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Dear Ms. Green, Mr. Hendricks, and Mr. Shingleton:

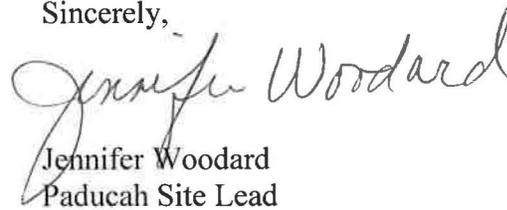
**C-746-U CONTAINED LANDFILL FIRST QUARTER CALENDAR YEAR 2017
(JANUARY–MARCH) COMPLIANCE MONITORING REPORT, PADUCAH
GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANT, PADUCAH, KENTUCKY, FPDP-RPT-0087/V1,
PERMIT NUMBER SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045**

Enclosed is the subject report for the First Quarter Calendar Year (CY) 2017. This report is required in accordance with Condition ACTV0006, Special Condition Number 3, of C-746-U Contained Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045. The report includes groundwater and surface water analytical data, validation summary, groundwater flow rate and direction determination, figures depicting well locations, and methane monitoring results.

The statistical analyses on the First Quarter 2017 monitoring well data collected from the C-746-U Landfill were performed in accordance with Condition GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 3, using the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency guidance document, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989). This report also serves as the statistical exceedance notification for the First Quarter CY17, in accordance with Condition GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 8, of the C-746-U Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045.

If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact David Dollins at (270) 441-6819.

Sincerely,



Jennifer Woodard
Paducah Site Lead

Portsmouth/Paducah Project Office

Enclosure:

C-746-U Contained Landfill 1st Qtr CY17 (January–March) Compliance Monitoring Report

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**C-746-U Contained Landfill
First Quarter Calendar Year 2017
(January–March)
Compliance Monitoring Report
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky**



This document is approved for public release per
review by:

R.A. Watson *5-18-17*
FPDP Classification Support Date

**C-746-U Contained Landfill
First Quarter Calendar Year 2017
(January–March)
Compliance Monitoring Report
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky**

Date Issued—May 2017

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
Office of Environmental Management

Prepared by
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Deactivation Project at the
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
under Task Order DE-DT0007774

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ACRONYMS

<i>CFR</i>	<i>Code of Federal Regulations</i>
CY	calendar year
<i>KAR</i>	<i>Kentucky Administrative Regulations</i>
KDWM	Kentucky Division of Waste Management
<i>KRS</i>	<i>Kentucky Revised Statutes</i>
LEL	lower explosive limit
LRGA	Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer
MCL	maximum contaminant level
MW	monitoring well
RGA	Regional Gravel Aquifer
UCRS	Upper Continental Recharge System
URGA	Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer
UTL	upper tolerance limit

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1. INTRODUCTION

This report, *C-746-U Contained Landfill First Quarter Calendar Year 2017 (January–March) Compliance Monitoring Report, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, is being submitted in accordance with Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045.

The Groundwater, Surface Water, Leachate, and Methane Monitoring Sample Data Reporting Form is provided in Appendix A. The facility information sheet is provided in Appendix B. Groundwater analytical results are recorded on the Kentucky Division of Waste Management (KDWM) Groundwater Sample Analyses forms, which are presented in Appendix C. The statistical analyses and qualification statement are provided in Appendix D. The groundwater flow rate and direction determinations are provided in Appendix E. Appendix F contains the notifications for all permit required parameters whose concentrations exceed the maximum contaminant level (MCL) for Kentucky solid waste facilities provided in 401 KAR 47:030 § 6 and for all permit required parameters listed in 40 CFR § 302.4, Appendix A, that do not have an MCL and whose concentrations exceed the historical background concentrations [upper tolerance limit (UTL), as established at a 95% confidence]. Appendix G provides a chart of MCL exceedances and exceedances of the historical background UTL that have occurred, beginning in the fourth quarter calendar year (CY) 2002. Methane monitoring results are documented on the approved C-746-U Landfill Methane Monitoring Report form provided in Appendix H. The form includes pertinent remarks/observations as required by 401 KAR 48:090 § 4. Surface water results are provided in Appendix I.

1.1 BACKGROUND

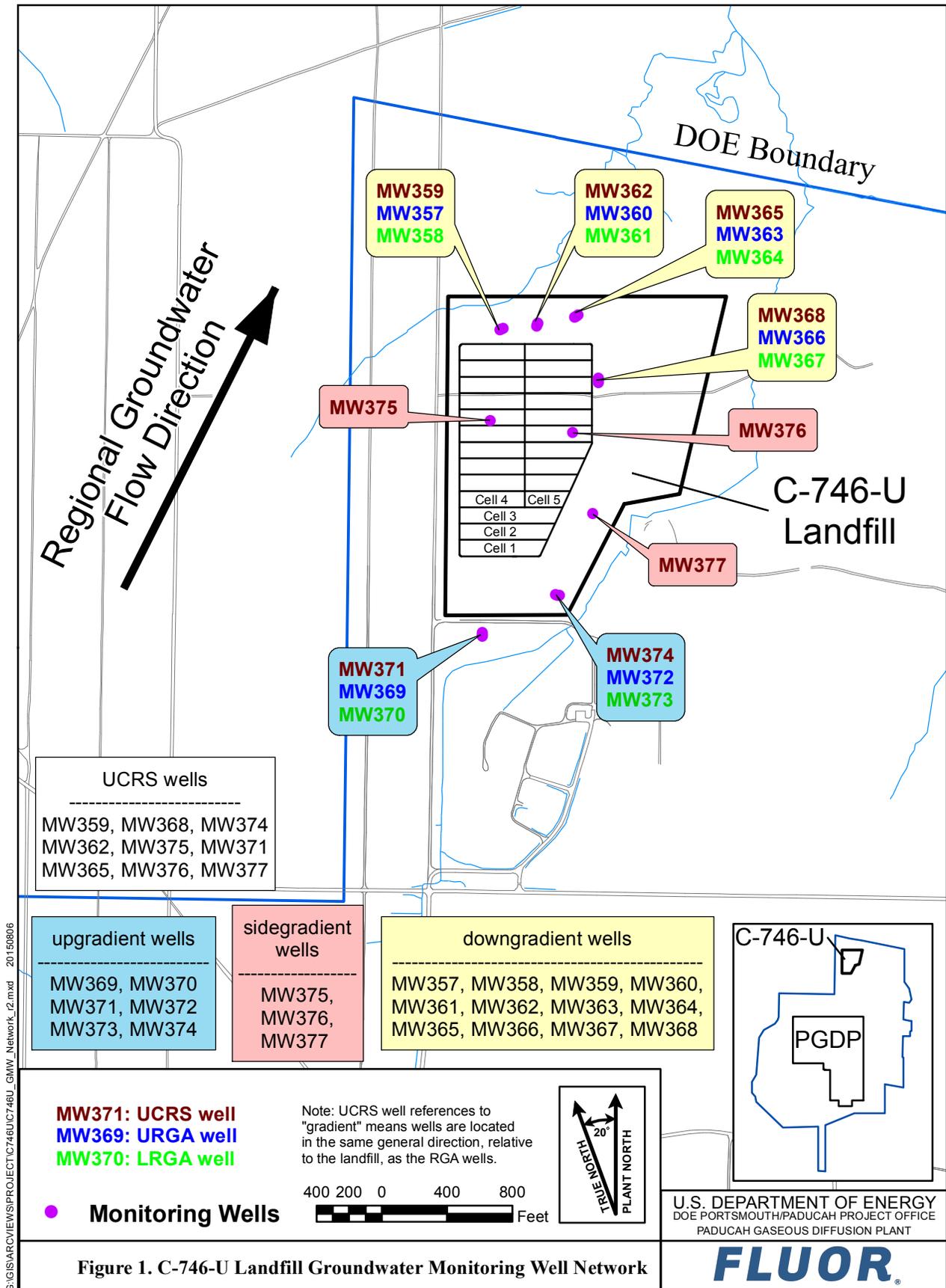
The C-746-U Landfill is an operating solid waste landfill located north of the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant and north of the C-746-S&T Landfills. Construction and operation of the C-746-U Landfill were permitted in November 1996. The operation is regulated under Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045. The permitted C-746-U Landfill area covers about 60 acres and includes a liner and leachate collection system. C-746-U Landfill currently is operating in Phases 3, 4, and 5. Phases 1, 2, and most of Phase 3 have long-term cover. Phases 6 through 23 have not been constructed.

1.2 MONITORING PERIOD ACTIVITIES

1.2.1 Groundwater Monitoring

Three zones are monitored at the site: the Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS), the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA), and the Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA). There are 21 monitoring wells (MWs) under permit for the C-746-U Landfill: 9 UCRS wells, 6 URGA wells, and 6 LRGA wells. A map of the MW locations is presented in Figure 1. All MWs were sampled this quarter except MW359, MW376, and MW377 (all screened in the UCRS), which had an insufficient amount of water to obtain samples; therefore, there are no analytical results for these locations.

Consistent with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014), UCRS wells are included in the monitoring program. Groundwater flow gradients are downward through the UCRS, but flow in the underlying Regional Gravel Aquifer (RGA) is lateral. Groundwater flow in the RGA typically



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is in a northeasterly direction in the vicinity of the C-746-U Landfill. The Ohio River and lower reaches of Little Bayou Creek are the discharge areas for the RGA flow system from the vicinity of the landfills. Consistent with the conceptual site model, the constituent concentrations in UCRS wells are considered to be representative only of the conditions local to the well or sourced from overlying soils; thus, no discussion of potential “upgradient” sources is relevant to the discussion for the UCRS. Nevertheless, a UTL for background also has been calculated for UCRS wells using concentrations from UCRS wells located in the same direction (relative to the landfill) as those RGA wells identified as upgradient. The results from these wells are considered to represent historical “background” for the UCRS water quality. Similarly, other gradient references for UCRS wells are identified using the same gradient references (relative to the landfill) that are attributed to nearby RGA wells. Results from UCRS wells are compared to this UTL and exceedances of these values are reported in the quarterly report.

Groundwater sampling was conducted within the first quarter 2017 in accordance with the Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014) using Fluor Federal Services, Inc., procedure CP4-ES-2101, *Groundwater Sampling*. The analytical laboratory used U.S. Environmental Protection Agency-approved methods, as applicable. Appropriate sample containers and preservatives were used. The parameters specified in Permit Condition GSTR0001, Special Condition 1, were analyzed for all locations sampled.

The groundwater flow rate and direction determination are provided in Appendix E. Depth-to-water was measured on January 24, 2017, in MWs of the C-746-U Landfill (see Table E.1), in MWs of the C-746-S&T Landfills, and in MWs of the surrounding region (shown on Figure E.4). Water level measurements in 39 vicinity wells define the potentiometric surface for the RGA. Normal regional flow in the RGA is northeastward, toward the Ohio River. During January, RGA groundwater flow in the area of the landfill was oriented north to northeast. The hydraulic gradient for the RGA in the vicinity of the C-746-U Landfill in January was 3.03×10^{-4} ft/ft. The hydraulic gradient for the URGA and LRGA at the C-746-U Landfill were 5.67×10^{-4} ft/ft and 5.97×10^{-4} ft/ft, respectively. Calculated groundwater flow rates (average linear velocity) at the C-746-U Landfill range from 0.96 to 1.64 ft/day for the URGA and 1.01 to 1.73 ft/day for the LRGA (see Table E.3).

1.2.2 Methane Monitoring

Methane monitoring was conducted in accordance with 401 KAR 48:090 § 4 and the approved Explosive Gas Monitoring Program (KEEC 2011), which is Technical Application Attachment 12, of the Solid Waste Landfill permit. Landfill operations staff monitored for the occurrence of methane in four on-site building locations and four locations along the landfill boundary on March 16, 2017. See Appendix H for a map (Figure H.1) of the monitoring locations. Monitoring identified 0% of the lower explosive limit (LEL) of methane at all locations, which is compliant with the regulatory requirement of < 100% LEL at boundary locations and < 25% LEL at all other locations. The results are documented on the C-746-U Landfill Methane Log provided in Appendix H.

1.2.3 Surface Water Monitoring

Surface water was monitored, as specified in 401 KAR 48:300 § 2, and the approved *Surface Water Monitoring Plan for C-746-U Contained Landfill Permit Number KY-073-00045, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky* (PRS 2008), which is Technical Application Attachment 24, of the Solid Waste Landfill Permit. Sampling was performed at three locations (see Figure 2) monitored for the C-746-U Landfill. The C-746-U Landfill has an upstream location, L154; a downstream location, L351; and a location capturing runoff from the landfill surface, L150. The parameters identified in the Solid Waste Landfill Permit were analyzed for report only format, pursuant to Permit Condition GMNP0001, Standard Requirement 1. Surface water results are provided in Appendix I.

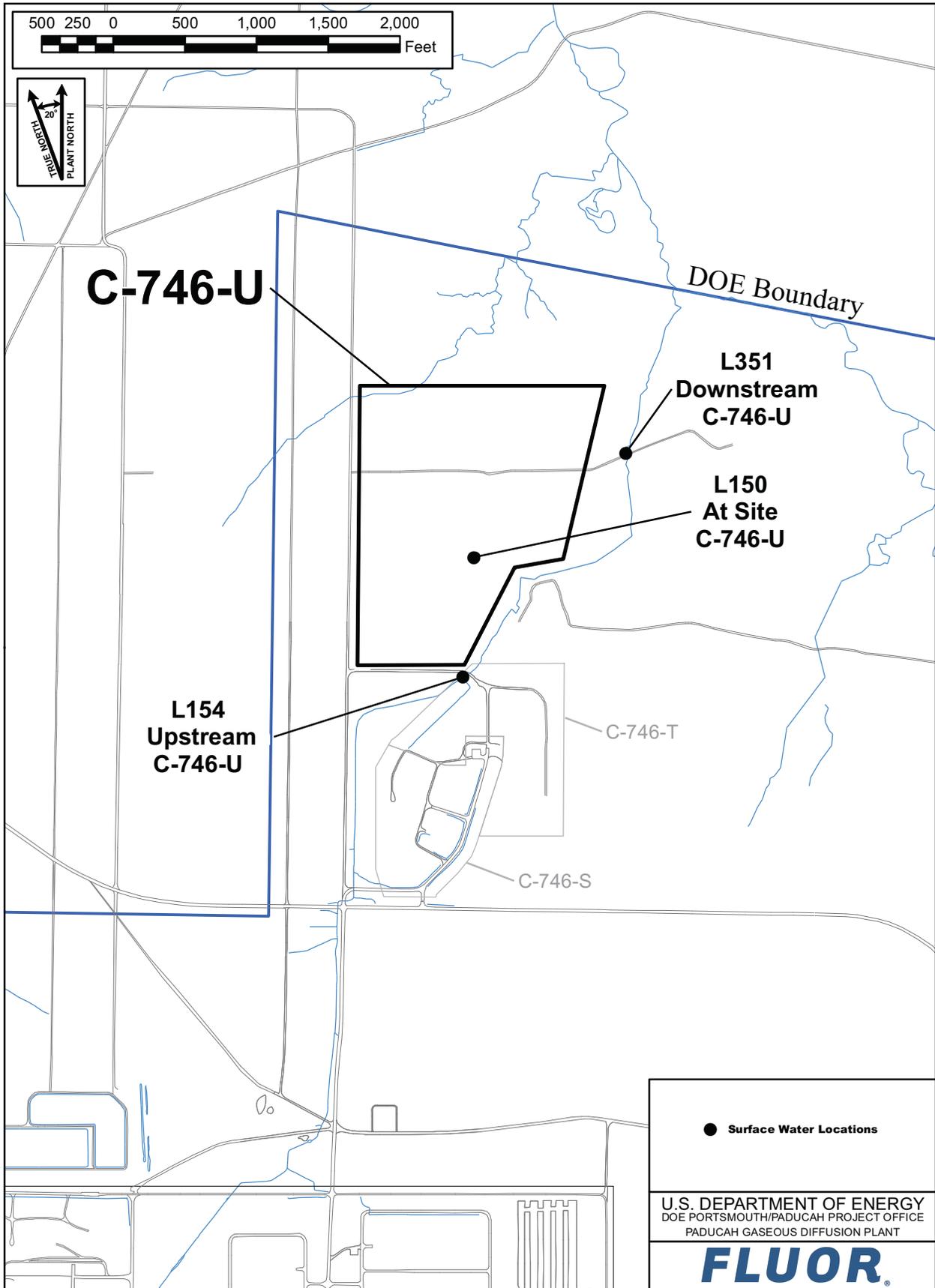


Figure 2. C-746-U Landfill Surface Water Monitoring Locations

1.3 KEY RESULTS

Groundwater data were evaluated in accordance with the approved *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky* (LATA Kentucky 2014), which is Technical Application, Attachment 25, of the Solid Waste Landfill permit. Parameters that had concentrations that exceeded their respective MCL are listed in Table 1. Those constituents that exceeded their respective MCL were evaluated further against their historical background UTL. Table 2 identifies parameters (without MCLs) with concentrations that exceeded the statistically derived historical background UTL concentrations¹ during the first quarter 2017, as well as parameters that exceeded their MCL and also exceeded their historical background UTL. Those constituents (present in downgradient wells) that exceed their historical background UTL were evaluated against their current UTL-derived background using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells considered to be upgradient (Table 3).

Table 1. Summary of MCL Exceedances

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
None	MW357: Trichloroethene	MW364: Trichloroethene
	MW372: Trichloroethene	MW373: Trichloroethene

Table 2. Exceedances of Statistically Derived Historical Background Concentrations

UCRS*	URGA	LRGA
MW362: Oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW357: Dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential	MW358: Oxidation-reduction potential, technetium-99
MW365: Dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW360: Chemical oxygen demand, oxidation-reduction potential, sodium	MW361: Oxidation-reduction potential, technetium-99
MW368: Oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW363: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW364: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW371: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW366: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW367: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW374: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW369: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW370: Oxidation-reduction potential, technetium-99
MW375: Oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW372: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW373: Oxidation-reduction potential

*Gradients in the UCRS are downward. UCRS gradient designations are identified using the same gradient reference (relative to the landfill) that is attributed to nearby RGA wells.

Sidegradient wells: MW375, MW376, MW377

Downgradient wells: MW357, MW358, MW359, MW360, MW361, MW362, MW363, MW364, MW365, MW366, MW367, MW368

Upgradient wells: MW369, MW370, MW371, MW372, MW373, MW374

Table 3. Exceedances of Current Background UTL in Downgradient Wells

URGA	LRGA
MW360: Chemical oxygen demand, sodium	None
MW357: Dissolved oxygen	

¹ The term “concentration” may refer to a field measurement result such as pH or oxidation-reduction potential or an analytical parameter such as trichloroethene or polychlorinated biphenyls.

The notification of parameters that exceeded the MCL has been submitted electronically to the KDWM, in accordance with 401 KAR 48:300 § 7, prior to the submittal of this report.

The constituents that exceeded their MCL were subjected to a comparison against the UTL concentrations calculated using historical concentrations from wells identified as background. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan, the MCL exceedances for trichloroethene in MW357 and MW364 (downgradient wells) do not exceed the historical background concentration and are considered to be a Type 1 exceedance—not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill.

This report serves as the notification of parameters that had statistically significant increased concentrations relative to historical background concentrations, as required by Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Condition GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 8; and 401 KAR 48:300 § 7.

The constituents that had exceedances of the statistically derived historical background UTL underwent additional statistical evaluation. The current-quarter concentrations were compared to the current background UTLs that were developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as upgradient in order to determine if the current downgradient concentrations are consistent with current background values. Table 3 summarizes the evaluation against current background UTL for those constituents present in downgradient wells with historical UTL exceedances. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan, constituents in downgradient wells that exceed the historical UTL, but do not exceed the current UTL, are considered not to have a landfill source; therefore, they are a Type 1 exceedance.

Those constituents listed in Table 3 that exceed both the historical UTL and the current UTL, dissolved oxygen in MW357 and sodium and chemical oxygen demand in MW360, do not have an identified source and are considered preliminarily to be a Type 2 exceedance, per the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan. To evaluate these preliminary Type 2 exceedances further, the parameters were subjected to the Mann-Kendall statistical test for trend using the most recent eight quarters of data. The results are summarized in Table 4. All of these preliminary Type 2 exceedances in downgradient wells did not have an increasing trend and are considered to be Type 1 exceedances (not attributable to the landfills).

The statistical evaluation of current UCRS wells against the current UCRS background UTL identified UCRS wells MW362, MW365, and MW368 with sulfate values that exceed both the historical and current backgrounds (Table 5). Because these wells are not hydrogeologically downgradient of the C-746-U Landfill, these exceedances are not attributable to C-746-U sources and are considered to be Type 1 exceedances.

Table 4. C-746-U Landfill Downgradient Wells Trend Summary Utilizing the Previous Eight Quarters

Location	Well ID	Parameter	Sample Size	Alpha ¹	p-Value ²	S ³	Var(S) ⁴	Sen's Slope ⁵	Kendall Correlation ⁶	Decision ⁷
C-746-U Landfills Downgradient Wells	MW357	Dissolved Oxygen	8	0.05	0.054	14.00	0.000	0.085	0.500	No Trend
	MW360	Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	8	0.05	0.447	-2.000	56.67	0.000	-0.081	No Trend
		Sodium	8	0.05	0.054	14.00	0.000	1.696	0.500	No Trend

Footnotes:

¹An alpha of 0.05 represents a 95% confidence interval.

²The p-value represents the risk of acceptance the H_a hypothesis of a trend, in terms of a percentage.

³The initial value of the Mann-Kendall statistic, S, is assumed to be 0 (e.g., no trend). If a data value from a later time period is higher than a data value from an earlier time period, S is incremented by 1. On the other hand, if the data value from a later time period is lower than a data value sampled earlier, S is decremented by 1. The net result of all such increments and decrements yields the final value of S. A very high positive value of S is an indicator of an increasing trend, and a very low negative value indicates a decreasing trend.

⁴VAR(S) represents the variance of S in the sample set and takes into account statistical ties.

⁵The magnitude of trend is predicted by the Sen's Slope. Here, the slope is described as the median of all $(x_j - x_k)/(j - k)$, where x is a data point and j and k are values of time.

⁶Kendall's correlation is described as the difference of concordant pairs and discordant pairs, also taking sample size and statistical ties into account. When the Kendall's correlation is positive, it indicates an increasing trend and when it is negative, it indicates a decreasing trend.

⁷The Mann-Kendall decision operates on two hypothesis, the H₀ and H_a. H₀ assumes there is no trend in the data, whereas H_a assumes either a positive or negative trend. Two different tests were ran to test for positive or negative trends. This table reports the test with the lowest p-value.

Note: Statistics generated using XLSTAT

**Table 5. Exceedances of Current Background
UTL in Downgradient UCRS Wells**

UCRS
MW362: Sulfate
MW365: Sulfate
MW368: Sulfate

All MCL and UTL exceedances reported for this quarter were evaluated and considered to be Type 1 exceedances—not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill.

2. DATA EVALUATION/STATISTICAL SYNOPSIS

The statistical analyses conducted on the first quarter 2017 groundwater data collected from the C-746-U Landfill MWs were performed in accordance with the Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014). The statistical analyses for this report use data from the first eight quarters that were sampled for each parameter, beginning with the baseline sampling events in 2002, when available. The sampling dates associated with background data are listed next to the result in the statistical analysis sheets in Appendix D (Attachments D1 and D2).

For those parameters that exceed the respective Kentucky solid waste facility MCL found in 401 KAR 47:030 § 6, these exceedances were documented and evaluated further as follows. Exceedances were reviewed against historical background results (UTL). If the MCL exceedance was found not to exceed the historical UTL, the exceedance was noted as a Type 1 exceedance—an exceedance not attributable to the landfill. If there was an exceedance of the MCL in a downgradient well and this constituent also exceeded the historical background, the quarterly result was compared to the current background UTL (developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as upgradient) to identify if this exceedance is attributable to upgradient/non-landfill sources. If the downgradient concentration was less than the current background, the exceedance was noted as a Type 1 exceedance. If a constituent exceeds its Kentucky solid waste facility MCL, historical background UTL, and current background UTL, it was reported as a Type 2 exceedance—source undetermined. Type 2 exceedances (undetermined source) were evaluated further using the Mann-Kendall test for trend. If there was no statistically significant increasing trend for a constituent in a downgradient well, the exceedance was reclassified as a Type 1 exceedance (not attributable to the landfill).

For those parameters that do not have a Kentucky solid waste facility MCL, the same process was used. If a constituent without an MCL exceeded its historical background UTL and its current background UTL, it was evaluated further to identify the source of the exceedance, if possible. If the source of the exceedance could not be identified, it was reported as a Type 2 exceedance.

To calculate the UTL, the data are divided into censored (nondetects) and uncensored (detected) observations. The one-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted only on parameters that have at least one uncensored observation. Results of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test are used to determine whether the data show a statistical exceedance in concentrations with respect to historical background concentrations (UTL).

For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted. The test well results are compared to both an upper and lower tolerance limit to determine if statistically significant deviations in concentrations exist with respect to upgradient (background) well data.

A stepwise list of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical procedures applied to the data is provided in Appendix D under Statistical Analysis Process. The statistical analysis was conducted separately for each parameter in each well. The MWs included historically in the statistical analyses are listed in Table 6.

Table 6. Monitoring Wells Included in Statistical Analysis*

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
MW359***	MW357	MW358
MW362	MW360	MW361
MW365	MW363	MW364
MW368	MW366	MW367
MW371**	MW369 (upgradient)	MW370 (upgradient)
MW374**	MW372 (upgradient)	MW373 (upgradient)
MW375		
MW376***		
MW377***		

*A map showing the monitoring well locations is shown on Figure 1.

**In the same direction (relative to the landfill) as RGA wells considered to be upgradient.

***MW359, MW376, and MW377 had insufficient water to permit a water sample for laboratory analysis.

2.1 STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF GROUNDWATER DATA

Parameters requiring statistical analysis are summarized in Appendix D for each hydrogeological unit. A stepwise list for determining exceedances of statistically derived historical background concentrations is provided in Appendix D under Statistical Analysis Process. A comparison of the current quarter's results to the statistically derived historical background was conducted for parameters that do not have MCLs and also for those parameters whose concentrations exceed MCLs. Appendix G summarizes the occurrences (by well and by quarter) of exceedances of historical UTLs and MCL exceedances. The constituents that had exceedances of the statistically derived historical background UTL underwent additional statistical evaluation. The current-quarter concentrations were compared to the current background UTL developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as upgradient in order to determine if the current downgradient concentrations are consistent with current background values.

2.1.1 Upper Continental Recharge System

In this quarter, 30 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the UCRS. During the first quarter, dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, and sulfate displayed concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTL and are listed in Table 2. Sulfate exceeded the current background UTL and is included in Table 5.

2.1.2 Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer

In this quarter, 30 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the URGA. During the first quarter, chemical oxygen demand, dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, and sodium displayed concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTL and are listed in Table 2. Chemical oxygen demand, dissolved oxygen, and sodium exceeded the current background UTL and is included in Table 3.

2.1.3 Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer

In this quarter, 28 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the LRGA. During the first quarter, oxidation-reduction potential and technetium-99 displayed concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTL and are listed in Table 2. There were no exceedances of the current background UTL for any LRGA downgradient wells as summarized in Table 3.

2.2 DATA VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION

Data verification is the process of comparing a data set against a set standard or contractual requirements. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014), data verification is performed for 100% of the data. Data are flagged as necessary.

Data validation was performed on 100% of the organic, inorganic, and radiochemical analytical data by a qualified individual independent from sampling, laboratory, project management, or other decision-making personnel. Data validation evaluates the laboratory adherence to analytical method requirements. Validation qualifiers are added by the independent validator and not the laboratory. Validation qualifiers are not requested on the groundwater reporting forms.

Field quality control samples are collected each sampling event. Field blanks, rinseate blanks, and trip blanks are obtained to ensure quality of field and laboratory practices and data are reported in the Groundwater Sample Analysis forms in Appendix C. Laboratory quality control samples such as matrix spikes, matrix spike duplicates, and method blanks are performed by the laboratory. Both field and laboratory quality control sample results are reviewed as part of the data verification/validation process.

Data validation results for this data set indicated that all data were considered usable.

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3. PROFESSIONAL GEOLOGIST AUTHORIZATION

DOCUMENT IDENTIFICATION: *C-746-U Contained Landfill
First Quarter Calendar Year 2017 (January–March)
Compliance Monitoring Report,
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky (FPDP-RPT-0087/V1)*

Stamped and signed pursuant to my authority as a duly registered geologist under the provisions of KRS Chapter 322A.



*PG113927
K Davis 5-18-17*

Kenneth R. Davis

Kenneth R. Davis

PG113927

May 18, 2017

Date

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4. REFERENCES

- KEEC (Kentucky Energy and Environment Cabinet) 2011. Solid Waste Landfill Permit, Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Division of Waste Management, Solid Waste Branch, Technical Application Attachment 12, "Explosive Gas Monitoring Program," January 21.
- LATA Kentucky (LATA Environmental Services of Kentucky, LLC) 2014. *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, PAD-PROJ-0139, Solid Waste Landfill Permit, Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Technical Application Attachment 25, LATA Environmental Services of Kentucky, LLC, Kevil, KY, June.
- PRS (Paducah Remediation Services, LLC) 2008. *Surface Water Monitoring Plan for C-746-U Contained Landfill Permit Number KY-073-00045, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, Solid Waste Landfill Permit, Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Technical Application Attachment 24, Paducah Remediation Services, LLC, Kevil, KY, June.

