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AUG 28 2015

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Dear Ms. Green, Mr. Hendricks, and Mr. McDonough:

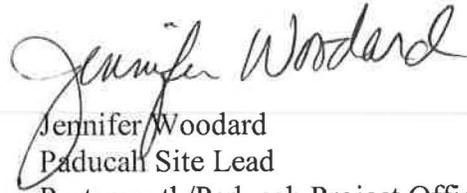
**C-746-U CONTAINED LANDFILL SECOND QUARTER CALENDAR YEAR 2015
(APRIL–JUNE) COMPLIANCE MONITORING REPORT, PADUCAH GASEOUS
DIFFUSION PLANT, PADUCAH, KENTUCKY, PAD-ENM-0093/V2, PERMIT
NUMBER SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045**

Enclosed is the subject report for the second quarter calendar year 2015. This report is required in accordance with Condition ACTV0006, Special Condition Number 3, of C-746-U Contained Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045. The report includes groundwater and surface water analytical data, validation summary, groundwater flow rate and direction determination, figures depicting well locations, and methane monitoring results.

The statistical analyses on the second quarter 2015 monitoring well data collected from the C-746-U Landfill were performed in accordance with Condition GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 3, using the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency guidance document, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989). This report also serves as the statistical exceedance notification for the second quarter calendar year 2015, in accordance with Condition GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 8, of the C-746-U Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045.

If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact David Dollins at (270) 441-6819.

Sincerely,



Jennifer Woodard
Paducah Site Lead
Portsmouth/Paducah Project Office

Enclosure:

C-746-U Contained Landfill Second Quarter Calendar Year 2015 (April–June) Compliance Monitoring Report

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**C-746-U Contained Landfill
Second Quarter Calendar Year 2015
(April–June)
Compliance Monitoring Report
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky**

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This document is approved for public release per review by:



FFS, Inc. Classification Support

8-27-15
Date

**C-746-U Contained Landfill
Second Quarter Calendar Year 2015
(April–June)
Compliance Monitoring Report
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky**

Date Issued—August 2015

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
Office of Environmental Management

Prepared by
FLUOR FEDERAL SERVICES, INC.,
Paducah Deactivation Project
managing the
Deactivation Project at the
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
under Task Order DE-DT0007774

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ACRONYMS

<i>CFR</i>	<i>Code of Federal Regulations</i>
CY	calendar year
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
<i>KAR</i>	<i>Kentucky Administrative Regulations</i>
KDWM	Kentucky Division of Waste Management
<i>KRS</i>	<i>Kentucky Revised Statutes</i>
LEL	lower explosive limit
LRGA	Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer
MCL	maximum contaminant level
MW	monitoring well
RGA	Regional Gravel Aquifer
UCRS	Upper Continental Recharge System
URGA	Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer
UTL	upper tolerance limit

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1. INTRODUCTION

This report, *C-746-U Contained Landfill Second Quarter Calendar Year 2015 (April-June) Compliance Monitoring Report, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, is being submitted in accordance with Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045. This report was written in accordance with the approved *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky* (LATA Kentucky 2014), Technical Application Attachment 25 of the Solid Waste Landfill permit.

The Groundwater, Surface Water, Leachate, and Methane Monitoring Sample Data Reporting Form is provided in Appendix A. The facility information sheet is provided in Appendix B. Groundwater analytical results are recorded on the Kentucky Division of Waste Management (KDWM) Groundwater Sample Analyses forms, which are presented in Appendix C. The statistical analyses and qualification statement are provided in Appendix D. The groundwater flow rate and direction determinations are provided in Appendix E. Appendix F contains the notifications for all permit required parameters whose concentrations exceed the maximum contaminant level (MCL) for Kentucky solid waste facilities provided in 401 KAR 47:030 § 6 and for all permit required parameters listed in 40 CFR § 302.4, Appendix A, that do not have an MCL and whose concentrations exceed the historical background concentrations [upper tolerance limit (UTL), as established at a 95% confidence]. Appendix G provides a chart of MCL exceedances and exceedances of the historical background UTL that have occurred, beginning in the fourth quarter calendar year (CY) 2002. Methane monitoring was conducted in accordance with 401 KAR 48:090 § 4 and the approved Explosive Gas Monitoring Program (KEEC 2011), Technical Application Attachment 12 of the Solid Waste Landfill permit. Methane monitoring results are documented on the approved C-746-U Landfill Methane Monitoring Report form provided in Appendix H. The form includes pertinent remarks/observations as required by 401 KAR 48:090 § 4.

Surface water was monitored, as specified in 401 KAR 48:300 § 2, and the approved *Surface Water Monitoring Plan for C-746-U Contained Landfill Permit Number KY-073-00045, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky* (PRS 2008), Technical Application Attachment 24 of the Solid Waste Landfill permit. The parameters identified in the Solid Waste Landfill Permit were analyzed for the three locations sampled for reporting only, pursuant to Permit Condition GMNP0003, Standard Requirement 1. Surface water results are provided in Appendix I.

1.1 BACKGROUND

The C-746-U Landfill is an operating solid waste landfill located north of the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant and north of the C-746-S&T Landfills. Construction and operation of the C-746-U Landfill were permitted in November 1996 under Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045. The permitted C-746-U Landfill area covers about 60 acres and includes a liner and leachate collection system. C-746-U Landfill currently is operating in Phases 3, 4, and 5. Phases 1, 2, and most of Phase 3 have long-term cover. Phases 6 through 23 have not been constructed.

1.2 MONITORING PERIOD ACTIVITIES

1.2.1 Groundwater Monitoring

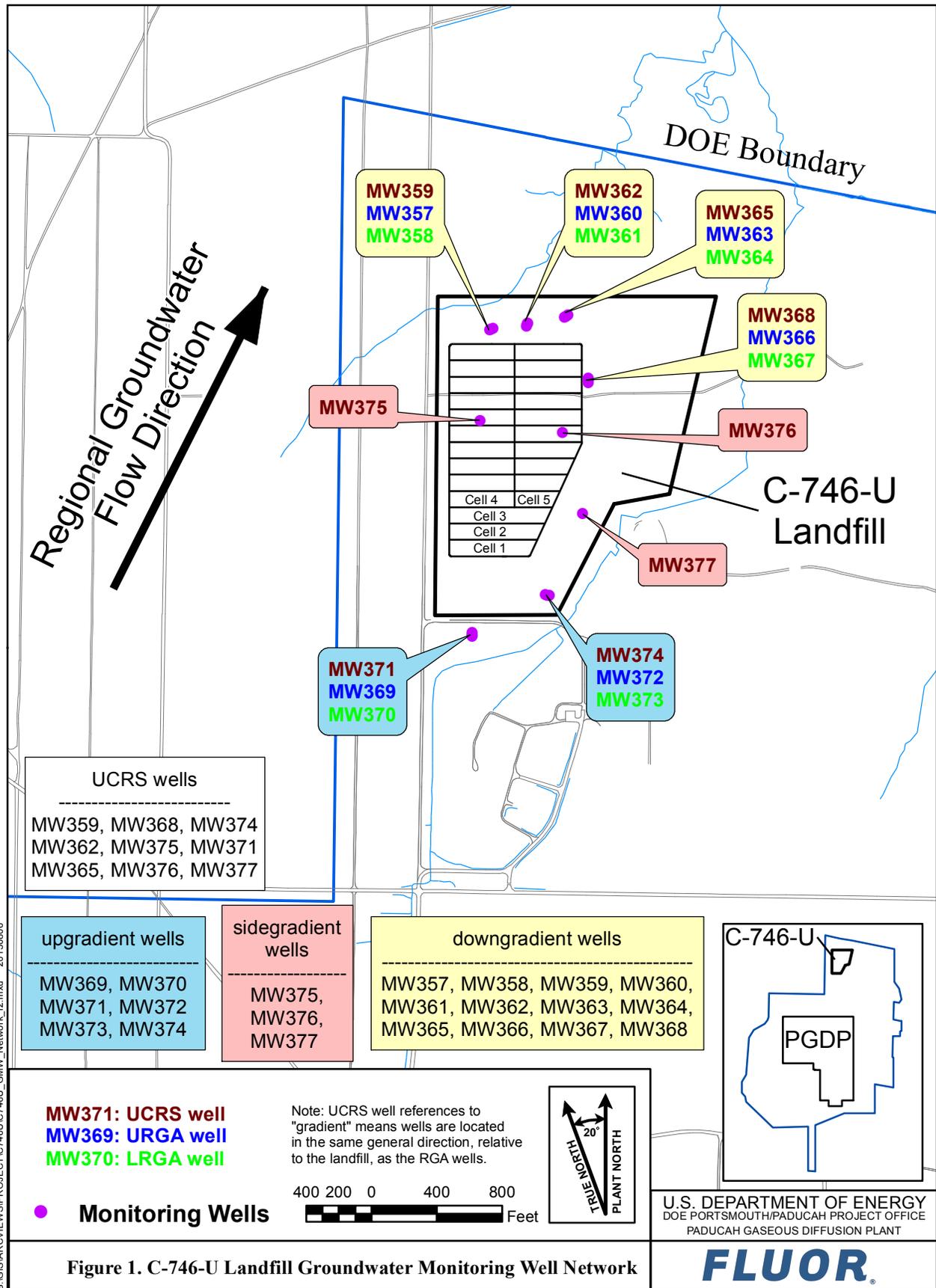
Three zones are monitored at the site: the Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS), Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA), and the Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA). There are 21 monitoring wells (MWs) under permit for the C-746-U Landfill: 9 UCRS wells, 6 URGA wells, and 6 LRGA wells. A map of the MW locations is presented in Figure 1. All MWs were sampled this quarter except MW376 and MW377 (both screened in the UCRS), which had an insufficient amount of water to obtain samples; therefore, there are no analytical results for these locations. Consistent with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014), UCRS wells are included in the monitoring program. Groundwater flow is downward through the UCRS, but flow in the underlying RGA is lateral. Groundwater flow in the RGA typically is in a north-northeasterly direction in the vicinity of the C-746-U Landfill. The Ohio River and lower reaches of Little Bayou Creek are the discharge areas for the RGA flow system from the vicinity of the landfills. Consistent with the conceptual site model, the constituent concentrations in UCRS wells are considered to be representative only of the conditions local to the well or sourced from overlying soils; thus, no discussion of potential “upgradient” sources is relevant to the discussion for the UCRS. Nevertheless, a UTL for background also has been calculated for UCRS wells using concentrations from UCRS wells located in the same direction (relative to the landfill) as those RGA wells identified as upgradient. The results from these wells are considered to represent historical “background” for the UCRS water quality. Results from UCRS wells are compared to this UTL and exceedances of these values are reported in the quarterly report.

Groundwater sampling was conducted in accordance with the Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014) within the second quarter 2015 using LATA Environmental Services of Kentucky, LLC, procedure PAD-ENM-2101, *Groundwater Sampling*. The analytical laboratory used U.S. Environmental Protection Agency-approved methods, as applicable. Appropriate sample containers and preservatives were used. The parameters specified in Permit Condition GSTR0001, Special Condition 1, were analyzed for all locations sampled.

The groundwater flow rate and direction determination are provided in Appendix E. Depth-to-water was measured on April 29 and 30, 2015, in MWs of the C-746-U Landfill (see Table E.1), in MWs of the C-746-S&T Landfills, and in MWs of the surrounding region (shown on Figure E.4). Water level measurements in 39 vicinity wells define the potentiometric surface for the RGA. Normal regional flow in the RGA is northeastward, toward the Ohio River. Groundwater flow in the RGA in April was eastward, in response to continuing high water levels of the Ohio River. The hydraulic gradient in the vicinity of the C-746-U Landfill in April was 3.25×10^{-4} ft/ft. The hydraulic gradient for both the URGA and LRGA at the C-746-U Landfill was 2.61×10^{-4} ft/ft. Calculated groundwater flow rates (average linear velocity) at the C-746-U Landfill range from 0.44 to 0.76 ft/day for the URGA and LRGA (see Table E.3).

1.2.2 Methane Monitoring

In accordance with the Explosive Gas Monitoring Program (KEEC 2011), landfill operations staff monitored for the occurrence of methane in four on-site building locations and four locations along the landfill boundary on June 4, 2015. See Appendix H for a map of the monitoring locations. Monitoring identified 0% of the lower explosive limit (LEL) of methane at all locations, which is compliant with the regulatory requirement of < 100% LEL at boundary locations and < 25% LEL at all other locations. The results are documented on the C-746-U Landfill Methane Log provided in Appendix H.



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Figure 1. C-746-U Landfill Groundwater Monitoring Well Network

1.2.3 Surface Water Monitoring

Surface water was sampled in accordance with 401 KAR 48:300 § 2 and the approved Surface Water Monitoring Plan (PRS 2008). Sampling was performed at three locations at the C-746-U Landfill. The C-746-U Landfill has an upstream location, L154; a downstream location, L351; and a location capturing runoff from the landfill surface, L150. Figure 2 is a map of the surface water monitoring locations. The parameters identified in the Solid Waste Landfill Permit were analyzed for the three locations sampled in report only format, pursuant to Permit Condition GMNP0003, Standard Requirement 1. Surface water reports are provided in Appendix I.

1.3 KEY RESULTS

Parameters that had concentrations that exceeded the respective MCL are listed in Table 1. Those constituents that exceeded their respective MCL were evaluated further against their historical background UTL. Table 2 identifies parameters (without MCLs) with concentrations that exceeded the statistically derived historical background UTL concentrations¹ during the second quarter 2015, as well as parameters that exceeded their MCL (beta activity and trichloroethene) and also exceeded their historical background UTL. Those constituents (present in downgradient wells) that exceed their historical background UTL were evaluated against their current UTL-derived background using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells considered to be upgradient (Table 3).

Table 1. Summary of MCL Exceedances

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
MW359: Trichloroethene	MW372: Trichloroethene	MW358: Trichloroethene
		MW367: Beta activity
		MW373: Trichloroethene

Table 2. Exceedances of Statistically Derived Historical Background Concentrations

UCRS*	URGA	LRGA
MW359: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate, trichloroethene	MW357: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW358: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW362: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-reduction potential	MW360: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW361: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW365: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW363: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW364: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW368: Oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW366: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW367: Beta activity ^a , Oxidation-reduction potential, technetium-99
MW371: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-reduction potential	MW369: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW370: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW374: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW372: Calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW373: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW375: Oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate		

*Gradients in the UCRS are downward. UCRS gradient designations refer to the locations of wells in the same direction, relative to the landfill as the RGA wells.

Sidegradient wells: MW375, MW376, MW377

Downgradient wells: MW357, MW358, MW359, MW360, MW361, MW362, MW363, MW364, MW365, MW366, MW367, MW368

Upgradient wells: MW369, MW370, MW371, MW372, MW373, MW374

^aBeta activity and trichloroethene have an MCL; the exceedances of the MCL were subjected to a comparison against the statistically derived historical background.

¹ The term “concentration” may refer to a field measurement result such as pH, oxidation-reduction potential, or an analytical parameter such as trichloroethene or polychlorinated biphenyls.

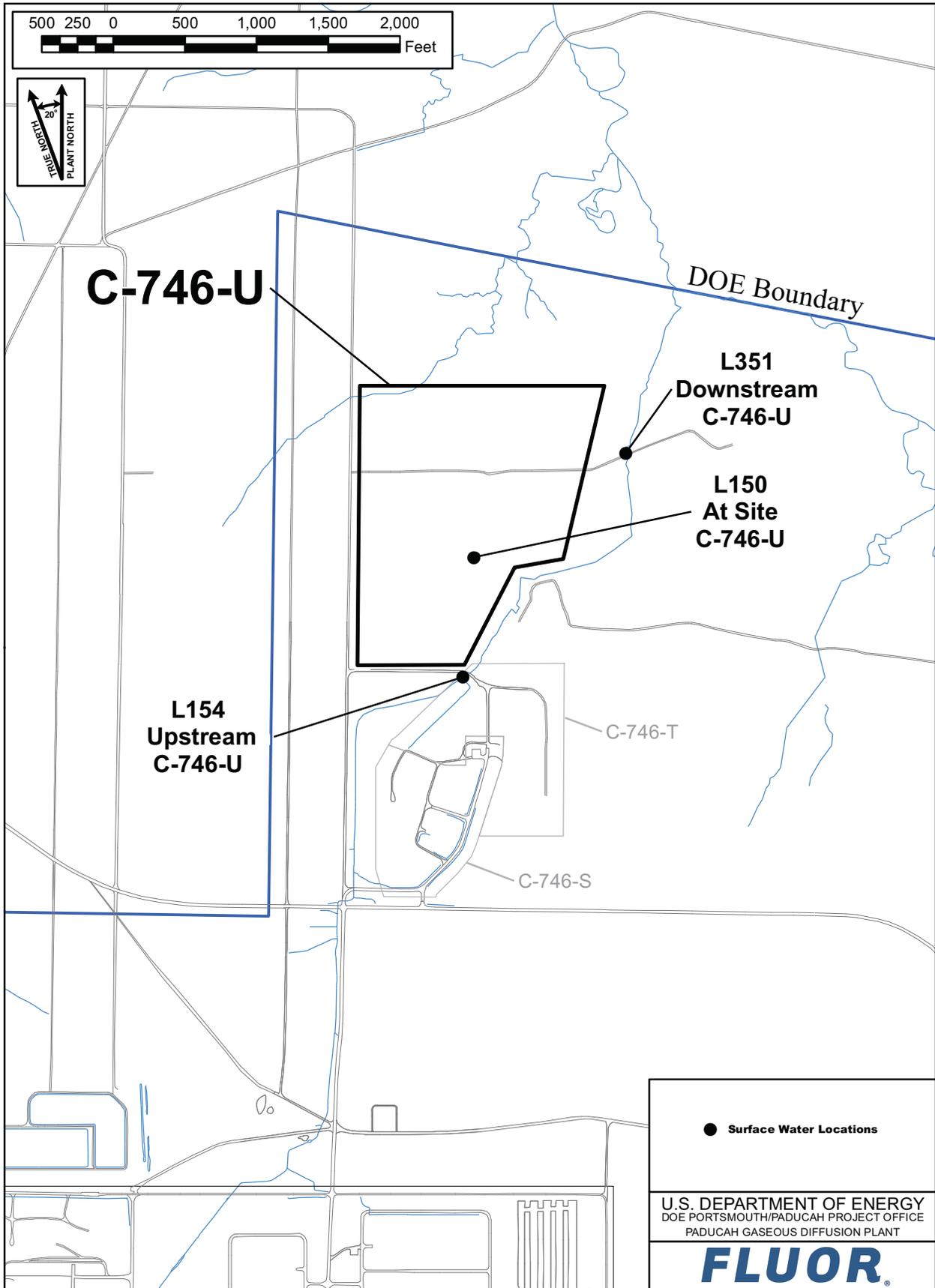


Figure 2. C-746-U Landfill Surface Water Monitoring Locations

Table 3. Exceedances of Current Background UTL in Downgradient Wells

None

The notification of parameters that exceeded the MCL has been submitted electronically to the KDWM, in accordance with 401 KAR 48:300 § 7, prior to the submittal of this report.

There was one new MCL exceedance for this quarter, trichloroethene in UCRS well, MW359. Because the monitoring well is a UCRS well and not downgradient, this exceedance is considered a Type 1 exceedance—not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill.

The constituents that exceeded their MCLs were subjected to a comparison against the UTL concentrations calculated using historical concentrations from wells identified as background. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan, the MCL exceedance for trichloroethene in MW358 (downgradient well), does not exceed the historical background concentration and is considered to be a Type 1 exceedance—not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill.

The constituents that had exceedances of the statistically derived historical background UTL underwent additional statistical evaluation. The current-quarter concentrations were compared to the current background UTL developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as upgradient in order to determine if the current downgradient concentrations are consistent with current background values. If constituents were present in downgradient wells with historical UTL exceedances that were above the current UTL, then they would be summarized in Table 3. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan, these are considered to be Type 1 exceedances and are considered to be not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan, the MCL and historical background exceedances for beta activity in MW367 (downgradient well) do not exceed the current background concentration and are considered to be a Type 1 exceedance—not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill.

The statistical evaluation of current UCRS wells against the current UCRS background UTL identified UCRS wells with sulfate and trichloroethene values that exceed both the historical and current background. Because these wells are not hydrogeologically downgradient of the C-746-U Landfill, these exceedances are not attributable to C-746-U sources and are considered Type 1 exceedances (Table 4).

Table 4. Exceedances of Current Background UTL in UCRS Wells

UCRS
MW359: Sulfate, trichloroethene
MW365: Sulfate
MW368: Sulfate
MW375: Sulfate

All MCL and UTL exceedances reported for this quarter were evaluated and considered to be Type 1 exceedances—not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill.

2. DATA EVALUATION/STATISTICAL SYNOPSIS

The statistical analyses conducted on the second quarter 2015 groundwater data collected from the C-746-U Contained Landfill MWs were performed in accordance with the *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky* (LATA Kentucky 2014). The statistical analyses for this report use data from the first eight quarters that were sampled for each parameter, beginning with the first two baseline sampling events in 2002, when available. The sampling dates associated with background data are listed next to the result in the statistical analysis sheets in Appendix D (Attachments D1 and D2).

For those parameters that exceed the respective Kentucky solid waste facility MCL found in 401 KAR 47:030 § 6, these exceedances were documented and evaluated further as follows. Exceedances were reviewed against historical background results (UTL). If the MCL exceedance was found not to exceed the historical UTL, the exceedance was noted as a Type 1 exceedance—an exceedance not attributable to the landfill. If there was an exceedance of the MCL in a downgradient well and this constituent also exceeded the historical background, the quarterly result was compared to the current background UTL (developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as upgradient) to identify if this exceedance is properly attributable to upgradient/non-landfill sources. If the downgradient concentration was less than the current background, the exceedance was noted as a Type 1 exceedance. If a constituent exceeds its Kentucky solid waste facility MCL, historical background UTL, and current background UTL, it was evaluated further to identify the source of the exceedance, if possible. If the source of the exceedance could not be identified, it was reported as a Type 2 exceedance—source undetermined.

For those parameters that do not have a Kentucky solid waste facility MCL, the same process was used. If a constituent without an MCL exceeded its historical background UTL and its current background UTL, it was evaluated further to identify the source of the exceedance, if possible. If the source of the exceedance could not be identified, it was reported as a Type 2 exceedance.

To calculate the UTL, the data are divided into censored (nondetects) and uncensored (detected) observations. The one-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted only on parameters that have at least one uncensored observation. Results of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test are used to determine whether the data show a statistical exceedance in concentrations with respect to historical background concentrations (UTL).

For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test was conducted. The test well results were compared to both an upper and lower tolerance limit to determine if statistically significant deviations in concentrations exist with respect to upgradient (background) well data.

A stepwise list of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical procedures applied to the data is provided in Appendix D under Statistical Analysis Process. The statistical analysis was conducted separately for each parameter in each well. The MWs included historically in the statistical analyses are listed in Table 5.

Table 5. Monitoring Wells Included in Statistical Analysis*

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
MW359	MW357	MW358
MW362	MW360	MW361
MW365	MW363	MW364
MW368	MW366	MW367
MW371**	MW369 (upgradient)	MW370 (upgradient)
MW374**	MW372 (upgradient)	MW373 (upgradient)
MW375		
MW376 ***		
MW377 ***		

*A map showing the monitoring well locations is shown on Figure 1.

**In the same direction (relative to the landfill) as RGA wells considered to be upgradient.

*** MW376 and MW377 had sufficient water to permit a water level measurement, but insufficient water to provide water samples for laboratory analysis.

