FRNP-RPT-0027/V1

C-746-U Contained Landfill
First Quarter Calendar Year 2018
(January–March)
Compliance Monitoring Report
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky

FOUR RIVERS
NUCLEAR PARTNERSHIP, LLC

This document is approved for public release per review by:

David Hayden — 5-23-18

FRNP Classification Support — Date

FRNP-RPT-0027/V1

C-746-U Contained Landfill
First Quarter Calendar Year 2018
(January–March)
Compliance Monitoring Report
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky

Date Issued—May 2018

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
Office of Environmental Management

Prepared by
FOUR RIVERS NUCLEAR PARTNERSHIP, LLC,
managing the
Deactivation and Remediation Project at the
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
under Contract DE-EM0004895

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ACRONYMS

CFR	*Code of Federal Regulations*
CY	calendar year
KAR	*Kentucky Administrative Regulations*
KDWM	Kentucky Division of Waste Management
KRS	*Kentucky Revised Statutes*
LEL	lower explosive limit
LRGA	Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer
MCL	maximum contaminant level
MW	monitoring well
RGA	Regional Gravel Aquifer
UCRS	Upper Continental Recharge System
URGA	Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer
UTL	upper tolerance limit

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1. INTRODUCTION

This report, *C-746-U Contained Landfill First Quarter Calendar Year 2018 (January–March) Compliance Monitoring Report, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, is being submitted in accordance with Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045.

The Groundwater, Surface Water, Leachate, and Methane Monitoring Sample Data Reporting Form is provided in Appendix A. The facility information sheet is provided in Appendix B. Groundwater analytical results are recorded on the Kentucky Division of Waste Management (KDWM) Groundwater Sample Analyses forms, which are presented in Appendix C. The statistical analyses and qualification statement are provided in Appendix D. The groundwater flow rate and direction determinations are provided in Appendix E. Appendix F contains the notifications for all permit required parameters whose concentrations exceed the maximum contaminant level (MCL) for Kentucky solid waste facilities provided in 401 *KAR* 47:030 § 6 and for all permit required parameters listed in 40 *CFR* § 302.4, Appendix A, that do not have an MCL and whose concentrations exceed the historical background concentrations [upper tolerance limit (UTL), as established at a 95% confidence]. Appendix G provides a chart of MCL exceedances and exceedances of the historical background UTL that have occurred, beginning in the fourth quarter calendar year (CY) 2002. Methane monitoring results are documented on the approved C-746-U Landfill Methane Monitoring Report form provided in Appendix H. The form includes pertinent remarks/observations as required by 401 *KAR* 48:090 § 5. Surface water results are provided in Appendix I.

1.1 BACKGROUND

The C-746-U Landfill is an operating solid waste landfill located north of the Paducah Site and north of the C-746-S&T Landfills. Construction and operation of the C-746-U Landfill were permitted in November 1996. The operation is regulated under Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045. The permitted C-746-U Landfill area covers about 60 acres and includes a liner and leachate collection system. C-746-U Landfill currently is operating in Phases 4 and 5. Phases 1, 2, and 3 have long-term cover. Phases 6 through 23 have not been constructed.

1.2 MONITORING PERIOD ACTIVITIES

1.2.1 Groundwater Monitoring

Three zones are monitored at the site: the Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS), the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA), and the Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA). There are 21 monitoring wells (MWs) under permit for the C-746-U Landfill: 9 UCRS wells, 6 URGA wells, and 6 LRGA wells. A map of the MW locations is presented in Figure 1. All MWs were sampled this quarter except MW376 and MW377 (all screened in the UCRS), which had an insufficient amount of water to obtain samples; therefore, there are no laboratory analysis results for these locations.

Consistent with the approved *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah*

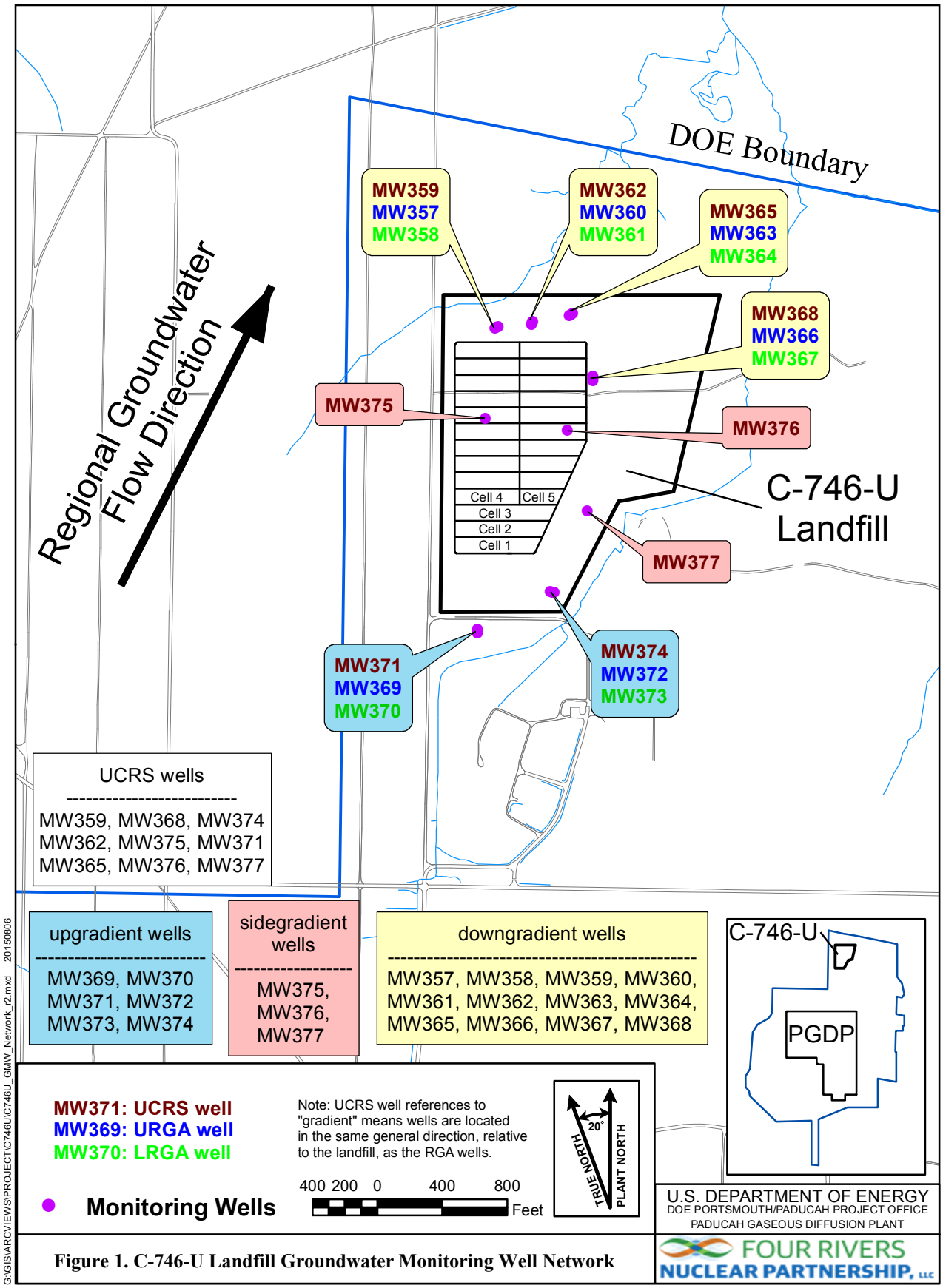

Figure 1. C-746-U Landfill Groundwater Monitoring Well Network

Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky, (Groundwater Monitoring Plan), UCRS wells are included in the monitoring program (LATA Kentucky 2014). Groundwater flow gradients are downward through the UCRS, but flow in the underlying Regional Gravel Aquifer (RGA) is lateral. Groundwater flow in the RGA typically is in a northeasterly direction in the vicinity of the C-746-U Landfill. The Ohio River and lower reaches of Little Bayou Creek are the discharge areas for the RGA flow system from the vicinity of the landfills.

Consistent with the conceptual site model, the constituent concentrations in UCRS wells are considered to be representative only of the conditions local to the well or sourced from overlying soils; thus, no discussion of potential "upgradient" sources is relevant to the discussion for the UCRS. Nevertheless, a UTL for background also has been calculated for UCRS wells using concentrations from UCRS wells located in the same direction (relative to the landfill) as those RGA wells identified as upgradient. The results from these wells are considered to represent historical "background" for UCRS water quality. Similarly, other gradient references for UCRS wells are identified using the same gradient references (relative to the landfill) that are attributed to nearby RGA wells. Results from UCRS wells are compared to this UTL and exceedances of these values are reported in the quarterly report.

Groundwater sampling was conducted within the first quarter 2018 in accordance with the Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014) using the Deactivation and Remediation Contractor, procedure CP4-ES-2101, *Groundwater Sampling*. The analytical laboratory used U.S. Environmental Protection Agency-approved methods, as applicable. Appropriate sample containers and preservatives were used. The parameters specified in Permit Condition GSTR0001, Special Condition 1, were analyzed for all locations sampled.

The groundwater flow rate and direction determination are provided in Appendix E. Depth-to-water was measured on January 29 and 30, 2018, in MWs of the C-746-U Landfill (see Table E.1), in MWs of the C-746-S&T Landfills, and in MWs of the surrounding region (shown on Figure E.4). Water level measurements in 39 vicinity wells define the potentiometric surface for the RGA. Normal regional flow in the RGA is northeastward, toward the Ohio River. During January, RGA groundwater flow in the area of the landfill was oriented north to northeastward. The hydraulic gradient for the RGA in the vicinity of the C-746-U Landfill in January was 4.19×10^{-4} ft/ft. The hydraulic gradients for the URGA and LRGA at the C-746-U Landfill were 5.44×10^{-4} ft/ft and 5.50×10^{-4} ft/ft, respectively. Calculated groundwater flow rates (average linear velocity) at the C-746-U Landfill range from 0.93 to 1.58 ft/day for the URGA and 0.94 to 1.60 ft/day for the LRGA (see Table E.3).

1.2.2 Methane Monitoring

Methane monitoring was conducted in accordance with 401 *KAR* 48:090 § 5 and the approved Explosive Gas Monitoring Program (KEEC 2011), which is Technical Application Attachment 12, of the Solid Waste Landfill permit. Landfill operations staff monitored for the occurrence of methane in four on-site building locations and four locations along the landfill boundary on March 8, 2018. See Appendix H for a map (Figure H.1) of the monitoring locations. Monitoring identified 0% of the lower explosive limit (LEL) of methane at all locations, which is compliant with the regulatory requirement of < 100% LEL at boundary locations and < 25% LEL at all other locations. The results are documented on the C-746-U Landfill Methane Log provided in Appendix H.

1.2.3 Surface Water Monitoring

Surface water was monitored, as specified in 401 *KAR* 48:300 § 2, and the approved *Surface Water Monitoring Plan for C-746-U Contained Landfill Permit Number KY-073-00045, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky* (PRS 2008), which is Technical Application Attachment 24, of the Solid Waste Landfill Permit. Sampling was performed at three locations (see Figure 2) monitored for the

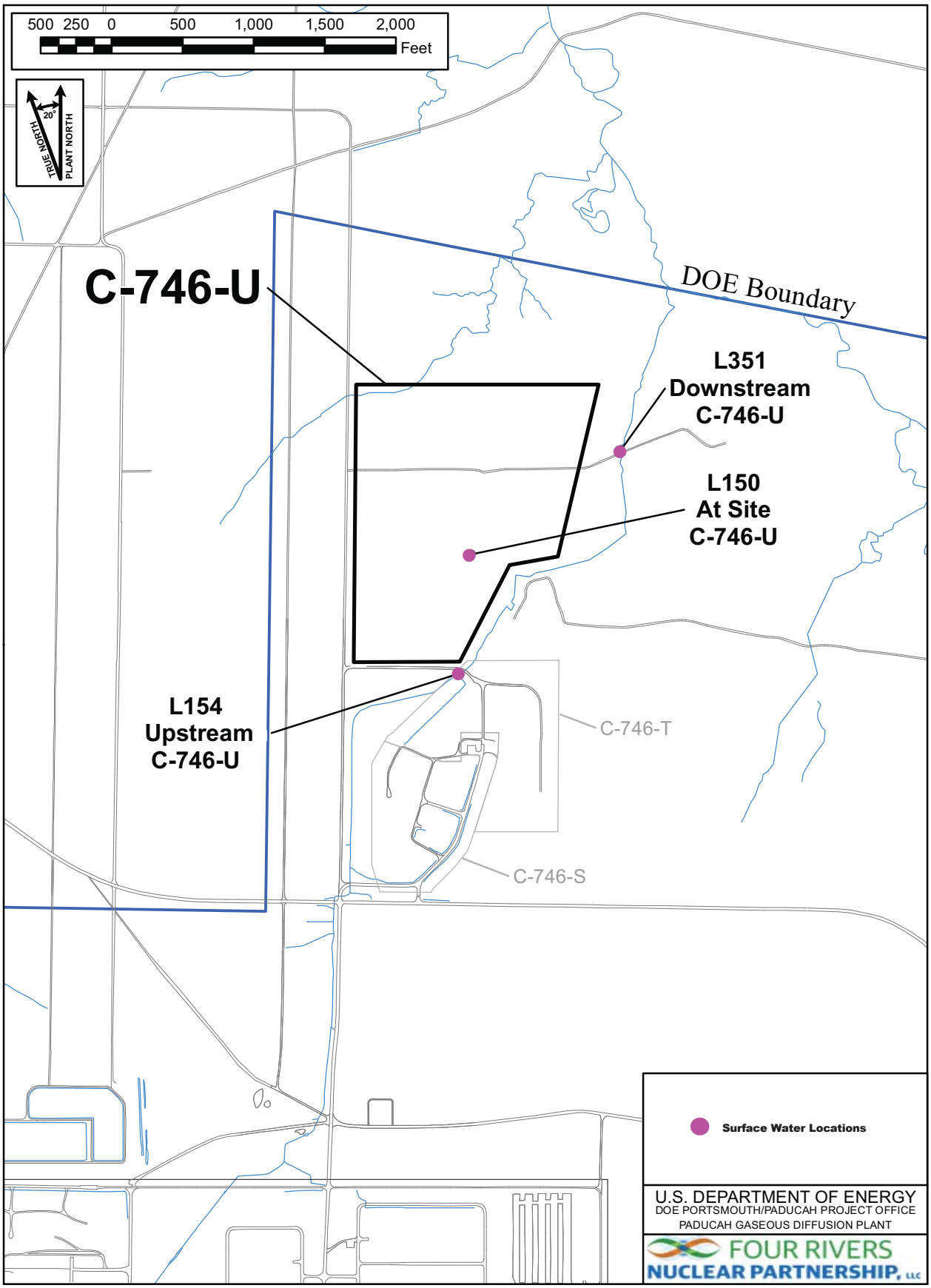

Figure 2. C-746-U Landfill Surface Water Monitoring Locations

C-746-U Landfill. The C-746-U Landfill has an upstream location, L154; a downstream location, L351; and a location capturing runoff from the landfill surface, L150. The parameters identified in the Solid Waste Landfill Permit were analyzed for report only format, pursuant to Permit Condition GMNP0001, Standard Requirement 1. Surface water results are provided in Appendix I.

1.3 KEY RESULTS

Groundwater data were evaluated in accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014), which is Technical Application, Attachment 25, of the Solid Waste Landfill Permit. Parameters that had concentrations that exceeded their respective MCL are listed in Table 1. Those constituents that exceeded their respective MCL were evaluated further against their historical background UTL. Table 2 identifies parameters (without MCLs) with concentrations that exceeded the statistically derived historical background UTL concentrations[1] during the first quarter 2018, as well as parameters that exceeded their MCL and also exceeded their historical background UTL. Those constituents (present in downgradient wells) that exceed their historical background UTL were evaluated against their current UTL-derived background using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells considered to be upgradient (Table 3).

Table 1. Summary of MCL Exceedances

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
None	MW372: Trichloroethene	MW358: Beta activity
		MW361: Trichloroethene
		MW364: Trichloroethene
		MW370: Beta activity
		MW373: Trichloroethene

Table 2. Exceedances of Statistically Derived Historical Background Concentrations

UCRS*	URGA	LRGA
MW359: Dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW357: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW358: Beta activity
MW362: Dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW360: Sodium	MW361: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW365: Dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW363: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW364: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW368: Calcium, magnesium, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW366: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW367: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW371: Dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential	MW369: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW370: Beta activity, dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, technetium-99
MW374: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW372: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW373: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW375: Oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate		

*Gradients in the UCRS are downward. UCRS gradient designations are identified using the same gradient reference (relative to the landfill) that is attributed to nearby RGA wells.
Sidegradient wells: MW375, MW376, MW377
Downgradient wells: MW357, MW358, MW359, MW360, MW361, MW362, MW363, MW364, MW365, MW366, MW367, MW368
Upgradient wells: MW369, MW370, MW371, MW372, MW373, MW374

[1] The term "concentration" may refer to a field measurement result such as pH or oxidation-reduction potential or an analytical parameter such as trichloroethene or polychlorinated biphenyls.

Table 3. Exceedances of Current Background UTL in Downgradient Wells

URGA	LRGA
MW360: Sodium	None

The notification of parameters that exceeded the MCL submitted electronically to the KDWM, in accordance with 401 *KAR* 48:300 § 7, on February 27, 2018, has been revised. The revised notification is included in Appendix F. In accordance with 401 *KAR* 47:030 § 6, beta activity in MW366 should not have been included in the notification. Submittal of the updated page in this report constitutes the correction of the associated 48-hour report.

The constituents that exceeded their MCL in a downgradient well were subjected to a comparison against the UTL concentrations calculated using historical concentrations from wells identified as background. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan, the MCL exceedances for trichloroethene in MW361 and MW364 (downgradient wells) do not exceed the historical background concentration and are considered to be a Type 1 exceedance—not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill.

The MCL exceedance for beta activity in MW358 (downgradient well) was shown to exceed the historical background UTL; therefore, preliminarily it was considered to be a Type 2 exceedance because the source(s) of the exceedance is not determined. To evaluate the preliminary Type 2 exceedance further, the parameter was compared to the current background UTL using the most recent eight quarters of data. The results show that beta activity for MW358 does not exceed the current UTL and is considered to be a Type 1 exceedance (not attributable to the landfill).

This report serves as the notification of parameters that had statistically significant increased concentrations relative to historical background concentrations, as required by Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Condition GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 8; and 401 *KAR* 48:300 § 7.

The constituents that had exceedances of the statistically derived historical background UTL underwent additional statistical evaluation. The current-quarter concentrations were compared to the current background UTLs that were developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as upgradient in order to determine if the current downgradient concentrations are consistent with current background values. Table 3 summarizes the evaluation against current background UTL for those constituents present in downgradient wells with historical UTL exceedances. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan, constituents in downgradient wells that exceed the historical UTL, but do not exceed the current UTL, are considered not to have a landfill source; therefore, they are a Type 1 exceedance.

The constituent listed in Table 3 that exceeds both the historical UTL and the current UTL, sodium in MW360, does not have an identified source and is considered preliminarily to be a Type 2 exceedance, per the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan. To evaluate the preliminary Type 2 exceedance further, the parameter was subjected to the Mann-Kendall statistical test for trend using the most recent eight quarters of data. The result is summarized in Table 4. The preliminary Type 2 exceedance in downgradient well MW360 did not have an increasing trend, thus it is considered to be a Type 1 exceedance (not attributable to the landfill).

The statistical evaluation of current UCRS concentrations against the current UCRS background UTL identified UCRS wells with calcium, dissolved oxygen, magnesium, and sulfate values that exceed both the historical and current backgrounds (Table 5). Because these wells are not hydrogeologically

downgradient of the C-746-U Landfill, these exceedances are not attributable to C-746-U sources and are considered to be Type 1 exceedances.

Table 4. C-746-U Landfill Downgradient Wells Trend Summary Utilizing the Previous Eight Quarters

Location	Well ID	Parameter	Sample Size	Alpha[1]	p-Value[2]	S[3]	Var(S)[4]	Sen's Slope[5]	Kendall Correlation[6]	Decision[7]
C-746-U Landfill	MW360	Sodium	8	0.05	0.089	-12	65.333	-0.54	-0.429	No Trend

Footnotes:
[1] An alpha of 0.05 represents a 95% confidence interval.
[2] The p-value represents the risk of acceptance the H_a hypothesis of a trend, in terms of a percentage.
[3] The initial value of the Mann-Kendall statistic, S, is assumed to be 0 (e.g., no trend). If a data value from a later time period is higher than a data value from an earlier time period, S is incremented by 1. On the other hand, if the data value from a later time period is lower than a data value sampled earlier, S is decremented by 1. The net result of all such increments and decrements yields the final value of S. A very high positive value of S is an indicator of an increasing trend, and a very low negative value indicates a decreasing trend.
[4] VAR(S) represents the variance of S in the sample set and takes into account statistical ties.
[5] The magnitude of trend is predicted by the Sen's Slope. Here, the slope is described as the median of all $(x_j-x_k)/(j-k)$, where x is a data point and j and k are values of time.
[6] Kendall's correlation is described as the difference of concordant pairs and discordant pairs, also taking sample size and statistical ties into account. When the Kendall's correlation is positive, it indicates an increasing trend and when it is negative, it indicates a decreasing trend.
[7] The Mann-Kendall decision operates on two hypotheses, the H_0 and H_a. H_0 assumes there is no trend in the data, whereas H_a assumes either a positive or negative trend. Two different tests were run to test for positive or negative trends. This table reports the test with the lowest p-value.
Note: Statistics generated using XLSTAT.

Table 5. Exceedances of Current Background UTL in Downgradient UCRS Wells*

UCRS
MW359: Dissolved oxygen, sulfate
MW365: Dissolved oxygen, sulfate
MW368: Calcium, magnesium, sulfate

*In the same direction (relative to the landfill) as RGA wells.

All MCL and UTL exceedances reported for this quarter were evaluated and considered to be Type 1 exceedances—not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill.

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2. DATA EVALUATION/STATISTICAL SYNOPSIS

The statistical analyses conducted on the first quarter 2018 groundwater data collected from the C-746-U Landfill MWs were performed in accordance with the Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014). The statistical analyses for this report use data from the first eight quarters that were sampled for each parameter, beginning with the baseline sampling events in 2002, when available. The sampling dates associated with background data are listed next to the result in the statistical analysis sheets in Appendix D (Attachments D1 and D2).

For those parameters that exceed the MCL for Kentucky solid waste facilities found in 401 *KAR* 47:030 § 6, these exceedances were documented and evaluated further as follows. Exceedances were reviewed against historical background results (UTL). If the MCL exceedance was found not to exceed the historical UTL, the exceedance was noted as a Type 1 exceedance—an exceedance not attributable to the landfill. If there was an exceedance of the MCL in a downgradient well and this constituent also exceeded the historical background, the quarterly result was compared to the current background UTL (developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as upgradient) to identify if this exceedance is attributable to upgradient/non-landfill sources. If the downgradient concentration was less than the current background, the exceedance was noted as a Type 1 exceedance. If a constituent exceeds its Kentucky solid waste facility MCL, historical background UTL, and current background UTL, it was reported as a Type 2 exceedance—source undetermined. Type 2 exceedances (undetermined source) were evaluated further using the Mann-Kendall test for trend. If there was no statistically significant increasing trend for a constituent in a downgradient well, the exceedance was reclassified as a Type 1 exceedance (not attributable to the landfill).

For those parameters that do not have a Kentucky solid waste facility MCL, the same process was used. If a constituent without an MCL exceeded its historical background UTL and its current background UTL, it was evaluated further to identify the source of the exceedance, if possible. If the source of the exceedance could not be identified, it was reported as a Type 2 exceedance—source undetermined. Type 2 exceedances (undetermined source) were evaluated further using the Mann-Kendall test for trend. If there was no statistically significant increasing trend for a constituent in a downgradient well, the exceedance was reclassified as a Type 1 exceedance (not attributable to the landfill).

To calculate the UTL, the data are divided into censored (nondetects) and uncensored (detected) observations. The one-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted only on parameters that have at least one uncensored observation. Results of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test are used to determine whether the data show a statistical exceedance in concentrations with respect to historical background concentrations (UTL).

For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted. The test well results are compared to both an upper and lower tolerance limit to determine if statistically significant deviations in concentrations exist with respect to upgradient (background) well data.

A stepwise list of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical procedures applied to the data is provided in Appendix D under Statistical Analysis Process. The statistical analysis was conducted separately for each parameter in each well. The MWs included historically in the statistical analyses are listed in Table 6.

Table 6. Monitoring Wells Included in Statistical Analysis*

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
MW359	MW357	MW358
MW362	MW360	MW361
MW365	MW363	MW364
MW368	MW366	MW367
MW371**	MW369 (upgradient)	MW370 (upgradient)
MW374**	MW372 (upgradient)	MW373 (upgradient)
MW375		
MW376***		
MW377***		

*A map showing the monitoring well locations is shown on Figure 1.
**In the same direction (relative to the landfill) as RGA wells considered to be upgradient.
***MW376 and MW377 had insufficient water to permit a water sample for laboratory analysis.

2.1 STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF GROUNDWATER DATA

Parameters requiring statistical analysis are summarized in Appendix D for each hydrogeological unit. A stepwise list for determining exceedances of statistically derived historical background concentrations is provided in Appendix D under Statistical Analysis Process. A comparison of the current quarter's results to the statistically derived historical background was conducted for parameters that do not have MCLs and also for those parameters whose concentrations exceed MCLs. Appendix G summarizes the occurrences (by well and by quarter) of exceedances of historical UTLs and MCL exceedances. The constituents that had exceedances of the statistically derived historical background UTL underwent additional statistical evaluation. The current-quarter concentrations were compared to the current background UTL developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as upgradient in order to determine if the current downgradient concentrations are consistent with current background values.

2.1.1 Upper Continental Recharge System

In this quarter, 29 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the UCRS. During the first quarter, calcium, dissolved oxygen, magnesium, oxidation-reduction potential, and sulfate displayed concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTL and are listed in Table 2. Calcium, dissolved oxygen, magnesium, and sulfate exceeded the current background UTL and are included in Table 5.

2.1.2 Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer

In this quarter, 30 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the URGA. During the first quarter, oxidation-reduction potential and sodium displayed concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTL and are listed in Table 2. Sodium exceeded the current background UTL and is included in Table 3.

2.1.3 Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer

In this quarter, 30 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the LRGA. During the first quarter, beta activity, dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, and technetium-99 displayed concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTL and are listed in Table 2. There were no exceedances of the current background UTL for any LRGA downgradient wells as summarized in Table 3.

2.2 DATA VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION

Data verification is the process of comparing a data set against a set standard or contractual requirements. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014), data verification is performed for 100% of the data. Data are flagged as necessary.

Data validation was performed on 100% of the organic, inorganic, and radiochemical analytical data by a qualified individual independent from sampling, laboratory, project management, or other decision-making personnel. Data validation evaluates the laboratory adherence to analytical method requirements. Validation qualifiers are added by the independent validator and not the laboratory. Validation qualifiers are not requested on the groundwater reporting forms.

Field quality control samples are collected each sampling event. Field blanks, rinseate blanks, and trip blanks are obtained to ensure quality of field and laboratory practices and data are reported in the Groundwater Sample Analysis forms in Appendix C. Laboratory quality control samples, such as matrix spikes, matrix spike duplicates, and method blanks, are performed by the laboratory. Both field and laboratory quality control sample results are reviewed as part of the data verification/validation process.

Data verification and validation results for this data set indicated that all data were considered usable.

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3. PROFESSIONAL GEOLOGIST AUTHORIZATION

DOCUMENT IDENTIFICATION: *C-746-U Contained Landfill*
First Quarter Calendar Year 2018 (January–March)
Compliance Monitoring Report,
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky (FRNP-RPT-0027/V1)

Stamped and signed pursuant to my authority as a duly registered geologist under the provisions of *KRS* Chapter 322A.

PG113927
K.R. Davis
5-23-18

Kenneth R. Davis
Kenneth R. Davis

PG113927

May 23, 2018
Date

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4. REFERENCES

KEEC (Kentucky Energy and Environment Cabinet) 2011. Solid Waste Landfill Permit, Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Division of Waste Management, Solid Waste Branch, Technical Application Attachment 12, "Explosive Gas Monitoring Program," January 21.

LATA Kentucky (LATA Environmental Services of Kentucky, LLC) 2014. *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, PAD-PROJ-0139, Solid Waste Landfill Permit, Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Technical Application Attachment 25, LATA Environmental Services of Kentucky, LLC, Kevil, KY, June.