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APPENDIX A

**GROUNDWATER, SURFACE WATER,
LEACHATE, AND METHANE MONITORING
SAMPLE DATA REPORTING FORM**

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**GROUNDWATER, SURFACE WATER, LEACHATE,
AND METHANE MONITORING
SAMPLE DATA REPORTING FORM**

**NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION CABINET
DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
DIVISION OF WASTE MANAGEMENT
SOLID WASTE BRANCH
14 REILLY ROAD
FRANKFORT, KY 40601**

Facility Name: U.S. DOE-Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant Activity: C-746-U Contained Landfill
(As officially shown on DWM Permit Face)

Permit No: SW07300014,
SW07300015,
SW07300045 Finds/Unit No: _____ Quarter & Year 1st Qtr. CY 2017

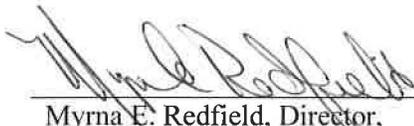
Please check the following as applicable:

Characterization Quarterly Semiannual Annual Assessment

Please check applicable submittal(s): Groundwater Surface Water
 Leachate Methane Monitoring

This form is to be utilized by those sites required by regulation (Kentucky Waste Management Regulations-401 KAR 48:300 and 45:160) or by statute (Kentucky Revised Statues Chapter 224) to conduct groundwater and surface water monitoring under the jurisdiction of the Division of Waste Management. **You must report any indication of contamination within forty-eight (48) hours of making the determination using statistical analyses, direct comparison, or other similar techniques. Submitting the lab report is NOT considered notification.** Instructions for completing the form are attached. Do not submit the instruction pages.

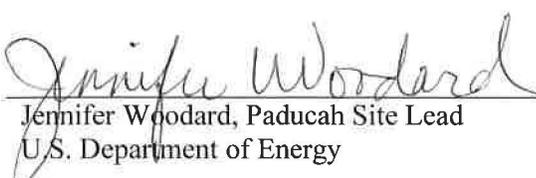
I certify under penalty of law that the document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons directly responsible for gathering information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for such violations.



Myrna E. Redfield, Director,
Environmental Management
Fluor Federal Services, Inc.

5/25/17

Date



Jennifer Woodard, Paducah Site Lead
U.S. Department of Energy

5/25/2017

Date

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APPENDIX B
FACILITY INFORMATION SHEET

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FACILITY INFORMATION SHEET

Groundwater: January 2017
Surface Water: February 2017
Methane: March 2017

County: McCracken

Permit Nos. SW07300014,
SW07300015,
SW07300045

Facility Name: U.S. DOE—Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
(As officially shown on DWM Permit Face)

Site Address: 5501 Hobbs Road Kevil, Kentucky 42053
Street City/State Zip

Phone No: (270) 441-6800 Latitude: N 37° 07' 45" Longitude: W 88° 47' 55"

OWNER INFORMATION

Facility Owner: U.S. DOE, Robert E. Edwards III, Manager Phone No: (859) 227-5020

Contact Person: Myrna E. Redfield Phone No: (270) 441-5113

Contact Person Title: Director, Environmental Management, Fluor Federal Services, Inc.

Mailing Address: 5511 Hobbs Road Kevil, Kentucky 42053
Street City/State Zip

SAMPLING PERSONNEL (IF OTHER THAN LANDFILL OR LABORATORY)

Company: GEO Consultants, LLC

Contact Person: Sam Martin Phone No: (270) 441-6755

Mailing Address: 199 Kentucky Avenue Kevil, Kentucky 42053
Street City/State Zip

LABORATORY RECORD #1

Laboratory: GEL Laboratories, LLC Lab ID No: KY90129

Contact Person: Valerie Davis Phone No: (843) 769-7391

Mailing Address: 2040 Savage Road Charleston, South Carolina 29407
Street City/State Zip

LABORATORY RECORD #2

Laboratory: N/A Lab ID No: N/A

Contact Person: N/A Phone No: N/A

Mailing Address: N/A
Street City/State Zip

LABORATORY RECORD #3

Laboratory: N/A Lab ID No: N/A

Contact Person: N/A Phone No: N/A

Mailing Address: N/A
Street City/State Zip

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APPENDIX C
GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSES
AND WRITTEN COMMENTS

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Division of Waste Management
 Solid Waste Branch
 14 Reilly Road
 Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-4798	8004-4799	8004-0981	8004-4800								
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	357	358	359	360								
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1								
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	NA	NA	NA								
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	1/18/2017 07:37	1/17/2017 12:08	NA	1/17/2017 13:13								
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²	N	N	N	N								
Split ("Y" or "N") ³	N	N	N	N								
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	MW357UG2-17	MW358UG2-17	NA	MW360UG2-17								
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	414569003	414484003	NA	414484005								
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatile Organics</u> Analysis	1/20/2017	1/20/2017	NA	1/20/2017								
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN								
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
24959-67-9	Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.389		0.457		*		0.13	J
16887-00-6	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	33.5		35.8		*		9.44	
16984-48-8	Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.107		0.189		*		0.302	
S0595- -	Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	1.37		0.844		*		0.113	
14808-79-8	Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	50.3		71.2		*		16.4	
NS1894	Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	30.22		30.06		*		30.04	
S0145- -	Specific Conductance	T	µMHO/cm	Field	440		505		*		511	

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.

²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.

³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.

⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.

⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved

⁶"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.

⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:

* = See Comments

J = Estimated Value

B = Analyte found in blank

A = Average value

N = Presumptive ID

D = Concentration from analysis
of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4798	8004-4799	8004-0981	8004-4800				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)					357	358	359	360				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	322.1		322.25		*		322.25	
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	5.74		1.23		*		1.2	
S0266- -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	250		289		*		270	
S0296- -	pH	T	Units	Field	6.04		5.83		*		6.41	
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field	382		350		*		232	
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field	12.78		13.83		*		13.28	
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.05		<0.05		*		0.0317	J
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		*		<0.003	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		*		0.00195	J
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0733		0.0521		*		0.159	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		*		<0.0005	
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.364		0.464		*		0.0281	
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		*		<0.001	
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	29.5		32.8		*		24.3	
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		*		<0.01	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.000328	J	*		0.00992	
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.000603	J	0.00077	J	*		0.000927	J
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020	<0.1		0.0746	J	*		2.32	
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		*		<0.002	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	13.2		15.5		*		9.28	
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		0.0565		*		0.196	
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		*		<0.0002	

C4

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4798	8004-4799	8004-0981	8004-4800				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					357	358	359	360				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
7439-98-7	Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005			*	0.000456	J
7440-02-0	Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.000502	J	0.00364			*	0.00135	J
7440-09-7	Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	1.94		2.39			*	0.688	
7440-16-6	Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005			*	<0.005	
7782-49-2	Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005			*	<0.005	
7440-22-4	Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
7440-23-5	Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	47.2		42.3			*	84	
7440-25-7	Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005			*	<0.005	
7440-28-0	Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002			*	<0.002	
7440-61-1	Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		0.00015	J		*	0.000138	J
7440-62-2	Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01			*	<0.01	
7440-66-6	Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		0.00566	J		*	<0.01	
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005			*	<0.005	
67-64-1	Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005			*	<0.005	
107-02-8	Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005			*	<0.005	
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005			*	<0.005	
71-43-2	Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
1330-20-7	Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003			*	<0.003	
100-42-5	Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
108-88-3	Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
74-97-5	Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4798	8004-4799	8004-0981	8004-4800				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					357	358	359	360				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001		
75-25-2	Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001		
74-83-9	Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001		
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		*	<0.005		
110-57-6	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		*	<0.005		
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		*	<0.005		
75-00-3	Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001		
67-66-3	Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001		
74-87-3	Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001		
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001		
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001		
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001		
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001		
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001		
106-93-4	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001		
79-34-5	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001		
71-55-6	Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001		
79-00-5	Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001		
630-20-6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001		
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001		
127-18-4	Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001		
79-01-6	Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00541		0.00379		*	<0.001		

C-6

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4798	8004-4799	8004-0981	8004-4800			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					357	358	359	360			
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		*	<0.005	
74-88-4	Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		*	<0.005	
124-48-1	Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001	
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001	
75-09-2	Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		*	<0.005	
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		*	<0.005	
96-12-8	Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000198	*	<0.0000197	*	*	<0.0000199	*
78-87-5	Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001	
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001	
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001	
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001	
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001	
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001	
95-50-1	Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001	
106-46-7	Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		*	<0.001	
1336-36-3	PCB, Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971		<0.0971	*	*	0.0678	*J
12674-11-2	PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971		<0.0971	*	*	<0.1	*
11104-28-2	PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971		<0.0971		*	<0.1	
11141-16-5	PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971		<0.0971		*	<0.1	
53469-21-9	PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971		<0.0971		*	0.0678	*J
12672-29-6	PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971		<0.0971		*	<0.1	

C-7

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4798	8004-4799	8004-0981	8004-4800				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					357	358	359	360				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
11097-69-1	PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971		<0.0971		*	<0.1		
11096-82-5	PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971		<0.0971	*	*	<0.1	*	
11100-14-4	PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971		<0.0971		*	<0.1		
12587-46-1	Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	-0.585	*	0.38	*	*	0.531	*	
12587-47-2	Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	17.6	*	24.9	*	*	0.0000793	*	
10043-66-0	Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*	*		*	
13982-63-3	Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	0.346	*	0.593	*	*	0.668	*	
10098-97-2	Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	1.71	*	0.905	*	*	3.18	*	
14133-76-7	Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	43.5	*	47.3	*	*	8.95	*	
14269-63-7	Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	0.489	*	0.534	*	*	0.29	*	
10028-17-8	Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	15	*	85.7	*	*	132	*	
S0130- -	Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	<20		<20		*	63.4		
57-12-5	Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		*	<0.2		
20461-54-5	Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5		*	<0.5		
S0268- -	Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	1	J	2.31		*	1.09	J	
S0586- -	Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.0064	J	0.00712	J	*	0.0127		

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Division of Waste Management
 Solid Waste Branch
 14 Reilly Road
 Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-4795	8004-0986	8004-4796	8004-4797								
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	361	362	363	364								
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1								
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	NA	NA	NA								
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	1/17/2017 10:07	1/18/2017 11:46	1/18/2017 12:33	1/19/2017 12:13								
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²	N	N	N	N								
Split ("Y" or "N") ³	N	N	N	N								
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	MW361UG2-17	MW362UG2-17	MW363UG2-17	MW364UG2-17								
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	414484001	414569005	414569007	414675003								
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatile Organics</u> Analysis	1/20/2017	1/20/2017	1/20/2017	1/24/2017								
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN								
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
24959-67-9	Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.406		0.132	J	0.141	J	0.416	
16887-00-6	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	31.3		7.71		29.2		32.5	
16984-48-8	Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.174		0.263		0.13		0.164	
S0595- -	Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	1.06		0.607		3.59		1.06	
14808-79-8	Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	72.9		27.3		25.9		68.4	
NS1894	Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	30.03		30.25		30.23		29.84	
S0145- -	Specific Conductance	T	µMHO/cm	Field	492		770		401		471	

STANDARD FLAGS:
 * = See Comments
 J = Estimated Value
 B = Analyte found in blank
 A = Average value
 N = Presumptive ID
 D = Concentration from analysis
 of a secondary dilution

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.

²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.

³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.

⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.

⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved

⁶"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.

⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", " then describe on "Written Comments Page."

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4795	8004-0986	8004-4796	8004-4797				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)					361	362	363	364				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	322.24		334.54		322.03		322.47	
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	3.61		2.65		1.76		4.18	
S0266- -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	291		414		244		240	
S0296- -	pH	T	Units	Field	6.25		6.54		6.5		6.02	
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field	334		243		292		378	
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field	13.44		14		14.17		13.28	
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.05		0.354		<0.05		<0.05	
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0555		0.151		0.204		0.066	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.153		0.0126	J	0.0171		0.0102	J
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	30.3		28.7		29.5		31.4	
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		0.00302	J
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.000547	J	0.00133		0.000304	BJ
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.000616	J	0.00155		<0.001		0.000449	J
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020	<0.1		0.418		0.0505	J	0.0813	J
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	13.6		12.9		11.7		13.6	
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.0022	J	0.0201		0.316		0.00417	J
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4795	8004-0986	8004-4796	8004-4797				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					361	362	363	364				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
7439-98-7	Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		0.00228		<0.0005		0.000824	
7440-02-0	Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		0.00195	J	0.000957	J	0.00225	
7440-09-7	Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	2.11		0.459		1.68		2.08	
7440-16-6	Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2	Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-22-4	Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5	Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	45.9		166		41.5		41.6	
7440-25-7	Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	*
7440-28-0	Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1	Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		0.00611		<0.0002		<0.0002	*
7440-62-2	Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-66-6	Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		0.0401	
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	*
67-64-1	Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8	Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2	Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7	Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5	Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3	Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5	Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4795	8004-0986	8004-4796	8004-4797				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					361	362	363	364				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2	Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9	Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3	Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3	Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3	Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6	Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5	Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4	Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6	Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00467		<0.001		0.00053	J	0.0068	

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4795	8004-0986	8004-4796	8004-4797				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					361	362	363	364				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4	Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1	Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2	Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8	Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000197	*	<0.0000196	*	<0.0000201	*	<0.0000201	
78-87-5	Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1	Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7	Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3	PCB, Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1	*	<0.1		0.058	J	<0.1	
12674-11-2	PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1	*	<0.1		<0.098		<0.1	
11104-28-2	PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.1		<0.098		<0.1	
11141-16-5	PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.1		<0.098		<0.1	
53469-21-9	PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.1		0.058	J	<0.1	
12672-29-6	PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.1		<0.098		<0.1	

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4795	8004-0986	8004-4796	8004-4797				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					361	362	363	364				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
11097-69-1	PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.1		<0.098		<0.1	
11096-82-5	PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1	*	<0.1		<0.098		<0.1	
11100-14-4	PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.1		<0.098		<0.1	
12587-46-1	Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	-1.9	*	3.52	*	1.35	*	1.28	*
12587-47-2	Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	24	*	0.72	*	4.28	*	23.6	*
10043-66-0	Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3	Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	0.435	*	0.728	*	0.502	*	0.442	*
10098-97-2	Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	3.41	*	-1.16	*	3.5	*	2.52	*
14133-76-7	Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	53.8	*	-3.47	*	10.2	*	45.3	*
14269-63-7	Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	0.126	*	0.817	*	0.404	*	0.488	*
10028-17-8	Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	18.8	*	47.1	*	-23	*	43.9	*
S0130- -	Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	<20		9.95	J	<20		<20	
57-12-5	Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5	Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5		<0.5	
S0268- -	Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	1.02	J	2.82		1.19	J	0.928	J
S0586- -	Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.00382	J	0.0239		0.0063	J	0.00774	J

C-14

Division of Waste Management
 Solid Waste Branch
 14 Reilly Road
 Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-0984	8004-0982	8004-4793	8004-0983								
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	365	366	367	368								
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1								
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	NA	NA	NA								
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	1/18/2017 13:16	1/19/2017 13:01	1/25/2017 07:51	1/25/2017 08:54								
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²	N	N	N	N								
Split ("Y" or "N") ³	N	N	N	N								
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	MW365UG2-17	MW366UG2-17	MW367UG2-17	MW368UG2-17								
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	414569009	414675005	415054001	415054003								
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatile Organics</u> Analysis	1/20/2017	1/24/2017	1/31/2017	1/31/2017								
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN								
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
24959-67-9	Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	<0.2		0.476		0.298		<0.2	
16887-00-6	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	3.61		38.6		21.8		6.75	
16984-48-8	Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.199		0.159		0.151		0.351	
S0595- -	Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	0.694		1.01		0.17	J	0.32	J
14808-79-8	Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	63.4		49.4		33.8		70.3	
NS1894	Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	30.19		29.84		29.68		29.67	
S0145- -	Specific Conductance	T	µMHO/cm	Field	389		471		307		539	

STANDARD FLAGS:
 * = See Comments
 J = Estimated Value
 B = Analyte found in blank
 A = Average value
 N = Presumptive ID
 D = Concentration from analysis
 of a secondary dilution

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.

²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.

³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.

⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.

⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved

⁶"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.

⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", " then describe on "Written Comments Page."

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-0984	8004-0982	8004-4793	8004-0983				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)					365	366	367	368				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	329.38		322.62		322.87		353.75	
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	3.01		3.07		1.08		1.78	
S0266- -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	251		234		183		340	
S0296- -	pH	T	Units	Field	6.3		6.16		5.89		6.44	
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field	348		373		320		260	
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field	13.72		14.33		14.22		14.67	
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	0.0378	J	<0.05		<0.05		0.645	
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		0.00358	BJ	0.00557	B
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.117		0.125		0.191		0.0266	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020	<0.015		0.12		0.0311		0.0498	
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	23.2		32		22		58.3	
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	0.00192		0.000169	BJ	0.00467		0.000287	J
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.0021		0.000448	J	0.000415	J	0.00609	
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0487	J	0.0927	J	2.68		0.655	
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		0.000554	J
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	11.2		13.2		9.44	*	17.1	*
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.00607		0.00404	J	1.67	B	0.0301	B
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-0984	8004-0982	8004-4793	8004-0983				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					365	366	367	368				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
7439-98-7	Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		0.00161	
7440-02-0	Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.00615		0.000945	J	0.0021		0.00209	
7440-09-7	Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	0.27	J	1.89		2.95		1.05	
7440-16-6	Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2	Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-22-4	Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5	Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	54.6		43.1		28.8		41.9	
7440-25-7	Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005	*	<0.005		<0.005	
7440-28-0	Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1	Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	0.000129	J	<0.0002	*	<0.0002		0.000241	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		0.0112	
7440-66-6	Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.00462	J	0.00657	J	0.00685	J	0.00438	J
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005	*	<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1	Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8	Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2	Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7	Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5	Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3	Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5	Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-0984	8004-0982	8004-4793	8004-0983				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					365	366	367	368				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2	Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9	Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3	Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3	Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3	Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*	<0.001	*
79-34-5	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*	<0.001	*
71-55-6	Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5	Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4	Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6	Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		0.00436		0.0024		<0.001	

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-0984	8004-0982	8004-4793	8004-0983				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					365	366	367	368				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4	Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1	Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2	Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	*	<0.005	*
96-12-8	Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000198	*	<0.0000199		<0.0000199		<0.0000199	
78-87-5	Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*	<0.001	*
95-50-1	Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7	Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3	PCB, Total	T	ug/L	8082	0.0675	J	<0.098		<0.1		0.0796	J
12674-11-2	PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.098		<0.1		<0.103	
11104-28-2	PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.098		<0.1		<0.103	
11141-16-5	PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.098		<0.1		<0.103	
53469-21-9	PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	0.0675	J	<0.098		<0.1		0.0796	J
12672-29-6	PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.098		<0.1		<0.103	

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-0984	8004-0982	8004-4793	8004-0983				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					365	366	367	368				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
11097-69-1	PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.098		<0.1		<0.103	
11096-82-5	PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.098		<0.1		<0.103	
11100-14-4	PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.098		<0.1		<0.103	
12587-46-1	Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	-0.0758	*	0.822	*	1.53	*	1.17	*
12587-47-2	Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	0.269	*	32.8	*	18.9	*	4.24	*
10043-66-0	Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3	Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	0.44	*	0.459	*	1.76	*	0.657	*
10098-97-2	Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	0.932	*	-0.74	*	-3.61	*	0.106	*
14133-76-7	Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	5	*	46.7	*	24.9	*	0.238	*
14269-63-7	Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	-0.104	*	-0.184	*	0.952	*	0.605	*
10028-17-8	Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	-57.1	*	10.8	*	-28.7	*	55.5	*
S0130- -	Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	<20		<20		<20		<20	
57-12-5	Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5	Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5		<0.5	
S0268- -	Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	1.8	J	1.04	J	0.862	J	1.71	J
S0586- -	Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.0211		0.00748	J	<0.01		0.0184	

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Division of Waste Management
 Solid Waste Branch
 14 Reilly Road
 Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-4820	8004-4818	8004-4819	8004-4808								
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	369	370	371	372								
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1								
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	NA	NA	NA								
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	1/18/2017 08:28	1/18/2017 09:22	1/18/2017 10:05	1/19/2017 08:53								
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²	N	N	N	N								
Split ("Y" or "N") ³	N	N	N	N								
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	MW369UG2-17	MW370UG2-17	MW371UG2-17	MW372UG2-17								
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	414569011	414569001	414569013	414675001								
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatile Organics</u> Analysis	1/20/2017	1/23/2017	1/20/2017	1/24/2017								
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	UP	UP	UP	UP								
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
24959-67-9	Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.367		0.463		0.0686	J	0.639	J
16887-00-6	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	33.6		37.4		4.24		48.1	
16984-48-8	Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.169		0.118		0.241		0.18	
S0595- -	Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	0.475	J	1.11		0.227	J	0.0513	J
14808-79-8	Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	4.95		19.6		13.1		66.2	
NS1894	Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	30.23		30.25		30.25		29.93	
S0145- -	Specific Conductance	T	µMHO/cm	Field	390		444		698		595	

STANDARD FLAGS:
 * = See Comments
 J = Estimated Value
 B = Analyte found in blank
 A = Average value
 N = Presumptive ID
 D = Concentration from analysis
 of a secondary dilution

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.

²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.

³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.

⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.

⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved

⁶"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.

⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", " then describe on "Written Comments Page."

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4820	8004-4818	8004-4819	8004-4808				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)					369	370	371	372				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	323.07		323.04		340.71		323.47	
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	1.38		3.41		2.41		0.89	
S0266- -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	213		240		440		326	
S0296- -	pH	T	Units	Field	6.23		6.16		6.62		6.02	
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field	381		412		410		263	
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field	13.83		13.94		15.28		14.11	
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	0.0694		<0.05		1.05		0.0749	
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		0.00198	BJ	0.00287	BJ	0.00425	J
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.503		0.266		0.155		0.0446	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.00843	J	0.0313		<0.015		0.983	
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	19.5		32		43.1		47.5	
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	0.0107		0.000584	J	0.000206	J	0.000823	BJ
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.0013		0.000654	J	0.00113		<0.001	
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.239		0.0548	J	0.596		1.58	
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	8.47		14.4		16.1		18.6	
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.157		0.00862		0.0051		0.0202	
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4820	8004-4818	8004-4819	8004-4808				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					369	370	371	372				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
7439-98-7	Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		0.00152		0.000723	
7440-02-0	Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.00601		0.000998	J	0.0017	J	0.00148	J
7440-09-7	Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	0.571		2.94		0.657		2.14	
7440-16-6	Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2	Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-22-4	Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5	Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	72		79.9		123		43.4	
7440-25-7	Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	*
7440-28-0	Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		0.000997	J
7440-61-1	Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		<0.0002		0.00133		<0.0002	*
7440-62-2	Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		0.00835	J	<0.01	
7440-66-6	Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.00389	J	<0.01		<0.01		0.00485	J
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	*
67-64-1	Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8	Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2	Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7	Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5	Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3	Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5	Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4820	8004-4818	8004-4819	8004-4808				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					369	370	371	372				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2	Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9	Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3	Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3	Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3	Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6	Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5	Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4	Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6	Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00497		0.00178		<0.001		0.00712	

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4820	8004-4818	8004-4819	8004-4808				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					369	370	371	372				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4	Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1	Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2	Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8	Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000199	*	<0.0000195	*	<0.00002	*	<0.0000199	
78-87-5	Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1	Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7	Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3	PCB, Total	T	ug/L	8082	0.0475	J	<0.1		<0.0962		<0.0952	
12674-11-2	PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.101		<0.1		<0.0962		<0.0952	
11104-28-2	PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.101		<0.1		<0.0962		<0.0952	
11141-16-5	PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.101		<0.1		<0.0962		<0.0952	
53469-21-9	PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	0.0475	J	<0.1		<0.0962		<0.0952	
12672-29-6	PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.101		<0.1		<0.0962		<0.0952	

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4820	8004-4818	8004-4819	8004-4808				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					369	370	371	372				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
11097-69-1	PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.101		<0.1		<0.0962		<0.0952	
11096-82-5	PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.101		<0.1		<0.0962		<0.0952	
11100-14-4	PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.101		<0.1		<0.0962		<0.0952	
12587-46-1	Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	2.72	*	3	*	2.34	*	-0.207	*
12587-47-2	Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	8.82	*	44.8	*	2.22	*	14.2	*
10043-66-0	Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3	Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	0.868	*	0.72	*	0.489	*	0.54	*
10098-97-2	Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	1.5	*	2.37	*	2.3	*	-1.59	*
14133-76-7	Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	27	*	82.8	*	-1.72	*	24.7	*
14269-63-7	Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	-0.00581	*	0.216	*	0.656	*	0.32	*
10028-17-8	Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	28.4	*	-10.5	*	24.2	*	59.4	*
S0130- -	Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	<20		<20		<20		<20	
57-12-5	Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		0.00176	J	<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5	Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5		<0.5	
S0268- -	Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	1.88	J	1.26	J	2.4		2.22	
S0586- -	Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.0411		0.00954	J	0.00378	J	0.01	

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Division of Waste Management
 Solid Waste Branch
 14 Reilly Road
 Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-4792	8004-0990	8004-0985	8004-0988								
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	373	374	375	376								
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1								
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	NA	NA	NA								
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	1/19/2017 10:23	1/19/2017 09:39	1/25/2017 09:42	NA								
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²	N	N	N	N								
Split ("Y" or "N") ³	N	N	N	N								
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	MW373UG2-17	MW374UG2-17	MW375UG2-17	NA								
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	414675009	414675011	415054005	NA								
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatile Organics</u> Analysis	1/24/2017	1/24/2017	1/31/2017	NA								
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	UP	UP	SIDE	SIDE								
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
24959-67-9	Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.601		0.784		<0.2			*
16887-00-6	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	47.8		65		3.88			*
16984-48-8	Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.193		0.216		0.357			*
S0595- -	Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	1.11		<0.5		0.793			*
14808-79-8	Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	110		4.83		30.6			*
NS1894	Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	29.89		29.91		29.66			*
S0145- -	Specific Conductance	T	µMH0/cm	Field	781		722		379			*

STANDARD FLAGS:
 * = See Comments
 J = Estimated Value
 B = Analyte found in blank
 A = Average value
 N = Presumptive ID
 D = Concentration from analysis
 of a secondary dilution

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.

²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.

³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.

⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.

⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved

⁶"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.

⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", " then describe on "Written Comments Page."

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4792	8004-0990	8004-0985	8004-0988				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)					373	374	375	376				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	323.49		333.85		340.61			*
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	2.27		1.43		1.59			*
S0266- -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	413		367		217			*
S0296- -	pH	T	Units	Field	6.25		6.5		6.62			*
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field	279		187		275			*
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field	14.78		14.83		15.06			*
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.05		<0.05		0.0277	J		*
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003			*
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		0.00362	J	0.00211	BJ		*
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0296		0.166		0.203			*
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005			*
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020	1.59		0.0253		0.0124	J		*
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	69.6		23.8		16.1			*
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01			*
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	0.000198	BJ	0.00246	B	0.000833	J		*
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.000438	J	<0.001		0.00063	J		*
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0749	J	3.64		0.232			*
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002			*
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	23.9		6.04		5.7	*		*
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.00334	J	0.287		0.0138	B		*
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002			*

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4792	8004-0990	8004-0985	8004-0988				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					373	374	375	376				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
7439-98-7	Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		0.00047	J	<0.0005			*
7440-02-0	Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.00155	J	0.00186	J	0.00157	J		*
7440-09-7	Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	2.57		0.584		0.237	J		*
7440-16-6	Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
7782-49-2	Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
7440-22-4	Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-23-5	Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	58.3		137		64.2			*
7440-25-7	Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005	*	<0.005	*	<0.005			*
7440-28-0	Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002			*
7440-61-1	Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002	*	0.000098	*J	<0.0002			*
7440-62-2	Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01			*
7440-66-6	Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01			*
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005	*	<0.005	*	<0.005			*
67-64-1	Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		0.0018	J		*
107-02-8	Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
71-43-2	Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
1330-20-7	Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003			*
100-42-5	Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
108-88-3	Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
74-97-5	Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4792	8004-0990	8004-0985	8004-0988				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					373	374	375	376				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-25-2	Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
74-83-9	Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
110-57-6	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
75-00-3	Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
67-66-3	Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
74-87-3	Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
106-93-4	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*		*
79-34-5	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*		*
71-55-6	Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
79-00-5	Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
630-20-6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
127-18-4	Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
79-01-6	Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00853		<0.001		<0.001			*

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4792	8004-0990	8004-0985	8004-0988				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					373	374	375	376				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
74-88-4	Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
124-48-1	Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-09-2	Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	*		*
96-12-8	Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.00002		<0.0000197		<0.0000199			*
78-87-5	Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*		*
95-50-1	Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
106-46-7	Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
1336-36-3	PCB, Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.106		<0.1		<0.1			*
12674-11-2	PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.106		<0.1		<0.1			*
11104-28-2	PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.106		<0.1		<0.1			*
11141-16-5	PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.106		<0.1		<0.1			*
53469-21-9	PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.106		<0.1		<0.1			*
12672-29-6	PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.106		<0.1		<0.1			*

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4792	8004-0990	8004-0985	8004-0988				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					373	374	375	376				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
11097-69-1	PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.106		<0.1		<0.1			*
11096-82-5	PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.106		<0.1		<0.1			*
11100-14-4	PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.106		<0.1		<0.1			*
12587-46-1	Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	1.89	*	0.581	*	-0.251	*		*
12587-47-2	Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	15.6	*	1.36	*	0.49	*		*
10043-66-0	Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3	Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	0.332	*	0.728	*	0.751	*		*
10098-97-2	Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	0.0653	*	-1.64	*	-1.93	*		*
14133-76-7	Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	33.1	*	-7.27	*	-7.56	*		*
14269-63-7	Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	-0.217	*	0.654	*	0.173	*		*
10028-17-8	Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	-63.8	*	4.13	*	-3.65	*		*
S0130- -	Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	14.6	J	26.2		<20			*
57-12-5	Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2			*
20461-54-5	Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5			*
S0268- -	Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	1.27	J	2.77		1.5	J		*
S0586- -	Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.0155		0.0256		0.0169			*

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Division of Waste Management
 Solid Waste Branch
 14 Reilly Road
 Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-0989	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000								
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	377	E. BLANK	F. BLANK	T. BLANK 1								
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1								
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	E	F	T								
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	NA	1/19/2017 08:25	1/19/2017 10:28	1/17/2017 07:15								
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²	N	N	N	N								
Split ("Y" or "N") ³	N	N	N	N								
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	NA	R1UG2-17	FB1UG2-17	TB1UG2-17								
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	NA	414675014	414675013	414484007								
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatiles Organics</u> Analysis	NA	1/24/2017	1/24/2017	1/20/2017								
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	SIDE	NA	NA	NA								
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHO D	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
24959-67-9	Bromide	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
16887-00-6	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
16984-48-8	Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
S0595- -	Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
14808-79-8	Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
NS1894	Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field		*		*		*		*
S0145- -	Specific Conductance	T	µMH0/cm	Field		*		*		*		*

STANDARD FLAGS:
 * = See Comments
 J = Estimated Value
 B = Analyte found in blank
 A = Average value
 N = Presumptive ID
 D = Concentration from analysis
 of a secondary dilution

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.

