/2018	336	5.817
1/17/2019	394	5.976
4/11/2019	309	5.733
7/11/2019	616	6.423

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	466	NO	6.144	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Magnesium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 13.163	**S=** 5.634	**CV(1)=** 0.428	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 27.376	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.479	**S=** 0.473	**CV(2)=** 0.191	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.673	**LL(2)=** N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	6.72	1.905
1/22/2018	6.82	1.920
4/11/2018	12.6	2.534
7/18/2018	6.5	1.872
10/9/2018	7.02	1.949
1/16/2019	7.17	1.970
4/15/2019	9.06	2.204
7/15/2019	7.51	2.016

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	17.7	2.874
1/22/2018	18.5	2.918
4/12/2018	19.4	2.965
7/18/2018	16.2	2.785
10/10/2018	19.1	2.950
1/17/2019	18.9	2.939
4/11/2019	18.2	2.901
7/11/2019	19.2	2.955

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	22	NO	3.091	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential — UNITS: mV — URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 366.563 **S=** 41.935 **CV(1)=** 0.114 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 472.364 **LL(1)=** N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.898 **S=** 0.120 **CV(2)=** 0.020 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.201 **LL(2)=** N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	399	5.989
1/22/2018	346	5.846
4/11/2018	397	5.984
7/18/2018	338	5.823
10/9/2018	341	5.832
1/16/2019	432	6.068
4/15/2019	372	5.919
7/15/2019	410	6.016

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	358	5.881
1/22/2018	275	5.617
4/12/2018	348	5.852
7/18/2018	371	5.916
10/10/2018	295	5.687
1/17/2019	393	5.974
5/28/2019	400	5.991
7/11/2019	390	5.966

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	448	NO	6.105	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	381	NO	5.943	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	407	NO	6.009	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	269	NO	5.595	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	347	NO	5.849	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	303	NO	5.714	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Technetium-99 UNITS: pCi/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 78.681 **S=** 57.267 **CV(1)=** 0.728 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 223.167 **LL(1)=** N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 4.136 **S=** 0.695 **CV(2)=** 0.168 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 5.890 **LL(2)=** N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	70.8	4.260
1/22/2018	38.8	3.658
4/11/2018	142	4.956
7/18/2018	31.4	3.447
10/9/2018	55	4.007
1/16/2019	39.1	3.666
4/15/2019	70.8	4.260
7/15/2019	55.8	4.022

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	195	5.273
1/22/2018	17.3	2.851
4/12/2018	36.6	3.600
7/18/2018	70.9	4.261
10/10/2018	158	5.063
1/17/2019	35	3.555
4/11/2019	59.4	4.084
7/11/2019	183	5.209

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	194	NO	5.268	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Beta activity UNITS: pCi/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 44.974	**S=** 29.233	**CV(1)=** 0.650	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 118.728	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.547	**S=** 0.819	**CV(2)=** 0.231	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 5.614	**LL(2)=** N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	69	4.234
1/22/2018	71.9	4.275
4/11/2018	50	3.912
7/18/2018	102	4.625
10/9/2018	81.7	4.403
1/16/2019	75.8	4.328
4/15/2019	61	4.111
7/15/2019	52.7	3.965

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	20.6	3.025
1/22/2018	23.5	3.157
4/12/2018	4.99	1.607
7/18/2018	30.6	3.421
10/10/2018	22.8	3.127
1/17/2019	17.4	2.856
4/11/2019	13.7	2.617
7/11/2019	21.9	3.086

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	70.1	NO	4.250	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential — UNITS: mV — LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 378.500 **S=** 38.337 **CV(1)=** 0.101 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 475.225 **LL(1)=** N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.931 **S=** 0.101 **CV(2)=** 0.017 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.187 **LL(2)=** N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	392	5.971
1/22/2018	334	5.811
4/11/2018	368	5.908
7/18/2018	369	5.911
10/9/2018	346	5.846
1/16/2019	440	6.087
5/28/2019	400	5.991
7/15/2019	421	6.043

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	347	5.849
1/22/2018	393	5.974
4/12/2018	350	5.858
7/18/2018	318	5.762
10/10/2018	438	6.082
1/17/2019	336	5.817
4/11/2019	387	5.958
7/11/2019	417	6.033

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	149	NO	5.004	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	456	NO	6.122	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	366	NO	5.903	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	278	NO	5.628	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	405	NO	6.004	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	347	NO	5.849	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Fourth Quarter 2019 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Technetium-99 UNITS: pCi/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 60.925	**S=** 43.385	**CV(1)=** 0.712	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 170.384	**LL(1)=** N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.978	**S=** 0.708	**CV(2)=** 0.178	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.736	**LL(2)=** N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	103	4.635
1/22/2018	73.9	4.303
4/11/2018	107	4.673
7/18/2018	96.2	4.566
10/9/2018	114	4.736
1/16/2019	94.3	4.546
4/15/2019	111	4.710
7/15/2019	107	4.673

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/3/2017	29.6	3.388
1/22/2018	24.8	3.211
4/12/2018	30.2	3.408
7/18/2018	-15.9	#Func!
10/10/2018	20.3	3.011
1/17/2019	28.4	3.346
4/11/2019	22.7	3.122
7/11/2019	28.3	3.343

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	53	NO	3.970	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	58.7	NO	4.072	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	125	NO	4.828	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

ATTACHMENT D3

STATISTICIAN QUALIFICATION STATEMENT

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FOUR RIVERS
NUCLEAR PARTNERSHIP, LLC

Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC
5511 Hobbs Road
Kevil, KY 42053
www.fourriversnuclearpartnership.com

January 23, 2020

Mr. Dennis Greene
Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC
5511 Hobbs Road
Kevil, KY 42053

Dear Mr. Greene:

As an Environmental Scientist, with a bachelor's degree in Earth Sciences/Geology, I have over 30 years of experience in reviewing and assessing laboratory analytical results associated with environmental sampling and investigation activities. For the generation of these statistical analyses, my work was reviewed by an independent technical reviewer with Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC.

For this project, the statistical analyses conducted on the fourth quarter 2019 monitoring well data collected from the C-746-S&T and C-746-U Landfills were performed in accordance with guidance provided in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency guidance document, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989).

Sincerely,

Bryan Smith

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APPENDIX E

GROUNDWATER FLOW RATE AND DIRECTION

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GROUNDWATER FLOW RATE AND DIRECTION

Determination of groundwater flow rate and direction of flow in the uppermost aquifer whenever the monitoring wells (MWs) are sampled is a requirement of 401 *KAR* 48.300, Section 11. The uppermost aquifer below the C-746-U Landfill is the Regional Gravel Aquifer (RGA). Water level measurements currently are recorded in several wells at the landfill on a quarterly basis. These measurements were used to plot the potentiometric surface of the RGA for the fourth quarter 2019 and determine groundwater flow rate and direction.

Water levels during this reporting period were measured on October 15, 2019. As shown on Figure E.1, all Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS) wells had sufficient water to permit water level measurement during this reporting period. UCRS wells MW376 and MW377 had insufficient water to permit sampling for laboratory analysis.

The UCRS has a strong vertical hydraulic gradient; therefore, the available UCRS wells screened over different elevations are not sufficient for mapping the potentiometric surface. As shown in Table E.1, the RGA data were converted to elevations to plot the potentiometric surfaces within the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA) and Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA). (At the request of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the RGA is differentiated into two zones, the URGA and LRGA.) Based on the potentiometric maps (Figures E.2 and E.3), the hydraulic gradients for the URGA and LRGA at the C-746-U Landfill, as measured along the defined groundwater flow directions, were 1.06×10^{-3} ft/ft and 9.91×10^{-4} ft/ft, respectively. Water level measurements in wells at the C-746-U Landfill and in wells of the surrounding region (MW98, MW100, MW139, MW165A, MW173, MW193, MW197, MW380, and MW453), along with the C-746-S&T Landfill wells, were used to contour the general RGA potentiometric surface (Figure E.4). The hydraulic gradient for the RGA, as a whole, in the vicinity of the C-746-U Landfill was 4.92×10^{-4} ft/ft. The hydraulic gradients are shown in Table E.2.

The average linear groundwater flow velocity (v) is determined by multiplying the hydraulic gradient (i) by the hydraulic conductivity (K) [resulting in the specific discharge (q)] and dividing by the effective porosity (n_e). The RGA hydraulic conductivity values used are reported in the Administrative Application for the New Solid Waste Landfill Permit No. SW07300045NWC1 and range from 425 to 725 ft/day (0.150 to 0.256 cm/s). RGA (both URGA and LRGA) effective porosity is assumed to be 25%. Flow velocities were calculated for the URGA and LRGA using the low and high values for hydraulic conductivity, as shown in the Table E.3.

Groundwater flow beneath the C-746-U Landfill typically trends northeastward toward the Ohio River. As demonstrated on the potentiometric maps for July 2019, the groundwater flow direction in the immediate area of the landfill was to the north/northeast.