PRS (Paducah Remediation Services, LLC) 2008. *Surface Water Monitoring Plan for C-746-U Contained Landfill Permit Number KY-073-00045, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, Solid Waste Landfill Permit, Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Technical Application Attachment 24, Paducah Remediation Services, LLC, Kevil, KY, June.

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APPENDIX A

GROUNDWATER, SURFACE WATER, LEACHATE, AND METHANE MONITORING SAMPLE DATA REPORTING FORM

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GROUNDWATER, SURFACE WATER, LEACHATE, AND METHANE MONITORING SAMPLE DATA REPORTING FORM

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION CABINET
DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
DIVISION OF WASTE MANAGEMENT
SOLID WASTE BRANCH
14 REILLY ROAD
FRANKFORT, KY 40601

Facility Name: U.S. DOE–Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant (As officially shown on DWM Permit Face)

Activity: C-746-U Contained Landfill

Permit No: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit No:

Quarter & Year: 1st Qtr. CY 2018

Please check the following as applicable:

___ Characterization X Quarterly ___ Semiannual ___ Annual ___ Assessment

Please check applicable submittal(s): X Groundwater X Surface Water

___ Leachate X Methane Monitoring

This form is to be utilized by those sites required by regulation (Kentucky Waste Management Regulations-401 *KAR* 48:300 and 45:160) or by statute (Kentucky Revised Statues Chapter 224) to conduct groundwater and surface water monitoring under the jurisdiction of the Division of Waste Management. **You must report any indication of contamination within forty-eight (48) hours of making the determination using statistical analyses, direct comparison, or other similar techniques. Submitting the lab report is NOT considered notification.** Instructions for completing the form are attached. Do not submit the instruction pages.

I certify under penalty of law that the document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons directly responsible for gathering information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for such violations.

Myrna E. Redfield, Deputy Program Manager
Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC

Date: 5/29/18

Jennifer Woodard, Paducah Site Lead
U.S. Department of Energy

Date: 5/29/18

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APPENDIX B

FACILITY INFORMATION SHEET

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FACILITY INFORMATION SHEET

Sampling Date: Groundwater: January 2018; Surface water: January 2018; Methane: March 2018 | County: McCracken | Permit Nos. SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Facility Name: U.S. DOE—Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
(As officially shown on DWM Permit Face)

Site Address: 5600 Hobbs Road (Street) | Kevil, Kentucky (City/State) | 42053 (Zip)

Phone No: (270) 441-6800 | Latitude: N 37° 07' 45" | Longitude: W 88° 47' 55"

OWNER INFORMATION

Facility Owner: U.S. DOE, Robert E. Edwards III, Manager | Phone No: (859) 227-5020

Contact Person: James Miller | Phone No: (270) 441-5068

Contact Person Title: Director, Waste, Materials, and Environmental Services Project
Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC

Mailing Address: 5511 Hobbs Road (Street) | Kevil, Kentucky (City/State) | 42053 (Zip)

SAMPLING PERSONNEL
(IF OTHER THAN LANDFILL OR LABORATORY)

Company: GEO Consultants, LLC

Contact Person: Sam Martin | Phone No: (270) 441-6755

Mailing Address: 199 Kentucky Avenue (Street) | Kevil, Kentucky (City/State) | 42053 (Zip)

LABORATORY RECORD #1

Laboratory: GEL Laboratories, LLC | Lab ID No: KY90129

Contact Person: Valerie Davis | Phone No: (843) 769-7391

Mailing Address: 2040 Savage Road (Street) | Charleston, South Carolina (City/State) | 29407 (Zip)

LABORATORY RECORD #2

Laboratory: N/A | Lab ID No: N/A

Contact Person: N/A | Phone No: N/A

Mailing Address: N/A
Street | City/State | Zip

LABORATORY RECORD #3

Laboratory: N/A | Lab ID No: N/A

Contact Person: N/A | Phone No: N/A

Mailing Address: N/A
Street | City/State | Zip

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APPENDIX C

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSES AND WRITTEN COMMENTS

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Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						357		358		359		360	
Sample Sequence #						1		1		1		1	
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment						NA		NA		NA		NA	
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)						1/22/2018 10:34		1/22/2018 11:25		1/22/2018 12:13		1/22/2018 09:24	
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]						N		N		N		N	
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]						N		N		N		N	
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)						MW357UG2-18		MW358UG2-18		MW359UG2-18		MW360UG2-18	
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)						442172003		442172005		442172007		442172001	
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis						1/24/2018		1/24/2018		1/24/2018		1/24/2018	
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)						DOWN		DOWN		DOWN		DOWN	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.382	*	0.449	*	<0.2	*	0.119	*J
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	31.4		34.2		0.944		9.01	
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.147		0.135		0.0901	J	0.335	
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	1.19		0.69		0.844		0.302	J
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	47.3	*	66.3	*	29.9	*	13.2	*
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	29.74		29.71		29.67		29.73	
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	μMH0/cm	Field	438		515		239		528	

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						357		358		359		360	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	321.37		321.37		335.73		321.36	
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	3.37		1.21		6.21		2.95	
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	214	*	250	*	127	*	263	*
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	6.21		6.15		6.29		6.32	
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	234		69		220		206	
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	14.56		14.61		15.39		13.72	
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.05		0.0437	J	0.149		0.0409	J
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		0.00307	J	<0.005		0.00244	J
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0629		0.0566		0.0398		0.146	
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.442		0.486		0.0109	J	0.0286	
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	26		32.3		20.2		25.6	
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.00807		<0.001		0.00753	
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.000589	J	0.000462	J	0.00217		0.00181	
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	<0.1	*	2.83	*	0.113	*	3.37	*
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	11.3		16.1		5.14		9.07	
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.00613	*	0.391	*	0.00155	*J	0.174	*
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						357		358		359		360	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		0.000339	J	0.000371	J	0.000627	
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		0.0119		0.00209		0.00156	J
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	1.58		2.49		0.702		0.673	
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	0.000384	J	<0.001		0.00124		<0.001	
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	41.1		41.9		22.1		77.7	
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		<0.0002		0.000299	B	0.000194	BJ
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		0.0043	J	<0.01		<0.01	
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		0.00434	J	0.00389	J	<0.01	
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						357		358		359		360	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00475		0.00329		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						357		358		359		360	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000194		<0.0000197		<0.0000196		<0.0000195	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0935		<0.099		<0.099	
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0935		<0.099		<0.099	
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0935		<0.099		<0.099	
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0935		<0.099		<0.099	
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0935		<0.099		<0.099	
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0935		<0.099		<0.099	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						357		358		359		360	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0935		<0.099		<0.099	
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0935		<0.099		<0.099	
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0935		<0.099		<0.099	
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	-0.532	*	0.543	*	6.52	*	-4.71	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	22.7	*	50.7	*	4.91	*	49.1	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	0.17	*	0.0493	*	0.5	*	0.646	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	-0.667	*	-0.725	*	-0.753	*	-1.69	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	22.4	*	37.9	*	-3.41	*	-2.32	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	0.538	*	0.49	*	0.12	*	0.3	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	40.9	*	40	*	-11.8	*	27.5	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	<20		14.7	J	16.8	J	<20	
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5	*	0.169	*J	<0.5	*	<0.5	*
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	0.932	J	4.45		3		1.95	J
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.00638	J	0.0104		0.00648	J	0.0125	

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						361		362		363		364	
Sample Sequence #						1		1		1		1	
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment						NA		NA		NA		NA	
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)						1/22/2018 07:48		1/22/2018 08:35		1/22/2018 13:06		1/23/2018 08:17	
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]						N		N		N		N	
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]						N		N		N		N	
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)						MW361UG2-18		MW362UG2-18		MW363UG2-18		MW364UG2-18	
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)						442172009		442172011		442172013		442263001	
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis						1/24/2018		1/24/2018		1/24/2018		1/26/2018	
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)						DOWN		DOWN		DOWN		DOWN	
CAS RN[4]		**CONSTITUENT**	**TD[5]**	**Unit OF MEASURE**	**METHOD**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS[7]**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**
24959-67-9		**Bromide**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	0.428	*	0.117	*J	0.168	*J	0.427	
16887-00-6		**Chloride(s)**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	31.4		7.14		34.1		34.1	
16984-48-8		**Fluoride**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	0.14		0.292		0.156		0.131	
S0595- -		**Nitrate & Nitrite**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	0.958		1.07		3.62		1.01	
14808-79-8		**Sulfate**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	76.9	*	16.6	*	26.5	*	70.9	
NS1894		**Barometric Pressure Reading**	**T**	**Inches/Hg**	**Field**	29.78		29.76		29.62		29.95	
S0145- -		**Specific Conductance**	**T**	**μMH0/cm**	**Field**	495		696		415		476	

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						361		362		363		364	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	321.35		335.52		321.41		320.33	
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	3.18		4.23		1.35		3.78	
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	256	*	431	*	207	*	254	
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	5.93		6.7		6.19		6.18	
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	277		221		248		303	
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	14		14.33		15.67		14.39	
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.05		9.18		<0.05		<0.05	
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		0.00372	J	<0.005		<0.005	
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0534		0.15		0.165		0.0695	
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		0.000328	J	<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0753		0.0165		0.0287		0.0128	J
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	29		21		25.2		30.1	
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		0.0118		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.00338		0.000985	J	<0.001	
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.000494	J	0.00795		0.000345	J	0.000366	J
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0345	J*	5.36	*	0.0641	J*	0.0492	J
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		0.00516		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	13.2		10.3		10.4		13.7	
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.0154	*	0.0373	*	0.247	*	0.0154	
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						361		362		363		364	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		0.000949		<0.0005		0.000459	J
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		0.00578		0.000891	J	0.000851	J
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	2.23		0.953		1.41		2.07	
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	0.000401	J	0.000773	J	<0.001		0.000383	J
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	45		124		38.3		45.9	*
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		0.00348	B	<0.0002		<0.0002	
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		0.0161		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		0.0138		<0.01		0.0427	
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						361		362		363		364	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.0054		0.00041	J	0.001		0.00633	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						361		362		363		364	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000198		<0.0000197		<0.0000197		<0.0000191	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971		<0.0971		0.0503	J	<0.1	
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971		<0.0971		<0.0971		<0.1	
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971		<0.0971		<0.0971		<0.1	
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971		<0.0971		<0.0971		<0.1	
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971		<0.0971		<0.0971		<0.1	
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971		<0.0971		0.0503	J	<0.1	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						361		362		363		364	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971		<0.0971		<0.0971		<0.1	
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971		<0.0971		<0.0971		<0.1	
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971		<0.0971		<0.0971		<0.1	
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	0.74	*	2.05	*	-1.8	*	-0.00667	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	35.5	*	5.33	*	4.95	*	43.5	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	0.328	*	-0.123	*	-0.0744	*	0.467	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	-1.06	*	1.46	*	-0.579	*	-0.548	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	43.9	*	1.22	*	5.84	*	40.3	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	0.0515	*	1.06	*	0.956	*	1.24	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	-41.7	*	36.5	*	-66.1	*	77.6	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	20.9		64.7		14.7	J	14.7	J
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5	*	<0.5	*	<0.5	*	<0.5	*
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	0.989	J	2.72		0.88	J	0.715	J
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.00776	J	0.00588	J	0.0118		0.00802	J

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						365		366		367		368	
Sample Sequence #						1		1		1		1	
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment						NA		NA		NA		NA	
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)						1/23/2018 07:27		1/23/2018 10:50		1/23/2018 09:12		1/23/2018 10:00	
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]						N		N		N		N	
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]						N		N		N		N	
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)						MW365UG2-18		MW366UG2-18		MW367UG2-18		MW368UG2-18	
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)						442263003		442263005		442263007		442263009	
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis						1/26/2018		1/26/2018		1/26/2018		1/26/2018	
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)						DOWN		DOWN		DOWN		DOWN	
CAS RN[4]		**CONSTITUENT**	**TD[5]**	**Unit OF MEASURE**	**METHOD**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS[7]**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**
24959-67-9		**Bromide**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	<0.2		0.479		0.199	J	0.155	J
16887-00-6		**Chloride(s)**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	3.25		39.1		15.1		12.8	
16984-48-8		**Fluoride**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	0.252		0.145		0.0776	J	0.303	
S0595- -		**Nitrate & Nitrite**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	0.773		0.913		0.111	J	0.122	J
14808-79-8		**Sulfate**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	63.9		49.8		30		225	
NS1894		**Barometric Pressure Reading**	**T**	**Inches/Hg**	**Field**	29.92		30.05		29.98		30.03	
S0145- -		**Specific Conductance**	**T**	**μMH0/cm**	**Field**	386		479		282		1090	

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						365		366		367		368	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	328.05		321.06		321.12		329.14	
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	6.79		2.95		1.35		2.67	
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	221		259		154		760	*
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	6.19		6.31		6.02		6.48	
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	329		243		273		224	
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	12.83		13.33		13.61		13.67	
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	0.0461	J	<0.05		<0.05		0.72	
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		0.00238	J	0.0057	
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.115		0.123		0.17		0.0521	
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0064	J	0.148		0.027		0.00625	J
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	19.7		29.1		16.2		98	
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	0.00158		0.00031	J	0.00494		0.000396	J
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.00187		0.000459	J	0.000583	J	0.00131	
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.044	J	0.0758	J	4.08		0.518	
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	9.76		13.1		8.84		34.6	
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.0109		0.0266		1.47		0.0374	
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						365		366		367		368	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	0.0003	J	<0.0005		<0.0005		0.00182	
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.00552		0.000821	J	0.00243		0.00169	J
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	0.25	J	1.82		2.77		1.61	
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		0.000333	J
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	49.4	*	44.4	*	22	*	96.6	*
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	0.00011	BJ	<0.0002		0.000083	BJ	0.00092	B
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		0.0149	
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.0136		<0.01		0.00841	J	0.00502	J
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						365		366		367		368	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		0.00424		0.00129		<0.001	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						365		366		367		368	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000195		<0.0000197		<0.0000197		<0.0000195	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082	0.0616	J	<0.0962		<0.0962		0.375	
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0962		<0.0962		<0.0962		<0.1	
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0962		<0.0962		<0.0962		<0.1	
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0962		<0.0962		<0.0962		<0.1	
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	0.0616	J	<0.0962		<0.0962		0.375	
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0962		<0.0962		<0.0962		<0.1	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						365		366		367		368	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0962		<0.0962		<0.0962		<0.1	
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0962		<0.0962		<0.0962		<0.1	
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0962		<0.0962		<0.0962		<0.1	
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	0.73	*	4.88	*	0.619	*	1.55	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	-0.561	*	50	*	10.9	*	8.75	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	0.235	*	0.392	*	1.39	*	0.856	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	-1.24	*	1.49	*	-2.38	*	-0.276	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	-4.05	*	42.7	*	8.3	*	5.86	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	0.573	*	1.47	*	-0.125	*	-0.27	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	70.6	*	-17.8	*	58.3	*	70.5	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	14.7	J	12.6	J	18.9	J	25.1	
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5	*	<0.5	*	0.178	*J	<0.5	*
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	1.84	J	0.724	J	0.654	J	2.78	
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.0143		0.00908	J	0.00866	J	0.00968	J

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808		
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						369		370		371		372		
Sample Sequence #						1		1		1		1		
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment						NA		NA		NA		NA		
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)						1/22/2018 11:59		1/22/2018 13:27		1/22/2018 12:42		1/22/2018 10:10		
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]						N		N		N		N		
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]						N		N		N		N		
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)						MW369UG2-18		MW370UG2-18		MW371UG2-18		MW372UG2-18		
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)						442172015		442172017		442172019		442179001		
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis						1/24/2018		1/24/2018		1/24/2018		1/24/2018		
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)						UP		UP		UP		UP		
CAS RN[4]		**CONSTITUENT**	**TD[5]**	**Unit OF MEASURE**	**METHOD**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS[7]**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**	
24959-67-9		**Bromide**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	0.364	*	0.443	*	<0.4	*	0.576		
16887-00-6		**Chloride(s)**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	31.6		35.1		4.39		43.5		
16984-48-8		**Fluoride**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	0.159		0.149		0.256		0.147		
S0595- -		**Nitrate & Nitrite**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	0.682		0.972		0.169	J*	0.178	J	
14808-79-8		**Sulfate**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	7.63	*	22.4	*	11	*	75.2		
NS1894		**Barometric Pressure Reading**	**T**	**Inches/Hg**	**Field**	29.67		29.62		29.67		29.74		
S0145- -		**Specific Conductance**	**T**	**μMH0/cm**	**Field**	351		449		708		620		

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
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GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						369		370		371		372	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	322.53		322.55		340.56		322.47	
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	1.78		5.15		2.8		1.25	
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	161	*	203	*	403	*	330	*
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	6.21		6.12		6.64		6.29	
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	346		334		339		275	
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	16.11		16.33		17.06		14.83	
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	0.178		<0.05		0.913		<0.05	
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		0.00306	J	<0.005	
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.381		0.23		0.135		0.058	
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0163		0.0359		0.00757	J	1.02	
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	15		29.9		38.1		49.4	
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	0.00558		0.000314	J	<0.001		0.000814	J
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.00114		0.000629	J	0.00111		0.0005	J
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.155	*	<0.1	*	0.501	*	0.166	
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	6.82		13.2		14.4		18.5	*
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.0215	*	0.00336	*J	0.00347	*J	0.0115	
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						369		370		371		372	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		0.000778		0.00041	J
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.00495		0.000752	J	0.00178	J	0.0012	J
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	0.504		2.46		0.507		2.13	
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	0.00216	J	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.000378	J	<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	48.5		47.2		111		45.5	
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		<0.0002		0.00148	B	<0.0002	
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	0.00426	J	<0.01		0.00815	J	<0.01	
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.00335	J	<0.01		0.00351	J	<0.01	
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						369		370		371		372	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00123		0.00056	J	<0.001		0.00543	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						369		370		371		372	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000197		<0.0000197		<0.0000194		<0.0000197	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0971		<0.0943		<0.0885	
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0971		<0.0943		<0.0885	
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0971		<0.0943		<0.0885	
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0971		<0.0943		<0.0885	
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0971		<0.0943		<0.0885	
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0971		<0.0943		<0.0885	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						369		370		371		372	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0971		<0.0943		<0.0885	
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0971		<0.0943		<0.0885	
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0971		<0.0943		<0.0885	
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	0.769	*	1.85	*	-1.77	*	1.17	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	32	*	71.9	*	2.05	*	21.7	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	0.676	*	1.01	*	0.228	*	0.689	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	2.93	*	-0.577	*	-1.15	*	-1.15	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	38.8	*	73.9	*	-1.28	*	17.3	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	-0.923	*	1.23	*	-0.174	*	0.771	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	-8.97	*	1.9	*	-49.6	*	-30.4	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	12.6	J	16.8	J	14.7	J	29.3	
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5	*	<0.5	*	<0.5	*	<0.5	*
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	1.05	J	1.04	J	2.43		1.62	J
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.0124		0.00458	J	0.00544	J	0.037	

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						373		374		375		376	
Sample Sequence #						1		1		1		1	
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment						NA		NA		NA		NA	
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)						1/22/2018 08:06		1/22/2018 09:26		1/22/2018 07:22		NA	
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]						N		N		N		N	
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]						N		N		N		N	
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)						MW373UG2-18		MW374UG2-18		MW375UG2-18		NA	
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)						442179011		442179003		442179005		NA	
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis						1/24/2018		1/24/2018		1/24/2018		NA	
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)						UP		UP		SIDE		SIDE	
CAS RN[4]		**CONSTITUENT**	**TD[5]**	**Unit OF MEASURE**	**METHOD**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS[7]**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**
24959-67-9		**Bromide**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	0.601		0.869		<0.2			*
16887-00-6		**Chloride(s)**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	41.9		73		4.57			*
16984-48-8		**Fluoride**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	0.184		0.175		0.282			*
S0595- -		**Nitrate & Nitrite**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	1.37		<0.5		1.34			*
14808-79-8		**Sulfate**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	97.1		6.34		25.9			*
NS1894		**Barometric Pressure Reading**	**T**	**Inches/Hg**	**Field**	29.76		29.73		29.78			*
S0145- -		**Specific Conductance**	**T**	**μMH0/cm**	**Field**	730		692		347			*

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
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Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
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GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						373		374		375		376	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	322.46		333.57		337.38			*
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	2.33		1.39		1.53			*
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	376	*	334	*	189	*		*
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	6.19		6.65		6.37			*
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	393		206		381			*
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	14.67		15.06		14.5			*
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.05		<0.05		0.0845			*
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003			*
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		0.00248	J	<0.005			*
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0302		0.155		0.176			*
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005			*
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	1.32		0.0155		0.0169			*
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	57.3		24.2		13.7			*
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01			*
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.00137		0.00056	J		*
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.000486	J	<0.001		0.000448	J		*
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0752	J	1.77		0.114			*
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002			*
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	22.8	*	5.91	*	6	*		*
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.0116		0.192		0.00488	J		*
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002			*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						373		374		375		376	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		0.00034	J	<0.0005			*
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.000711	J	0.000982	J	0.00131	J		*
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	2.35		0.446		0.272	J		*
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		0.00298	J		*
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	0.000397	J	<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	47.9		118		52.7			*
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002			*
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		0.000277	B	0.000107	BJ		*
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		0.00361	J		*
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		0.00338	J		*
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003			*
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						373		374		375		376	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00626		<0.001		<0.001			*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						373		374		375		376	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000194		<0.0000195		<0.0000197			*
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0943		<0.0962			*
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0943		<0.0962			*
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0943		<0.0962			*
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0943		<0.0962			*
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0943		<0.0962			*
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0943		<0.0962			*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						373		374		375		376	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0943		<0.0962			*
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0943		<0.0962			*
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0943		<0.0962			*
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	8.77	*	-1.22	*	-3.5	*		*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	18.8	*	1.66	*	0.365	*		*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	0.322	*	0.669	*	-0.243	*		*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	1.31	*	-0.379	*	1.99	*		*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	17.9	*	-8.69	*	-6.32	*		*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	0.253	*	0.588	*	0.329	*		*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	78	*	36.5	*	-6.2	*		*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	31.4		25.1		12.6	J		*
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2			*
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5	*	<0.5	*	<0.5	*		*
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	1.04	J	2.61		0.994	J		*
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.0104		0.02		0.0131			*

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-0989	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	377	E. BLANK	F. BLANK	T. BLANK 1
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	E	F	T
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	NA	1/22/2018 06:35	1/22/2018 08:08	1/22/2018 06:30
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]	N	N	N	N
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]	N	N	N	N
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	NA	RI1UG2-18	FB1UG2-18	TB1UG2-18
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	NA	442179008	442179007	442179009
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis	NA	1/24/2018	1/24/2018	1/24/2018
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	SIDE	NA	NA	NA

CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field		*		*		*		*
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	μMH0/cm	Field		*		*		*		*

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field		*		*		*		*
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field		*		*		*		*
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1		*		*		*		*
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field		*		*		*		*
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field		*		*		*		*
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field		*		*		*		*
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.05		<0.05			*
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.003		<0.003			*
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			*
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.0005		<0.0005			*
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020		*	0.00642	J	0.00817	J		*
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.2		<0.2			*
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.01		<0.01			*
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			*
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.1		<0.1			*
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			*
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.03	*	<0.03	*		*
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470		*	<0.0002		<0.0002			*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.0005		<0.0005			*
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			*
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.3		<0.3			*
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.25		<0.25			*
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			*
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.0002		<0.0002			*
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.01		0.00351	J		*
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.01		<0.01			*
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011		*	<0.0000194		<0.0000197		<0.0000191	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0952		<0.0943			*
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0952		<0.0943			*
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0952		<0.0943			*
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0952		<0.0943			*
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0952		<0.0943			*
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0952		<0.0943			*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0952		<0.0943			*
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0952		<0.0943			*
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0952		<0.0943			*
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310		*	-0.0606	*	0.535	*		*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310		*	-2.84	*	6.39	*		*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418		*	0.128	*	0.246	*		*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0		*	0.127	*	-2.26	*		*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC		*	3.05	*	-3.72	*		*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC		*	0.427	*	0.732	*		*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0		*	43.4	*	91.3	*		*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4		*		*		*		*
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012		*		*		*		*
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0		*	<0.5	*	<0.5	*		*
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060		*		*		*		*
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020		*		*		*		*

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4792				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		373				
Sample Sequence #						1		1		2				
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment						T		T		NA				
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)						1/22/2018 06:30		1/23/2018 06:40		1/22/2018 08:06				
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]						N		N		Y				
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]						N		N		N				
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)						TB2UG2-18		TB3UG2-18		MW373DUG2-18				
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)						442179010		442263011		442179013				
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis						1/24/2018		1/26/2018		1/25/2018				
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)						NA		NA		UP				
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056		*		*	0.587			
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056		*		*	43.3			
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056		*		*	0.189			
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056		*		*	1.39			
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056		*		*	98.7			
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field		*		*	29.76			
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	μMH0/cm	Field		*		*	730			

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4792			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		373			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field		*		*	322.46			
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field		*		*	2.33			
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1		*		*	353	*		
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field		*		*	6.19			
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field		*		*	393			
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field		*		*	14.67			
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.05			
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.003			
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.005			
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.0322			
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.0005			
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	1.4			
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.001			
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	60.3			
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.01			
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.000332	J		
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.000513	J		
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.0864	J		
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.002			
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	24.3	*		
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.0142			
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470		*		*	<0.0002			

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
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FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4792			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		373			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.0005			
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.0009	J		
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	2.5			
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.005			
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.005			
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.000438	J		
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	49.8			
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.005			
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.002			
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.0002			
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.01			
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.01			
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003			
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
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FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
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GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4792			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		373			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		0.00621			

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
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FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
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GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4792			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		373			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000198		<0.0000196		<0.0000199			
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0952			
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0952			
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0952			
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0952			
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0952			
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0952			

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
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GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4792			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		373			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0952			
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0952			
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0952			
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310		*		*	6.28	*		
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310		*		*	23.5	*		
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418		*		*	0.29	*		
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0		*		*	-0.365	*		
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC		*		*	24.8	*		
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC		*		*	-0.289	*		
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0		*		*	9.52	*		
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4		*		*	27.2			
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012		*		*	<0.2			
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0		*		*	<0.5	*		
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060		*		*	1.11	J		
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020		*		*	0.0135			

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4798 MW357	MW357UG2-18	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Total Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Iron	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Manganese	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.44. Rad error is 4.44.
		Gross beta		TPU is 9.37. Rad error is 8.57.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.473. Rad error is 0.473.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.52. Rad error is 2.52.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 10.6. Rad error is 10.3.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.987. Rad error is 0.973.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 109. Rad error is 109.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
8004-4799 MW358	MW358UG2-18	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Total Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Iron	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Manganese	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.09. Rad error is 4.09.
		Gross beta		TPU is 12.5. Rad error is 9.45.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.501. Rad error is 0.5.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.58. Rad error is 1.58.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 14.8. Rad error is 14.2.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.809. Rad error is 0.797.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 111. Rad error is 111.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0981 MW359	MW359UG2-18	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Total Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Iron	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Manganese	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Gross alpha		TPU is 4.96. Rad error is 4.84.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.4. Rad error is 4.32.
		Iodine-131		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.704. Rad error is 0.702.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.53. Rad error is 2.53.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.66. Rad error is 9.66.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.81. Rad error is 0.806.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 105. Rad error is 105.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
8004-4800 MW360	MW360UG2-18	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Total Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Iron	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Manganese	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.55. Rad error is 4.54.
		Gross beta		TPU is 12.7. Rad error is 9.93.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.757. Rad error is 0.756.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.77. Rad error is 1.77.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.34. Rad error is 9.34.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.945. Rad error is 0.938.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 106. Rad error is 106.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4795 MW361	MW361UG2-18	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Total Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Iron	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Manganese	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.49. Rad error is 5.49.
		Gross beta		TPU is 9.64. Rad error is 7.7.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.574. Rad error is 0.572.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.35. Rad error is 1.35.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12.3. Rad error is 11.3.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.779. Rad error is 0.777.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 102. Rad error is 102.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
8004-0986 MW362	MW362UG2-18	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Total Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Iron	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Manganese	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.76. Rad error is 6.76.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.28. Rad error is 6.22.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.303. Rad error is 0.302.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.8. Rad error is 1.78.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.42. Rad error is 9.42.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.19. Rad error is 1.16.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 108. Rad error is 108.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4796 MW363	MW363UG2-18	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Total Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Iron	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Manganese	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.94. Rad error is 3.94.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.93. Rad error is 4.86.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.316. Rad error is 0.314.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.58. Rad error is 1.58.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.78. Rad error is 9.76.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.01. Rad error is 0.98.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 102. Rad error is 102.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
8004-4797 MW364	MW364UG2-18	Sodium	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.95. Rad error is 3.94.
		Gross beta		TPU is 12.3. Rad error is 10.1.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.655. Rad error is 0.654.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.84. Rad error is 1.84.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12.9. Rad error is 12.1.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.28. Rad error is 1.25.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 120. Rad error is 119.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0984 MW365	MW365UG2-18	Sodium	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.74. Rad error is 4.73.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.01. Rad error is 4.01.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.531. Rad error is 0.53.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.42. Rad error is 1.42.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 10.3. Rad error is 10.3.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.797. Rad error is 0.784.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 121. Rad error is 120.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
8004-0982 MW366	MW366UG2-18	Sodium	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.85. Rad error is 6.78.
		Gross beta		TPU is 13.3. Rad error is 10.5.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.588. Rad error is 0.587.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.71. Rad error is 1.69.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 13.3. Rad error is 12.4.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.24. Rad error is 1.19.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 116. Rad error is 116.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
8004-4793 MW367	MW367UG2-18	Sodium	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.91. Rad error is 4.91.
		Gross beta		TPU is 5.84. Rad error is 5.54.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.957. Rad error is 0.942.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.37. Rad error is 2.37.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 10.9. Rad error is 10.9.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.786. Rad error is 0.786.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 120. Rad error is 119.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0983 MW368	MW368UG2-18	Total Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Sodium	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.02. Rad error is 7.02.
		Gross beta		TPU is 5.01. Rad error is 4.77.
		Iodine-131		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.784. Rad error is 0.773.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.7. Rad error is 1.7.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 11. Rad error is 11.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.95. Rad error is 0.949.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 119. Rad error is 119.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
8004-4820 MW369	MW369UG2-18	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Total Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Iron	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Manganese	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.9. Rad error is 4.9.
		Gross beta		TPU is 10.2. Rad error is 8.74.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.72. Rad error is 0.702.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.73. Rad error is 2.69.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12. Rad error is 11.2.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.684. Rad error is 0.683.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 103. Rad error is 103.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4818 MW370	MW370UG2-18	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Total Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Iron	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Manganese	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.76. Rad error is 5.75.
		Gross beta		TPU is 15.9. Rad error is 10.4.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.953. Rad error is 0.916.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.59. Rad error is 1.59.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 14.9. Rad error is 12.5.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.9. Rad error is 1.87.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 103. Rad error is 103.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
8004-4819 MW371	MW371UG2-18	Bromide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Nitrate & Nitrite	H	Analysis performed outside holding time requirement
		Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Total Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Iron	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Manganese	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.87. Rad error is 3.87.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.96. Rad error is 4.95.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.448. Rad error is 0.443.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.44. Rad error is 1.44.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 10.1. Rad error is 10.1.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.665. Rad error is 0.665.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 102. Rad error is 102.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.