2.1 STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF GROUNDWATER DATA

Parameters requiring statistical analysis are summarized in Appendix D for each hydrological unit. A stepwise list for determining exceedances of statistically derived historical background concentrations is provided in Appendix D under Statistical Analysis Process. A comparison of the current quarter's results to the statistically derived historical background was conducted for parameters that do not have MCLs and also for those parameters whose concentrations exceed MCLs. Appendix G summarizes the occurrences (by well and by quarter) of exceedances of historical UTLs and MCL exceedances. The constituents that had exceedances of the statistically derived historical background UTL underwent additional statistical evaluation. The current-quarter concentrations were compared to the current background UTL developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as upgradient in order to determine if the current downgradient concentrations are consistent with current background values. If constituents were present in downgradient wells with historical UTL exceedances that also were above the current UTL, then they would be summarized in Table 3.

2.1.1 Upper Continental Recharge System

In this quarter, 28 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the UCRS. During the second quarter, dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate, and trichloroethene displayed concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTL and are listed in Table 2. Sulfate and trichloroethene exceeded the current background UTL and are included on Table 4.

2.1.2 Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer

In this quarter, 31 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the URGA. During the second quarter, calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, oxidation-reduction potential, and sulfate displayed concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTL and are listed in Table 2. There were no exceedances of the current background UTL for any downgradient wells as summarized in Table 3.

2.1.3 Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer

In this quarter, 28 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the LRGA. During the second quarter, beta activity, oxidation-reduction potential, and technetium-99 displayed

concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTL and are listed in Table 2. There were no exceedances of the current background UTL for any downgradient wells as summarized in Table 3.

2.2 DATA VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION

Data verification is the process of comparing a data set against a set standard or contractual requirements. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan, data verification is performed for 100% of the data. Data are flagged as necessary.

Data validation was performed on 100% of the organic, inorganic, and radiochemical analytical data by a qualified individual independent from sampling, laboratory, project management, or other decision-making personnel. Data validation evaluates the laboratory adherence to analytical method requirements. Validation qualifiers are added by the independent validator and not the laboratory. Validation qualifiers are not requested on the groundwater reporting forms.

Field quality control samples are collected each sampling event. Field blanks, rinseate blanks, and trip blanks are obtained to ensure quality of field and laboratory practices and data are reported in the Groundwater Sample Analysis forms in Appendix C. Laboratory quality control samples such as matrix spikes, matrix spike duplicates, and method blanks are performed by the laboratory. Both field and laboratory quality control sample results are reviewed as part of the data verification/validation process.

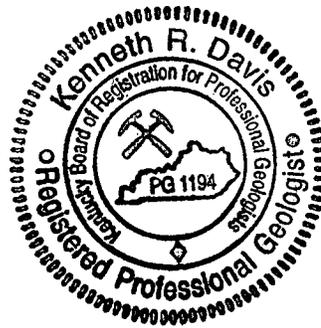
Data validation results for this data set indicated that all data were considered usable.

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3. PROFESSIONAL GEOLOGIST AUTHORIZATION

DOCUMENT IDENTIFICATION: *C-746-U Contained Landfill
Second Quarter Calendar Year 2015 (April–June)
Compliance Monitoring Report,
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky (PAD-ENM-0093/V2)*

Stamped and signed pursuant to my authority as a duly registered geologist under the provisions of KRS Chapter 322A.



Kenneth R. Davis
Kenneth R. Davis

PG1194

August 27, 2015
Date

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4. REFERENCES

- EPA (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency) 1989. *EPA Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities*, Interim Final Guidance, Office of Resource Conservation and Recovery, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, DC.
- KEEC (Kentucky Energy and Environment Cabinet) 2011. Solid Waste Landfill Permit, Division of Waste Management, Solid Waste Branch, Technical Application Attachment 12, “Explosive Gas Monitoring Program,” January 21.
- LATA Kentucky (LATA Environmental Services of Kentucky, LLC) 2014. *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, PAD-PROJ-0139, LATA Environmental Services of Kentucky, LLC, Kevil, KY, June.
- PRS (Paducah Remediation Services, LLC) 2008. *Surface Water Monitoring Plan for C-746-U Contained Landfill Permit Number KY-073-00045, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, Paducah Remediation Services, LLC, Kevil, KY, June.

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APPENDIX A

**GROUNDWATER, SURFACE WATER,
LEACHATE, AND METHANE MONITORING
SAMPLE DATA REPORTING FORM**

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**GROUNDWATER, SURFACE WATER, LEACHATE,
AND METHANE MONITORING
SAMPLE DATA REPORTING FORM**

**NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION CABINET
DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
DIVISION OF WASTE MANAGEMENT
SOLID WASTE BRANCH
14 REILLY ROAD
FRANKFORT, KY 40601**

Facility Name: U.S. DOE-Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant Activity: C-746-U Contained Landfill
(As officially shown on DWM Permit Face)

Permit No: SW07300014, Finds/Unit No: _____ Quarter & Year 2nd Qtr. CY 2015
SW07300015,
SW07300045

Please check the following as applicable:

_____ Characterization Quarterly _____ Semiannual _____ Annual _____ Assessment

Please check applicable submittal(s): Groundwater Surface Water
 Leachate Methane Monitoring

This form is to be utilized by those sites required by regulation (Kentucky Waste Management Regulations-401 KAR 48:300 and 45:160) or by statute (Kentucky Revised Statues Chapter 224) to conduct groundwater and surface water monitoring under the jurisdiction of the Division of Waste Management. **You must report any indication of contamination within forty-eight (48) hours of making the determination using statistical analyses, direct comparison, or other similar techniques. Submitting the lab report is NOT considered notification.** Instructions for completing the form are attached. Do not submit the instruction pages.

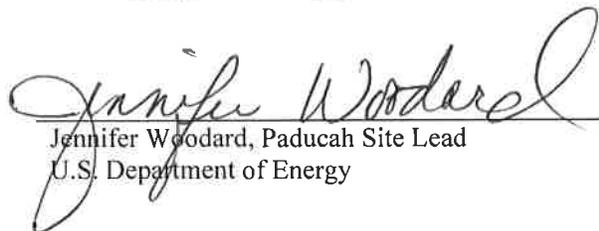
I certify under penalty of law that the document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons directly responsible for gathering information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for such violations.



Myrna E. Redfield, Manager, Regulatory Affairs
Fluor Federal Services, Inc.

8/28/15

Date



Jennifer Woodard, Paducah Site Lead
U.S. Department of Energy

8/28/15

Date

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APPENDIX B
FACILITY INFORMATION SHEET

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FACILITY INFORMATION SHEET

Groundwater: April 2015
Surface Water: April 2015
Methane: June 2015

County: McCracken

Permit Nos. SW07300014,
SW07300015,
SW07300045

Facility Name: U.S. DOE – Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
(As officially shown on DWM Permit Face)

Site Address: 5501 Hobbs Road Kevil, Kentucky 42053
Street City/State Zip

Phone No: (270) 441-6800 Latitude: N 37° 07' 45" Longitude: W 88° 47' 55"

OWNER INFORMATION

Facility Owner: U.S. DOE – W. E. Murphie, Manager Phone No: (859) 219-4001

Contact Person: Mark J. Duff Phone No: (270) 441-6127

Contact Person Title: Director, Environmental Management, Fluor Federal Services, Inc.

Mailing Address: 5511 Hobbs Road Kevil, Kentucky 42053
Street City/State Zip

SAMPLING PERSONNEL (IF OTHER THAN LANDFILL OR LABORATORY)

Company: LATA Environmental Services of Kentucky, LLC

Contact Person: Jeff Boulton Phone No: (270) 441-5444

Mailing Address: 761 Veterans Avenue Kevil, Kentucky 42053
Street City/State Zip

LABORATORY RECORD #1

Laboratory: GEL Laboratories, LLC Lab ID No: KY90129

Contact Person: Joanne Harley Phone No: (843) 769-7387

Mailing Address: 2040 Savage Road Charleston, South Carolina 29047
Street City/State Zip

LABORATORY RECORD #2

Laboratory: . Lab ID No: _____

Contact Person: _____ Phone No: _____

Mailing Address: _____
Street City/State Zip

LABORATORY RECORD #3

Laboratory: _____ Lab ID No: _____

Contact Person: _____ Phone No: _____

Mailing Address: _____
Street City/State Zip

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APPENDIX C
GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSES
AND WRITTEN COMMENTS

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Division of Waste Management
 Solid Waste Branch
 14 Reilly Road
 Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS (S)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-4798	8004-4799	8004-0981	8004-4800				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	357	358	359	360				
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1				
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	NA	NA	NA				
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	4/6/2015 12:36	4/6/2015 13:32	4/6/2015 09:50	4/7/2015 09:26				
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²	N	N	N	N				
Split ("Y" or "N") ³	N	N	N	N				
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	MW357UG3-15	MW358UG3-15	MW359UG3-15	MW360UG3-15				
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	370481001	370481003	370481005	370578001				
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatile Organics Analysis</u>	4/9/2015	4/9/2015	4/9/2015	4/9/2015				
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
24959-67-9	Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.323		0.445	
16887-00-6	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	26.6		34.3	
16984-48-8	Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.159		0.154	
50595- -	Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	1.02		0.557	
14808-79-8	Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	40		80.8	
NS1894	Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	30.05		30.05	
S0145- -	Specific Conductance	T	µMHO/cm	Field	385		511	
							<0.2	
							1.15	
							0.0666	J
							2.35	
							52.8	
							30.05	
							255	
							0.152	J
							11.6	
							0.197	
							0.272	
							23	
							30	
							445	

STANDARD FLAGS:
 * = See Comments
 J = Estimated Value
 B = Analyte found in blank
 A = Average value
 N = Presumptive ID
 D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
⁶"z" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", then describe on "Written Comments Page."

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number		8004-4798	8004-4799	8004-0981	8004-4800					
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)		357	358	359	360					
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S		
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	326.31		326.27		326.29	
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	4		0.78		4.8	
S0266 - -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	189		279		149	
S0296 - -	pH	T	Units	Field	6.13		6.16		5.97	
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field	546		320		536	
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field	14.44		14.44		14.11	
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	0.0159	J	<0.05		0.0606	
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0658		0.0501		0.0302	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.296		0.431		0.0125	J
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	23.9		35.7		7.19	
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	0.00099	J	0.00113		0.00018	J
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.00037	J	0.00066	J	0.00181	
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020	<0.1		0.462		0.069	J
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	10.4		15.8		4.38	
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.00369	J	0.145		0.00111	J
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: 073-00045

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number		8004-4798	8004-4799	8004-0981	8004-4800							
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)		357	358	359	360							
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S		
7439-98-7	Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		0.00032	BJ
7440-02-0	Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		0.00243		0.00156	J	0.0018	BJ
7440-09-7	Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	1.52		2.38		0.0838	J	0.871	
7440-16-6	Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2	Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		0.0016	J
7440-22-4	Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		0.00029	J	<0.001	
7440-23-5	Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	39.5		42.3		42.1		58.5	
7440-25-7	Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	*
7440-28-0	Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1	Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		<0.0002		0.00011	J	0.000094	J
7440-62-2	Vanadium	T	mg/L	6010	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-66-6	Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.00782	J	0.00925	J	0.00511	J	<0.01	
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1	Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8	Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2	Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7	Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5	Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3	Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5	Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: 073-00045 LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number		8004-4798	8004-4799	8004-0981	8004-4800					
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)		357	358	359	360					
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2	Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9	Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3	Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3	Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3	Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		0.00145		<0.001	
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6	Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5	Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4	Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6	Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00484		0.0158		0.00577	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-4798	8004-4799	8004-0981	8004-4800						
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	357	358	359	360						
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	ID ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	FLA G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	FLA G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	FLA G S
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4	Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1	Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2	Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8	Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000194		<0.0000192		<0.00002	
78-87-5	Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1	Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7	Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3	PCB, Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0943		<0.1	
12674-11-2	PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0943		<0.1	
11104-28-2	PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0943		<0.1	
11141-16-5	PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0943		<0.1	
53469-21-9	PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0943		<0.1	
12672-29-6	PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0943		<0.1	

Division of Waste Management
 Solid Waste Branch
 14 Reilly Road
 Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS (s)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-4795	8004-0986	8004-4796	8004-4797				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	361	362	363	364				
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1				
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	NA	NA	NA				
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	4/7/2015 08:38	4/6/2015 08:52	4/7/2015 12:44	4/7/2015 13:38				
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²	N	N	N	N				
Split ("Y" or "N") ³	N	N	N	N				
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	MW361UG3-15	MW362UG3-15	MW363UG3-15	MW364UG3-15				
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	370578003	370481007	370578005	370578007				
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatile Organics Analysis</u>	4/9/2015	4/9/2015	4/14/2015	4/14/2015				
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
24959-67-9	Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.445	J	0.144	J
16887-00-6	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	35.6		28.7	
16984-48-8	Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.164		0.178	
50595- -	Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	1.06		3.25	
14808-79-8	Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	71.4		26.7	
NS1894	Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	30		30	
S0145- -	Specific Conductance	T	µMHO/cm	Field	498		391	

STANDARD FLAGS:
 * = See Comments
 J = Estimated Value
 B = Analyte found in blank
 A = Average value
 N = Presumptive ID
 D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
⁶"z" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", then describe on "Written Comments Page."

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number		8004-4795	8004-0986	8004-4796	8004-4797				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)		361	362	363	364				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	326.32		326.18		326.16
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	3.3		1.69		2.56
S0266- -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	266		196		241
S0296- -	pH	T	Units	Field	5.93		6.05		5.93
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field	422		379		401
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field	15.89		18.56		17.83
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.05		<0.05		<0.05
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0554	B	0.174	B	0.0762
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.347		0.026		0.012
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	33.3		26.7		30.6
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.0012		0.00019
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.0004	J	<0.001		0.00042
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020	<0.1		0.0465	BJ	0.0398
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	14.3		10.4		13.1
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.00801		0.371		0.0111
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number		8004-4795	8004-0986	8004-4796	8004-4797							
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)		361	362	363	364							
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S		
7439-98-7	Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		0.00086		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-02-0	Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		0.0017	J	0.00079	BJ	<0.002	
7440-09-7	Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	2.01		0.453		1.27		2.12	
7440-16-6	Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2	Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	0.00189	J	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-22-4	Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5	Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	44.3		121		36.3		43.7	
7440-25-7	Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005	*	<0.005		<0.005	*	<0.005	*
7440-28-0	Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1	Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		0.0038		<0.0002		<0.0002	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	T	mg/L	6010	<0.005		0.00356	J	<0.005		<0.005	
7440-66-6	Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		0.00526	J	<0.01		0.034	B
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1	Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8	Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2	Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7	Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5	Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3	Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5	Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

Permit Number: 073-00045

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number		8004-4795	8004-0986	8004-4796	8004-4797					
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)		361	362	363	364					
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2	Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9	Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3	Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3	Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3	Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6	Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5	Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4	Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6	Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		0.00142		0.00265	0.00478

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-4795	8004-0986	8004-4796	8004-4797						
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	361	362	363	364						
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T I D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁵	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁵	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁵	F L A G S
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4	Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1	Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2	Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8	Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.00002		<0.0000197		<0.00002	
78-87-5	Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1	Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7	Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3	PCB, Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.105		<0.0952		<0.0971	
12674-11-2	PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.105		<0.0952		<0.0971	
11104-28-2	PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.105		<0.0952		<0.0971	
11141-16-5	PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.105		<0.0952		<0.0971	
53469-21-9	PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.105		<0.0952		<0.0971	
12672-29-6	PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.105		<0.0952		<0.0971	

Division of Waste Management
 Solid Waste Branch
 14 Reilly Road
 Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS (s)

CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
8004-0984	8004-0982	8004-4793	8004-0983	AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	365	NA	4/8/2015 12:54	4/8/2015 13:50	4/8/2015 09:16	8004-0983
367	366	367	368	Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	1	NA	4/8/2015 12:54	4/8/2015 13:50	4/8/2015 09:16	8004-0983
1	1	1	1	Sample Sequence #	NA	NA	4/8/2015 12:54	4/8/2015 13:50	4/8/2015 09:16	8004-0983
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment										
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)										
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²										
Split ("Y" or "N") ³										
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)										
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)										
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatile Organics Analysis</u>										
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)										
DOWN										
SIDE										
SIDE										
SIDE										
24959-67-9	Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	<0.2		0.464		0.487	<0.2
16887-00-6	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	3.98		37.6		37.3	0.729
16984-48-8	Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.245		0.148		0.136	0.35
50595--	Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	0.503		0.739		0.651	<0.1
14808-79-8	Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	67.6		42.6		43.6	28.2
NS1894	Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	29.98		29.97		29.99	29.99
S0145--	Specific Conductance	T	µMHO/cm	Field	458		488		472	455

STANDARD FLAGS:

- * = See Comments
- J = Estimated Value
- B = Analyte found in blank
- A = Average value
- N = Presumptive ID
- D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
⁶"z" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", then describe on "Written Comments Page."

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
					DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
	AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number				365		366		367		368	
	Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)											
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	334.24		326.25		326.18		361.19	
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	5.47		1.99		1.98		2.67	
S0266 - -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	236		226		214		230	
S0296 - -	pH	T	Units	Field	6.12		6.01		5.98		6.53	
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field	700		692		751		676	
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field	19.61		18.11		16.72		16.56	
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	0.0314	J	0.016		0.0185	J	1.56	
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	0.00194	J	<0.005		0.00187	J	0.00844	
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0922		0.152		0.191		0.0177	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.00543	J	0.0762		0.024		<0.015	
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	23.1		29.4		30.9		22.7	
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	0.00205		0.00019	J	0.00058	J	0.00051	J
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.00233		0.00042	J	0.00047	J	0.00107	
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0358	J	<0.1		0.899		0.838	
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		0.00088	J
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	10.8		12.5		12.9		8.68	
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.0482		0.00558		0.178		0.028	
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number		8004-0984	8004-0982	8004-4793	8004-0983							
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)		365	366	367	368							
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S		
7439-98-7	Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	0.00033	BJ	<0.0005		<0.0005		0.00282	B
7440-02-0	Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.00568		<0.002		0.0007	J	0.00102	J
7440-09-7	Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	0.304		1.9		2.92		1.2	
7440-16-6	Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2	Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		0.00195	J	0.00243	J	<0.005	
7440-22-4	Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5	Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	57.5		45.2		42.8		58.6	
7440-25-7	Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-28-0	Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1	Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	0.00011	J	<0.0002		<0.0002		0.00027	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	T	mg/L	6010	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		0.0154	
7440-66-6	Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.00797	J	<0.01		<0.01		0.00603	J
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1	Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8	Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2	Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7	Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5	Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3	Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5	Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: 073-00045 LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number		8004-0984	8004-0982	8004-4793	8004-0983					
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)		365	366	367	368					
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2	Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9	Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3	Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3	Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3	Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6	Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5	Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4	Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6	Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.0004	J	0.00339		0.00419	
									0.00033	J

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-0984	8004-0982	8004-4793	8004-0983						
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	365	366	367	368						
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	ID ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	FLA G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	FLA G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	FLA G S
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4	Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1	Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2	Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8	Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.00002		<0.00002		<0.00002	
78-87-5	Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1	Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7	Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3	PCB, Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.101		<0.1		<0.098	
12674-11-2	PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.101		<0.1		<0.098	
11104-28-2	PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.101		<0.1		<0.098	
11141-16-5	PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.101		<0.1		<0.098	
53469-21-9	PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.101		<0.1		<0.098	
12672-29-6	PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.101		<0.1		<0.098	

Division of Waste Management
 Solid Waste Branch
 14 Reilly Road
 Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS (s)

CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
8004-4820	8004-4818	8004-4819	8004-4808							
	AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number									
	Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)									
	Sample Sequence #									
	If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment									
	Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)									
	Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²									
	Split ("Y" or "N") ³									
	Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)									
	Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)									
	Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatile Organics Analysis</u>									
	Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)									
24959-67-9	Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.503	0.519	0.0969	J	0.561	
16887-00-6	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	37	38.6	5.82		44.4	
16984-48-8	Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.176	0.159	0.273		0.159	
S0595--	Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	1.1	1.14	0.671		0.0393	J
14808-79-8	Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	19.4	19.1	13.2		138	
NS1894	Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	30.04	30.04	30.04		29.86	
S0145--	Specific Conductance	T	µMHO/cm	Field	434	432	711		769	

STANDARD FLAGS:

- * = See Comments
- J = Estimated Value
- B = Analyte found in blank
- A = Average value
- N = Presumptive ID
- D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
⁶"z" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", then describe on "Written Comments Page."