²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.

³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.

⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.

⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved

⁶"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.

⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", then describe on "Written Comments Page."

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-0989	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)					377	E. BLANK	F. BLANK	T. BLANK 1				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field		*		*		*		*
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field		*		*		*		*
S0266- -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1		*		*		*		*
S0296- -	pH	T	Units	Field		*		*		*		*
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field		*		*		*		*
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field		*		*		*		*
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.05		<0.05			*
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.003		<0.003			*
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			*
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.0005		<0.0005			*
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.015		<0.015			*
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.2		<0.2			*
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.01		<0.01			*
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			*
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.1		<0.1			*
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			*
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.03		<0.03			*
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470		*	<0.0002		<0.0002			*

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-0989	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					377	E. BLANK	F. BLANK	T. BLANK 1				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
7439-98-7	Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.0005		<0.0005			*
7440-02-0	Nickel	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			*
7440-09-7	Potassium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.3		<0.3			*
7440-16-6	Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7782-49-2	Selenium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7440-22-4	Silver	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-23-5	Sodium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.25		<0.25			*
7440-25-7	Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005	*	<0.005			*
7440-28-0	Thallium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			*
7440-61-1	Uranium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.0002	*	<0.0002			*
7440-62-2	Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.01		<0.01			*
7440-66-6	Zinc	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.01		<0.01			*
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005	*	<0.005	*	<0.005	
67-64-1	Acetone	T	mg/L	8260		*	0.00479	J	0.00509		0.00186	J
107-02-8	Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2	Benzene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7	Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5	Styrene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3	Toluene	T	mg/L	8260		*	0.00042	J	0.00041	J	0.00036	J
74-97-5	Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-0989	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					377	E. BLANK	F. BLANK	T. BLANK 1				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2	Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9	Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260		*	0.0117		0.0117		0.00406	J
110-57-6	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3	Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3	Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260		*	0.00072	J	0.00069	J	0.00138	
74-87-3	Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6	Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5	Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4	Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6	Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-0989	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					377	E. BLANK	F. BLANK	T. BLANK 1				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4	Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1	Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2	Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8	Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011		*	<0.0000199		<0.0000201		<0.0000198	*
78-87-5	Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1	Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7	Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3	PCB, Total	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.101		<0.0943			*
12674-11-2	PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.101		<0.0943			*
11104-28-2	PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.101		<0.0943			*
11141-16-5	PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.101		<0.0943			*
53469-21-9	PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.101		<0.0943			*
12672-29-6	PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.101		<0.0943			*

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-0989	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					377	E. BLANK	F. BLANK	T. BLANK 1				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
11097-69-1	PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.101		<0.0943			*
11096-82-5	PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.101		<0.0943			*
11100-14-4	PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.101		<0.0943			*
12587-46-1	Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310		*	-0.719	*	-0.497	*		*
12587-47-2	Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310		*	1.79	*	-0.25	*		*
10043-66-0	Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3	Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418		*	0.752	*	0.538	*		*
10098-97-2	Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0		*	-2.81	*	-2.82	*		*
14133-76-7	Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC		*	-6.63	*	-5.44	*		*
14269-63-7	Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC		*	-0.035	*	0.834	*		*
10028-17-8	Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0		*	151	*	110	*		*
S0130- -	Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4		*		*		*		*
57-12-5	Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012		*		*		*		*
20461-54-5	Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0		*	<0.5		<0.5			*
S0268- -	Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060		*		*		*		*
S0586- -	Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020		*		*		*		*

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Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000	8004-4792								
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	T. BLANK 2	T. BLANK 3	T. BLANK 4	373								
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	2								
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	T	T	T	NA								
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour:minutes)	1/18/2017 07:05	1/19/2017 08:20	1/25/2017 07:10	1/19/2017 10:23								
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²	N	N	N	Y								
Split ("Y" or "N") ³	N	N	N	N								
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	TB2UG2-17	TB3UG2-17	TB4UG2-17	MW373DUG2-17								
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	414569015	414675015	415054007	414675007								
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatiles Organics</u> Analysis	1/20/2017	1/24/2017	1/31/2017	1/24/2017								
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	NA	NA	NA	UP								
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
24959-67-9	Bromide	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*	0.599	
16887-00-6	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*	47.7	
16984-48-8	Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*	0.197	
S0595- -	Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*	1.12	
14808-79-8	Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*	107	
NS1894	Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field		*		*		*	29.89	
S0145- -	Specific Conductance	T	µMH0/cm	Field		*		*		*	781	

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis
of a secondary dilution

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.

²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.

³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.

⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.

⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved

⁶"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.

⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", then describe on "Written Comments Page."

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000	8004-4792				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)					T. BLANK 2	T. BLANK 3	T. BLANK 4	373				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field		*		*		*	323.49	
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field		*		*		*	2.27	
S0266- -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1		*		*		*	389	
S0296- -	pH	T	Units	Field		*		*		*	6.25	
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field		*		*		*	279	
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field		*		*		*	14.78	
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	<0.05	
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	<0.003	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	<0.005	
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	0.0285	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	<0.0005	
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	1.51	
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	<0.001	
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	66.4	
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	<0.01	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	0.00021	BJ
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	0.000461	J
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	0.084	J
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	<0.002	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	23.4	
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	0.00379	J
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470		*		*		*	<0.0002	

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000	8004-4792				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					T. BLANK 2	T. BLANK 3	T. BLANK 4	373				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
7439-98-7	Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	<0.0005	
7440-02-0	Nickel	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	0.00152	J
7440-09-7	Potassium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	2.55	
7440-16-6	Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	<0.005	
7782-49-2	Selenium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	<0.005	
7440-22-4	Silver	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	<0.001	
7440-23-5	Sodium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	56.5	
7440-25-7	Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	<0.005	*
7440-28-0	Thallium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	<0.002	
7440-61-1	Uranium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	<0.0002	*
7440-62-2	Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	<0.01	
7440-66-6	Zinc	T	mg/L	6020		*		*		*	<0.01	
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005	*	<0.005		<0.005	*
67-64-1	Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		0.00465	J	0.00908		<0.005	
107-02-8	Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2	Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		0.00083	J	<0.001	
1330-20-7	Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5	Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3	Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		0.00042	J	<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5	Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000	8004-4792				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					T. BLANK 2	T. BLANK 3	T. BLANK 4	373				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2	Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9	Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		0.0112		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3	Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3	Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		0.00071	J	<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3	Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*	<0.001	
79-34-5	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*	<0.001	
71-55-6	Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5	Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4	Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6	Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		0.00874	

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RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

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AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000	8004-4792				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					T. BLANK 2	T. BLANK 3	T. BLANK 4	373				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4	Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1	Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2	Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	*	<0.005	
96-12-8	Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000198	*	<0.0000199		<0.0000196		<0.0000198	
78-87-5	Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*	<0.001	
95-50-1	Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7	Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3	PCB, Total	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*	<0.106	
12674-11-2	PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*	<0.106	
11104-28-2	PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*	<0.106	
11141-16-5	PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*	<0.106	
53469-21-9	PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*	<0.106	
12672-29-6	PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*	<0.106	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4792	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)					T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		T. BLANK 4		373	
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
11097-69-1	PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*	<0.106	
11096-82-5	PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*	<0.106	
11100-14-4	PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*	<0.106	
12587-46-1	Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310		*		*		*	-1.9	*
12587-47-2	Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310		*		*		*	11.9	*
10043-66-0	Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3	Radium-226	T	pCi/L	HASL 300		*		*		*	0.201	*
10098-97-2	Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0		*		*		*	0.547	*
14133-76-7	Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC		*		*		*	32.6	*
14269-63-7	Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC		*		*		*	0.342	*
10028-17-8	Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0		*		*		*	47	*
S0130- -	Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4		*		*		*	9.95	J
57-12-5	Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012		*		*		*	<0.2	
20461-54-5	Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0		*		*		*	<0.5	
S0268- -	Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060		*		*		*	1.5	J
S0586- -	Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020		*		*		*	0.0118	

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4798 MW357	MW357UG2-17	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	LY1	LCS or LCSD recovery outside of control limits AND MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.77. Rad error is 1.77.
		Gross beta		TPU is 3.22. Rad error is 1.48.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.405. Rad error is 0.405.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.08. Rad error is 2.06.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 11.7. Rad error is 10.6.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.769. Rad error is 0.758.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 135. Rad error is 135.
		8004-4799 MW358	MW358UG2-17	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane
PCB, Total	Y2			MS/MSD RPD outside acceptance criteria
PCB-1016	Y2			MS/MSD RPD outside acceptance criteria
PCB-1260	Y2			MS/MSD RPD outside acceptance criteria
Gross alpha	U			Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.55. Rad error is 1.55.
Gross beta				TPU is 4.31. Rad error is 1.49.
Iodine-131				Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
Radium-226				TPU is 0.423. Rad error is 0.422.
Strontium-90	U			Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.99. Rad error is 1.99.
Technetium-99				TPU is 11.7. Rad error is 10.5.
Thorium-230	U			Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.521. Rad error is 0.51.
Tritium	U			Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 129. Rad error is 128.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0981 MW359		Bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Fluoride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sulfate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Specific Conductance		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Static Water Level Elevation		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dissolved Oxygen		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Dissolved Solids		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		pH		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Eh		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Temperature		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Aluminum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Antimony		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Arsenic		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Beryllium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Boron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cadmium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Calcium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chromium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cobalt		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
Copper		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Iron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Lead		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Magnesium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Manganese		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Mercury		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0981 MW359		Molybdenum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nickel		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Potassium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Rhodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Selenium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Silver		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tantalum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thallium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Uranium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vanadium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Zinc		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl acetate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acetone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrolein		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrylonitrile		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Benzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Xylenes		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Styrene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Toluene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Bromodichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tribromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Ethyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Carbon disulfide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Chloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0981	MW359	Chloroform		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methylene bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethylene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromoethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tetrachloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Ethylbenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		2-Hexanone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dibromochloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon tetrachloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichlorofluoromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2,3-Trichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0981 MW359		1,2-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,4-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB, Total		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1016		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1221		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1232		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1242		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1248		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1254		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1260		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1268		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross alpha		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross beta		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodine-131		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Radium-226		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Strontium-90		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Technetium-99		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thorium-230		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tritium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
	Cyanide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Iodide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Total Organic Carbon		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Total Organic Halides		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4800 MW360	MW360UG2-17	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	LY1	LCS or LCSD recovery outside of control limits AND MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		PCB, Total	PY2	Difference between results from two GC columns unacceptable AND MS/MSD RPD outside acceptance criteria.
		PCB-1016	Y2	MS/MSD RPD outside acceptance criteria
		PCB-1242	P	Difference between results from two GC columns unacceptable.
		PCB-1260	Y2	MS/MSD RPD outside acceptance criteria
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.77. Rad error is 1.77.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.21. Rad error is 1.21.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.476. Rad error is 0.475.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.82. Rad error is 2.77.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.86. Rad error is 9.81.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.39. Rad error is 0.384.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 131. Rad error is 129.
		8004-4795 MW361	MW361UG2-17	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane
PCB, Total	Y2			MS/MSD RPD outside acceptance criteria
PCB-1016	Y2			MS/MSD RPD outside acceptance criteria
PCB-1260	Y2			MS/MSD RPD outside acceptance criteria
Gross alpha	U			Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.54. Rad error is 1.54.
Gross beta				TPU is 4.16. Rad error is 1.48.
Iodine-131				Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
Radium-226				TPU is 0.395. Rad error is 0.395.
Strontium-90	U			Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.26. Rad error is 3.21.
Technetium-99				TPU is 11.9. Rad error is 10.3.
Thorium-230	U			Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.346. Rad error is 0.342.
Tritium	U			Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 126. Rad error is 126.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0986 MW362	MW362UG2-17	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	LY1	LCS or LCSD recovery outside of control limits AND MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.03. Rad error is 2.98.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.52. Rad error is 1.52.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.664. Rad error is 0.663.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.3. Rad error is 2.3.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.4. Rad error is 9.4.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.995. Rad error is 0.974.
8004-4796 MW363	MW363UG2-17	Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 127. Rad error is 126.
		1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	LY1	LCS or LCSD recovery outside of control limits AND MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.7. Rad error is 1.68.
		Gross beta		TPU is 1.32. Rad error is 1.11.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.426. Rad error is 0.426.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.5. Rad error is 2.44.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.93. Rad error is 9.87.
8004-4797 MW364	MW364UG2-17	Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.798. Rad error is 0.789.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 121. Rad error is 121.
		Tantalum	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Uranium	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Vinyl acetate	L	LCS or LCSD recovery outside of control limits
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.29. Rad error is 2.28.
		Gross beta		TPU is 4.99. Rad error is 3.16.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.396. Rad error is 0.396.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.96. Rad error is 2.94.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 11.8. Rad error is 10.6.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.807. Rad error is 0.797.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 128. Rad error is 127.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0984 MW365	MW365UG2-17	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	LY1	LCS or LCSD recovery outside of control limits AND MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.27. Rad error is 2.27.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.42. Rad error is 2.42.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.419. Rad error is 0.419.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.44. Rad error is 1.43.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.59. Rad error is 9.57.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.572. Rad error is 0.572.
8004-0982 MW366	MW366UG2-17	Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 129. Rad error is 129.
		Tantalum	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Uranium	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Vinyl acetate	L	LCS or LCSD recovery outside of control limits
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.31. Rad error is 2.31.
		Gross beta		TPU is 6.47. Rad error is 3.44.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	T	Tracer recovery outside control limits of 30-110%. TPU is 0.39. Rad error is 0.39.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.76. Rad error is 1.76.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 11.7. Rad error is 10.4.
8004-4793 MW367	MW367UG2-17	Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.56. Rad error is 0.559.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 124. Rad error is 124.
		Magnesium	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		1,2-Dibromoethane	Y1	MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	Y1	MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Y1	MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	Y1	MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.78. Rad error is 2.77.
		Gross beta		TPU is 4.7. Rad error is 3.56.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.682. Rad error is 0.679.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.56. Rad error is 2.56.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 11.7. Rad error is 11.3.
Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.93. Rad error is 2.9.		
Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 152. Rad error is 152.		

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0983 MW368	MW368UG2-17	Magnesium	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
		1,2-Dibromoethane	Y1	MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	Y1	MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Y1	MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	Y1	MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.66. Rad error is 2.65.
		Gross beta		TPU is 1.7. Rad error is 1.54.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.447. Rad error is 0.446.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.4. Rad error is 2.4.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 10.4. Rad error is 10.4.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.66. Rad error is 3.64.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 155. Rad error is 154.
8004-4820 MW369	MW369UG2-17	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	LY1	LCS or LCSD recovery outside of control limits AND MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.03. Rad error is 3.
		Gross beta		TPU is 2.69. Rad error is 2.25.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.6. Rad error is 0.599.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.86. Rad error is 1.84.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12.4. Rad error is 12.1.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.7. Rad error is 0.699.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 127. Rad error is 127.
8004-4818 MW370	MW370UG2-17	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	LY1	LCS or LCSD recovery outside of control limits AND MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.14. Rad error is 2.08.
		Gross beta		TPU is 7.73. Rad error is 1.93.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.529. Rad error is 0.529.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.56. Rad error is 2.53.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 17.6. Rad error is 15.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.779. Rad error is 0.773.
Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 121. Rad error is 121.		

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8004-4819 MW371	MW371UG2-17	1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	LY1	LCS or LCSD recovery outside of control limits AND MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.59. Rad error is 2.56.
		Gross beta		TPU is 1.33. Rad error is 1.27.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.462. Rad error is 0.461.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.37. Rad error is 2.34.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.22. Rad error is 9.22.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.864. Rad error is 0.849.
8004-4808 MW372	MW372UG2-17	Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 120. Rad error is 120.
		Tantalum	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Uranium	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Vinyl acetate	L	LCS or LCSD recovery outside of control limits
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.13. Rad error is 2.13.
		Gross beta		TPU is 3.65. Rad error is 2.77.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.427. Rad error is 0.426.
8004-4792 MW373	MW373UG2-17	Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.53. Rad error is 2.53.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12.1. Rad error is 11.8.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.893. Rad error is 0.886.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 125. Rad error is 125.
		Tantalum	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Uranium	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Vinyl acetate	L	LCS or LCSD recovery outside of control limits
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.41. Rad error is 2.39.
		Gross beta		TPU is 3.99. Rad error is 3.09.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.349. Rad error is 0.348.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.97. Rad error is 1.97.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12. Rad error is 11.4.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.566. Rad error is 0.565.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 125. Rad error is 125.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description		
8004-0990 MW374	MW374UG2-17	Tantalum	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits		
		Uranium	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits		
		Vinyl acetate	L	LCS or LCSD recovery outside of control limits		
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.13. Rad error is 2.12.		
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.45. Rad error is 2.44.		
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.472. Rad error is 0.471.		
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.5. Rad error is 1.5.		
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.32. Rad error is 9.32.		
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.23. Rad error is 1.22.		
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 131. Rad error is 131.		
		8004-0985 MW375	MW375UG2-17	Magnesium	E	Result estimated due to matrix interferences.
				1,2-Dibromoethane	Y1	MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	Y1			MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria		
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Y1			MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria		
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	Y1			MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria		
Gross alpha	U			Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.45. Rad error is 2.45.		
Gross beta	U			Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.88. Rad error is 1.88.		
Iodine-131				Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Radium-226				TPU is 0.532. Rad error is 0.532.		
Strontium-90	U			Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.6. Rad error is 2.6.		
Technetium-99	U			Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.87. Rad error is 9.87.		
Thorium-230	U			Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.16. Rad error is 3.14.		
Tritium	U			Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 157. Rad error is 157.		

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988 MW376		Bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Fluoride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sulfate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Specific Conductance		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Static Water Level Elevation		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dissolved Oxygen		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Dissolved Solids		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		pH		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Eh		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Temperature		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Aluminum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Antimony		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Arsenic		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Beryllium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Boron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cadmium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Calcium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chromium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cobalt		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
Copper		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Iron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Lead		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Magnesium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Manganese		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Mercury		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988 MW376		Molybdenum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nickel		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Potassium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Rhodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Selenium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Silver		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tantalum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thallium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Uranium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vanadium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Zinc		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl acetate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acetone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrolein		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrylonitrile		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Benzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Xylenes		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Styrene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Toluene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Bromodichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tribromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Ethyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
Carbon disulfide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Chloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988 MW376		Chloroform		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methylene bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethylene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromoethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tetrachloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Ethylbenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		2-Hexanone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dibromochloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon tetrachloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Trichlorofluoromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	1,2,3-Trichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	

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8004-0988 MW376		1,2-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,4-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB, Total		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1016		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1221		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1232		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1242		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1248		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1254		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1260		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1268		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross alpha		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross beta		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodine-131		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Radium-226		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Strontium-90		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Technetium-99		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thorium-230		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tritium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
	Cyanide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Iodide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Total Organic Carbon		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Total Organic Halides		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	

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8004-0989 MW377		Bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Fluoride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sulfate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Specific Conductance		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Static Water Level Elevation		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dissolved Oxygen		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Dissolved Solids		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		pH		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Eh		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Temperature		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Aluminum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Antimony		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Arsenic		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Beryllium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Boron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cadmium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Calcium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chromium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cobalt		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
Copper		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Iron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Lead		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Magnesium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Manganese		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Mercury		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		

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8004-0989 MW377		Molybdenum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nickel		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Potassium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Rhodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Selenium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Silver		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tantalum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thallium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Uranium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vanadium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Zinc		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl acetate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acetone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrolein		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrylonitrile		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Benzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Xylenes		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Styrene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Toluene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Bromodichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tribromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Ethyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Carbon disulfide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Chloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		

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8004-0989 MW377		Chloroform		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methylene bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethylene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromoethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tetrachloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Ethylbenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		2-Hexanone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dibromochloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon tetrachloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
	1,2-Dichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Trichlorofluoromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	1,2,3-Trichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989 MW377		1,2-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,4-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB, Total		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1016		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1221		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1232		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1242		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1248		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1254		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1260		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1268		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross alpha		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross beta		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodine-131		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Radium-226		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Strontium-90		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Technetium-99		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thorium-230		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tritium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
	Cyanide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Iodide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Total Organic Carbon		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Total Organic Halides		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	RI1UG2-17	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Uranium	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Vinyl acetate	L	LCS or LCSD recovery outside of control limits
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.678. Rad error is 0.676.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.75. Rad error is 2.73.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.505. Rad error is 0.504.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.03. Rad error is 2.03.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.33. Rad error is 9.33.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.665. Rad error is 0.663.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 135. Rad error is 132.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		

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GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	FB1UG2-17	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Vinyl acetate	L	LCS or LCSD recovery outside of control limits
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.18. Rad error is 2.18.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.1. Rad error is 2.1.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.411. Rad error is 0.411.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.69. Rad error is 2.69.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 10.1. Rad error is 10.1.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.07. Rad error is 1.05.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 130. Rad error is 128.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB1UG2-17	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB1UG2-17	Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	LY1	LCS or LCSD recovery outside of control limits AND MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB2UG2-17	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB2UG2-17	Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	LY1	LCS or LCSD recovery outside of control limits AND MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB3UG2-17	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB3UG2-17	Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Vinyl acetate	L	LCS or LCSD recovery outside of control limits
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB4UG2-17	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB4UG2-17	Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		1,2-Dibromoethane	Y1	MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	Y1	MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Y1	MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	Y1	MS/MSD recovery outside acceptance criteria
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
8004-4792 MW373	MW373DUG2-17	Tantalum	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Uranium	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Vinyl acetate	L	LCS or LCSD recovery outside of control limits
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.7. Rad error is 1.7.
		Gross beta		TPU is 3.21. Rad error is 2.55.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.29. Rad error is 0.29.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.73. Rad error is 1.73.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 14. Rad error is 13.5.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.814. Rad error is 0.807.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 129. Rad error is 128.

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APPENDIX D
STATISTICAL ANALYSES AND
QUALIFICATION STATEMENT

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GROUNDWATER STATISTICAL COMMENTS

Introduction

The statistical analyses conducted on the first quarter 2017 groundwater data collected from the C-746-U Landfill monitoring wells (MWs) were performed in accordance with Permit GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 3, using the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidance document, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989).

The statistical evaluation was conducted separately for the three groundwater systems: the Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS), the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA), and the Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA). For each groundwater system, data from wells considered to represent background conditions were compared with test wells (downgradient or sidegradient wells) (Exhibit D.1). The first quarter 2017 data used to conduct the statistical analyses were collected in January 2017. The statistical analyses for this report first used data from the first eight quarters that had been sampled for each parameter to develop the historical background value, beginning with the first two baseline sampling events in 2002, when available. Then a second set of statistical analyses was run on analytes that had at least one downgradient well that had exceeded the historical background using the last eight quarters. The sampling dates associated with both the historical and the current background data are listed next to the result in the statistical analysis sheets of this appendix.

Statistical Analysis Process

Constituents of concern that have Kentucky maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) and results that do not exceed their respective MCL are not included in the statistical evaluation. Parameters that have MCLs can be found in 401 KAR 47:030 § 6. For parameters with no established MCL and those parameters that exceed their MCLs, the most recent results are compared to historical background concentrations, as follows: the data are divided into censored and uncensored observations. The one-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted only on parameters that have at least one uncensored (detected) observation. The current result is compared to the results of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test to determine if the current data exceed the historical background concentration calculated using the first eight quarters of data.

For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted. The test well results are compared to both an upper and lower tolerance limit (TL) to determine if statistically significant deviations in concentrations exist with respect to upgradient (background) well data from the first eight quarters. The tolerance interval statistical analysis is conducted separately for each parameter in each well (no pooling of downgradient data).

Statistical analyses are performed on the first eight quarters of historical background data, not on the data for the current quarter. Once a statistical result is obtained using the background data, the result for the

current quarter is compared to that value. If the value is exceeded, the well is considered to have an exceedance of the statistically derived historical background concentration.

For those parameters that are determined to exceed the historical background concentration, a second one-sided tolerance interval statistical test, or a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test in the case of pH, is conducted. The second one-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted to determine whether the current concentration in downgradient wells exceeds the current background, as determined by a comparison against the statistically derived upper TL using the most recent eight quarters of data for the relevant background wells. For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted, if required. The test well pH results are compared to both an upper and lower TL to determine if the current pH is different from the current background level to a statistically significant level. The tolerance interval statistical analysis is conducted separately for each parameter in each well (no pooling of downgradient data).

Statistical analyses are performed on the last eight quarters of current background data, not on the data for the current quarter. Once a statistical result is obtained using the background data, the result for the current quarter is compared to that value. If the value is exceeded, the well has an exceedance of the statistically derived current background concentration.

A stepwise list of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical procedure applied to the data is summarized below.¹

1. The TL is calculated for the background data (first using the first eight quarters, then using the last eight quarters, if required).
 - For each parameter, the background data are used to establish a baseline. On this data set, the mean (X) and the standard deviation (S) are computed.
 - The data set is checked for normality using coefficient of variation (CV). If $CV \leq 1.0$, then the data are assumed to be normally distributed. Data sets with $CV > 1.0$ are assumed to be log-normally distributed; for data sets with $CV > 1.0$, the data are log-transformed and analyzed.
 - The factor (K) for one-sided upper TL with 95% minimum coverage is determined (Table 5, Appendix B, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance*, 1989) based on the number of background data points.
 - The one-sided upper TL is calculated using the following equation:
$$TL = X + (K \times S)$$
2. Each observation from downgradient wells is compared to the calculated one-sided upper TL in Step 1. If an observation value exceeds the TL, then there is statistically significant evidence that the well concentration exceeds the historical background.

¹ For pH, two-sided TLs (upper and lower) were calculated with an adjusted K factor using the following equations:

$$\text{upper TL} = X + (K \times S)$$

$$\text{lower TL} = X - (K \times S)$$

Type of Data Used

Exhibit D.1 presents the upgradient or background wells (identified as “BG”), the downgradient or test wells (identified as “TW”), and the sidegradient wells (identified as “SG”) for the C-746-U Contained Landfill. Exhibit D.2 presents the parameters from the available data set for which a statistical test was performed using the one-sided tolerance interval.

Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5 list the number of analyses (observations), nondetects (censored observations), detects (uncensored observations), by parameter in the UCRS, the URGA, and the LRGA, respectively. Those parameters displayed with bold-face type indicate the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test was performed. The data presented in Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5 were collected during the current quarter, first quarter 2017. The observations are representative of the current quarter data. Background data are presented in Attachments D1 and D2. The sampling dates associated with background data are listed next to the result in Attachments D1 and D2. When field duplicate data are available, the higher of the two readings is retained for further evaluation. When a data point has been rejected following data validation, this result is not used, and the next available data point is used for the background or current quarter data. A result has been considered a nondetect if it has a “U” validation code.

**Exhibit D.1. Station Identification for Monitoring
Wells Analyzed**

Station	Type	Groundwater Unit
MW357	TW	URGA
MW358	TW	LRGA
MW359 ^{a*}	TW	UCRS
MW360	TW	URGA
MW361	TW	LRGA
MW362 ^a	TW	UCRS
MW363	TW	URGA
MW364	TW	LRGA
MW365 ^a	TW	UCRS
MW366	TW	URGA
MW367	TW	LRGA
MW368 ^a	TW	UCRS
MW369	BG	URGA
MW370	BG	LRGA
MW371 ^a	BG	UCRS
MW372	BG	URGA
MW373	BG	LRGA
MW374 ^a	BG	UCRS
MW375 ^a	SG	UCRS
MW376 ^{a*}	SG	UCRS
MW377 ^{a*}	SG	UCRS

^a **NOTE:** The gradients in UCRS wells are downward and, hydrogeologically, UCRS wells are not considered upgradient, downgradient, or sidegradient from the C-746-U Landfill. The UCRS wells identified as upgradient, sidegradient, or downgradient are those wells located in the same general direction as the RGA wells considered to be upgradient, sidegradient, or downgradient.