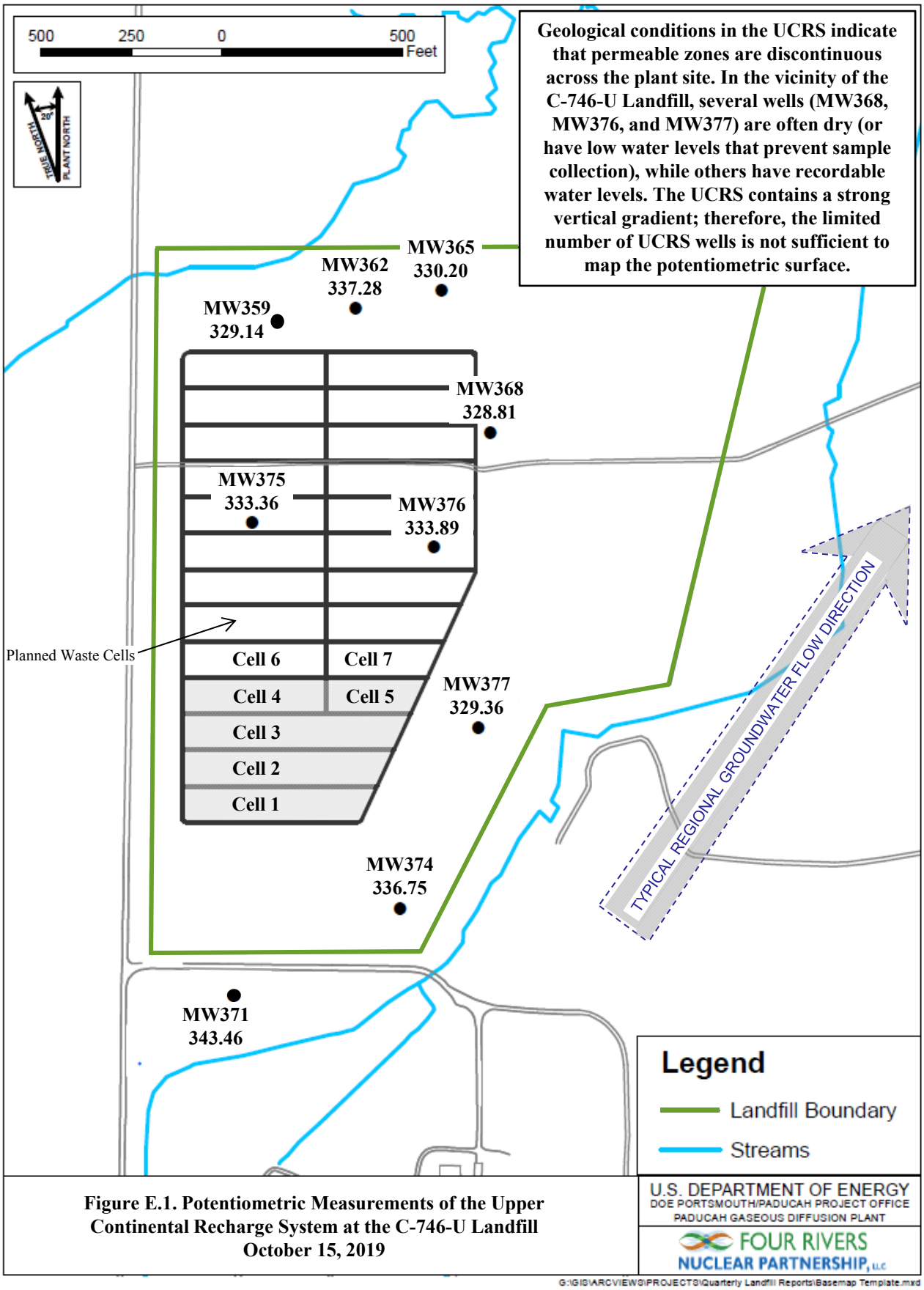

Figure E.1. Potentiometric Measurements of the Upper Continental Recharge System at the C-746-U Landfill October 15, 2019

Table E.1. C-746-U Landfill Fourth Quarter 2019 (October) Water Levels

C-746-U Landfill (October 2019) Water Levels										
							Raw Data		*Corrected Data	
Date	Time	Well	Aquifer	Datum Elev (ft amsl)	BP (in Hg)	Delta BP (ft H20)	DTW (ft)	Elev (ft amsl)	DTW (ft)	Elev (ft amsl)
10/15/2019	8:15	MW357	URGA	368.99	30.01	-0.01	44.25	324.74	44.24	324.75
10/15/2019	8:16	MW358	LRGA	369.13	30.01	-0.01	44.41	324.72	44.40	324.73
10/15/2019	8:17	MW359	UCRS	369.11	30.01	-0.01	39.98	329.13	39.97	329.14
10/15/2019	8:18	MW360	URGA	362.30	30.01	-0.01	37.54	324.76	37.53	324.77
10/15/2019	8:19	MW361	LRGA	361.54	30.01	-0.01	36.80	324.74	36.79	324.75
10/15/2019	8:20	MW362	UCRS	362.04	30.01	-0.01	24.77	337.27	24.76	337.28
10/15/2019	7:40	MW363	URGA	368.84	30.02	-0.02	44.06	324.78	44.04	324.80
10/15/2019	8:29	MW364	LRGA	368.45	30.01	-0.01	43.69	324.76	43.68	324.77
10/15/2019	8:35	MW365	UCRS	368.37	30.01	-0.01	38.18	330.19	38.17	330.20
10/15/2019	8:29	MW366	URGA	369.27	30.01	-0.01	44.25	325.02	44.24	325.03
10/15/2019	8:30	MW367	LRGA	369.66	30.01	-0.01	44.66	325.00	44.65	325.01
10/15/2019	8:31	MW368	UCRS	369.27	30.01	-0.01	40.47	328.80	40.46	328.81
10/15/2019	9:05	MW369	URGA	364.48	30.00	0.00	37.96	326.52	37.96	326.52
10/15/2019	9:06	MW370	LRGA	365.35	30.00	0.00	38.85	326.50	38.85	326.50
10/15/2019	9:07	MW371	UCRS	364.88	30.00	0.00	21.42	343.46	21.42	343.46
10/15/2019	9:00	MW372	URGA	359.66	30.00	0.00	33.10	326.56	33.10	326.56
10/15/2019	9:01	MW373	LRGA	359.95	30.00	0.00	33.42	326.53	33.42	326.53
10/15/2019	9:02	MW374	UCRS	359.71	30.00	0.00	22.96	336.75	22.96	336.75
10/15/2019	8:48	MW375	UCRS	370.53	30.01	-0.01	37.18	333.35	37.17	333.36
10/15/2019	8:50	MW376	UCRS	370.61	30.01	-0.01	36.73	333.88	36.72	333.89
10/15/2019	8:57	MW377	UCRS	365.92	30.00	0.00	36.56	329.36	36.56	329.36
Reference Barometric Pressure			**30.00**							
Elev = elevation										
amsl = above mean sea level										
BP = barometric pressure										
DTW = depth to water in feet below datum										
URGA = Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer										
LRGA = Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer										
UCRS = Upper Continental Recharge System										
*Assumes a barometric efficiency of 1.0										

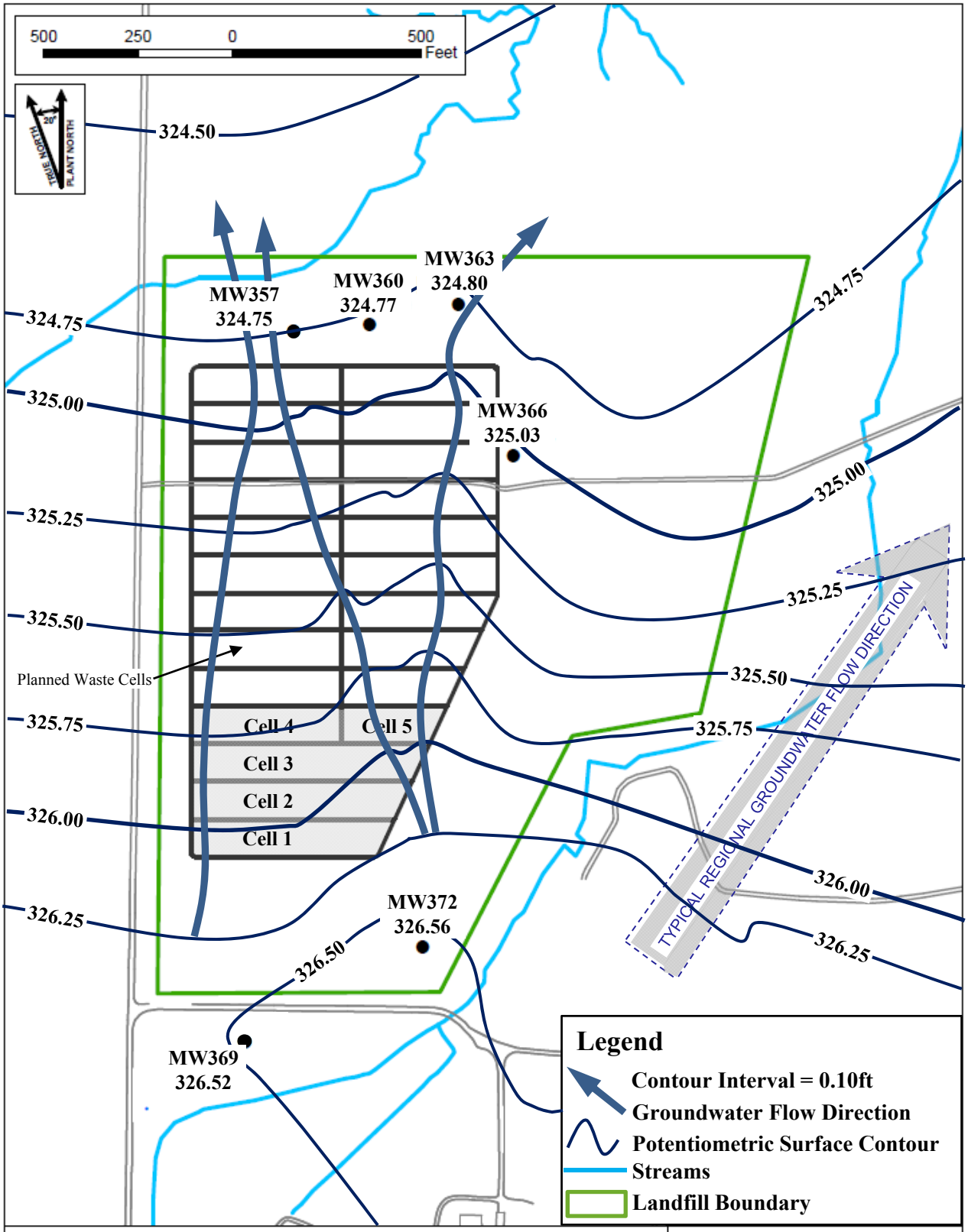

Figure E.2. Potentiometric Surface of the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer at the C-746-U Landfill, October 15, 2019