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number		8004-4820	8004-4818	8004-4819	8004-4808							
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)		369	370	371	372							
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S		
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	326.68		326.68		341.47		326.43	
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	3.38		4.18		4.44		1.18	
S0266- -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	201		194		413		421	
S0296- -	pH	T	Units	Field	6.11		6.1		6.75		6.06	
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field	404		380		384		283	
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field	17.44		16.94		16.67		17.28	
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	0.0644	*	<0.05	*	1.48	*	0.0384	BJ
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		0.00323	J
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.521		0.194		0.122		0.0567	
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0355		0.0351		0.00541	J	1.31	
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	28		28.3		28.2		66.6	
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	0.00062	J	0.00052	J	0.00032	J	0.00153	
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.00055	J	0.00056	J	0.0012		<0.001	
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0871	J	<0.1		0.862		1.65	
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		0.00056	J	<0.002	
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	12.7		12.9		12.4		25.2	
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.00599	J	0.00282	J	0.0139		0.0295	
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number		8004-4820	8004-4818	8004-4819	8004-4808							
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)		369	370	371	372							
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S		
7439-98-7	Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		0.00043	J	0.00088	
7440-02-0	Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.0014	J	0.00095	J	0.00122	J	0.00119	J
7440-09-7	Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	1.47		2.49		0.502		2.65	
7440-16-6	Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7782-49-2	Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-22-4	Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5	Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	46.2		42.4		135		60.5	
7440-25-7	Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005	*	<0.005	*	<0.005	*	<0.005	*
7440-28-0	Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1	Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		<0.0002		0.00126		<0.0002	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	T	mg/L	6010	0.00151	J	<0.005		0.00656		<0.005	
7440-66-6	Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		0.00506	J	0.00622	J
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1	Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8	Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2	Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7	Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5	Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3	Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5	Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: 073-00045 LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-4820	8004-4818	8004-4819	8004-4808						
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	369	370	371	372						
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2	Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9	Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3	Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3	Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3	Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6	Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5	Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4	Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6	Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00152		0.00129	J	0.00052	0.00896

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-4820	8004-4818	8004-4819	8004-4808						
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	369	370	371	372						
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T I D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁵	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁵	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁵	F L A G S
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4	Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1	Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2	Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8	Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.00002		<0.00002		<0.00002	
78-87-5	Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1	Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7	Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3	PCB, Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0962		<0.0962	J
12674-11-2	PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0962		<0.0952	
11104-28-2	PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0962		<0.0952	
11141-16-5	PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0962		<0.0952	
53469-21-9	PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0962		<0.0952	J
12672-29-6	PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0962		<0.0952	

Division of Waste Management
 Solid Waste Branch
 14 Reilly Road
 Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS (S)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-4792	8004-0990	8004-0985	8004-0988						
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	373	374	375	376						
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1						
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	NA	NA	NA						
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	4/9/2015 09:43	4/9/2015 08:55	4/9/2015 13:04	NA						
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²	N	N	N	N						
Split ("Y" or "N") ³	N	N	N	N						
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	MW373UG3-15	MW374UG3-15	MW375UG3-15	NA						
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	370820003	370820005	370820007	NA						
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatile Organics Analysis</u>	4/16/2015	4/16/2015	4/16/2015	NA						
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	UP	UP	SIDE	SIDE						
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
24959-67-9	Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.584		0.892		<0.2	*
16887-00-6	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	42.4		72.5		4.42	*
16984-48-8	Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.153		0.164		0.247	*
50595--	Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	0.3		0.0776	J	0.793	*
14808-79-8	Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	165		5.7		30.4	*
NS1894	Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	29.9		29.9		29.88	*
S0145--	Specific Conductance	T	µMHO/cm	Field	873		702		395	*

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
⁶"z" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
 * = See Comments
 J = Estimated Value
 B = Analyte found in blank
 A = Average value
 N = Presumptive ID
 D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number		8004-4792	8004-0990	8004-0985	8004-0988									
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)		373	374	375	376									
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S						
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	326.41		336.68		343.15					
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	2.09		1.59		1.21					
S0266- -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	476		360		189					
S0296- -	pH	T	Units	Field	6.02		6.54		6.25					
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field	507		395		495					
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field	17.22		17.11		19.11					
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	0.0177	BJ	0.0186	BJ	0.0325	BJ				
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003					
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005					
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0246		0.143		0.181					
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005					
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020	1.67		0.0453		0.0194					
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001					
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	73.5		21.5		15.1					
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01					
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.00014	J	0.00046	J				
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001					
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020	<0.1		0.129		0.037	J				
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002					
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	28.1		5.97		6.34					
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.00318	J	0.0135		0.0108					
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002					

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number		8004-4792	8004-0990	8004-0985	8004-0988																
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)		373	374	375	376																
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S											
7439-98-7	Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		0.0002	J	0.00022	J											
7440-02-0	Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002				0.00124	J											
7440-09-7	Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	2.89				0.458	J											
7440-16-6	Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005				<0.005												
7782-49-2	Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005				0.00511	J											
7440-22-4	Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001				<0.001												
7440-23-5	Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	63.4				130												
7440-25-7	Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005	*			<0.005	*											
7440-28-0	Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002				<0.002												
7440-61-1	Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002				0.0005												
7440-62-2	Vanadium	T	mg/L	6010	<0.005				<0.005												
7440-66-6	Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01				<0.01												
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005				<0.005												
67-64-1	Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005				<0.005												
107-02-8	Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005				<0.005												
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005				<0.005												
71-43-2	Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001				<0.001												
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001				<0.001												
1330-20-7	Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003				<0.003												
100-42-5	Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001				<0.001												
108-88-3	Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001				<0.001												
74-97-5	Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001				<0.001												

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Permit Number: 073-00045 LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-4792	8004-0990	8004-0985	8004-0988						
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	373	374	375	376						
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
75-25-2	Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
74-83-9	Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	*
110-57-6	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	*
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	*
75-00-3	Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
67-66-3	Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
74-87-3	Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
106-93-4	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
79-34-5	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
71-55-6	Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
79-00-5	Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
630-20-6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
127-18-4	Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
79-01-6	Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00861		0.00031	J	0.0005	J

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-4792	8004-0990	8004-0985	8004-0988						
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	373	374	375	376						
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	ID ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	FLA G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	FLA G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	FLA G S
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	*
74-88-4	Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	*
124-48-1	Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
75-09-2	Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	*
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	*
96-12-8	Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.00002		<0.00002		<0.00002	*
78-87-5	Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
95-50-1	Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
106-46-7	Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	*
1336-36-3	PCB, Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0952		<0.0952	*
12674-11-2	PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0952		<0.0952	*
11104-28-2	PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0952		<0.0952	*
11141-16-5	PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0952		<0.0952	*
53469-21-9	PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0952		<0.0952	*
12672-29-6	PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0952		<0.0952	*

Division of Waste Management
 Solid Waste Branch
 14 Reilly Road
 Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS (s)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-0989	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000		
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	377	E. BLANK	F. BLANK	F. BLANK	T. BLANK 1			
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1	1			
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	E	F	F	T			
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	NA	4/8/2015 08:15	4/8/2015 09:25	4/6/2015 08:08				
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²	N	N	N	N	N			
Split ("Y" or "N") ³	N	N	N	N	N			
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	NA	R11UG3-15	FB1UG3-15	FB1UG3-15	TB1UG3-15			
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	NA	370669006	370669005	370481009				
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatile Organics Analysis</u>	NA	4/15/2015	4/15/2015	4/9/2015				
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	SIDE		NA	NA	NA	NA		
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
24959-67-9	Bromide	T	mg/L	9056		*		*
16887-00-6	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056		*		*
16984-48-8	Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056		*		*
S0595- -	Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056		*		*
14808-79-8	Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056		*		*
NS1894	Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field		*		*
S0145- -	Specific Conductance	T	µMHO/cm	Field		*		*

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
⁶"z" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
 * = See Comments
 J = Estimated Value
 B = Analyte found in blank
 A = Average value
 N = Presumptive ID
 D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-0989	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000		
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)	377	E. BLANK	F. BLANK	F. BLANK	F. BLANK	T. BLANK 1		
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	FLAGS
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field		*		*
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field		*		*
S0266- -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1		*		*
S0296- -	pH	T	Units	Field		*		*
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field		*		*
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field		*		*
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.05	*	<0.05	*
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003	*	<0.003	*
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005	*	<0.005	*
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002	*	<0.002	*
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005	*	<0.0005	*
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020	<0.015	*	<0.015	*
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001	*	<0.001	*
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.2	*	<0.2	*
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01	*	<0.01	*
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001	*	<0.001	*
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001	*	<0.001	*
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020	<0.1	*	<0.1	*
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002	*	<0.002	*
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.03	*	<0.03	*
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005	*	<0.005	*
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002	*	<0.0002	*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number		8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)		377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1	
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶
7439-98-7	Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005	*	<0.0005		<0.0005
7440-02-0	Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002	*	<0.002		<0.002
7440-09-7	Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.3	*	<0.3		<0.3
7440-16-6	Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005	*	<0.005		<0.005
7782-49-2	Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005	*	<0.005		<0.005
7440-22-4	Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001	*	<0.001		<0.001
7440-23-5	Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.25	*	<0.25		<0.25
7440-25-7	Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005	*	<0.005		<0.005
7440-28-0	Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002	*	<0.002		<0.002
7440-61-1	Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002	*	<0.0002		<0.0002
7440-62-2	Vanadium	T	mg/L	6010	<0.005	*	<0.005		<0.005
7440-66-6	Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01	*	<0.01		<0.01
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005	*	<0.005		<0.005
67-64-1	Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005	*	<0.005		<0.005
107-02-8	Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005	*	<0.005		<0.005
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005	*	<0.005		<0.005
71-43-2	Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001	*	<0.001		<0.001
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001	*	<0.001		<0.001
1330-20-7	Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003	*	<0.003		<0.003
100-42-5	Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001	*	<0.001		<0.001
108-88-3	Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001	*	<0.001		<0.001
74-97-5	Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001	*	<0.001		<0.001

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

Permit Number: 073-00045

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number		8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)		377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1	
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001
75-25-2	Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001
74-83-9	Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005
110-57-6	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005
75-00-3	Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001
67-66-3	Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001
74-87-3	Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001
106-93-4	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001
79-34-5	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001
71-55-6	Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001
79-00-5	Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001
630-20-6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001
127-18-4	Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001
79-01-6	Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-0989	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	377	E. BLANK	F. BLANK	F. BLANK	F. BLANK	T. BLANK 1				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T ID ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	FLA G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	FLA G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	FLA G S
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001	*	<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005	*	<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4	Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005	*	<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1	Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001	*	<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001	*	<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2	Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005	*	<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005	*	<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8	Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.00002	*	<0.00002		<0.00002	
78-87-5	Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001	*	<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001	*	<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001	*	<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001	*	<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001	*	<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001	*	<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1	Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001	*	<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7	Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001	*	<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3	PCB, Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0962	*	<0.0962		<0.098	*
12674-11-2	PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0962	*	<0.0962		<0.098	*
11104-28-2	PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0962	*	<0.0962		<0.098	*
11141-16-5	PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0962	*	<0.0962		<0.098	*
53469-21-9	PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0962	*	<0.0962		<0.098	*
12672-29-6	PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0962	*	<0.0962		<0.098	*

Division of Waste Management
 Solid Waste Branch
 14 Reilly Road
 Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS (s)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000		
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	T. BLANK 2	T. BLANK 3	T. BLANK 4	T. BLANK 5				
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1				
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	T	T	T	T				
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	4/7/2015 07:30	4/8/2015 08:00	4/9/2015 07:07	4/13/2015 07:15				
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ²	N	N	N	N				
Split ("Y" or "N") ³	N	N	N	N				
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	TB2UG3-15	TB3UG3-15	TB4UG3-15	TB5UG3-15				
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	370578009	370669007	370820009	370965005				
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For <u>Volatiles Organics Analysis</u>	4/14/2015	4/15/2015	4/16/2015	4/16/2015				
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	NA	NA	NA	NA				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S ⁷	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
24959-67-9	Bromide	T	mg/L	9056		*		*
16887-00-6	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056		*		*
16984-48-8	Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056		*		*
S0595- -	Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056		*		*
14808-79-8	Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056		*		*
NS1894	Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field		*		*
S0145- -	Specific Conductance	T	µMHO/cm	Field		*		*

¹AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
²Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
³Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
⁴Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
⁵"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
⁶"z" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
 * = See Comments
 J = Estimated Value
 B = Analyte found in blank
 A = Average value
 N = Presumptive ID
 D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	0000-0000			0000-0000				
					DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S		
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 5
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 4
S0266- -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 3
S0296- -	pH	T	Units	Field	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 3
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 4
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 3
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 3
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 4
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 4
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 4
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 4
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 4
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 4
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 4
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 4
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 4
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 4
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 4
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 4
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 4
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 4
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	*	*	*	*	*	*	0000-0000	T. BLANK 4

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)		T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		T. BLANK 4		T. BLANK 5	
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶
7439-98-7	Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	
7440-02-0	Nickel	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	
7440-09-7	Potassium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	
7440-16-6	Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	
7782-49-2	Selenium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	
7440-22-4	Silver	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	
7440-23-5	Sodium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	
7440-25-7	Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	
7440-28-0	Thallium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	
7440-61-1	Uranium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	
7440-62-2	Vanadium	T	mg/L	6010		*		*	
7440-66-6	Zinc	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005
67-64-1	Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	0.00173	J	<0.005		<0.005
107-02-8	Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005
71-43-2	Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001
1330-20-7	Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003
100-42-5	Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001
108-88-3	Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001
74-97-5	Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

Permit Number: 073-00045

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	T. BLANK 2	T. BLANK 3	T. BLANK 4	T. BLANK 5	T. BLANK 6	T. BLANK 7				
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2	Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9	Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3	Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3	Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3	Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6	Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5	Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4	Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6	Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000				
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	T. BLANK 2	T. BLANK 3	T. BLANK 4	T. BLANK 5						
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T ID 5	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4	Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1	Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2	Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8	Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.00002		<0.00002		<0.00002	
78-87-5	Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1	Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7	Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3	PCB, Total	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*
12674-11-2	PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*
11104-28-2	PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*
11141-16-5	PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*
53469-21-9	PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*
12672-29-6	PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number					8004-4819					
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)					371					
S0906 - -	Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	341.47					
N238	Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	4.44					
S0266- -	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	384					
S0296- -	pH	T	Units	Field	6.75					
NS215	Eh	T	mV	Field	384					
S0907 - -	Temperature	T	°C	Field	16.67					
7429-90-5	Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	1.69	*				
7440-36-0	Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003					
7440-38-2	Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	0.00182	J				
7440-39-3	Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.125					
7440-41-7	Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005					
7440-42-8	Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.00459	J				
7440-43-9	Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001					
7440-70-2	Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	28.8					
7440-47-3	Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01					
7440-48-4	Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	0.00034	J				
7440-50-8	Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.00131					
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.962					
7439-92-1	Lead	T	mg/L	6020	0.0006	J				
7439-95-4	Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	12.8					
7439-96-5	Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.0149					
7439-97-6	Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002					

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GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	8004-4819		DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
					371							
7439-98-7	Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	0.00044	J						
7440-02-0	Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.00144	J						
7440-09-7	Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	0.508							
7440-16-6	Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005							
7782-49-2	Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005							
7440-22-4	Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001							
7440-23-5	Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	129							
7440-25-7	Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005	*						
7440-28-0	Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002							
7440-61-1	Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	0.00128							
7440-62-2	Vanadium	T	mg/L	6010	0.00673							
7440-66-6	Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.00471	J						
108-05-4	Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005							
67-64-1	Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005							
107-02-8	Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005							
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005							
71-43-2	Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001							
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001							
1330-20-7	Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003							
100-42-5	Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001							
108-88-3	Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001							
74-97-5	Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001							

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GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number		8004-4819								
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)		371								
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	T D S	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	F L A G S
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
75-25-2	Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
74-83-9	Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005					
110-57-6	trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005					
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005					
75-00-3	Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
67-66-3	Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
74-87-3	Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
156-59-2	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
74-95-3	Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
106-93-4	Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
79-34-5	Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
71-55-6	Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
79-00-5	Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
630-20-6	Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
127-18-4	Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
79-01-6	Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00139					

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GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER ¹ , Facility Well/Spring Number		8004-4819								
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)		371								
CAS RN ⁴	CONSTITUENT	ID ⁵	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	FLA G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	FLA G S	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁶	FLA G S
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005					
74-88-4	Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005					
124-48-1	Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
75-09-2	Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005					
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005					
96-12-8	Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.00002					
78-87-5	Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
96-18-4	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
95-50-1	Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
106-46-7	Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001					
1336-36-3	PCB, Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0962					
12674-11-2	PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0962					
11104-28-2	PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0962					
11141-16-5	PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0962					
53469-21-9	PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0962					
12672-29-6	PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0962					

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GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4798 MW357	MW357UG3-15	Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3. Rad error is 2.99. TPU is 8.08. Rad error is 7.48.
		Gross beta		
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.495. Rad error is 0.491.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.76. Rad error is 3.76.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12.4. Rad error is 11.9.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.535. Rad error is 0.52.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 161. Rad error is 161.
8004-4799 MW358	MW358UG3-15	Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.24. Rad error is 5.23. TPU is 10.7. Rad error is 9.62.
		Gross beta		
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.571. Rad error is 0.556.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.26. Rad error is 4.25.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12.4. Rad error is 11.8.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.463. Rad error is 0.449.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 160. Rad error is 160.
8004-0981 MW359	MW359UG3-15	Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.73. Rad error is 4.73. Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.45. Rad error is 4.45.
		Gross beta	U	
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.465. Rad error is 0.461.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.47. Rad error is 2.47.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 11.1. Rad error is 11.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.525. Rad error is 0.517.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 167. Rad error is 167.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4800 MW360	MW360UG3-15	Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.13. Rad error is 5.12.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 8.51. Rad error is 8.41.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.461. Rad error is 0.448.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.69. Rad error is 1.69.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 11.4. Rad error is 11.3.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.61. Rad error is 0.601.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 163. Rad error is 163.
8004-4795 MW361	MW361UG3-15	Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.51. Rad error is 3.51.
		Gross beta		TPU is 9.31. Rad error is 8.39.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.282. Rad error is 0.281.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.6. Rad error is 2.59.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12.6. Rad error is 11.9.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.668. Rad error is 0.652.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 160. Rad error is 160.
8004-0986 MW362	MW362UG3-15	Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.8. Rad error is 7.74.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.39. Rad error is 9.39.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.635. Rad error is 0.621.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.52. Rad error is 2.47.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 11.6. Rad error is 11.6.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.461. Rad error is 0.455.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 163. Rad error is 163.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4796 MW363	MW363UG3-15	Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.04. Rad error is 3.03.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.67. Rad error is 4.67.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.456. Rad error is 0.451.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.49. Rad error is 4.48.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 11.1. Rad error is 11.1.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.708. Rad error is 0.689.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 163. Rad error is 163.
8004-4797 MW364	MW364UG3-15	Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.68. Rad error is 5.68.
		Gross beta		TPU is 12.5. Rad error is 10.5.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.537. Rad error is 0.528.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.03. Rad error is 2.03.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 13.1. Rad error is 12.2.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.561. Rad error is 0.554.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 157. Rad error is 157.
8004-0984 MW365	MW365UG3-15	Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.26. Rad error is 7.16.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 8.46. Rad error is 8.41.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.452. Rad error is 0.445.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.92. Rad error is 2.89.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 11.1. Rad error is 11.1.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.478. Rad error is 0.473.
Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 160. Rad error is 160.		

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0982 MW366	MW366UG3-15	Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.69. Rad error is 3.69.
		Gross beta		TPU is 11.6. Rad error is 9.51.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.529. Rad error is 0.517.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.52. Rad error is 2.52.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 13.8. Rad error is 12.6.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.503. Rad error is 0.496.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 166. Rad error is 166.
8004-4793 MW367	MW367UG3-15	Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.84. Rad error is 4.84.
		Gross beta		TPU is 15. Rad error is 12.4.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.656. Rad error is 0.629.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.34. Rad error is 3.34.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 14.5. Rad error is 12.8.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.375. Rad error is 0.375.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 164. Rad error is 164.
8004-0983 MW368	MW368UG3-15	Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.82. Rad error is 4.81.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.3. Rad error is 6.26.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.478. Rad error is 0.474.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.15. Rad error is 2.15.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 11.6. Rad error is 11.6.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.444. Rad error is 0.439.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 162. Rad error is 162.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4820 MW369	MW369UG3-15	Aluminum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.09. Rad error is 4.09.
		Gross beta		TPU is 9.25. Rad error is 8.15.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.538. Rad error is 0.532.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.6. Rad error is 1.6.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 13.5. Rad error is 12.9.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.265. Rad error is 0.264.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 154. Rad error is 153.
8004-4818 MW370	MW370UG3-15	Aluminum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.17. Rad error is 5.17.
		Gross beta		TPU is 7.24. Rad error is 6.84.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.636. Rad error is 0.623.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.51. Rad error is 1.51.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12.3. Rad error is 12.1.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.364. Rad error is 0.364.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 153. Rad error is 152.
8004-4819 MW371	MW371UG3-15	Aluminum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.48. Rad error is 7.45.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.74. Rad error is 9.5.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.701. Rad error is 0.69.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.63. Rad error is 1.63.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 11.5. Rad error is 11.5.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.596. Rad error is 0.576.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 145. Rad error is 145.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4808 MW372	MW372UG3-15	Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.02. Rad error is 6.01.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.17. Rad error is 9.06.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.516. Rad error is 0.505.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.74. Rad error is 2.74.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 11.4. Rad error is 11.3.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.555. Rad error is 0.55.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 163. Rad error is 160.
8004-4792 MW373	MW373UG3-15	Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.73. Rad error is 4.72.
		Gross beta		TPU is 9.52. Rad error is 8.53.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.377. Rad error is 0.37.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.31. Rad error is 2.28.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12.1. Rad error is 11.5.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.631. Rad error is 0.621.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 156. Rad error is 156.
8004-0990 MW374	MW374UG3-15	Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.39. Rad error is 9.2.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.72. Rad error is 7.72.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.415. Rad error is 0.411.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.52. Rad error is 3.52.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 10.7. Rad error is 10.7.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.528. Rad error is 0.523.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 156. Rad error is 156.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0985 MW375	MW375UG3-15	Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.04. Rad error is 5.04.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 8.49. Rad error is 8.45.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.285. Rad error is 0.284.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.17. Rad error is 2.17.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 11.1. Rad error is 11.1.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.469. Rad error is 0.465.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 164. Rad error is 164.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988 MW376		Bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Fluoride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sulfate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Specific Conductance		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Static Water Level Elevation		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dissolved Oxygen		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Dissolved Solids		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		pH		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Eh		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Temperature		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Aluminum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Antimony		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Arsenic		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Beryllium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Boron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cadmium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
Calcium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Chromium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Cobalt		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Copper		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Iron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Lead		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988 MW376		Magnesium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Manganese		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Mercury		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Molybdenum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nickel		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Potassium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Rhodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Selenium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Silver		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tantalum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thallium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Uranium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vanadium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Zinc		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl acetate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acetone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrolein		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrylonitrile		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Benzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
Chlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Xylenes		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Styrene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Toluene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Chlorobromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Bromodichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988 MW376		Tribromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Ethyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon disulfide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloroform		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methylene bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethylene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromoethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tetrachloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
Trichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Ethylbenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
2-Hexanone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Iodomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Dibromochloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Carbon tetrachloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988 MW376		Dichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichlorofluoromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2,3-Trichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,4-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB, Total		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1016		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1221		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1232		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1242		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1248		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1254		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1260		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1268		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
	Gross alpha		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Gross beta		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.	
	Radium-226		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Strontium-90		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Technetium-99		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988 MW376		Thorium-230		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tritium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cyanide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Carbon		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Halides		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989 MW377		Bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Fluoride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sulfate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Specific Conductance		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Static Water Level Elevation		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dissolved Oxygen		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Dissolved Solids		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		pH		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Eh		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Temperature		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Aluminum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Antimony		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Arsenic		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Beryllium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Boron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cadmium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
Calcium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Chromium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Cobalt		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Copper		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Iron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Lead		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989 MW377		Magnesium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Manganese		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Mercury		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Molybdenum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nickel		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Potassium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Rhodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Selenium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Silver		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tantalum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thallium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Uranium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vanadium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Zinc		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl acetate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acetone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrolein		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrylonitrile		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Benzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
	Chlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Xylenes		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Styrene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Toluene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Chlorobromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Bromodichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989 MW377		Tribromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Ethyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon disulfide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloroform		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methylene bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethylene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromoethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tetrachloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
Trichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Ethylbenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
2-Hexanone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Iodomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Dibromochloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		
Carbon tetrachloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.		

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989 MW377		Dichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichlorofluoromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2,3-Trichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,4-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB, Total		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1016		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1221		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1232		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1242		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1248		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1254		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1260		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1268		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
	Gross alpha		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Gross beta		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.	
	Radium-226		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Strontium-90		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	
	Technetium-99		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.	

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989 MW377		Thorium-230		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tritium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cyanide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Carbon		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Halides		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
0000-0000 QC	R11UG3-15	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.2. Rad error is 3.2.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.71. Rad error is 6.71.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.351. Rad error is 0.349.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.15. Rad error is 3.1.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 10.9. Rad error is 10.9.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.519. Rad error is 0.515.
Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 160. Rad error is 160.		
Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Numbers: 073-00045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	FB1UG3-15	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.72. Rad error is 4.71.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 8.18. Rad error is 8.18.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.33. Rad error is 0.327.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.5. Rad error is 2.5.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 11. Rad error is 11.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.461. Rad error is 0.454.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 165. Rad error is 165.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		

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 Permit Numbers: 073-00045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB1UG3-15	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		

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 LAB ID: None
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GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB1UG3-15	Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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 LAB ID: None
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GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB2UG3-15	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		

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 LAB ID: None
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GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB2UG3-15	Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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 LAB ID: None
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GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB3UG3-15	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		

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 LAB ID: None
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GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB3UG3-15	Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB4UG3-15	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		

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 LAB ID: None
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GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB4UG3-15	Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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 LAB ID: None
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GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB5UG3-15	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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 Permit Numbers: 073-00045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
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GROUNDWATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB5UG3-15	Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.		
8004-4819 MW371	MW371DUG3-15	Aluminum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.03. Rad error is 4.03.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.19. Rad error is 4.19.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.501. Rad error is 0.496.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.48. Rad error is 1.48.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 11.6. Rad error is 11.6.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.245. Rad error is 0.244.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 150. Rad error is 150.

APPENDIX D
STATISTICAL ANALYSES AND
QUALIFICATION STATEMENT

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GROUNDWATER STATISTICAL COMMENTS

Introduction

The statistical analyses conducted on the second quarter 2015 groundwater data collected from the C-746-U Landfill monitoring wells (MWs) were performed in accordance with Permit GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 3, using the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidance document, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989).

The statistical evaluation was conducted separately for the three groundwater systems: the Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS), the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA), and the Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA). For each groundwater system, data from wells considered to represent background conditions were compared with at least three test wells or sidegradient wells (Exhibit D.1). The second quarter 2015 data used to conduct the statistical analyses were collected in April 2015. The statistical analyses for this report first utilized data from the first eight quarters that had been sampled for each parameter, beginning with the first two baseline sampling events in 2002, when available. Then a second set of statistical analyses was run, utilizing the last eight quarters, on analytes that had at least one downgradient well that had exceeded the historical background. The sampling dates associated with both the historical and the current background data are listed next to the result in the statistical analysis sheets of this appendix.