BG: upgradient or background wells

TW: downgradient or test wells

SG: sidegradient wells

*Well was dry this quarter, and a groundwater sample could not be collected.

Exhibit D.2. List of Parameters Tested Using the One-Sided Upper Tolerance Level Test with Historical Background

Parameters
Acetone
Aluminum
Boron
Bromide
Calcium
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)
Chloride
Cobalt
Conductivity
Copper
Cyanide
Dissolved Oxygen
Dissolved Solids
Iron
Magnesium
Manganese
Molybdenum
Nickel
Oxidation-Reduction Potential
PCB, Total
PCB-1242
pH*
Potassium
Radium-226
Sodium
Sulfate
Technetium-99
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)
Total Organic Halides (TOX)
Trichloroethene
Uranium
Vanadium
Zinc

*For pH, the test well results were compared to both an upper and lower TL to determine if the current result differs to a statistically significant degree from the historical background values.

Exhibit D.3. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—UCRS

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1-Dichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromoethane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichloropropane	6	6	0	No
2-Butanone	6	6	0	No
2-Hexanone	6	6	0	No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	6	6	0	No
Acetone	6	5	1	Yes
Acrolein	6	6	0	No
Acrylonitrile	6	6	0	No
Aluminum	6	1	5	Yes
Antimony	6	6	0	No
Aroclor-1268	6	6	0	No
Beryllium	6	6	0	No
Boron	6	2	4	Yes
Bromide	6	3	3	Yes
Bromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromodichloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromoform	6	6	0	No
Bromomethane	6	6	0	No
Calcium	6	0	6	Yes
Carbon disulfide	6	6	0	No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	6	4	2	Yes
Chloride	6	0	6	Yes
Chlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
Chloroethane	6	6	0	No
Chloroform	6	6	0	No
Chloromethane	6	6	0	No
<i>cis</i> -1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
<i>cis</i> -1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
Cobalt	6	0	6	Yes
Conductivity	6	0	6	Yes
Copper	6	1	5	Yes
Cyanide	6	6	0	No
Dibromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Dibromomethane	6	6	0	No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	6	6	0	No
Dissolved Oxygen	6	0	6	Yes
Dissolved Solids	6	0	6	Yes
Ethylbenzene	6	6	0	No
Iodide	6	6	0	No
Iodomethane	6	6	0	No
Iron	6	0	6	Yes
Magnesium	6	0	6	Yes
Manganese	6	0	6	Yes
Methylene chloride	6	6	0	No

Exhibit D.3. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—UCRS (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Molybdenum	6	2	4	Yes
Nickel	6	0	6	Yes
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	6	0	6	Yes
PCB, Total	6	4	2	Yes
PCB-1016	6	6	0	No
PCB-1221	6	6	0	No
PCB-1232	6	6	0	No
PCB-1242	6	4	2	Yes
PCB-1248	6	6	0	No
PCB-1254	6	6	0	No
PCB-1260	6	6	0	No
pH	6	0	6	Yes
Potassium	6	0	6	Yes
Radium-226	6	3	3	Yes
Rhodium	6	6	0	No
Sodium	6	0	6	Yes
Styrene	6	6	0	No
Sulfate	6	0	6	Yes
Tantalum	6	6	0	No
Technetium-99	6	6	0	No
Tetrachloroethene	6	6	0	No
Thallium	6	6	0	No
Thorium-230	6	6	0	No
Toluene	6	6	0	No
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	6	0	6	Yes
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	6	0	6	Yes
<i>trans</i> -1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
<i>trans</i> -1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
<i>trans</i> -1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	6	6	0	No
Trichlorofluoromethane	6	6	0	No
Uranium	6	2	4	Yes
Vanadium	6	4	2	Yes
Vinyl Acetate	6	6	0	No
Zinc	6	4	2	Yes

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Exhibit D.4. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—URGA

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1-Dichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromoethane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichloropropane	6	6	0	No
2-Butanone	6	6	0	No
2-Hexanone	6	6	0	No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	6	6	0	No
Acetone	6	6	0	No
Acrolein	6	6	0	No
Acrylonitrile	6	6	0	No
Aluminum	6	3	3	Yes
Antimony	6	6	0	No
Aroclor-1268	6	6	0	No
Beryllium	6	6	0	No
Boron	6	0	6	Yes
Bromide	6	0	6	Yes
Bromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromodichloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromoform	6	6	0	No
Bromomethane	6	6	0	No
Calcium	6	0	6	Yes
Carbon disulfide	6	6	0	No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	6	5	1	Yes
Chloride	6	0	6	Yes
Chlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
Chloroethane	6	6	0	No
Chloroform	6	6	0	No
Chloromethane	6	6	0	No
<i>cis</i> -1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
<i>cis</i> -1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
Cobalt	6	2	4	Yes
Conductivity	6	0	6	Yes
Copper	6	2	4	Yes
Cyanide	6	6	0	No
Dibromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Dibromomethane	6	6	0	No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	6	6	0	No
Dissolved Oxygen	6	0	6	Yes
Dissolved Solids	6	0	6	Yes
Ethylbenzene	6	6	0	No
Iodide	6	6	0	No
Iodomethane	6	6	0	No
Iron	6	1	5	Yes
Magnesium	6	0	6	Yes
Manganese	6	1	5	Yes
Methylene chloride	6	6	0	No

Exhibit D.4. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—URGA (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Molybdenum	6	4	2	Yes
Nickel	6	0	6	Yes
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	6	0	6	Yes
PCB, Total	6	3	3	Yes
PCB-1016	6	6	0	No
PCB-1221	6	6	0	No
PCB-1232	6	6	0	No
PCB-1242	6	3	3	Yes
PCB-1248	6	6	0	No
PCB-1254	6	6	0	No
PCB-1260	6	6	0	No
pH	6	0	6	Yes
Potassium	6	0	6	Yes
Radium-226	6	2	4	Yes
Rhodium	6	6	0	No
Sodium	6	0	6	Yes
Styrene	6	6	0	No
Sulfate	6	0	6	Yes
Tantalum	6	6	0	No
Technetium-99	6	2	4	Yes
Tetrachloroethene	6	6	0	No
Thallium	6	6	0	No
Thorium-230	6	6	0	No
Toluene	6	6	0	No
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	6	0	6	Yes
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	6	0	6	Yes
<i>trans</i> -1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
<i>trans</i> -1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
<i>trans</i> -1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	6	6	0	No
Trichloroethene	6	1	5	Yes
Trichlorofluoromethane	6	6	0	No
Uranium	6	5	1	Yes
Vanadium	6	6	0	No
Vinyl Acetate	6	6	0	No
Zinc	6	3	3	Yes

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Exhibit D.5. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—LRGA

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1-Dichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromoethane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichloropropane	6	6	0	No
2-Butanone	6	6	0	No
2-Hexanone	6	6	0	No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	6	6	0	No
Acetone	6	6	0	No
Acrolein	6	6	0	No
Acrylonitrile	6	6	0	No
Aluminum	6	6	0	No
Antimony	6	6	0	No
Aroclor-1268	6	6	0	No
Beryllium	6	6	0	No
Boron	6	0	6	Yes
Bromide	6	0	6	Yes
Bromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromodichloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromoform	6	6	0	No
Bromomethane	6	6	0	No
Calcium	6	0	6	Yes
Carbon disulfide	6	6	0	No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	6	5	1	Yes
Chloride	6	0	6	Yes
Chlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
Chloroethane	6	6	0	No
Chloroform	6	6	0	No
Chloromethane	6	6	0	No
<i>cis</i> -1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
<i>cis</i> -1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
Cobalt	6	3	3	Yes
Conductivity	6	0	6	Yes
Copper	6	0	6	Yes
Cyanide	6	5	1	Yes
Dibromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Dibromomethane	6	6	0	No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	6	6	0	No
Dissolved Oxygen	6	0	6	Yes
Dissolved Solids	6	0	6	Yes
Ethylbenzene	6	6	0	No
Iodide	6	6	0	No
Iodomethane	6	6	0	No
Iron	6	1	5	Yes
Magnesium	6	0	6	Yes
Manganese	6	0	6	Yes
Methylene chloride	6	6	0	No

Exhibit D.5. Tests Summary for Qualified Parameters—LRGA (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Molybdenum	6	5	1	Yes
Nickel	6	1	5	Yes
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	6	0	6	Yes
PCB, Total	6	6	0	No
PCB-1016	6	6	0	No
PCB-1221	6	6	0	No
PCB-1232	6	6	0	No
PCB-1242	6	6	0	No
PCB-1248	6	6	0	No
PCB-1254	6	6	0	No
PCB-1260	6	6	0	No
pH	6	0	6	Yes
Potassium	6	0	6	Yes
Radium-226	6	3	3	Yes
Rhodium	6	6	0	No
Sodium	6	0	6	Yes
Styrene	6	6	0	No
Sulfate	6	0	6	Yes
Tantalum	6	6	0	No
Technetium-99	6	0	6	Yes
Tetrachloroethene	6	6	0	No
Thallium	6	6	0	No
Thorium-230	6	6	0	No
Toluene	6	6	0	No
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	6	0	6	Yes
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	6	1	5	Yes
<i>trans</i> -1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
<i>trans</i> -1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
<i>trans</i> -1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	6	6	0	No
Trichloroethene	6	0	6	Yes
Trichlorofluoromethane	6	6	0	No
Uranium	6	5	1	Yes
Vanadium	6	6	0	No
Vinyl Acetate	6	6	0	No
Zinc	6	3	3	Yes

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Discussion of Results from Historical Background Comparison

For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the concentrations of this quarter were compared to the results of the one-sided upper tolerance interval test calculated using historical background and are presented in Attachment D1. The statistician qualification statement is presented in Attachment D3. For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the test was applied to 30, 30, and 28 parameters, respectively, including those listed in bold print in Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5, which includes trichloroethene that exceeded the MCL in four wells. A summary of exceedances when compared to statistically derived historical upgradient background by well number is shown in Exhibit D.6.

UCRS

This quarter’s results identified historical background exceedances for dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, and sulfate.

URGA

This quarter’s results identified historical background exceedances for chemical oxygen demand, dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, and sodium.

LRGA

This quarter’s results identified historical background exceedances for oxidation-reduction potential and technetium-99.

Statistical Summary

Summaries of the results of the statistical tests conducted on data obtained from wells in the UCRS, the URGA, and in the LRGA in comparison to historical data are presented in Exhibit D.7, Exhibit D.8, and Exhibit D.9, respectively.

Exhibit D.6. Summary of Exceedances of Statistically Derived Historical Background Concentrations

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
MW362: Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	MW357: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential	MW358: Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Technetium-99
MW365: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	MW360: Chemical Oxygen Demand, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sodium	MW361: Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Technetium-99
MW368: Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	MW363: Oxidation-Reduction Potential	MW364: Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW371: Oxidation-Reduction Potential	MW366: Oxidation-Reduction Potential	MW367: Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW374: Oxidation-Reduction Potential	MW369: Oxidation-Reduction Potential	MW370: Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Technetium-99
MW375: Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	MW372: Oxidation-Reduction Potential	MW373: Oxidation-Reduction Potential

Exhibit D.7. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—UCRS

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Acetone	Tolerance Interval	2.24	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	2.08	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Boron	Tolerance Interval	1.24	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.34	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.97	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.95	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	1.31	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.45	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Copper	Tolerance Interval	1.27	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.55	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW365.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.42	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Iron	Tolerance Interval	0.98	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.27	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	0.89	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Molybdenum	Tolerance Interval	1.65	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	0.98	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

Exhibit D.7. Tests Summary for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—UCRS (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	3.54	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW362, MW365, MW368, MW371, MW374, and MW375.
PCB, Total	Tolerance Interval	0.92	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
PCB-1242	Tolerance Interval	1.41	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.04	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	0.72	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Radium-226	Tolerance Interval	3.79	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.49	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW362, MW365, MW368, and MW375.
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	1.38	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	1.08	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Uranium	Tolerance Interval	1.68	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Vanadium	Tolerance Interval	1.32	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Zinc	Tolerance Interval	1.38	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

CV: coefficient of variation

*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.

Exhibit D.8. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—URGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	1.24	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Boron	Tolerance Interval	0.84	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.00	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.29	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.10	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW360.
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.10	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	0.84	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.12	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Copper	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.76	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW357.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.16	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Iron	Tolerance Interval	0.95	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.27	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	0.66	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Molybdenum	Tolerance Interval	1.20	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	0.91	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	1.26	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW357, MW360, MW363, MW366, MW369, and MW372.

Exhibit D.8. Tests Summary for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—URGA (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
PCB, Total	Tolerance Interval	0.90	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
PCB-1242	Tolerance Interval	1.36	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.03	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	0.29	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Radium-226	Tolerance Interval	2.61	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.26	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW360.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.75	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	0.87	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	1.23	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	0.95	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Trichloroethene ¹	Tolerance Interval	0.64	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Uranium	Tolerance Interval	0.92	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Zinc	Tolerance Interval	1.49	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

CV: coefficient of variation

*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.

¹ A tolerance interval was calculated based on an MCL exceedance.

Exhibit D.9. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—LRGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Boron	Tolerance Interval	0.68	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.00	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.31	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.59	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.16	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	1.16	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.26	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Copper	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Cyanide	Tolerance Interval	0.00	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.83	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.30	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Iron	Tolerance Interval	0.96	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.34	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	0.62	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Molybdenum	Tolerance Interval	1.20	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	0.90	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	1.31	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW358, MW361, MW364, MW367, MW370, and MW373.

Exhibit D.9. Tests Summary for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—LRGA (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.03	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	0.18	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Radium-226	Tolerance Interval	2.66	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.30	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	1.59	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	1.73	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW358, MW361, and MW370.
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	1.96	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	0.98	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Trichloroethene ¹	Tolerance Interval	0.57	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Uranium	Tolerance Interval	0.78	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Zinc	Tolerance Interval	0.67	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

CV: coefficient of variation

*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.

¹ A tolerance interval was calculated based on an MCL exceedance.

Discussion of Results from Current Background Comparison

For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the concentrations from downgradient wells were compared to the results of the one-sided upper tolerance interval test compared to current background, and are presented in Attachment D2 and the statistician qualification statement is presented in Attachment D3. For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the test was applied to 3, 4, and 2 parameters, respectively, because these parameter concentrations exceeded the historical background TL. A summary of instances where downgradient well concentrations exceeded the TL calculated using current background data is shown in Exhibit D.10, presented by well number.

Exhibit D.10. Summary of Exceedances (in Downgradient Wells) of the TL Calculated Using Current Background Concentrations

URGA
Chemical Oxygen Demand in MW360
Dissolved Oxygen in MW357
Sodium in MW360

UCRS

Because gradients in the UCRS are downward (vertical), there are no hydrogeologically downgradient UCRS wells. It should be noted, however, that sulfate concentrations in three UCRS wells (i.e., MW362, MW365, and MW368) were higher than the current TL this quarter.

URGA

This quarter's results showed an exceedance of chemical oxygen demand in MW360, dissolved oxygen in MW357, and sodium in MW360; these wells are located downgradient of the landfill.

LRGA

This quarter's results showed no exceedances in wells located downgradient of the landfill.

Statistical Summary

Summaries of the statistical tests conducted on data obtained from wells in the UCRS, the URGA, and the LRGA are presented in Exhibit D.11, Exhibit D.12, and Exhibit D.13, respectively.

Exhibit D.11. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Current Background—UCRS

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.61	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.42	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.61	Because gradients in the UCRS are downward (vertical), there are no hydrogeologically downgradient UCRS wells. However, MW362, MW365, MW368, and MW375 exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

CV: coefficient of variation

Exhibit D.12. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Current Background—URGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Chemical Oxygen Demand	Tolerance Interval	0.62	MW360 exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.55	MW357 exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.43	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.10	MW360 exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

CV: coefficient of variation

Exhibit D.13. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Current Background—LRGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.29	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	0.61	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.

CV: coefficient of variation

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ATTACHMENT D1

**COMPARISON OF CURRENT DATA TO
ONE-SIDED UPPER TOLERANCE INTERVAL TEST
CALCULATED USING
HISTORICAL BACKGROUND DATA**

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Historical Background Comparison

Acetone

UNITS: ug/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 49.938 **S**= 111.751 **CV(1)**=2.238 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 331.886 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 2.847 **S**= 1.149 **CV(2)**=0.404 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 5.746 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	18	2.890
4/22/2002	10	2.303
7/15/2002	10	2.303
10/8/2002	15	2.708
1/8/2003	10	2.303
4/3/2003	10	2.303
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/6/2003	10	2.303

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	200	5.298
1/7/2003	26	3.258
4/2/2003	10	2.303
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	430	6.064
1/6/2004	10	2.303
4/7/2004	10	2.303
7/14/2004	10	2.303

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	No	5	N/A	1.609	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	No	5	N/A	1.609	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	No	5	N/A	1.609	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	5	N/A	1.609	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	5	N/A	1.609	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	1.8	N/A	0.588	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Aluminum

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 3.300 S= 6.859 CV(1)=2.078 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 20.604 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.371 S= 1.678 CV(2)=-4.521 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 3.863 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2.24	0.806
4/22/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	21.3	3.059
1/7/2003	20	2.996
4/2/2003	4.11	1.413
7/9/2003	1.41	0.344
10/7/2003	1.09	0.086
1/6/2004	0.854	-0.158
4/7/2004	0.2	-1.609
7/14/2004	0.2	-1.609

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.354	N/A	-1.038	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0378	N/A	-3.275	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.645	N/A	-0.439	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	1.05	N/A	0.049	NO
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.0277	N/A	-3.586	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Boron

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.650 S= 0.805 CV(1)=1.238 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 2.681 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -1.034 S= 1.030 CV(2)=-0.996 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 1.564 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609
Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	2	0.693
1/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
1/6/2004	0.2	-1.609
4/7/2004	0.2	-1.609
7/14/2004	0.2	-1.609

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.0126	N/A	-4.374	NO
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.015	N/A	-4.200	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.0498	N/A	-3.000	NO
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.015	N/A	-4.200	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.0253	N/A	-3.677	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.0124	N/A	-4.390	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.
 S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5
 TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)
 X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Bromide

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.394 S= 0.474 CV(1)=0.340 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 2.590 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 0.279 S= 0.332 CV(2)=1.190 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 1.118 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	1	0.000
7/15/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/8/2003	1	0.000
4/3/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/6/2003	1	0.000
Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	2.1	0.742
1/7/2003	2.1	0.742
4/2/2003	1.9	0.642
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/7/2003	1.9	0.642
1/6/2004	1.9	0.642
4/7/2004	1.8	0.588
7/14/2004	1.6	0.470

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.132	NO	-2.025	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.0686	NO	-2.679	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.784	NO	-0.243	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Calcium

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 34.100 S= 13.637 CV(1)=0.400 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 68.505 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.466 S= 0.356 CV(2)=0.103 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 4.364 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	17.2	2.845
4/22/2002	22.4	3.109
7/15/2002	25.5	3.239
10/8/2002	26.4	3.273
1/8/2003	27.2	3.303
4/3/2003	30.3	3.411
7/9/2003	25.9	3.254
10/6/2003	27	3.296

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	67.3	4.209
1/7/2003	60.6	4.104
4/2/2003	47.2	3.854
7/9/2003	34.7	3.547
10/7/2003	37.1	3.614
1/6/2004	37.7	3.630
4/7/2004	32.2	3.472
7/14/2004	26.9	3.292

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	28.7	NO	3.357	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	23.2	NO	3.144	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	58.3	NO	4.066	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	43.1	NO	3.764	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	23.8	NO	3.170	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	16.1	NO	2.779	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data $X = 72.938$ $S = 70.749$ $CV(1) = 0.970$ $K \text{ factor}^{**} = 2.523$ $TL(1) = 251.437$ $LL(1) = N/A$

Statistics-Transformed Background Data $X = 4.000$ $S = 0.702$ $CV(2) = 0.175$ $K \text{ factor}^{**} = 2.523$ $TL(2) = 5.770$ $LL(2) = N/A$

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35	3.555
4/22/2002	35	3.555
7/15/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/8/2003	35	3.555
4/3/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/6/2003	35	3.555

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	260	5.561
1/7/2003	214	5.366
4/2/2003	147	4.990
7/9/2003	72	4.277
10/7/2003	56	4.025
1/6/2004	68	4.220
4/7/2004	35	3.555
7/14/2004	35	3.555

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	9.95	NO	2.298	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	26.2	NO	3.266	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background \text{ result} - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance*, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Chloride

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 91.300 **S**= 86.959 **CV(1)**=0.952 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 310.697 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 3.620 **S**= 1.590 **CV(2)**=0.439 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 7.631 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	8.3	2.116
10/8/2002	7.6	2.028
1/8/2003	7.7	2.041
4/3/2003	8.8	2.175
7/9/2003	8.1	2.092
10/6/2003	8.6	2.152
1/7/2004	7.6	2.028
4/6/2004	7.6	2.028

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	7.71	NO	2.043	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	3.61	NO	1.284	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	6.75	NO	1.910	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	4.24	NO	1.445	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	65	NO	4.174	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	3.88	NO	1.356	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	199.2	5.294
1/7/2003	199.7	5.297
4/2/2003	171.8	5.146
7/9/2003	178.7	5.186
10/7/2003	175.6	5.168
1/6/2004	170.4	5.138
4/7/2004	156.4	5.052
7/14/2004	144.7	4.975

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Cobalt

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.007 S= 0.009 CV(1)=1.314 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.031 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -5.843 S= 1.392 CV(2)=-0.238 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -2.331 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.01	-4.605
1/7/2003	0.01	-4.605
4/2/2003	0.01	-4.605
7/9/2003	0.00161	-6.432
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
1/6/2004	0.001	-6.908
4/7/2004	0.001	-6.908
7/14/2004	0.001	-6.908

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.000547	N/A	-7.511	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00192	N/A	-6.255	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.000287	N/A	-8.156	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.000206	N/A	-8.488	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.00246	N/A	-6.008	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.000833	N/A	-7.090	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Conductivity

UNITS: umho/cm

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 918.744 S= 417.257 CV(1)=0.454 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 1971.483 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 6.705 S= 0.550 CV(2)=0.082 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 8.092 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	541	6.293
4/22/2002	643	6.466
7/15/2002	632	6.449
10/8/2002	631	6.447
1/8/2003	680	6.522
4/3/2003	749	6.619
7/9/2003	734	6.599
10/6/2003	753	6.624

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1007	6.915
10/8/2002	1680	7.427
1/7/2003	1715.9	7.448
4/2/2003	172	5.147
7/9/2003	1231	7.116
10/7/2003	1214	7.102
1/6/2004	1172	7.066
4/7/2004	1145	7.043

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	770	NO	6.646	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	389	NO	5.964	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	539	NO	6.290	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	698	NO	6.548	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	722	NO	6.582	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	379	NO	5.938	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = \sqrt{[\text{Sum} ((\text{background result}-X)^2)/(\text{count of background results} - 1)]^0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Historical Background Comparison

Copper

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.056 S= 0.072 CV(1)=1.275 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.237 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -3.395 S= 0.915 CV(2)=-0.270 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -1.086 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/6/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/7/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.00155	N/A	-6.470	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0021	N/A	-6.166	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00609	N/A	-5.101	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00113	N/A	-6.786	NO
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00063	N/A	-7.370	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 1.138 **S**= 0.621 **CV(1)**=0.546 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 2.704 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= -0.013 **S**= 0.577 **CV(2)**=-43.069 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 1.441 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2.26	0.815
4/22/2002	1.15	0.140
7/15/2002	0.94	-0.062
10/8/2002	0.74	-0.301
1/8/2003	2.62	0.963
4/3/2003	1.5	0.405
7/9/2003	1.66	0.507
10/6/2003	1.28	0.247

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.6	-0.511
10/8/2002	0.67	-0.400
1/7/2003	0.23	-1.470
4/2/2003	0.65	-0.431
7/9/2003	0.92	-0.083
10/7/2003	0.99	-0.010
1/6/2004	1.11	0.104
4/7/2004	0.88	-0.128

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	2.65	NO	0.975	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	3.01	YES	1.102	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	1.78	NO	0.577	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	2.41	NO	0.880	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	1.43	NO	0.358	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	1.59	NO	0.464	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW365

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Solids

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 590.000 **S**= 248.068 **CV(1)**=0.420 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 1215.876 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 6.308 **S**= 0.383 **CV(2)**=0.061 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 7.274 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	274	5.613
4/22/2002	409	6.014
7/15/2002	418	6.035
10/8/2002	424	6.050
1/8/2003	431	6.066
4/3/2003	444	6.096
7/9/2003	445	6.098
10/6/2003	438	6.082

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	414	NO	6.026	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	251	NO	5.525	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	340	NO	5.829	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	440	NO	6.087	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	367	NO	5.905	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	217	NO	5.380	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	1136	7.035
1/7/2003	1101	7.004
4/2/2003	863	6.760
7/9/2003	682	6.525
10/7/2003	589	6.378
1/6/2004	603	6.402
4/7/2004	601	6.399
7/14/2004	582	6.366

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Iron

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 6.612 S= 6.487 CV(1)=0.981 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 22.979 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.363 S= 1.147 CV(2)=0.841 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.256 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1.31	0.270
4/22/2002	0.913	-0.091
7/15/2002	0.881	-0.127
10/8/2002	3.86	1.351
1/8/2003	1.88	0.631
4/3/2003	3.18	1.157
7/9/2003	0.484	-0.726
10/6/2003	2.72	1.001

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	23	3.135
1/7/2003	13.9	2.632
4/2/2003	14	2.639
7/9/2003	14.2	2.653
10/7/2003	7.92	2.069
1/6/2004	7.86	2.062
4/7/2004	4.82	1.573
7/14/2004	4.87	1.583

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.418	NO	-0.872	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0487	NO	-3.022	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.655	NO	-0.423	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.596	NO	-0.518	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	3.64	NO	1.292	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.232	NO	-1.461	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Magnesium

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 11.347 S= 3.019 CV(1)=0.266 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 18.963 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.401 S= 0.237 CV(2)=0.099 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 2.999 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	7.1	1.960
4/22/2002	9.77	2.279
7/15/2002	10.4	2.342
10/8/2002	10.2	2.322
1/8/2003	10.7	2.370
4/3/2003	11.9	2.477
7/9/2003	10.8	2.380
10/6/2003	10.9	2.389

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	20	2.996
1/7/2003	16.1	2.779
4/2/2003	13.1	2.573
7/9/2003	10.3	2.332
10/7/2003	11.1	2.407
1/6/2004	11	2.398
4/7/2004	9.69	2.271
7/14/2004	8.49	2.139

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	12.9	NO	2.557	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	11.2	NO	2.416	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	17.1	NO	2.839	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	16.1	NO	2.779	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	6.04	NO	1.798	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	5.7	NO	1.740	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Manganese

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.248 S= 0.222 CV(1)=0.894 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.809 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -1.873 S= 1.068 CV(2)=-0.570 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 0.821 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.063	-2.765
4/22/2002	0.067	-2.703
7/15/2002	0.074	-2.604
10/8/2002	0.0521	-2.955
1/8/2003	0.0385	-3.257
4/3/2003	0.0551	-2.899
7/9/2003	0.0546	-2.908
10/6/2003	0.0543	-2.913

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.596	-0.518
1/7/2003	0.565	-0.571
4/2/2003	0.675	-0.393
7/9/2003	0.397	-0.924
10/7/2003	0.312	-1.165
1/6/2004	0.299	-1.207
4/7/2004	0.329	-1.112
7/14/2004	0.342	-1.073

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.0201	NO	-3.907	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00607	NO	-5.104	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.0301	NO	-3.503	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.0051	NO	-5.279	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.287	NO	-1.248	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.0138	NO	-4.283	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Molybdenum

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.006 S= 0.010 CV(1)= 1.650 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.030 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -6.108 S= 1.239 CV(2)=-0.203 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -2.983 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/8/2003	0.00121	-6.717
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.00111	-6.803
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.00222	-6.110
1/7/2003	0.00201	-6.210
4/2/2003	0.00159	-6.444
7/9/2003	0.00242	-6.024
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
1/6/2004	0.001	-6.908
4/7/2004	0.001	-6.908
7/14/2004	0.001	-6.908

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.00228	N/A	-6.084	NO
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00161	N/A	-6.432	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00152	N/A	-6.489	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.00047	N/A	-7.663	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Nickel

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.023 S= 0.022 CV(1)=0.980 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 0.078 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -4.349 S= 1.109 CV(2)=-0.255 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= -1.552 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/22/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.0124	-4.390
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/6/2003	0.005	-5.298