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DOE PORTSMOUTH/PADUCAH PROJECT OFFICE
PADUCAH GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANT

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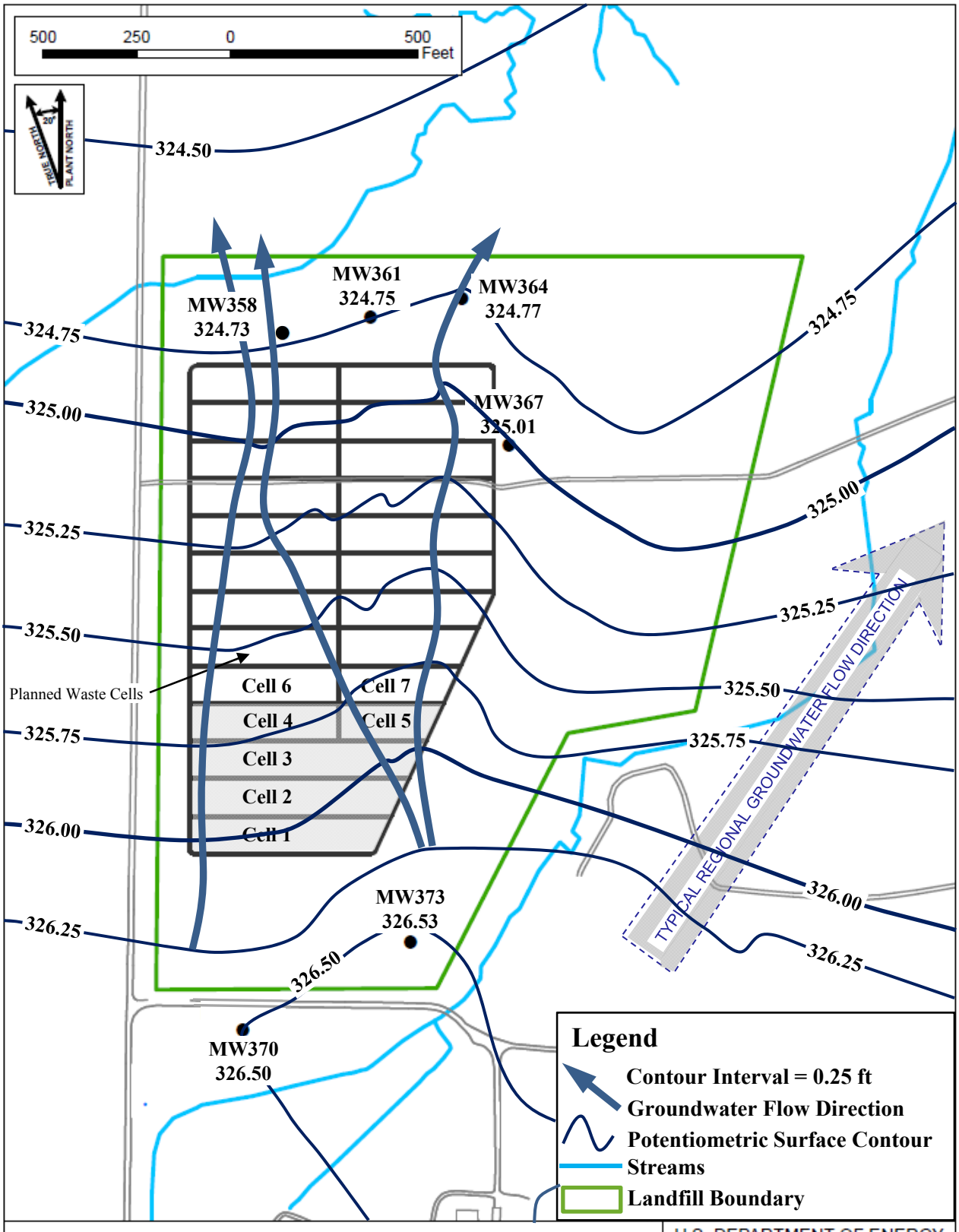

Figure E.3. Potentiometric Surface of the Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer at the C-746-U Landfill, October 15, 2019

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
DOE PORTSMOUTH/PADUCAH PROJECT OFFICE
PADUCAH GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANT

FOUR RIVERS NUCLEAR PARTNERSHIP, LLC

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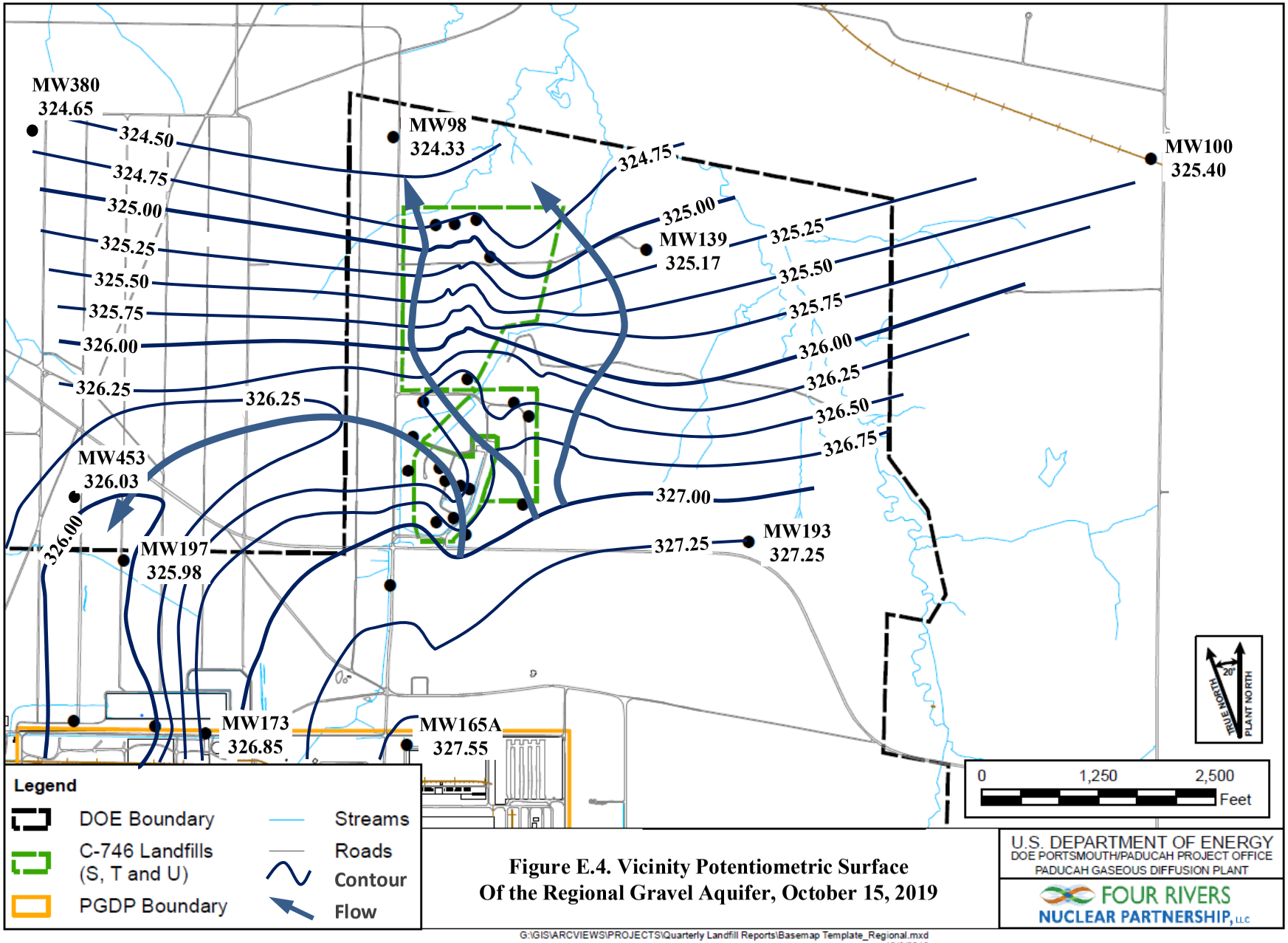

Figure E.4. Vicinity Potentiometric Surface Of the Regional Gravel Aquifer, October 15, 2019

Table E.2. C-746-U Landfill Hydraulic Gradients

	ft/ft
Beneath Landfill—Upper RGA	1.06×10^{-3}
Beneath Landfill—Lower RGA	9.91×10^{-4}
Vicinity	4.92×10^{-4}

Table E.3. C-746-U Landfill Groundwater Flow Rate

Hydraulic Conductivity (K)		Specific Discharge (q)		Average Linear Velocity (v)	
ft/day	cm/s	ft/day	cm/s	ft/day	cm/s
Upper RGA					
725	0.256	0.765	2.70×10^{-4}	3.06	1.08×10^{-3}
425	0.150	0.448	1.58×10^{-4}	1.79	6.33×10^{-4}
Lower RGA					
725	0.256	0.719	2.54×10^{-4}	2.87	1.01×10^{-3}
425	0.150	0.421	1.49×10^{-4}	1.68	5.95×10^{-4}

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APPENDIX F

NOTIFICATIONS

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NOTIFICATIONS

In accordance with 401 *KAR* 48:300 § 7, the notification for parameters that exceed the maximum contaminant level (MCL) has been submitted to the Kentucky Division of Waste Management. The parameters submitted are listed on page F-4. The notification for parameters that do not have MCLs, but had statistically significant increased concentrations relative to historical background concentrations, is provided below.