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8004-4808 MW372	MW372UG2-18	Total Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Magnesium	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.01. Rad error is 6.01.
		Gross beta		TPU is 8.18. Rad error is 7.37.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.787. Rad error is 0.756.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.29. Rad error is 3.29.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 10.2. Rad error is 10.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.937. Rad error is 0.918.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 106. Rad error is 106.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
8004-4792 MW373	MW373UG2-18	Total Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Magnesium	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.86. Rad error is 7.72.
		Gross beta		TPU is 7.64. Rad error is 6.99.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.368. Rad error is 0.368.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.53. Rad error is 2.52.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 19.1. Rad error is 19.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.634. Rad error is 0.628.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 121. Rad error is 120.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
8004-0990 MW374	MW374UG2-18	Total Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Magnesium	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.68. Rad error is 6.68.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.87. Rad error is 3.86.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.843. Rad error is 0.811.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.63. Rad error is 1.63.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.83. Rad error is 9.83.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.945. Rad error is 0.932.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 109. Rad error is 109.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0985 MW375	MW375UG2-18	Total Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Magnesium	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.6. Rad error is 5.6.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.74. Rad error is 4.74.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.366. Rad error is 0.36.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.56. Rad error is 2.54.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 10. Rad error is 10.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.717. Rad error is 0.709.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 104. Rad error is 104.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988 MW376		Bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Fluoride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sulfate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Specific Conductance		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Static Water Level Elevation		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dissolved Oxygen		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Dissolved Solids		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		pH		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Eh		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Temperature		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Aluminum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Antimony		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Arsenic		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Beryllium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Boron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cadmium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Calcium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chromium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cobalt		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Copper		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Lead		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Magnesium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Manganese		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Mercury		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988	MW376	Molybdenum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nickel		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Potassium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Rhodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Selenium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Silver		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tantalum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thallium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Uranium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vanadium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Zinc		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl acetate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acetone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrolein		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrylonitrile		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Benzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Xylenes		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Styrene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Toluene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Bromodichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tribromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Ethyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon disulfide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988	MW376	Chloroform		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methylene bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethylene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromoethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tetrachloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Ethylbenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		2-Hexanone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dibromochloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon tetrachloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichlorofluoromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2,3-Trichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988 MW376		1,2-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,4-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB, Total		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1016		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1221		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1232		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1242		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1248		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1254		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1260		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1268		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross alpha		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross beta		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodine-131		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Radium-226		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Strontium-90		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Technetium-99		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thorium-230		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tritium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cyanide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Carbon		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Halides		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989 MW377		Bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Fluoride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sulfate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Specific Conductance		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Static Water Level Elevation		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dissolved Oxygen		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Dissolved Solids		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		pH		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Eh		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Temperature		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Aluminum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Antimony		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Arsenic		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Beryllium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Boron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cadmium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Calcium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chromium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cobalt		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Copper		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Lead		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Magnesium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Manganese		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Mercury		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989	MW377	Molybdenum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nickel		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Potassium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Rhodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Selenium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Silver		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tantalum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thallium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Uranium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vanadium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Zinc		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl acetate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acetone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrolein		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrylonitrile		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Benzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Xylenes		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Styrene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Toluene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Bromodichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tribromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Ethyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon disulfide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989 MW377		Chloroform		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methylene bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethylene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromoethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tetrachloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Ethylbenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		2-Hexanone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dibromochloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon tetrachloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichlorofluoromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2,3-Trichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989 MW377		1,2-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,4-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB, Total		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1016		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1221		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1232		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1242		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1248		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1254		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1260		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1268		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross alpha		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross beta		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodine-131		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Radium-226		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Strontium-90		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Technetium-99		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thorium-230		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tritium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cyanide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Carbon		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Halides		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	RI1UG2-18	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.68. Rad error is 3.68.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.55. Rad error is 3.55.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.412. Rad error is 0.407.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.88. Rad error is 1.88.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 10.5. Rad error is 10.5.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.88. Rad error is 0.871.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 106. Rad error is 106.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Numbers: 073-00045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	FB1UG2-18	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.03. Rad error is 4.03.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.7. Rad error is 5.6.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.613. Rad error is 0.604.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.51. Rad error is 1.51.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.66. Rad error is 9.66.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.88. Rad error is 0.862.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 106. Rad error is 104.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
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Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
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GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB1UG2-18	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB1UG2-18	Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB2UG2-18	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
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Permit Numbers: 073-00045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB2UG2-18	Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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Permit Numbers: 073-00045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB3UG2-18	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
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Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB3UG2-18	Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
8004-4792 MW373	MW373DUG2-18	Total Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Magnesium	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 8.05. Rad error is 7.98.
		Gross beta		TPU is 8.3. Rad error is 7.34.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.404. Rad error is 0.404.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.03. Rad error is 2.03.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 19.5. Rad error is 19.3.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.547. Rad error is 0.546.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 119. Rad error is 119.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.

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APPENDIX D

STATISTICAL ANALYSES AND QUALIFICATION STATEMENT

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GROUNDWATER STATISTICAL COMMENTS

Introduction

The statistical analyses conducted on the first quarter 2018 groundwater data collected from the C-746-U Landfill monitoring wells (MWs) were performed in accordance with Permit GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 3, using the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidance document, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989).

The statistical evaluation was conducted separately for the three groundwater systems: the Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS), the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA), and the Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA). For each groundwater system, data from wells considered to represent background conditions were compared with test wells (downgradient or sidegradient wells) (Exhibit D.1). The first quarter 2018 data used to conduct the statistical analyses were collected in January 2018. The statistical analyses for this report first used data from the first eight quarters that had been sampled for each parameter to develop the historical background value, beginning with the first two baseline sampling events in 2002, when available. Then a second set of statistical analyses was run on analytes that had at least one downgradient well that had exceeded the historical background (using the last eight quarters). The sampling dates associated with both the historical and the current background data are listed next to the result in the statistical analysis sheets of this appendix.

Statistical Analysis Process

Constituents of concern that have Kentucky maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) and results that do not exceed their respective MCL are not included in the statistical evaluation. Parameters that have MCLs can be found in 401 *KAR* 47:030 § 6. For parameters with no established MCL and those parameters that exceed their MCLs, the most recent results are compared to historical background concentrations, as follows: the data are divided into censored and uncensored observations. The one-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted only on parameters that have at least one uncensored (detected) observation. The current result is compared to the results of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test to determine if the current data exceed the historical background concentration calculated using the first eight quarters of data.

For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted. The test well results are compared to both an upper and lower tolerance limit (TL) to determine if statistically significant deviations in concentrations exist with respect to upgradient (background) well data from the first eight quarters. The tolerance interval statistical analysis is conducted separately for each parameter in each well (no pooling of downgradient data).

Statistical analyses are performed on the first eight quarters of historical background data, not on the data for the current quarter. Once a statistical result is obtained using the background data, the result for the current quarter is compared to that value. If the value is exceeded, the well is considered to have an exceedance of the statistically derived historical background concentration.

Exhibit D.1. Station Identification for Monitoring Wells Analyzed

Station	Type	Groundwater Unit
MW357	TW	URGA
MW358	TW	LRGA
MW359[a]	TW	UCRS
MW360	TW	URGA
MW361	TW	LRGA
MW362[a]	TW	UCRS
MW363	TW	URGA
MW364	TW	LRGA
MW365[a]	TW	UCRS
MW366	TW	URGA
MW367	TW	LRGA
MW368[a]	TW	UCRS
MW369	BG	URGA
MW370	BG	LRGA
MW371[a]	BG	UCRS
MW372	BG	URGA
MW373	BG	LRGA
MW374[a]	BG	UCRS
MW375[a]	SG	UCRS
MW376[a]*	SG	UCRS
MW377[a]*	SG	UCRS

[a] **NOTE:** The gradients in UCRS wells are downward and, hydrogeologically, UCRS wells are not considered upgradient, downgradient, or sidegradient from the C-746-U Landfill. The UCRS wells identified as upgradient, sidegradient, or downgradient are those wells located in the same general direction as the RGA wells considered to be upgradient, sidegradient, or downgradient.
BG: upgradient or background wells
TW: downgradient or test wells
SG: sidegradient wells
***Well was dry this quarter, and a groundwater sample could not be collected

For those parameters that are determined to exceed the historical background concentration, a second one-sided tolerance interval statistical test, or a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test in the case of pH, is conducted. The second one-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted to determine whether the current concentration in downgradient wells exceeds the current background, as determined by a comparison against the statistically derived upper TL using the most recent eight quarters of data for the relevant background wells. For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted, if required. The test well pH results are compared to both an upper and lower TL to determine if the current pH is different from the current background level to a statistically significant level. The tolerance interval statistical analysis is conducted separately for each parameter in each well (no pooling of downgradient data).

Statistical analyses are performed on the last eight quarters of current background data, not on the data for the current quarter. Once a statistical result is obtained using the background data, the result for the current quarter is compared to that value. If the value is exceeded, the well has an exceedance of the statistically derived current background concentration.

A stepwise list of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical procedure applied to the data is summarized below.[1]

1. The TL is calculated for the background data (first using the first eight quarters, then using the last eight quarters, if required).

    - For each parameter, the background data are used to establish a baseline. On this data set, the mean (X) and the standard deviation (S) are computed.

    - The data set is checked for normality using coefficient of variation (CV). If CV $\leq$ 1.0, then the data are assumed to be normally distributed. Data sets with CV > 1.0 are assumed to be log-normally distributed; for data sets with CV > 1.0, the data are log-transformed and analyzed.

    - The factor (K) for one-sided upper TL with 95% minimum coverage is determined (Table 5, Appendix B, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance*, 1989) based on the number of background data points.

    - The one-sided upper TL is calculated using the following equation:

      $TL = X + (K \times S)$

2. Each observation from downgradient wells is compared to the calculated one-sided upper TL in Step 1. If an observation value exceeds the TL, then there is statistically significant evidence that the well concentration exceeds the historical background.

Type of Data Used

Exhibit D.1 presents the upgradient or background wells (identified as "BG"), the downgradient or test wells (identified as "TW"), and the sidegradient wells (identified as "SG") for the C-746-U Contained Landfill. Exhibit D.2 presents the parameters from the available data set for which a statistical test was performed using the one-sided tolerance interval.

Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5 list the number of analyses (observations), nondetects (censored observations), and detects (uncensored observations), by parameter in the UCRS, the URGA, and the LRGA, respectively. Those parameters displayed with bold-face type indicate the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test was performed. The data presented in Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5 were collected during the current quarter, first quarter 2018. The observations are representative of the current quarter data. Background data are presented in Attachments D1 and D2. The sampling dates associated with background data are listed next to the result in Attachments D1 and D2. When field duplicate data are available, the higher of the two readings is retained for further evaluation. When a data point has been rejected following data validation, this result is not used, and the next available data point is used for the background or current quarter data.

.

[1] For pH, two-sided TLs (upper and lower) were calculated with an adjusted K factor using the following equations:
upper TL = $X + (K \times S)$
lower TL = $X - (K \times S)$

Exhibit D.2. List of Parameters Tested Using the One-Sided Upper Tolerance Level Test with Historical Background

Parameters
Aluminum
Beryllium
Beta Activity
Boron
Bromide
Calcium
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)
Chloride
Cobalt
Conductivity
Copper
Dissolved Oxygen
Dissolved Solids
Iodide
Iron
Magnesium
Manganese
Molybdenum
Nickel
Oxidation-Reduction Potential
PCB, Total
PCB-1242
PCB-1248
pH*
Potassium
Radium-226
Sodium
Sulfate
Technetium-99
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)
Total Organic Halides (TOX)
Trichloroethene
Vanadium
Zinc

*****For pH, the test well results were compared to both an upper and lower TL to determine if the current result differs to a statistically significant degree from the historical background values.

Exhibit D.3. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—UCRS

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	7	7	0	No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	7	7	0	No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	7	7	0	No
1,1-Dichloroethane	7	7	0	No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	7	7	0	No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	7	7	0	No
1,2-Dibromoethane	7	7	0	No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	7	7	0	No
1,2-Dichloropropane	7	7	0	No
2-Butanone	7	7	0	No
2-Hexanone	7	7	0	No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	7	7	0	No
Acetone	7	7	0	No
Acrolein	7	7	0	No
Acrylonitrile	7	7	0	No
Aluminum	**7**	**1**	**6**	**Yes**
Antimony	7	7	0	No
Beryllium	**7**	**6**	**1**	**Yes**
Boron	**7**	**1**	**6**	**Yes**
Bromide	**7**	**4**	**3**	**Yes**
Bromochloromethane	7	7	0	No
Bromodichloromethane	7	7	0	No
Bromoform	7	7	0	No
Bromomethane	7	7	0	No
Calcium	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Carbon disulfide	7	7	0	No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Chloride	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Chlorobenzene	7	7	0	No
Chloroethane	7	7	0	No
Chloroform	7	7	0	No
Chloromethane	7	7	0	No
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	7	7	0	No
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	7	7	0	No
Cobalt	**7**	**2**	**5**	**Yes**
Conductivity	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Copper	**7**	**1**	**6**	**Yes**
Cyanide	7	7	0	No
Dibromochloromethane	7	7	0	No
Dibromomethane	7	7	0	No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	7	7	0	No
Dissolved Oxygen	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Dissolved Solids	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Ethylbenzene	7	7	0	No
Iodide	7	7	0	No
Iodomethane	7	7	0	No
Iron	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Magnesium	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Manganese	**7**	**2**	**5**	**Yes**
Methylene chloride	7	7	0	No
Molybdenum	**7**	**1**	**6**	**Yes**

Exhibit D.3. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—UCRS (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Nickel	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
PCB, Total	**7**	**5**	**2**	**Yes**
PCB-1016	7	7	0	No
PCB-1221	7	7	0	No
PCB-1232	7	7	0	No
PCB-1242	**7**	**5**	**2**	**Yes**
PCB-1248	7	7	0	No
PCB-1254	7	7	0	No
PCB-1260	7	7	0	No
PCB-1268	7	7	0	No
pH	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Potassium	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Radium-226	**7**	**6**	**1**	**Yes**
Rhodium	7	7	0	No
Sodium	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Styrene	7	7	0	No
Sulfate	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Tantalum	7	7	0	No
Technetium-99	7	7	0	No
Tetrachloroethene	7	7	0	No
Thallium	7	7	0	No
Thorium-230	7	7	0	No
Toluene	7	7	0	No
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	7	7	0	No
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	7	7	0	No
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	7	7	0	No
Trichlorofluoromethane	7	7	0	No
Vanadium	**7**	**3**	**4**	**Yes**
Vinyl Acetate	7	7	0	No
Zinc	**7**	**1**	**6**	**Yes**

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Exhibit D.4. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—URGA

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1-Dichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromoethane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichloropropane	6	6	0	No
2-Butanone	6	6	0	No
2-Hexanone	6	6	0	No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	6	6	0	No
Acetone	6	6	0	No
Acrolein	6	6	0	No
Acrylonitrile	6	6	0	No
Aluminum	**6**	**4**	**2**	**Yes**
Antimony	6	6	0	No
Beryllium	6	6	0	No
Boron	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Bromide	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Bromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromodichloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromoform	6	6	0	No
Bromomethane	6	6	0	No
Calcium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Carbon disulfide	6	6	0	No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	**6**	**2**	**4**	**Yes**
Chloride	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Chlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
Chloroethane	6	6	0	No
Chloroform	6	6	0	No
Chloromethane	6	6	0	No
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
Cobalt	**6**	**1**	**5**	**Yes**
Conductivity	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Copper	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Cyanide	6	6	0	No
Dibromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Dibromomethane	6	6	0	No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	6	6	0	No
Dissolved Oxygen	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Dissolved Solids	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Ethylbenzene	6	6	0	No
Iodide	6	6	0	No
Iodomethane	6	6	0	No
Iron	**6**	**1**	**5**	**Yes**
Magnesium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Manganese	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Methylene chloride	6	6	0	No
Molybdenum	**6**	**4**	**2**	**Yes**

Exhibit D.4. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—URGA (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Nickel	**6**	**1**	**5**	**Yes**
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
PCB, Total	**6**	**5**	**1**	**Yes**
PCB-1016	6	6	0	No
PCB-1221	6	6	0	No
PCB-1232	6	6	0	No
PCB-1242	6	6	0	No
PCB-1248	**6**	**5**	**1**	**Yes**
PCB-1254	6	6	0	No
PCB-1260	6	6	0	No
PCB-1268	6	6	0	No
pH	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Potassium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Radium-226	**6**	**5**	**1**	**Yes**
Rhodium	6	6	0	No
Sodium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Styrene	6	6	0	No
Sulfate	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Tantalum	6	6	0	No
Technetium-99	**6**	**2**	**4**	**Yes**
Tetrachloroethene	6	6	0	No
Thallium	6	6	0	No
Thorium-230	6	6	0	No
Toluene	6	6	0	No
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	6	6	0	No
Trichloroethene	**6**	**1**	**5**	**Yes**
Trichlorofluoromethane	6	6	0	No
Vanadium	**6**	**5**	**1**	**Yes**
Vinyl Acetate	6	6	0	No
Zinc	**6**	**5**	**1**	**Yes**

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Exhibit D.5. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—LRGA

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1-Dichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromoethane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichloropropane	6	6	0	No
2-Butanone	6	6	0	No
2-Hexanone	6	6	0	No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	6	6	0	No
Acetone	6	6	0	No
Acrolein	6	6	0	No
Acrylonitrile	6	6	0	No
Aluminum	**6**	**5**	**1**	**Yes**
Antimony	6	6	0	No
Beryllium	6	6	0	No
Beta activity	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Boron	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Bromide	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Bromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromodichloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromoform	6	6	0	No
Bromomethane	6	6	0	No
Calcium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Carbon disulfide	6	6	0	No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Chloride	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Chlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
Chloroethane	6	6	0	No
Chloroform	6	6	0	No
Chloromethane	6	6	0	No
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
Cobalt	**6**	**2**	**4**	**Yes**
Conductivity	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Copper	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Cyanide	6	6	0	No
Dibromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Dibromomethane	6	6	0	No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	6	6	0	No
Dissolved Oxygen	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Dissolved Solids	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Ethylbenzene	6	6	0	No
Iodide	**6**	**4**	**2**	**Yes**
Iodomethane	6	6	0	No
Iron	**6**	**1**	**5**	**Yes**
Magnesium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Manganese	**6**	**1**	**5**	**Yes**
Methylene chloride	6	6	0	No

Exhibit D.5. Tests Summary for Qualified Parameters—LRGA (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Molybdenum	**6**	**4**	**2**	**Yes**
Nickel	**6**	**1**	**5**	**Yes**
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
PCB, Total	6	6	0	No
PCB-1016	6	6	0	No
PCB-1221	6	6	0	No
PCB-1232	6	6	0	No
PCB-1242	6	6	0	No
PCB-1248	6	6	0	No
PCB-1254	6	6	0	No
PCB-1260	6	6	0	No
PCB-1268	6	6	0	No
pH	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Potassium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Radium-226	**6**	**4**	**2**	**Yes**
Rhodium	6	6	0	No
Sodium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Styrene	6	6	0	No
Sulfate	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Tantalum	6	6	0	No
Technetium-99	**6**	**2**	**4**	**Yes**
Tetrachloroethene	6	6	0	No
Thallium	6	6	0	No
Thorium-230	6	6	0	No
Toluene	6	6	0	No
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	6	6	0	No
Trichloroethene	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Trichlorofluoromethane	6	6	0	No
Vanadium	**6**	**5**	**1**	**Yes**
Vinyl Acetate	6	6	0	No
Zinc	**6**	**3**	**3**	**Yes**

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Discussion of Results from Historical Background Comparison

For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the concentrations of this quarter were compared to the results of the one-sided upper tolerance interval test calculated using historical background and are presented in Attachment D1. The statistician qualification statement is presented in Attachment D3. For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the test was applied to 29, 30, and 30 parameters, respectively, including those listed in bold print in Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5, which includes those constituents (beta activity and trichloroethene) that exceeded their MCL. A summary of exceedances when compared to statistically derived historical upgradient background by well number is shown in Exhibit D.6.

UCRS

This quarter's results identified historical background exceedances for calcium, dissolved oxygen, magnesium, oxidation-reduction potential, and sulfate.

URGA

This quarter's results identified historical background exceedances for oxidation-reduction potential and sodium.

LRGA

This quarter's results identified historical background exceedances for beta activity, dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, and technetium-99.

Statistical Summary

Summaries of the results of the statistical tests conducted on data obtained from wells in the UCRS, the URGA, and in the LRGA in comparison to historical data are presented in Exhibit D.7, Exhibit D.8, and Exhibit D.9, respectively.

Exhibit D.6. Summary of Exceedances of Statistically Derived Historical Background Concentrations

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
MW359: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	**MW357:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**MW358:** Beta activity
MW362: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	**MW360:** Sodium	**MW361:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW365: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	**MW363:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**MW364:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW368: Calcium, Magnesium, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	**MW366:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**MW367:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW371: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**MW369:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**MW370:** Beta Activity, Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Technetium-99
MW374: Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**MW372:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**MW373:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW375: Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate		

Exhibit D.7. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—UCRS

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	2.08	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Beryllium	Tolerance Interval	1.12	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Boron	Tolerance Interval	1.24	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.34	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.40	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW368.
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.97	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.95	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	1.31	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.45	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Copper	Tolerance Interval	1.27	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.55	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW359, MW362, MW365, and MW371.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.42	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Iron	Tolerance Interval	0.98	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.27	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW368.
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	0.89	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Molybdenum	Tolerance Interval	1.65	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

Exhibit D.7. Tests Summary for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—UCRS (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	0.98	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	3.54	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW359, MW362, MW365, MW368, MW371, MW374, and MW375.
PCB, Total	Tolerance Interval	0.92	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
PCB-1242	Tolerance Interval	1.41	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.04	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	0.72	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Radium-226	Tolerance Interval	3.79	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.49	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW359, MW362, MW365, MW368, and MW375.
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	1.38	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	1.08	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Vanadium	Tolerance Interval	1.32	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Zinc	Tolerance Interval	1.38	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

CV: coefficient of variation
*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.

Exhibit D.8. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—URGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	1.24	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Boron	Tolerance Interval	0.84	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.00	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.29	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.10	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.10	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	0.84	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.12	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Copper	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.76	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.16	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Iron	Tolerance Interval	0.95	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.27	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	0.66	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Molybdenum	Tolerance Interval	1.20	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	0.91	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

Exhibit D.8. Tests Summary for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—URGA (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	1.26	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW357, MW363, MW366, MW369, and MW372.
PCB, Total	Tolerance Interval	0.90	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
PCB-1248	Tolerance Interval	1.20	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.03	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	0.29	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Radium-226	Tolerance Interval	2.60	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.26	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW360.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.75	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	0.87	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	1.23	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	0.95	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Trichloroethene[1]	Tolerance Interval	0.64	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Vanadium	Tolerance Interval	0.26	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Zinc	Tolerance Interval	1.49	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

CV: coefficient of variation
*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.
[1] A tolerance interval was calculated based on an MCL exceedance.

Exhibit D.9. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—LRGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	2.78	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Beta Activity[1]	Tolerance Interval	0.80	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW358 and MW370.
Boron	Tolerance Interval	0.68	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.00	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.31	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.59	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.16	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	1.16	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.26	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Copper	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.83	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW370.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.30	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Iodide	Tolerance Interval	0.00	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Iron	Tolerance Interval	0.96	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.34	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	0.62	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Molybdenum	Tolerance Interval	1.20	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

Exhibit D.9. Tests Summary for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—LRGA (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	0.90	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	1.31	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW361, MW364, MW367, MW370, and MW373.
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.03	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	0.18	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Radium-226	Tolerance Interval	2.66	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.30	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	1.59	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	1.73	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW370.
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	1.96	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	0.98	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Trichloroethene[1]	Tolerance Interval	0.57	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Vanadium	Tolerance Interval	0.32	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Zinc	Tolerance Interval	0.67	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

CV: coefficient of variation
*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.
[1] A tolerance interval was calculated based on an MCL exceedance.

Discussion of Results from Current Background Comparison

For concentrations in wells in the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA that exceeded the upper TL test using historical background, the concentrations were compared to the results of the one-sided upper tolerance interval test compared to current background, and are presented in Attachment D2. The statistician qualification statement is presented in Attachment D3. For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the test was applied to 5, 2, and 4 parameters, respectively, because these parameter concentrations exceeded the historical background TL.

For downgradient wells only, a summary of instances where concentrations exceeded the TL calculated using current background data is shown in Exhibit D.10.

Exhibit D.10. Summary of Exceedances (in Downgradient Wells) of the TL Calculated Using Current Background Concentrations

URGA
Sodium in MW360

UCRS

Because gradients in the UCRS are downward (vertical), there are no hydrogeologically downgradient UCRS wells. It should be noted; however, that calcium in MW368; dissolved oxygen in MW359 and MW365; magnesium in MW368; and sulfate in MW359, MW365, MW368, and MW375 were higher than the current TL this quarter.

URGA

This quarter's results showed an exceedance of sodium in MW360; this well is located downgradient of the landfill.

LRGA

This quarter's results showed no exceedances in wells located downgradient of the landfill.

Statistical Summary

Summaries of the statistical tests conducted on data obtained from wells in the UCRS, the URGA, and the LRGA are presented in Exhibit D.11, Exhibit D.12, and Exhibit D.13, respectively.

Exhibit D.11. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Current Background—UCRS

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.31	Because gradients in the UCRS are downward (vertical), there are no hydrogeologically downgradient UCRS wells. However, MW368, exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.50	Because gradients in the UCRS are downward (vertical), there are no hydrogeologically downgradient UCRS wells. However, MW359 and MW365, exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.46	Because gradients in the UCRS are downward (vertical), there are no hydrogeologically downgradient UCRS wells. However, MW368, exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.34	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.58	Because gradients in the UCRS are downward (vertical), there are no hydrogeologically downgradient UCRS wells. However, MW359, MW365, MW368, and MW375 exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

CV: coefficient of variation

Exhibit D.12. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Current Background—URGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.19	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.15	MW360 exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

CV: coefficient of variation

Exhibit D.13. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Current Background—LRGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Beta Activity	Tolerance Interval	0.62	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.38	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.22	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	0.67	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.