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.05	-2.996
1/7/2003	0.05	-2.996
4/2/2003	0.05	-2.996
7/9/2003	0.00794	-4.836
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
1/6/2004	0.005	-5.298
4/7/2004	0.005	-5.298
7/14/2004	0.005	-5.298

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.00195	NO	-6.240	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00615	NO	-5.091	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00209	NO	-6.171	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.0017	NO	-6.377	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.00186	NO	-6.287	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00157	NO	-6.457	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Historical Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential

UNITS: mV

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 22.281 S= 78.889 CV(1)=3.541 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 221.319 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.642 S= 1.729 CV(2)=0.475 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 5.106 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	75	4.317
4/22/2002	165	5.106
7/15/2002	65	4.174
4/3/2003	-19	#Func!
7/9/2003	114	4.736
10/6/2003	-22	#Func!
1/7/2004	20.5	3.020
4/6/2004	113	4.727

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	135	4.905
4/2/2003	-56	#Func!
7/9/2003	-68	#Func!
10/7/2003	-50	#Func!
1/6/2004	-85	#Func!
4/7/2004	6	1.792
7/14/2004	-38	#Func!
10/7/2004	1	0.000

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	243	N/A	5.493	YES
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	348	N/A	5.852	YES
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	260	N/A	5.561	YES
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	410	N/A	6.016	YES
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	187	N/A	5.231	YES
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	275	N/A	5.617	YES

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

- MW362
- MW365
- MW368
- MW371
- MW374
- MW375

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results -1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

PCB, Total

UNITS: UG/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.224 S= 0.207 CV(1)=0.922 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 0.746 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -1.647 S= 0.440 CV(2)=-0.267 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= -0.537 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/15/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/9/2003	0.17	-1.772
10/6/2003	0.17	-1.772
7/13/2004	0.18	-1.715
7/25/2005	0.17	-1.772
4/5/2006	0.18	-1.715

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/9/2003	0.17	-1.772
10/7/2003	0.17	-1.772
7/14/2004	0.18	-1.715
7/26/2005	0.17	-1.772
4/6/2006	0.18	-1.715
7/10/2006	0.17	-1.772
10/12/2006	0.17	-1.772
1/8/2007	0.17	-1.772

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0675	NO	-2.696	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.0796	NO	-2.531	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.0962	N/A	-2.341	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U First Quarter 2017 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison
PCB-1242 UNITS: UG/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.159 S= 0.224 CV(1)= 1.409 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.726 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -2.134 S= 0.579 CV(2)=-0.272 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -0.672 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/15/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/9/2003	0.13	-2.040
10/6/2003	0.09	-2.408
7/13/2004	0.1	-2.303
7/25/2005	0.09	-2.408
4/5/2006	0.1	-2.303

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/9/2003	0.13	-2.040
10/7/2003	0.09	-2.408
7/14/2004	0.1	-2.303
7/26/2005	0.1	-2.303
4/6/2006	0.1	-2.303
7/10/2006	0.1	-2.303
10/12/2006	0.1	-2.303
1/8/2007	0.1	-2.303

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0675	N/A	-2.696	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.0796	N/A	-2.531	NO
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.0962	N/A	-2.341	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

pH

UNITS: Std Unit

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 6.619 S= 0.295 CV(1)=0.045 K factor**= 2.904 TL(1)= 7.475 LL(1)=5.7635

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.889 S= 0.046 CV(2)=0.024 K factor**= 2.904 TL(2)= 2.023 LL(2)=1.7548

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	6.3	1.841
4/22/2002	6.5	1.872
7/15/2002	6.5	1.872
10/8/2002	6.6	1.887
1/8/2003	6.6	1.887
4/3/2003	6.9	1.932
7/9/2003	6.7	1.902
10/6/2003	7	1.946

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5.75	1.749
10/8/2002	6.6	1.887
1/7/2003	6.82	1.920
4/2/2003	6.86	1.926
7/9/2003	6.7	1.902
10/7/2003	6.6	1.887
1/6/2004	6.9	1.932
4/7/2004	6.58	1.884

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)? Result <LL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)? LN(Result) <LL(2)?
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	6.54	NO	1.878	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	6.3	NO	1.841	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	6.44	NO	1.863	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	6.62	NO	1.890	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	6.5	NO	1.872	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	6.62	NO	1.890	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Potassium

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.262 S= 0.907 CV(1)=0.718 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 3.549 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.023 S= 0.752 CV(2)=-32.218 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 1.874 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.408	-0.896
1/8/2003	0.384	-0.957
4/3/2003	0.368	-1.000
7/9/2003	0.587	-0.533
10/6/2003	0.382	-0.962

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	3.04	1.112
1/7/2003	2.83	1.040
4/2/2003	2	0.693
7/9/2003	1.09	0.086
10/7/2003	0.802	-0.221
1/6/2004	0.897	-0.109
4/7/2004	0.689	-0.373
7/14/2004	0.716	-0.334

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.459	NO	-0.779	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.27	NO	-1.309	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	1.05	NO	0.049	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.657	NO	-0.420	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.584	NO	-0.538	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.237	NO	-1.440	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Radium-226

UNITS: pCi/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 3.560 S= 13.483 CV(1)=3.787 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 37.577 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -1.189 S= 1.742 CV(2)=-1.465 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 3.991 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371		
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)	
7/15/2002	54.1	3.991	
10/8/2002	0.0937	-2.368	
1/8/2003	0.378	-0.973	
10/6/2003	0.179	-1.720	
1/7/2004	0.898	-0.108	
4/6/2004	0.108	-2.226	
7/13/2004	-0.149	#Func!	
10/7/2004	0.154	-1.871	

Well Number:	MW374		
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)	
10/8/2002	0.298	-1.211	
1/7/2003	-0.844	#Func!	
10/7/2003	0.806	-0.216	
1/6/2004	0.0306	-3.487	
4/7/2004	0.35	-1.050	
7/14/2004	0.273	-1.298	
10/7/2004	0.205	-1.585	
1/11/2005	0.0799	-2.527	

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.728	N/A	-0.317	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.44	N/A	-0.821	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.657	N/A	-0.420	NO
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.489	N/A	-0.715	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.728	N/A	-0.317	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.751	N/A	-0.286	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Sodium

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 183.063 **S**= 73.222 **CV(1)**=0.400 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 367.800 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 5.146 **S**= 0.356 **CV(2)**=0.069 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 6.044 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371		
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	129	4.860
4/22/2002	131	4.875
7/15/2002	127	4.844
10/8/2002	123	4.812
1/8/2003	128	4.852
4/3/2003	144	4.970
7/9/2003	126	4.836
10/6/2003	120	4.787

Well Number: MW374		
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	336	5.817
1/7/2003	329	5.796
4/2/2003	287	5.659
7/9/2003	181	5.198
10/7/2003	182	5.204
1/6/2004	206	5.328
4/7/2004	182	5.204
7/14/2004	198	5.288

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	166	NO	5.112	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	54.6	NO	4.000	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	41.9	NO	3.735	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	123	NO	4.812	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	137	NO	4.920	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	64.2	NO	4.162	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.
 S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$
 TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$
 X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Sulfate

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 6.469 **S**= 3.153 **CV(1)**=0.487 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 14.423 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 1.794 **S**= 0.357 **CV(2)**=0.199 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 2.694 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	16.3	2.791
4/22/2002	8.6	2.152
7/15/2002	6.7	1.902
10/8/2002	5	1.609
1/8/2003	5	1.609
4/3/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	5	1.609
10/6/2003	5	1.609

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	5	1.609
1/7/2003	5	1.609
4/2/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	5.6	1.723
10/7/2003	5	1.609
1/6/2004	5	1.609
4/7/2004	11.3	2.425
7/14/2004	5	1.609

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	27.3	YES	3.307	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	63.4	YES	4.149	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	70.3	YES	4.253	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	13.1	NO	2.573	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	4.83	NO	1.575	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	30.6	YES	3.421	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

- MW362
- MW365
- MW368
- MW375

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Total Organic Carbon (TOC)

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 17.631 S= 24.314 CV(1)=1.379 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 78.977 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.318 S= 0.979 CV(2)=0.422 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 4.788 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	11.1	2.407
4/22/2002	7	1.946
7/15/2002	4.1	1.411
10/8/2002	6	1.792
1/8/2003	5.3	1.668
4/3/2003	5.3	1.668
7/9/2003	2.9	1.065
10/6/2003	3.2	1.163

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	90	4.500
1/7/2003	64	4.159
4/2/2003	25	3.219
7/9/2003	16	2.773
10/7/2003	13	2.565
1/6/2004	10	2.303
4/7/2004	7.2	1.974
7/14/2004	12	2.485

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	2.82	N/A	1.037	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	1.8	N/A	0.588	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	1.71	N/A	0.536	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	2.4	N/A	0.875	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	2.77	N/A	1.019	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	1.5	N/A	0.405	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results -1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U First Quarter 2017 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Halides (TOX)

UNITS: ug/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data $X = 214.094$ $S = 231.089$ $CV(1) = 1.079$ $K \text{ factor}^{**} = 2.523$ $TL(1) = 797.131$ $LL(1) = N/A$

Statistics-Transformed Background Data $X = 4.867$ $S = 1.065$ $CV(2) = 0.219$ $K \text{ factor}^{**} = 2.523$ $TL(2) = 7.554$ $LL(2) = N/A$

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	50	3.912
4/22/2002	105	4.654
7/15/2002	70	4.248
10/8/2002	52	3.951
1/8/2003	20.2	3.006
4/3/2003	104	4.644
7/9/2003	34.2	3.532
10/6/2003	46.1	3.831

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	903	6.806
1/7/2003	539	6.290
4/2/2003	295	5.687
7/9/2003	272	5.606
10/7/2003	197	5.283
1/6/2004	330	5.799
4/7/2004	183	5.209
7/14/2004	225	5.416

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	23.9	N/A	3.174	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	21.1	N/A	3.049	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	18.4	N/A	2.912	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	3.78	N/A	1.330	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	25.6	N/A	3.243	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	16.9	N/A	2.827	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background \text{ result} - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Uranium

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.007 S= 0.012 CV(1)= 1.678 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.037 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -5.884 S= 1.299 CV(2)=-0.221 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -2.607 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.001	-6.908
4/22/2002	0.001	-6.908
7/15/2002	0.001	-6.908
10/8/2002	0.027	-3.612
1/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.00109	-6.822
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.0438	-3.128
1/7/2003	0.011	-4.510
4/2/2003	0.00905	-4.705
7/9/2003	0.00694	-4.970
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
1/6/2004	0.00315	-5.760
4/7/2004	0.00258	-5.960
7/14/2004	0.0018	-6.320

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.00611	N/A	-5.098	NO
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.000129	N/A	-8.956	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.000241	N/A	-8.331	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00133	N/A	-6.623	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.000098	N/A	-9.231	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.0002	N/A	-8.517	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Vanadium

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.055 S= 0.072 CV(1)=1.319 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.237 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -3.438 S= 0.912 CV(2)=-0.265 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -1.138 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/6/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/7/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.0112	N/A	-4.492	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00835	N/A	-4.785	NO
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Zinc

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.060 S= 0.083 CV(1)=1.380 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.270 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -3.259 S= 0.840 CV(2)=-0.258 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -1.140 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/22/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/15/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/8/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/3/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.0376	-3.281
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/7/2003	0.35	-1.050
4/2/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/6/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/7/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW359	Downgradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00462	N/A	-5.377	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00438	N/A	-5.431	NO
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Aluminum

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.625 S= 0.774 CV(1)= 1.239 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 2.578 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.973 S= 0.935 CV(2)=-0.961 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 1.386 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.255	-1.366
4/22/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.322	-1.133
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.689	-0.373

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	2.61	0.959
4/23/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/16/2002	1.14	0.131
10/8/2002	0.862	-0.149
1/7/2003	2.32	0.842
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.0317	N/A	-3.451	NO
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0694	N/A	-2.668	NO
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.0749	N/A	-2.592	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Boron

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.985 S= 0.825 CV(1)=0.838 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 3.067 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.430 S= 0.990 CV(2)=-2.302 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 2.068 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.364	NO	-1.011	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.0281	NO	-3.572	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.0171	NO	-4.069	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.12	NO	-2.120	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00843	NO	-4.776	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.983	NO	-0.017	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	2	0.693
4/23/2002	2	0.693
7/16/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.492	-0.709
1/7/2003	0.492	-0.709
4/2/2003	0.6	-0.511
7/9/2003	0.57	-0.562
10/7/2003	0.604	-0.504

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U First Quarter 2017 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Bromide

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.000 S= 0.000 CV(1)=0.000 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 1.000 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 0.000 S= 0.000 CV(2)=#Num! K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 0.000 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	1	0.000
7/15/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/8/2003	1	0.000
4/3/2003	1	0.000
7/8/2003	1	0.000
10/6/2003	1	0.000

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.389	NO	-0.944	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.13	NO	-2.040	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.141	NO	-1.959	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.476	NO	-0.742	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.367	NO	-1.002	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.639	NO	-0.448	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1	0.000
7/16/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/7/2003	1	0.000
4/2/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/7/2003	1	0.000

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Calcium

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data \bar{X} = 32.763 S = 9.391 **CV(1)**=0.287 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 56.456 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data \bar{X} = 3.449 S = 0.299 **CV(2)**=0.087 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 4.202 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	29.5	3.384
4/22/2002	29.8	3.395
7/15/2002	25.3	3.231
10/8/2002	21.9	3.086
1/8/2003	20.9	3.040
4/3/2003	22.2	3.100
7/8/2003	22.9	3.131
10/6/2003	21.7	3.077

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	29.5	NO	3.384	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	24.3	NO	3.190	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	29.5	NO	3.384	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	32	NO	3.466	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	19.5	NO	2.970	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	47.5	NO	3.861	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	41.5	3.726
4/23/2002	43.6	3.775
7/16/2002	40.4	3.699
10/8/2002	38.8	3.658
1/7/2003	41.1	3.716
4/2/2003	42.9	3.759
7/9/2003	35.1	3.558
10/7/2003	46.6	3.842

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = \sqrt{[\text{Sum} ((\text{background result}-X)^2)/(\text{count of background results} - 1)]^0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 35.938 S= 3.750 CV(1)=0.104 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 45.399 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.578 S= 0.089 CV(2)=0.025 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 3.803 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35	3.555
4/22/2002	35	3.555
7/15/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	50	3.912
1/8/2003	35	3.555
4/3/2003	35	3.555
7/8/2003	35	3.555
10/6/2003	35	3.555

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	63.4	YES	4.149	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	35	3.555
4/23/2002	35	3.555
7/16/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/7/2003	35	3.555
4/2/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/7/2003	35	3.555

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW360

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Chloride

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 44.119 S= 4.554 CV(1)=0.103 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 55.607 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.782 S= 0.099 CV(2)=0.026 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.033 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	48.3	3.877
10/8/2002	47.7	3.865
1/8/2003	45.7	3.822
4/3/2003	47.4	3.859
7/8/2003	55.9	4.024
10/6/2003	47.4	3.859
1/7/2004	45.5	3.818
4/7/2004	43.4	3.770

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	33.5	NO	3.512	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	9.44	NO	2.245	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	29.2	NO	3.374	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	38.6	NO	3.653	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	33.6	NO	3.515	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	48.1	NO	3.873	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/16/2002	39.8	3.684
10/8/2002	41	3.714
1/7/2003	39.4	3.674
4/2/2003	39.2	3.669
7/9/2003	39.8	3.684
10/7/2003	40	3.689
1/5/2004	43.4	3.770
4/5/2004	42	3.738

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U First Quarter 2017 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Cobalt

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.025 S= 0.021 CV(1)=0.845 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.077 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -4.090 S= 1.006 CV(2)=-0.246 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -1.553 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00938	-4.669
1/8/2003	0.00548	-5.207
4/3/2003	0.00587	-5.138
7/8/2003	0.0541	-2.917
10/6/2003	0.0689	-2.675

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00158	-6.450
1/7/2003	0.0147	-4.220
4/2/2003	0.0116	-4.457
7/9/2003	0.0653	-2.729
10/7/2003	0.00788	-4.843

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.00992	NO	-4.613	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.00133	NO	-6.623	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.000169	N/A	-8.686	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0107	NO	-4.538	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.000823	NO	-7.103	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Historical Background Comparison

Conductivity

UNITS: umho/cm

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 482.856 S= 57.603 CV(1)=0.119 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 628.189 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 6.173 S= 0.123 CV(2)=0.020 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 6.484 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	388	5.961
4/22/2002	404	6.001
7/15/2002	394	5.976
10/8/2002	403	5.999
1/8/2003	520	6.254
4/3/2003	487	6.188
7/8/2003	478	6.170
10/6/2003	476	6.165

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	440	NO	6.087	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	511	NO	6.236	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	401	NO	5.994	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	471	NO	6.155	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	390	NO	5.966	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	595	NO	6.389	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	508	6.230
4/23/2002	501	6.217
7/16/2002	507	6.229
10/8/2002	495	6.205
1/7/2003	508.7	6.232
4/2/2003	515	6.244
7/9/2003	576	6.356
10/7/2003	565	6.337

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = \sqrt{[\text{Sum} ((\text{background result}-X)^2)/(\text{count of background results} - 1)]^0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Copper

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.025 S= 0.010 CV(1)=0.400 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.050 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -3.742 S= 0.307 CV(2)=-0.082 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -2.967 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/2/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.000603	NO	-7.414	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.000927	NO	-6.984	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.000448	NO	-7.711	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0013	NO	-6.645	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.781 S= 1.351 CV(1)=0.759 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 5.190 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 0.228 S= 1.065 CV(2)=4.665 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 2.915 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5.41	1.688
4/22/2002	1.57	0.451
7/15/2002	0.8	-0.223
10/8/2002	1.09	0.086
1/8/2003	2.69	0.990
4/3/2003	2.04	0.713
7/8/2003	1.19	0.174
10/6/2003	1.78	0.577

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	5.74	YES	1.747	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	1.2	NO	0.182	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	1.76	NO	0.565	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	3.07	NO	1.122	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	1.38	NO	0.322	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.89	NO	-0.117	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	3.89	1.358
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/16/2002	1.33	0.285
10/8/2002	2.66	0.978
1/7/2003	0.4	-0.916
4/2/2003	0.91	-0.094
7/9/2003	1.42	0.351
10/7/2003	1.26	0.231

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW357

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = \sqrt{[\text{Sum} ((\text{background result}-X)^2)/(\text{count of background results} - 1)]^0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Solids

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 285.188 S= 44.908 CV(1)=0.157 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 398.489 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 5.640 S= 0.175 CV(2)=0.031 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 6.080 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	173	5.153
4/22/2002	246	5.505
7/15/2002	232	5.447
10/8/2002	275	5.617
1/8/2003	269	5.595
4/3/2003	250	5.521
7/8/2003	295	5.687
10/6/2003	276	5.620

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	295	5.687
4/23/2002	322	5.775
7/16/2002	329	5.796
10/8/2002	290	5.670
1/7/2003	316	5.756
4/2/2003	311	5.740
7/9/2003	347	5.849
10/7/2003	337	5.820

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	250	NO	5.521	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	270	NO	5.598	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	244	NO	5.497	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	234	NO	5.455	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	213	NO	5.361	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	326	NO	5.787	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = \sqrt{[\text{Sum} ((\text{background result}-X)^2)/(\text{count of background results} - 1)]^0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Historical Background Comparison

Iron

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 7.385 S= 6.991 CV(1)=0.947 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 25.024 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.358 S= 1.323 CV(2)=0.974 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.697 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.656	-0.422
4/22/2002	0.695	-0.364
7/15/2002	7.1	1.960
10/8/2002	21.5	3.068
1/8/2003	18.5	2.918
4/3/2003	14.9	2.701
7/8/2003	11.3	2.425
10/6/2003	14.9	2.701

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	2.32	NO	0.842	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.0505	NO	-2.986	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.0927	NO	-2.378	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.239	NO	-1.431	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	1.58	NO	0.457	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	5.95	1.783
4/23/2002	0.792	-0.233
7/16/2002	1.78	0.577
10/8/2002	0.776	-0.254
1/7/2003	3.55	1.267
4/2/2003	5.02	1.613
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	0.733	-0.311

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Magnesium

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 12.864 S= 3.505 CV(1)=0.272 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 21.707 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.517 S= 0.290 CV(2)=0.115 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 3.248 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	11.4	2.434
4/22/2002	12	2.485
7/15/2002	10	2.303
10/8/2002	8.62	2.154
1/8/2003	7.89	2.066
4/3/2003	7.97	2.076
7/8/2003	10.3	2.332
10/6/2003	9.14	2.213

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	13.2	NO	2.580	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	9.28	NO	2.228	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	11.7	NO	2.460	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	13.2	NO	2.580	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	8.47	NO	2.137	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	18.6	NO	2.923	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	15.7	2.754
4/23/2002	16.6	2.809
7/16/2002	15.4	2.734
10/8/2002	15.8	2.760
1/7/2003	15.8	2.760
4/2/2003	16.4	2.797
7/9/2003	15.2	2.721
10/7/2003	17.6	2.868

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Manganese

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.413 S= 0.274 CV(1)=0.664 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 1.105 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -1.226 S= 1.008 CV(2)=-0.822 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 1.317 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.034	-3.381
4/22/2002	0.062	-2.781
7/15/2002	0.436	-0.830
10/8/2002	0.867	-0.143
1/8/2003	0.828	-0.189
4/3/2003	0.672	-0.397
7/8/2003	0.321	-1.136
10/6/2003	0.714	-0.337

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.205	-1.585
4/23/2002	0.345	-1.064
7/16/2002	0.21	-1.561
10/8/2002	0.0539	-2.921
1/7/2003	0.537	-0.622
4/2/2003	0.415	-0.879
7/9/2003	0.654	-0.425
10/7/2003	0.254	-1.370

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.196	NO	-1.630	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.316	NO	-1.152	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.00404	NO	-5.512	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.157	NO	-1.852	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.0202	NO	-3.902	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Molybdenum

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.010 S= 0.012 CV(1)= 1.199 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.040 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -5.698 S= 1.607 CV(2)=-0.282 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -1.643 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/2/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.00105	-6.859
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.000456	N/A	-7.693	NO
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.000723	N/A	-7.232	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Nickel

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.024 S= 0.021 CV(1)=0.910 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.078 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -4.246 S= 1.075 CV(2)=-0.253 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -1.535 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/22/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/8/2003	0.013	-4.343
10/6/2003	0.0104	-4.566

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.000502	NO	-7.597	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.00135	NO	-6.608	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.000957	NO	-6.952	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.000945	NO	-6.964	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00601	NO	-5.114	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.00148	NO	-6.516	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/2/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.019	-3.963
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential

UNITS: mV

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 74.563 S= 94.243 CV(1)=1.264 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 312.337 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 4.554 S= 0.784 CV(2)=0.172 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 5.371 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	215	5.371
4/22/2002	110	4.700
7/15/2002	20	2.996
1/8/2003	-5	#Func!
4/3/2003	-18	#Func!
7/8/2003	-67	#Func!
10/6/2003	-1	#Func!
1/7/2004	55	4.007

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	210	5.347
4/23/2002	65	4.174
7/16/2002	215	5.371
10/8/2002	185	5.220
1/7/2003	45	3.807
4/2/2003	65	4.174
7/9/2003	-39	#Func!
10/7/2003	138	4.927

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	382	N/A	5.945	YES
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	232	N/A	5.447	YES
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	292	N/A	5.677	YES
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	373	N/A	5.922	YES
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	381	N/A	5.943	YES
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	263	N/A	5.572	YES

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

- MW357
- MW360
- MW363
- MW366
- MW369
- MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

PCB, Total

UNITS: UG/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.390 S= 0.350 CV(1)=0.897 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 1.272 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -1.238 S= 0.737 CV(2)=-0.595 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 0.622 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/15/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/8/2003	1.15	0.140
10/6/2003	0.605	-0.503
7/13/2004	0.42	-0.868
7/20/2005	0.28	-1.273
4/4/2006	0.23	-1.470

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.0971	N/A	-2.332	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.0678	NO	-2.691	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.058	NO	-2.847	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.098	N/A	-2.323	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0475	NO	-3.047	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.0952	N/A	-2.352	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/16/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/9/2003	0.17	-1.772
10/7/2003	0.17	-1.772
7/14/2004	0.18	-1.715
7/21/2005	0.17	-1.772
4/5/2006	0.18	-1.715

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

PCB-1242

UNITS: UG/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.281 S= 0.383 CV(1)= 1.361 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 1.247 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -1.835 S= 0.938 CV(2)=-0.511 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 0.532 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/15/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/8/2003	1.15	0.140
10/6/2003	0.09	-2.408
7/13/2004	0.1	-2.303
7/20/2005	0.1	-2.303
4/4/2006	0.1	-2.303

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/16/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/9/2003	0.13	-2.040
10/7/2003	0.09	-2.408
7/14/2004	0.1	-2.303
7/21/2005	0.1	-2.303
4/5/2006	0.1	-2.303

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.0971	N/A	-2.332	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.0678	N/A	-2.691	NO
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.058	N/A	-2.847	NO
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.098	N/A	-2.323	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0475	N/A	-3.047	NO
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.0952	N/A	-2.352	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

pH

UNITS: Std Unit

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 6.274 S= 0.194 CV(1)=0.031 K factor**= 2.904 TL(1)= 6.837 LL(1)=5.7114

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.836 S= 0.031 CV(2)=0.017 K factor**= 2.904 TL(2)= 1.925 LL(2)=1.7467

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	6.1	1.808
4/22/2002	6.1	1.808
7/15/2002	6.1	1.808
10/8/2002	6.5	1.872
1/8/2003	6.5	1.872
4/3/2003	6.6	1.887
7/8/2003	6.5	1.872
10/6/2003	6.5	1.872

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)? Result <LL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)? LN(Result) <LL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	6.04	NO	1.798	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	6.41	NO	1.858	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	6.5	NO	1.872	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	6.16	NO	1.818	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	6.23	NO	1.829	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	6.02	NO	1.795	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	6.1	1.808
4/23/2002	6.12	1.812
7/16/2002	6.1	1.808
10/8/2002	6.06	1.802
1/7/2003	6.26	1.834
4/2/2003	6.15	1.816
7/9/2003	6.3	1.841
10/7/2003	6.4	1.856

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results -1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Potassium

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.663 S= 0.488 CV(1)=0.293 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 2.895 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 0.456 S= 0.362 CV(2)=0.794 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 1.368 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2.21	0.793
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.966	-0.035
1/8/2003	0.727	-0.319
4/3/2003	0.8	-0.223
7/8/2003	1.62	0.482
10/6/2003	1.14	0.131

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	2.04	0.713
4/23/2002	2.03	0.708
7/16/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	1.54	0.432
1/7/2003	1.88	0.631
4/2/2003	2.09	0.737
7/9/2003	1.78	0.577
10/7/2003	1.79	0.582

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	1.94	NO	0.663	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.688	NO	-0.374	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	1.68	NO	0.519	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	1.89	NO	0.637	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.571	NO	-0.560	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	2.14	NO	0.761	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Radium-226

UNITS: pCi/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 3.398 S= 8.854 CV(1)=2.605 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 25.736 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.836 S= 1.704 CV(2)=-2.039 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 3.346 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	28.4	3.346
10/8/2002	0.167	-1.790
1/8/2003	0.173	-1.754
10/6/2003	0.168	-1.784
1/7/2004	0.702	-0.354
4/7/2004	0.195	-1.635
7/13/2004	0.256	-1.363
10/7/2004	0.228	-1.478

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/16/2002	23.5	3.157
10/8/2002	0.195	-1.635
1/7/2003	-0.844	#Func!
10/7/2003	0.349	-1.053
1/5/2004	0.239	-1.431
4/5/2004	0.308	-1.178
7/14/2004	0.147	-1.917
10/7/2004	0.188	-1.671

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.346	N/A	-1.061	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.668	N/A	-0.403	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.502	N/A	-0.689	NO
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.459	N/A	-0.779	NO
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.868	N/A	-0.142	NO
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.54	N/A	-0.616	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Sodium

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 45.100 S= 11.875 CV(1)=0.263 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 75.061 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.780 S= 0.242 CV(2)=0.064 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 4.390 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35.7	3.575
4/22/2002	37.6	3.627
7/15/2002	42.4	3.747
10/8/2002	66.9	4.203
1/8/2003	67.9	4.218
4/3/2003	61.8	4.124
7/8/2003	45.6	3.820
10/6/2003	59.1	4.079

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	47.2	NO	3.854	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	84	YES	4.431	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	41.5	NO	3.726	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	43.1	NO	3.764	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	72	NO	4.277	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	43.4	NO	3.770	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	37.2	3.616
4/23/2002	38.6	3.653
7/16/2002	35.6	3.572
10/8/2002	37.5	3.624
1/7/2003	34.1	3.529
4/2/2003	34.4	3.538
7/9/2003	44.1	3.786
10/7/2003	43.1	3.764

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW360

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Sulfate

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 45.031 S= 33.919 CV(1)=0.753 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 130.609 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.420 S= 0.981 CV(2)=0.287 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 5.894 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	15.5	2.741
4/22/2002	15.8	2.760
7/15/2002	13.8	2.625
10/8/2002	6.9	1.932
1/8/2003	10.5	2.351
4/3/2003	10.5	2.351
7/8/2003	10.9	2.389
10/6/2003	16.3	2.791