Statistical Analysis of Parameters Notification

The statistical analyses conducted on the fourth quarter 2019 groundwater data collected from the C-746-U Landfill monitoring wells were performed in accordance with *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky* (LATA Kentucky 2014).

The following are the permit required parameters in 40 *CFR* § 302.4, Appendix A, which had statistically significant increased concentrations relative to historical background concentrations.

	Parameter	**Monitoring Well**
Upper Continental Recharge System	None	
Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer	Technetium-99	MW372
Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer	Technetium-99	MW361, MW364, MW370

NOTE: Although technetium-99 is not cited in 40 *CFR* § 302.4, appendix A, this radionuclide is being reported along with the parameters of this regulation.

11/18/2019

Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC
PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM
C-746-U LANDFILL
SOLID WASTE PERMIT NUMBER SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045
MAXIMUM CONTAMINANT LEVEL (MCL) EXCEEDANCE REPORT
Quarterly Groundwater Sampling

AKGWA	Station	Analysis	Method	Results	Units	MCL
8004-4795	MW361	Trichloroethene	8260B	5.31	ug/L	5
8004-4797	MW364	Trichloroethene	8260B	5.77	ug/L	5
8004-0982	MW366	Beta activity	9310	66.2	pCi/L	50
8004-4818	MW370	Beta activity	9310	70.1	pCi/L	50
8004-4808	MW372	Beta activity	9310	105	pCi/L	50

NOTE 1: MCLs are defined in 401 KAR 47:030.

NOTE 2: MW369, MW370, MW372, and MW373 are down-gradient wells for the C-746-S and C-746-T Landfills and upgradient for the C-746-U Landfill. These wells are sampled with the C-746-U Landfill monitoring well network. These wells are reported on the exceedance reports for C-746-S, C-746-T, and C-746-U.

APPENDIX G

CHART OF MCL AND UTL EXCEEDANCES

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Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
ACETONE																					
Quarter 3, 2002										✱	✱	✱									
Quarter 4, 2002										✱	✱	✱									
Quarter 1, 2003											✱	✱									
Quarter 2, 2003											✱	✱									
Quarter 3, 2003	✱						✱			✱	✱	✱			✱			✱			
Quarter 4, 2003						✱	✱				✱			✱							
Quarter 3, 2004						✱										✱					
Quarter 3, 2005						✱															
Quarter 4, 2005						✱															
ALPHA ACTIVITY																					
Quarter 1, 2004																					■
Quarter 2, 2004						■															
Quarter 3, 2009						■															
ALUMINUM																					
Quarter 3, 2003											✱										
BETA ACTIVITY																					
Quarter 1, 2004															■						
Quarter 2, 2004															■						■
Quarter 3, 2004															■						
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Quarter 3, 2019														■	■					■	
Quarter 4, 2019										■					■					■	
BROMIDE																					
Quarter 2, 2004													✱								

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
CALCIUM																					
Quarter 3, 2003										*											
Quarter 2, 2005																					*
Quarter 3, 2006															*						
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Quarter 2, 2017	*																				
Quarter 1, 2018	*																				
Quarter 3, 2018	*																				
Quarter 3, 2019	*							*													
Quarter 4, 2019															*						
CARBON DISULFIDE																					
Quarter 3, 2003										*											
Quarter 2, 2005							*														
Quarter 3, 2005						*															
Quarter 4, 2005						*															
Quarter 1, 2006						*															
Quarter 2, 2006						*															
Quarter 3, 2010		*									*										
Quarter 4, 2010														*							
Quarter 1, 2011															*						
CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND																					
Quarter 3, 2002										*	*	*	*	*	*						
Quarter 4, 2002										*	*										
Quarter 1, 2003										*	*										
Quarter 2, 2003										*	*	*									
Quarter 3, 2003	*									*	*					*					
Quarter 4, 2003						*				*	*										
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Quarter 4, 2005						*												*	*		
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Quarter 3, 2019															*						*
Quarter 4, 2019															*						
CHLORIDE																					
Quarter 1, 2006																				*	
Quarter 2, 2014															*						
COBALT																					
Quarter 3, 2003	*						*			*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	
Quarter 1, 2004														*							
Quarter 2, 2016														*							
CONDUCTIVITY																					
Quarter 4, 2002										*											
Quarter 1, 2003										*											
Quarter 2, 2003										*	*										
Quarter 4, 2003										*											
Quarter 1, 2004										*											
Quarter 2, 2004										*											

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
CONDUCTIVITY																					
Quarter 3, 2004										*											
Quarter 1, 2005															*						
Quarter 2, 2005															*						
Quarter 3, 2005						*													*		
Quarter 4, 2005															*			*			
Quarter 1, 2006															*						
Quarter 2, 2006															*						
Quarter 3, 2006															*						
Quarter 1, 2007															*						
Quarter 2, 2007															*						
Quarter 3, 2007															*						
Quarter 4, 2007															*						
Quarter 1, 2008															*						
Quarter 2, 2008															*						
Quarter 3, 2008															*						
Quarter 4, 2008															*						
Quarter 1, 2009															*						
Quarter 2, 2009															*						
Quarter 3, 2009															*						
Quarter 4, 2009															*						
Quarter 1, 2010															*						
Quarter 2, 2010															*						
Quarter 3, 2010															*						
Quarter 4, 2010															*						
Quarter 1, 2011															*						
Quarter 2, 2011															*						
Quarter 3, 2011															*						
Quarter 4, 2011															*						
Quarter 1, 2012														*	*						
Quarter 2, 2012															*						
Quarter 3, 2012															*						
Quarter 4, 2012															*						
Quarter 1, 2013															*						
Quarter 2, 2013															*						
Quarter 3, 2013															*						
Quarter 4, 2013															*						
Quarter 1, 2014															*						
Quarter 2, 2014															*						
Quarter 3, 2014															*						
Quarter 4, 2014															*						
Quarter 1, 2015															*						
Quarter 2, 2015															*						
Quarter 3, 2015															*						
Quarter 4, 2015															*						
Quarter 1, 2016															*						
Quarter 2, 2016															*						
Quarter 3, 2016															*						
Quarter 2, 2019															*						
Quarter 3, 2019															*						
Quarter 4, 2019															*						
DISSOLVED OXYGEN																					
Quarter 1, 2003					*	*				*											
Quarter 3, 2003					*					*											
Quarter 4, 2003					*																
Quarter 1, 2004					*																
Quarter 2, 2004								*								*					
Quarter 1, 2005					*																
Quarter 2, 2005								*													
Quarter 1, 2006					*																
Quarter 2, 2006					*			*													
Quarter 3, 2006					*			*													
Quarter 4, 2006					*				*												
Quarter 2, 2007					*			*													
Quarter 3, 2007					*			*	*												
Quarter 1, 2008					*														*		
Quarter 2, 2008								*	*												
Quarter 3, 2008								*													
Quarter 1, 2009							*														
Quarter 2, 2009					*			*	*												
Quarter 3, 2009						*		*	*												
Quarter 1, 2010					*		*														
Quarter 2, 2010					*	*		*	*											*	*
Quarter 3, 2010					*	*															

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
DISSOLVED OXYGEN																					
Quarter 4, 2010							✱					✱								✱	
Quarter 1, 2011						✱															
Quarter 2, 2011					✱	✱	✱	✱	✱					✱							
Quarter 3, 2011						✱			✱												
Quarter 1, 2012							✱		✱												
Quarter 2, 2012	✱			✱	✱	✱		✱	✱												
Quarter 3, 2012						✱															
Quarter 4, 2012									✱												
Quarter 1, 2013						✱			✱												
Quarter 2, 2013							✱		✱												
Quarter 3, 2013	✱				✱		✱	✱	✱												
Quarter 4, 2013									✱											✱	
Quarter 2, 2014	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱	✱									✱			
Quarter 3, 2014	✱				✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 4, 2014						✱															
Quarter 2, 2015					✱	✱	✱	✱													
Quarter 3, 2015					✱	✱		✱													
Quarter 4, 2015	✱					✱	✱														
Quarter 1, 2016	✱				✱		✱														
Quarter 2, 2016	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱											✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2016					✱	✱	✱	✱					✱								
Quarter 4, 2016						✱			✱												
Quarter 1, 2017							✱						✱								
Quarter 2, 2017	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱													
Quarter 3, 2017	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱										✱			
Quarter 4, 2017						✱	✱											✱			
Quarter 1, 2018					✱	✱	✱	✱												✱	
Quarter 2, 2018					✱	✱	✱	✱													
Quarter 3, 2018	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱													
Quarter 4, 2018						✱															
Quarter 1, 2019					✱	✱	✱	✱													
Quarter 2, 2019					✱	✱		✱													
Quarter 3, 2019	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱													
Quarter 4, 2019					✱	✱	✱														
DISSOLVED SOLIDS																					
Quarter 4, 2002										✱											
Quarter 1, 2003										✱											
Quarter 2, 2003										✱											
Quarter 3, 2003							✱			✱	✱										
Quarter 4, 2003										✱											
Quarter 3, 2005						✱															
Quarter 4, 2006															✱						
Quarter 1, 2007															✱						
Quarter 2, 2007															✱						
Quarter 4, 2008															✱						
Quarter 1, 2009															✱						
Quarter 2, 2009															✱						
Quarter 3, 2009															✱						
Quarter 4, 2009															✱						
Quarter 1, 2010															✱						
Quarter 2, 2010															✱						
Quarter 3, 2010															✱						
Quarter 4, 2010															✱						
Quarter 1, 2011															✱						
Quarter 2, 2011															✱						
Quarter 3, 2011															✱						
Quarter 4, 2011															✱						
Quarter 1, 2012														✱	✱						
Quarter 2, 2012															✱						✱
Quarter 3, 2012															✱						✱
Quarter 4, 2012															✱						
Quarter 1, 2013															✱						
Quarter 2, 2013															✱						
Quarter 3, 2013															✱						
Quarter 4, 2013															✱						
Quarter 1, 2014															✱						
Quarter 2, 2014															✱						
Quarter 4, 2014															✱						
Quarter 2, 2015															✱						
Quarter 3, 2015															✱						
Quarter 4, 2015															✱						
Quarter 1, 2016															✱						
Quarter 3, 2019															✱						
Quarter 4, 2019															✱						