Statistical Analysis Process

Chemicals of concern that have Kentucky maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) and the results that do not exceed their respective MCL are not included in the statistical evaluation. Parameters that have MCLs can be found in 401 KAR 47:030 § 6. For parameters with no established MCL and those parameters that exceed their MCLs, the results are compared to historical background concentrations, as follows: the data are divided into censored and uncensored observations. The one-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted only on parameters that have at least one uncensored (detected) observation. The current result is compared to the results of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test to determine if the current data exceed the historical background concentration calculated using the first eight quarters of data. For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted for pH. The test well results are compared to both an upper and lower tolerance limit to determine if statistically significant deviations in concentrations exist with respect to upgradient (background) well data from the first eight quarters. The tolerance interval statistical analysis is conducted separately for each parameter in each well (no pooling of downgradient data).

Statistical analyses are performed on the first eight quarters of historical background data, not on the data for the current quarter. Once a statistical result is obtained using the background data, the result for the current quarter is compared to that value. If the value is exceeded, the well is considered to have an exceedance of the statistically derived historical background concentration.

For those parameters that are determined to exceed the historical background concentration, a second one-sided tolerance interval statistical test, or a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test in the case of pH, is conducted. The second one-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted to determine whether the current concentration in downgradient wells exceeds the current background, as determined by a comparison against the statistically derived upper tolerance limit using the most recent eight quarters of data for the relevant background wells. For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted, if required. The test well pH results are compared to both an upper and lower tolerance limit to determine if the current pH is different from the current background level to a statistically significant level. The tolerance interval statistical analysis is conducted separately for each parameter in each well (no pooling of downgradient data).

Statistical analyses are performed on the last eight quarters of current background data, not on the data for the current quarter. Once a statistical result is obtained using the background data, the result for the current quarter is compared to that value. If the value is exceeded, the well has an exceedance of the statistically derived current background concentration.

A stepwise list of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical procedure applied to the data is summarized below:¹

1. The tolerance limit (TL) is calculated for the background data (first using the first eight quarters, then using the last eight quarters, if required).
 - For each parameter, the background data are used to establish a baseline. On this data set, the mean (X) and the standard deviation (S) are computed.
 - The data set is checked for normality using coefficient of variation (CV). If $CV \leq 1.0$, then the data are assumed to be normally distributed. Data sets with $CV > 1.0$ are assumed to be log-normally distributed; for data sets with $CV > 1.0$, the data are log-transformed and analyzed.
 - The factor (K) for one-sided upper tolerance limit with 95% minimum coverage is determined (Table 5, Appendix B, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance*, 1989) based on the number of background data points.
 - The one-sided upper tolerance limit is calculated using the following equation:
$$TL = X + (K \times S)$$
2. Each observation from downgradient wells is compared to the calculated one-sided upper tolerance limit in Step 1. If an observation value exceeds the tolerance limit, then there is statistically significant evidence that the well concentration exceeds the historical background.

Type of Data Used

Exhibit D.1 presents the upgradient or background wells (identified as “BG”), the downgradient or test wells (identified as “TW”), and the sidegradient wells (identified as “SG”) for the C-746-U Contained Landfill. Exhibit D.2 presents the parameters by groundwater system from the available data set and the statistical test performed using the one-sided tolerance interval.

¹ For pH, two-sided TLs (upper and lower) were calculated with an adjusted K factor using the following equations:
upper TL = $X + (K \times S)$
lower TL = $X - (K \times S)$

Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5 list the number of analyses (observations), nondetects (censored observations), detects (uncensored observations), by parameter in the UCRS, the URGA, and the LRGA, respectively. Those parameters displayed with bold-face type indicate the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test was performed. The data presented in Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5 were collected during the current quarter, second quarter 2015. The observations are representative of the current quarter data. Background data are presented in Attachments D1 and D2. The sampling dates associated with background data are listed next to the result in Attachments D1 and D2. When field duplicate data are available, the higher of the two readings is retained for further evaluation. When a well is sampled on two different dates, the most current available data are used. When a data point has been rejected following data validation, this result is not used, and the next available data point is used for the background or current quarter data.

**Exhibit D.1. Station Identification for Monitoring
Wells Analyzed**

Station	Type	Groundwater Unit
MW357	TW	URGA
MW358	TW	LRGA
MW359	TW	UCRS
MW360	TW	URGA
MW361	TW	LRGA
MW362	TW	UCRS
MW363	TW	URGA
MW364	TW	LRGA
MW365	TW	UCRS
MW366	TW	URGA
MW367	TW	LRGA
MW368	TW	UCRS
MW369	BG	URGA
MW370	BG	LRGA
MW371	BG	UCRS
MW372	BG	URGA
MW373	BG	LRGA
MW374	BG	UCRS
MW375	SG	UCRS
MW376*	SG	UCRS
MW377*	SG	UCRS

NOTE: The gradients in UCRS wells are downward and, hydrogeologically, UCRS wells are considered neither upgradient, downgradient, nor sidegradient from the C-746-U Landfill. The UCRS wells identified as upgradient, sidegradient, or downgradient are those wells located in the same general direction as the RGA wells considered to be upgradient, sidegradient, or downgradient.

BG: upgradient or background wells

TW: downgradient or test wells

SG: sidegradient wells

*Well was dry this quarter and a groundwater sample could not be collected.

**Exhibit D.2. List of Parameters Tested Using the One-Sided Upper Tolerance Level Test
with Historical Background**

Parameters
Aluminum
Beta Activity
Boron
Bromide
Calcium
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)
Chloride
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene
Cobalt
Conductivity
Copper
Dissolved Oxygen
Dissolved Solids
Iron
Magnesium
Manganese
Molybdenum
Nickel
Oxidation-Reduction Potential
PCB, Total
PCB-1242
pH*
Potassium
Radium-226
Sodium
Sulfate
Technetium-99
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)
Total Organic Halides (TOX)
Trichloroethene
Uranium
Vanadium
Zinc

*For pH, the test well results were compared to both an upper and lower TL to determine if the current result differs to a statistically significant degree from the historical background values.

Exhibit D.3. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—UCRS

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	7	7		No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	7	7		No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	7	7		No
1,1-Dichloroethane	7	7		No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	7	7		No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	7	7		No
1,2-Dibromoethane	7	7		No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	7	7		No
1,2-Dichloropropane	7	7		No
2-Butanone	7	7		No
2-Hexanone	7	7		No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	7	7		No
Acetone	7	7		No
Acrolein	7	7		No
Acrylonitrile	7	7		No
Aluminum	7	2	5	Yes
Antimony	7	7		No
Beryllium	7	7		No
Boron	7	2	5	Yes
Bromide	7	4	3	Yes
Bromochloromethane	7	7		No
Bromodichloromethane	7	7		No
Bromoform	7	7		No
Bromomethane	7	7		No
Calcium	7	0	7	Yes
Carbon disulfide	7	7		No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	7	3	4	Yes
Chloride	7	0	7	Yes
Chlorobenzene	7	7		No
Chloroethane	7	7		No
Chloroform	7	7		No
Chloromethane	7	7		No
<i>cis</i> -1,2-Dichloroethene	7	7		No
<i>cis</i> -1,3-Dichloropropene	7	7		No
Cobalt	7	0	7	Yes
Conductivity	7	0	7	Yes
Copper	7	2	5	Yes
Cyanide	7	7		No
Dibromochloromethane	7	7		No
Dibromomethane	7	7		No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	7	7		No
Dissolved Oxygen	7	0	7	Yes
Dissolved Solids	7	0	7	Yes
Ethylbenzene	7	7		No
Iodide	7	7		No
Iodomethane	7	7		No
Iron	7	0	7	Yes
Magnesium	7	0	7	Yes
Manganese	7	0	7	Yes
Methylene chloride	7	7		No
Molybdenum	7	2	5	Yes

Exhibit D.3. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—UCRS (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Nickel	7	1	6	Yes
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	7	0	7	Yes
PCB, Total	7	7		No
PCB-1016	7	7		No
PCB-1221	7	7		No
PCB-1232	7	7		No
PCB-1242	7	7		No
PCB-1248	7	7		No
PCB-1254	7	7		No
PCB-1260	7	7		No
pH	7	0	7	Yes
Potassium	7	0	7	Yes
Radium-226	7	6	1	Yes
Rhodium	7	7		No
Sodium	7	0	7	Yes
Styrene	7	7		No
Sulfate	7	0	7	Yes
Tantalum	7	7		No
Technetium-99	7	7		No
Tetrachloroethene	7	7		No
Thallium	7	7		No
Thorium-230	7	7		No
Toluene	7	7		No
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	7	0	7	Yes
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	7	5	2	Yes
<i>trans</i> -1,2-Dichloroethene	7	7		No
<i>trans</i> -1,3-Dichloropropene	7	7		No
<i>trans</i> -1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	7	7		No
Trichloroethene	7	0	7	Yes
Trichlorofluoromethane	7	7		No
Uranium	7	2	5	Yes
Vanadium	7	4	3	Yes
Vinyl Acetate	7	7		No
Zinc	7	2	5	Yes

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Exhibit D.4. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—URGA

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6		No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6		No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	6	6		No
1,1-Dichloroethane	6	6		No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	6	6		No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	6	6		No
1,2-Dibromoethane	6	6		No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	6	6		No
1,2-Dichloropropane	6	6		No
2-Butanone	6	6		No
2-Hexanone	6	6		No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	6	6		No
Acetone	6	6		No
Acrolein	6	6		No
Acrylonitrile	6	6		No
Aluminum	6	2	4	Yes
Antimony	6	6		No
Beryllium	6	6		No
Boron	6	0	6	Yes
Bromide	6	0	6	Yes
Bromochloromethane	6	6		No
Bromodichloromethane	6	6		No
Bromoform	6	6		No
Bromomethane	6	6		No
Calcium	6	0	6	Yes
Carbon disulfide	6	6		No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	6	4	2	Yes
Chloride	6	0	6	Yes
Chlorobenzene	6	6		No
Chloroethane	6	6		No
Chloroform	6	6		No
Chloromethane	6	6		No
<i>cis</i> -1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6		No
<i>cis</i> -1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6		No
Cobalt	6	0	6	Yes
Conductivity	6	0	6	Yes
Copper	6	2	4	Yes
Cyanide	6	6		No
Dibromochloromethane	6	6		No
Dibromomethane	6	6		No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	6	6		No
Dissolved Oxygen	6	0	6	Yes
Dissolved Solids	6	0	6	Yes
Ethylbenzene	6	6		No
Iodide	6	6		No
Iodomethane	6	6		No
Iron	6	3	3	Yes
Magnesium	6	0	6	Yes
Manganese	6	0	6	Yes
Methylene chloride	6	6		No
Molybdenum	6	5	1	Yes

Exhibit D.4. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—URGA (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Nickel	6	4	2	Yes
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	6	0	6	Yes
PCB, Total	6	5	1	Yes
PCB-1016	6	6		No
PCB-1221	6	6		No
PCB-1232	6	6		No
PCB-1242	6	5	1	Yes
PCB-1248	6	6		No
PCB-1254	6	6		No
PCB-1260	6	6		No
pH	6	0	6	Yes
Potassium	6	0	6	Yes
Radium-226	6	3	3	Yes
Rhodium	6	6		No
Sodium	6	0	6	Yes
Styrene	6	6		No
Sulfate	6	0	6	Yes
Tantalum	6	6		No
Technetium-99	6	3	3	Yes
Tetrachloroethene	6	6		No
Thallium	6	6		No
Thorium-230	6	6		No
Toluene	6	6		No
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	6	1	5	Yes
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	6	2	4	Yes
<i>trans</i> -1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6		No
<i>trans</i> -1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6		No
<i>trans</i> -1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	6	6		No
Trichloroethene	6	0	6	Yes
Trichlorofluoromethane	6	6		No
Uranium	6	5	1	Yes
Vanadium	6	5	1	Yes
Vinyl Acetate	6	6		No
Zinc	6	4	2	Yes

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Exhibit D.5. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—LRGA

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6		No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6		No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	6	6		No
1,1-Dichloroethane	6	6		No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	6	6		No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	6	6		No
1,2-Dibromoethane	6	6		No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	6	6		No
1,2-Dichloropropane	6	6		No
2-Butanone	6	6		No
2-Hexanone	6	6		No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	6	6		No
Acetone	6	6		No
Acrolein	6	6		No
Acrylonitrile	6	6		No
Aluminum	6	5	1	Yes
Antimony	6	6		No
Beryllium	6	6		No
Beta activity	6	0	6	Yes
Boron	6	0	6	Yes
Bromide	6	0	6	Yes
Bromochloromethane	6	6		No
Bromodichloromethane	6	6		No
Bromoform	6	6		No
Bromomethane	6	6		No
Calcium	6	0	6	Yes
Carbon disulfide	6	6		No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	6	2	4	Yes
Chloride	6	0	6	Yes
Chlorobenzene	6	6		No
Chloroethane	6	6		No
Chloroform	6	6		No
Chloromethane	6	6		No
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	6	5	1	Yes
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6		No
Cobalt	6	2	4	Yes
Conductivity	6	0	6	Yes
Copper	6	1	5	Yes
Cyanide	6	6		No
Dibromochloromethane	6	6		No
Dibromomethane	6	6		No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	6	6		No
Dissolved Oxygen	6	0	6	Yes
Dissolved Solids	6	0	6	Yes
Ethylbenzene	6	6		No
Iodide	6	6		No
Iodomethane	6	6		No
Iron	6	4	2	Yes
Magnesium	6	0	6	Yes
Manganese	6	0	6	Yes
Methylene chloride	6	6		No

Exhibit D.5. Tests Summary for Qualified ParametersLRGA (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Molybdenum	6	6		No
Nickel	6	3	3	Yes
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	6	0	6	Yes
PCB, Total	6	6		No
PCB-1016	6	6		No
PCB-1221	6	6		No
PCB-1232	6	6		No
PCB-1242	6	6		No
PCB-1248	6	6		No
PCB-1254	6	6		No
PCB-1260	6	6		No
pH	6	0	6	Yes
Potassium	6	0	6	Yes
Radium-226	6	1	5	Yes
Rhodium	6	6		No
Sodium	6	0	6	Yes
Styrene	6	6		No
Sulfate	6	0	6	Yes
Tantalum	6	6		No
Technetium-99	6	0	6	Yes
Tetrachloroethene	6	6		No
Thallium	6	6		No
Thorium-230	6	6		No
Toluene	6	6		No
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	6	1	5	Yes
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	6	2	4	Yes
<i>trans</i> -1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6		No
<i>trans</i> -1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6		No
<i>trans</i> -1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	6	6		No
Trichloroethene	6	1	5	Yes
Trichlorofluoromethane	6	6		No
Uranium	6	6		No
Vanadium	6	6		No
Vinyl Acetate	6	6		No
Zinc	6	4	2	Yes

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Discussion of Results from Historical Background Comparison

For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the concentrations of this quarter were compared to the results of the one-sided upper tolerance interval test calculated using historical background and are presented in Attachment D1. The statistician qualification statement is presented in Attachment D3. For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the test was applied to 28, 31, and 28 parameters, respectively, including those listed in bold print in Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5, which includes those constituents (beta activity and trichloroethene) that exceeded their MCL. A summary of exceedances when compared to statistically derived historical upgradient background by well number is shown in Exhibit D.6.

UCRS

This quarter’s results identified historical background exceedances for dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate, and trichloroethene.

URGA

This quarter’s results identified historical background exceedances for calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, oxidation-reduction potential, and sulfate.

LRGA

This quarter’s results identified historical background exceedances for beta activity, oxidation-reduction potential, and technetium-99.

Statistical Summary

Summaries of the results of the statistical tests conducted on data obtained from wells in the UCRS, the URGA, and in the LRGA in comparison to historical data are presented in Exhibit D.7, Exhibit D.8, and Exhibit D.9, respectively.

Exhibit D.6. Summary of Exceedances of Statistically Derived Historical Background Concentrations

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
MW359: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate, Trichloroethene	MW357: Oxidation-Reduction Potential	MW358: Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW362: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential	MW360: Oxidation-Reduction Potential	MW361: Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW365: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	MW363: Oxidation-Reduction Potential	MW364: Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW368: Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	MW366: Oxidation-Reduction Potential	MW367: Beta Activity, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Technetium-99
MW371: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential	MW369: Oxidation-Reduction Potential	MW370: Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW374: Oxidation-Reduction Potential	MW372: Calcium, Conductivity, Dissolved Solids, Magnesium, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	MW373: Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW375: Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate		

Exhibit D.7. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters—UCRS

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	2.08	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Boron	Tolerance Interval	1.24	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.34	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.97	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.95	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	1.31	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.45	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Copper	Tolerance Interval	1.27	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.55	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW359, MW362, MW365, and MW371
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.42	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Iron	Tolerance Interval	0.98	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.27	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	0.89	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Molybdenum	Tolerance Interval	1.65	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	0.98	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration

Exhibit D.7. Tests Summary for Qualified Parameters—UCRS (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	3.54	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW359, MW362, MW365, MW368, MW371, MW374, and MW375
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.04	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	0.72	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Radium-226	Tolerance Interval	3.79	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.49	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW359, MW365, MW368, and MW375
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	1.38	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	1.08	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Trichloroethene ¹	Tolerance Interval	0.91	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW359
Uranium	Tolerance Interval	1.68	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Vanadium	Tolerance Interval	1.32	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Zinc	Tolerance Interval	1.38	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration

CV: coefficient of variation

*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.

¹A tolerance interval was calculated based on an MCL exceedance.

Exhibit D.8. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters—URGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	1.24	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Boron	Tolerance Interval	0.84	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.00	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.29	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW372
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.10	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.10	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	0.84	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.12	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW372
Copper	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.76	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.16	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW372
Iron	Tolerance Interval	0.95	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.27	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW372
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	0.66	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Molybdenum	Tolerance Interval	1.20	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	0.91	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	1.26	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW357, MW360, MW363, MW366, MW369, and MW372

Exhibit D.8. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters—URGA (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
PCB, Total	Tolerance Interval	0.90	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
PCB-1242	Tolerance Interval	1.36	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.03	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	0.29	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Radium-226	Tolerance Interval	2.61	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.26	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.75	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW372
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	0.87	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	1.23	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	0.95	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Trichloroethene	Tolerance Interval	0.64	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Uranium	Tolerance Interval	0.92	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Vanadium	Tolerance Interval	0.26	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Zinc	Tolerance Interval	1.49	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration

CV: coefficient of variation

*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.

Exhibit D.9. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters—LRGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	2.78	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Beta activity ¹	Tolerance Interval	0.80	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW367
Boron	Tolerance Interval	0.68	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.00	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.31	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.59	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.16	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
<i>cis</i> -1,2-Dichloroethene	Tolerance Interval	0.80	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	1.16	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.26	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Copper	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.83	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.30	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Iron	Tolerance Interval	0.96	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.34	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	0.62	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	0.90	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration

Exhibit D.9. Tests Summary for Qualified Parameters—LRGA (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	1.31	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW358, MW361, MW364, MW367, MW370, and MW373
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.03	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	0.18	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Radium-226	Tolerance Interval	2.66	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.30	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	1.59	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	1.73	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW367
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	1.96	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	0.98	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Trichloroethene	Tolerance Interval	0.57	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration
Zinc	Tolerance Interval	0.67	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration

CV: coefficient of variation

*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.

¹A tolerance interval was calculated based on an MCL exceedance.

Discussion of Results from Current Background Comparison

For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the concentrations from downgradient wells were compared to the results of the one-sided upper tolerance interval test compared to current background, and are presented in Attachment D2 and the statistician qualification statement is presented in Attachment D3. For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the test was applied to 4, 6, and 3 parameters, respectively, because these parameter concentrations exceeded the historical background TL. A summary of instances where downgradient well concentrations exceeded the TL calculated using current background data is shown in Exhibit D.10, presented by well number.

Exhibit D.10. Summary of Exceedances (in downgradient wells) of the TL Calculated Using Current Background Concentrations

URGA	LRGA
None	

UCRS

Because gradients in the UCRS are downward, there are no hydrogeologically downgradient UCRS wells that exceed the current background TL derived using the most recent eight quarters of data. NOTE: Sulfate concentrations in four UCRS wells and trichloroethene in one UCRS well exceeded the current TL this quarter.

URGA

This quarter’s results showed no exceedances of the current TL in wells located downgradient of the landfill.

LRGA

This quarter’s results showed no exceedances of the current TL in wells located downgradient of the landfill.

Statistical Summary

Summaries of the statistical tests conducted on data obtained from wells in the UCRS, the URGA, and in the LRGA are presented in Exhibit D.11, Exhibit D.12, and Exhibit D.13, respectively.