CV: coefficient of variation

ATTACHMENT D1

COMPARISON OF CURRENT DATA TO ONE-SIDED UPPER TOLERANCE INTERVAL TEST CALCULATED USING HISTORICAL BACKGROUND DATA

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C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Aluminum UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 3.300	**S=** 6.859	**CV(1)=** 2.078	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 20.604	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.371	**S=** 1.678	**CV(2)=** -4.521	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.863	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2.24	0.806
4/22/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	21.3	3.059
1/7/2003	20	2.996
4/2/2003	4.11	1.413
7/9/2003	1.41	0.344
10/7/2003	1.09	0.086
1/6/2004	0.854	-0.158
4/7/2004	0.2	-1.609
7/14/2004	0.2	-1.609

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.149	N/A	-1.904	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	9.18	N/A	2.217	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0461	N/A	-3.077	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.72	N/A	-0.329	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.913	N/A	-0.091	NO
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.0845	N/A	-2.471	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Beryllium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.002	**S=** 0.003	**CV(1)=** 1.125	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.009	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -6.462	**S=** 0.812	**CV(2)=** -0.126	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -4.413	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.005	-5.298
4/22/2002	0.005	-5.298
7/15/2002	0.005	-5.298
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.01	-4.605
1/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/2/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
1/6/2004	0.001	-6.908
4/7/2004	0.001	-6.908
7/14/2004	0.001	-6.908

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.000328	N/A	-8.022	NO
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Boron UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.650	**S=** 0.805	**CV(1)=** 1.238	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 2.681	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.034	**S=** 1.030	**CV(2)=** -0.996	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.564	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	2	0.693
1/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
1/6/2004	0.2	-1.609
4/7/2004	0.2	-1.609
7/14/2004	0.2	-1.609

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.0109	N/A	-4.519	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.0165	N/A	-4.104	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0064	N/A	-5.051	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00625	N/A	-5.075	NO
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.00757	N/A	-4.884	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.0155	N/A	-4.167	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.0169	N/A	-4.080	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Bromide UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.394	**S=** 0.474	**CV(1)=** 0.340	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 2.590	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.279	**S=** 0.332	**CV(2)=** 1.190	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.118	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	1	0.000
7/15/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/8/2003	1	0.000
4/3/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/6/2003	1	0.000

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	2.1	0.742
1/7/2003	2.1	0.742
4/2/2003	1.9	0.642
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/7/2003	1.9	0.642
1/6/2004	1.9	0.642
4/7/2004	1.8	0.588
7/14/2004	1.6	0.470

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.117	NO	-2.146	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.155	NO	-1.864	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.4	N/A	-0.916	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.869	NO	-0.140	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Calcium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 34.100	**S=** 13.637	**CV(1)=** 0.400	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 68.505	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.466	**S=** 0.356	**CV(2)=** 0.103	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.364	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	17.2	2.845
4/22/2002	22.4	3.109
7/15/2002	25.5	3.239
10/8/2002	26.4	3.273
1/8/2003	27.2	3.303
4/3/2003	30.3	3.411
7/9/2003	25.9	3.254
10/6/2003	27	3.296

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	67.3	4.209
1/7/2003	60.6	4.104
4/2/2003	47.2	3.854
7/9/2003	34.7	3.547
10/7/2003	37.1	3.614
1/6/2004	37.7	3.630
4/7/2004	32.2	3.472
7/14/2004	26.9	3.292

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	20.2	NO	3.006	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	21	NO	3.045	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	19.7	NO	2.981	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	98	YES	4.585	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	38.1	NO	3.640	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	24.2	NO	3.186	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	13.7	NO	2.617	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW368

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 72.938	**S=** 70.749	**CV(1)=** 0.970	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 251.437	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 4.000	**S=** 0.702	**CV(2)=** 0.175	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 5.770	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35	3.555
4/22/2002	35	3.555
7/15/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/8/2003	35	3.555
4/3/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/6/2003	35	3.555

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	260	5.561
1/7/2003	214	5.366
4/2/2003	147	4.990
7/9/2003	72	4.277
10/7/2003	56	4.025
1/6/2004	68	4.220
4/7/2004	35	3.555
7/14/2004	35	3.555

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	16.8	NO	2.821	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	64.7	NO	4.170	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	14.7	NO	2.688	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	25.1	NO	3.223	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	14.7	NO	2.688	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	25.1	NO	3.223	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	12.6	NO	2.534	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Chloride UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 91.300 **S=** 86.959 **CV(1)=** 0.952 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 310.697 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 3.620 **S=** 1.590 **CV(2)=** 0.439 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 7.631 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	8.3	2.116
10/8/2002	7.6	2.028
1/8/2003	7.7	2.041
4/3/2003	8.8	2.175
7/9/2003	8.1	2.092
10/6/2003	8.6	2.152
1/7/2004	7.6	2.028
4/6/2004	7.6	2.028

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	199.2	5.294
1/7/2003	199.7	5.297
4/2/2003	171.8	5.146
7/9/2003	178.7	5.186
10/7/2003	175.6	5.168
1/6/2004	170.4	5.138
4/7/2004	156.4	5.052
7/14/2004	144.7	4.975

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.944	NO	-0.058	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	7.14	NO	1.966	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	3.25	NO	1.179	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	12.8	NO	2.549	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	4.39	NO	1.479	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	73	NO	4.290	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	4.57	NO	1.520	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Cobalt UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.007	**S=** 0.009	**CV(1)=** 1.314	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.031	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -5.843	**S=** 1.392	**CV(2)=** -0.238	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -2.331	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.01	-4.605
1/7/2003	0.01	-4.605
4/2/2003	0.01	-4.605
7/9/2003	0.00161	-6.432
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
1/6/2004	0.001	-6.908
4/7/2004	0.001	-6.908
7/14/2004	0.001	-6.908

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.00338	N/A	-5.690	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00158	N/A	-6.450	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.000396	N/A	-7.834	NO
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.00137	N/A	-6.593	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00056	N/A	-7.488	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Conductivity UNITS: umho/cm UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 918.744 **S=** 417.257 **CV(1)=** 0.454 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 1971.483 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 6.705 **S=** 0.550 **CV(2)=** 0.082 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 8.092 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	541	6.293
4/22/2002	643	6.466
7/15/2002	632	6.449
10/8/2002	631	6.447
1/8/2003	680	6.522
4/3/2003	749	6.619
7/9/2003	734	6.599
10/6/2003	753	6.624

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1007	6.915
10/8/2002	1680	7.427
1/7/2003	1715.9	7.448
4/2/2003	172	5.147
7/9/2003	1231	7.116
10/7/2003	1214	7.102
1/6/2004	1172	7.066
4/7/2004	1145	7.043

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	239	NO	5.476	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	696	NO	6.545	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	386	NO	5.956	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	1090	NO	6.994	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	708	NO	6.562	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	692	NO	6.540	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	347	NO	5.849	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Copper UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.056	**S=** 0.072	**CV(1)=** 1.275	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.237	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.395	**S=** 0.915	**CV(2)=** -0.270	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.086	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/6/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/7/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.00217	N/A	-6.133	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.00795	N/A	-4.835	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00187	N/A	-6.282	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00131	N/A	-6.638	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00111	N/A	-6.803	NO
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.000448	N/A	-7.711	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Dissolved Oxygen UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.138	**S=** 0.621	**CV(1)=** 0.546	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 2.704	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.013	**S=** 0.577	**CV(2)=** -43.069	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.441	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2.26	0.815
4/22/2002	1.15	0.140
7/15/2002	0.94	-0.062
10/8/2002	0.74	-0.301
1/8/2003	2.62	0.963
4/3/2003	1.5	0.405
7/9/2003	1.66	0.507
10/6/2003	1.28	0.247

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.6	-0.511
10/8/2002	0.67	-0.400
1/7/2003	0.23	-1.470
4/2/2003	0.65	-0.431
7/9/2003	0.92	-0.083
10/7/2003	0.99	-0.010
1/6/2004	1.11	0.104
4/7/2004	0.88	-0.128

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	6.21	YES	1.826	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	4.23	YES	1.442	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	6.79	YES	1.915	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	2.67	NO	0.982	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	2.8	YES	1.030	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	1.39	NO	0.329	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	1.53	NO	0.425	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW359
MW362
MW365
MW371

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Dissolved Solids UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 590.000 **S=** 248.068 **CV(1)=** 0.420 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 1215.876 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 6.308 **S=** 0.383 **CV(2)=** 0.061 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 7.274 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	274	5.613
4/22/2002	409	6.014
7/15/2002	418	6.035
10/8/2002	424	6.050
1/8/2003	431	6.066
4/3/2003	444	6.096
7/9/2003	445	6.098
10/6/2003	438	6.082

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	1136	7.035
1/7/2003	1101	7.004
4/2/2003	863	6.760
7/9/2003	682	6.525
10/7/2003	589	6.378
1/6/2004	603	6.402
4/7/2004	601	6.399
7/14/2004	582	6.366

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	127	NO	4.844	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	431	NO	6.066	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	221	NO	5.398	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	760	NO	6.633	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	403	NO	5.999	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	334	NO	5.811	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	189	NO	5.242	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Iron UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 6.612	**S=** 6.487	**CV(1)=** 0.981	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 22.979	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.363	**S=** 1.147	**CV(2)=** 0.841	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.256	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1.31	0.270
4/22/2002	0.913	-0.091
7/15/2002	0.881	-0.127
10/8/2002	3.86	1.351
1/8/2003	1.88	0.631
4/3/2003	3.18	1.157
7/9/2003	0.484	-0.726
10/6/2003	2.72	1.001

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	23	3.135
1/7/2003	13.9	2.632
4/2/2003	14	2.639
7/9/2003	14.2	2.653
10/7/2003	7.92	2.069
1/6/2004	7.86	2.062
4/7/2004	4.82	1.573
7/14/2004	4.87	1.583

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.113	NO	-2.180	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	5.36	NO	1.679	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.044	NO	-3.124	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.518	NO	-0.658	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.501	NO	-0.691	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	1.77	NO	0.571	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.114	NO	-2.172	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Magnesium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 11.347	**S=** 3.019	**CV(1)=** 0.266	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 18.963	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.401	**S=** 0.237	**CV(2)=** 0.099	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.999	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	7.1	1.960
4/22/2002	9.77	2.279
7/15/2002	10.4	2.342
10/8/2002	10.2	2.322
1/8/2003	10.7	2.370
4/3/2003	11.9	2.477
7/9/2003	10.8	2.380
10/6/2003	10.9	2.389

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	20	2.996
1/7/2003	16.1	2.779
4/2/2003	13.1	2.573
7/9/2003	10.3	2.332
10/7/2003	11.1	2.407
1/6/2004	11	2.398
4/7/2004	9.69	2.271
7/14/2004	8.49	2.139

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	5.14	NO	1.637	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	10.3	NO	2.332	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	9.76	NO	2.278	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	34.6	YES	3.544	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	14.4	NO	2.667	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	5.91	NO	1.777	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	6	NO	1.792	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW368

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Manganese UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.248	**S=** 0.222	**CV(1)=** 0.894	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.809	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.873	**S=** 1.068	**CV(2)=** -0.570	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.821	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.063	-2.765
4/22/2002	0.067	-2.703
7/15/2002	0.074	-2.604
10/8/2002	0.0521	-2.955
1/8/2003	0.0385	-3.257
4/3/2003	0.0551	-2.899
7/9/2003	0.0546	-2.908
10/6/2003	0.0543	-2.913

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.596	-0.518
1/7/2003	0.565	-0.571
4/2/2003	0.675	-0.393
7/9/2003	0.397	-0.924
10/7/2003	0.312	-1.165
1/6/2004	0.299	-1.207
4/7/2004	0.329	-1.112
7/14/2004	0.342	-1.073

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.00155	N/A	-6.470	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.0373	NO	-3.289	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0109	NO	-4.519	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.0374	NO	-3.286	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.00347	N/A	-5.664	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.192	NO	-1.650	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00488	NO	-5.323	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Molybdenum UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.006	**S=** 0.010	**CV(1)=** 1.650	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.030	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -6.108	**S=** 1.239	**CV(2)=** -0.203	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -2.983	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/8/2003	0.00121	-6.717
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.00111	-6.803
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.00222	-6.110
1/7/2003	0.00201	-6.210
4/2/2003	0.00159	-6.444
7/9/2003	0.00242	-6.024
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
1/6/2004	0.001	-6.908
4/7/2004	0.001	-6.908
7/14/2004	0.001	-6.908

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.000371	N/A	-7.899	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.000949	N/A	-6.960	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0003	N/A	-8.112	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00182	N/A	-6.309	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.000778	N/A	-7.159	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.00034	N/A	-7.987	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Nickel UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.023	**S=** 0.022	**CV(1)=** 0.980	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.078	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -4.349	**S=** 1.109	**CV(2)=** -0.255	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.552	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/22/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.0124	-4.390
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/6/2003	0.005	-5.298

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.05	-2.996
1/7/2003	0.05	-2.996
4/2/2003	0.05	-2.996
7/9/2003	0.00794	-4.836
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
1/6/2004	0.005	-5.298
4/7/2004	0.005	-5.298
7/14/2004	0.005	-5.298

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.00209	NO	-6.171	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.00578	NO	-5.153	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00552	NO	-5.199	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00169	NO	-6.383	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00178	NO	-6.331	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.000982	NO	-6.926	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00131	NO	-6.638	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Oxidation-Reduction Potential UNITS: mV UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 22.281 **S=** 78.889 **CV(1)=** 3.541 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 221.319 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 3.642 **S=** 1.729 **CV(2)=** 0.475 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 5.106 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	75	4.317
4/22/2002	165	5.106
7/15/2002	65	4.174
4/3/2003	-19	#Func!
7/9/2003	114	4.736
10/6/2003	-22	#Func!
1/7/2004	20.5	3.020
4/6/2004	113	4.727

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	135	4.905
4/2/2003	-56	#Func!
7/9/2003	-68	#Func!
10/7/2003	-50	#Func!
1/6/2004	-85	#Func!
4/7/2004	6	1.792
7/14/2004	-38	#Func!
10/7/2004	1	0.000

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	220	N/A	5.394	YES
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	221	N/A	5.398	YES
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	329	N/A	5.796	YES
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	224	N/A	5.412	YES
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	339	N/A	5.826	YES
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	206	N/A	5.328	YES
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	381	N/A	5.943	YES

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW359
MW362
MW365
MW368
MW371
MW374
MW375

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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PCB, Total UNITS: UG/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.224	**S=** 0.207	**CV(1)=** 0.922	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.746	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.647	**S=** 0.440	**CV(2)=** -0.267	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -0.537	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/15/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/9/2003	0.17	-1.772
10/6/2003	0.17	-1.772
7/13/2004	0.18	-1.715
7/25/2005	0.17	-1.772
4/5/2006	0.18	-1.715

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/9/2003	0.17	-1.772
10/7/2003	0.17	-1.772
7/14/2004	0.18	-1.715
7/26/2005	0.17	-1.772
4/6/2006	0.18	-1.715
7/10/2006	0.17	-1.772
10/12/2006	0.17	-1.772
1/8/2007	0.17	-1.772

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.099	N/A	-2.313	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.0971	N/A	-2.332	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0616	NO	-2.787	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.375	NO	-0.981	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.0943	N/A	-2.361	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.0943	N/A	-2.361	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.0962	N/A	-2.341	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

PCB-1242 UNITS: UG/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.159	**S=** 0.224	**CV(1)=** 1.409	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.726	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -2.134	**S=** 0.579	**CV(2)=** -0.272	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -0.672	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/15/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/9/2003	0.13	-2.040
10/6/2003	0.09	-2.408
7/13/2004	0.1	-2.303
7/25/2005	0.09	-2.408
4/5/2006	0.1	-2.303

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/9/2003	0.13	-2.040
10/7/2003	0.09	-2.408
7/14/2004	0.1	-2.303
7/26/2005	0.1	-2.303
4/6/2006	0.1	-2.303
7/10/2006	0.1	-2.303
10/12/2006	0.1	-2.303
1/8/2007	0.1	-2.303

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.099	N/A	-2.313	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.0971	N/A	-2.332	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0616	N/A	-2.787	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.375	N/A	-0.981	NO
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.0943	N/A	-2.361	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.0943	N/A	-2.361	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.0962	N/A	-2.341	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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pH UNITS: Std Unit UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 6.619 **S=** 0.295 **CV(1)=** 0.045 **K factor**=** 2.904 **TL(1)=** 7.475 **LL(1)=**5.7635

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 1.889 **S=** 0.046 **CV(2)=** 0.024 **K factor**=** 2.904 **TL(2)=** 2.023 **LL(2)=**1.7548

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	6.3	1.841
4/22/2002	6.5	1.872
7/15/2002	6.5	1.872
10/8/2002	6.6	1.887
1/8/2003	6.6	1.887
4/3/2003	6.9	1.932
7/9/2003	6.7	1.902
10/6/2003	7	1.946

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5.75	1.749
10/8/2002	6.6	1.887
1/7/2003	6.82	1.920
4/2/2003	6.86	1.926
7/9/2003	6.7	1.902
10/7/2003	6.6	1.887
1/6/2004	6.9	1.932
4/7/2004	6.58	1.884

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)? Result <LL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)? LN(Result) <LL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	6.29	NO	1.839	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	6.7	NO	1.902	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	6.19	NO	1.823	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	6.48	NO	1.869	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	6.64	NO	1.893	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	6.65	NO	1.895	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	6.37	NO	1.852	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Potassium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 1.262 **S=** 0.907 **CV(1)=** 0.718 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 3.549 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** -0.023 **S=** 0.752 **CV(2)=** -32.218 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 1.874 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.408	-0.896
1/8/2003	0.384	-0.957
4/3/2003	0.368	-1.000
7/9/2003	0.587	-0.533
10/6/2003	0.382	-0.962

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	3.04	1.112
1/7/2003	2.83	1.040
4/2/2003	2	0.693
7/9/2003	1.09	0.086
10/7/2003	0.802	-0.221
1/6/2004	0.897	-0.109
4/7/2004	0.689	-0.373
7/14/2004	0.716	-0.334

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.702	NO	-0.354	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.953	NO	-0.048	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.25	NO	-1.386	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	1.61	NO	0.476	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.507	NO	-0.679	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.446	NO	-0.807	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.272	NO	-1.302	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Radium-226 UNITS: pCi/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 3.560 **S=** 13.483 **CV(1)=** 3.787 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 37.577 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** -1.189 **S=** 1.742 **CV(2)=** -1.465 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 3.991 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	54.1	3.991
10/8/2002	0.0937	-2.368
1/8/2003	0.378	-0.973
10/6/2003	0.179	-1.720
1/7/2004	0.898	-0.108
4/6/2004	0.108	-2.226
7/13/2004	-0.149	#Func!
10/7/2004	0.154	-1.871

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.298	-1.211
1/7/2003	-0.844	#Func!
10/7/2003	0.806	-0.216
1/6/2004	0.0306	-3.487
4/7/2004	0.35	-1.050
7/14/2004	0.273	-1.298
10/7/2004	0.205	-1.585
1/11/2005	0.0799	-2.527

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.5	N/A	-0.693	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	-0.123	N/A	#Error	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.235	N/A	-1.448	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.856	N/A	-0.155	NO
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.228	N/A	-1.478	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.669	N/A	-0.402	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	-0.243	N/A	#Error	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Sodium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 183.063 **S=** 73.222 **CV(1)=** 0.400 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 367.800 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.146 **S=** 0.356 **CV(2)=** 0.069 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.044 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	129	4.860
4/22/2002	131	4.875
7/15/2002	127	4.844
10/8/2002	123	4.812
1/8/2003	128	4.852
4/3/2003	144	4.970
7/9/2003	126	4.836
10/6/2003	120	4.787

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	336	5.817
1/7/2003	329	5.796
4/2/2003	287	5.659
7/9/2003	181	5.198
10/7/2003	182	5.204
1/6/2004	206	5.328
4/7/2004	182	5.204
7/14/2004	198	5.288

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	22.1	NO	3.096	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	124	NO	4.820	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	49.4	NO	3.900	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	96.6	NO	4.571	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	111	NO	4.710	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	118	NO	4.771	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	52.7	NO	3.965	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Sulfate UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 6.469	**S=** 3.153	**CV(1)=** 0.487	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 14.423	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.794	**S=** 0.357	**CV(2)=** 0.199	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.694	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	16.3	2.791
4/22/2002	8.6	2.152
7/15/2002	6.7	1.902
10/8/2002	5	1.609
1/8/2003	5	1.609
4/3/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	5	1.609
10/6/2003	5	1.609

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	5	1.609
1/7/2003	5	1.609
4/2/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	5.6	1.723
10/7/2003	5	1.609
1/6/2004	5	1.609
4/7/2004	11.3	2.425
7/14/2004	5	1.609

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	29.9	YES	3.398	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	16.6	YES	2.809	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	63.9	YES	4.157	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	225	YES	5.416	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	11	NO	2.398	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	6.34	NO	1.847	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	25.9	YES	3.254	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW359
MW362
MW365
MW368
MW375

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Total Organic Carbon (TOC) UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 17.631 **S=** 24.314 **CV(1)=** 1.379 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 78.977 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 2.318 **S=** 0.979 **CV(2)=** 0.422 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 4.788 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	11.1	2.407
4/22/2002	7	1.946
7/15/2002	4.1	1.411
10/8/2002	6	1.792
1/8/2003	5.3	1.668
4/3/2003	5.3	1.668
7/9/2003	2.9	1.065
10/6/2003	3.2	1.163

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	90	4.500
1/7/2003	64	4.159
4/2/2003	25	3.219
7/9/2003	16	2.773
10/7/2003	13	2.565
1/6/2004	10	2.303
4/7/2004	7.2	1.974
7/14/2004	12	2.485

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	3	N/A	1.099	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	2.72	N/A	1.001	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	1.84	N/A	0.610	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	2.78	N/A	1.022	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	2.43	N/A	0.888	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	2.61	N/A	0.959	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.994	N/A	-0.006	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Total Organic Halides (TOX) UNITS: ug/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 214.094 **S=** 231.089 **CV(1)=** 1.079 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 797.131 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 4.867 **S=** 1.065 **CV(2)=** 0.219 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 7.554 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	50	3.912
4/22/2002	105	4.654
7/15/2002	70	4.248
10/8/2002	52	3.951
1/8/2003	20.2	3.006
4/3/2003	104	4.644
7/9/2003	34.2	3.532
10/6/2003	46.1	3.831

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	903	6.806
1/7/2003	539	6.290
4/2/2003	295	5.687
7/9/2003	272	5.606
10/7/2003	197	5.283
1/6/2004	330	5.799
4/7/2004	183	5.209
7/14/2004	225	5.416

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	6.48	N/A	1.869	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	5.88	N/A	1.772	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	14.3	N/A	2.660	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	9.68	N/A	2.270	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	5.44	N/A	1.694	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	20	N/A	2.996	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	13.1	N/A	2.573	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Vanadium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.055	**S=** 0.072	**CV(1)=** 1.319	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.237	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.438	**S=** 0.912	**CV(2)=** -0.265	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.138	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/6/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/7/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.0161	N/A	-4.129	NO
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.0149	N/A	-4.206	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00815	N/A	-4.810	NO
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00361	N/A	-5.624	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Zinc UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.060	**S=** 0.083	**CV(1)=** 1.380	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.270	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.259	**S=** 0.840	**CV(2)=** -0.258	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.140	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/22/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/15/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/8/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/3/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.0376	-3.281
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/7/2003	0.35	-1.050
4/2/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/6/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/7/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.00389	N/A	-5.549	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.0138	N/A	-4.283	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0136	N/A	-4.298	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00502	N/A	-5.294	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00351	N/A	-5.652	NO
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00338	N/A	-5.690	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Aluminum UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.625	**S=** 0.774	**CV(1)=** 1.239	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 2.578	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.973	**S=** 0.935	**CV(2)=** -0.961	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.386	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.255	-1.366
4/22/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.322	-1.133
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.689	-0.373

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	2.61	0.959
4/23/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/16/2002	1.14	0.131
10/8/2002	0.862	-0.149
1/7/2003	2.32	0.842
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.0409	N/A	-3.197	NO
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.178	N/A	-1.726	NO
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Boron UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.985	**S=** 0.825	**CV(1)=** 0.838	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 3.067	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.430	**S=** 0.990	**CV(2)=** -2.302	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.068	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	2	0.693
4/23/2002	2	0.693
7/16/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.492	-0.709
1/7/2003	0.492	-0.709
4/2/2003	0.6	-0.511
7/9/2003	0.57	-0.562
10/7/2003	0.604	-0.504

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.442	NO	-0.816	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.0286	NO	-3.554	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.0287	NO	-3.551	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.148	NO	-1.911	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0163	NO	-4.117	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	1.02	NO	0.020	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Bromide UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.000	**S=** 0.000	**CV(1)=** 0.000	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 1.000	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.000	**S=** 0.000	**CV(2)=** #Num!	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.000	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	1	0.000
7/15/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/8/2003	1	0.000
4/3/2003	1	0.000
7/8/2003	1	0.000
10/6/2003	1	0.000

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1	0.000
7/16/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/7/2003	1	0.000
4/2/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/7/2003	1	0.000

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.382	NO	-0.962	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.119	NO	-2.129	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.168	NO	-1.784	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.479	NO	-0.736	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.364	NO	-1.011	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.576	NO	-0.552	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Calcium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 32.763	**S=** 9.391	**CV(1)=** 0.287	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 56.456	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.449	**S=** 0.299	**CV(2)=** 0.087	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.202	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	29.5	3.384
4/22/2002	29.8	3.395
7/15/2002	25.3	3.231
10/8/2002	21.9	3.086
1/8/2003	20.9	3.040
4/3/2003	22.2	3.100
7/8/2003	22.9	3.131
10/6/2003	21.7	3.077

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	41.5	3.726
4/23/2002	43.6	3.775
7/16/2002	40.4	3.699
10/8/2002	38.8	3.658
1/7/2003	41.1	3.716
4/2/2003	42.9	3.759
7/9/2003	35.1	3.558
10/7/2003	46.6	3.842

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	26	NO	3.258	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	25.6	NO	3.243	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	25.2	NO	3.227	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	29.1	NO	3.371	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	15	NO	2.708	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	49.4	NO	3.900	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 35.938	**S=** 3.750	**CV(1)=** 0.104	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 45.399	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.578	**S=** 0.089	**CV(2)=** 0.025	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.803	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35	3.555
4/22/2002	35	3.555
7/15/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	50	3.912
1/8/2003	35	3.555
4/3/2003	35	3.555
7/8/2003	35	3.555
10/6/2003	35	3.555

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	35	3.555
4/23/2002	35	3.555
7/16/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/7/2003	35	3.555
4/2/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/7/2003	35	3.555

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	14.7	NO	2.688	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	12.6	NO	2.534	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	12.6	NO	2.534	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	29.3	NO	3.378	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Chloride UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 44.119	**S=** 4.554	**CV(1)=** 0.103	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 55.607	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.782	**S=** 0.099	**CV(2)=** 0.026	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.033	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	48.3	3.877
10/8/2002	47.7	3.865
1/8/2003	45.7	3.822
4/3/2003	47.4	3.859
7/8/2003	55.9	4.024
10/6/2003	47.4	3.859
1/7/2004	45.5	3.818
4/7/2004	43.4	3.770

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/16/2002	39.8	3.684
10/8/2002	41	3.714
1/7/2003	39.4	3.674
4/2/2003	39.2	3.669
7/9/2003	39.8	3.684
10/7/2003	40	3.689
1/5/2004	43.4	3.770
4/5/2004	42	3.738

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	31.4	NO	3.447	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	9.01	NO	2.198	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	34.1	NO	3.529	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	39.1	NO	3.666	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	31.6	NO	3.453	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	43.5	NO	3.773	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Cobalt UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.025	**S=** 0.021	**CV(1)=** 0.845	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.077	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -4.090	**S=** 1.006	**CV(2)=** -0.246	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.553	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00938	-4.669
1/8/2003	0.00548	-5.207
4/3/2003	0.00587	-5.138
7/8/2003	0.0541	-2.917
10/6/2003	0.0689	-2.675

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00158	-6.450
1/7/2003	0.0147	-4.220
4/2/2003	0.0116	-4.457
7/9/2003	0.0653	-2.729
10/7/2003	0.00788	-4.843