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
IODIDE																					
Quarter 2, 2003																✱					
Quarter 3, 2003	✱									✱											
Quarter 4, 2003							✱														
Quarter 3, 2010						✱		✱					✱				✱				
IODINE-131																					
Quarter 3, 2010																		■			
IODOMETHANE																					
Quarter 4, 2003						✱															
IRON																					
Quarter 4, 2002						✱															
Quarter 3, 2003																✱					
Quarter 4, 2003										✱						✱					
Quarter 1, 2004										✱						✱					
Quarter 2, 2004										✱											
Quarter 3, 2004										✱											
Quarter 3, 2005																✱					
MAGNESIUM																					
Quarter 2, 2005															✱						✱
Quarter 3, 2005						✱															✱
Quarter 2, 2006															✱						✱
Quarter 3, 2006															✱						
Quarter 1, 2007															✱						
Quarter 2, 2008															✱						
Quarter 2, 2009															✱						
Quarter 3, 2009															✱						
Quarter 4, 2009															✱						
Quarter 1, 2010															✱						
Quarter 2, 2010															✱						
Quarter 3, 2010															✱						
Quarter 1, 2011															✱						
Quarter 2, 2011															✱						
Quarter 3, 2011															✱						
Quarter 4, 2011															✱						
Quarter 1, 2012															✱						
Quarter 2, 2012															✱						
Quarter 3, 2012															✱						
Quarter 4, 2012															✱						
Quarter 1, 2013															✱						
Quarter 2, 2013															✱						
Quarter 3, 2013															✱						
Quarter 4, 2013															✱						
Quarter 2, 2014															✱						
Quarter 4, 2014															✱						
Quarter 2, 2015															✱						
Quarter 3, 2015															✱						
Quarter 4, 2015															✱						
Quarter 1, 2016															✱						
Quarter 2, 2016															✱						
Quarter 3, 2016	✱																				
Quarter 4, 2016	✱																				
Quarter 2, 2017	✱																				
Quarter 3, 2017	✱																				
Quarter 1, 2018	✱																				
Quarter 3, 2018	✱																				
Quarter 3, 2019	✱																				
Quarter 4, 2019															✱						
MANGANESE																					
Quarter 3, 2002										✱		✱									
Quarter 4, 2002		✱				✱	✱			✱		✱		✱							
Quarter 2, 2003										✱		✱									
Quarter 3, 2003										✱		✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱		
Quarter 4, 2003										✱	✱	✱	✱				✱	✱			
Quarter 1, 2004										✱	✱	✱				✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 2, 2004							✱			✱	✱	✱						✱			
Quarter 3, 2004							✱			✱	✱	✱				✱					
Quarter 4, 2004										✱		✱				✱					
Quarter 1, 2005										✱		✱									
Quarter 2, 2005										✱		✱									
Quarter 3, 2005										✱		✱				✱					
Quarter 4, 2005										✱						✱					
Quarter 1, 2006										✱											
Quarter 2, 2006							✱			✱		✱									
Quarter 3, 2006										✱						✱					
Quarter 4, 2006										✱											
Quarter 1, 2007										✱											

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
MANGANESE																					
Quarter 2, 2007							*			*											
Quarter 3, 2007							*														
Quarter 3, 2008							*														
Quarter 4, 2008							*														
Quarter 3, 2009							*														
Quarter 3, 2011							*														
Quarter 2, 2016														*							
Quarter 3, 2016									*												
NICKEL																					
Quarter 3, 2003										*											
OXIDATION-REDUCTION POTENTIAL																					
Quarter 4, 2002																	*		*		
Quarter 1, 2003																	*		*		
Quarter 2, 2003																			*		
Quarter 3, 2003	*																				
Quarter 4, 2003					*																
Quarter 2, 2004													*				*				*
Quarter 3, 2004					*			*					*	*	*		*			*	*
Quarter 4, 2004												*									*
Quarter 1, 2005																	*			*	*
Quarter 2, 2005								*					*				*			*	
Quarter 3, 2005					*	*		*			*	*	*				*		*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2005		*						*					*				*			*	
Quarter 1, 2006					*			*	*								*				*
Quarter 2, 2006					*		*	*					*				*			*	
Quarter 3, 2006					*			*					*				*			*	
Quarter 4, 2006					*		*			*		*	*				*			*	*
Quarter 1, 2007		*			*			*					*				*			*	*
Quarter 2, 2007					*								*				*			*	*
Quarter 3, 2007					*			*									*			*	
Quarter 4, 2007																	*			*	*
Quarter 1, 2008					*			*				*	*						*	*	
Quarter 2, 2008					*			*		*			*	*				*		*	*
Quarter 3, 2008					*		*	*	*	*		*	*	*			*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2008								*		*		*	*				*	*		*	*
Quarter 1, 2009							*	*		*		*	*					*		*	
Quarter 2, 2009					*		*	*		*		*	*				*	*		*	*
Quarter 3, 2009		*			*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*			*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2009		*				*	*	*	*	*		*	*				*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2010		*			*		*	*		*			*			*	*	*		*	
Quarter 2, 2010					*	*		*		*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2010		*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2010		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2011						*		*		*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 2, 2011		*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2011		*				*		*	*	*		*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2011		*				*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*		*	*
Quarter 1, 2012		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2012	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2012		*				*		*		*		*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2012		*				*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2013		*				*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*		*	
Quarter 2, 2013		*						*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2013	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2013		*				*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2014		*						*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2014	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2014	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2014		*				*		*	*	*		*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2015		*				*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2015	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2015		*			*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2015	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2016	*	*			*		*	*		*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2016	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2016	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2016	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2017	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2017	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2017	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2017		*				*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*		*	*		*	*
Quarter 1, 2018	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*
Quarter 2, 2018	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2018	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2018		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2019	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
OXIDATION-REDUCTION POTENTIAL																					
Quarter 2, 2019	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2019	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2019	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
PCB, TOTAL																					
Quarter 4, 2003																	✱				
Quarter 3, 2004												✱									
Quarter 3, 2005							✱														
Quarter 2, 2006							✱														
Quarter 3, 2006							✱														
Quarter 1, 2007							✱														
Quarter 2, 2007							✱														
Quarter 3, 2007							✱														
Quarter 1, 2008							✱														
Quarter 2, 2008							✱														
Quarter 4, 2008							✱														
Quarter 3, 2009							✱														
Quarter 1, 2010							✱														
Quarter 2, 2010							✱														
Quarter 4, 2010							✱														
PCB-1016																					
Quarter 3, 2004												✱									
Quarter 2, 2006							✱					✱									
Quarter 1, 2007							✱														
Quarter 2, 2007							✱														
Quarter 3, 2007							✱														
Quarter 2, 2008							✱														
Quarter 4, 2008							✱														
Quarter 3, 2009							✱														
Quarter 1, 2010							✱														
Quarter 2, 2010							✱														
Quarter 4, 2010							✱														
PCB-1242																					
Quarter 3, 2006							✱					✱									
Quarter 4, 2006										✱											
Quarter 1, 2008							✱														
Quarter 2, 2012							✱														
PCB-1248																					
Quarter 2, 2008							✱														
PCB-1260																					
Quarter 2, 2006							✱														
pH																					
Quarter 3, 2002										✱											
Quarter 4, 2002										✱											
Quarter 1, 2003										✱											
Quarter 2, 2003										✱											
Quarter 3, 2003	✱						✱			✱											
Quarter 4, 2003							✱									✱					
Quarter 1, 2004							✱									✱					
Quarter 3, 2005						✱												✱	✱		
Quarter 4, 2005						✱													✱		
Quarter 3, 2006																✱					
Quarter 2, 2011														✱							
Quarter 3, 2011														✱							
Quarter 4, 2011														✱							
Quarter 1, 2012																✱	✱				
Quarter 2, 2012												✱									
Quarter 1, 2013										✱		✱				✱					
Quarter 3, 2015																	✱				
Quarter 2, 2016																				✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2016																				✱	
Quarter 2, 2017																	✱				
Quarter 3, 2018					✱					✱		✱					✱	✱	✱		
Quarter 4, 2018																✱		✱			
Quarter 3, 2019																✱					
POTASSIUM																					
Quarter 1, 2014																✱					
RADIUM-228																					
Quarter 2, 2005														■							
Quarter 4, 2005						■						■						■			
SELENIUM																					
Quarter 4, 2003									■												