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	50.3	NO	3.918	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	16.4	NO	2.797	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	25.9	NO	3.254	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	49.4	NO	3.900	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	4.95	NO	1.599	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	66.2	NO	4.193	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	71.7	4.272
4/23/2002	74.7	4.313
7/16/2002	74.1	4.305
10/8/2002	70.5	4.256
1/7/2003	75.8	4.328
4/2/2003	81.8	4.404
7/9/2003	83.6	4.426
10/7/2003	88.1	4.478

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Technetium-99

UNITS: pCi/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 20.821 S= 18.044 CV(1)=0.867 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 66.344 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.770 S= 1.150 CV(2)=0.415 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 3.972 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	41.7	3.731
4/22/2002	53.1	3.972
7/15/2002	18.1	2.896
10/8/2002	16.4	2.797
1/8/2003	3.49	1.250
4/3/2003	9.34	2.234
7/8/2003	17.5	2.862
10/6/2003	17	2.833

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	43.5	NO	3.773	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	8.95	N/A	2.192	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	10.2	N/A	2.322	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	46.7	NO	3.844	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	27	NO	3.296	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	24.7	NO	3.207	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	44.8	3.802
4/23/2002	0.802	-0.221
7/16/2002	19.8	2.986
10/8/2002	46.1	3.831
1/7/2003	-0.973	#Func!
4/2/2003	9.07	2.205
7/9/2003	0	#Func!
10/7/2003	36.9	3.608

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Carbon (TOC)

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 3.513 S= 4.307 CV(1)=1.226 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 14.378 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 0.851 S= 0.828 CV(2)=0.973 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 2.940 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1.7	0.531
4/22/2002	1.6	0.470
7/15/2002	3.1	1.131
10/8/2002	17.7	2.874
1/8/2003	9	2.197
4/3/2003	4	1.386
7/8/2003	4.9	1.589
10/6/2003	2.4	0.875

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	1	N/A	0.000	NO
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	1.09	N/A	0.086	NO
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	1.19	N/A	0.174	NO
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	1.04	N/A	0.039	NO
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	1.88	N/A	0.631	NO
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	2.22	N/A	0.798	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1.2	0.182
7/16/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/7/2003	1.6	0.470
4/2/2003	1.5	0.405
7/9/2003	3	1.099
10/7/2003	1.5	0.405

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Total Organic Halides (TOX)

UNITS: ug/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 67.963 S= 64.316 CV(1)=0.946 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 230.231 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.772 S= 1.023 CV(2)=0.271 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 6.353 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	50	3.912
4/22/2002	50	3.912
7/15/2002	81	4.394
10/8/2002	202	5.308
1/8/2003	177	5.176
4/3/2003	93.1	4.534
7/8/2003	17.5	2.862
10/6/2003	37.5	3.624

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	6.4	NO	1.856	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	12.7	NO	2.542	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	6.3	NO	1.841	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	7.48	NO	2.012	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	41.1	NO	3.716	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	10	NO	2.303	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	184	5.215
4/23/2002	50	3.912
7/16/2002	50	3.912
10/8/2002	50	3.912
1/7/2003	10	2.303
4/2/2003	12.7	2.542
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	12.6	2.534

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Trichloroethene

UNITS: ug/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 5.625 S= 3.594 CV(1)=0.639 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 14.693 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.571 S= 0.565 CV(2)=0.360 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 2.995 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	11	2.398
4/22/2002	16	2.773
7/15/2002	8	2.079
10/8/2002	3	1.099
1/8/2003	2	0.693
4/3/2003	3	1.099
7/8/2003	3	1.099
10/6/2003	2	0.693

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	5.41	NO	1.688	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.53	N/A	-0.635	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	4.36	N/A	1.472	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	4.97	N/A	1.603	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	7.12	NO	1.963	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	5	1.609
4/23/2002	5	1.609
7/16/2002	4	1.386
10/8/2002	6	1.792
1/7/2003	5	1.609
4/2/2003	6	1.792
7/9/2003	5	1.609
10/7/2003	6	1.792

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Uranium

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.001 S= 0.001 CV(1)=0.917 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.005 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -6.718 S= 0.528 CV(2)=-0.079 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -5.385 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.001	-6.908
4/22/2002	0.001	-6.908
7/15/2002	0.001	-6.908
10/8/2002	0.00355	-5.641
1/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.0002	N/A	-8.517	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.000138	NO	-8.888	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.0002	N/A	-8.517	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.0002	N/A	-8.517	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	0.0002	N/A	-8.517	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.0002	N/A	-8.517	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.001	-6.908
4/23/2002	0.001	-6.908
7/16/2002	0.001	-6.908
10/8/2002	0.00591	-5.131
1/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/2/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Zinc

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.116 S= 0.173 CV(1)= 1.490 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.552 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -2.729 S= 1.014 CV(2)=-0.371 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -0.172 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/22/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/15/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/8/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/3/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.00657	N/A	-5.025	NO
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00389	N/A	-5.549	NO
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.00485	N/A	-5.329	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.725	-0.322
4/23/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/16/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/7/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/2/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Boron

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.140 S= 0.780 CV(1)=0.684 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 3.108 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.235 S= 1.006 CV(2)=-4.287 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 2.303 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	2	0.693
4/23/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.464	NO	-0.768	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.153	NO	-1.877	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.0102	NO	-4.585	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.0311	NO	-3.471	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.0313	NO	-3.464	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	1.59	NO	0.464	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/23/2002	2	0.693
7/16/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.79	-0.236
1/7/2003	0.807	-0.214
4/2/2003	1.13	0.122
7/9/2003	1.28	0.247
10/7/2003	1.24	0.215

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Bromide

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.000 S= 0.000 CV(1)=0.000 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 1.000 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 0.000 S= 0.000 CV(2)=#Num! K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 0.000 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1	0.000
7/15/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/8/2003	1	0.000
4/3/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/6/2003	1	0.000

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.457	NO	-0.783	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.406	NO	-0.901	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.416	NO	-0.877	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.298	NO	-1.211	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.463	NO	-0.770	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.601	NO	-0.509	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1	0.000
7/16/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/7/2003	1	0.000
4/2/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/7/2003	1	0.000

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Calcium

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 43.413 S= 13.444 CV(1)=0.310 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 77.331 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.723 S= 0.323 CV(2)=0.087 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 4.539 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	34.8	3.550
4/23/2002	43.4	3.770
7/15/2002	33.2	3.503
10/8/2002	29.2	3.374
1/8/2003	31.3	3.444
4/3/2003	32.4	3.478
7/9/2003	22.9	3.131
10/6/2003	28	3.332

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	61.9	4.126
4/23/2002	59.2	4.081
7/16/2002	47.6	3.863
10/8/2002	46.1	3.831
1/7/2003	49.2	3.896
4/2/2003	57.8	4.057
7/9/2003	52.7	3.965
10/7/2003	64.9	4.173

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	32.8	NO	3.490	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	30.3	NO	3.411	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	31.4	NO	3.447	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	22	NO	3.091	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	32	NO	3.466	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	69.6	NO	4.243	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Chloride

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 45.919 S= 7.524 CV(1)=0.164 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 64.901 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.814 S= 0.165 CV(2)=0.043 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.231 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	55.5	4.016
10/8/2002	53.6	3.982
1/8/2003	52.9	3.968
4/3/2003	53.6	3.982
7/9/2003	51.9	3.949
10/6/2003	53	3.970
1/7/2004	53	3.970
4/7/2004	51.6	3.944

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/16/2002	40.6	3.704
10/8/2002	38.8	3.658
1/7/2003	39	3.664
4/2/2003	38.4	3.648
7/9/2003	38.1	3.640
10/7/2003	38	3.638
1/6/2004	37.9	3.635
4/7/2004	38.8	3.658

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	35.8	NO	3.578	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	31.3	NO	3.444	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	32.5	NO	3.481	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	21.8	NO	3.082	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	37.4	NO	3.622	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	47.8	NO	3.867	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Cobalt

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.027 S= 0.032 CV(1)= 1.165 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.108 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -4.058 S= 1.011 CV(2)=-0.249 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -1.507 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.0174	-4.051
1/8/2003	0.0105	-4.556
4/3/2003	0.00931	-4.677
7/9/2003	0.137	-1.988
10/6/2003	0.0463	-3.073

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.034	-3.381
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00411	-5.494
1/7/2003	0.00344	-5.672
4/2/2003	0.00368	-5.605
7/9/2003	0.0405	-3.206
10/7/2003	0.00843	-4.776

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.000328	N/A	-8.022	NO
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	No	0.000304	N/A	-8.098	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.00467	N/A	-5.367	NO
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.000584	N/A	-7.446	NO
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.00021	N/A	-8.468	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Conductivity

UNITS: umho/cm

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 608.719 S= 156.157 CV(1)=0.257 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 1002.702 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 6.380 S= 0.260 CV(2)=0.041 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 7.036 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	406	6.006
4/23/2002	543	6.297
7/15/2002	476	6.165
10/8/2002	441	6.089
1/8/2003	486	6.186
4/3/2003	466	6.144
7/9/2003	479	6.172
10/6/2003	435	6.075

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	505	NO	6.225	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	492	NO	6.198	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	471	NO	6.155	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	307	NO	5.727	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	444	NO	6.096	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	781	NO	6.661	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	661	6.494
4/23/2002	801	6.686
7/16/2002	774	6.652
10/8/2002	680	6.522
1/7/2003	686.5	6.532
4/2/2003	763	6.637
7/9/2003	828	6.719
10/7/2003	814	6.702

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.*

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Historical Background Comparison

Copper

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.025 S= 0.010 CV(1)=0.399 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.050 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -3.739 S= 0.308 CV(2)=-0.082 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -2.963 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.026	-3.650
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/2/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.00077	NO	-7.169	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.000616	NO	-7.392	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.000449	NO	-7.708	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.000415	NO	-7.787	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.000654	NO	-7.332	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.000461	NO	-7.682	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Cyanide

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.020 S= 0.000 CV(1)=0.000 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.020 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -3.912 S= 0.000 CV(2)=0.000 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -3.912 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.02	-3.912
4/23/2002	0.02	-3.912
7/15/2002	0.02	-3.912
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.00176	NO	-6.342	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.02	-3.912
4/23/2002	0.02	-3.912
7/16/2002	0.02	-3.912
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/2/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.387 S= 1.153 CV(1)=0.831 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 4.295 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.115 S= 1.207 CV(2)=-10.514 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 2.930 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	4.32	1.463
4/23/2002	1.24	0.215
7/15/2002	0.75	-0.288
10/8/2002	0.94	-0.062
1/8/2003	3.08	1.125
4/3/2003	1.45	0.372
7/9/2003	1.22	0.199
10/6/2003	1.07	0.068

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	3.04	1.112
4/23/2002	0.03	-3.507
7/16/2002	0.23	-1.470
10/8/2002	0.86	-0.151
1/7/2003	0.21	-1.561
4/2/2003	1.19	0.174
7/9/2003	1.1	0.095
10/7/2003	1.46	0.378

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	1.23	NO	0.207	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	3.61	NO	1.284	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	4.18	NO	1.430	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	1.08	NO	0.077	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	3.41	NO	1.227	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	2.27	NO	0.820	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Solids

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 356.188 S= 106.752 CV(1)=0.300 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 625.523 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 5.831 S= 0.311 CV(2)=0.053 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 6.616 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	236	5.464
4/23/2002	337	5.820
7/15/2002	266	5.583
10/8/2002	240	5.481
1/8/2003	282	5.642
4/3/2003	238	5.472
7/9/2003	248	5.513
10/6/2003	224	5.412

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	289	NO	5.666	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	291	NO	5.673	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	240	NO	5.481	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	183	NO	5.209	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	240	NO	5.481	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	413	NO	6.023	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	427	6.057
4/23/2002	507	6.229
7/16/2002	464	6.140
10/8/2002	408	6.011
1/7/2003	404	6.001
4/2/2003	450	6.109
7/9/2003	487	6.188
10/7/2003	481	6.176

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = \sqrt{[\text{Sum} ((\text{background result}-X)^2)/(\text{count of background results} - 1)]^0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Iron

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 9.230 S= 8.841 CV(1)=0.958 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 31.535 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.942 S= 0.713 CV(2)=0.367 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 3.740 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	9.34	2.234
4/23/2002	4.33	1.466
7/15/2002	3.52	1.258
10/8/2002	7.45	2.008
1/8/2003	7.04	1.952
4/3/2003	4.64	1.535
7/9/2003	15.8	2.760
10/6/2003	6.49	1.870

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.0746	NO	-2.596	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.0813	NO	-2.510	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	2.68	NO	0.986	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.0548	NO	-2.904	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.084	NO	-2.477	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	37.6	3.627
4/23/2002	19	2.944
7/16/2002	10.7	2.370
10/8/2002	3.75	1.322
1/7/2003	3.87	1.353
4/2/2003	3.5	1.253
7/9/2003	7.72	2.044
10/7/2003	2.93	1.075

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Magnesium

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 17.544 S= 5.911 CV(1)=0.337 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 32.458 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.810 S= 0.343 CV(2)=0.122 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 3.676 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	12.1	2.493
4/23/2002	15.1	2.715
7/15/2002	12.4	2.518
10/8/2002	12.2	2.501
1/8/2003	11.5	2.442
4/3/2003	12.3	2.510
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/6/2003	12.1	2.493

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	15.5	NO	2.741	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	13.6	NO	2.610	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	13.6	NO	2.610	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	9.44	NO	2.245	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	14.4	NO	2.667	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	23.9	NO	3.174	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	24.8	3.211
4/23/2002	22.7	3.122
7/16/2002	18.8	2.934
10/8/2002	21.1	3.049
1/7/2003	19.9	2.991
4/2/2003	25.5	3.239
7/9/2003	23.3	3.148
10/7/2003	26.9	3.292

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Manganese

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.080 S= 0.674 CV(1)=0.624 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 2.780 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.114 S= 0.658 CV(2)=-5.762 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 1.547 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.244	-1.411
4/23/2002	1.82	0.599
7/15/2002	1.22	0.199
10/8/2002	0.988	-0.012
1/8/2003	0.729	-0.316
4/3/2003	0.637	-0.451
7/9/2003	2.51	0.920
10/6/2003	1.05	0.049

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.0565	NO	-2.874	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.0022	NO	-6.119	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.00417	NO	-5.480	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	1.67	NO	0.513	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.00862	NO	-4.754	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.00379	NO	-5.575	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.355	-1.036
4/23/2002	2.16	0.770
7/16/2002	1.39	0.329
10/8/2002	0.717	-0.333
1/7/2003	0.587	-0.533
4/2/2003	0.545	-0.607
7/9/2003	1.76	0.565
10/7/2003	0.57	-0.562

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Molybdenum

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.010 S= 0.012 CV(1)= 1.198 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.040 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -5.693 S= 1.604 CV(2)=-0.282 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -1.647 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00113	-6.786
1/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.000824	N/A	-7.101	NO
MW367	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/2/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Nickel

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 0.024 **S**= 0.022 **CV(1)**=0.901 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 0.078 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= -4.239 **S**= 1.087 **CV(2)**=-0.256 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= -1.497 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.0264	-3.634
10/6/2003	0.00971	-4.635

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.00364	NO	-5.616	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.00225	NO	-6.097	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.0021	NO	-6.166	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.000998	NO	-6.910	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.00155	NO	-6.470	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/2/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.0112	-4.492
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = \sqrt{[\text{Sum} ((\text{background result}-X)^2)/(\text{count of background results} - 1)]^0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential

UNITS: mV

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 46.688 S= 60.986 CV(1)=1.306 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 200.555 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.829 S= 1.151 CV(2)=0.301 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 4.942 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	140	4.942
4/23/2002	-15	#Func!
7/15/2002	5	1.609
4/3/2003	49	3.892
7/9/2003	-35	#Func!
10/6/2003	40	3.689
1/7/2004	101	4.615
4/7/2004	105	4.654

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	140	4.942
4/23/2002	-20	#Func!
10/8/2002	10	2.303
1/7/2003	10	2.303
4/2/2003	67	4.205
7/9/2003	-29	#Func!
10/7/2003	127	4.844
1/6/2004	52	3.951

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	350	N/A	5.858	YES
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	334	N/A	5.811	YES
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	378	N/A	5.935	YES
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	320	N/A	5.768	YES
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	412	N/A	6.021	YES
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	279	N/A	5.631	YES

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW358
MW361
MW364
MW367
MW370
MW373

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Potassium

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 2.823 S= 0.522 CV(1)=0.185 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 4.139 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.024 S= 0.167 CV(2)=0.163 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 1.445 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	3.22	1.169
4/23/2002	3.43	1.233
7/15/2002	2.98	1.092
10/8/2002	2.46	0.900
1/8/2003	2.41	0.880
4/3/2003	2.43	0.888
7/9/2003	2.44	0.892
10/6/2003	2.48	0.908

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	2.39	NO	0.871	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	2.11	NO	0.747	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	2.08	NO	0.732	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	2.95	NO	1.082	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	2.94	NO	1.078	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	2.57	NO	0.944	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	4.34	1.468
4/23/2002	3.04	1.112
7/16/2002	2.93	1.075
10/8/2002	2.3	0.833
1/7/2003	2.45	0.896
4/2/2003	2.7	0.993
7/9/2003	2.68	0.986
10/7/2003	2.88	1.058

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Radium-226

UNITS: pCi/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 2.158 S= 5.739 CV(1)=2.660 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 16.637 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.670 S= 1.833 CV(2)=-2.736 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 3.068 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	10.1	2.313
10/8/2002	-0.825	#Func!
1/8/2003	0.415	-0.879
10/6/2003	0.52	-0.654
1/7/2004	1.03	0.030
4/7/2004	0.434	-0.835
7/13/2004	0.532	-0.631
10/7/2004	0.299	-1.207

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/16/2002	21.5	3.068
10/8/2002	0.0327	-3.420
1/7/2003	-0.844	#Func!
10/7/2003	0	#Func!
1/6/2004	0.177	-1.732
4/7/2004	0.792	-0.233
7/14/2004	0.327	-1.118
10/7/2004	0.033	-3.411

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	No	0.593	N/A	-0.523	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.435	N/A	-0.832	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.442	N/A	-0.816	NO
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	1.76	N/A	0.565	NO
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.72	N/A	-0.329	NO
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.332	N/A	-1.103	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Sodium

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 51.544 S= 15.227 CV(1)=0.295 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 89.962 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.906 S= 0.272 CV(2)=0.070 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 4.592 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	31.8	3.459
4/23/2002	50	3.912
7/15/2002	44.7	3.800
10/8/2002	40	3.689
1/8/2003	44.6	3.798
4/3/2003	41.9	3.735
7/9/2003	40	3.689
10/6/2003	38.1	3.640

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	42.3	NO	3.745	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	45.9	NO	3.826	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	41.6	NO	3.728	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	28.8	NO	3.360	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	79.9	NO	4.381	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	58.3	NO	4.066	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	43.4	3.770
4/23/2002	79.8	4.380
7/16/2002	87.7	4.474
10/8/2002	61.6	4.121
1/7/2003	59.3	4.083
4/2/2003	62.1	4.129
7/9/2003	50.1	3.914
10/7/2003	49.6	3.904

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results -1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Historical Background Comparison

Sulfate

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 122.381 **S**= 195.095 **CV(1)**=1.594 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 614.606 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 3.985 **S**= 1.323 **CV(2)**=0.332 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 7.322 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	17.4	2.856
4/23/2002	37.9	3.635
7/15/2002	15.7	2.754
10/8/2002	13.4	2.595
1/8/2003	14.4	2.667
4/3/2003	18.1	2.896
7/9/2003	9.6	2.262
10/6/2003	16.5	2.803

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	71.2	N/A	4.265	NO
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	72.9	N/A	4.289	NO
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	68.4	N/A	4.225	NO
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	33.8	N/A	3.520	NO
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	19.6	N/A	2.976	NO
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	110	N/A	4.700	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	163.3	5.096
4/23/2002	809.6	6.697
7/16/2002	109.4	4.695
10/8/2002	110.6	4.706
1/7/2003	113.7	4.734
4/2/2003	133	4.890
7/9/2003	182.1	5.205
10/7/2003	193.4	5.265

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Historical Background Comparison

Technetium-99

UNITS: pCi/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 7.655 S= 13.274 CV(1)=1.734 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 41.146 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.946 S= 0.939 CV(2)=0.483 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 3.833 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	10.8	2.380
4/23/2002	8.53	2.144
7/15/2002	5.09	1.627
10/8/2002	4.78	1.564
1/8/2003	-5.12	#Func!
4/3/2003	5.11	1.631
7/9/2003	4.25	1.447
10/6/2003	6.54	1.878

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	16.5	2.803
4/23/2002	3.49	1.250
7/16/2002	1.42	0.351
10/8/2002	-6.06	#Func!
1/7/2003	-8.41	#Func!
4/2/2003	26.3	3.270
7/9/2003	3.06	1.118
10/7/2003	46.2	3.833

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	47.3	N/A	3.857	YES
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	53.8	N/A	3.985	YES
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	45.3	N/A	3.813	NO
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	24.9	N/A	3.215	NO
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	82.8	N/A	4.416	YES
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	33.1	N/A	3.500	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

- MW358
- MW361
- MW370

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Carbon (TOC)

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 6.169 S= 12.072 CV(1)=1.957 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 36.626 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.069 S= 1.014 CV(2)=0.948 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 3.626 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	1.2	0.182
4/23/2002	4.3	1.459
7/15/2002	2.6	0.956
10/8/2002	2.3	0.833
1/8/2003	3	1.099
4/3/2003	1.2	0.182
7/9/2003	2.6	0.956
10/6/2003	1.7	0.531

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	2.31	N/A	0.837	NO
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	1.02	N/A	0.020	NO
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.928	N/A	-0.075	NO
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.862	N/A	-0.149	NO
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	1.26	N/A	0.231	NO
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	1.5	N/A	0.405	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1.1	0.095
4/23/2002	17.5	2.862
7/16/2002	49	3.892
10/8/2002	2.9	1.065
1/7/2003	3.9	1.361
4/2/2003	2.5	0.916
7/9/2003	1.7	0.531
10/7/2003	1.2	0.182

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Halides (TOX)

UNITS: ug/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 79.819 S= 78.470 CV(1)=0.983 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 277.798 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.971 S= 0.950 CV(2)=0.239 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 6.368 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	50	3.912
4/23/2002	228	5.429
7/15/2002	88	4.477
10/8/2002	58	4.060
1/8/2003	72.4	4.282
4/3/2003	26.6	3.281
7/9/2003	16.4	2.797
10/6/2003	31.1	3.437

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	50	3.912
4/23/2002	276	5.620
7/16/2002	177	5.176
10/8/2002	76	4.331
1/7/2003	45.9	3.826
4/2/2003	57.8	4.057
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	13.9	2.632

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	7.12	NO	1.963	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	3.82	NO	1.340	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	7.74	NO	2.046	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	No	10	N/A	2.303	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	9.54	NO	2.255	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	15.5	NO	2.741	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Trichloroethene

UNITS: ug/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 12.188 S= 6.950 CV(1)=0.570 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 29.721 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.305 S= 0.687 CV(2)=0.298 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 4.039 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	19	2.944
4/23/2002	17	2.833
7/15/2002	15	2.708
10/8/2002	18	2.890
1/8/2003	17	2.833
4/3/2003	18	2.890
7/9/2003	15	2.708
10/6/2003	16	2.773

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	3.79	N/A	1.332	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	4.67	N/A	1.541	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	6.8	NO	1.917	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	2.4	N/A	0.875	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	1.78	N/A	0.577	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	8.74	NO	2.168	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5	1.609
4/23/2002	25	3.219
7/16/2002	3	1.099
10/8/2002	4	1.386
1/7/2003	6	1.792
4/2/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	6	1.792
10/7/2003	6	1.792

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Historical Background Comparison

Uranium

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.002 S= 0.001 CV(1)=0.783 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.005 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -6.645 S= 0.564 CV(2)=-0.085 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -5.222 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.001	-6.908
4/23/2002	0.001	-6.908
7/15/2002	0.001	-6.908
10/8/2002	0.00398	-5.526
1/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.00015	NO	-8.805	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.0002	N/A	-8.517	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	No	0.0002	N/A	-8.517	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	No	0.0002	N/A	-8.517	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.0002	N/A	-8.517	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.0002	N/A	-8.517	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.001	-6.908
4/23/2002	0.001	-6.908
7/16/2002	0.001	-6.908
10/8/2002	0.00405	-5.509
1/7/2003	0.00413	-5.489
4/2/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Historical Background Comparison

Zinc

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.055 S= 0.037 CV(1)=0.673 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.147 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -3.131 S= 0.691 CV(2)=-0.221 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -1.388 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/23/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/15/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/8/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/3/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.00566	NO	-5.174	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.0401	NO	-3.216	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.00685	NO	-4.984	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/23/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/16/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/7/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/2/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.0234	-3.755
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

ATTACHMENT D2

**COMPARISON OF CURRENT DATA TO
ONE-SIDED UPPER TOLERANCE INTERVAL TEST
CALCULATED USING
CURRENT BACKGROUND DATA**

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Current Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 2.380 **S**= 1.459 **CV(1)**=0.613 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 6.060 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 0.676 **S**= 0.661 **CV(2)**=0.978 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 2.342 **LL(2)**=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2015	1.79	0.582
4/13/2015	4.44	1.491
7/14/2015	2.73	1.004
10/13/2015	1.78	0.577
1/21/2016	2.03	0.708
4/7/2016	4.79	1.567
7/18/2016	3.65	1.295
10/19/2016	2.2	0.788

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	3.01	NO	1.102	N/A

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2015	0.66	-0.416
4/9/2015	1.59	0.464
7/13/2015	0.67	-0.400
10/14/2015	1.1	0.095
1/21/2016	1.25	0.223
4/7/2016	5.01	1.611
7/18/2016	1	0.000
10/19/2016	3.39	1.221

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results -1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>,2009.

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Current Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential

UNITS: mV

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 359.000 **S**= 151.599 **CV(1)**=0.422 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 741.483 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 5.804 **S**= 0.414 **CV(2)**=0.071 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 6.850 **LL(2)**=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2015	774	6.652
4/13/2015	384	5.951
7/14/2015	368	5.908
10/13/2015	393	5.974
1/21/2016	254	5.537
4/7/2016	295	5.687
7/18/2016	441	6.089
10/19/2016	370	5.914

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2015	530	6.273
4/9/2015	395	5.979
7/13/2015	268	5.591
10/14/2015	449	6.107
1/21/2016	139	4.934
4/7/2016	250	5.521
7/18/2016	193	5.263
10/19/2016	241	5.485

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	243	NO	5.493	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	348	NO	5.852	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	260	NO	5.561	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	410	NO	6.016	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	187	NO	5.231	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	275	NO	5.617	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results -1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Current Background Comparison

Sulfate

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 10.716 S= 6.540 CV(1)=0.610 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 27.216 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.226 S= 0.536 CV(2)=0.241 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 3.578 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2015	9.23	2.222
4/13/2015	13.2	2.580
7/14/2015	18.9	2.939
10/13/2015	19.5	2.970
1/21/2016	10.2	2.322
4/7/2016	10.9	2.389
7/18/2016	27.6	3.318
10/19/2016	14.8	2.695

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2015	5.39	1.685
4/9/2015	5.7	1.740
7/13/2015	5.93	1.780
10/14/2015	6.31	1.842
1/21/2016	5.63	1.728
4/7/2016	5.74	1.747
7/18/2016	6.25	1.833
10/19/2016	6.18	1.821

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	27.3	YES	3.307	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	63.4	YES	4.149	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	70.3	YES	4.253	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	30.6	YES	3.421	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

- MW362
- MW365
- MW368
- MW375

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results -1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U First Quarter 2017 Statistical Analysis

Current Background Comparison

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 23.928 S= 14.942 CV(1)=0.624 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 61.626 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.064 S= 0.448 CV(2)=0.146 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.194 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/13/2015	20	2.996
4/13/2015	20	2.996
7/14/2015	20	2.996
10/13/2015	20	2.996
1/12/2016	20	2.996
4/7/2016	20	2.996
7/14/2016	37.1	3.614
10/19/2016	23	3.135

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	63.4	YES	4.149	N/A

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2015	8.05	2.086
4/9/2015	23	3.135
7/13/2015	20	2.996
10/13/2015	20	2.996
1/21/2016	20	2.996
4/7/2016	20	2.996
7/18/2016	75.9	4.329
10/19/2016	15.8	2.760

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

Wells with Exceedances

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

MW360

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results -1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U First Quarter 2017 Statistical Analysis

Current Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	X = 1.959	S = 1.069	CV(1) =0.546	K factor** = 2.523	TL(1) = 4.657	LL(1) =N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	X = 0.520	S = 0.590	CV(2) = 1.133	K factor** = 2.523	TL(2) = 2.008	LL(2) =N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/13/2015	1.15	0.140
4/13/2015	3.38	1.218
7/14/2015	3.28	1.188
10/13/2015	1.73	0.548
1/12/2016	0.94	-0.062
4/7/2016	2.87	1.054
7/14/2016	2.4	0.875
10/19/2016	3.01	1.102

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	5.74	YES	1.747	N/A

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2015	1.44	0.365
4/9/2015	1.18	0.166
7/13/2015	0.76	-0.274
10/13/2015	1.72	0.542
1/21/2016	0.53	-0.635
4/7/2016	4.05	1.399
7/18/2016	1.13	0.122
10/19/2016	1.78	0.577

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW357

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results -1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U First Quarter 2017 Statistical Analysis

Current Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential

UNITS: mV

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 365.500 **S**= 158.459 **CV(1)**=0.434 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 765.292 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= 5.833 **S**= 0.361 **CV(2)**=0.062 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= 6.744 **LL(2)**=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/13/2015	779	6.658
4/13/2015	404	6.001
7/14/2015	410	6.016
10/13/2015	382	5.945
1/12/2016	398	5.986
4/7/2016	302	5.710
7/14/2016	323	5.778
10/19/2016	365	5.900

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2015	693	6.541
4/9/2015	283	5.645
7/13/2015	220	5.394
10/13/2015	294	5.684
1/21/2016	246	5.505
4/7/2016	259	5.557
7/18/2016	248	5.513
10/19/2016	242	5.489

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	382	NO	5.945	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	232	NO	5.447	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	292	NO	5.677	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	373	NO	5.922	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	381	NO	5.943	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	263	NO	5.572	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results -1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U First Quarter 2017 Statistical Analysis

Current Background Comparison

Sodium

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 55.638 S= 5.742 CV(1)=0.103 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 70.125 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 4.014 S= 0.104 CV(2)=0.026 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 4.276 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/13/2015	52.2	3.955
4/13/2015	46.2	3.833
7/14/2015	57.7	4.055
10/13/2015	48.3	3.877
1/12/2016	55.7	4.020
4/7/2016	66.8	4.202
7/14/2016	58.9	4.076
10/19/2016	52.2	3.955

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	84	YES	4.431	N/A

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2015	55.7	4.020
4/9/2015	60.5	4.103
7/13/2015	63.3	4.148
10/13/2015	58.9	4.076
1/21/2016	57.7	4.055
4/7/2016	57.9	4.059
7/18/2016	48.5	3.882
10/19/2016	49.7	3.906

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

Wells with Exceedances

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

MW360

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results -1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>,2009.