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.00753	NO	-4.889	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.000985	NO	-6.923	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.00031	NO	-8.079	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00558	NO	-5.189	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.000814	NO	-7.114	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Conductivity UNITS: umho/cm URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 482.856	**S=** 57.603	**CV(1)=** 0.119	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 628.189	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 6.173	**S=** 0.123	**CV(2)=** 0.020	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 6.484	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	388	5.961
4/22/2002	404	6.001
7/15/2002	394	5.976
10/8/2002	403	5.999
1/8/2003	520	6.254
4/3/2003	487	6.188
7/8/2003	478	6.170
10/6/2003	476	6.165

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	508	6.230
4/23/2002	501	6.217
7/16/2002	507	6.229
10/8/2002	495	6.205
1/7/2003	508.7	6.232
4/2/2003	515	6.244
7/9/2003	576	6.356
10/7/2003	565	6.337

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	438	NO	6.082	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	528	NO	6.269	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	415	NO	6.028	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	479	NO	6.172	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	351	NO	5.861	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	620	NO	6.430	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Copper UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.025	**S=** 0.010	**CV(1)=** 0.400	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.050	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.742	**S=** 0.307	**CV(2)=** -0.082	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -2.967	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/2/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.000589	NO	-7.437	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.00181	NO	-6.314	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.000345	NO	-7.972	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.000459	NO	-7.686	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00114	NO	-6.777	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.0005	NO	-7.601	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Dissolved Oxygen UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.781	**S=** 1.351	**CV(1)=** 0.759	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 5.190	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.228	**S=** 1.065	**CV(2)=** 4.665	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.915	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5.41	1.688
4/22/2002	1.57	0.451
7/15/2002	0.8	-0.223
10/8/2002	1.09	0.086
1/8/2003	2.69	0.990
4/3/2003	2.04	0.713
7/8/2003	1.19	0.174
10/6/2003	1.78	0.577

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	3.89	1.358
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/16/2002	1.33	0.285
10/8/2002	2.66	0.978
1/7/2003	0.4	-0.916
4/2/2003	0.91	-0.094
7/9/2003	1.42	0.351
10/7/2003	1.26	0.231

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	3.37	NO	1.215	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	2.95	NO	1.082	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	1.35	NO	0.300	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	2.95	NO	1.082	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	1.78	NO	0.577	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	1.25	NO	0.223	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Dissolved Solids UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 285.188 **S=** 44.908 **CV(1)=** 0.157 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 398.489 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.640 **S=** 0.175 **CV(2)=** 0.031 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.080 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	173	5.153
4/22/2002	246	5.505
7/15/2002	232	5.447
10/8/2002	275	5.617
1/8/2003	269	5.595
4/3/2003	250	5.521
7/8/2003	295	5.687
10/6/2003	276	5.620

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	295	5.687
4/23/2002	322	5.775
7/16/2002	329	5.796
10/8/2002	290	5.670
1/7/2003	316	5.756
4/2/2003	311	5.740
7/9/2003	347	5.849
10/7/2003	337	5.820

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	214	NO	5.366	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	263	NO	5.572	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	207	NO	5.333	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	259	NO	5.557	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	161	NO	5.081	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	330	NO	5.799	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Iron UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 7.385	**S=** 6.991	**CV(1)=** 0.947	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 25.024	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.358	**S=** 1.323	**CV(2)=** 0.974	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.697	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.656	-0.422
4/22/2002	0.695	-0.364
7/15/2002	7.1	1.960
10/8/2002	21.5	3.068
1/8/2003	18.5	2.918
4/3/2003	14.9	2.701
7/8/2003	11.3	2.425
10/6/2003	14.9	2.701

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	5.95	1.783
4/23/2002	0.792	-0.233
7/16/2002	1.78	0.577
10/8/2002	0.776	-0.254
1/7/2003	3.55	1.267
4/2/2003	5.02	1.613
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	0.733	-0.311

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	3.37	NO	1.215	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.0641	NO	-2.747	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.0758	NO	-2.580	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.155	NO	-1.864	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.166	NO	-1.796	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Magnesium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 12.864	**S=** 3.505	**CV(1)=** 0.272	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 21.707	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.517	**S=** 0.290	**CV(2)=** 0.115	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.248	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	11.4	2.434
4/22/2002	12	2.485
7/15/2002	10	2.303
10/8/2002	8.62	2.154
1/8/2003	7.89	2.066
4/3/2003	7.97	2.076
7/8/2003	10.3	2.332
10/6/2003	9.14	2.213

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	15.7	2.754
4/23/2002	16.6	2.809
7/16/2002	15.4	2.734
10/8/2002	15.8	2.760
1/7/2003	15.8	2.760
4/2/2003	16.4	2.797
7/9/2003	15.2	2.721
10/7/2003	17.6	2.868

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	11.3	NO	2.425	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	9.07	NO	2.205	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	10.4	NO	2.342	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	13.1	NO	2.573	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	6.82	NO	1.920	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	18.5	NO	2.918	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Manganese UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.413	**S=** 0.274	**CV(1)=** 0.664	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 1.105	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.226	**S=** 1.008	**CV(2)=** -0.822	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.317	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.034	-3.381
4/22/2002	0.062	-2.781
7/15/2002	0.436	-0.830
10/8/2002	0.867	-0.143
1/8/2003	0.828	-0.189
4/3/2003	0.672	-0.397
7/8/2003	0.321	-1.136
10/6/2003	0.714	-0.337

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.205	-1.585
4/23/2002	0.345	-1.064
7/16/2002	0.21	-1.561
10/8/2002	0.0539	-2.921
1/7/2003	0.537	-0.622
4/2/2003	0.415	-0.879
7/9/2003	0.654	-0.425
10/7/2003	0.254	-1.370

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.00613	NO	-5.095	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.174	NO	-1.749	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.247	NO	-1.398	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.0266	NO	-3.627	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0215	NO	-3.840	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.0115	NO	-4.465	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Molybdenum UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.010	**S=** 0.012	**CV(1)=** 1.199	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.040	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -5.698	**S=** 1.607	**CV(2)=** -0.282	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.643	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/2/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.00105	-6.859
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.000627	N/A	-7.375	NO
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.00041	N/A	-7.799	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Nickel UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.024	**S=** 0.021	**CV(1)=** 0.910	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.078	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -4.246	**S=** 1.075	**CV(2)=** -0.253	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.535	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/22/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/8/2003	0.013	-4.343
10/6/2003	0.0104	-4.566

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/2/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.019	-3.963
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.00156	NO	-6.463	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.000891	NO	-7.023	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.000821	NO	-7.105	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00495	NO	-5.308	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.0012	NO	-6.725	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Oxidation-Reduction Potential UNITS: mV URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 74.563	**S=** 94.243	**CV(1)=** 1.264	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 312.337	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 4.554	**S=** 0.784	**CV(2)=** 0.172	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 5.371	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	215	5.371
4/22/2002	110	4.700
7/15/2002	20	2.996
1/8/2003	-5	#Func!
4/3/2003	-18	#Func!
7/8/2003	-67	#Func!
10/6/2003	-1	#Func!
1/7/2004	55	4.007

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	210	5.347
4/23/2002	65	4.174
7/16/2002	215	5.371
10/8/2002	185	5.220
1/7/2003	45	3.807
4/2/2003	65	4.174
7/9/2003	-39	#Func!
10/7/2003	138	4.927

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	234	N/A	5.455	YES
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	206	N/A	5.328	NO
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	248	N/A	5.513	YES
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	243	N/A	5.493	YES
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	346	N/A	5.846	YES
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	275	N/A	5.617	YES

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW357
MW363
MW366
MW369
MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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PCB, Total UNITS: UG/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.390	**S=** 0.350	**CV(1)=** 0.897	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 1.272	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.238	**S=** 0.737	**CV(2)=** -0.595	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.622	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/15/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/8/2003	1.15	0.140
10/6/2003	0.605	-0.503
7/13/2004	0.42	-0.868
7/20/2005	0.28	-1.273
4/4/2006	0.23	-1.470

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/16/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/9/2003	0.17	-1.772
10/7/2003	0.17	-1.772
7/14/2004	0.18	-1.715
7/21/2005	0.17	-1.772
4/5/2006	0.18	-1.715

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.099	N/A	-2.313	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.0503	NO	-2.990	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.0962	N/A	-2.341	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	0.0952	N/A	-2.352	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.0885	N/A	-2.425	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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PCB-1248 UNITS: UG/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.246	**S=** 0.295	**CV(1)=** 1.202	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.991	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.746	**S=** 0.699	**CV(2)=** -0.401	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.019	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/15/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/8/2003	0.15	-1.897
10/6/2003	0.12	-2.120
7/13/2004	0.12	-2.120
7/20/2005	0.12	-2.120
4/4/2006	0.11	-2.207

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/16/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/9/2003	0.15	-1.897
10/7/2003	0.12	-2.120
7/14/2004	0.12	-2.120
7/21/2005	0.12	-2.120
4/5/2006	0.12	-2.120

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.099	N/A	-2.313	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.0503	N/A	-2.990	NO
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.0962	N/A	-2.341	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	0.0952	N/A	-2.352	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.0885	N/A	-2.425	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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pH UNITS: Std Unit URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 6.274 **S=** 0.194 **CV(1)=** 0.031 **K factor**=** 2.904 **TL(1)=** 6.837 **LL(1)=**5.7114

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 1.836 **S=** 0.031 **CV(2)=** 0.017 **K factor**=** 2.904 **TL(2)=** 1.925 **LL(2)=**1.7467

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	6.1	1.808
4/22/2002	6.1	1.808
7/15/2002	6.1	1.808
10/8/2002	6.5	1.872
1/8/2003	6.5	1.872
4/3/2003	6.6	1.887
7/8/2003	6.5	1.872
10/6/2003	6.5	1.872

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	6.1	1.808
4/23/2002	6.12	1.812
7/16/2002	6.1	1.808
10/8/2002	6.06	1.802
1/7/2003	6.26	1.834
4/2/2003	6.15	1.816
7/9/2003	6.3	1.841
10/7/2003	6.4	1.856

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)? Result <LL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)? LN(Result) <LL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	6.21	NO	1.826	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	6.32	NO	1.844	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	6.19	NO	1.823	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	6.31	NO	1.842	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	6.21	NO	1.826	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	6.29	NO	1.839	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Potassium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.663	**S=** 0.488	**CV(1)=** 0.293	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 2.895	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.456	**S=** 0.362	**CV(2)=** 0.794	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.368	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2.21	0.793
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.966	-0.035
1/8/2003	0.727	-0.319
4/3/2003	0.8	-0.223
7/8/2003	1.62	0.482
10/6/2003	1.14	0.131

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	2.04	0.713
4/23/2002	2.03	0.708
7/16/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	1.54	0.432
1/7/2003	1.88	0.631
4/2/2003	2.09	0.737
7/9/2003	1.78	0.577
10/7/2003	1.79	0.582

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	1.58	NO	0.457	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.673	NO	-0.396	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	1.41	NO	0.344	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	1.82	NO	0.599	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.504	NO	-0.685	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	2.13	NO	0.756	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Radium-226 UNITS: pCi/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 3.398	**S=** 8.854	**CV(1)=** 2.605	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 25.736	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.836	**S=** 1.704	**CV(2)=** -2.039	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.346	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW369	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	28.4	3.346
10/8/2002	0.167	-1.790
1/8/2003	0.173	-1.754
10/6/2003	0.168	-1.784
1/7/2004	0.702	-0.354
4/7/2004	0.195	-1.635
7/13/2004	0.256	-1.363
10/7/2004	0.228	-1.478

Well Number:	MW372	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/16/2002	23.5	3.157
10/8/2002	0.195	-1.635
1/7/2003	-0.844	#Func!
10/7/2003	0.349	-1.053
1/5/2004	0.239	-1.431
4/5/2004	0.308	-1.178
7/14/2004	0.147	-1.917
10/7/2004	0.188	-1.671

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.17	N/A	-1.772	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.646	N/A	-0.437	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	-0.0744	N/A	#Error	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.392	N/A	-0.936	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	0.676	N/A	-0.392	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.689	N/A	-0.373	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Sodium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 45.100	**S=** 11.875	**CV(1)=** 0.263	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 75.061	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.780	**S=** 0.242	**CV(2)=** 0.064	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.390	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35.7	3.575
4/22/2002	37.6	3.627
7/15/2002	42.4	3.747
10/8/2002	66.9	4.203
1/8/2003	67.9	4.218
4/3/2003	61.8	4.124
7/8/2003	45.6	3.820
10/6/2003	59.1	4.079

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	37.2	3.616
4/23/2002	38.6	3.653
7/16/2002	35.6	3.572
10/8/2002	37.5	3.624
1/7/2003	34.1	3.529
4/2/2003	34.4	3.538
7/9/2003	44.1	3.786
10/7/2003	43.1	3.764

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	41.1	NO	3.716	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	77.7	YES	4.353	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	38.3	NO	3.645	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	44.4	NO	3.793	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	48.5	NO	3.882	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	45.5	NO	3.818	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW360

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Sulfate UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 45.031	**S=** 33.919	**CV(1)=** 0.753	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 130.609	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.420	**S=** 0.981	**CV(2)=** 0.287	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 5.894	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	15.5	2.741
4/22/2002	15.8	2.760
7/15/2002	13.8	2.625
10/8/2002	6.9	1.932
1/8/2003	10.5	2.351
4/3/2003	10.5	2.351
7/8/2003	10.9	2.389
10/6/2003	16.3	2.791

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	71.7	4.272
4/23/2002	74.7	4.313
7/16/2002	74.1	4.305
10/8/2002	70.5	4.256
1/7/2003	75.8	4.328
4/2/2003	81.8	4.404
7/9/2003	83.6	4.426
10/7/2003	88.1	4.478

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	47.3	NO	3.857	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	13.2	NO	2.580	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	26.5	NO	3.277	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	49.8	NO	3.908	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	7.63	NO	2.032	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	75.2	NO	4.320	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Technetium-99 UNITS: pCi/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 20.821	**S=** 18.044	**CV(1)=** 0.867	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 66.344	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.770	**S=** 1.150	**CV(2)=** 0.415	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.972	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	41.7	3.731
4/22/2002	53.1	3.972
7/15/2002	18.1	2.896
10/8/2002	16.4	2.797
1/8/2003	3.49	1.250
4/3/2003	9.34	2.234
7/8/2003	17.5	2.862
10/6/2003	17	2.833

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	44.8	3.802
4/23/2002	0.802	-0.221
7/16/2002	19.8	2.986
10/8/2002	46.1	3.831
1/7/2003	-0.973	#Func!
4/2/2003	9.07	2.205
7/9/2003	0	#Func!
10/7/2003	36.9	3.608

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	22.4	NO	3.109	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	-2.32	N/A	#Error	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	5.84	N/A	1.765	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	42.7	NO	3.754	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	38.8	NO	3.658	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	17.3	NO	2.851	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Carbon (TOC) UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 3.513	**S=** 4.307	**CV(1)=** 1.226	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 14.378	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.851	**S=** 0.828	**CV(2)=** 0.973	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.940	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1.7	0.531
4/22/2002	1.6	0.470
7/15/2002	3.1	1.131
10/8/2002	17.7	2.874
1/8/2003	9	2.197
4/3/2003	4	1.386
7/8/2003	4.9	1.589
10/6/2003	2.4	0.875

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1.2	0.182
7/16/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/7/2003	1.6	0.470
4/2/2003	1.5	0.405
7/9/2003	3	1.099
10/7/2003	1.5	0.405

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.932	N/A	-0.070	NO
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	1.95	N/A	0.668	NO
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.88	N/A	-0.128	NO
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.724	N/A	-0.323	NO
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	1.05	N/A	0.049	NO
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	1.62	N/A	0.482	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Halides (TOX) UNITS: ug/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 67.963	**S=** 64.316	**CV(1)=** 0.946	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 230.231	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.772	**S=** 1.023	**CV(2)=** 0.271	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 6.353	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	50	3.912
4/22/2002	50	3.912
7/15/2002	81	4.394
10/8/2002	202	5.308
1/8/2003	177	5.176
4/3/2003	93.1	4.534
7/8/2003	17.5	2.862
10/6/2003	37.5	3.624

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	184	5.215
4/23/2002	50	3.912
7/16/2002	50	3.912
10/8/2002	50	3.912
1/7/2003	10	2.303
4/2/2003	12.7	2.542
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	12.6	2.534

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	6.38	NO	1.853	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	12.5	NO	2.526	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	11.8	NO	2.468	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	9.08	NO	2.206	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	12.4	NO	2.518	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	37	NO	3.611	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Trichloroethene UNITS: ug/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 5.625	**S=** 3.594	**CV(1)=** 0.639	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 14.693	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.571	**S=** 0.565	**CV(2)=** 0.360	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.995	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	11	2.398
4/22/2002	16	2.773
7/15/2002	8	2.079
10/8/2002	3	1.099
1/8/2003	2	0.693
4/3/2003	3	1.099
7/8/2003	3	1.099
10/6/2003	2	0.693

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	5	1.609
4/23/2002	5	1.609
7/16/2002	4	1.386
10/8/2002	6	1.792
1/7/2003	5	1.609
4/2/2003	6	1.792
7/9/2003	5	1.609
10/7/2003	6	1.792

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	4.75	N/A	1.558	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	4.24	N/A	1.445	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	1.23	N/A	0.207	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	5.43	NO	1.692	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Vanadium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.024	**S=** 0.006	**CV(1)=** 0.259	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.039	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.771	**S=** 0.223	**CV(2)=** -0.059	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -3.208	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.027	-3.612
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.039	-3.244
4/23/2002	0.037	-3.297
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/2/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00426	NO	-5.458	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Zinc UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.116	**S=** 0.173	**CV(1)=** 1.490	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.552	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -2.729	**S=** 1.014	**CV(2)=** -0.371	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -0.172	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/22/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/15/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/8/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/3/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.725	-0.322
4/23/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/16/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/7/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/2/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00335	N/A	-5.699	NO
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Aluminum UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 2.026	**S=** 5.626	**CV(1)=** 2.777	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 16.219	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.803	**S=** 1.380	**CV(2)=** -1.718	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.678	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	4.66	1.539
4/23/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	22.7	3.122
4/23/2002	1.46	0.378
7/16/2002	0.253	-1.374
10/8/2002	0.482	-0.730
1/7/2003	0.608	-0.498
4/2/2003	0.446	-0.807
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.0437	N/A	-3.130	NO
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Beta activity UNITS: pCi/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 9.815	**S=** 7.838	**CV(1)=** 0.799	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 29.591	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.072	**S=** 0.630	**CV(2)=** 0.304	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.662	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	10.1	2.313
4/23/2002	4.46	1.495
7/15/2002	6.58	1.884
10/8/2002	4.9	1.589
1/8/2003	4.47	1.497
4/3/2003	8.65	2.158
7/9/2003	3.66	1.297
10/6/2003	5.38	1.683

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	15.1	2.715
4/23/2002	6.26	1.834
7/16/2002	6.22	1.828
10/8/2002	4.06	1.401
1/7/2003	11.2	2.416
4/2/2003	18.5	2.918
7/9/2003	13.3	2.588
10/7/2003	34.2	3.532

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	50.7	YES	3.926	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	35.5	N/A	3.570	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	43.5	N/A	3.773	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	10.9	N/A	2.389	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	71.9	YES	4.275	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	23.5	N/A	3.157	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW358
MW370

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Boron UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.140	**S=** 0.780	**CV(1)=** 0.684	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 3.108	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.235	**S=** 1.006	**CV(2)=** -4.287	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.303	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	2	0.693
4/23/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/23/2002	2	0.693
7/16/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.79	-0.236
1/7/2003	0.807	-0.214
4/2/2003	1.13	0.122
7/9/2003	1.28	0.247
10/7/2003	1.24	0.215

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.486	NO	-0.722	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.0753	NO	-2.586	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.0128	NO	-4.358	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.027	NO	-3.612	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.0359	NO	-3.327	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	1.4	NO	0.336	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Bromide UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.000	**S=** 0.000	**CV(1)=** 0.000	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 1.000	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.000	**S=** 0.000	**CV(2)=** #Num!	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.000	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1	0.000
7/15/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/8/2003	1	0.000
4/3/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/6/2003	1	0.000

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1	0.000
7/16/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/7/2003	1	0.000
4/2/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/7/2003	1	0.000

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.449	NO	-0.801	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.428	NO	-0.849	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.427	NO	-0.851	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.199	NO	-1.614	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.443	NO	-0.814	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.601	NO	-0.509	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Calcium UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 43.413	**S=** 13.444	**CV(1)=** 0.310	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 77.331	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.723	**S=** 0.323	**CV(2)=** 0.087	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.539	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	34.8	3.550
4/23/2002	43.4	3.770
7/15/2002	33.2	3.503
10/8/2002	29.2	3.374
1/8/2003	31.3	3.444
4/3/2003	32.4	3.478
7/9/2003	22.9	3.131
10/6/2003	28	3.332

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	61.9	4.126
4/23/2002	59.2	4.081
7/16/2002	47.6	3.863
10/8/2002	46.1	3.831
1/7/2003	49.2	3.896
4/2/2003	57.8	4.057
7/9/2003	52.7	3.965
10/7/2003	64.9	4.173

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	32.3	NO	3.475	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	29	NO	3.367	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	30.1	NO	3.405	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	16.2	NO	2.785	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	29.9	NO	3.398	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	60.3	NO	4.099	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 41.938	**S=** 24.732	**CV(1)=** 0.590	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 104.336	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.658	**S=** 0.339	**CV(2)=** 0.093	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.512	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	35	3.555
4/23/2002	134	4.898
7/15/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/8/2003	35	3.555
4/3/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/6/2003	35	3.555

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35	3.555
4/23/2002	47	3.850
7/16/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/7/2003	35	3.555
4/2/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/7/2003	35	3.555

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	14.7	NO	2.688	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	20.9	NO	3.040	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	14.7	NO	2.688	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	18.9	NO	2.939	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	16.8	NO	2.821	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	31.4	NO	3.447	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Chloride UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 45.919	**S=** 7.524	**CV(1)=** 0.164	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 64.901	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.814	**S=** 0.165	**CV(2)=** 0.043	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.231	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	55.5	4.016
10/8/2002	53.6	3.982
1/8/2003	52.9	3.968
4/3/2003	53.6	3.982
7/9/2003	51.9	3.949
10/6/2003	53	3.970
1/7/2004	53	3.970
4/7/2004	51.6	3.944

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/16/2002	40.6	3.704
10/8/2002	38.8	3.658
1/7/2003	39	3.664
4/2/2003	38.4	3.648
7/9/2003	38.1	3.640
10/7/2003	38	3.638
1/6/2004	37.9	3.635
4/7/2004	38.8	3.658

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	34.2	NO	3.532	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	31.4	NO	3.447	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	34.1	NO	3.529	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	15.1	NO	2.715	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	35.1	NO	3.558	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	43.3	NO	3.768	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Cobalt UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.027	**S=** 0.032	**CV(1)=** 1.165	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.108	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -4.058	**S=** 1.011	**CV(2)=** -0.249	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.507	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW370	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.0174	-4.051
1/8/2003	0.0105	-4.556
4/3/2003	0.00931	-4.677
7/9/2003	0.137	-1.988
10/6/2003	0.0463	-3.073

Well Number:	MW373	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.034	-3.381
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00411	-5.494
1/7/2003	0.00344	-5.672
4/2/2003	0.00368	-5.605
7/9/2003	0.0405	-3.206
10/7/2003	0.00843	-4.776

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.00807	N/A	-4.820	NO
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.00494	N/A	-5.310	NO
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.000314	N/A	-8.066	NO
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.000332	N/A	-8.010	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Conductivity UNITS: umho/cm LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 608.719 **S=** 156.157 **CV(1)=** 0.257 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 1002.702 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 6.380 **S=** 0.260 **CV(2)=** 0.041 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 7.036 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW370	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	406	6.006
4/23/2002	543	6.297
7/15/2002	476	6.165
10/8/2002	441	6.089
1/8/2003	486	6.186
4/3/2003	466	6.144
7/9/2003	479	6.172
10/6/2003	435	6.075

Well Number:	MW373	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	661	6.494
4/23/2002	801	6.686
7/16/2002	774	6.652
10/8/2002	680	6.522
1/7/2003	686.5	6.532
4/2/2003	763	6.637
7/9/2003	828	6.719
10/7/2003	814	6.702

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	515	NO	6.244	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	495	NO	6.205	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	476	NO	6.165	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	282	NO	5.642	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	449	NO	6.107	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	730	NO	6.593	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Copper UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.025	**S=** 0.010	**CV(1)=** 0.399	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.050	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.739	**S=** 0.308	**CV(2)=** -0.082	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -2.963	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.026	-3.650
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/2/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.000462	NO	-7.680	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.000494	NO	-7.613	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.000366	NO	-7.913	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.000583	NO	-7.447	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.000629	NO	-7.371	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.000513	NO	-7.575	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Dissolved Oxygen UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.387	**S=** 1.153	**CV(1)=** 0.831	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 4.295	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.115	**S=** 1.207	**CV(2)=** -10.514	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.930	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	4.32	1.463
4/23/2002	1.24	0.215
7/15/2002	0.75	-0.288
10/8/2002	0.94	-0.062
1/8/2003	3.08	1.125
4/3/2003	1.45	0.372
7/9/2003	1.22	0.199
10/6/2003	1.07	0.068

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	3.04	1.112
4/23/2002	0.03	-3.507
7/16/2002	0.23	-1.470
10/8/2002	0.86	-0.151
1/7/2003	0.21	-1.561
4/2/2003	1.19	0.174
7/9/2003	1.1	0.095
10/7/2003	1.46	0.378

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	1.21	NO	0.191	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	3.18	NO	1.157	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	3.78	NO	1.330	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	1.35	NO	0.300	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	5.15	YES	1.639	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	2.33	NO	0.846	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW370

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Solids UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 356.188 **S=** 106.752 **CV(1)=** 0.300 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 625.523 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.831 **S=** 0.311 **CV(2)=** 0.053 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.616 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	236	5.464
4/23/2002	337	5.820
7/15/2002	266	5.583
10/8/2002	240	5.481
1/8/2003	282	5.642
4/3/2003	238	5.472
7/9/2003	248	5.513
10/6/2003	224	5.412

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	427	6.057
4/23/2002	507	6.229
7/16/2002	464	6.140
10/8/2002	408	6.011
1/7/2003	404	6.001
4/2/2003	450	6.109
7/9/2003	487	6.188
10/7/2003	481	6.176

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	250	NO	5.521	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	256	NO	5.545	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	254	NO	5.537	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	154	NO	5.037	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	203	NO	5.313	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	376	NO	5.930	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Iodide UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 2.000	**S=** 0.000	**CV(1)=** 0.000	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 2.000	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.693	**S=** 0.000	**CV(2)=** 0.000	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.693	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	2	0.693
4/23/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	2	0.693
1/8/2003	2	0.693
4/3/2003	2	0.693
7/9/2003	2	0.693
10/6/2003	2	0.693

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/23/2002	2	0.693
7/16/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	2	0.693
1/7/2003	2	0.693
4/2/2003	2	0.693
7/9/2003	2	0.693
10/7/2003	2	0.693

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.169	NO	-1.778	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.5	N/A	-0.693	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	No	0.5	N/A	-0.693	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.178	NO	-1.726	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.5	N/A	-0.693	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.5	N/A	-0.693	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Iron UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 9.230	**S=** 8.841	**CV(1)=** 0.958	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 31.535	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.942	**S=** 0.713	**CV(2)=** 0.367	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.740	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	9.34	2.234
4/23/2002	4.33	1.466
7/15/2002	3.52	1.258
10/8/2002	7.45	2.008
1/8/2003	7.04	1.952
4/3/2003	4.64	1.535
7/9/2003	15.8	2.760
10/6/2003	6.49	1.870

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	37.6	3.627
4/23/2002	19	2.944
7/16/2002	10.7	2.370
10/8/2002	3.75	1.322
1/7/2003	3.87	1.353
4/2/2003	3.5	1.253
7/9/2003	7.72	2.044
10/7/2003	2.93	1.075

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	2.83	NO	1.040	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.0345	NO	-3.367	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.0492	NO	-3.012	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	4.08	NO	1.406	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.0864	NO	-2.449	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Magnesium UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 17.544	**S=** 5.911	**CV(1)=** 0.337	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 32.458	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.810	**S=** 0.343	**CV(2)=** 0.122	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.676	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	12.1	2.493
4/23/2002	15.1	2.715
7/15/2002	12.4	2.518
10/8/2002	12.2	2.501
1/8/2003	11.5	2.442
4/3/2003	12.3	2.510
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/6/2003	12.1	2.493