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
SODIUM																					
Quarter 3, 2002										✱	✱		✱								
Quarter 4, 2002										✱	✱			✱							
Quarter 1, 2003										✱											
Quarter 2, 2003										✱	✱										
Quarter 3, 2003											✱										
Quarter 1, 2007											✱										
Quarter 1, 2012														✱							
Quarter 1, 2014															✱						
Quarter 3, 2014											✱										
Quarter 4, 2014											✱										
Quarter 4, 2015											✱										
Quarter 1, 2016											✱										
Quarter 2, 2016											✱										
Quarter 3, 2016											✱										
Quarter 4, 2016											✱										
Quarter 1, 2017											✱										
Quarter 2, 2017											✱										
Quarter 3, 2017											✱										
Quarter 4, 2017											✱										
Quarter 1, 2018											✱										
Quarter 3, 2018											✱										
STRONTIUM-90																					
Quarter 4, 2008							■														
SULFATE																					
Quarter 1, 2003							✱														
Quarter 2, 2003						✱	✱														
Quarter 3, 2003	✱					✱															
Quarter 4, 2003					✱		✱														
Quarter 1, 2004					✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 2, 2004					✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 3, 2004					✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 1, 2005					✱	✱			✱												
Quarter 2, 2005					✱		✱		✱						✱						
Quarter 3, 2005					✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 4, 2005															✱						
Quarter 1, 2006					✱				✱												
Quarter 2, 2006						✱	✱		✱						✱						
Quarter 3, 2006							✱														
Quarter 1, 2007							✱														
Quarter 2, 2007							✱														
Quarter 3, 2007							✱														
Quarter 4, 2007		✱																			
Quarter 1, 2008		✱			✱		✱		✱												
Quarter 2, 2008		✱			✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 3, 2008		✱			✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 4, 2008		✱				✱	✱														
Quarter 1, 2009		✱					✱														
Quarter 2, 2009		✱			✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 3, 2009		✱			✱	✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 4, 2009		✱			✱	✱									✱						
Quarter 1, 2010		✱			✱	✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 2, 2010		✱			✱	✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 3, 2010		✱			✱	✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 4, 2010		✱				✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 1, 2011		✱																			
Quarter 2, 2011		✱			✱	✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 3, 2011		✱				✱	✱	✱							✱						
Quarter 4, 2011		✱				✱									✱						
Quarter 1, 2012		✱					✱	✱							✱						
Quarter 2, 2012	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱						✱						
Quarter 3, 2012		✱				✱									✱						
Quarter 4, 2012		✱													✱						
Quarter 1, 2013		✱				✱									✱						
Quarter 2, 2013		✱													✱						
Quarter 3, 2013	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 4, 2013		✱													✱						
Quarter 1, 2014		✱													✱						
Quarter 2, 2014	✱	✱			✱		✱	✱							✱						
Quarter 3, 2014	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱							✱						
Quarter 4, 2014		✱				✱															
Quarter 1, 2015		✱																			

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
SULFATE																					
Quarter 2, 2015	*	*			*		*								*						
Quarter 3, 2015		*			*	*		*							*						
Quarter 4, 2015	*	*				*	*	*													
Quarter 1, 2016	*	*			*	*	*														
Quarter 2, 2016	*	*			*	*	*														
Quarter 3, 2016	*	*			*	*	*	*													
Quarter 4, 2016	*	*				*	*	*													
Quarter 1, 2017	*	*				*	*														
Quarter 2, 2017	*	*			*	*	*														
Quarter 3, 2017	*	*			*	*	*														
Quarter 4, 2017		*				*	*														
Quarter 1, 2018	*	*			*	*	*														
Quarter 2, 2018	*	*			*	*	*	*													
Quarter 3, 2018	*	*			*	*	*	*													
Quarter 4, 2018		*				*	*	*													
Quarter 1, 2019	*	*			*	*	*														
Quarter 2, 2019	*	*			*	*	*	*													
Quarter 3, 2019	*	*			*	*	*	*													
Quarter 4, 2019	*	*			*	*	*	*													
TECHNETIUM-99																					
Quarter 4, 2002																	*	*	*		
Quarter 2, 2003							*						*			*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 3, 2003																	*				
Quarter 4, 2003																	*				*
Quarter 1, 2004															*		*				*
Quarter 2, 2004															*						*
Quarter 3, 2004															*						*
Quarter 4, 2004															*		*				*
Quarter 3, 2005																	*				
Quarter 1, 2006															*						*
Quarter 2, 2006		*							*												*
Quarter 3, 2006																					*
Quarter 4, 2006															*						*
Quarter 1, 2007																					*
Quarter 2, 2007													*		*					*	
Quarter 3, 2007															*		*	*			
Quarter 4, 2007										*					*				*		*
Quarter 1, 2008															*					*	*
Quarter 2, 2008							*	*						*		*			*		
Quarter 3, 2008															*						
Quarter 4, 2008										*							*		*		
Quarter 1, 2009										*											
Quarter 2, 2009																		*			
Quarter 3, 2009								*		*					*						
Quarter 4, 2009										*					*			*	*		
Quarter 2, 2010										*						*	*	*	*		
Quarter 3, 2010										*					*						
Quarter 4, 2010																		*			
Quarter 1, 2011		*								*							*				
Quarter 2, 2011																*	*	*	*		
Quarter 1, 2012																	*	*			
Quarter 2, 2012								*										*			
Quarter 3, 2012																	*	*			
Quarter 4, 2012															*			*			*
Quarter 1, 2013																		*			*
Quarter 2, 2013																					*
Quarter 3, 2013										*											*
Quarter 4, 2013															*		*	*			*
Quarter 1, 2014															*		*	*			
Quarter 2, 2014																		*			
Quarter 3, 2014																	*	*	*		
Quarter 4, 2014															*						
Quarter 1, 2015															*			*			
Quarter 2, 2015																*					
Quarter 3, 2015																		*	*	*	
Quarter 4, 2015															*		*			*	
Quarter 1, 2016																*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 2, 2016																*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 3, 2016																	*		*	*	
Quarter 4, 2016										*				*			*	*			
Quarter 1, 2017																	*		*	*	
Quarter 2, 2017																				*	
Quarter 3, 2017																		*		*	
Quarter 4, 2017														*	*		*	*		*	
Quarter 1, 2018																				*	

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
TECHNETIUM-99																					
Quarter 2, 2018														✱		✱				✱	
Quarter 3, 2018															✱					✱	
Quarter 4, 2018															✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	
Quarter 1, 2019																✱				✱	
Quarter 2, 2019														✱						✱	
Quarter 3, 2019															✱			✱		✱	
Quarter 4, 2019															✱		✱	✱		✱	
THORIUM-230																					
Quarter 4, 2015																✱					
Quarter 2, 2016										✱											
Quarter 4, 2016	✱											✱				✱			✱		
Quarter 4, 2017													✱								
Quarter 2, 2018										✱			✱								
TOLUENE																					
Quarter 2, 2014										✱				✱							
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON																					
Quarter 3, 2002										✱	✱	✱		✱							✱
Quarter 4, 2002										✱	✱			✱							
Quarter 1, 2003											✱										
Quarter 3, 2003	✱									✱	✱					✱					
Quarter 4, 2003										✱	✱										
Quarter 1, 2004											✱										
Quarter 3, 2005						✱				✱					✱	✱			✱		
Quarter 4, 2005						✱												✱	✱		
Quarter 1, 2006																			✱		
TOTAL ORGANIC HALIDES																					
Quarter 4, 2002										✱											
Quarter 1, 2003										✱											
Quarter 2, 2003										✱											
Quarter 1, 2004																✱					
TRICHLOROETHENE																					
Quarter 3, 2002														■						■	
Quarter 4, 2002															■					■	
Quarter 1, 2003																				■	■
Quarter 2, 2003															■					■	
Quarter 3, 2003							■													■	■
Quarter 4, 2003															■					■	■
Quarter 1, 2004															■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2004															■					■	■
Quarter 3, 2004															■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2004															■					■	■
Quarter 1, 2005															■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2005															■					■	■
Quarter 3, 2005															■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2005															■					■	■
Quarter 1, 2006															■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2006															■					■	■
Quarter 3, 2006															■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2006															■						■
Quarter 1, 2007															■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2007															■						■
Quarter 3, 2007															■						■
Quarter 4, 2007															■						■
Quarter 1, 2008															■						■
Quarter 2, 2008															■				■		■
Quarter 3, 2008															■						■
Quarter 4, 2008															■						■
Quarter 1, 2009															■						■
Quarter 2, 2009															■						■
Quarter 3, 2009															■						■
Quarter 4, 2009						■	■				■		■	■	■		■				■
Quarter 1, 2010													■		■						■
Quarter 2, 2010													■		■						■
Quarter 3, 2010													■		■						■
Quarter 4, 2010													■		■						■
Quarter 2, 2011															■				■		■
Quarter 3, 2011													■		■				■		■
Quarter 4, 2011													■		■						■
Quarter 1, 2012													■		■		■		■		■
Quarter 2, 2012															■						■
Quarter 3, 2012															■						■
Quarter 4, 2012														■	■						■
Quarter 1, 2013													■		■						■
Quarter 2, 2013													■		■		■		■		■

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
TRICHLOROETHENE																					
Quarter 3, 2013													■		■						■
Quarter 4, 2013													■		■				■		■
Quarter 1, 2014													■		■				■		■
Quarter 2, 2014															■		■		■		
Quarter 3, 2014													■		■				■		■
Quarter 4, 2014													■		■				■		■
Quarter 1, 2015													■		■						■
Quarter 2, 2015					■										■				■		■
Quarter 3, 2015													■		■		■				■
Quarter 4, 2015													■		■						■
Quarter 1, 2016													■		■		■	■			■
Quarter 2, 2016												■	■		■		■		■		■
Quarter 3, 2016													■		■		■	■			■
Quarter 4, 2016													■		■		■	■	■		■
Quarter 1, 2017													■		■			■			■
Quarter 2, 2017															■		■	■			■
Quarter 3, 2017															■		■	■			■
Quarter 4, 2017										■			■	■			■	■			■
Quarter 1, 2018															■		■	■			■
Quarter 2, 2018													■		■	■	■	■	■		■
Quarter 3, 2018										■					■		■	■			■
Quarter 4, 2018										■			■		■		■	■	■		■
Quarter 1, 2019										■					■	■	■	■			
Quarter 2, 2019										■						■	■	■			■
Quarter 3, 2019																	■	■	■		
Quarter 4, 2019																	■	■			
TURBIDITY																					
Quarter 1, 2003										✱											
URANIUM																					
Quarter 4, 2002		✱			✱	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2006																					✱
ZINC																					
Quarter 3, 2005																			✱		

✱ Statistical test results indicate an elevated concentration (i.e., a statistical exceedance).