Exhibit D.11. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters—UCRS

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.64	None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.37	None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.50	MW359, MW365, MW368, and MW375 listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.
Trichloroethene	Tolerance Interval	0.00	MW359 exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

CV: coefficient of variation

Exhibit D.12. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters—URGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.60	None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.37	None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.42	None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.57	None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.57	None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.94	None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

CV: coefficient of variation

Exhibit D.13. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters—LRGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Beta activity	Tolerance Interval	0.51	None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.28	None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	0.51	None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

CV: coefficient of variation

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ATTACHMENT D1

**COMPARISON OF CURRENT DATA TO
ONE-SIDED UPPER TOLERANCE INTERVAL TEST
CALCULATED USING
HISTORICAL BACKGROUND DATA**

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C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Aluminum

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 3.300 S= 6.859 CV(1)=2.078 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 20.604 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.371 S= 1.678 CV(2)=-4.521 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 3.863 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2.24	0.806
4/22/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	21.3	3.059
1/7/2003	20	2.996
4/2/2003	4.11	1.413
7/9/2003	1.41	0.344
10/7/2003	1.09	0.086
1/6/2004	0.854	-0.158
4/7/2004	0.2	-1.609
7/14/2004	0.2	-1.609

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.0606	N/A	-2.803	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	2.18	N/A	0.779	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0314	N/A	-3.461	NO
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	1.56	N/A	0.445	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	1.69	N/A	0.525	NO
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.0186	N/A	-3.985	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.0325	N/A	-3.427	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Boron

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.650 S= 0.805 CV(1)=1.238 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 2.681 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -1.034 S= 1.030 CV(2)=-0.996 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 1.564 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371		
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609
Well Number: MW374		
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	2	0.693
1/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
1/6/2004	0.2	-1.609
4/7/2004	0.2	-1.609
7/14/2004	0.2	-1.609

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.0125	N/A	-4.382	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.0132	N/A	-4.328	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00543	N/A	-5.216	NO
MW368	Sidegradient	No	0.015	N/A	-4.200	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00541	N/A	-5.220	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.0453	N/A	-3.094	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.0194	N/A	-3.942	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Bromide

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.394 S= 0.474 CV(1)=0.340 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 2.590 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 0.279 S= 0.332 CV(2)=1.190 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 1.118 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	1	0.000
7/15/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/8/2003	1	0.000
4/3/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/6/2003	1	0.000

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	2.1	0.742
1/7/2003	2.1	0.742
4/2/2003	1.9	0.642
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/7/2003	1.9	0.642
1/6/2004	1.9	0.642
4/7/2004	1.8	0.588
7/14/2004	1.6	0.470

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.12	NO	-2.120	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.0969	NO	-2.334	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.892	NO	-0.114	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Calcium

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 34.100 S= 13.637 CV(1)=0.400 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 68.505 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.466 S= 0.356 CV(2)=0.103 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 4.364 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	17.2	2.845
4/22/2002	22.4	3.109
7/15/2002	25.5	3.239
10/8/2002	26.4	3.273
1/8/2003	27.2	3.303
4/3/2003	30.3	3.411
7/9/2003	25.9	3.254
10/6/2003	27	3.296

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	67.3	4.209
1/7/2003	60.6	4.104
4/2/2003	47.2	3.854
7/9/2003	34.7	3.547
10/7/2003	37.1	3.614
1/6/2004	37.7	3.630
4/7/2004	32.2	3.472
7/14/2004	26.9	3.292

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	7.19	NO	1.973	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	16.6	NO	2.809	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	23.1	NO	3.140	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	22.7	NO	3.122	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	28.8	NO	3.360	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	21.5	NO	3.068	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	15.1	NO	2.715	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results -1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance*, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data $X = 72.938$ $S = 70.749$ $CV(1) = 0.970$ $K \text{ factor}^{**} = 2.523$ $TL(1) = 251.437$ $LL(1) = N/A$

Statistics-Transformed Background Data $X = 4.000$ $S = 0.702$ $CV(2) = 0.175$ $K \text{ factor}^{**} = 2.523$ $TL(2) = 5.770$ $LL(2) = N/A$

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35	3.555
4/22/2002	35	3.555
7/15/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/8/2003	35	3.555
4/3/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/6/2003	35	3.555

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	260	5.561
1/7/2003	214	5.366
4/2/2003	147	4.990
7/9/2003	72	4.277
10/7/2003	56	4.025
1/6/2004	68	4.220
4/7/2004	35	3.555
7/14/2004	35	3.555

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	17.4	NO	2.856	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	27.4	NO	3.311	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	11.3	NO	2.425	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	7.04	NO	1.952	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background \text{ result} - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance*, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Chloride

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 91.300 S= 86.959 CV(1)=0.952 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 310.697 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.620 S= 1.590 CV(2)=0.439 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 7.631 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	8.3	2.116
10/8/2002	7.6	2.028
1/8/2003	7.7	2.041
4/3/2003	8.8	2.175
7/9/2003	8.1	2.092
10/6/2003	8.6	2.152
1/7/2004	7.6	2.028
4/6/2004	7.6	2.028

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	199.2	5.294
1/7/2003	199.7	5.297
4/2/2003	171.8	5.146
7/9/2003	178.7	5.186
10/7/2003	175.6	5.168
1/6/2004	170.4	5.138
4/7/2004	156.4	5.052
7/14/2004	144.7	4.975

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	1.15	NO	0.140	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	9.02	NO	2.199	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	3.98	NO	1.381	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	0.729	NO	-0.316	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	5.85	NO	1.766	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	72.5	NO	4.284	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	4.42	NO	1.486	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Cobalt

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 0.007 **S**= 0.009 **CV(1)**= 1.314 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 0.031 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= -5.843 **S**= 1.392 **CV(2)**=-0.238 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= -2.331 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.01	-4.605
1/7/2003	0.01	-4.605
4/2/2003	0.01	-4.605
7/9/2003	0.00161	-6.432
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
1/6/2004	0.001	-6.908
4/7/2004	0.001	-6.908
7/14/2004	0.001	-6.908

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.00018	N/A	-8.623	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.0009	N/A	-7.013	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00205	N/A	-6.190	NO
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00051	N/A	-7.581	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00034	N/A	-7.987	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.00014	N/A	-8.874	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00046	N/A	-7.684	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result-X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Conductivity

UNITS: umho/cm

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data $X = 918.744$ $S = 417.257$ $CV(1) = 0.454$ **K factor** = 2.523** $TL(1) = 1971.483$ $LL(1) = N/A$

Statistics-Transformed Background Data $X = 6.705$ $S = 0.550$ $CV(2) = 0.082$ **K factor** = 2.523** $TL(2) = 8.092$ $LL(2) = N/A$

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	541	6.293
4/22/2002	643	6.466
7/15/2002	632	6.449
10/8/2002	631	6.447
1/8/2003	680	6.522
4/3/2003	749	6.619
7/9/2003	734	6.599
10/6/2003	753	6.624

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1007	6.915
10/8/2002	1680	7.427
1/7/2003	1715.9	7.448
4/2/2003	172	5.147
7/9/2003	1231	7.116
10/7/2003	1214	7.102
1/6/2004	1172	7.066
4/7/2004	1145	7.043

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	255	NO	5.541	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	592	NO	6.384	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	458	NO	6.127	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	455	NO	6.120	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	711	NO	6.567	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	702	NO	6.554	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	395	NO	5.979	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance*, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Copper

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.056 S= 0.072 CV(1)=1.275 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 0.237 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -3.395 S= 0.915 CV(2)=-0.270 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= -1.086 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/6/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/7/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.00181	N/A	-6.314	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.00235	N/A	-6.053	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00233	N/A	-6.062	NO
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00107	N/A	-6.840	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00131	N/A	-6.638	NO
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance*, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Dissolved Oxygen

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.138 S= 0.621 CV(1)=0.546 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 2.704 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.013 S= 0.577 CV(2)=-43.069 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 1.441 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2.26	0.815
4/22/2002	1.15	0.140
7/15/2002	0.94	-0.062
10/8/2002	0.74	-0.301
1/8/2003	2.62	0.963
4/3/2003	1.5	0.405
7/9/2003	1.66	0.507
10/6/2003	1.28	0.247

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.6	-0.511
10/8/2002	0.67	-0.400
1/7/2003	0.23	-1.470
4/2/2003	0.65	-0.431
7/9/2003	0.92	-0.083
10/7/2003	0.99	-0.010
1/6/2004	1.11	0.104
4/7/2004	0.88	-0.128

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	4.8	YES	1.569	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	5.78	YES	1.754	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	5.47	YES	1.699	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	2.67	NO	0.982	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	4.44	YES	1.491	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	1.59	NO	0.464	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	1.21	NO	0.191	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

- MW359
- MW362
- MW365
- MW371

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results -1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Solids

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 590.000 S= 248.068 CV(1)=0.420 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 1215.876 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 6.308 S= 0.383 CV(2)=0.061 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 7.274 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	274	5.613
4/22/2002	409	6.014
7/15/2002	418	6.035
10/8/2002	424	6.050
1/8/2003	431	6.066
4/3/2003	444	6.096
7/9/2003	445	6.098
10/6/2003	438	6.082

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	1136	7.035
1/7/2003	1101	7.004
4/2/2003	863	6.760
7/9/2003	682	6.525
10/7/2003	589	6.378
1/6/2004	603	6.402
4/7/2004	601	6.399
7/14/2004	582	6.366

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	149	NO	5.004	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	334	NO	5.811	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	236	NO	5.464	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	230	NO	5.438	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	413	NO	6.023	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	360	NO	5.886	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	189	NO	5.242	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Iron

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 6.612 S= 6.487 CV(1)=0.981 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 22.979 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.363 S= 1.147 CV(2)=0.841 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 4.256 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1.31	0.270
4/22/2002	0.913	-0.091
7/15/2002	0.881	-0.127
10/8/2002	3.86	1.351
1/8/2003	1.88	0.631
4/3/2003	3.18	1.157
7/9/2003	0.484	-0.726
10/6/2003	2.72	1.001

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	23	3.135
1/7/2003	13.9	2.632
4/2/2003	14	2.639
7/9/2003	14.2	2.653
10/7/2003	7.92	2.069
1/6/2004	7.86	2.062
4/7/2004	4.82	1.573
7/14/2004	4.87	1.583

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.069	NO	-2.674	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	1.28	NO	0.247	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0358	NO	-3.330	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	0.838	NO	-0.177	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.962	NO	-0.039	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.129	NO	-2.048	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.037	NO	-3.297	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Magnesium

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 11.347 S= 3.019 CV(1)=0.266 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 18.963 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.401 S= 0.237 CV(2)=0.099 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 2.999 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	7.1	1.960
4/22/2002	9.77	2.279
7/15/2002	10.4	2.342
10/8/2002	10.2	2.322
1/8/2003	10.7	2.370
4/3/2003	11.9	2.477
7/9/2003	10.8	2.380
10/6/2003	10.9	2.389

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	20	2.996
1/7/2003	16.1	2.779
4/2/2003	13.1	2.573
7/9/2003	10.3	2.332
10/7/2003	11.1	2.407
1/6/2004	11	2.398
4/7/2004	9.69	2.271
7/14/2004	8.49	2.139

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	4.38	NO	1.477	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	7.6	NO	2.028	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	10.8	NO	2.380	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	8.68	NO	2.161	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	12.8	NO	2.549	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	5.97	NO	1.787	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	6.34	NO	1.847	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance*, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Manganese

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.248 S= 0.222 CV(1)=0.894 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 0.809 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -1.873 S= 1.068 CV(2)=-0.570 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 0.821 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.063	-2.765
4/22/2002	0.067	-2.703
7/15/2002	0.074	-2.604
10/8/2002	0.0521	-2.955
1/8/2003	0.0385	-3.257
4/3/2003	0.0551	-2.899
7/9/2003	0.0546	-2.908
10/6/2003	0.0543	-2.913

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.596	-0.518
1/7/2003	0.565	-0.571
4/2/2003	0.675	-0.393
7/9/2003	0.397	-0.924
10/7/2003	0.312	-1.165
1/6/2004	0.299	-1.207
4/7/2004	0.329	-1.112
7/14/2004	0.342	-1.073

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.00111	NO	-6.803	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.0133	NO	-4.320	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0482	NO	-3.032	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	0.028	NO	-3.576	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.0149	NO	-4.206	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.0135	NO	-4.305	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.0108	NO	-4.528	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Molybdenum

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.006 S= 0.010 CV(1)= 1.650 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 0.030 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -6.108 S= 1.239 CV(2)=-0.203 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= -2.983 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/8/2003	0.00121	-6.717
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.00111	-6.803
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.00222	-6.110
1/7/2003	0.00201	-6.210
4/2/2003	0.00159	-6.444
7/9/2003	0.00242	-6.024
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
1/6/2004	0.001	-6.908
4/7/2004	0.001	-6.908
7/14/2004	0.001	-6.908

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.00086	N/A	-7.059	NO
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.00033	N/A	-8.016	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00282	N/A	-5.871	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00044	N/A	-7.729	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.0002	N/A	-8.517	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00022	N/A	-8.422	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Nickel

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data $X=0.023$ $S=0.022$ $CV(1)=0.980$ $K\ factor^{**}=2.523$ $TL(1)=0.078$ $LL(1)=N/A$

Statistics-Transformed Background Data $X=-4.349$ $S=1.109$ $CV(2)=-0.255$ $K\ factor^{**}=2.523$ $TL(2)=-1.552$ $LL(2)=N/A$

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/22/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.0124	-4.390
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/6/2003	0.005	-5.298

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.05	-2.996
1/7/2003	0.05	-2.996
4/2/2003	0.05	-2.996
7/9/2003	0.00794	-4.836
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
1/6/2004	0.005	-5.298
4/7/2004	0.005	-5.298
7/14/2004	0.005	-5.298

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.00156	NO	-6.463	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.0017	NO	-6.377	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00568	NO	-5.171	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00102	NO	-6.888	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00144	NO	-6.543	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00124	NO	-6.693	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result-X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance*, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Oxidation-Reduction Potential

UNITS: mV

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 22.281 S= 78.889 CV(1)=3.541 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 221.319 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.642 S= 1.729 CV(2)=0.475 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 5.106 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	75	4.317
4/22/2002	165	5.106
7/15/2002	65	4.174
4/3/2003	-19	#Func!
7/9/2003	114	4.736
10/6/2003	-22	#Func!
1/7/2004	20.5	3.020
4/6/2004	113	4.727

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	135	4.905
4/2/2003	-56	#Func!
7/9/2003	-68	#Func!
10/7/2003	-50	#Func!
1/6/2004	-85	#Func!
4/7/2004	6	1.792
7/14/2004	-38	#Func!
10/7/2004	1	0.000

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	536	N/A	6.284	YES
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	355	N/A	5.872	YES
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	700	N/A	6.551	YES
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	676	N/A	6.516	YES
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	384	N/A	5.951	YES
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	395	N/A	5.979	YES
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	495	N/A	6.205	YES

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

- MW359
- MW362
- MW365
- MW368
- MW371
- MW374
- MW375

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results -1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

pH

UNITS: Std Unit

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 6.619 S= 0.295 CV(1)=0.045 **K factor**= 2.904** TL(1)= 7.475 LL(1)=5.7635

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.889 S= 0.046 CV(2)=0.024 **K factor**= 2.904** TL(2)= 2.023 LL(2)=1.7548

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	6.3	1.841
4/22/2002	6.5	1.872
7/15/2002	6.5	1.872
10/8/2002	6.6	1.887
1/8/2003	6.6	1.887
4/3/2003	6.9	1.932
7/9/2003	6.7	1.902
10/6/2003	7	1.946

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5.75	1.749
10/8/2002	6.6	1.887
1/7/2003	6.82	1.920
4/2/2003	6.86	1.926
7/9/2003	6.7	1.902
10/7/2003	6.6	1.887
1/6/2004	6.9	1.932
4/7/2004	6.58	1.884

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)? Result <LL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)? LN(Result) <LL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	5.97	NO	1.787	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	6.93	NO	1.936	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	6.12	NO	1.812	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	6.53	NO	1.876	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	6.75	NO	1.910	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	6.54	NO	1.878	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	6.25	NO	1.833	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Potassium

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.262 S= 0.907 CV(1)=0.718 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 3.549 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.023 S= 0.752 CV(2)=-32.218 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 1.874 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.408	-0.896
1/8/2003	0.384	-0.957
4/3/2003	0.368	-1.000
7/9/2003	0.587	-0.533
10/6/2003	0.382	-0.962

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	3.04	1.112
1/7/2003	2.83	1.040
4/2/2003	2	0.693
7/9/2003	1.09	0.086
10/7/2003	0.802	-0.221
1/6/2004	0.897	-0.109
4/7/2004	0.689	-0.373
7/14/2004	0.716	-0.334

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.0838	NO	-2.479	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.453	NO	-0.792	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.304	NO	-1.191	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	1.2	NO	0.182	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.508	NO	-0.677	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.458	NO	-0.781	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.276	NO	-1.287	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result-X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance*, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Radium-226

UNITS: pCi/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 3.560 S= 13.483 CV(1)=3.787 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 37.577 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -1.189 S= 1.742 CV(2)=-1.465 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 3.991 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	54.1	3.991
10/8/2002	0.0937	-2.368
1/8/2003	0.378	-0.973
10/6/2003	0.179	-1.720
1/7/2004	0.898	-0.108
4/6/2004	0.108	-2.226
7/13/2004	-0.149	#Func!
10/7/2004	0.154	-1.871

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.298	-1.211
1/7/2003	-0.844	#Func!
10/7/2003	0.806	-0.216
1/6/2004	0.0306	-3.487
4/7/2004	0.35	-1.050
7/14/2004	0.273	-1.298
10/7/2004	0.205	-1.585
1/11/2005	0.0799	-2.527

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.372	N/A	-0.989	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.836	N/A	-0.179	NO
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.485	N/A	-0.724	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	No	0.412	N/A	-0.887	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.88	N/A	-0.128	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.379	N/A	-0.970	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.197	N/A	-1.625	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Sodium

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data $X = 183.063$ $S = 73.222$ $CV(1) = 0.400$ $K \text{ factor}^{**} = 2.523$ $TL(1) = 367.800$ $LL(1) = N/A$

Statistics-Transformed Background Data $X = 5.146$ $S = 0.356$ $CV(2) = 0.069$ $K \text{ factor}^{**} = 2.523$ $TL(2) = 6.044$ $LL(2) = N/A$

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	129	4.860
4/22/2002	131	4.875
7/15/2002	127	4.844
10/8/2002	123	4.812
1/8/2003	128	4.852
4/3/2003	144	4.970
7/9/2003	126	4.836
10/6/2003	120	4.787

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	336	5.817
1/7/2003	329	5.796
4/2/2003	287	5.659
7/9/2003	181	5.198
10/7/2003	182	5.204
1/6/2004	206	5.328
4/7/2004	182	5.204
7/14/2004	198	5.288

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	42.1	NO	3.740	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	121	NO	4.796	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	57.5	NO	4.052	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	58.6	NO	4.071	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	135	NO	4.905	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	130	NO	4.868	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	66	NO	4.190	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background \text{ result} - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance*, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Sulfate

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 6.469 S= 3.153 CV(1)=0.487 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 14.423 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.794 S= 0.357 CV(2)=0.199 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 2.694 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	16.3	2.791
4/22/2002	8.6	2.152
7/15/2002	6.7	1.902
10/8/2002	5	1.609
1/8/2003	5	1.609
4/3/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	5	1.609
10/6/2003	5	1.609

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	5	1.609
1/7/2003	5	1.609
4/2/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	5.6	1.723
10/7/2003	5	1.609
1/6/2004	5	1.609
4/7/2004	11.3	2.425
7/14/2004	5	1.609

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	52.8	YES	3.967	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	13	NO	2.565	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	67.6	YES	4.214	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	28.2	YES	3.339	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	13.2	NO	2.580	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	5.7	NO	1.740	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	30.4	YES	3.414	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

- MW359
- MW365
- MW368
- MW375

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Total Organic Carbon (TOC)

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 17.631 S= 24.314 CV(1)=1.379 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 78.977 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.318 S= 0.979 CV(2)=0.422 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 4.788 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	11.1	2.407
4/22/2002	7	1.946
7/15/2002	4.1	1.411
10/8/2002	6	1.792
1/8/2003	5.3	1.668
4/3/2003	5.3	1.668
7/9/2003	2.9	1.065
10/6/2003	3.2	1.163

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	90	4.500
1/7/2003	64	4.159
4/2/2003	25	3.219
7/9/2003	16	2.773
10/7/2003	13	2.565
1/6/2004	10	2.303
4/7/2004	7.2	1.974
7/14/2004	12	2.485

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.66	N/A	-0.416	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	2.3	N/A	0.833	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	1.8	N/A	0.588	NO
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	0.9	N/A	-0.105	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	1.3	N/A	0.262	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	1.6	N/A	0.470	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.85	N/A	-0.163	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance*, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Total Organic Halides (TOX)

UNITS: ug/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data $X = 214.094$ $S = 231.089$ $CV(1) = 1.079$ $K \text{ factor}^{**} = 2.523$ $TL(1) = 797.131$ $LL(1) = N/A$

Statistics-Transformed Background Data $X = 4.867$ $S = 1.065$ $CV(2) = 0.219$ $K \text{ factor}^{**} = 2.523$ $TL(2) = 7.554$ $LL(2) = N/A$

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	50	3.912
4/22/2002	105	4.654
7/15/2002	70	4.248
10/8/2002	52	3.951
1/8/2003	20.2	3.006
4/3/2003	104	4.644
7/9/2003	34.2	3.532
10/6/2003	46.1	3.831

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	903	6.806
1/7/2003	539	6.290
4/2/2003	295	5.687
7/9/2003	272	5.606
10/7/2003	197	5.283
1/6/2004	330	5.799
4/7/2004	183	5.209
7/14/2004	225	5.416

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	10	N/A	2.303	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	9.1	N/A	2.208	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	24.6	N/A	3.203	NO
MW368	Sidegradient	No	10	N/A	2.303	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	6	N/A	1.792	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	17.9	N/A	2.885	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	16.7	N/A	2.815	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background \text{ result} - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance*, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Trichloroethene

UNITS: ug/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.500 S= 1.366 CV(1)=0.911 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 4.947 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 0.201 S= 0.550 CV(2)=2.733 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 1.588 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5	1.609
4/22/2002	5	1.609
7/15/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/8/2003	1	0.000
4/3/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/6/2003	1	0.000

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/7/2003	1	0.000
4/2/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/7/2003	1	0.000
1/6/2004	1	0.000
4/7/2004	1	0.000
7/14/2004	1	0.000

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	5.77	YES	1.753	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	1.42	N/A	0.351	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.4	N/A	-0.916	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	0.33	N/A	-1.109	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	1.39	N/A	0.329	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.31	N/A	-1.171	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.5	N/A	-0.693	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW359

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Uranium

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.007 S= 0.012 CV(1)= 1.678 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 0.037 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -5.884 S= 1.299 CV(2)=-0.221 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= -2.607 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.001	-6.908
4/22/2002	0.001	-6.908
7/15/2002	0.001	-6.908
10/8/2002	0.027	-3.612
1/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.00109	-6.822
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.0438	-3.128
1/7/2003	0.011	-4.510
4/2/2003	0.00905	-4.705
7/9/2003	0.00694	-4.970
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
1/6/2004	0.00315	-5.760
4/7/2004	0.00258	-5.960
7/14/2004	0.0018	-6.320

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.00011	N/A	-9.115	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.0038	N/A	-5.573	NO
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.00011	N/A	-9.115	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00027	N/A	-8.217	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00128	N/A	-6.661	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.000076	N/A	-9.485	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Vanadium

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 0.055 **S**= 0.072 **CV(1)**= 1.319 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 0.237 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= -3.438 **S**= 0.912 **CV(2)**= -0.265 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= -1.138 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/6/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/7/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.00356	N/A	-5.638	NO
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	0.0154	N/A	-4.173	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00673	N/A	-5.001	NO
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = \sqrt{[\text{Sum} ((\text{background result}-X)^2)/(\text{count of background results} - 1)]} \cdot 0.5$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Zinc

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X**= 0.060 **S**= 0.083 **CV(1)**= 1.380 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(1)**= 0.270 **LL(1)**=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X**= -3.259 **S**= 0.840 **CV(2)**= -0.258 **K factor****= 2.523 **TL(2)**= -1.140 **LL(2)**=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/22/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/15/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/8/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/3/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.0376	-3.281
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/7/2003	0.35	-1.050
4/2/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/6/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/7/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.00511	N/A	-5.277	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.00526	N/A	-5.248	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00797	N/A	-4.832	NO
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00603	N/A	-5.111	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00506	N/A	-5.286	NO
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = \sqrt{[\text{Sum} ((\text{background result}-X)^2)/(\text{count of background results} - 1)]^{0.5}}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Aluminum

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.625 S= 0.774 CV(1)=1.239 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 2.578 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.973 S= 0.935 CV(2)=-0.961 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 1.386 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.255	-1.366
4/22/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.322	-1.133
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.689	-0.373

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	2.61	0.959
4/23/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/16/2002	1.14	0.131
10/8/2002	0.862	-0.149
1/7/2003	2.32	0.842
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.0159	N/A	-4.141	NO
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.0183	N/A	-4.001	NO
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	0.016	N/A	-4.135	NO
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0644	N/A	-2.743	NO
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.0384	N/A	-3.260	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Boron

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.985 S= 0.825 CV(1)=0.838 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 3.067 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.430 S= 0.990 CV(2)=-2.302 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 2.068 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.296	NO	-1.217	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.055	NO	-2.900	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.026	NO	-3.650	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	0.0762	NO	-2.574	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0355	NO	-3.338	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	1.31	NO	0.270	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	2	0.693
4/23/2002	2	0.693
7/16/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.492	-0.709
1/7/2003	0.492	-0.709
4/2/2003	0.6	-0.511
7/9/2003	0.57	-0.562
10/7/2003	0.604	-0.504

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Bromide

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.000 S= 0.000 CV(1)=0.000 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 1.000 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 0.000 S= 0.000 CV(2)=#Num! K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 0.000 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	1	0.000
7/15/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/8/2003	1	0.000
4/3/2003	1	0.000
7/8/2003	1	0.000
10/6/2003	1	0.000