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	24.8	3.211
4/23/2002	22.7	3.122
7/16/2002	18.8	2.934
10/8/2002	21.1	3.049
1/7/2003	19.9	2.991
4/2/2003	25.5	3.239
7/9/2003	23.3	3.148
10/7/2003	26.9	3.292

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	16.1	NO	2.779	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	13.2	NO	2.580	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	13.7	NO	2.617	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	8.84	NO	2.179	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	13.2	NO	2.580	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	24.3	NO	3.190	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Manganese UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.080	**S=** 0.674	**CV(1)=** 0.624	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 2.780	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.114	**S=** 0.658	**CV(2)=** -5.762	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.547	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.244	-1.411
4/23/2002	1.82	0.599
7/15/2002	1.22	0.199
10/8/2002	0.988	-0.012
1/8/2003	0.729	-0.316
4/3/2003	0.637	-0.451
7/9/2003	2.51	0.920
10/6/2003	1.05	0.049

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.355	-1.036
4/23/2002	2.16	0.770
7/16/2002	1.39	0.329
10/8/2002	0.717	-0.333
1/7/2003	0.587	-0.533
4/2/2003	0.545	-0.607
7/9/2003	1.76	0.565
10/7/2003	0.57	-0.562

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.391	NO	-0.939	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.0154	NO	-4.173	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.0154	NO	-4.173	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	1.47	NO	0.385	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.00336	N/A	-5.696	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.0142	NO	-4.255	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Molybdenum UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.010	**S=** 0.012	**CV(1)=** 1.198	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.040	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -5.693	**S=** 1.604	**CV(2)=** -0.282	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.647	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00113	-6.786
1/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/2/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.000339	N/A	-7.990	NO
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.000459	N/A	-7.686	NO
MW367	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Nickel UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.024	**S=** 0.022	**CV(1)=** 0.901	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.078	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -4.239	**S=** 1.087	**CV(2)=** -0.256	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.497	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.0264	-3.634
10/6/2003	0.00971	-4.635

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/2/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.0112	-4.492
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.0119	NO	-4.431	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.000851	NO	-7.069	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.00243	NO	-6.020	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.000752	NO	-7.193	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.0009	NO	-7.013	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Oxidation-Reduction Potential UNITS: mV LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 46.688	**S=** 60.986	**CV(1)=** 1.306	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 200.555	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.829	**S=** 1.151	**CV(2)=** 0.301	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.942	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	140	4.942
4/23/2002	-15	#Func!
7/15/2002	5	1.609
4/3/2003	49	3.892
7/9/2003	-35	#Func!
10/6/2003	40	3.689
1/7/2004	101	4.615
4/7/2004	105	4.654

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	140	4.942
4/23/2002	-20	#Func!
10/8/2002	10	2.303
1/7/2003	10	2.303
4/2/2003	67	4.205
7/9/2003	-29	#Func!
10/7/2003	127	4.844
1/6/2004	52	3.951

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	69	N/A	4.234	NO
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	277	N/A	5.624	YES
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	303	N/A	5.714	YES
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	273	N/A	5.609	YES
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	334	N/A	5.811	YES
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	393	N/A	5.974	YES

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW361
MW364
MW367
MW370
MW373

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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pH UNITS: Std Unit LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 6.283	**S=** 0.159	**CV(1)=** 0.025	**K factor**=** 2.904	**TL(1)=** 6.745	**LL(1)=**5.8202
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.837	**S=** 0.025	**CV(2)=** 0.014	**K factor**=** 2.904	**TL(2)=** 1.911	**LL(2)=**1.7634

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	6.3	1.841
4/23/2002	6.4	1.856
7/15/2002	6.3	1.841
10/8/2002	6.3	1.841
1/8/2003	6.4	1.856
4/3/2003	6.5	1.872
7/9/2003	6.3	1.841
10/6/2003	6.5	1.872

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	6	1.792
4/23/2002	6.3	1.841
7/16/2002	6.45	1.864
10/8/2002	6.18	1.821
1/7/2003	6.35	1.848
4/2/2003	6.14	1.815
7/9/2003	6.1	1.808
10/7/2003	6	1.792

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)? Result <LL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)? LN(Result) <LL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	6.15	NO	1.816	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	5.93	NO	1.780	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	6.18	NO	1.821	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	6.02	NO	1.795	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	6.12	NO	1.812	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	6.19	NO	1.823	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Potassium UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 2.823	**S=** 0.522	**CV(1)=** 0.185	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 4.139	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.024	**S=** 0.167	**CV(2)=** 0.163	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.445	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	3.22	1.169
4/23/2002	3.43	1.233
7/15/2002	2.98	1.092
10/8/2002	2.46	0.900
1/8/2003	2.41	0.880
4/3/2003	2.43	0.888
7/9/2003	2.44	0.892
10/6/2003	2.48	0.908

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	4.34	1.468
4/23/2002	3.04	1.112
7/16/2002	2.93	1.075
10/8/2002	2.3	0.833
1/7/2003	2.45	0.896
4/2/2003	2.7	0.993
7/9/2003	2.68	0.986
10/7/2003	2.88	1.058

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	2.49	NO	0.912	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	2.23	NO	0.802	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	2.07	NO	0.728	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	2.77	NO	1.019	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	2.46	NO	0.900	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	2.5	NO	0.916	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Radium-226 UNITS: pCi/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 2.158	**S=** 5.739	**CV(1)=** 2.660	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 16.637	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.670	**S=** 1.833	**CV(2)=** -2.736	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.068	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	10.1	2.313
10/8/2002	-0.825	#Func!
1/8/2003	0.415	-0.879
10/6/2003	0.52	-0.654
1/7/2004	1.03	0.030
4/7/2004	0.434	-0.835
7/13/2004	0.532	-0.631
10/7/2004	0.299	-1.207

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/16/2002	21.5	3.068
10/8/2002	0.0327	-3.420
1/7/2003	-0.844	#Func!
10/7/2003	0	#Func!
1/6/2004	0.177	-1.732
4/7/2004	0.792	-0.233
7/14/2004	0.327	-1.118
10/7/2004	0.033	-3.411

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	No	0.0493	N/A	-3.010	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.328	N/A	-1.115	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	No	0.467	N/A	-0.761	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	1.39	N/A	0.329	NO
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	1.01	N/A	0.010	NO
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.322	N/A	-1.133	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sodium UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 51.544	**S=** 15.227	**CV(1)=** 0.295	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 89.962	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.906	**S=** 0.272	**CV(2)=** 0.070	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.592	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	31.8	3.459
4/23/2002	50	3.912
7/15/2002	44.7	3.800
10/8/2002	40	3.689
1/8/2003	44.6	3.798
4/3/2003	41.9	3.735
7/9/2003	40	3.689
10/6/2003	38.1	3.640

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	43.4	3.770
4/23/2002	79.8	4.380
7/16/2002	87.7	4.474
10/8/2002	61.6	4.121
1/7/2003	59.3	4.083
4/2/2003	62.1	4.129
7/9/2003	50.1	3.914
10/7/2003	49.6	3.904

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	41.9	NO	3.735	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	45	NO	3.807	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	45.9	NO	3.826	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	22	NO	3.091	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	47.2	NO	3.854	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	49.8	NO	3.908	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sulfate UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 122.381	**S=** 195.095	**CV(1)=** 1.594	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 614.606	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.985	**S=** 1.323	**CV(2)=** 0.332	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 7.322	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	17.4	2.856
4/23/2002	37.9	3.635
7/15/2002	15.7	2.754
10/8/2002	13.4	2.595
1/8/2003	14.4	2.667
4/3/2003	18.1	2.896
7/9/2003	9.6	2.262
10/6/2003	16.5	2.803

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	163.3	5.096
4/23/2002	809.6	6.697
7/16/2002	109.4	4.695
10/8/2002	110.6	4.706
1/7/2003	113.7	4.734
4/2/2003	133	4.890
7/9/2003	182.1	5.205
10/7/2003	193.4	5.265

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	66.3	N/A	4.194	NO
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	76.9	N/A	4.343	NO
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	70.9	N/A	4.261	NO
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	30	N/A	3.401	NO
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	22.4	N/A	3.109	NO
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	98.7	N/A	4.592	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Technetium-99 UNITS: pCi/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 7.655	**S=** 13.274	**CV(1)=** 1.734	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 41.146	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.946	**S=** 0.939	**CV(2)=** 0.483	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.833	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	10.8	2.380
4/23/2002	8.53	2.144
7/15/2002	5.09	1.627
10/8/2002	4.78	1.564
1/8/2003	-5.12	#Func!
4/3/2003	5.11	1.631
7/9/2003	4.25	1.447
10/6/2003	6.54	1.878

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	16.5	2.803
4/23/2002	3.49	1.250
7/16/2002	1.42	0.351
10/8/2002	-6.06	#Func!
1/7/2003	-8.41	#Func!
4/2/2003	26.3	3.270
7/9/2003	3.06	1.118
10/7/2003	46.2	3.833

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	37.9	N/A	3.635	NO
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	43.9	N/A	3.782	NO
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	40.3	N/A	3.696	NO
MW367	Downgradient	No	8.3	N/A	2.116	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	73.9	N/A	4.303	YES
MW373	Upgradient	No	24.8	N/A	3.211	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW370

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Total Organic Carbon (TOC) UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 6.169	**S=** 12.072	**CV(1)=** 1.957	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 36.626	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.069	**S=** 1.014	**CV(2)=** 0.948	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.626	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	1.2	0.182
4/23/2002	4.3	1.459
7/15/2002	2.6	0.956
10/8/2002	2.3	0.833
1/8/2003	3	1.099
4/3/2003	1.2	0.182
7/9/2003	2.6	0.956
10/6/2003	1.7	0.531

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1.1	0.095
4/23/2002	17.5	2.862
7/16/2002	49	3.892
10/8/2002	2.9	1.065
1/7/2003	3.9	1.361
4/2/2003	2.5	0.916
7/9/2003	1.7	0.531
10/7/2003	1.2	0.182

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	4.45	N/A	1.493	NO
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.989	N/A	-0.011	NO
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.715	N/A	-0.335	NO
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.654	N/A	-0.425	NO
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	1.04	N/A	0.039	NO
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	1.11	N/A	0.104	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Total Organic Halides (TOX) UNITS: ug/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 79.819	**S=** 78.470	**CV(1)=** 0.983	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 277.798	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.971	**S=** 0.950	**CV(2)=** 0.239	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 6.368	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	50	3.912
4/23/2002	228	5.429
7/15/2002	88	4.477
10/8/2002	58	4.060
1/8/2003	72.4	4.282
4/3/2003	26.6	3.281
7/9/2003	16.4	2.797
10/6/2003	31.1	3.437

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	50	3.912
4/23/2002	276	5.620
7/16/2002	177	5.176
10/8/2002	76	4.331
1/7/2003	45.9	3.826
4/2/2003	57.8	4.057
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	13.9	2.632

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	10.4	NO	2.342	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	7.76	NO	2.049	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	8.02	NO	2.082	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	8.66	NO	2.159	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	4.58	NO	1.522	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	13.5	NO	2.603	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Trichloroethene UNITS: ug/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 12.188	**S=** 6.950	**CV(1)=** 0.570	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 29.721	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.305	**S=** 0.687	**CV(2)=** 0.298	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.039	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	19	2.944
4/23/2002	17	2.833
7/15/2002	15	2.708
10/8/2002	18	2.890
1/8/2003	17	2.833
4/3/2003	18	2.890
7/9/2003	15	2.708
10/6/2003	16	2.773

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5	1.609
4/23/2002	25	3.219
7/16/2002	3	1.099
10/8/2002	4	1.386
1/7/2003	6	1.792
4/2/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	6	1.792
10/7/2003	6	1.792

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	3.29	N/A	1.191	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	5.4	NO	1.686	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	6.33	NO	1.845	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	1.29	N/A	0.255	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.56	N/A	-0.580	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	6.26	NO	1.834	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Vanadium UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.024	**S=** 0.008	**CV(1)=** 0.324	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.044	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.749	**S=** 0.265	**CV(2)=** -0.071	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -3.080	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.035	-3.352
4/23/2002	0.033	-3.411
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.048	-3.037
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/2/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.0043	NO	-5.449	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Zinc UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.055	**S=** 0.037	**CV(1)=** 0.673	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.147	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.131	**S=** 0.691	**CV(2)=** -0.221	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.388	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/23/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/15/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/8/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/3/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/23/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/16/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/7/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/2/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.0234	-3.755
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.00434	NO	-5.440	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.0427	NO	-3.154	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.00841	NO	-4.778	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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ATTACHMENT D2

COMPARISON OF CURRENT DATA TO ONE-SIDED UPPER TOLERANCE INTERVAL TEST CALCULATED USING CURRENT BACKGROUND DATA

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C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Calcium — UNITS: mg/L — UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 31.175 **S=** 9.621 **CV(1)=** 0.309 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 55.450 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 3.393 **S=** 0.316 **CV(2)=** 0.093 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 4.191 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2016	35.7	3.575
4/7/2016	37.8	3.632
7/18/2016	42.2	3.742
10/19/2016	42.1	3.740
1/18/2017	43.1	3.764
4/18/2017	39.1	3.666
7/20/2017	40.3	3.696
10/3/2017	42.1	3.740

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2016	20.9	3.040
4/7/2016	23.9	3.174
7/18/2016	21	3.045
10/19/2016	21.7	3.077
1/19/2017	23.8	3.170
4/18/2017	21.6	3.073
7/20/2017	21.5	3.068
10/3/2017	22	3.091

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	98	YES	4.585	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW368

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen — UNITS: mg/L — UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 2.532	**S=** 1.276	**CV(1)=** 0.504	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 5.752	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.809	**S=** 0.511	**CV(2)=** 0.632	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.098	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2016	2.03	0.708
4/7/2016	4.79	1.567
7/18/2016	3.65	1.295
10/19/2016	2.2	0.788
1/18/2017	2.41	0.880
4/18/2017	3.43	1.233
7/20/2017	3.51	1.256
10/3/2017	1.82	0.599

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2016	1.25	0.223
4/7/2016	5.01	1.611
7/18/2016	1	0.000
10/19/2016	3.39	1.221
1/19/2017	1.43	0.358
4/18/2017	1.52	0.419
7/20/2017	1.95	0.668
10/3/2017	1.12	0.113

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	6.21	YES	1.826	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	4.23	NO	1.442	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	6.79	YES	1.915	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	2.8	NO	1.030	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW359
MW365

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Magnesium — **UNITS: mg/L** — **UCRS**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 10.047	**S=** 4.647	**CV(1)=** 0.462	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 21.770	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.197	**S=** 0.494	**CV(2)=** 0.225	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.443	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2016	15.7	2.754
4/7/2016	12.8	2.549
7/18/2016	13.4	2.595
10/19/2016	15	2.708
1/18/2017	16.1	2.779
4/18/2017	14.2	2.653
7/20/2017	13.8	2.625
10/3/2017	14.8	2.695

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2016	5.75	1.749
4/7/2016	5.38	1.683
7/18/2016	5.33	1.673
10/19/2016	5.83	1.763
1/19/2017	6.04	1.798
4/18/2017	5.08	1.625
7/20/2017	5.32	1.671
10/3/2017	6.22	1.828

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	34.6	YES	3.544	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW368

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential — UNITS: mV — UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 271.938 **S=** 92.859 **CV(1)=** 0.341 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 506.220 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.551 **S=** 0.342 **CV(2)=** 0.062 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.413 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2016	254	5.537
4/7/2016	295	5.687
7/18/2016	441	6.089
10/19/2016	370	5.914
1/18/2017	410	6.016
4/18/2017	257	5.549
7/20/2017	364	5.897
10/3/2017	375	5.927

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2016	139	4.934
4/7/2016	250	5.521
7/18/2016	193	5.263
10/19/2016	241	5.485
1/19/2017	187	5.231
4/18/2017	193	5.263
7/20/2017	188	5.236
10/3/2017	194	5.268

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	220	NO	5.394	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	221	NO	5.398	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	329	NO	5.796	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	224	NO	5.412	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	339	NO	5.826	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	206	NO	5.328	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	381	NO	5.943	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Sulfate — UNITS: mg/L — UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 10.121	**S=** 5.827	**CV(1)=** 0.576	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 24.821	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.192	**S=** 0.489	**CV(2)=** 0.223	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.426	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2016	10.2	2.322
4/7/2016	10.9	2.389
7/18/2016	27.6	3.318
10/19/2016	14.8	2.695
1/18/2017	13.1	2.573
4/18/2017	13.9	2.632
7/20/2017	14	2.639
10/3/2017	10	2.303

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2016	5.63	1.728
4/7/2016	5.74	1.747
7/18/2016	6.25	1.833
10/19/2016	6.18	1.821
1/19/2017	4.83	1.575
4/18/2017	5.71	1.742
7/20/2017	6.31	1.842
10/3/2017	6.78	1.914

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	29.9	YES	3.398	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	16.6	NO	2.809	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	63.9	YES	4.157	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	225	YES	5.416	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	25.9	YES	3.254	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW359
MW365
MW368
MW375

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential — UNITS: mV — URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 311.688 **S=** 59.155 **CV(1)=** 0.190 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 460.935 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.725 **S=** 0.189 **CV(2)=** 0.033 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.201 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/12/2016	398	5.986
4/7/2016	302	5.710
7/14/2016	323	5.778
10/19/2016	365	5.900
1/18/2017	381	5.943
4/18/2017	271	5.602
7/20/2017	376	5.930
10/3/2017	399	5.989

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2016	246	5.505
4/7/2016	259	5.557
7/18/2016	248	5.513
10/19/2016	242	5.489
1/19/2017	263	5.572
4/18/2017	256	5.545
7/20/2017	300	5.704
10/3/2017	358	5.881

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	234	NO	5.455	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	248	NO	5.513	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	243	NO	5.493	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	346	NO	5.846	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	275	NO	5.617	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Sodium — UNITS: mg/L — URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 54.213	**S=** 8.118	**CV(1)=** 0.150	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 74.695	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.983	**S=** 0.146	**CV(2)=** 0.037	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.352	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/12/2016	55.7	4.020
4/7/2016	66.8	4.202
7/14/2016	58.9	4.076
10/19/2016	52.2	3.955
1/18/2017	72	4.277
4/18/2017	62	4.127
7/20/2017	54	3.989
10/3/2017	50.3	3.918

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2016	57.7	4.055
4/7/2016	57.9	4.059
7/18/2016	48.5	3.882
10/19/2016	49.7	3.906
1/19/2017	43.4	3.770
4/18/2017	48	3.871
7/20/2017	42.8	3.757
10/3/2017	47.5	3.861

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	77.7	YES	4.353	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW360

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Beta activity — UNITS: pCi/L — LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 36.463 **S=** 22.547 **CV(1)=** 0.618 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 93.349 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 3.424 **S=** 0.601 **CV(2)=** 0.176 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 4.940 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/12/2016	35.4	3.567
4/7/2016	48.6	3.884
7/18/2016	58	4.060
10/19/2016	19.1	2.950
1/18/2017	44.8	3.802
4/18/2017	65.7	4.185
7/20/2017	84.6	4.438
10/3/2017	69	4.234

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2016	25.6	3.243
4/7/2016	29.2	3.374
7/18/2016	18.1	2.896
10/19/2016	17.8	2.879
1/19/2017	15.6	2.747
4/18/2017	14.6	2.681
7/20/2017	16.7	2.815
10/3/2017	20.6	3.025

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	50.7	NO	3.926	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	71.9	NO	4.275	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen — UNITS: mg/L — LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 3.455	**S=** 1.299	**CV(1)=** 0.376	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 6.732	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.176	**S=** 0.370	**CV(2)=** 0.314	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.108	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/12/2016	3.44	1.235
4/7/2016	5.97	1.787
7/18/2016	3.48	1.247
10/19/2016	4.01	1.389
1/18/2017	3.41	1.227
4/18/2017	3.99	1.384
7/20/2017	4.26	1.449
10/3/2017	3.78	1.330

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2016	2.24	0.806
4/7/2016	6.26	1.834
7/18/2016	2.39	0.871
10/19/2016	1.81	0.593
1/19/2017	2.27	0.820
4/18/2017	2.87	1.054
7/20/2017	3.28	1.188
10/3/2017	1.82	0.599

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	5.15	NO	1.639	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential — UNITS: mV — LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 335.500 **S=** 72.450 **CV(1)=** 0.216 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 518.292 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.793 **S=** 0.225 **CV(2)=** 0.039 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.360 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/12/2016	415	6.028
4/7/2016	318	5.762
7/18/2016	483	6.180
10/19/2016	402	5.996
1/18/2017	412	6.021
4/18/2017	278	5.628
7/20/2017	343	5.838
10/3/2017	392	5.971

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2016	193	5.263
4/7/2016	278	5.628
7/18/2016	337	5.820
10/19/2016	322	5.775
1/19/2017	279	5.631
4/18/2017	260	5.561
7/20/2017	309	5.733
10/3/2017	347	5.849

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	277	NO	5.624	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	303	NO	5.714	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	273	NO	5.609	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	334	NO	5.811	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	393	NO	5.974	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Technetium-99 — UNITS: pCi/L — LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 54.851 **S=** 36.485 **CV(1)=** 0.665 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 146.902 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 3.770 **S=** 0.740 **CV(2)=** 0.196 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 5.636 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/12/2016	32.1	3.469
4/7/2016	92	4.522
7/18/2016	93.2	4.535
10/19/2016	31.7	3.456
1/18/2017	82.8	4.416
4/18/2017	99.1	4.596
7/20/2017	120	4.787
10/3/2017	103	4.635

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2016	50.3	3.918
4/7/2016	31.2	3.440
7/18/2016	23.7	3.165
10/19/2016	19.9	2.991
1/19/2017	33.1	3.500
4/18/2017	26.8	3.288
7/20/2017	9.12	2.210
10/3/2017	29.6	3.388

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	73.9	NO	4.303	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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ATTACHMENT D3

STATISTICIAN QUALIFICATION STATEMENT

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Geosyntec consultants

180A Market Place Boulevard
Knoxville, TN 37922
PH 865.330.0037
www.geosyntec.com

19 April 2018

Ms. Kelly Layne
Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC
5501 Hobbs Road
Kevil, KY 42053

Subject: First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis for the C-746-S&T and C-746-U Landfills

Dear Ms. Layne:

This statement is submitted in response to your request that it be included with the completed statistical analysis I performed on the groundwater data for the C-746-S&T and C-746-U Landfills at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant.

As an environmental microbiologist, with a Ph.D. in Engineering Science, I have over 10 years of experience reviewing and analyzing geochemical results associated with environmental sampling and investigation activities. For this project, statistical analysis was performed on historical background and current background data using a coded database provided by FRNP, LLC. Additionally, Mann-Kendall trend tests were conducted using XL Stat, a publicly available and widely used commercial product. In the production of the Mann-Kendall Results, XL Stat provides values for alpha, p-value, the Mann-Kendall Statistic (S), variance of S, Sen's slope, and Kendall's correction. For the generation of the Historical Background Comparison Report, Current Background Comparison Report, and the Mann-Kendall statistical analyses, my work was observed and reviewed by a Senior Hydrogeologist with Geosyntec Consultants.

Statistical analyses conducted on the first quarter 2018 monitoring well data collected from the C-746-S&T and C-746-U Landfills were performed in accordance with guidance provided in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency guidance document, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989).

Sincerely,

Andrea Rocha, Ph.D.
Senior Staff Scientist

Geosyntec consultants

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Knoxville, TN 37922
PH 865.330.0037
www.geosyntec.com

19 April 2018

Ms. Kelly Layne
Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC
5501 Hobbs Road
Kevil, KY 42053

Subject: First Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis for the C-746-S&T and C-746-U Landfills

Dear Ms. Layne:

This statement is submitted in response to your request that it be included with the completed statistical analysis that I checked and on the groundwater data for the C-746-S&T and C-746-U Landfills at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant.

As an environmental scientist, with a Ph.D. in hydrogeology, I have over 11 years of experience reviewing and analyzing environmental chemistry data associated with environmental sampling, investigation, and remediation activities. For the generation of the Historical Background Comparison Report, Current Background Comparison Report, and the Mann-Kendall statistical analyses, I have experience with the method and other parametric and nonparametric statistical methods to a level of expertise that allows me to provide peer and senior review of the analysis.

For this project, the statistical analyses conducted on the first quarter 2018 monitoring well data collected from the C-746-S&T and C-746-U Landfills were in accordance with guidance provided in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency guidance document, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989).

Sincerely,

Dawit Yifru, Ph.D., P.G.
Senior Hydrogeologist

APPENDIX E

GROUNDWATER FLOW RATE AND DIRECTION

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GROUNDWATER FLOW RATE AND DIRECTION

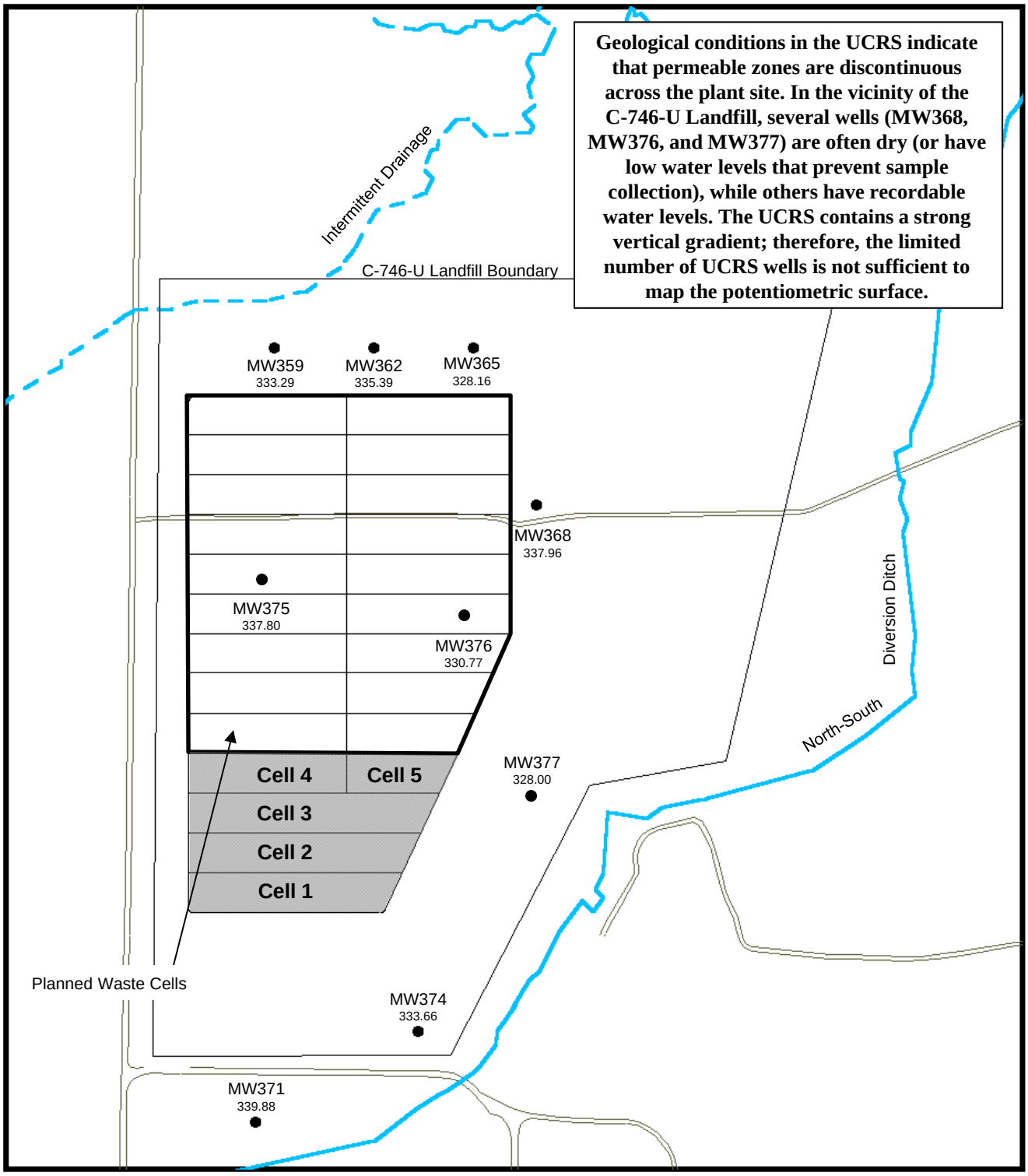
Determination of groundwater flow rate and direction of flow in the uppermost aquifer whenever the monitoring wells (MWs) are sampled is a requirement of 401 *KAR* 48.300, Section 11. The uppermost aquifer below the C-746-U Landfill is the Regional Gravel Aquifer (RGA). Water level measurements currently are recorded in several wells at the landfill on a quarterly basis. These measurements were used to plot the potentiometric surface of the RGA for the first quarter 2018 and determine groundwater flow rate and direction.