C-746-U First Quarter 2017 Statistical Analysis

Current Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential

UNITS: mV

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X= 390.375 S= 113.590 CV(1)=0.291** **K factor**= 2.523** **TL(1)= 676.962** **LL(1)=N/A**

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X= 5.929 S= 0.288 CV(2)=0.049** **K factor**= 2.523** **TL(2)= 6.655** **LL(2)=N/A**

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/13/2015	691	6.538
4/13/2015	380	5.940
7/14/2015	388	5.961
10/13/2015	416	6.031
1/12/2016	415	6.028
4/7/2016	318	5.762
7/18/2016	483	6.180
10/19/2016	402	5.996

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2015	336	5.817
4/9/2015	507	6.229
7/13/2015	468	6.148
10/13/2015	312	5.743
1/21/2016	193	5.263
4/7/2016	278	5.628
7/18/2016	337	5.820
10/19/2016	322	5.775

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	350	NO	5.858	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	334	NO	5.811	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	378	NO	5.935	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	320	NO	5.768	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	412	NO	6.021	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	279	NO	5.631	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results -1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U First Quarter 2017 Statistical Analysis

Current Background Comparison

Technetium-99

UNITS: pCi/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 39.769 S= 24.212 CV(1)=0.609 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 100.856 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.532 S= 0.555 CV(2)=0.157 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 4.932 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/13/2015	14.8	2.695
4/13/2015	20.9	3.040
7/14/2015	60.3	4.099
10/13/2015	50.5	3.922
1/12/2016	32.1	3.469
4/7/2016	92	4.522
7/18/2016	93.2	4.535
10/19/2016	31.7	3.456

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	47.3	NO	3.857	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	53.8	NO	3.985	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	82.8	NO	4.416	N/A

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/21/2015	28.8	3.360
4/9/2015	33.7	3.517
7/13/2015	37.3	3.619
10/13/2015	15.9	2.766
1/21/2016	50.3	3.918
4/7/2016	31.2	3.440
7/18/2016	23.7	3.165
10/19/2016	19.9	2.991

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results -1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>,2009.

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ATTACHMENT D3

STATISTICIAN QUALIFICATION STATEMENT

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April 25, 2017

Ms. Kelly Layne
Fluor Federal Services, Inc.
5511 Hobbs Road
Kevil, KY 42053

Dear Ms. Layne:

This statement is submitted in response to your request that it be included with the completed statistical analysis that I have performed on the groundwater data for the C-746-S&T and C-746-U Landfills at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant.

As a Chemist, with a Bachelor of Science degree in chemistry and a minor in biology, I have over 20 years of experience in reviewing and assessing laboratory analytical results associated with environmental sampling and investigation activities. For the generation of these statistical analyses, my work was observed and reviewed by a senior chemist and geologist with Fluor Federal Services, Inc.

For this project, the statistical analyses conducted on the first quarter 2017 monitoring well data collected from the C-746-S&T and C-746-U Landfills were performed in accordance with guidance provided in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency guidance document, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989).

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Jennifer R. Blewett". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large initial "J" and "B".

Jennifer R. Blewett

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APPENDIX E
GROUNDWATER FLOW RATE AND DIRECTION

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GROUNDWATER FLOW RATE AND DIRECTION

Determination of groundwater flow rate and direction of flow in the uppermost aquifer whenever the monitoring wells (MWs) are sampled is a requirement of 401 KAR 48.300, Section 11. The uppermost aquifer below the C-746-U Landfill is the Regional Gravel Aquifer (RGA). Water level measurements currently are recorded in several wells at the landfill on a quarterly basis. These measurements were used to plot the potentiometric surface of the RGA for the first quarter 2017 and determine groundwater flow rate and direction.

Water levels during this reporting period were measured on January 24, 2017. As shown on Figure E.1, Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS) wells MW376 and MW377 had insufficient water to permit water level measurement during this reporting period.

The UCRS has a strong vertical hydraulic gradient; therefore, the available UCRS wells screened over different elevations are not sufficient for mapping the potentiometric surface. As shown in Table E.1, the RGA data were converted to elevations to plot the potentiometric surfaces within the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA) and Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA). (At the request of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the RGA is differentiated into two zones, the URGA and LRGA.) Based on the potentiometric maps (Figures E.2 and E.3), the hydraulic gradients for the URGA and LRGA at the C-746-U Landfill were 5.67×10^{-4} ft/ft and 5.97×10^{-4} ft/ft, respectively. Water level measurements in wells at the C-746-U Landfill and in wells of the surrounding region (MW98, MW100, MW125, MW139, MW165A, MW173, MW193, MW197, and MW200), along with the C-746-S&T Landfill wells, were used to contour the general RGA potentiometric surface (Figure E.4). The hydraulic gradient for the RGA, as a whole, in the vicinity of the C-746-U Landfill was 3.03×10^{-4} ft/ft. The hydraulic gradients are shown in Table E.2.

The average linear groundwater flow velocity (v) is determined by multiplying the hydraulic gradient (i) by the hydraulic conductivity (K) [resulting in the specific discharge (q)] and dividing by the effective porosity (n_e). The RGA hydraulic conductivity values used are reported in the Administrative Application for the New Solid Waste Landfill Permit No. SW07300045NWC1 and range from 425 to 725 ft/day (0.150 to 0.256 cm/s). RGA (both URGA and LRGA) effective porosity is assumed to be 25%. Flow velocities were calculated for the URGA and LRGA using the low and high values for hydraulic conductivity, as shown in the Table E.3.

Groundwater flow beneath the C-746-U Landfill typically trends northeastward toward the Ohio River. As demonstrated on the potentiometric maps for January 2017, the groundwater flow direction in the immediate area of the landfill is north to northeast.

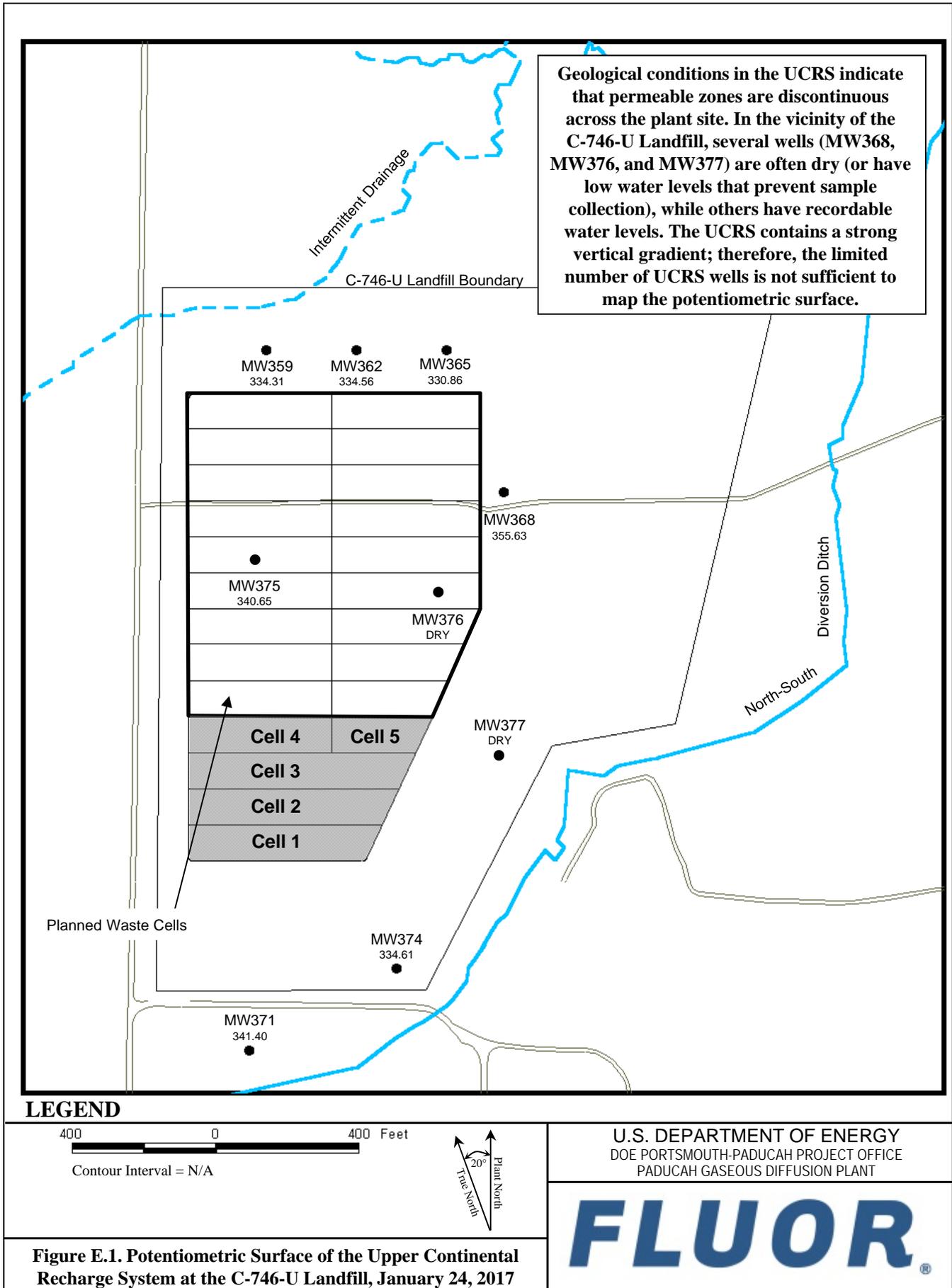
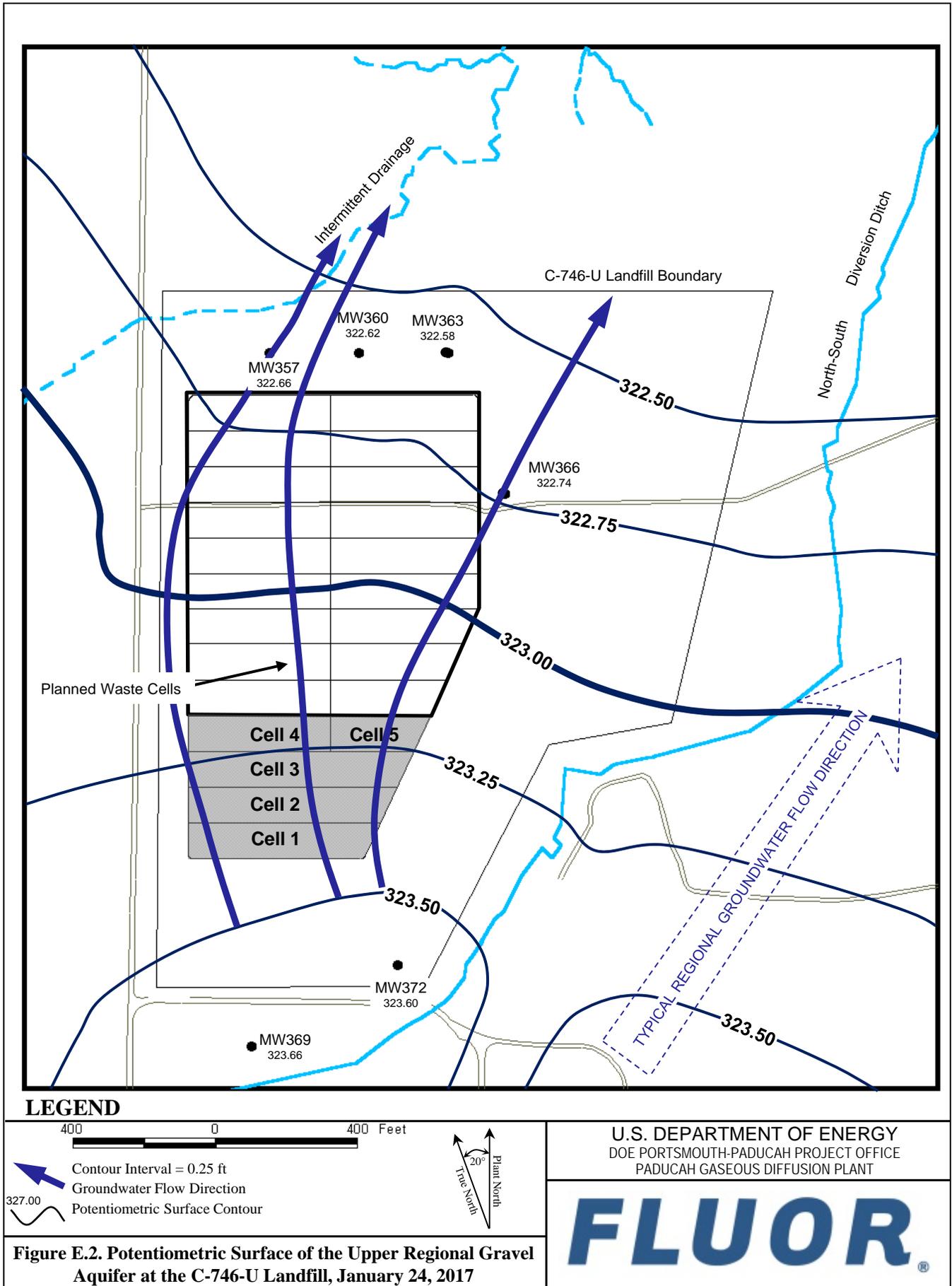


Figure E.1. Potentiometric Surface of the Upper Continental Recharge System at the C-746-U Landfill, January 24, 2017

Table E.1. C-746-U Landfill First Quarter 2017 (January) Water Levels

C-746-U Landfill (January 2017) Water Levels										
Date	Time	Well	Aquifer	Datum Elev (ft amsl)	BP (in Hg)	Delta BP (ft H ₂ O)	Raw Data		*Corrected Data	
							DTW (ft)	Elev (ft amsl)	DTW (ft)	Elev (ft amsl)
1/24/2017	9:10	MW357	URGA	368.99	29.93	-0.01	46.34	322.65	46.33	322.66
1/24/2017	9:07	MW358	LRGA	369.13	29.93	-0.01	46.50	322.63	46.49	322.64
1/24/2017	9:09	MW359	UCRS	369.11	29.93	-0.01	34.81	334.30	34.80	334.31
1/24/2017	9:03	MW360	URGA	362.30	29.93	-0.01	39.69	322.61	39.68	322.62
1/24/2017	9:06	MW361	LRGA	361.54	29.93	-0.01	38.91	322.63	38.90	322.64
1/24/2017	9:05	MW362	UCRS	362.04	29.93	-0.01	27.49	334.55	27.48	334.56
1/24/2017	8:55	MW363	URGA	368.83	29.92	0.00	46.25	322.58	46.25	322.58
1/24/2017	8:51	MW364	LRGA	367.75	29.92	0.00	45.22	322.53	45.22	322.53
1/24/2017	8:53	MW365	UCRS	368.37	29.92	0.00	37.51	330.86	37.51	330.86
1/24/2017	8:59	MW366	URGA	369.27	29.92	0.00	46.53	322.74	46.53	322.74
1/24/2017	8:55	MW367	LRGA	369.66	29.92	0.00	46.95	322.71	46.95	322.71
1/24/2017	8:57	MW368	UCRS	369.27	29.92	0.00	13.64	355.63	13.64	355.63
1/24/2017	9:20	MW369	URGA	364.48	29.93	-0.01	40.83	323.65	40.82	323.66
1/24/2017	9:22	MW370	LRGA	365.35	29.93	-0.01	41.72	323.63	41.71	323.64
1/24/2017	9:21	MW371	UCRS	364.88	29.93	-0.01	23.49	341.39	23.48	341.40
1/24/2017	9:20	MW372	URGA	359.66	29.93	-0.01	36.07	323.59	36.06	323.60
1/24/2017	9:17	MW373	LRGA	359.95	29.93	-0.01	36.37	323.58	36.36	323.59
1/24/2017	9:18	MW374	UCRS	359.71	29.93	-0.01	25.11	334.60	25.10	334.61
1/24/2017	9:15	MW375	UCRS	370.53	29.93	-0.01	29.89	340.64	29.88	340.65
1/24/2017	9:13	MW376	UCRS	370.61	29.93	--	DRY	--	DRY	--
1/24/2017	9:11	MW377	UCRS	365.92	29.93	--	DRY	--	DRY	--
Initial Barometric Pressure			29.92							
Elev = elevation										
amsl = above mean sea level										
BP = barometric pressure										
DTW = depth to water in feet below datum										
URGA = Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer										
LRGA = Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer										
UCRS = Upper Continental Recharge System										
ND = No Data acquired										
*Assumes a barometric efficiency of 1.0										



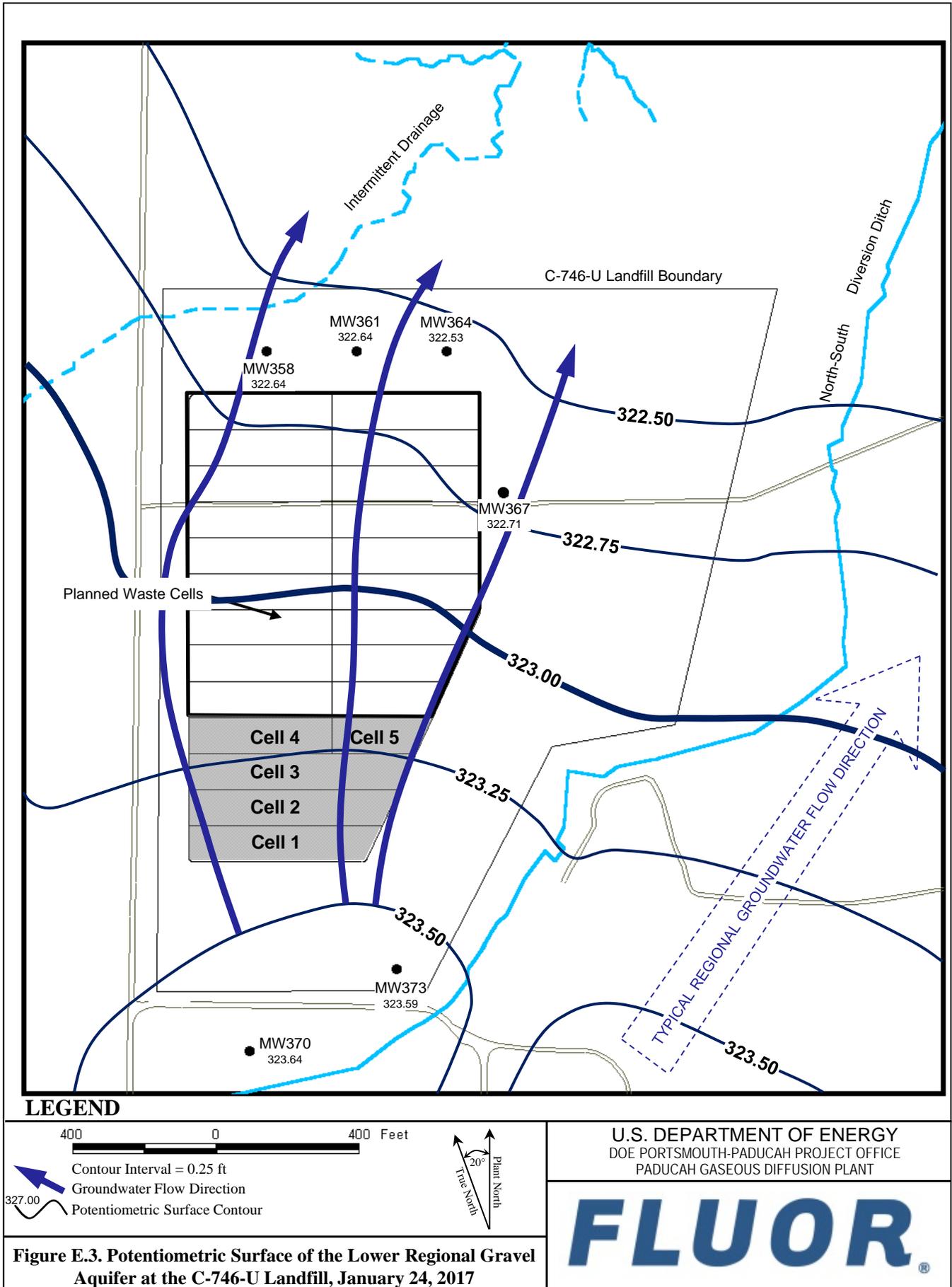


Figure E.3. Potentiometric Surface of the Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer at the C-746-U Landfill, January 24, 2017

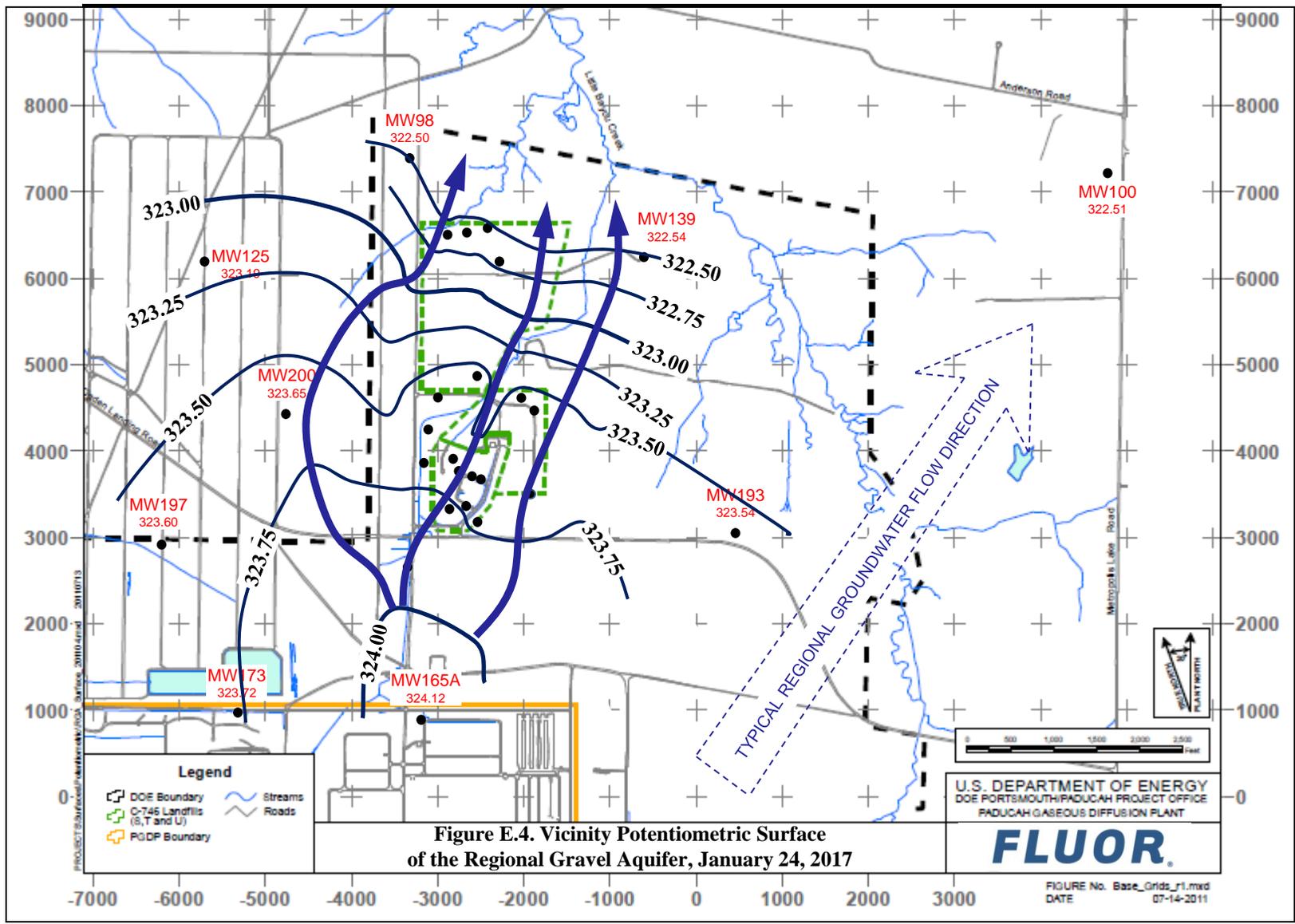


Figure E.4. Vicinity Potentiometric Surface of the Regional Gravel Aquifer, January 24, 2017

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
DOE PORTSMOUTH/PADUCAH PROJECT OFFICE
PADUCAH GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANT
FLUOR
FIGURE No. Base_Grids_r1.mxd
DATE 07-14-2011

Table E.2. C-746-U Landfill Hydraulic Gradients

	ft/ft
Beneath Landfill—Upper RGA	5.67×10^{-4}
Beneath Landfill—Lower RGA	5.97×10^{-4}
Vicinity	3.03×10^{-4}

Table E.3. C-746-U Landfill Groundwater Flow Rate

Hydraulic Conductivity (K)		Specific Discharge (q)		Average Linear Velocity (v)	
ft/day	cm/s	ft/day	cm/s	ft/day	cm/s
<u>Upper RGA</u>					
725	0.256	0.411	1.45×10^{-4}	1.64	5.80×10^{-4}
425	0.150	0.241	8.50×10^{-5}	0.963	3.40×10^{-4}
<u>Lower RGA</u>					
725	0.256	0.432	1.53×10^{-4}	1.73	6.11×10^{-4}
425	0.150	0.254	8.95×10^{-5}	1.01	3.58×10^{-4}

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APPENDIX F
NOTIFICATIONS

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NOTIFICATIONS

In accordance with 401 KAR 48:300 § 7, the notification for parameters that exceed the maximum contaminant level (MCL) has been submitted to the Kentucky Division of Waste Management. The parameters submitted are listed on page F-4. The notification for parameters that do not have MCLs, but had statistically significant increased concentrations relative to historical background concentrations, is provided below.

Statistical Analysis of Parameters Notification

The statistical analyses conducted on the first quarter 2017 groundwater data collected from the C-746-U Landfill monitoring wells were performed in accordance with *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky* (LATA Kentucky 2014).

The following are the permit required parameters in 40 CFR § 302.4, Appendix A, which had statistically significant increased concentrations relative to historical background concentrations.

	<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Monitoring Well</u>
Upper Continental Recharge System	None	
Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer	Sodium	MW360
Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer	Technetium-99	MW358, MW361, MW370

NOTE: Although technetium-99 is not cited in 40 CFR § 302.4, Appendix A, this radionuclide is being reported along with the parameters of this regulation.

2/28/2017

**Fluor Federal Services
PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM
C-746-U LANDFILL
PERMIT NUMBER 073-00045
MAXIMUM CONTAMINANT LEVEL (MCL) EXCEEDANCE REPORT
Quarterly Groundwater Sampling**

AKGWA	Station	Analysis	Method	Results	Units	MCL
8004-4798	MW357	Trichloroethene	8260B	5.41	ug/L	5
8004-4797	MW364	Trichloroethene	8260B	6.8	ug/L	5
8004-4808	MW372	Trichloroethene	8260B	7.12	ug/L	5
8004-4792	MW373	Trichloroethene	8260B	8.74	ug/L	5
		Trichloroethene	8260B	8.53	ug/L	5

NOTE 1: These levels are defined in 401 KAR 47:030.