■ MCL Exceedance

■ Previously reported as an MCL exceedance; however, result was equal to MCL

UCRS Upper Continental Recharge System

URGA Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer

LRGA Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer

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APPENDIX H

METHANE MONITORING DATA

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CP3-WM-0017-F04 - C-746-U LANDFILL METHANE MONITORING REPORT

PADUCAH GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANT
Permit #: 073-00045
McCracken County, Kentucky

Date:	12/03/19	Time:	1245	Monitor:	Robert Kirby

Weather Conditions: Sunny, Slight Wind, and 50 Degrees

Monitoring Equipment:: RAE Systems, Multi-RAE Serial #4493

Monitoring Location		Reading (% LEL)
C-746-U1	Checked at floor level	0
C-746-U2	Checked at floor level	0
C-746-U-T-14	Checked at floor level	0
C-746-U15	Checked at floor level	0
MG1	Dry casing	0
MG2	Dry casing	0
MG3	Dry casing	0
MG4	Dry casing	0
Suspect or Problem Areas	No problems noted	0

Remarks: NA

Performed by: Robert Kirby 12/03/19

Signature Date

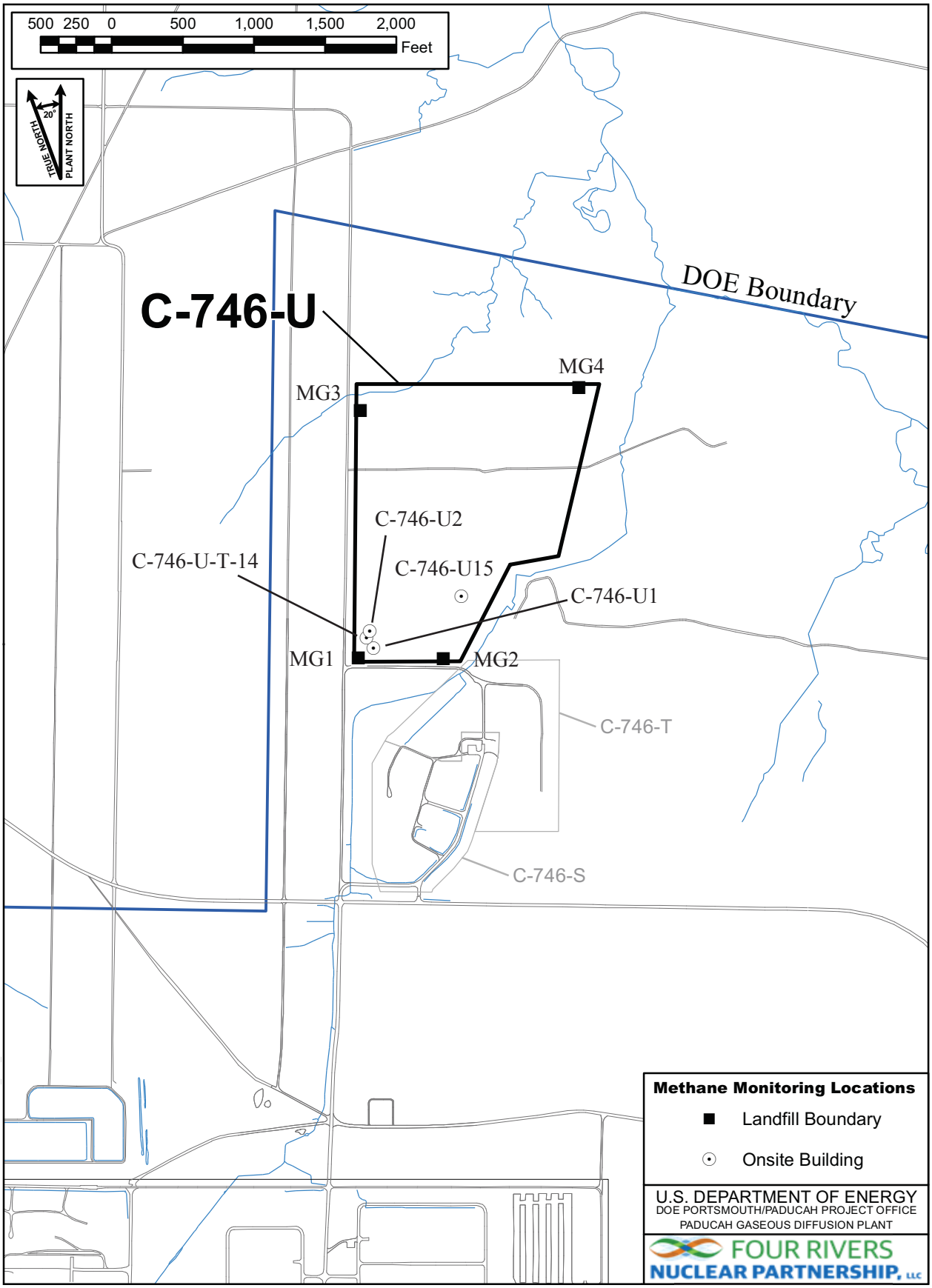

Figure H.1. C-746-U Methane Monitoring Locations

APPENDIX I

SURFACE WATER ANALYSES AND WRITTEN COMMENTS

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Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

SURFACE WATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS (S)

Monitoring Point (KPDES Discharge Number, or "UPSTREAM", or "DOWNSTREAM")						L150 AT SITE		L154 UPSTREAM		L351 DOWNSTREAM		F. BLANK	
Sample Sequence #						1		1		1		1	
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment						NA		NA		NA		F	
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)						10/21/2019 10:16		10/21/2019 10:34		10/21/2019 09:55		10/21/2019 10:06	
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[1]						N		N		N		N	
Split ('Y' or "N")[2]						N		N		N		N	
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)						L150US1-20		L154US1-20		L351US1-20		FB1US1-20	
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)						493724002		493724003		493724004		493724005	
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year)						11/11/2019		11/8/2019		11/8/2019		11/8/2019	
CAS RN[3]		CONSTITUENT	TD[4]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]
A200-00-0	0	Flow	T	MGD	Field		*		*		*		*
16887-00-6	2	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	300.0	9.49		2.42		11.8		<0.2	
14808-79-8	0	Sulfate	T	mg/L	300.0	81.4		4.95		25.2		<0.4	
7439-89-6	0	Iron	T	mg/L	200.8	0.845		0.713		1.11		<0.1	
7440-23-5	0	Sodium	T	mg/L	200.8	6.16		1.63		15.9		<0.25	
S0268- -	0	Organic Carbon[6]	T	mg/L	9060	4.58		19.6		20.4			*
S0097- -	0	BOD[6]	T	mg/L	not applicable		*		*		*		*
S0130- -	0	Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	40.3	*	115	*	215	*		*

[1]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[3]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[4]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[5]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value then shown is Practical Quantification Limit
[6]Facility has either/or option on Organic Carbon and (BOD) Biochemical Oxygen Demand - both are not required
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments" page.

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution factor

SURFACE WATER - QUARTERLY

Facility: **US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant**

Permit Number: SW07300014,SW07300015,SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

SURFACE WATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont)

Monitoring Point (KPDES Discharge Number, or "UPSTREAM" or "DOWNSTREAM")						L150 AT SITE		L154 UPSTREAM		L351 DOWNSTREAM		F. BLANK	
CAS RN[3]		CONSTITUENT	TD[4]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]
S0145- -	1	Specific Conductance	T	µMHO/CM	Field	225		90		331			*
S0270- -	0	Total Suspended Solids	T	MG/L	160.2	720		24		80			*
S0266- -	0	Total Dissolved Solids	T	MG/L	160.1	341	*	150	*	271	*		*
S0269- -	0	Total Solids	T	MG/L	2540B	898		111		311			*
S0296- -	0	pH	T	Units	Field	7.79		7.54		7.22			*
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	MG/L	200.8	0.00114		0.000846		0.0167		<0.0002	
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha (α)	T	pCi/L	900.0	36	*	-0.575	*	17	*	-1.03	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta (β)	T	pCi/L	900.0	27.3	*	13.9	*	85.5	*	-1.18	*

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

SURFACE WATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS (S)

Monitoring Point (KPDES Discharge Number, or "UPSTREAM", or "DOWNSTREAM")						L150 AT SITE								
Sample Sequence #						1								
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment						NA								
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour:minutes)						10/21/2019 10:16								
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[1]						Y								
Split ('Y' or "N")[2]						N								
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)						L150DUS1-20								
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)						493724001								
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year)						11/11/2019								
CAS RN[3]		CONSTITUENT	TD[4]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	
A200-00-0	0	Flow	T	MGD	Field		*							
16887-00-6	2	Chloride(s)	T	MG/L	300.0	9.58								
14808-79-8	0	Sulfate	T	MG/L	300.0	81.9								
7439-89-6	0	Iron	T	MG/L	200.8	0.616								
7440-23-5	0	Sodium	T	MG/L	200.8	6.42								
S0268- -	0	Organic Carbon[6]	T	MG/L	9060	4.63								
S0097- -	0	BOD[6]	T	MG/L	not applicable		*							
S0130- -	0	Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	MG/L	410.4	35.3	*							

[1]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[3]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[4]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[5]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value then shown is Practical Quantification Limit
[6]Facility has either/or option on Organic Carbon and (BOD) Biochemical Oxygen Demand - both are not required
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments" page.