Water levels during this reporting period were measured on January 29 and 30, 2018. As shown on Figure E.1, all Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS) wells had sufficient water to permit water level measurement during this reporting period. UCRS wells MW376 and MW377 had insufficient water to permit sampling for laboratory analysis.

The UCRS has a strong vertical hydraulic gradient; therefore, the available UCRS wells screened over different elevations are not sufficient for mapping the potentiometric surface. As shown in Table E.1, the RGA data were converted to elevations to plot the potentiometric surfaces within the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA) and Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA). (At the request of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the RGA is differentiated into two zones, the URGA and LRGA.) Based on the potentiometric maps (Figures E.2 and E.3), the hydraulic gradients for the URGA and LRGA at the C-746-U Landfill, as measured along the defined groundwater flow directions, were 5.44×10^{-4} ft/ft and 5.50×10^{-4} ft/ft, respectively. Water level measurements in wells at the C-746-U Landfill and in wells of the surrounding region (MW98, MW100, MW125, MW139, MW165A, MW173, MW193, MW197, and MW200), along with the C-746-S&T Landfill wells, were used to contour the general RGA potentiometric surface (Figure E.4). The hydraulic gradient for the RGA, as a whole, in the vicinity of the C-746-U Landfill was 4.19×10^{-4} ft/ft. The hydraulic gradients are shown in Table E.2.

The average linear groundwater flow velocity (v) is determined by multiplying the hydraulic gradient (i) by the hydraulic conductivity (K) [resulting in the specific discharge (q)] and dividing by the effective porosity (n_e). The RGA hydraulic conductivity values used are reported in the Administrative Application for the New Solid Waste Landfill Permit No. SW07300045NWC1 and range from 425 to 725 ft/day (0.150 to 0.256 cm/s). RGA (both URGA and LRGA) effective porosity is assumed to be 25%. Flow velocities were calculated for the URGA and LRGA using the low and high values for hydraulic conductivity, as shown in the Table E.3.

Groundwater flow beneath the C-746-U Landfill typically trends northeastward toward the Ohio River. As demonstrated on the potentiometric maps for January 2018, the groundwater flow direction in the immediate area of the landfill is north to northeastward.



LEGEND

400 0 400 Feet

Contour Interval = N/A

20° True North Plant North

Figure E.1. Potentiometric Surface of the Upper Continental Recharge System at the C-746-U Landfill, January 29, 2018

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
DOE PORTSMOUTH-PADUCAH PROJECT OFFICE
PADUCAH GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANT

FOUR RIVERS NUCLEAR PARTNERSHIP, LLC

Table E.1. C-746-U Landfill First Quarter 2018 (January) Water Levels

C-746-U Landfill (January 2018) Water Levels										
							Raw Data		*Corrected Data	
Date	Time	Well	Aquifer	Datum Elev (ft amsl)	BP (in Hg)	Delta BP (ft H20)	DTW (ft)	Elev (ft amsl)	DTW (ft)	Elev (ft amsl)
1/29/2018	9:43	MW357	URGA	368.99	30.39	0.00	48.03	320.96	48.03	320.96
1/29/2018	9:44	MW358	LRGA	369.13	30.39	0.00	48.16	320.97	48.16	320.97
1/29/2018	9:45	MW359	UCRS	369.11	30.39	0.00	35.82	333.29	35.82	333.29
1/29/2018	9:39	MW360	URGA	362.30	30.39	0.00	41.35	320.95	41.35	320.95
1/29/2018	9:40	MW361	LRGA	361.54	30.39	0.00	40.60	320.94	40.60	320.94
1/29/2018	9:41	MW362	UCRS	362.04	30.39	0.00	26.65	335.39	26.65	335.39
1/29/2018	9:49	MW363	URGA	368.84	30.39	0.00	47.93	320.91	47.93	320.91
1/29/2018	9:50	MW364	LRGA	368.45	30.39	0.00	47.56	320.89	47.56	320.89
1/29/2018	9:51	MW365	UCRS	368.37	30.39	0.00	40.21	328.16	40.21	328.16
1/29/2018	9:53	MW366	URGA	369.27	30.39	0.00	48.22	321.05	48.22	321.05
1/29/2018	9:54	MW367	LRGA	369.66	30.39	0.00	48.61	321.05	48.61	321.05
1/29/2018	9:55	MW368	UCRS	369.27	30.39	0.00	31.31	337.96	31.31	337.96
1/29/2018	10:07	MW369	URGA	364.48	30.39	0.00	42.51	321.97	42.51	321.97
1/29/2018	10:08	MW370	LRGA	365.35	30.39	0.00	43.39	321.96	43.39	321.96
1/29/2018	10:09	MW371	UCRS	364.88	30.39	0.00	25.00	339.88	25.00	339.88
1/30/2018	8:10	MW372	URGA	359.52	30.54	-0.17	37.83	321.69	37.66	321.86
1/29/2018	10:04	MW373	LRGA	359.95	30.39	0.00	38.03	321.92	38.03	321.92
1/29/2018	10:05	MW374	UCRS	359.71	30.39	0.00	26.05	333.66	26.05	333.66
1/29/2018	9:58	MW375	UCRS	370.53	30.39	0.00	32.73	337.80	32.73	337.80
1/29/2018	10:00	MW376	UCRS	370.61	30.39	0.00	39.84	330.77	39.84	330.77
1/29/2018	10:02	MW377	UCRS	365.92	30.39	0.00	37.92	328.00	37.92	328.00

Initial Barometric Pressure **30.39**

Elev = elevation

amsl = above mean sea level

BP = barometric pressure

DTW = depth to water in feet below datum

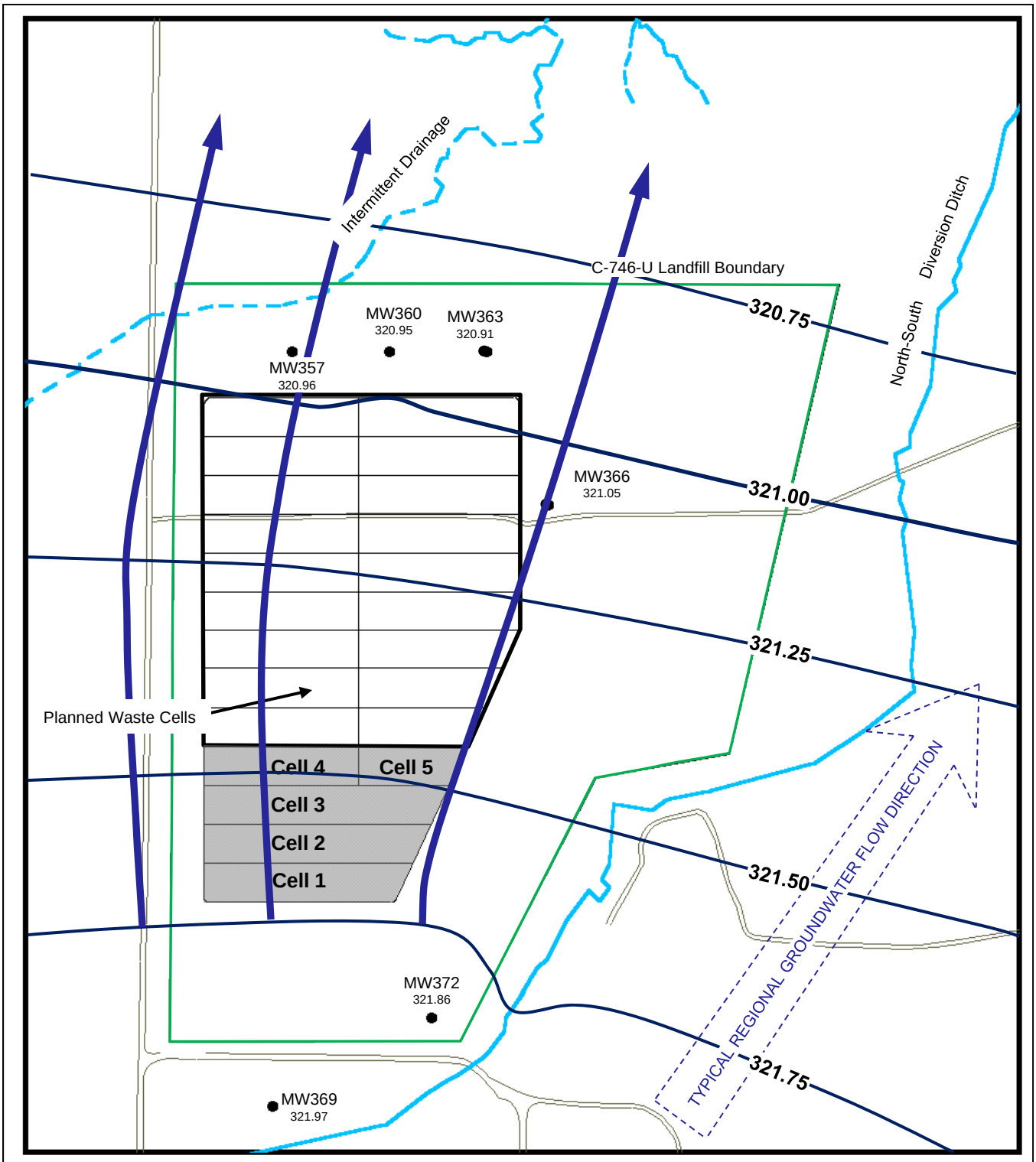
URGA = Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer

LRGA = Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer

UCRS = Upper Continental Recharge System

ND = No Data acquired

*Assumes a barometric efficiency of 1.0



LEGEND

400 0 400 Feet

Contour Interval = 0.25 ft
Groundwater Flow Direction
327.00 Potentiometric Surface Contour
Landfill Boundary

20° Plant North True North

Figure E.2. Potentiometric Surface of the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer at the C-746-U Landfill, January 29, 2018

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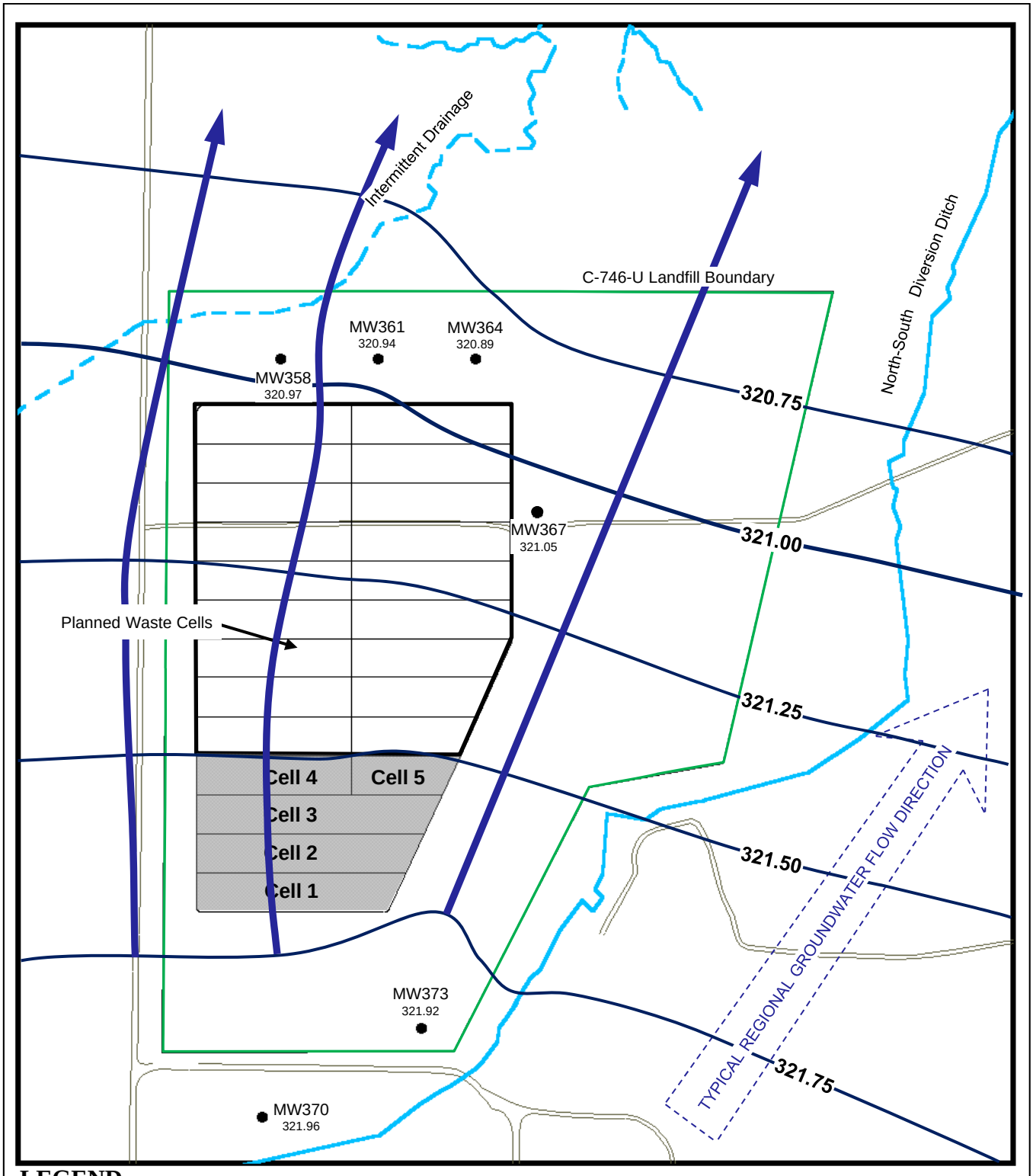

LEGEND

400 0 400 Feet

Contour Interval = 0.25 ft

Groundwater Flow Direction

327.00 Potentiometric Surface Contour

Landfill Boundary

20° True North Plant North

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
DOE PORTSMOUTH-PADUCAH PROJECT OFFICE
PADUCAH GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANT

FOUR RIVERS NUCLEAR PARTNERSHIP, LLC

Figure E.3. Potentiometric Surface of the Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer at the C-746-U Landfill, January 29, 2018

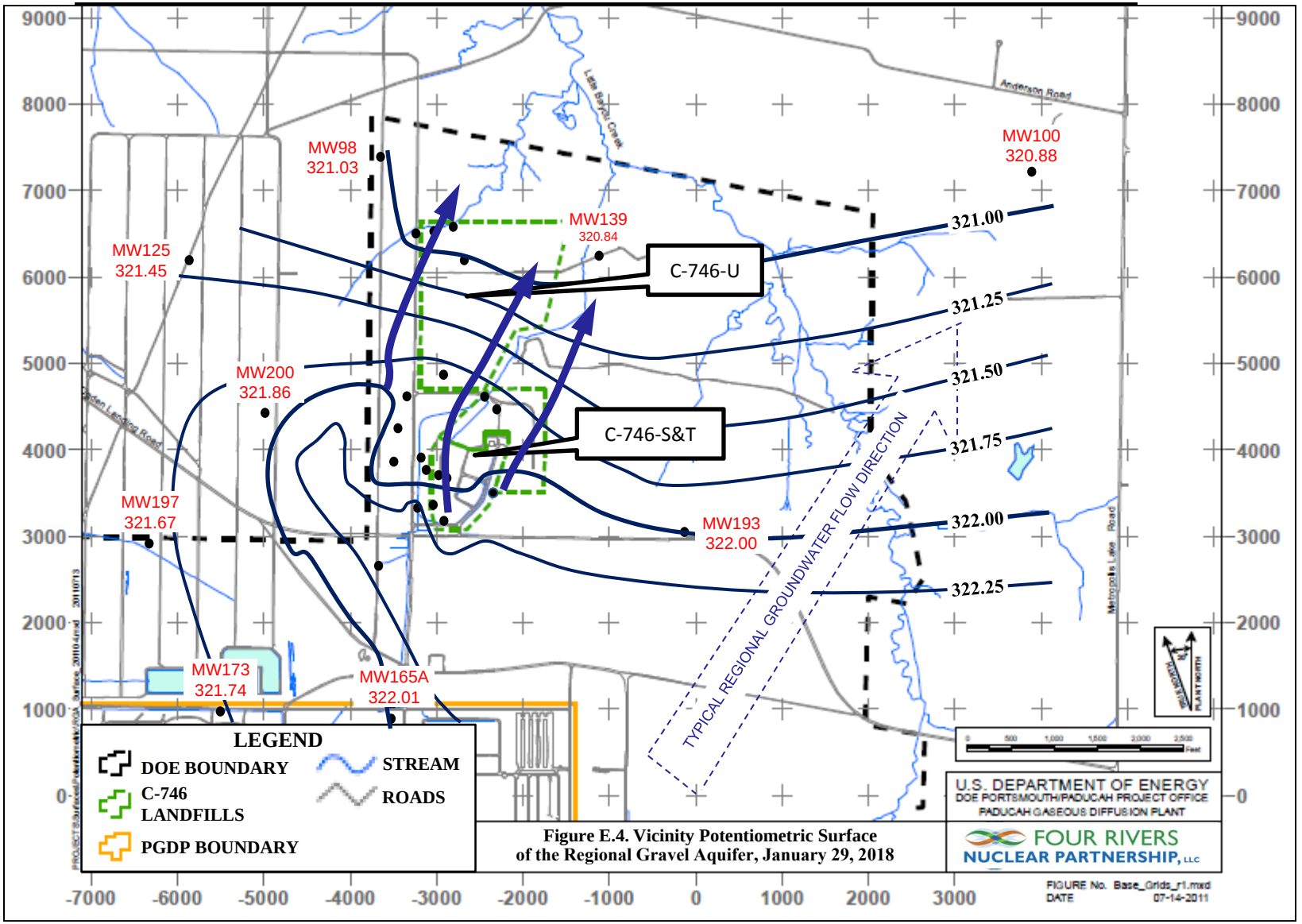

Figure E.4. Vicinity Potentiometric Surface of the Regional Gravel Aquifer, January 29, 2018

Table E.2. C-746-U Landfill Hydraulic Gradients

	ft/ft
Beneath Landfill—Upper RGA	5.44×10^{-4}
Beneath Landfill—Lower RGA	5.50×10^{-4}
Vicinity	4.19×10^{-4}

Table E.3. C-746-U Landfill Groundwater Flow Rate

Hydraulic Conductivity (K)		Specific Discharge (q)		Average Linear Velocity (v)	
ft/day	cm/s	ft/day	cm/s	ft/day	cm/s
Upper RGA					
725	0.256	0.394	1.39×10^{-4}	1.58	5.57×10^{-4}
425	0.150	0.231	8.16×10^{-5}	0.925	3.26×10^{-4}
Lower RGA					
725	0.256	0.399	1.41×10^{-4}	1.60	5.64×10^{-4}
425	0.150	0.234	8.26×10^{-5}	0.936	3.30×10^{-4}

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APPENDIX F

NOTIFICATIONS

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NOTIFICATIONS

In accordance with 401 *KAR* 48:300 § 7, the notification for parameters that exceed the maximum contaminant level (MCL) has been submitted to the Kentucky Division of Waste Management. The parameters submitted are listed on page F-4. The notification for parameters that do not have MCLs, but had statistically significant increased concentrations relative to historical background concentrations, is provided below. The notification of parameters that exceed the MCL provided on February 27, 2018, has been revised. The revised notification is included as page F-4. In accordance with 401 *KAR* 47:030 § 6, beta activity in MW366 should not have been included in the notification. Submittal of the updated page in this report constitutes the correction of the associated 48-hour report.

Statistical Analysis of Parameters Notification

The statistical analyses conducted on the first quarter 2018 groundwater data collected from the C-746-U Landfill monitoring wells were performed in accordance with *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky* (LATA Kentucky 2014).

The following are the permit required parameters in 40 *CFR* § 302.4, Appendix A, which had statistically significant increased concentrations relative to historical background concentrations.

	Parameter	**Monitoring Well**
Upper Continental Recharge System	None	
Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer	Sodium	MW360
Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer	Technetium-99	MW370

NOTE: Although technetium-99 is not cited in 40 *CFR* § 302.4, Appendix A, this radionuclide is being reported along with the parameters of this regulation.

5/1/2018

Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC
PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM
C-746-U LANDFILL
SOLID WASTE PERMIT NUMBER SW07300045
MAXIMUM CONTAMINANT LEVEL (MCL) EXCEEDANCE REPORT
Quarterly Groundwater Sampling

AKGWA	Station	Analysis	Method	Results	Units	MCL
8004-4799	MW358	Beta activity	9310	50.7	pCi/L	50
8004-4795	MW361	Trichloroethene	8260B	5.4	ug/L	5
8004-4797	MW364	Trichloroethene	8260B	6.33	ug/L	5
8004-4818	MW370	Beta activity	9310	71.9	pCi/L	50
8004-4808	MW372	Trichloroethene	8260B	5.43	ug/L	5
8004-4792	MW373	Trichloroethene	8260B	6.26	ug/L	5
		Trichloroethene	8260B	6.21	ug/L	5

NOTE 1: MCLs are defined in 401 KAR 47:030.

NOTE 2: MW369, MW370, MW372, and MW373 are down-gradient wells for the C-746-S and C-746-T Landfills and upgradient for the C-746-U Landfill. These wells are sampled with the C-746-U Landfill monitoring well network. These wells are reported on the exceedance reports for C-746-S, C-746-T, and C-746-U.

APPENDIX G

CHART OF MCL AND UTL EXCEEDANCES

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Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
ACETONE																					
Quarter 3, 2002										✱	✱	✱									
Quarter 4, 2002										✱	✱	✱									
Quarter 1, 2003											✱	✱									
Quarter 2, 2003											✱	✱									
Quarter 3, 2003	✱						✱			✱	✱	✱			✱			✱			
Quarter 4, 2003						✱	✱				✱			✱							
Quarter 3, 2004						✱										✱					
Quarter 3, 2005						✱															
Quarter 4, 2005						✱															
ALPHA ACTIVITY																					
Quarter 1, 2004																					■
Quarter 2, 2004						■															
Quarter 3, 2009						■															
ALUMINUM																					
Quarter 3, 2003											✱										
BETA ACTIVITY																					
Quarter 1, 2004															■						
Quarter 2, 2004															■						■
Quarter 3, 2004															■						
Quarter 4, 2004															■						
Quarter 4, 2005															■						
Quarter 1, 2006															■						■
Quarter 2, 2006																					■
Quarter 3, 2006															■						■
Quarter 4, 2006															■						■
Quarter 1, 2007										■					■						■
Quarter 2, 2007															■						■
Quarter 3, 2007										■					■						
Quarter 4, 2007										■					■						■
Quarter 1, 2008										■					■						
Quarter 2, 2008														■		■					
Quarter 3, 2008										■					■				■		
Quarter 4, 2008										■					■				■		
Quarter 1, 2009										■					■						
Quarter 2, 2009															■	■	■				
Quarter 3, 2009										■					■						
Quarter 4, 2009										■					■						
Quarter 1, 2010															■						
Quarter 2, 2010										■						■					
Quarter 3, 2010										■											
Quarter 4, 2010															■						
Quarter 2, 2011										■						■					
Quarter 4, 2011															■						
Quarter 1, 2012										■											
Quarter 2, 2012										■								■			
Quarter 3, 2012										■					■						
Quarter 4, 2012															■						■
Quarter 1, 2013															■						■
Quarter 3, 2013															■						■
Quarter 4, 2013															■						
Quarter 1, 2014															■						
Quarter 4, 2014															■						
Quarter 1, 2015															■						
Quarter 2, 2015																■					
Quarter 4, 2015															■				■		
Quarter 3, 2016																				■	
Quarter 4, 2016														■							
Quarter 2, 2017																				■	
Quarter 3, 2017																				■	
Quarter 4, 2017															■					■	
Quarter 1, 2018																			■	■	
BROMIDE																					
Quarter 2, 2004													✱								
CALCIUM																					
Quarter 3, 2003										✱											
Quarter 2, 2005																					✱
Quarter 3, 2006															✱						
Quarter 2, 2008															✱						
Quarter 3, 2009															✱						

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
CALCIUM																					
Quarter 4, 2009															✱						
Quarter 1, 2010															✱						
Quarter 2, 2010															✱						
Quarter 3, 2010															✱						
Quarter 1, 2011															✱						
Quarter 2, 2011															✱						
Quarter 3, 2011																					✱
Quarter 4, 2011															✱						✱
Quarter 1, 2012															✱						✱
Quarter 2, 2012															✱						✱
Quarter 3, 2012															✱						✱
Quarter 4, 2012															✱						
Quarter 1, 2013															✱						✱
Quarter 2, 2013															✱						
Quarter 3, 2013															✱						✱
Quarter 4, 2013															✱						
Quarter 2, 2014															✱						✱
Quarter 3, 2014															✱						✱
Quarter 4, 2014															✱						
Quarter 2, 2015															✱						
Quarter 3, 2015															✱						
Quarter 4, 2015															✱						
Quarter 1, 2016															✱						
Quarter 2, 2016															✱						
Quarter 2, 2017	✱																				
Quarter 1, 2018	✱																				
CARBON DISULFIDE																					
Quarter 3, 2003										✱											
Quarter 2, 2005							✱														
Quarter 3, 2005						✱															
Quarter 4, 2005						✱															
Quarter 1, 2006						✱															
Quarter 2, 2006						✱															
Quarter 3, 2010		✱									✱										
Quarter 4, 2010														✱							
Quarter 1, 2011															✱						
CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND																					
Quarter 3, 2002										✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱						
Quarter 4, 2002										✱	✱										
Quarter 1, 2003										✱	✱										
Quarter 2, 2003										✱	✱	✱									
Quarter 3, 2003	✱									✱	✱					✱					
Quarter 4, 2003						✱				✱	✱										
Quarter 3, 2004										✱											
Quarter 3, 2005						✱				✱					✱	✱			✱		
Quarter 4, 2005						✱												✱	✱		
Quarter 1, 2006																			✱		
Quarter 4, 2016																		✱			
Quarter 1, 2017											✱										
CHLORIDE																					
Quarter 1, 2006																				✱	
Quarter 2, 2014															✱						
COBALT																					
Quarter 3, 2003	✱						✱			✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	
Quarter 1, 2004														✱							
Quarter 2, 2016														✱							
CONDUCTIVITY																					
Quarter 4, 2002										✱											
Quarter 1, 2003										✱											
Quarter 2, 2003										✱	✱										
Quarter 4, 2003										✱											
Quarter 1, 2004										✱											
Quarter 2, 2004										✱											
Quarter 3, 2004										✱											
Quarter 1, 2005															✱						
Quarter 2, 2005															✱						
Quarter 3, 2005						✱													✱		
Quarter 4, 2005															✱			✱			
Quarter 1, 2006															✱						

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
CONDUCTIVITY																					
Quarter 2, 2006															*						
Quarter 3, 2006															*						
Quarter 1, 2007															*						
Quarter 2, 2007															*						
Quarter 3, 2007															*						
Quarter 4, 2007															*						
Quarter 1, 2008															*						
Quarter 2, 2008															*						
Quarter 3, 2008															*						
Quarter 4, 2008															*						
Quarter 1, 2009															*						
Quarter 2, 2009															*						
Quarter 3, 2009															*						
Quarter 4, 2009															*						
Quarter 1, 2010															*						
Quarter 2, 2010															*						
Quarter 3, 2010															*						
Quarter 4, 2010															*						
Quarter 1, 2011															*						
Quarter 2, 2011															*						
Quarter 3, 2011															*						
Quarter 4, 2011															*						
Quarter 1, 2012														*	*						
Quarter 2, 2012															*						
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Quarter 3, 2014															*						
Quarter 4, 2014															*						
Quarter 1, 2015															*						
Quarter 2, 2015															*						
Quarter 3, 2015															*						
Quarter 4, 2015															*						
Quarter 1, 2016															*						
Quarter 2, 2016															*						
Quarter 3, 2016															*						
DISSOLVED OXYGEN																					
Quarter 1, 2003					*	*				*											
Quarter 3, 2003					*					*											
Quarter 4, 2003					*																
Quarter 1, 2004					*																
Quarter 2, 2004								*								*					
Quarter 1, 2005					*																
Quarter 2, 2005								*													
Quarter 1, 2006					*																
Quarter 2, 2006					*			*													
Quarter 3, 2006					*			*													
Quarter 4, 2006					*				*												
Quarter 2, 2007					*			*													
Quarter 3, 2007					*			*	*												
Quarter 1, 2008					*														*		
Quarter 2, 2008								*	*												
Quarter 3, 2008								*													
Quarter 1, 2009							*														
Quarter 2, 2009					*			*	*												
Quarter 3, 2009						*		*	*												
Quarter 1, 2010					*		*														
Quarter 2, 2010					*	*		*	*											*	*
Quarter 3, 2010					*	*															
Quarter 4, 2010							*					*								*	
Quarter 1, 2011						*															
Quarter 2, 2011					*	*	*	*	*					*							