NOTE 2: MW369, MW370, MW372, and MW373 are down-gradient wells for the C-746-S and C-746-T Landfills and upgradient for the the C-746-U Landfill. These wells are sampled with the C-746-U Landfill monitoring well network. These wells are reported on the exceedance reports for C-746-S, C-746-T, and C-746-U.

APPENDIX G
CHART OF MCL AND UTL EXCEEDANCES

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Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
ACETONE																						
Quarter 3, 2002											*	*	*									
Quarter 4, 2002											*	*	*									
Quarter 1, 2003												*	*	*								
Quarter 2, 2003												*	*	*								
Quarter 3, 2003	*						*				*	*	*		*			*				
Quarter 4, 2003						*	*				*			*								
Quarter 3, 2004						*											*					
Quarter 3, 2005						*																
Quarter 4, 2005						*																
ALPHA ACTIVITY																						
Quarter 1, 2004																						■
Quarter 2, 2004						■																
Quarter 3, 2009						■																
ALUMINUM																						
Quarter 3, 2003												*										
BETA ACTIVITY																						
Quarter 1, 2004																■						
Quarter 2, 2004																■						■
Quarter 3, 2004																■						
Quarter 4, 2004																■						
Quarter 4, 2005																■						
Quarter 1, 2006																■						■
Quarter 2, 2006																■						■
Quarter 3, 2006																■						■
Quarter 4, 2006																■						■
Quarter 1, 2007											■					■						■
Quarter 2, 2007											■					■						■
Quarter 3, 2007											■					■						
Quarter 4, 2007											■					■						■
Quarter 1, 2008											■					■						
Quarter 2, 2008														■		■						
Quarter 3, 2008											■					■				■		
Quarter 4, 2008											■					■				■		
Quarter 1, 2009											■					■						
Quarter 2, 2009											■					■	■					
Quarter 3, 2009											■					■						
Quarter 4, 2009											■					■						
Quarter 1, 2010																■						
Quarter 2, 2010											■						■					
Quarter 3, 2010											■											
Quarter 4, 2010																■						
Quarter 2, 2011											■						■					
Quarter 4, 2011																■						
Quarter 1, 2012											■											
Quarter 2, 2012											■								■			
Quarter 3, 2012											■					■						
Quarter 4, 2012																■						■
Quarter 1, 2013																■						■
Quarter 3, 2013																■						■
Quarter 4, 2013																■						
Quarter 1, 2014																■						
Quarter 4, 2014																■						
Quarter 1, 2015																■						
Quarter 2, 2015																	■					
Quarter 4, 2015																■				■		
Quarter 3, 2016																					■	
Quarter 4, 2016															■							
BROMIDE																						
Quarter 2, 2004														*								
CALCIUM																						
Quarter 3, 2003											*											
Quarter 2, 2005																						*
Quarter 3, 2006																*						
Quarter 2, 2008																*						
Quarter 3, 2009																*						
Quarter 4, 2009																*						

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
CALCIUM																						
Quarter 1, 2010															*							
Quarter 2, 2010															*							
Quarter 3, 2010															*							
Quarter 1, 2011															*							
Quarter 2, 2011															*							
Quarter 3, 2011															*							*
Quarter 4, 2011															*							*
Quarter 1, 2012															*							*
Quarter 2, 2012															*							*
Quarter 3, 2012															*							*
Quarter 4, 2012															*							*
Quarter 1, 2013															*							*
Quarter 2, 2013															*							*
Quarter 3, 2013															*							*
Quarter 4, 2013															*							*
Quarter 2, 2014															*							*
Quarter 3, 2014															*							*
Quarter 4, 2014															*							
Quarter 2, 2015															*							
Quarter 3, 2015															*							
Quarter 4, 2015															*							
Quarter 1, 2016															*							
Quarter 2, 2016															*							
CARBON DISULFIDE																						
Quarter 3, 2003											*											
Quarter 2, 2005								*														
Quarter 3, 2005						*																
Quarter 4, 2005						*																
Quarter 1, 2006						*																
Quarter 2, 2006						*																
Quarter 3, 2010		*									*											
Quarter 4, 2010														*								
Quarter 1, 2011															*							
CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND																						
Quarter 3, 2002											*	*	*	*	*	*						
Quarter 4, 2002											*	*										
Quarter 1, 2003											*	*										
Quarter 2, 2003											*	*	*									
Quarter 3, 2003	*										*	*					*					
Quarter 4, 2003						*					*	*										
Quarter 3, 2004											*											
Quarter 3, 2005						*					*				*	*			*	*		
Quarter 4, 2005						*												*	*			
Quarter 1, 2006																			*	*		
Quarter 4, 2016																		*				
Quarter 1, 2017											*											
CHLORIDE																						
Quarter 1, 2006																						*
Quarter 2, 2014															*							
COBALT																						
Quarter 3, 2003	*						*				*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2004															*							
Quarter 2, 2016															*							
CONDUCTIVITY																						
Quarter 4, 2002											*											
Quarter 1, 2003											*											
Quarter 2, 2003											*	*										
Quarter 4, 2003											*											
Quarter 1, 2004											*											
Quarter 2, 2004											*											
Quarter 3, 2004											*											
Quarter 1, 2005															*							
Quarter 2, 2005															*							
Quarter 3, 2005						*													*			
Quarter 4, 2005															*			*				
Quarter 1, 2006															*							

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS								URGA						LRGA						
	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
CONDUCTIVITY																					
Quarter 2, 2006															*						
Quarter 3, 2006															*						
Quarter 1, 2007															*						
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Quarter 4, 2015															*						
Quarter 1, 2016															*						
Quarter 2, 2016															*						
Quarter 3, 2016															*						
DISSOLVED OXYGEN																					
Quarter 1, 2003					*	*				*											
Quarter 3, 2003					*					*											
Quarter 4, 2003					*																
Quarter 1, 2004					*																
Quarter 2, 2004									*							*					
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Quarter 2, 2006					*				*												
Quarter 3, 2006					*				*												
Quarter 4, 2006					*				*												
Quarter 2, 2007					*				*												
Quarter 3, 2007					*				*	*											
Quarter 1, 2008					*														*		
Quarter 2, 2008									*	*											
Quarter 3, 2008									*												
Quarter 1, 2009								*													
Quarter 2, 2009					*			*	*	*											
Quarter 3, 2009						*		*	*	*											
Quarter 1, 2010					*			*													
Quarter 2, 2010					*	*		*	*										*	*	
Quarter 3, 2010					*	*		*	*												
Quarter 4, 2010							*				*								*		
Quarter 1, 2011						*		*	*	*											
Quarter 2, 2011					*	*	*	*	*					*							

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373	
DISSOLVED OXYGEN																						
Quarter 3, 2011						*			*													
Quarter 1, 2012							*		*													
Quarter 2, 2012	*			*	*	*		*	*													
Quarter 3, 2012						*																
Quarter 4, 2012									*													
Quarter 1, 2013						*			*													
Quarter 2, 2013							*		*													
Quarter 3, 2013	*				*		*	*	*													
Quarter 4, 2013									*											*		
Quarter 2, 2014	*				*	*	*	*	*								*					
Quarter 3, 2014	*				*	*	*															
Quarter 4, 2014						*																
Quarter 2, 2015					*	*	*	*														
Quarter 3, 2015					*	*	*	*														
Quarter 4, 2015	*					*	*	*														
Quarter 1, 2016	*				*		*															
Quarter 2, 2016	*	*			*	*	*	*	*											*	*	
Quarter 3, 2016					*	*	*	*					*									
Quarter 4, 2016						*		*														
Quarter 1, 2017							*						*									
DISSOLVED SOLIDS																						
Quarter 4, 2002										*												
Quarter 1, 2003										*												
Quarter 2, 2003										*												
Quarter 3, 2003							*			*	*											
Quarter 4, 2003										*												
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Quarter 3, 2015														*								
Quarter 4, 2015														*								
Quarter 1, 2016														*								
IODIDE																						
Quarter 2, 2003																*						
Quarter 3, 2003	*									*												
Quarter 4, 2003							*		*													
Quarter 3, 2010						*		*				*					*					
IODINE-131																						
Quarter 3, 2010																						

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
IODOMETHANE																						
Quarter 4, 2003						*																
IRON																						
Quarter 4, 2002						*																
Quarter 3, 2003																					*	
Quarter 4, 2003											*						*					
Quarter 1, 2004											*						*					
Quarter 2, 2004											*											
Quarter 3, 2004											*											
Quarter 3, 2005																	*					
MAGNESIUM																						
Quarter 2, 2005																*						*
Quarter 3, 2005						*																*
Quarter 2, 2006																*						*
Quarter 3, 2006																*						
Quarter 1, 2007																*						
Quarter 2, 2008																*						
Quarter 2, 2009																*						
Quarter 3, 2009																*						
Quarter 4, 2009																*						
Quarter 1, 2010																*						
Quarter 2, 2010																*						
Quarter 3, 2010																*						
Quarter 1, 2011																*						
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Quarter 4, 2014																*						
Quarter 2, 2015																*						
Quarter 3, 2015																*						
Quarter 4, 2015																*						
Quarter 1, 2016																*						
Quarter 2, 2016																*						
Quarter 3, 2016	*																					
Quarter 4, 2016	*																					
MANGANESE																						
Quarter 3, 2002											*		*									
Quarter 4, 2002		*				*	*				*		*		*							
Quarter 2, 2003											*		*									
Quarter 3, 2003											*		*	*			*	*	*	*		
Quarter 4, 2003											*	*	*	*			*	*	*			
Quarter 1, 2004											*	*	*				*	*	*			
Quarter 2, 2004							*				*	*	*						*			
Quarter 3, 2004							*				*	*	*				*					
Quarter 4, 2004											*		*				*					
Quarter 1, 2005											*		*									
Quarter 2, 2005											*		*									
Quarter 3, 2005											*		*				*					
Quarter 4, 2005											*						*					
Quarter 1, 2006											*											
Quarter 2, 2006							*				*		*									
Quarter 3, 2006											*						*					
Quarter 4, 2006											*											
Quarter 1, 2007											*											
Quarter 2, 2007							*				*											
Quarter 3, 2007							*				*											
Quarter 3, 2008							*				*											
Quarter 4, 2008							*				*											

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS								URGA						LRGA						
	D 368	S 375	S 376	S 377	D 359	D 362	D 365	U 371	U 374	D 366	D 360	D 363	D 357	U 369	U 372	D 367	D 361	D 364	D 358	U 370	U 373
MANGANESE																					
Quarter 3, 2009							*														
Quarter 3, 2011							*														
Quarter 2, 2016														*							
Quarter 3, 2016									*												
NICKEL																					
Quarter 3, 2003										*											
OXIDATION-REDUCTION POTENTIAL																					
Quarter 4, 2002																	*		*		
Quarter 1, 2003																	*		*		
Quarter 2, 2003																			*		
Quarter 3, 2003	*																				
Quarter 4, 2003						*															
Quarter 2, 2004													*				*				*
Quarter 3, 2004						*			*				*	*	*		*			*	*
Quarter 4, 2004												*									*
Quarter 1, 2005																	*			*	*
Quarter 2, 2005									*				*				*			*	*
Quarter 3, 2005						*	*		*		*	*	*				*		*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2005		*						*				*					*		*		*
Quarter 1, 2006						*		*	*								*		*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2006						*		*	*				*				*		*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2006						*		*	*				*				*		*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2006						*		*		*	*	*	*				*		*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2007		*				*		*	*				*				*		*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2007						*		*					*				*		*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2007						*		*					*				*		*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2007						*		*					*				*		*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2008						*		*				*	*						*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2008						*		*	*		*	*	*	*				*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2008						*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2008						*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2009						*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2009						*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2009		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2009		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2010		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2010		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2010		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2010		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2011		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2011		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2011		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2011		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2012		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2012		*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2012		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2012		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2013		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2013		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2013		*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2013		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2014		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2014		*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2014		*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2014		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2015		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2015		*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2015		*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2015		*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2016		*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2016		*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2016		*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2016		*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2017		*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
PCB, TOTAL																						
Quarter 4, 2003																		*				
Quarter 3, 2004													*									
Quarter 3, 2005							*															
Quarter 2, 2006							*															
Quarter 3, 2006							*															
Quarter 1, 2007							*															
Quarter 2, 2007							*															
Quarter 3, 2007							*															
Quarter 1, 2008							*															
Quarter 2, 2008							*															
Quarter 4, 2008							*															
Quarter 3, 2009							*															
Quarter 1, 2010							*															
Quarter 2, 2010							*															
Quarter 4, 2010							*															
PCB-1016																						
Quarter 3, 2004													*									
Quarter 2, 2006							*					*										
Quarter 1, 2007							*															
Quarter 2, 2007							*															
Quarter 3, 2007							*															
Quarter 2, 2008							*															
Quarter 4, 2008							*															
Quarter 3, 2009							*															
Quarter 1, 2010							*															
Quarter 2, 2010							*															
Quarter 4, 2010							*															
PCB-1242																						
Quarter 3, 2006							*						*									
Quarter 4, 2006											*											
Quarter 1, 2008							*															
Quarter 2, 2012							*															
PCB-1248																						
Quarter 2, 2008							*															
PCB-1260																						
Quarter 2, 2006							*															
pH																						
Quarter 3, 2002											*											
Quarter 4, 2002											*											
Quarter 1, 2003											*											
Quarter 2, 2003											*											
Quarter 3, 2003	*						*				*											
Quarter 4, 2003							*										*					
Quarter 1, 2004							*										*					
Quarter 3, 2005							*											*	*			
Quarter 4, 2005							*												*			
Quarter 3, 2006																	*					
Quarter 2, 2011														*								
Quarter 3, 2011														*								
Quarter 4, 2011														*								
Quarter 1, 2012																*	*					
Quarter 2, 2012											*	*										
Quarter 1, 2013										*	*					*						
Quarter 3, 2015																	*					
Quarter 2, 2016																			*	*		
Quarter 3, 2016																			*	*		
POTASSIUM																						
Quarter 1, 2014																	*					
RADIUM-228																						
Quarter 2, 2005																						
Quarter 4, 2005							■						■		■				■			
SELENIUM																						
Quarter 4, 2003											■											

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA					LRGA						
	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
SODIUM																						
Quarter 3, 2002											*	*		*								
Quarter 4, 2002											*	*			*							
Quarter 1, 2003											*	*										
Quarter 2, 2003											*	*										
Quarter 3, 2003												*										
Quarter 1, 2007												*										
Quarter 1, 2012															*							
Quarter 1, 2014																*						
Quarter 3, 2014												*										
Quarter 4, 2014												*										
Quarter 4, 2015												*										
Quarter 1, 2016												*										
Quarter 2, 2016												*										
Quarter 3, 2016												*										
Quarter 4, 2016												*										
Quarter 1, 2017												*										
STRONTIUM-90																						
Quarter 4, 2008																						■
SULFATE																						
Quarter 1, 2003																						*
Quarter 2, 2003																						*
Quarter 3, 2003	*																					
Quarter 4, 2003						*																*
Quarter 1, 2004						*		*														*
Quarter 2, 2004						*		*														*
Quarter 3, 2004						*		*														*
Quarter 1, 2005						*		*								*						
Quarter 2, 2005						*		*								*						*
Quarter 3, 2005						*		*														
Quarter 4, 2005																						*
Quarter 1, 2006						*										*						
Quarter 2, 2006							*		*							*						*
Quarter 3, 2006								*														
Quarter 1, 2007								*														*
Quarter 2, 2007								*														
Quarter 3, 2007								*														
Quarter 4, 2007									*													
Quarter 1, 2008		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 2, 2008		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 3, 2008		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 4, 2008		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 1, 2009		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 2, 2009		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 3, 2009		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 4, 2009		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 1, 2010		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 2, 2010		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 3, 2010		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 4, 2010		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 1, 2011		*																				
Quarter 2, 2011		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 3, 2011		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 4, 2011		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 1, 2012		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 2, 2012	*	*			*	*		*		*	*											*
Quarter 3, 2012		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 4, 2012		*																				*
Quarter 1, 2013		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 2, 2013		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 3, 2013	*	*			*	*		*		*												*
Quarter 4, 2013		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 1, 2014		*				*		*		*												*
Quarter 2, 2014	*	*			*	*		*		*	*											*
Quarter 3, 2014	*	*			*	*		*		*	*											*
Quarter 4, 2014		*			*	*		*		*												*
Quarter 1, 2015		*			*	*		*		*												*
Quarter 2, 2015	*	*			*	*		*		*												*

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
	D 368	S 375	S 376	S 377	D 359	D 362	D 365	U 371	U 374	D 366	D 360	D 363	D 357	U 369	U 372	D 367	D 361	D 364	D 358	U 370	U 373
SULFATE																					
Quarter 3, 2015		*			*	*		*							*						
Quarter 4, 2015	*	*				*	*	*													
Quarter 1, 2016	*	*			*	*	*														
Quarter 2, 2016	*	*			*	*	*														
Quarter 3, 2016	*	*			*	*	*	*													
Quarter 4, 2016	*	*			*	*	*	*													
Quarter 1, 2017	*	*			*	*	*														
TECHNETIUM-99																					
Quarter 4, 2002																*	*	*			
Quarter 2, 2003							*					*			*	*	*	*		*	
Quarter 3, 2003																*	*				*
Quarter 4, 2003																*					*
Quarter 1, 2004														*		*					*
Quarter 2, 2004														*							*
Quarter 3, 2004														*							*
Quarter 4, 2004														*		*					*
Quarter 3, 2005															*						
Quarter 1, 2006														*							*
Quarter 2, 2006		*						*													*
Quarter 3, 2006															*						*
Quarter 4, 2006														*							*
Quarter 1, 2007															*						*
Quarter 2, 2007												*		*						*	
Quarter 3, 2007													*	*		*	*				*
Quarter 4, 2007									*				*	*			*	*		*	*
Quarter 1, 2008													*	*				*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2008							*	*					*	*	*		*	*			*
Quarter 3, 2008														*							
Quarter 4, 2008									*					*		*		*			
Quarter 1, 2009									*												
Quarter 2, 2009																	*				
Quarter 3, 2009							*		*					*				*	*		
Quarter 4, 2009									*					*			*	*	*	*	
Quarter 2, 2010									*					*	*	*	*	*			
Quarter 3, 2010									*					*							
Quarter 4, 2010									*					*			*				
Quarter 1, 2011		*							*					*		*	*	*	*		
Quarter 2, 2011														*	*	*	*	*			
Quarter 1, 2012														*	*	*	*	*			
Quarter 2, 2012							*							*	*	*	*	*			
Quarter 3, 2012														*	*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 4, 2012														*	*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 1, 2013														*	*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 2, 2013														*	*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 3, 2013									*					*	*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 4, 2013														*	*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 1, 2014														*	*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 2, 2014														*	*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 3, 2014														*	*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 4, 2014														*	*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 1, 2015														*	*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 2, 2015														*	*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 3, 2015														*	*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 4, 2015														*	*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 1, 2016														*	*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 2, 2016														*	*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 3, 2016														*	*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 4, 2016									*				*	*	*	*	*	*			*
Quarter 1, 2017														*	*	*	*	*			*
THORIUM-230																					
Quarter 4, 2015														*							
Quarter 2, 2016									*					*							
Quarter 4, 2016	*										*			*			*	*			
TOLUENE																					
Quarter 2, 2014									*				*								

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON																						
Quarter 3, 2002											*	*	*		*							*
Quarter 4, 2002											*	*			*							
Quarter 1, 2003											*	*										
Quarter 3, 2003	*										*	*					*					
Quarter 4, 2003											*	*										
Quarter 1, 2004											*	*										
Quarter 3, 2005						*					*				*		*				*	
Quarter 4, 2005						*													*		*	
Quarter 1, 2006																					*	
TOTAL ORGANIC HALIDES																						
Quarter 4, 2002											*											
Quarter 1, 2003											*											
Quarter 2, 2003											*											
Quarter 1, 2004																	*					
TRICHLOROETHENE																						
Quarter 3, 2002															■						■	
Quarter 4, 2002																■					■	
Quarter 1, 2003																■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2003																■					■	
Quarter 3, 2003							■														■	■
Quarter 4, 2003																■					■	■
Quarter 1, 2004																■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2004																■					■	■
Quarter 3, 2004																■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2004																■					■	■
Quarter 1, 2005																■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2005																■					■	■
Quarter 3, 2005																■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2005																■					■	■
Quarter 1, 2006																■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2006																■					■	■
Quarter 3, 2006																■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2006																■					■	■
Quarter 1, 2007																■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2007																■					■	■
Quarter 3, 2007																■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2007																■					■	■
Quarter 1, 2008																■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2008																■				■	■	■
Quarter 3, 2008																■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2008																■					■	■
Quarter 1, 2009																■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2009																■					■	■
Quarter 3, 2009																■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2009						■	■					■		■	■	■	■				■	■
Quarter 1, 2010															■	■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2010															■	■					■	■
Quarter 3, 2010															■	■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2010															■	■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2011																■				■	■	■
Quarter 3, 2011															■	■				■	■	■
Quarter 4, 2011															■	■					■	■
Quarter 1, 2012															■	■	■			■	■	■
Quarter 2, 2012																■					■	■
Quarter 3, 2012																■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2012															■	■					■	■
Quarter 1, 2013															■	■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2013															■	■	■			■	■	■
Quarter 3, 2013															■	■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2013															■	■				■	■	■
Quarter 1, 2014															■	■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2014																■	■			■	■	■
Quarter 3, 2014															■	■				■	■	■
Quarter 4, 2014															■	■				■	■	■
Quarter 1, 2015															■	■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2015						■										■				■	■	■

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
	D	S	S	S	D	D	U	U		D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Gradient																					
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
TRICHLOROETHENE																					
Quarter 3, 2015													■		■		■				■
Quarter 4, 2015													■		■						■
Quarter 1, 2016													■		■		■	■			■
Quarter 2, 2016												■	■		■		■		■		■
Quarter 3, 2016													■		■		■	■			■
Quarter 4, 2016													■		■		■	■	■		■
Quarter 1, 2017													■		■		■	■			■
TURBIDITY																					
Quarter 1, 2003										*											
URANIUM																					
Quarter 4, 2002		*			*	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2006																					*
ZINC																					
Quarter 3, 2005																			*		
* Statistical test results indicate an elevated concentration (i.e., a statistical exceedance).																					
■ MCL Exceedance																					
UCRS Upper Continental Recharge System																					
URGA Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer																					
LRGA Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer																					

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APPENDIX H
METHANE MONITORING DATA

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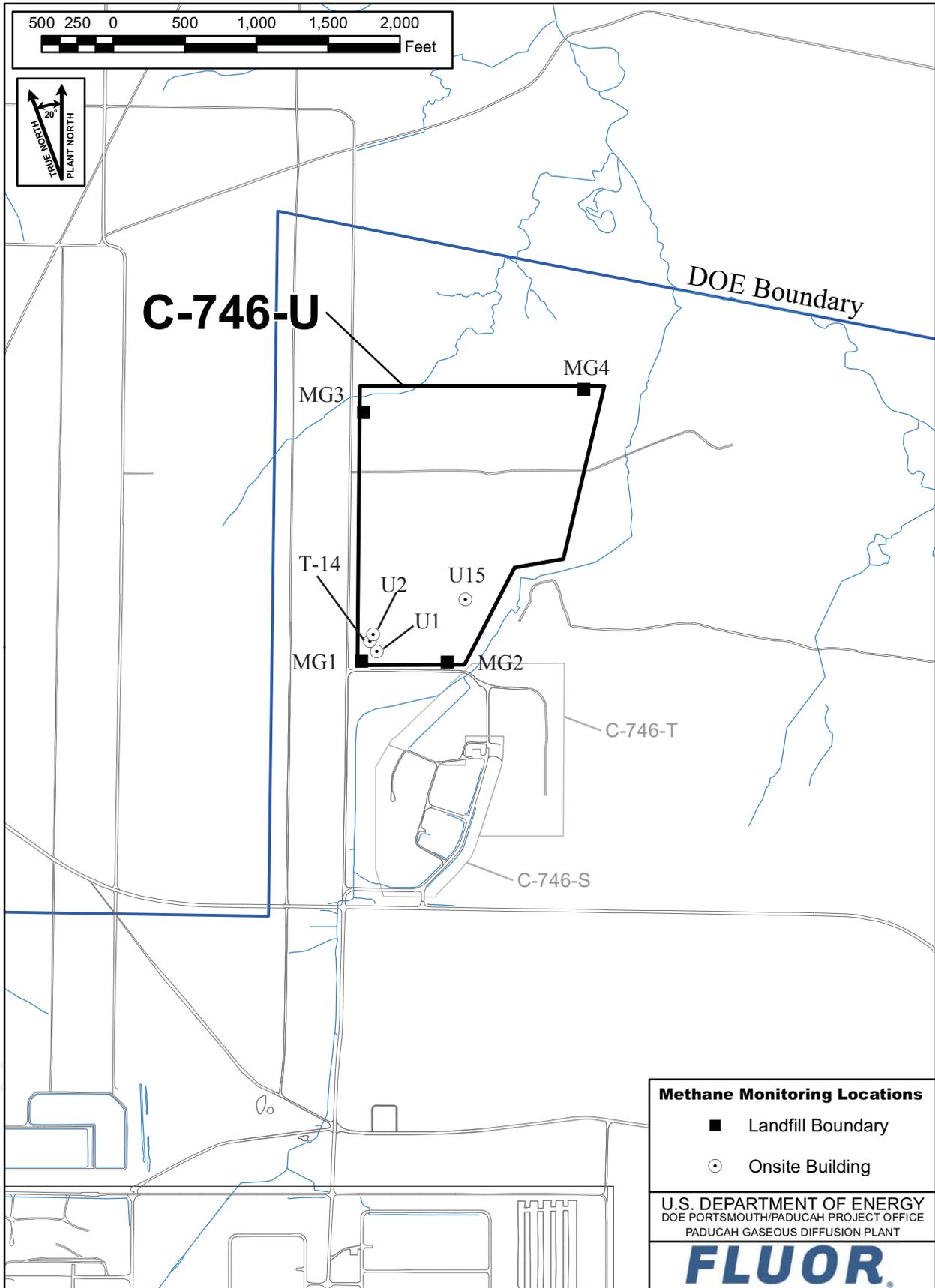


Figure H.1. C-746-U Methane Monitoring Locations

APPENDIX I

SURFACE WATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS AND WRITTEN COMMENTS

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Division of Waste Management
 Solid Waste Branch
 14 Reilly Road
 Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

SURFACE WATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS (S)

Monitoring Point (KPDES Discharge Number, or "UPSTREAM", or "DOWNSTREAM")				L150 AT SITE	L154 UPSTREAM	L351 DOWNSTREAM							
Sample Sequence #				1	1	1							
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment				NA	NA	NA							
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour:minutes)				2/7/2017 12:08	2/7/2017 12:21	2/7/2017 11:55							
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ¹				N	N	N							
Split ('Y' or "N") ²				N	N	N							
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)				L150US2-17	L154US2-17	L351US2-17							
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)				415936001	415936002	415936003							
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year)				2/27/2017	2/27/2017	2/27/2017							
CAS RN ³		CONSTITUENT	T D 4	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁵	F L A G S ⁷						
A200-00-0	0	Flow	T	MGD	Field	0.04		0.24		0.28			
16887-00-6	2	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	300.0	3.07		5.61		4.15			
14808-79-8	0	Sulfate	T	mg/L	300.0	16.2		24.5		10.6			
7439-89-6	0	Iron	T	mg/L	200.8	1.72		2.06		1.73			
7440-23-5	0	Sodium	T	mg/L	200.8	2.12		4.87		4.5			
S0268- -	0	Organic Carbon ⁶	T	mg/L	9060	26.8		18.8		9.26			
S0097- -	0	BOD ⁵	T	mg/L	not applicable		*		*		*		
S0130- -	0	Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	95.6		72.3		42.1			

3-1

¹Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report

²Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.

³Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.

⁴"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved

⁵"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value then shown is Practical Quantification Limit

⁶Facility has either/or option on Organic Carbon and (BOD) Biochemical Oxygen Demand - both are not required

⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", " then describe on "Written Comments" page.

STANDARD FLAGS:

* = See Comments

J = Estimated Value

B = Analyte found in blank

A = Average value

N = Presumptive ID

D = Concentration from analysis of
a secondary dilution factor

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Numbers: 073-00045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

SURFACE WATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
L150	L150US2-17	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Alpha activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.62. Rad error is 6.56.
		Beta activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.34. Rad error is 7.32.
L154	L154US2-17	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Alpha activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.95. Rad error is 6.84.
		Beta activity		TPU is 7.92. Rad error is 7.65.
L351	L351US2-17	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Alpha activity		TPU is 9.71. Rad error is 9.19.
		Beta activity		TPU is 10.7. Rad error is 9.3.

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