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.323	NO	-1.130	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.152	NO	-1.884	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.144	NO	-1.938	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	0.464	NO	-0.768	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.503	NO	-0.687	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.561	NO	-0.578	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1	0.000
7/16/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/7/2003	1	0.000
4/2/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/7/2003	1	0.000

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = \sqrt{[\text{Sum} ((\text{background result}-X)^2)/(\text{count of background results} - 1)]^0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Calcium

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data $X= 32.763$ $S= 9.391$ $CV(1)=0.287$ $K \text{ factor}^{**}= 2.523$ $TL(1)= 56.456$ $LL(1)=N/A$

Statistics-Transformed Background Data $X= 3.449$ $S= 0.299$ $CV(2)=0.087$ $K \text{ factor}^{**}= 2.523$ $TL(2)= 4.202$ $LL(2)=N/A$

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	29.5	3.384
4/22/2002	29.8	3.395
7/15/2002	25.3	3.231
10/8/2002	21.9	3.086
1/8/2003	20.9	3.040
4/3/2003	22.2	3.100
7/8/2003	22.9	3.131
10/6/2003	21.7	3.077

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	23.9	NO	3.174	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	23	NO	3.135	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	26.7	NO	3.285	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	29.4	NO	3.381	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	28	NO	3.332	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	66.6	YES	4.199	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	41.5	3.726
4/23/2002	43.6	3.775
7/16/2002	40.4	3.699
10/8/2002	38.8	3.658
1/7/2003	41.1	3.716
4/2/2003	42.9	3.759
7/9/2003	35.1	3.558
10/7/2003	46.6	3.842

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background \text{ result}-X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.*

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Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 35.938 S= 3.750 CV(1)=0.104 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 45.399 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.578 S= 0.089 CV(2)=0.025 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 3.803 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35	3.555
4/22/2002	35	3.555
7/15/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	50	3.912
1/8/2003	35	3.555
4/3/2003	35	3.555
7/8/2003	35	3.555
10/6/2003	35	3.555

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	7.32	NO	1.991	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	23	NO	3.135	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	35	3.555
4/23/2002	35	3.555
7/16/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/7/2003	35	3.555
4/2/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/7/2003	35	3.555

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Chloride

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 44.119 S= 4.554 CV(1)=0.103 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 55.607 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.782 S= 0.099 CV(2)=0.026 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.033 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	48.3	3.877
10/8/2002	47.7	3.865
1/8/2003	45.7	3.822
4/3/2003	47.4	3.859
7/8/2003	55.9	4.024
10/6/2003	47.4	3.859
1/7/2004	45.5	3.818
4/7/2004	43.4	3.770

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	26.6	NO	3.281	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	11.6	NO	2.451	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	28.7	NO	3.357	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	37.6	NO	3.627	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	37	NO	3.611	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	44.4	NO	3.793	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/16/2002	39.8	3.684
10/8/2002	41	3.714
1/7/2003	39.4	3.674
4/2/2003	39.2	3.669
7/9/2003	39.8	3.684
10/7/2003	40	3.689
1/5/2004	43.4	3.770
4/5/2004	42	3.738

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Cobalt

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.025 S= 0.021 CV(1)=0.845 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.077 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -4.090 S= 1.006 CV(2)=-0.246 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -1.553 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00938	-4.669
1/8/2003	0.00548	-5.207
4/3/2003	0.00587	-5.138
7/8/2003	0.0541	-2.917
10/6/2003	0.0689	-2.675

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00158	-6.450
1/7/2003	0.0147	-4.220
4/2/2003	0.0116	-4.457
7/9/2003	0.0653	-2.729
10/7/2003	0.00788	-4.843

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.00099	NO	-6.918	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.00814	NO	-4.811	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.0012	NO	-6.725	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00019	NO	-8.568	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00062	NO	-7.386	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.00153	NO	-6.482	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Conductivity

UNITS: umho/cm

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 482.856 S= 57.603 CV(1)=0.119 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 628.189 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 6.173 S= 0.123 CV(2)=0.020 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 6.484 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	388	5.961
4/22/2002	404	6.001
7/15/2002	394	5.976
10/8/2002	403	5.999
1/8/2003	520	6.254
4/3/2003	487	6.188
7/8/2003	478	6.170
10/6/2003	476	6.165

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	385	NO	5.953	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	445	NO	6.098	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	391	NO	5.969	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	488	NO	6.190	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	434	NO	6.073	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	769	YES	6.645	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	508	6.230
4/23/2002	501	6.217
7/16/2002	507	6.229
10/8/2002	495	6.205
1/7/2003	508.7	6.232
4/2/2003	515	6.244
7/9/2003	576	6.356
10/7/2003	565	6.337

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Copper

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.025 S= 0.010 CV(1)=0.400 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.050 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -3.742 S= 0.307 CV(2)=-0.082 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -2.967 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.00037	NO	-7.902	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.00062	NO	-7.386	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00042	NO	-7.775	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00055	NO	-7.506	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/2/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Dissolved Oxygen

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.781 S= 1.351 CV(1)=0.759 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 5.190 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 0.228 S= 1.065 CV(2)=4.665 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 2.915 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5.41	1.688
4/22/2002	1.57	0.451
7/15/2002	0.8	-0.223
10/8/2002	1.09	0.086
1/8/2003	2.69	0.990
4/3/2003	2.04	0.713
7/8/2003	1.19	0.174
10/6/2003	1.78	0.577

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	4	NO	1.386	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	2.08	NO	0.732	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	1.69	NO	0.525	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	1.99	NO	0.688	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	3.38	NO	1.218	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	1.18	NO	0.166	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	3.89	1.358
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/16/2002	1.33	0.285
10/8/2002	2.66	0.978
1/7/2003	0.4	-0.916
4/2/2003	0.91	-0.094
7/9/2003	1.42	0.351
10/7/2003	1.26	0.231

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Dissolved Solids

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data $X=285.188$ $S=44.908$ $CV(1)=0.157$ **K factor**=2.523** $TL(1)=398.489$ $LL(1)=N/A$

Statistics-Transformed Background Data $X=5.640$ $S=0.175$ $CV(2)=0.031$ **K factor**=2.523** $TL(2)=6.080$ $LL(2)=N/A$

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	173	5.153
4/22/2002	246	5.505
7/15/2002	232	5.447
10/8/2002	275	5.617
1/8/2003	269	5.595
4/3/2003	250	5.521
7/8/2003	295	5.687
10/6/2003	276	5.620

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	189	NO	5.242	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	253	NO	5.533	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	196	NO	5.278	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	226	NO	5.421	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	201	NO	5.303	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	421	YES	6.043	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	295	5.687
4/23/2002	322	5.775
7/16/2002	329	5.796
10/8/2002	290	5.670
1/7/2003	316	5.756
4/2/2003	311	5.740
7/9/2003	347	5.849
10/7/2003	337	5.820

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = \sqrt{[\text{Sum}((\text{background result}-X)^2)/(\text{count of background results} - 1)]^0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Iron

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 7.385 S= 6.991 CV(1)=0.947 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 25.024 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.358 S= 1.323 CV(2)=0.974 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.697 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.656	-0.422
4/22/2002	0.695	-0.364
7/15/2002	7.1	1.960
10/8/2002	21.5	3.068
1/8/2003	18.5	2.918
4/3/2003	14.9	2.701
7/8/2003	11.3	2.425
10/6/2003	14.9	2.701

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.54	NO	-0.616	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.0465	N/A	-3.068	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0871	NO	-2.441	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	1.65	NO	0.501	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	5.95	1.783
4/23/2002	0.792	-0.233
7/16/2002	1.78	0.577
10/8/2002	0.776	-0.254
1/7/2003	3.55	1.267
4/2/2003	5.02	1.613
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	0.733	-0.311

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Magnesium

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 12.864 S= 3.505 CV(1)=0.272 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 21.707 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.517 S= 0.290 CV(2)=0.115 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 3.248 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	11.4	2.434
4/22/2002	12	2.485
7/15/2002	10	2.303
10/8/2002	8.62	2.154
1/8/2003	7.89	2.066
4/3/2003	7.97	2.076
7/8/2003	10.3	2.332
10/6/2003	9.14	2.213

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	10.4	NO	2.342	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	9.46	NO	2.247	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	10.4	NO	2.342	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	12.5	NO	2.526	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	12.7	NO	2.542	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	25.2	YES	3.227	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	15.7	2.754
4/23/2002	16.6	2.809
7/16/2002	15.4	2.734
10/8/2002	15.8	2.760
1/7/2003	15.8	2.760
4/2/2003	16.4	2.797
7/9/2003	15.2	2.721
10/7/2003	17.6	2.868

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Manganese

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.413 S= 0.274 CV(1)=0.664 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 1.105 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -1.226 S= 1.008 CV(2)=-0.822 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 1.317 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.034	-3.381
4/22/2002	0.062	-2.781
7/15/2002	0.436	-0.830
10/8/2002	0.867	-0.143
1/8/2003	0.828	-0.189
4/3/2003	0.672	-0.397
7/8/2003	0.321	-1.136
10/6/2003	0.714	-0.337

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.205	-1.585
4/23/2002	0.345	-1.064
7/16/2002	0.21	-1.561
10/8/2002	0.0539	-2.921
1/7/2003	0.537	-0.622
4/2/2003	0.415	-0.879
7/9/2003	0.654	-0.425
10/7/2003	0.254	-1.370

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.00369	NO	-5.602	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.0734	NO	-2.612	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.371	NO	-0.992	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00558	NO	-5.189	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00599	NO	-5.118	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.0295	NO	-3.523	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Molybdenum

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.010 S= 0.012 CV(1)= 1.199 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 0.040 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -5.698 S= 1.607 CV(2)=-0.282 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= -1.643 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/2/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.00105	-6.859
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.00032	N/A	-8.047	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.00088	N/A	-7.036	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Nickel

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.024 S= 0.021 CV(1)=0.910 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.078 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -4.246 S= 1.075 CV(2)=-0.253 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -1.535 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/22/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/8/2003	0.013	-4.343
10/6/2003	0.0104	-4.566

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.0018	N/A	-6.320	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.00079	N/A	-7.143	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0014	NO	-6.571	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.00119	NO	-6.734	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/2/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.019	-3.963
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Oxidation-Reduction Potential

UNITS: mV

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 74.563 S= 94.243 CV(1)=1.264 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 312.337 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 4.554 S= 0.784 CV(2)=0.172 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 5.371 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	215	5.371
4/22/2002	110	4.700
7/15/2002	20	2.996
1/8/2003	-5	#Func!
4/3/2003	-18	#Func!
7/8/2003	-67	#Func!
10/6/2003	-1	#Func!
1/7/2004	55	4.007

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	210	5.347
4/23/2002	65	4.174
7/16/2002	215	5.371
10/8/2002	185	5.220
1/7/2003	45	3.807
4/2/2003	65	4.174
7/9/2003	-39	#Func!
10/7/2003	138	4.927

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	546	N/A	6.303	YES
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	276	N/A	5.620	YES
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	379	N/A	5.938	YES
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	692	N/A	6.540	YES
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	404	N/A	6.001	YES
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	283	N/A	5.645	YES

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

- MW357
- MW360
- MW363
- MW366
- MW369
- MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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PCB, Total

UNITS: UG/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.390 S= 0.350 CV(1)=0.897 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 1.272 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -1.238 S= 0.737 CV(2)=-0.595 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 0.622 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/15/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/8/2003	1.15	0.140
10/6/2003	0.605	-0.503
7/13/2004	0.42	-0.868
7/20/2005	0.28	-1.273
4/4/2006	0.23	-1.470

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.0952	N/A	-2.352	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.0971	N/A	-2.332	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	0.0952	N/A	-2.352	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.0729	NO	-2.619	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/16/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/9/2003	0.17	-1.772
10/7/2003	0.17	-1.772
7/14/2004	0.18	-1.715
7/21/2005	0.17	-1.772
4/5/2006	0.18	-1.715

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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PCB-1242

UNITS: UG/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.281 S= 0.383 CV(1)= 1.361 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 1.247 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -1.835 S= 0.938 CV(2)=-0.511 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 0.532 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/15/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/8/2003	1.15	0.140
10/6/2003	0.09	-2.408
7/13/2004	0.1	-2.303
7/20/2005	0.1	-2.303
4/4/2006	0.1	-2.303

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.0952	N/A	-2.352	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.0971	N/A	-2.332	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	0.0952	N/A	-2.352	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.0729	N/A	-2.619	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/16/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/9/2003	0.13	-2.040
10/7/2003	0.09	-2.408
7/14/2004	0.1	-2.303
7/21/2005	0.1	-2.303
4/5/2006	0.1	-2.303

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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pH

UNITS: Std Unit

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 6.274 S= 0.194 CV(1)=0.031 K factor**= 2.904 TL(1)= 6.837 LL(1)=5.7114

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.836 S= 0.031 CV(2)=0.017 K factor**= 2.904 TL(2)= 1.925 LL(2)=1.7467

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	6.1	1.808
4/22/2002	6.1	1.808
7/15/2002	6.1	1.808
10/8/2002	6.5	1.872
1/8/2003	6.5	1.872
4/3/2003	6.6	1.887
7/8/2003	6.5	1.872
10/6/2003	6.5	1.872

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)? Result <LL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)? LN(Result) <LL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	6.13	NO	1.813	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	6.1	NO	1.808	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	6.05	NO	1.800	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	6.01	NO	1.793	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	6.11	NO	1.810	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	6.06	NO	1.802	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	6.1	1.808
4/23/2002	6.12	1.812
7/16/2002	6.1	1.808
10/8/2002	6.06	1.802
1/7/2003	6.26	1.834
4/2/2003	6.15	1.816
7/9/2003	6.3	1.841
10/7/2003	6.4	1.856

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = [\text{Sum}([(background\ result - X)^2]/[\text{count of background results} - 1])]^{0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance*, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Potassium

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.663 S= 0.488 CV(1)=0.293 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 2.895 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X=0.456 S= 0.362 CV(2)=0.794 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 1.368 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2.21	0.793
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.966	-0.035
1/8/2003	0.727	-0.319
4/3/2003	0.8	-0.223
7/8/2003	1.62	0.482
10/6/2003	1.14	0.131

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	1.52	NO	0.419	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.871	NO	-0.138	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	1.27	NO	0.239	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	1.9	NO	0.642	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	1.47	NO	0.385	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	2.65	NO	0.975	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	2.04	0.713
4/23/2002	2.03	0.708
7/16/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	1.54	0.432
1/7/2003	1.88	0.631
4/2/2003	2.09	0.737
7/9/2003	1.78	0.577
10/7/2003	1.79	0.582

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Radium-226

UNITS: pCi/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 3.398 S= 8.854 CV(1)=2.605 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 25.736 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.836 S= 1.704 CV(2)=-2.039 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 3.346 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	28.4	3.346
10/8/2002	0.167	-1.790
1/8/2003	0.173	-1.754
10/6/2003	0.168	-1.784
1/7/2004	0.702	-0.354
4/7/2004	0.195	-1.635
7/13/2004	0.256	-1.363
10/7/2004	0.228	-1.478

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/16/2002	23.5	3.157
10/8/2002	0.195	-1.635
1/7/2003	-0.844	#Func!
10/7/2003	0.349	-1.053
1/5/2004	0.239	-1.431
4/5/2004	0.308	-1.178
7/14/2004	0.147	-1.917
10/7/2004	0.188	-1.671

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.396	N/A	-0.926	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.655	N/A	-0.423	NO
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.474	N/A	-0.747	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	0.677	N/A	-0.390	NO
MW369	Upgradient	No	0.521	N/A	-0.652	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.643	N/A	-0.442	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Sodium

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 45.100 S= 11.875 CV(1)=0.263 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 75.061 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.780 S= 0.242 CV(2)=0.064 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 4.390 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35.7	3.575
4/22/2002	37.6	3.627
7/15/2002	42.4	3.747
10/8/2002	66.9	4.203
1/8/2003	67.9	4.218
4/3/2003	61.8	4.124
7/8/2003	45.6	3.820
10/6/2003	59.1	4.079

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	39.5	NO	3.676	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	58.5	NO	4.069	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	36.3	NO	3.592	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	45.2	NO	3.811	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	46.2	NO	3.833	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	60.5	NO	4.103	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	37.2	3.616
4/23/2002	38.6	3.653
7/16/2002	35.6	3.572
10/8/2002	37.5	3.624
1/7/2003	34.1	3.529
4/2/2003	34.4	3.538
7/9/2003	44.1	3.786
10/7/2003	43.1	3.764

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Sulfate

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 45.031 S= 33.919 CV(1)=0.753 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 130.609 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.420 S= 0.981 CV(2)=0.287 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 5.894 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	15.5	2.741
4/22/2002	15.8	2.760
7/15/2002	13.8	2.625
10/8/2002	6.9	1.932
1/8/2003	10.5	2.351
4/3/2003	10.5	2.351
7/8/2003	10.9	2.389
10/6/2003	16.3	2.791

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	40	NO	3.689	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	23	NO	3.135	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	26.7	NO	3.285	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	42.6	NO	3.752	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	19.4	NO	2.965	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	138	YES	4.927	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	71.7	4.272
4/23/2002	74.7	4.313
7/16/2002	74.1	4.305
10/8/2002	70.5	4.256
1/7/2003	75.8	4.328
4/2/2003	81.8	4.404
7/9/2003	83.6	4.426
10/7/2003	88.1	4.478

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Technetium-99

UNITS: pCi/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 20.821 S= 18.044 CV(1)=0.867 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 66.344 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.770 S= 1.150 CV(2)=0.415 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 3.972 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	41.7	3.731
4/22/2002	53.1	3.972
7/15/2002	18.1	2.896
10/8/2002	16.4	2.797
1/8/2003	3.49	1.250
4/3/2003	9.34	2.234
7/8/2003	17.5	2.862
10/6/2003	17	2.833

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	44.8	3.802
4/23/2002	0.802	-0.221
7/16/2002	19.8	2.986
10/8/2002	46.1	3.831
1/7/2003	-0.973	#Func!
4/2/2003	9.07	2.205
7/9/2003	0	#Func!
10/7/2003	36.9	3.608

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	30.4	NO	3.414	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	11.1	N/A	2.407	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	4.84	N/A	1.577	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	51	NO	3.932	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	37.3	NO	3.619	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	10.8	N/A	2.380	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Total Organic Carbon (TOC)

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 3.513 S= 4.307 CV(1)=1.226 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 14.378 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 0.851 S= 0.828 CV(2)=0.973 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 2.940 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1.7	0.531
4/22/2002	1.6	0.470
7/15/2002	3.1	1.131
10/8/2002	17.7	2.874
1/8/2003	9	2.197
4/3/2003	4	1.386
7/8/2003	4.9	1.589
10/6/2003	2.4	0.875

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	1.5	N/A	0.405	NO
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.86	N/A	-0.151	NO
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	0.75	N/A	-0.288	NO
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.46	N/A	-0.777	NO
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.67	N/A	-0.400	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1.2	0.182
7/16/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/7/2003	1.6	0.470
4/2/2003	1.5	0.405
7/9/2003	3	1.099
10/7/2003	1.5	0.405

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Total Organic Halides (TOX)

UNITS: ug/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 67.963 S= 64.316 CV(1)=0.946 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 230.231 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.772 S= 1.023 CV(2)=0.271 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 6.353 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	50	3.912
4/22/2002	50	3.912
7/15/2002	81	4.394
10/8/2002	202	5.308
1/8/2003	177	5.176
4/3/2003	93.1	4.534
7/8/2003	17.5	2.862
10/6/2003	37.5	3.624

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	4.96	NO	1.601	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	8.08	NO	2.089	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	7.94	NO	2.072	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	6.18	NO	1.821	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	9.14	N/A	2.213	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	8.9	N/A	2.186	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	184	5.215
4/23/2002	50	3.912
7/16/2002	50	3.912
10/8/2002	50	3.912
1/7/2003	10	2.303
4/2/2003	12.7	2.542
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	12.6	2.534

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Trichloroethene

UNITS: ug/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 5.625 S= 3.594 CV(1)=0.639 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 14.693 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.571 S= 0.565 CV(2)=0.360 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 2.995 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	11	2.398
4/22/2002	16	2.773
7/15/2002	8	2.079
10/8/2002	3	1.099
1/8/2003	2	0.693
4/3/2003	3	1.099
7/8/2003	3	1.099
10/6/2003	2	0.693

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	4.84	N/A	1.577	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.81	N/A	-0.211	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	2.65	N/A	0.975	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	3.39	N/A	1.221	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	1.52	N/A	0.419	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	8.96	NO	2.193	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	5	1.609
4/23/2002	5	1.609
7/16/2002	4	1.386
10/8/2002	6	1.792
1/7/2003	5	1.609
4/2/2003	6	1.792
7/9/2003	5	1.609
10/7/2003	6	1.792

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Uranium

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.001 S= 0.001 CV(1)=0.917 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.005 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -6.718 S= 0.528 CV(2)=-0.079 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -5.385 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.001	-6.908
4/22/2002	0.001	-6.908
7/15/2002	0.001	-6.908
10/8/2002	0.00355	-5.641
1/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.001	-6.908
4/23/2002	0.001	-6.908
7/16/2002	0.001	-6.908
10/8/2002	0.00591	-5.131
1/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/2/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.0002	N/A	-8.517	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.000094	NO	-9.272	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.0002	N/A	-8.517	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	No	0.0002	N/A	-8.517	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	0.0002	N/A	-8.517	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.0002	N/A	-8.517	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Vanadium

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.024 S= 0.006 CV(1)=0.259 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.039 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -3.771 S= 0.223 CV(2)=-0.059 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -3.208 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.027	-3.612
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00151	NO	-6.496	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.039	-3.244
4/23/2002	0.037	-3.297
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/2/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Zinc

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.116 S= 0.173 CV(1)= 1.490 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.552 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -2.729 S= 1.014 CV(2)=-0.371 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -0.172 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/22/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/15/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/8/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/3/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.00782	N/A	-4.851	NO
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.00622	N/A	-5.080	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.725	-0.322
4/23/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/16/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/7/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/2/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Aluminum

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 2.026 S= 5.626 CV(1)=2.777 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 16.219 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.803 S= 1.380 CV(2)=-1.718 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 2.678 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	4.66	1.539
4/23/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	0.0185	N/A	-3.990	NO
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.0177	N/A	-4.034	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	22.7	3.122
4/23/2002	1.46	0.378
7/16/2002	0.253	-1.374
10/8/2002	0.482	-0.730
1/7/2003	0.608	-0.498
4/2/2003	0.446	-0.807
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Beta activity

UNITS: pCi/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 9.815 S= 7.838 CV(1)=0.799 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 29.591 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.072 S= 0.630 CV(2)=0.304 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 3.662 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	10.1	2.313
4/23/2002	4.46	1.495
7/15/2002	6.58	1.884
10/8/2002	4.9	1.589
1/8/2003	4.47	1.497
4/3/2003	8.65	2.158
7/9/2003	3.66	1.297
10/6/2003	5.38	1.683

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	15.1	2.715
4/23/2002	6.26	1.834
7/16/2002	6.22	1.828
10/8/2002	4.06	1.401
1/7/2003	11.2	2.416
4/2/2003	18.5	2.918
7/9/2003	13.3	2.588
10/7/2003	34.2	3.532

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	28.1	N/A	3.336	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	24.8	N/A	3.211	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	41.2	N/A	3.718	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	50.5	YES	3.922	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	14.5	N/A	2.674	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	25.1	N/A	3.223	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW367