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
DISSOLVED OXYGEN																					
Quarter 3, 2011						✱			✱												
Quarter 1, 2012							✱		✱												
Quarter 2, 2012	✱			✱	✱	✱		✱	✱												
Quarter 3, 2012						✱															
Quarter 4, 2012									✱												
Quarter 1, 2013						✱			✱												
Quarter 2, 2013							✱		✱												
Quarter 3, 2013	✱				✱		✱	✱	✱												
Quarter 4, 2013									✱											✱	
Quarter 2, 2014	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱	✱									✱			
Quarter 3, 2014	✱				✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 4, 2014						✱															
Quarter 2, 2015					✱	✱	✱	✱													
Quarter 3, 2015					✱	✱		✱													
Quarter 4, 2015	✱					✱	✱														
Quarter 1, 2016	✱				✱		✱														
Quarter 2, 2016	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱											✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2016					✱	✱	✱	✱					✱								
Quarter 4, 2016						✱			✱												
Quarter 1, 2017							✱						✱								
Quarter 2, 2017	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱													
Quarter 3, 2017	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱										✱			
Quarter 4, 2017						✱	✱											✱			
Quarter 1, 2018					✱	✱	✱	✱												✱	
DISSOLVED SOLIDS																					
Quarter 4, 2002										✱											
Quarter 1, 2003										✱											
Quarter 2, 2003										✱											
Quarter 3, 2003							✱			✱	✱										
Quarter 4, 2003										✱											
Quarter 3, 2005						✱															
Quarter 4, 2006															✱						
Quarter 1, 2007															✱						
Quarter 2, 2007															✱						
Quarter 4, 2008															✱						
Quarter 1, 2009															✱						
Quarter 2, 2009															✱						
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Quarter 4, 2009															✱						
Quarter 1, 2010															✱						
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Quarter 4, 2010															✱						
Quarter 1, 2011															✱						
Quarter 2, 2011															✱						
Quarter 3, 2011															✱						
Quarter 4, 2011															✱						
Quarter 1, 2012														✱	✱						
Quarter 2, 2012															✱						✱
Quarter 3, 2012															✱						✱
Quarter 4, 2012															✱						
Quarter 1, 2013															✱						
Quarter 2, 2013															✱						
Quarter 3, 2013															✱						
Quarter 4, 2013															✱						
Quarter 1, 2014															✱						
Quarter 2, 2014															✱						
Quarter 4, 2014															✱						
Quarter 2, 2015															✱						
Quarter 3, 2015															✱						
Quarter 4, 2015															✱						
Quarter 1, 2016															✱						
IODIDE																					
Quarter 2, 2003																✱					
Quarter 3, 2003	✱									✱											
Quarter 4, 2003							✱														
Quarter 3, 2010						✱		✱					✱				✱				
IODINE-131																					
Quarter 3, 2010																		■			

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
IODOMETHANE																					
Quarter 4, 2003						✱															
IRON																					
Quarter 4, 2002						✱															
Quarter 3, 2003																✱					
Quarter 4, 2003										✱						✱					
Quarter 1, 2004										✱						✱					
Quarter 2, 2004										✱											
Quarter 3, 2004										✱											
Quarter 3, 2005																✱					
MAGNESIUM																					
Quarter 2, 2005															✱						✱
Quarter 3, 2005						✱															✱
Quarter 2, 2006															✱						✱
Quarter 3, 2006															✱						
Quarter 1, 2007															✱						
Quarter 2, 2008															✱						
Quarter 2, 2009															✱						
Quarter 3, 2009															✱						
Quarter 4, 2009															✱						
Quarter 1, 2010															✱						
Quarter 2, 2010															✱						
Quarter 3, 2010															✱						
Quarter 1, 2011															✱						
Quarter 2, 2011															✱						
Quarter 3, 2011															✱						
Quarter 4, 2011															✱						
Quarter 1, 2012															✱						
Quarter 2, 2012															✱						
Quarter 3, 2012															✱						
Quarter 4, 2012															✱						
Quarter 1, 2013															✱						
Quarter 2, 2013															✱						
Quarter 3, 2013															✱						
Quarter 4, 2013															✱						
Quarter 2, 2014															✱						
Quarter 4, 2014															✱						
Quarter 2, 2015															✱						
Quarter 3, 2015															✱						
Quarter 4, 2015															✱						
Quarter 1, 2016															✱						
Quarter 2, 2016															✱						
Quarter 3, 2016	✱																				
Quarter 4, 2016	✱																				
Quarter 2, 2017	✱																				
Quarter 3, 2017	✱																				
Quarter 1, 2018	✱																				
MANGANESE																					
Quarter 3, 2002										✱		✱									
Quarter 4, 2002		✱				✱	✱			✱		✱		✱							
Quarter 2, 2003										✱		✱									
Quarter 3, 2003										✱		✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱		
Quarter 4, 2003										✱	✱	✱	✱				✱	✱			
Quarter 1, 2004										✱	✱	✱				✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 2, 2004							✱			✱	✱	✱						✱			
Quarter 3, 2004							✱			✱	✱	✱				✱					
Quarter 4, 2004										✱		✱				✱					
Quarter 1, 2005										✱		✱									
Quarter 2, 2005										✱		✱									
Quarter 3, 2005										✱		✱				✱					
Quarter 4, 2005										✱						✱					
Quarter 1, 2006										✱											
Quarter 2, 2006							✱			✱		✱									
Quarter 3, 2006										✱						✱					
Quarter 4, 2006										✱											
Quarter 1, 2007										✱											
Quarter 2, 2007							✱			✱											
Quarter 3, 2007							✱														
Quarter 3, 2008							✱														
Quarter 4, 2008							✱														

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
MANGANESE																					
Quarter 3, 2009							✱														
Quarter 3, 2011							✱														
Quarter 2, 2016														✱							
Quarter 3, 2016									✱												
NICKEL																					
Quarter 3, 2003										✱											
OXIDATION-REDUCTION POTENTIAL																					
Quarter 4, 2002																	✱		✱		
Quarter 1, 2003																	✱		✱		
Quarter 2, 2003																			✱		
Quarter 3, 2003	✱																				
Quarter 4, 2003					✱																
Quarter 2, 2004													✱				✱				✱
Quarter 3, 2004					✱			✱					✱	✱	✱		✱			✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2004												✱									✱
Quarter 1, 2005																	✱			✱	✱
Quarter 2, 2005								✱					✱				✱			✱	
Quarter 3, 2005					✱	✱		✱			✱	✱	✱				✱		✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2005		✱						✱					✱				✱			✱	
Quarter 1, 2006					✱			✱	✱								✱				✱
Quarter 2, 2006					✱		✱	✱					✱				✱			✱	
Quarter 3, 2006					✱			✱					✱				✱			✱	
Quarter 4, 2006					✱		✱			✱		✱	✱				✱			✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2007		✱			✱			✱					✱				✱			✱	✱
Quarter 2, 2007					✱								✱				✱			✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2007					✱			✱									✱			✱	
Quarter 4, 2007																	✱			✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2008					✱			✱				✱	✱						✱	✱	
Quarter 2, 2008					✱			✱		✱			✱	✱				✱		✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2008					✱		✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2008								✱		✱		✱	✱				✱	✱		✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2009							✱	✱		✱		✱	✱					✱		✱	
Quarter 2, 2009					✱		✱	✱		✱		✱	✱				✱	✱		✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2009		✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2009		✱				✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2010		✱			✱		✱	✱		✱			✱			✱	✱	✱		✱	
Quarter 2, 2010					✱	✱		✱		✱	✱	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2010		✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2010		✱				✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2011						✱		✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	
Quarter 2, 2011		✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2011		✱				✱		✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2011		✱				✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱		✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2012		✱				✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 2, 2012	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2012		✱				✱		✱		✱		✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2012		✱				✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2013		✱				✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱		✱	
Quarter 2, 2013		✱						✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2013	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2013		✱				✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2014		✱						✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 2, 2014	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2014	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2014		✱				✱		✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2015		✱				✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 2, 2015	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2015		✱			✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2015	✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2016	✱	✱			✱		✱	✱		✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 2, 2016	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2016	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2016	✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2017	✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 2, 2017	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2017	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2017		✱				✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱		✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2018	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
PCB, TOTAL																					
Quarter 4, 2003																	✱				
Quarter 3, 2004												✱									
Quarter 3, 2005							✱														
Quarter 2, 2006							✱														
Quarter 3, 2006							✱														
Quarter 1, 2007							✱														
Quarter 2, 2007							✱														
Quarter 3, 2007							✱														
Quarter 1, 2008							✱														
Quarter 2, 2008							✱														
Quarter 4, 2008							✱														
Quarter 3, 2009							✱														
Quarter 1, 2010							✱														
Quarter 2, 2010							✱														
Quarter 4, 2010							✱														
PCB-1016																					
Quarter 3, 2004												✱									
Quarter 2, 2006							✱					✱									
Quarter 1, 2007							✱														
Quarter 2, 2007							✱														
Quarter 3, 2007							✱														
Quarter 2, 2008							✱														
Quarter 4, 2008							✱														
Quarter 3, 2009							✱														
Quarter 1, 2010							✱														
Quarter 2, 2010							✱														
Quarter 4, 2010							✱														
PCB-1242																					
Quarter 3, 2006							✱					✱									
Quarter 4, 2006										✱											
Quarter 1, 2008							✱														
Quarter 2, 2012							✱														
PCB-1248																					
Quarter 2, 2008							✱														
PCB-1260																					
Quarter 2, 2006							✱														
pH																					
Quarter 3, 2002										✱											
Quarter 4, 2002										✱											
Quarter 1, 2003										✱											
Quarter 2, 2003										✱											
Quarter 3, 2003	✱						✱			✱											
Quarter 4, 2003							✱									✱					
Quarter 1, 2004							✱									✱					
Quarter 3, 2005						✱												✱	✱		
Quarter 4, 2005						✱													✱		
Quarter 3, 2006																✱					
Quarter 2, 2011														✱							
Quarter 3, 2011														✱							
Quarter 4, 2011														✱							
Quarter 1, 2012																✱	✱				
Quarter 2, 2012												✱									
Quarter 1, 2013										✱		✱				✱					
Quarter 3, 2015																	✱				
Quarter 2, 2016																				✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2016																				✱	
Quarter 2, 2017																	✱				
POTASSIUM																					
Quarter 1, 2014																✱					
RADIUM-228																					
Quarter 2, 2005														■							
Quarter 4, 2005						■						■						■			
SELENIUM																					
Quarter 4, 2003									■												

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
SODIUM																					
Quarter 3, 2002										✱	✱		✱								
Quarter 4, 2002										✱	✱			✱							
Quarter 1, 2003										✱											
Quarter 2, 2003										✱	✱										
Quarter 3, 2003											✱										
Quarter 1, 2007											✱										
Quarter 1, 2012														✱							
Quarter 1, 2014															✱						
Quarter 3, 2014											✱										
Quarter 4, 2014											✱										
Quarter 4, 2015											✱										
Quarter 1, 2016											✱										
Quarter 2, 2016											✱										
Quarter 3, 2016											✱										
Quarter 4, 2016											✱										
Quarter 1, 2017											✱										
Quarter 2, 2017											✱										
Quarter 3, 2017											✱										
Quarter 4, 2017											✱										
Quarter 1, 2018											✱										
STRONTIUM-90																					
Quarter 4, 2008							■														
SULFATE																					
Quarter 1, 2003							✱														
Quarter 2, 2003						✱	✱														
Quarter 3, 2003	✱					✱															
Quarter 4, 2003					✱		✱														
Quarter 1, 2004					✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 2, 2004					✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 3, 2004					✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 1, 2005					✱	✱			✱												
Quarter 2, 2005					✱		✱		✱						✱						
Quarter 3, 2005					✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 4, 2005															✱						
Quarter 1, 2006					✱				✱												
Quarter 2, 2006						✱	✱		✱						✱						
Quarter 3, 2006							✱														
Quarter 1, 2007							✱														
Quarter 2, 2007							✱														
Quarter 3, 2007							✱														
Quarter 4, 2007		✱																			
Quarter 1, 2008		✱			✱		✱		✱												
Quarter 2, 2008		✱			✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 3, 2008		✱			✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 4, 2008		✱				✱	✱														
Quarter 1, 2009		✱					✱														
Quarter 2, 2009		✱			✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 3, 2009		✱			✱	✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 4, 2009		✱			✱	✱									✱						
Quarter 1, 2010		✱			✱	✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 2, 2010		✱			✱	✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 3, 2010		✱			✱	✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 4, 2010		✱				✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 1, 2011		✱																			
Quarter 2, 2011		✱			✱	✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 3, 2011		✱				✱	✱	✱							✱						
Quarter 4, 2011		✱				✱									✱						
Quarter 1, 2012		✱					✱	✱							✱						
Quarter 2, 2012	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱						✱						
Quarter 3, 2012		✱				✱									✱						
Quarter 4, 2012		✱													✱						
Quarter 1, 2013		✱				✱									✱						
Quarter 2, 2013		✱													✱						
Quarter 3, 2013	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 4, 2013		✱													✱						
Quarter 1, 2014		✱													✱						
Quarter 2, 2014	✱	✱			✱		✱	✱							✱						
Quarter 3, 2014	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱							✱						
Quarter 4, 2014		✱				✱															
Quarter 1, 2015		✱																			

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
SULFATE																					
Quarter 2, 2015	✱	✱			✱		✱								✱						
Quarter 3, 2015		✱			✱	✱		✱							✱						
Quarter 4, 2015	✱	✱				✱	✱	✱													
Quarter 1, 2016	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 2, 2016	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 3, 2016	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱													
Quarter 4, 2016	✱	✱				✱	✱	✱													
Quarter 1, 2017	✱	✱				✱	✱														
Quarter 2, 2017	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 3, 2017	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 4, 2017		✱				✱	✱														
Quarter 1, 2018	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱														
TECHNETIUM-99																					
Quarter 4, 2002																	✱	✱	✱		
Quarter 2, 2003							✱						✱			✱	✱	✱	✱		✱
Quarter 3, 2003																	✱				
Quarter 4, 2003																	✱				✱
Quarter 1, 2004															✱		✱				✱
Quarter 2, 2004															✱						✱
Quarter 3, 2004															✱						✱
Quarter 4, 2004															✱		✱				✱
Quarter 3, 2005																	✱				
Quarter 1, 2006															✱						✱
Quarter 2, 2006		✱							✱												✱
Quarter 3, 2006																					✱
Quarter 4, 2006															✱						✱
Quarter 1, 2007																					✱
Quarter 2, 2007													✱		✱					✱	
Quarter 3, 2007															✱		✱	✱			
Quarter 4, 2007										✱					✱				✱		✱
Quarter 1, 2008															✱					✱	✱
Quarter 2, 2008							✱	✱						✱		✱			✱		
Quarter 3, 2008															✱						
Quarter 4, 2008										✱							✱		✱		
Quarter 1, 2009										✱											
Quarter 2, 2009																		✱			
Quarter 3, 2009								✱		✱					✱						
Quarter 4, 2009										✱					✱			✱	✱		
Quarter 2, 2010										✱						✱	✱	✱	✱		
Quarter 3, 2010										✱					✱						
Quarter 4, 2010																		✱			
Quarter 1, 2011		✱								✱							✱				
Quarter 2, 2011																✱	✱	✱	✱		
Quarter 1, 2012																	✱	✱			
Quarter 2, 2012								✱										✱			
Quarter 3, 2012																	✱	✱			
Quarter 4, 2012															✱			✱			✱
Quarter 1, 2013																		✱			✱
Quarter 2, 2013																					✱
Quarter 3, 2013										✱											✱
Quarter 4, 2013															✱		✱	✱			✱
Quarter 1, 2014															✱		✱	✱			
Quarter 2, 2014																		✱			
Quarter 3, 2014																	✱	✱	✱		
Quarter 4, 2014															✱						
Quarter 1, 2015															✱			✱			
Quarter 2, 2015																✱					
Quarter 3, 2015																		✱	✱	✱	
Quarter 4, 2015															✱		✱			✱	
Quarter 1, 2016																✱	✱	✱	✱		✱
Quarter 2, 2016																✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	
Quarter 3, 2016																	✱		✱	✱	
Quarter 4, 2016										✱				✱			✱	✱			
Quarter 1, 2017																	✱		✱	✱	
Quarter 2, 2017																				✱	
Quarter 3, 2017																		✱		✱	
Quarter 4, 2017														✱	✱		✱	✱		✱	
Quarter 1, 2018																				✱	

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
THORIUM-230																					
Quarter 4, 2015																✱					
Quarter 2, 2016										✱											
Quarter 4, 2016	✱											✱				✱			✱		
Quarter 4, 2017													✱								
TOLUENE																					
Quarter 2, 2014										✱				✱							
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON																					
Quarter 3, 2002										✱	✱	✱		✱							✱
Quarter 4, 2002										✱	✱			✱							
Quarter 1, 2003											✱										
Quarter 3, 2003	✱									✱	✱					✱					
Quarter 4, 2003										✱	✱										
Quarter 1, 2004											✱										
Quarter 3, 2005						✱				✱					✱	✱			✱		
Quarter 4, 2005						✱												✱	✱		
Quarter 1, 2006																			✱		
TOTAL ORGANIC HALIDES																					
Quarter 4, 2002										✱											
Quarter 1, 2003										✱											
Quarter 2, 2003										✱											
Quarter 1, 2004																✱					
TRICHLOROETHENE																					
Quarter 3, 2002														■						■	
Quarter 4, 2002															■					■	
Quarter 1, 2003																				■	■
Quarter 2, 2003															■					■	
Quarter 3, 2003							■													■	■
Quarter 4, 2003															■					■	■
Quarter 1, 2004															■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2004															■					■	■
Quarter 3, 2004															■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2004															■					■	■
Quarter 1, 2005															■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2005															■					■	■
Quarter 3, 2005															■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2005															■					■	■
Quarter 1, 2006															■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2006															■					■	■
Quarter 3, 2006															■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2006															■						■
Quarter 1, 2007															■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2007															■						■
Quarter 3, 2007															■						■
Quarter 4, 2007															■						■
Quarter 1, 2008															■						■
Quarter 2, 2008															■				■		■
Quarter 3, 2008															■						■
Quarter 4, 2008															■						■
Quarter 1, 2009															■						■
Quarter 2, 2009															■						■
Quarter 3, 2009															■						■
Quarter 4, 2009						■	■				■		■	■	■		■				■
Quarter 1, 2010													■		■						■
Quarter 2, 2010													■		■						■
Quarter 3, 2010													■		■						■
Quarter 4, 2010													■		■						■
Quarter 2, 2011															■				■		■
Quarter 3, 2011													■		■				■		■
Quarter 4, 2011													■		■						■
Quarter 1, 2012													■		■		■		■		■
Quarter 2, 2012															■						■
Quarter 3, 2012															■						■
Quarter 4, 2012														■	■						■
Quarter 1, 2013													■		■						■
Quarter 2, 2013													■		■		■		■		■
Quarter 3, 2013													■		■						■
Quarter 4, 2013													■		■				■		■
Quarter 1, 2014													■		■				■		■
Quarter 2, 2014															■		■		■		

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
TRICHLOROETHENE																					
Quarter 3, 2014													■		■				■		■
Quarter 4, 2014													■		■				■		■
Quarter 1, 2015													■		■						■
Quarter 2, 2015					■										■				■		■
Quarter 3, 2015													■		■		■				■
Quarter 4, 2015													■		■						■
Quarter 1, 2016													■		■		■	■			■
Quarter 2, 2016												■	■		■		■		■		■
Quarter 3, 2016													■		■		■	■			■
Quarter 4, 2016													■		■		■	■	■		■
Quarter 1, 2017													■		■			■			■
Quarter 2, 2017															■		■	■			■
Quarter 3, 2017															■		■	■			■
Quarter 4, 2017										■			■	■			■	■			■
Quarter 1, 2018															■		■	■			■
TURBIDITY																					
Quarter 1, 2003										✱											
URANIUM																					
Quarter 4, 2002		✱			✱	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2006																					✱
ZINC																					
Quarter 3, 2005																			✱		

✱ Statistical test results indicate an elevated concentration (i.e., a statistical exceedance).

■ MCL Exceedance

▨ Previously reported as an MCL exceedance; however, result was equal to MCL

UCRS Upper Continental Recharge System

URGA Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer

LRGA Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer

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APPENDIX H

METHANE MONITORING DATA

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CP3-WM-0017-F04 - C-746-U LANDFILL METHANE MONITORING REPORT

PADUCAH GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANT
Permit #: 073-00045
McCracken County, Kentucky

Date:	3/08/2018	Time:	09:00am	Monitor:	Robert Kirby

Weather Conditions:
Mostly cloudy at 35 degrees with winds out of the NW at 7mph

Monitoring Equipment:
RAE Systems, Multi-RAE, Serial# 4495

Monitoring Location		Reading (% LEL)
C-746-U1	Checked at floor level	0
C-746-U2	Checked at floor level	0
C-746-U-T-14	Checked at floor level	0
C-746-U15	Checked at floor level	0
MG1	Dry casing	0
MG2	Dry casing	0
MG3	Dry casing	0
MG4	Dry casing	0
Suspect or Problem Areas	No problems noted	N/A

Remarks:

Performed by: Tammy Smith 3/08/18

Signature **Date**

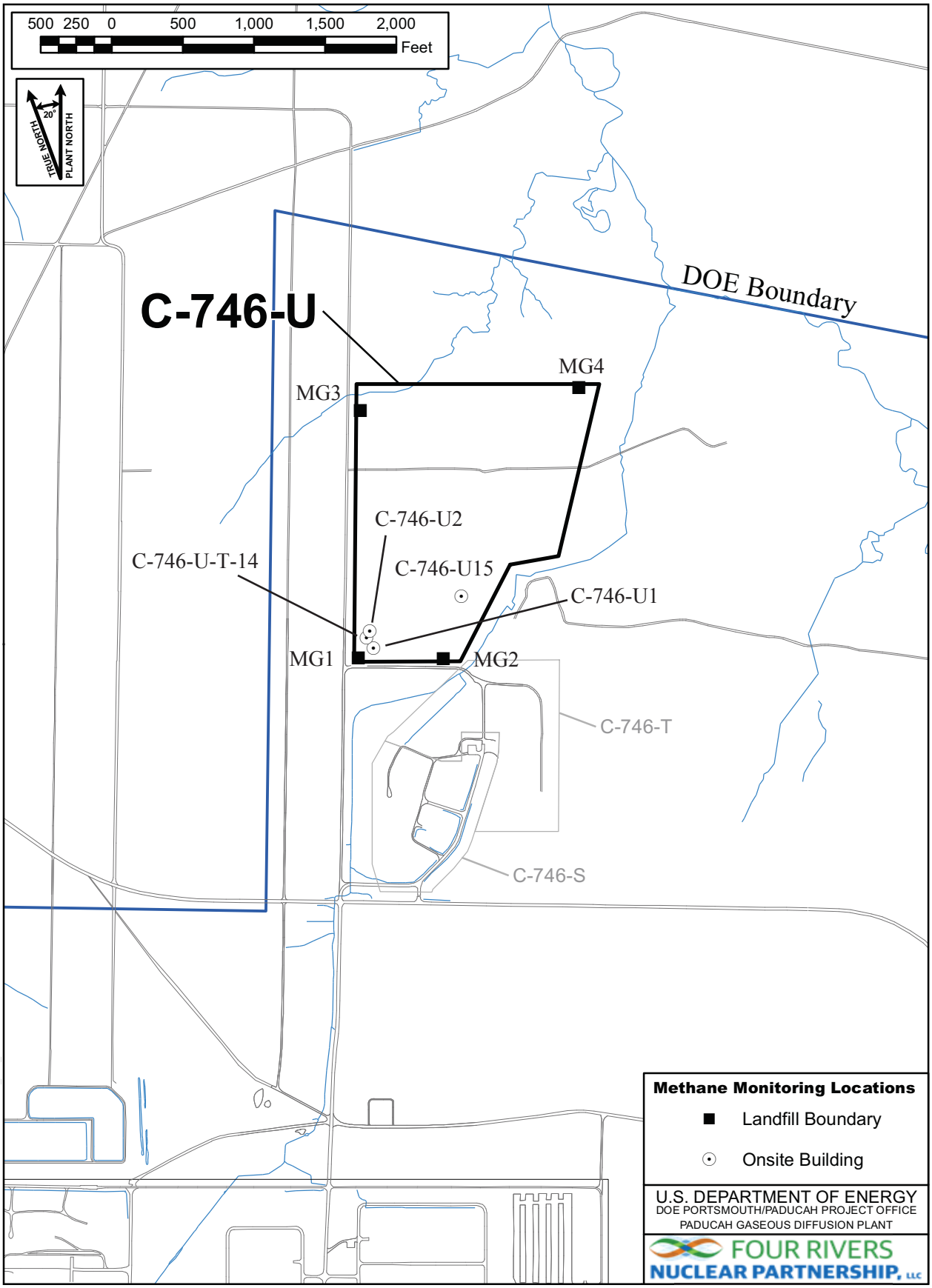

Figure H.1. C-746-U Methane Monitoring Locations

APPENDIX I

SURFACE WATER ANALYSES AND WRITTEN COMMENTS

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Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

SURFACE WATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS (S)

Monitoring Point (KPDES Discharge Number, or "UPSTREAM", or "DOWNSTREAM")						L150 AT SITE		L154 UPSTREAM		L351 DOWNSTREAM				
Sample Sequence #						1		1		1				
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment						NA		NA		NA				
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)						1/8/2018 09:13		1/8/2018 09:23		1/8/2018 09:02				
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[1]						N		N		N				
Split ('Y' or "N")[2]						N		N		N				
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)						L150US2-18		L154US2-18		L351US2-18				
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)						441166001		441166002		441166003				
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year)						1/18/2018		1/18/2018		1/18/2018				
CAS RN[3]		CONSTITUENT	TD[4]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	
A200-00-0	0	Flow	T	MGD	Field	0.1		0.81		1.39				
16887-00-6	2	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	300.0	16.3		11.4		13.2				
14808-79-8	0	Sulfate	T	mg/L	300.0	12.7		10.2		11				
7439-89-6	0	Iron	T	mg/L	200.8	0.685		0.526		0.823				
7440-23-5	0	Sodium	T	mg/L	200.8	1.41		1.33		1.77				
S0268- -	0	Organic Carbon[6]	T	mg/L	9060	26.9		25.3		27.9				
S0097- -	0	BOD[6]	T	mg/L	not applicable		*		*		*			
S0130- -	0	Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	69.8		71.5		95.2				

[1]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[3]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[4]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[5]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value then shown is Practical Quantification Limit
[6]Facility has either/or option on Organic Carbon and (BOD) Biochemical Oxygen Demand - both are not required
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments" page.

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution factor

SURFACE WATER - QUARTERLY

Facility: **US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant**

Permit Number: **073-00045**

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

SURFACE WATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

Monitoring Point (KPDES Discharge Number, or "UPSTREAM" or "DOWNSTREAM")						L150 AT SITE		L154 UPSTREAM		L351 DOWNSTREAM			
CAS RN[3]		CONSTITUENT	TD[4]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]
S0145- -	1	Specific Conductance	T	µmho/cm	Field	207		165		178			
S0270- -	0	Total Suspended Solids	T	mg/L	160.2	12.1		9.4		21.9			
S0266- -	0	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	187	*	179	*	187	*		
S0269- -	0	Total Solids	T	mg/L	SM-2540 B 17	198		193		186			
S0296- -	0	pH	T	Units	Field	7.2		7.38		7.26			
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	200.8	0.0011		0.00126		0.00292			
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha (α)	T	pCi/L	9310	0.751	*	0.834	*	0.672	*		
12587-47-2		Gross Beta (β)	T	pCi/L	9310	6.17	*	9.38	*	10.9	*		

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY **Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1**

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant **LAB ID: None**

Permit Numbers: 073-00045 **For Official Use Only**

SURFACE WATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
L150	L150US2-18	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Alpha activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.63. Rad error is 2.62.
		Beta activity		TPU is 3.55. Rad error is 3.38.
L154	L154US2-18	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Alpha activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.31. Rad error is 1.3.
		Beta activity		TPU is 3.2. Rad error is 2.8.
L351	L351US2-18	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Alpha activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.55. Rad error is 1.55.
		Beta activity		TPU is 2.81. Rad error is 2.17.

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