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution factor

SURFACE WATER - QUARTERLY

Facility: **US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant**

Permit Number: **SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045**

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

SURFACE WATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont)

Monitoring Point (KPDES Discharge Number, or "UPSTREAM" or "DOWNSTREAM")						L150 AT SITE							
CAS RN[3]		CONSTITUENT	TD[4]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]
S0145- -	1	Specific Conductance	T	µmho/cm	Field		*						
S0270- -	0	Total Suspended Solids	T	mg/L	160.2	714							
S0266- -	0	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	334	*						
S0269- -	0	Total Solids	T	mg/L	2540B	940							
S0296- -	0	pH	T	Units	Field		*						
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	200.8	0.0012							
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha (α)	T	pCi/L	900.0	27.2	*						
12587-47-2		Gross Beta (β)	T	pCi/L	900.0	18.9	*						

RESIDENTIAL/INERT – QUARTERLY **Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1**

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant **LAB ID: None**

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 **For Official Use Only**

SURFACE WATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
L150	L150US1-20	Flow Rate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Alpha activity		TPU is 17. Rad error is 15.9.
		Beta activity		TPU is 9.3. Rad error is 8.17.
L154	L154US1-20	Flow Rate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Alpha activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.69. Rad error is 4.68.
		Beta activity		TPU is 6.4. Rad error is 5.99.
L351	L351US1-20	Flow Rate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Alpha activity		TPU is 9.33. Rad error is 8.9.
		Beta activity		TPU is 19. Rad error is 12.7.
QC	FB1US1-20	Flow Rate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon (TOC)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Conductivity		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Suspended Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Alpha activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.5. Rad error is 4.5.
		Beta activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.17. Rad error is 6.17.

RESIDENTIAL/INERT – QUARTERLY **Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1**

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant **LAB ID: None**

Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 **For Official Use Only**

SURFACE WATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
L150	L150DUS1-20	Flow Rate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Conductivity		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Alpha activity		TPU is 14.3. Rad error is 13.6.
		Beta activity		TPU is 9. Rad error is 8.46.

APPENDIX J

ANALYTICAL LABORATORY CERTIFICATION

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Accredited Laboratory

A2LA has accredited

GEL LABORATORIES, LLC

Charleston, SC

for technical competence in the field of

Environmental Testing

In recognition of the successful completion of the A2LA evaluation process that includes an assessment of the laboratory's compliance with ISO/IEC 17025:2017, the 2009 TNI Environmental Testing Laboratory Standard, the requirements of the Department of Defense Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (DoD ELAP), and the requirements of the Department of Energy Consolidated Audit Program (DOECAP) as detailed in Version 5.3 of the DoD/DOE Quality System Manual for Environmental Laboratories (QSM), accreditation is granted to this laboratory to perform recognized EPA methods as defined on the associated A2LA Environmental Scope of Accreditation. This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for this defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communiqué dated April 2017).

Presented this 15th day of July 2019.

Vice President, Accreditation Services
For the Accreditation Council
Certificate Number 2567.01
Valid to June 30, 2021

For the tests to which this accreditation applies, please refer to the laboratory's Environmental Scope of Accreditation.

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APPENDIX K

LABORATORY ANALYTICAL METHODS

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Analytical Method	Preparation Method	Product
SW846 8260B		Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) by Gas Chromatograph/Mass Spectrometer
SW846 8011	SW846 8011 PREP	Analysis of 1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB), 1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane (DBCP) and 1,2,3-Trichloropropane in Water by GC/ECD Using Methods 504.1 or 8011
SW846 3535A/8082	SW846 3535A	Analysis of The Analysis of Polychlorinated Biphenyls by GC/ECD by ECD
SW846 6020	SW846 3005A	Determination of Metals by ICP-MS
SW846 7470A	SW846 7470A Prep	Mercury Analysis Using the Perkin Elmer Automated Mercury Analyzer
SW846 9060A		Carbon, Total Organic
SW846 9012B	SW846 9010C Distillation	Cyanide, Total
EPA 300.0		Ion Chromatography Iodide
SW846 9056		Ion Chromatography
EPA 160.1		Solids, Total Dissolved
EPA 410.4		COD
Eichrom Industries, AN-1418		AlphaSpec Ra226, Liquid
DOE EML HASL-300, Th-01-RC Modified		Th-01-RC M, Th Isotopes, Liquid
EPA 904.0/SW846 9320 Modified		904.0Mod, Ra228, Liquid
EPA 900.0/SW846 9310		9310, Alpha/Beta Activity, liquid
EPA 905.0 Modified/DOE RP501 Rev. 1 Modified		905.0Mod, Sr90, liquid
DOE EML HASL-300, Tc-02-RC Modified		Tc-02-RC-MOD, Tc99, Liquid
EPA 906.0 Modified		906.0M, Tritium Dist, Liquid

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APPENDIX L

MICRO-PURGING STABILITY PARAMETERS

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Micro-Purge Stability Parameters
for the C-746-U Contained Landfill

	Temperature (°C)	Conductivity (umho/cm)	pH (Std Unit)	Dissolved oxygen (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
MW357					
Date Collected: 10/14/2019					
0954	61.0	420	6.29	3.50	6.60
0957	61.2	420	6.27	3.22	4.20
1000	61.2	419	6.27	3.21	4.40
MW359					
Date Collected: 10/14/2019					
1037	62.4	253	6.36	3.97	1.1
1040	62.4	235	6.22	4.06	1.0
1043	62.4	236	6.21	4.04	1.1
MW361					
Date Collected: 10/14/2019					
0717	57.1	504	6.10	4.16	3.4
0720	56.8	499	6.00	2.74	2.9
0723	56.9	503	6.03	2.69	3.3
MW363					
Date Collected: 10/15/2019					
0754	58.2	410	6.30	2.73	4.0
0757	58.3	433	6.19	1.03	1.9
0800	58.3	427	6.20	1.02	1.4
MW365					
Date Collected: 10/15/2019					
0932	60.2	438	6.50	6.21	9.5
0935	59.9	433	6.30	4.61	8.1
0938	60.0	429	6.28	4.59	8.1
MW367					
Date Collected: 10/15/2019					
1018	60.7	317	6.30	4.85	17.3
1021	60.9	280	6.07	2.32	16.3
1024	61.0	279	6.06	2.29	15.8
MW369					
Date Collected: 10/16/2019					
0739	60.3	384	6.62	3.07	4.7
0742	60.3	367	6.22	1.89	3.5
0745	60.4	367	6.19	1.88	2.9
MW371					
Date Collected: 10/16/2019					
0917	61.2	657	6.88	5.08	104
0920	60.9	659	6.63	1.32	52.8
0923	60.9	657	6.60	1.27	52.2
MW373					
Date Collected: 10/16/2019					
1004	61.8	809	6.30	4.23	2.1
1007	62.3	807	6.17	1.94	1.6
1010	62.6	806	6.16	1.98	1.6
MW375					
Date Collected: 10/15/2019					
1309	62.5	344	7.04	2.36	3.6
1312	62.7	337	6.85	1.68	4
1315	62.5	336	6.82	1.61	3.5

	Temperature (°C)	Conductivity (umho/cm)	pH (Std Unit)	Dissolved oxygen (mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)
MW358					
Date Collected: 10/14/2019					
1212	63.0	539	6.32	2.76	0.00
1215	62.8	523	6.52	1.38	0.60
1218	62.9	519	6.49	1.37	0.50
MW360					
Date Collected: 10/14/2019					
0906	58.4	424	6.41	3.16	12.6
0909	58.4	425	6.40	2.24	11.7
0912	58.5	420	6.40	2.17	11.6
MW362					
Date Collected: 10/14/2019					
0823	57.6	736	6.96	5.57	7.6
0826	57.9	738	7.00	5.29	5.0
0829	58.0	731	7.00	5.19	5.1
MW364					
Date Collected: 10/15/2019					
0839	58.9	478	6.45	5.64	17.4
0842	58.9	473	6.20	3.64	16.7
0845	59.0	473	6.18	3.61	15.8
MW366					
Date Collected: 10/14/2019					
1304	62.0	466	6.64	5.96	4.9
1307	61.9	462	6.68	4.22	5.1
1310	61.9	466	6.68	4.26	5.2
MW368					
Date Collected: 10/15/2019					
1223	62.2	651	6.84	3.06	14.8
1226	62.3	647	6.63	2.08	13.2
1229	62.2	643	6.63	2.03	13
MW370					
Date Collected: 10/16/2019					
0823	60.7	450	6.23	4.02	1.1
0826	60.6	437	6.06	3.68	2.0
0829	60.5	434	6.06	3.70	1.8
MW372					
Date Collected: 10/16/2019					
1209	61.5	704	6.62	2.88	2.0
1212	61.9	698	6.39	1.99	1.7
1215	62.0	697	6.37	1.93	1.6
MW374					
Date Collected: 10/16/2019					
1251	62.2	681	7.00	3.54	3.9
1254	62.3	673	6.79	1.93	3.1
1257	62.2	670	6.78	1.88	3.3

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