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Boron

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.140 S= 0.780 CV(1)=0.684 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 3.108 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.235 S= 1.006 CV(2)=-4.287 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 2.303 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	2	0.693
4/23/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/23/2002	2	0.693
7/16/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.79	-0.236
1/7/2003	0.807	-0.214
4/2/2003	1.13	0.122
7/9/2003	1.28	0.247
10/7/2003	1.24	0.215

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.431	NO	-0.842	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.347	NO	-1.058	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.012	NO	-4.423	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	0.024	NO	-3.730	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.0351	NO	-3.350	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	1.67	NO	0.513	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Bromide

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.000 S= 0.000 CV(1)=0.000 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 1.000 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 0.000 S= 0.000 CV(2)=#Num! K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 0.000 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1	0.000
7/15/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/8/2003	1	0.000
4/3/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/6/2003	1	0.000

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.445	NO	-0.810	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.445	NO	-0.810	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.409	NO	-0.894	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	0.487	NO	-0.719	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.519	NO	-0.656	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.584	NO	-0.538	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1	0.000
7/16/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/7/2003	1	0.000
4/2/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/7/2003	1	0.000

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Calcium

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 43.413 S= 13.444 CV(1)=0.310 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 77.331 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.723 S= 0.323 CV(2)=0.087 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 4.539 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	34.8	3.550
4/23/2002	43.4	3.770
7/15/2002	33.2	3.503
10/8/2002	29.2	3.374
1/8/2003	31.3	3.444
4/3/2003	32.4	3.478
7/9/2003	22.9	3.131
10/6/2003	28	3.332

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	35.7	NO	3.575	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	33.3	NO	3.506	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	30.6	NO	3.421	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	30.9	NO	3.431	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	28.3	NO	3.343	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	73.5	NO	4.297	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	61.9	4.126
4/23/2002	59.2	4.081
7/16/2002	47.6	3.863
10/8/2002	46.1	3.831
1/7/2003	49.2	3.896
4/2/2003	57.8	4.057
7/9/2003	52.7	3.965
10/7/2003	64.9	4.173

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 41.938 S= 24.732 CV(1)=0.590 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 104.336 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.658 S= 0.339 CV(2)=0.093 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 4.512 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	35	3.555
4/23/2002	134	4.898
7/15/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/8/2003	35	3.555
4/3/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/6/2003	35	3.555

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	14	NO	2.639	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	19.3	NO	2.960	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	7.32	NO	1.991	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	11	NO	2.398	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35	3.555
4/23/2002	47	3.850
7/16/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/7/2003	35	3.555
4/2/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/7/2003	35	3.555

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Chloride

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 45.919 S= 7.524 CV(1)=0.164 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 64.901 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.814 S= 0.165 CV(2)=0.043 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.231 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	55.5	4.016
10/8/2002	53.6	3.982
1/8/2003	52.9	3.968
4/3/2003	53.6	3.982
7/9/2003	51.9	3.949
10/6/2003	53	3.970
1/7/2004	53	3.970
4/7/2004	51.6	3.944

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/16/2002	40.6	3.704
10/8/2002	38.8	3.658
1/7/2003	39	3.664
4/2/2003	38.4	3.648
7/9/2003	38.1	3.640
10/7/2003	38	3.638
1/6/2004	37.9	3.635
4/7/2004	38.8	3.658

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	34.3	NO	3.535	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	35.6	NO	3.572	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	29.4	NO	3.381	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	37.3	NO	3.619	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	38.6	NO	3.653	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	42.4	NO	3.747	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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cis-1,2-Dichloroethene

UNITS: ug/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 6.250 S= 5.000 CV(1)=0.800 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 18.865 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.710 S= 0.402 CV(2)=0.235 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 2.725 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	5	1.609
4/23/2002	5	1.609
7/15/2002	5	1.609
10/8/2002	5	1.609
1/8/2003	5	1.609
4/3/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	5	1.609
10/6/2003	5	1.609

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	1.45	NO	0.372	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5	1.609
4/23/2002	25	3.219
7/16/2002	5	1.609
10/8/2002	5	1.609
1/7/2003	5	1.609
4/2/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	5	1.609
10/7/2003	5	1.609

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = \sqrt{[\text{Sum} ((\text{background result}-X)^2)/(\text{count of background results} - 1)]^0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Cobalt

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.027 S= 0.032 CV(1)= 1.165 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.108 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -4.058 S= 1.011 CV(2)=-0.249 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -1.507 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.0174	-4.051
1/8/2003	0.0105	-4.556
4/3/2003	0.00931	-4.677
7/9/2003	0.137	-1.988
10/6/2003	0.0463	-3.073

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.034	-3.381
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00411	-5.494
1/7/2003	0.00344	-5.672
4/2/2003	0.00368	-5.605
7/9/2003	0.0405	-3.206
10/7/2003	0.00843	-4.776

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.00113	N/A	-6.786	NO
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.00019	N/A	-8.568	NO
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00058	N/A	-7.452	NO
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.00052	N/A	-7.562	NO
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Conductivity

UNITS: umho/cm

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 608.719 S= 156.157 CV(1)=0.257 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 1002.702 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 6.380 S= 0.260 CV(2)=0.041 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 7.036 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	406	6.006
4/23/2002	543	6.297
7/15/2002	476	6.165
10/8/2002	441	6.089
1/8/2003	486	6.186
4/3/2003	466	6.144
7/9/2003	479	6.172
10/6/2003	435	6.075

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	511	NO	6.236	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	498	NO	6.211	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	464	NO	6.140	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	472	NO	6.157	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	432	NO	6.068	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	873	NO	6.772	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	661	6.494
4/23/2002	801	6.686
7/16/2002	774	6.652
10/8/2002	680	6.522
1/7/2003	686.5	6.532
4/2/2003	763	6.637
7/9/2003	828	6.719
10/7/2003	814	6.702

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Copper

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.025 S= 0.010 CV(1)=0.399 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.050 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -3.739 S= 0.308 CV(2)=-0.082 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -2.963 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.026	-3.650
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/2/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.00066	NO	-7.323	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.0004	NO	-7.824	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.00042	NO	-7.775	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00047	NO	-7.663	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.00056	NO	-7.488	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.387 S= 1.153 CV(1)=0.831 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 4.295 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.115 S= 1.207 CV(2)=-10.514 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 2.930 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	4.32	1.463
4/23/2002	1.24	0.215
7/15/2002	0.75	-0.288
10/8/2002	0.94	-0.062
1/8/2003	3.08	1.125
4/3/2003	1.45	0.372
7/9/2003	1.22	0.199
10/6/2003	1.07	0.068

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.78	NO	-0.248	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	3.3	NO	1.194	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	2.56	NO	0.940	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	1.98	NO	0.683	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	4.18	NO	1.430	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	2.09	NO	0.737	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	3.04	1.112
4/23/2002	0.03	-3.507
7/16/2002	0.23	-1.470
10/8/2002	0.86	-0.151
1/7/2003	0.21	-1.561
4/2/2003	1.19	0.174
7/9/2003	1.1	0.095
10/7/2003	1.46	0.378

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Solids

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 356.188 S= 106.752 CV(1)=0.300 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 625.523 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 5.831 S= 0.311 CV(2)=0.053 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 6.616 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	236	5.464
4/23/2002	337	5.820
7/15/2002	266	5.583
10/8/2002	240	5.481
1/8/2003	282	5.642
4/3/2003	238	5.472
7/9/2003	248	5.513
10/6/2003	224	5.412

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	279	NO	5.631	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	266	NO	5.583	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	241	NO	5.485	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	214	NO	5.366	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	194	NO	5.268	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	476	NO	6.165	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	427	6.057
4/23/2002	507	6.229
7/16/2002	464	6.140
10/8/2002	408	6.011
1/7/2003	404	6.001
4/2/2003	450	6.109
7/9/2003	487	6.188
10/7/2003	481	6.176

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Iron

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 9.230 S= 8.841 CV(1)=0.958 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 31.535 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.942 S= 0.713 CV(2)=0.367 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 3.740 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	9.34	2.234
4/23/2002	4.33	1.466
7/15/2002	3.52	1.258
10/8/2002	7.45	2.008
1/8/2003	7.04	1.952
4/3/2003	4.64	1.535
7/9/2003	15.8	2.760
10/6/2003	6.49	1.870

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.462	NO	-0.772	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	No	0.0398	N/A	-3.224	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	0.899	NO	-0.106	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	37.6	3.627
4/23/2002	19	2.944
7/16/2002	10.7	2.370
10/8/2002	3.75	1.322
1/7/2003	3.87	1.353
4/2/2003	3.5	1.253
7/9/2003	7.72	2.044
10/7/2003	2.93	1.075

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Magnesium

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 17.544 S= 5.911 CV(1)=0.337 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 32.458 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.810 S= 0.343 CV(2)=0.122 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 3.676 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	12.1	2.493
4/23/2002	15.1	2.715
7/15/2002	12.4	2.518
10/8/2002	12.2	2.501
1/8/2003	11.5	2.442
4/3/2003	12.3	2.510
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/6/2003	12.1	2.493

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	15.8	NO	2.760	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	14.3	NO	2.660	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	13.1	NO	2.573	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	12.9	NO	2.557	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	12.9	NO	2.557	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	28.1	NO	3.336	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	24.8	3.211
4/23/2002	22.7	3.122
7/16/2002	18.8	2.934
10/8/2002	21.1	3.049
1/7/2003	19.9	2.991
4/2/2003	25.5	3.239
7/9/2003	23.3	3.148
10/7/2003	26.9	3.292

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Manganese

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 1.080 S= 0.674 CV(1)=0.624 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 2.780 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.114 S= 0.658 CV(2)=-5.762 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 1.547 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.244	-1.411
4/23/2002	1.82	0.599
7/15/2002	1.22	0.199
10/8/2002	0.988	-0.012
1/8/2003	0.729	-0.316
4/3/2003	0.637	-0.451
7/9/2003	2.51	0.920
10/6/2003	1.05	0.049

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.355	-1.036
4/23/2002	2.16	0.770
7/16/2002	1.39	0.329
10/8/2002	0.717	-0.333
1/7/2003	0.587	-0.533
4/2/2003	0.545	-0.607
7/9/2003	1.76	0.565
10/7/2003	0.57	-0.562

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.145	NO	-1.931	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.00801	NO	-4.827	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.0111	NO	-4.501	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	0.178	NO	-1.726	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.00282	NO	-5.871	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.00318	NO	-5.751	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Nickel

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.024 S= 0.022 CV(1)=0.901 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.078 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -4.239 S= 1.087 CV(2)=-0.256 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -1.497 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.0264	-3.634
10/6/2003	0.00971	-4.635

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/2/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.0112	-4.492
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.00243	NO	-6.020	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	0.0007	NO	-7.264	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.00095	NO	-6.959	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Oxidation-Reduction Potential

UNITS: mV

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 46.688 S= 60.986 CV(1)=1.306 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 200.555 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.829 S= 1.151 CV(2)=0.301 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 4.942 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	140	4.942
4/23/2002	-15	#Func!
7/15/2002	5	1.609
4/3/2003	49	3.892
7/9/2003	-35	#Func!
10/6/2003	40	3.689
1/7/2004	101	4.615
4/7/2004	105	4.654

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	140	4.942
4/23/2002	-20	#Func!
10/8/2002	10	2.303
1/7/2003	10	2.303
4/2/2003	67	4.205
7/9/2003	-29	#Func!
10/7/2003	127	4.844
1/6/2004	52	3.951

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	320	N/A	5.768	YES
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	422	N/A	6.045	YES
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	401	N/A	5.994	YES
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	751	N/A	6.621	YES
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	380	N/A	5.940	YES
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	507	N/A	6.229	YES

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW358
MW361
MW364
MW367
MW370
MW373

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = \sqrt{[\text{Sum} ((\text{background result}-X)^2)/(\text{count of background results} - 1)]^{0.5}}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.*

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pH

UNITS: Std Unit

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 6.283 S= 0.159 CV(1)=0.025 K factor**= 2.904 TL(1)= 6.745 LL(1)=5.8202

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.837 S= 0.025 CV(2)=0.014 K factor**= 2.904 TL(2)= 1.911 LL(2)=1.7634

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	6.3	1.841
4/23/2002	6.4	1.856
7/15/2002	6.3	1.841
10/8/2002	6.3	1.841
1/8/2003	6.4	1.856
4/3/2003	6.5	1.872
7/9/2003	6.3	1.841
10/6/2003	6.5	1.872

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)? Result <LL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)? LN(Result) <LL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	6.16	NO	1.818	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	5.93	NO	1.780	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	5.93	NO	1.780	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	5.98	NO	1.788	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	6.1	NO	1.808	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	6.02	NO	1.795	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	6	1.792
4/23/2002	6.3	1.841
7/16/2002	6.45	1.864
10/8/2002	6.18	1.821
1/7/2003	6.35	1.848
4/2/2003	6.14	1.815
7/9/2003	6.1	1.808
10/7/2003	6	1.792

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results -1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Potassium

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 2.823 S= 0.522 CV(1)=0.185 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 4.139 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.024 S= 0.167 CV(2)=0.163 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 1.445 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	3.22	1.169
4/23/2002	3.43	1.233
7/15/2002	2.98	1.092
10/8/2002	2.46	0.900
1/8/2003	2.41	0.880
4/3/2003	2.43	0.888
7/9/2003	2.44	0.892
10/6/2003	2.48	0.908

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	2.38	NO	0.867	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	2.01	NO	0.698	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	2.12	NO	0.751	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	2.92	NO	1.072	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	2.49	NO	0.912	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	2.89	NO	1.061	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	4.34	1.468
4/23/2002	3.04	1.112
7/16/2002	2.93	1.075
10/8/2002	2.3	0.833
1/7/2003	2.45	0.896
4/2/2003	2.7	0.993
7/9/2003	2.68	0.986
10/7/2003	2.88	1.058

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = \sqrt{[\text{Sum} ((\text{background result}-X)^2)/(\text{count of background results} - 1)]^0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.*

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Radium-226

UNITS: pCi/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 2.158 S= 5.739 CV(1)=2.660 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 16.637 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -0.670 S= 1.833 CV(2)=-2.736 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 3.068 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	10.1	2.313
10/8/2002	-0.825	#Func!
1/8/2003	0.415	-0.879
10/6/2003	0.52	-0.654
1/7/2004	1.03	0.030
4/7/2004	0.434	-0.835
7/13/2004	0.532	-0.631
10/7/2004	0.299	-1.207

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/16/2002	21.5	3.068
10/8/2002	0.0327	-3.420
1/7/2003	-0.844	#Func!
10/7/2003	0	#Func!
1/6/2004	0.177	-1.732
4/7/2004	0.792	-0.233
7/14/2004	0.327	-1.118
10/7/2004	0.033	-3.411

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.898	N/A	-0.108	NO
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.141	N/A	-1.959	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.623	N/A	-0.473	NO
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	1.18	N/A	0.166	NO
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.905	N/A	-0.100	NO
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.436	N/A	-0.830	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Sodium

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 51.544 S= 15.227 CV(1)=0.295 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 89.962 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.906 S= 0.272 CV(2)=0.070 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 4.592 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	31.8	3.459
4/23/2002	50	3.912
7/15/2002	44.7	3.800
10/8/2002	40	3.689
1/8/2003	44.6	3.798
4/3/2003	41.9	3.735
7/9/2003	40	3.689
10/6/2003	38.1	3.640

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	42.3	NO	3.745	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	44.3	NO	3.791	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	43.7	NO	3.777	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	42.8	NO	3.757	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	42.4	NO	3.747	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	63.4	NO	4.149	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	43.4	3.770
4/23/2002	79.8	4.380
7/16/2002	87.7	4.474
10/8/2002	61.6	4.121
1/7/2003	59.3	4.083
4/2/2003	62.1	4.129
7/9/2003	50.1	3.914
10/7/2003	49.6	3.904

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

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Sulfate

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 122.381 S= 195.095 CV(1)=1.594 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 614.606 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.985 S= 1.323 CV(2)=0.332 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 7.322 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	17.4	2.856
4/23/2002	37.9	3.635
7/15/2002	15.7	2.754
10/8/2002	13.4	2.595
1/8/2003	14.4	2.667
4/3/2003	18.1	2.896
7/9/2003	9.6	2.262
10/6/2003	16.5	2.803

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	163.3	5.096
4/23/2002	809.6	6.697
7/16/2002	109.4	4.695
10/8/2002	110.6	4.706
1/7/2003	113.7	4.734
4/2/2003	133	4.890
7/9/2003	182.1	5.205
10/7/2003	193.4	5.265

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	80.8	N/A	4.392	NO
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	71.4	N/A	4.268	NO
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	66.9	N/A	4.203	NO
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	43.6	N/A	3.775	NO
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	19.1	N/A	2.950	NO
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	165	N/A	5.106	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Technetium-99

UNITS: pCi/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 7.655 S= 13.274 CV(1)=1.734 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 41.146 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.946 S= 0.939 CV(2)=0.483 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 3.833 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	10.8	2.380
4/23/2002	8.53	2.144
7/15/2002	5.09	1.627
10/8/2002	4.78	1.564
1/8/2003	-5.12	#Func!
4/3/2003	5.11	1.631
7/9/2003	4.25	1.447
10/6/2003	6.54	1.878

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	16.5	2.803
4/23/2002	3.49	1.250
7/16/2002	1.42	0.351
10/8/2002	-6.06	#Func!
1/7/2003	-8.41	#Func!
4/2/2003	26.3	3.270
7/9/2003	3.06	1.118
10/7/2003	46.2	3.833

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possible for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	32.8	N/A	3.490	NO
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	37.8	N/A	3.632	NO
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	43.3	N/A	3.768	NO
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	60.6	N/A	4.104	YES
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	20.9	N/A	3.040	NO
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	33.7	N/A	3.517	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW367

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Total Organic Carbon (TOC)

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 6.169 S= 12.072 CV(1)=1.957 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 36.626 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 1.069 S= 1.014 CV(2)=0.948 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 3.626 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	1.2	0.182
4/23/2002	4.3	1.459
7/15/2002	2.6	0.956
10/8/2002	2.3	0.833
1/8/2003	3	1.099
4/3/2003	1.2	0.182
7/9/2003	2.6	0.956
10/6/2003	1.7	0.531

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.8	N/A	-0.223	NO
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.84	N/A	-0.174	NO
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.52	N/A	-0.654	NO
MW367	Sidegradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.37	N/A	-0.994	NO
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.51	N/A	-0.673	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1.1	0.095
4/23/2002	17.5	2.862
7/16/2002	49	3.892
10/8/2002	2.9	1.065
1/7/2003	3.9	1.361
4/2/2003	2.5	0.916
7/9/2003	1.7	0.531
10/7/2003	1.2	0.182

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/2009>.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Halides (TOX)

UNITS: ug/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data \bar{X} = 79.819 S = 78.470 $CV(1)$ =0.983 **K factor****= 2.523 $TL(1)$ = 277.798 $LL(1)$ =N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data \bar{X} = 3.971 S = 0.950 $CV(2)$ =0.239 **K factor****= 2.523 $TL(2)$ = 6.368 $LL(2)$ =N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	50	3.912
4/23/2002	228	5.429
7/15/2002	88	4.477
10/8/2002	58	4.060
1/8/2003	72.4	4.282
4/3/2003	26.6	3.281
7/9/2003	16.4	2.797
10/6/2003	31.1	3.437

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	9.04	NO	2.202	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	7.78	NO	2.052	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	6.56	NO	1.881	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	7.3	NO	1.988	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	7	N/A	1.946	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	13.9	N/A	2.632	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	50	3.912
4/23/2002	276	5.620
7/16/2002	177	5.176
10/8/2002	76	4.331
1/7/2003	45.9	3.826
4/2/2003	57.8	4.057
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	13.9	2.632

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, $CV = S/X$ If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, $S = \sqrt{[\text{Sum} ((\text{background result}-X)^2)/(\text{count of background results} - 1)]^0.5}$

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, $TL = X + (K * S)$, LL Lower Tolerance Limit, $LL = X - (K * S)$

X Mean, $X = (\text{sum of background results})/(\text{count of background results})$

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Trichloroethene

UNITS: ug/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 12.188 S= 6.950 CV(1)=0.570 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 29.721 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.305 S= 0.687 CV(2)=0.298 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.039 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	19	2.944
4/23/2002	17	2.833
7/15/2002	15	2.708
10/8/2002	18	2.890
1/8/2003	17	2.833
4/3/2003	18	2.890
7/9/2003	15	2.708
10/6/2003	16	2.773

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	15.8	NO	2.760	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	4.78	N/A	1.564	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	4.19	N/A	1.433	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	1.29	N/A	0.255	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	8.61	NO	2.153	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5	1.609
4/23/2002	25	3.219
7/16/2002	3	1.099
10/8/2002	4	1.386
1/7/2003	6	1.792
4/2/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	6	1.792
10/7/2003	6	1.792

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Zinc

UNITS: mg/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 0.055 S= 0.037 CV(1)=0.673 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 0.147 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= -3.131 S= 0.691 CV(2)=-0.221 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= -1.388 LL(2)=N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/23/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/15/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/8/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/3/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/23/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/16/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/7/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/2/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.0234	-3.755
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.00925	NO	-4.683	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.034	NO	-3.381	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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ATTACHMENT D2

**COMPARISON OF CURRENT DATA TO
ONE-SIDED UPPER TOLERANCE INTERVAL TEST
CALCULATED USING
CURRENT BACKGROUND DATA**

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C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis

Current Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 2.298 S= 1.484 CV(1)=0.646 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 6.041 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 0.660 S= 0.603 CV(2)=0.914 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 2.181 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/9/2013	1.61	0.476
7/16/2013	2.76	1.015
10/8/2013	1.38	0.322
1/14/2014	1.97	0.678
4/14/2014	3.87	1.353
9/22/2014	1.34	0.293
10/20/2014	0.98	-0.020
1/21/2015	1.79	0.582

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/8/2013	6.52	1.875
7/16/2013	3.41	1.227
10/9/2013	2.74	1.008
1/14/2014	1.67	0.513
4/15/2014	3.44	1.235
7/7/2014	1.76	0.565
10/16/2014	0.86	-0.151
1/21/2015	0.66	-0.416

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	4.8	NO	1.569	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	5.78	NO	1.754	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	5.47	NO	1.699	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	4.44	NO	1.491	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis

Current Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential

UNITS: mV

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 464.875 S= 172.435 CV(1)=0.371 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 899.930 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 6.080 S= 0.361 CV(2)=0.059 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 6.991 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/9/2013	690	6.537
7/16/2013	390	5.966
10/8/2013	544	6.299
1/14/2014	374	5.924
4/14/2014	476	6.165
9/22/2014	311	5.740
10/20/2014	360	5.886
1/21/2015	774	6.652

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/8/2013	313	5.746
7/16/2013	344	5.841
10/9/2013	802	6.687
1/14/2014	515	6.244
4/15/2014	499	6.213
7/7/2014	259	5.557
10/16/2014	257	5.549
1/21/2015	530	6.273

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	536	NO	6.284	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	355	NO	5.872	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	700	NO	6.551	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	676	NO	6.516	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	384	NO	5.951	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	395	NO	5.979	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	495	NO	6.205	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Current Background Comparison

Sulfate

UNITS: mg/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	X = 9.770	S = 4.963	CV(1) =0.508	K factor** = 2.523	TL(1) = 22.291	LL(1) =N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	X = 2.166	S = 0.484	CV(2) =0.223	K factor** = 2.523	TL(2) = 3.386	LL(2) =N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/9/2013	14	2.639
7/16/2013	19	2.944
10/8/2013	13	2.565
1/14/2014	9.9	2.293
4/14/2014	16.4	2.797
7/8/2014	18.6	2.923
10/20/2014	10.5	2.351
1/21/2015	9.23	2.222

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	52.8	YES	3.967	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	67.6	YES	4.214	N/A
MW368	Sidegradient	Yes	28.2	YES	3.339	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	30.4	YES	3.414	N/A

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/8/2013	6	1.792
7/16/2013	5.6	1.723
10/9/2013	6.6	1.887
1/14/2014	5.1	1.629
4/15/2014	5.63	1.728
7/7/2014	5.64	1.730
10/16/2014	5.73	1.746
1/21/2015	5.39	1.685

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

- MW359
- MW365
- MW368
- MW375

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

Trichloroethene

UNITS: ug/L

UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	X= 1.000	S= 0.000	CV(1)=0.000	K factor**= 2.523	TL(1)= 1.000	LL(1)=N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	X= 0.000	S= 0.000	CV(2)=#Num!	K factor**= 2.523	TL(2)= 0.000	LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/9/2013	1	0.000
7/16/2013	1	0.000
10/8/2013	1	0.000
1/14/2014	1	0.000
4/14/2014	1	0.000
7/8/2014	1	0.000
10/20/2014	1	0.000
1/21/2015	1	0.000

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	5.77	YES	1.753	N/A

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/8/2013	1	0.000
7/16/2013	1	0.000
10/9/2013	1	0.000
1/14/2014	1	0.000
4/15/2014	1	0.000
7/7/2014	1	0.000
10/16/2014	1	0.000
1/21/2015	1	0.000

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW359

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Current Background Comparison

Calcium

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 37.675 S= 22.474 CV(1)=0.597 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 94.378 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.443 S= 0.640 CV(2)=0.186 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 5.057 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/10/2013	16.4	2.797
7/16/2013	19.9	2.991
10/8/2013	16.2	2.785
1/14/2014	21.8	3.082
4/14/2014	16.4	2.797
7/8/2014	15.5	2.741
10/20/2014	16.8	2.821
1/13/2015	16.5	2.803

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	66.6	NO	4.199	N/A

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/8/2013	65.9	4.188
7/16/2013	63.5	4.151
10/9/2013	60.2	4.098
1/14/2014	31.3	3.444
4/16/2014	70.5	4.256
7/7/2014	59.1	4.079
10/16/2014	59.3	4.083
1/21/2015	53.5	3.980

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 592.250 S= 217.627 CV(1)=0.367 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 1141.323 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 6.317 S= 0.381 CV(2)=0.060 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 7.278 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/10/2013	392	5.971
7/16/2013	427	6.057
10/8/2013	376	5.930
1/14/2014	392	5.971
4/14/2014	380	5.940
9/22/2014	370	5.914
10/20/2014	371	5.916
1/13/2015	374	5.924

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	769	NO	6.645	N/A

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/8/2013	879	6.779
7/16/2013	822	6.712
10/9/2013	791	6.673
1/14/2014	759	6.632
4/16/2014	837	6.730
7/7/2014	839	6.732
10/16/2014	766	6.641
1/21/2015	701	6.553

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

Dissolved Solids

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 334.438 S= 141.011 CV(1)=0.422 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 690.207 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 5.726 S= 0.434 CV(2)=0.076 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 6.821 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/10/2013	237	5.468
7/16/2013	232	5.447
10/8/2013	228	5.429
1/14/2014	216	5.375
4/14/2014	213	5.361
7/8/2014	150	5.011
10/20/2014	193	5.263
1/13/2015	207	5.333

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	421	NO	6.043	N/A

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/8/2013	526	6.265
7/16/2013	503	6.221
10/9/2013	481	6.176
1/14/2014	455	6.120
4/16/2014	546	6.303
7/7/2014	314	5.749
10/16/2014	476	6.165
1/21/2015	374	5.924

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

Magnesium

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 14.533 S= 8.257 CV(1)=0.568 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 35.366 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 2.508 S= 0.610 CV(2)=0.243 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 4.047 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/10/2013	6.38	1.853
7/16/2013	7.62	2.031
10/8/2013	6.5	1.872
1/14/2014	9.54	2.255
4/14/2014	6.7	1.902
7/8/2014	5.66	1.733
10/20/2014	7.03	1.950
1/13/2015	7.19	1.973

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	25.2	NO	3.227	N/A

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/8/2013	26	3.258
7/16/2013	23.8	3.170
10/9/2013	22.8	3.127
1/14/2014	12.8	2.549
4/16/2014	26.1	3.262
7/7/2014	21.6	3.073
10/16/2014	22.4	3.109
1/21/2015	20.4	3.016

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Current Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential

UNITS: mV

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 424.000 S= 243.782 CV(1)=0.575 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 1039.062 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 5.784 S= 0.909 CV(2)=0.157 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 8.076 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/10/2013	580	6.363
7/16/2013	284	5.649
10/8/2013	750	6.620
1/14/2014	438	6.082
4/14/2014	514	6.242
9/22/2014	331	5.802
10/20/2014	405	6.004
1/13/2015	779	6.658

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/8/2013	28	3.332
7/16/2013	273	5.609
10/9/2013	519	6.252
1/14/2014	740	6.607
4/16/2014	236	5.464
7/7/2014	126	4.836
10/16/2014	88	4.477
1/21/2015	693	6.541

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	546	NO	6.303	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	276	NO	5.620	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	379	NO	5.938	N/A
MW366	Sidegradient	Yes	692	NO	6.540	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	404	NO	6.001	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	283	NO	5.645	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

Sulfate

UNITS: mg/L

URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 78.307 S= 73.803 CV(1)=0.942 K factor**= 2.523 TL(1)= 264.511 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.568 S= 1.471 CV(2)=0.412 K factor**= 2.523 TL(2)= 7.280 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/10/2013	7.5	2.015
7/16/2013	8.7	2.163
10/8/2013	13	2.565
1/14/2014	8.1	2.092
4/14/2014	8.09	2.091
7/8/2014	8.17	2.100
10/20/2014	7.65	2.035
1/13/2015	8.7	2.163

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	138	NO	4.927	N/A

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/8/2013	170	5.136
7/16/2013	150	5.011
10/9/2013	150	5.011
1/14/2014	140	4.942
4/16/2014	176	5.170
7/7/2014	170	5.136
10/16/2014	118	4.771
1/21/2015	109	4.691

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results -1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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Current Background Comparison

Beta activity

UNITS: pCi/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 24.244 S= 12.341 CV(1)=0.509 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 55.380 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.083 S= 0.459 CV(2)=0.149 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 4.241 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/10/2013	17.2	2.845
7/16/2013	19	2.944
10/8/2013	15.1	2.715
1/14/2014	11.4	2.434
4/15/2014	27.2	3.303
7/8/2014	19.2	2.955
10/20/2014	14.5	2.674
1/13/2015	16	2.773

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	50.5	NO	3.922	N/A

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/9/2013	40.3	3.696
7/16/2013	52.2	3.955
10/9/2013	42.4	3.747
1/14/2014	38.6	3.653
4/16/2014	19.1	2.950
7/7/2014	16.7	2.815
10/16/2014	24.9	3.215
1/21/2015	14.1	2.646

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results -1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis

Current Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential

UNITS: mV

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X=482.438 S= 132.784 CV(1)=0.275 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(1)= 817.452 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 6.147 S= 0.254 CV(2)=0.041 **K factor**= 2.523** TL(2)= 6.787 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/10/2013	505	6.225
7/16/2013	387	5.958
10/8/2013	811	6.698
1/14/2014	443	6.094
4/15/2014	535	6.282
9/22/2014	353	5.866
10/20/2014	363	5.894
1/13/2015	691	6.538

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/9/2013	498	6.211
7/16/2013	500	6.215
10/9/2013	627	6.441
1/14/2014	494	6.203
4/16/2014	398	5.986
7/7/2014	374	5.924
10/16/2014	404	6.001
1/21/2015	336	5.817

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	320	NO	5.768	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	422	NO	6.045	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	401	NO	5.994	N/A
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	751	NO	6.621	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	380	NO	5.940	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	507	NO	6.229	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results - 1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

C-746-U Second Quarter 2015 Statistical Analysis

Current Background Comparison

Technetium-99

UNITS: pCi/L

LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data X= 33.456 S= 17.109 CV(1)=0.511 K factor***= 2.523 TL(1)= 76.623 LL(1)=N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data X= 3.378 S= 0.550 CV(2)=0.163 K factor***= 2.523 TL(2)= 4.766 LL(2)=N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/10/2013	12	2.485
7/16/2013	33.2	3.503
10/8/2013	27.9	3.329
1/14/2014	10.6	2.361
4/15/2014	27.9	3.329
7/8/2014	30.8	3.428
10/20/2014	22.5	3.114
1/13/2015	14.8	2.695

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)?
MW367	Sidegradient	Yes	60.6	NO	4.104	N/A

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/9/2013	63.7	4.154
7/16/2013	63.7	4.154
10/9/2013	59.9	4.093
1/14/2014	37.8	3.632
4/16/2014	43.6	3.775
7/7/2014	20.1	3.001
10/16/2014	38	3.638
1/21/2015	28.8	3.360

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ((background result-X)^2)/[count of background results -1]]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, <http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/>, 2009.

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ATTACHMENT D3

STATISTICIAN QUALIFICATION STATEMENT

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Fluor Federal Services, Inc.
Paducah Deactivation Project
P.O. Box 369
Kevil, KY 42053
USA

July 18, 2015

Ms. Myrna Redfield
Fluor Federal Services, Inc.
5511 Hobbs Road
Kevil, Kentucky 42053

Dear Ms. Redfield:

This statement is submitted in response to your request that it be included with the completed statistical analysis that I have performed on the groundwater data for the C-746-S&T and C-746-U Landfills at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant.

As a Chemist, with a Bachelor of Science degree in chemistry and a minor in biology, I have over twenty years of experience in reviewing and assessing laboratory analytical results associated with environmental sampling and investigation activities. For the generation of these statistical analyses, my work was observed and reviewed by a senior chemist and geologist with Fluor Federal Services, Inc.

For this project, the statistical analyses conducted on the second quarter 2015 monitoring well data collected from the C-746-S&T and C-746-U Landfills were performed in accordance with guidance provided in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency guidance document, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989). For pH, an additional lower tolerance interval was established. For pH only, the test well data was compared to both the upper and lower tolerance intervals to determine if statistically significant deviations in concentration with respect to upgradient well exist.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Jennifer R. Blewett". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large initial "J".

Jennifer R. Blewett

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APPENDIX E
GROUNDWATER FLOW RATE AND DIRECTION

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GROUNDWATER FLOW RATE AND DIRECTION

Determination of groundwater flow rate and direction of flow in the uppermost aquifer whenever the monitoring wells (MWs) are sampled is a requirement of 401 KAR 48.300, Section 11. The uppermost aquifer below the C-746-U Landfill is the Regional Gravel Aquifer (RGA). Water level measurements currently are recorded in several wells at the landfill on a quarterly basis. These measurements were used to plot the potentiometric surface of the RGA for the second quarter 2015 and determine groundwater flow rate and direction.

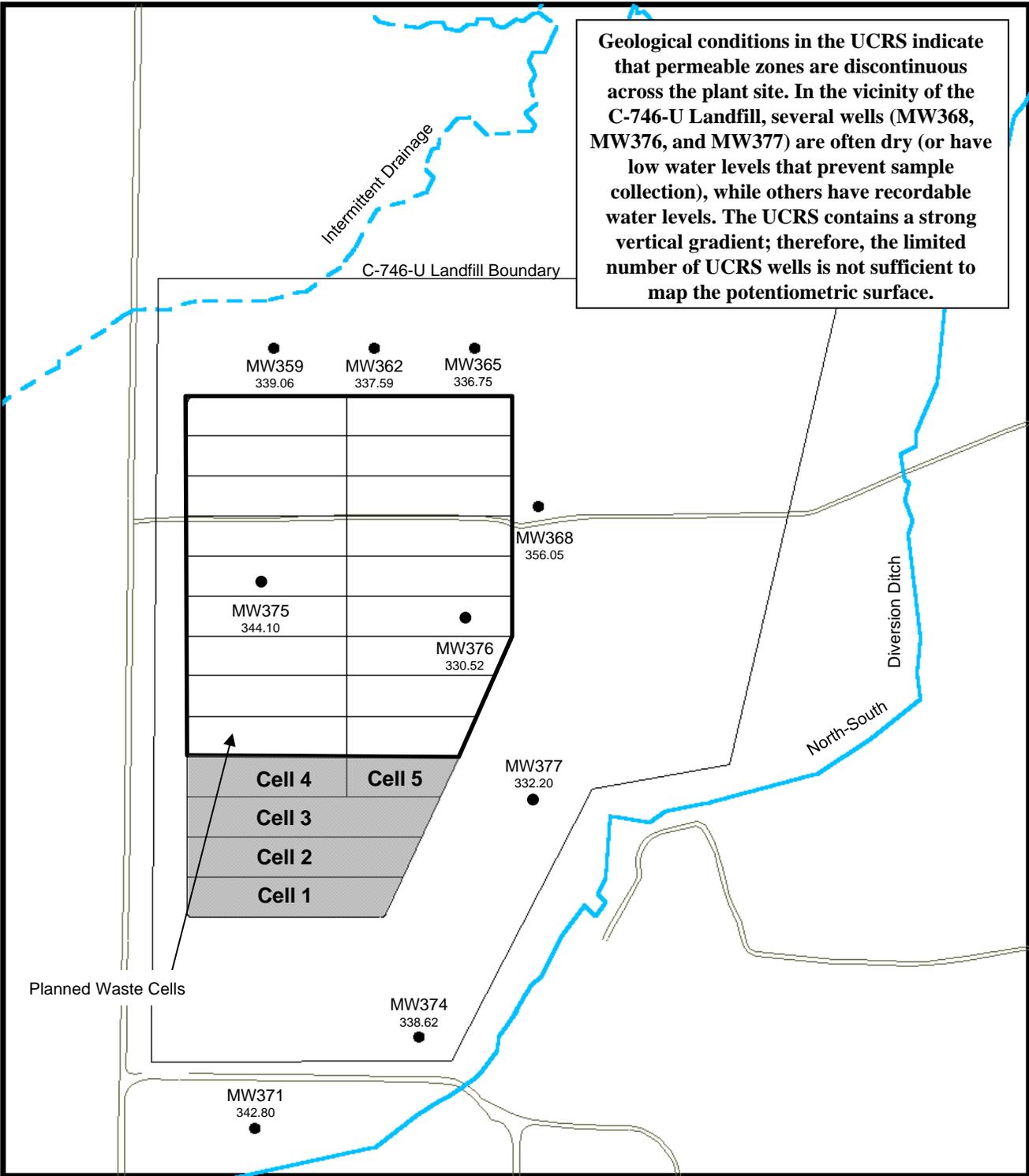
Water levels during this reporting period were measured on April 29 and 30, 2015. As shown on Figure E.1, all Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS) wells had sufficient water to permit water level measurement during this reporting period. UCRS wells MW376 and MW377 had insufficient water to permit sampling.

The UCRS has a strong vertical hydraulic gradient; therefore, the available UCRS wells screened over different elevations are not sufficient for mapping the potentiometric surface. As shown in Table E.1, the RGA data were converted to elevations to plot the potentiometric surfaces within the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA) and Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA). (At the request of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the RGA is differentiated into two zones, the URGA and LRGA.) Based on the potentiometric maps (Figures E.2 and E.3), the hydraulic gradient for both the URGA and LRGA at the C-746-U Landfill were similar (2.61×10^{-4} ft/ft). Water level measurements in wells at the C-746-U Landfill and in wells of the surrounding region (MW98, MW125, MW139, MW165A, MW173, MW193, MW197, MW200 and MW471), along with the C-746-S&T Landfill wells, were used to contour the general RGA potentiometric surface (Figure E.4). The hydraulic gradient for the RGA, as a whole, in the vicinity of the C-746-U Landfill was 3.25×10^{-4} ft/ft. The hydraulic gradients are shown in Table E.2.

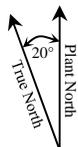
The average linear groundwater flow velocity (v) is determined by multiplying the hydraulic gradient (i) by the hydraulic conductivity (K) [resulting in the specific discharge (q)] and dividing by the effective porosity (n_e). The RGA hydraulic conductivity values used are reported in the Administrative Application for the New Solid Waste Landfill Permit No. SW07300045NWC1 and range from 425 to 725 ft/day (0.150 to 0.256 cm/s). RGA (both URGA and LRGA) effective porosity is assumed to be 25%. Flow velocities were calculated for the URGA and LRGA using the low and high values for hydraulic conductivity, as shown in the Table E.3.

Groundwater flow beneath the C-746-U Landfill typically trends northeastward toward the Ohio River. The Ohio River stage was elevated during much of March and April 2015 such that RGA groundwater could not discharge to the Ohio River and the typical regional gradient was disrupted. As demonstrated on the potentiometric map for April 2015, the groundwater flow direction in the immediate area of the landfill was oriented eastward.

Geological conditions in the UCERS indicate that permeable zones are discontinuous across the plant site. In the vicinity of the C-746-U Landfill, several wells (MW368, MW376, and MW377) are often dry (or have low water levels that prevent sample collection), while others have recordable water levels. The UCERS contains a strong vertical gradient; therefore, the limited number of UCERS wells is not sufficient to map the potentiometric surface.



LEGEND



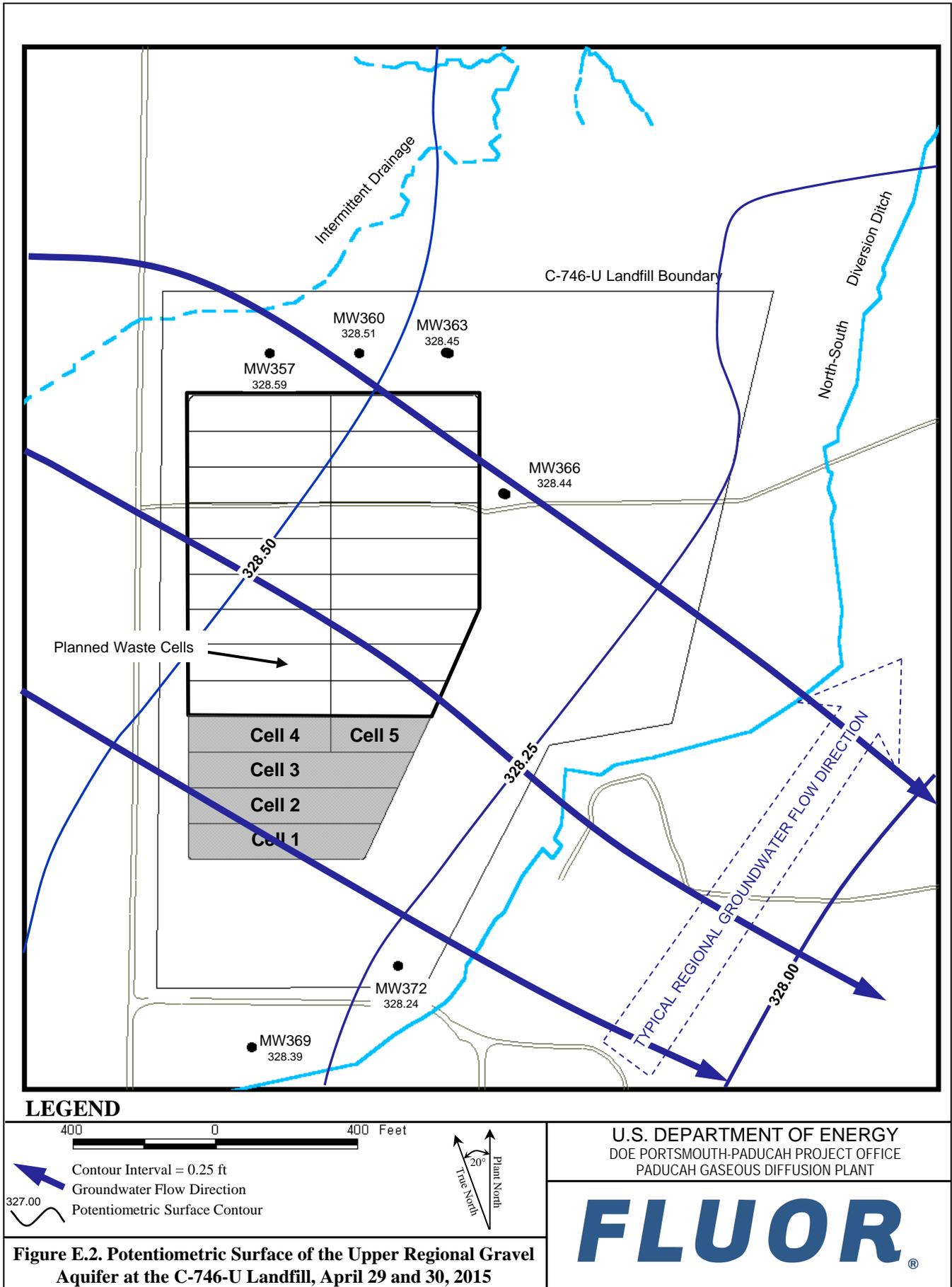
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
DOE PORTSMOUTH-PADUCAH PROJECT OFFICE
PADUCAH GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANT



Figure E.1. Potentiometric Surface of the Upper Continental Recharge System at the C-746-U Landfill, April 29, 2015

Table E.1. C-746-U Landfill Second Quarter 2015 (April) Water Levels

C-746-U Landfill (April 2015) Water Levels										
Date	Time	Well	Aquifer	Datum Elev (ft amsl)	BP (in Hg)	Delta BP (ft H2O)	Raw Data		*Corrected Data	
							DTW (ft)	Elev (ft amsl)	DTW (ft)	Elev (ft amsl)
4/29/2015	8:59	MW357	URGA	368.99	29.92	0.00	40.40	328.59	40.40	328.59
4/29/2015	9:02	MW358	LRGA	369.13	29.92	0.00	40.54	328.59	40.54	328.59
4/29/2015	9:01	MW359	UCRS	369.11	29.92	0.00	30.05	339.06	30.05	339.06
4/29/2015	8:57	MW360	URGA	362.30	29.92	0.00	33.79	328.51	33.79	328.51
4/29/2015	8:55	MW361	LRGA	361.54	29.92	0.00	33.01	328.53	33.01	328.53
4/29/2015	8:56	MW362	UCRS	362.04	29.92	0.00	24.45	337.59	24.45	337.59
4/29/2015	8:45	MW363	URGA	368.83	29.92	0.00	40.38	328.45	40.38	328.45
4/29/2015	8:43	MW364	LRGA	367.75	29.92	0.00	39.37	328.38	39.37	328.38
4/29/2015	8:44	MW365	UCRS	368.37	29.92	0.00	31.62	336.75	31.62	336.75
4/29/2015	8:51	MW366	URGA	369.27	29.92	0.00	40.83	328.44	40.83	328.44
4/30/2015	9:38	MW367	LRGA	369.66	29.86	0.07	41.16	328.50	41.23	328.43
4/29/2015	8:50	MW368	UCRS	369.27	29.92	0.00	13.22	356.05	13.22	356.05
4/30/2015	9:30	MW369	URGA	364.48	29.86	0.07	36.02	328.46	36.09	328.39
4/30/2015	9:32	MW370	LRGA	365.35	29.86	0.07	36.90	328.45	36.97	328.38
4/29/2015	8:16	MW371	UCRS	364.88	29.91	0.01	22.07	342.81	22.08	342.80
4/29/2015	8:22	MW372	URGA	359.66	29.92	0.00	31.42	328.24	31.42	328.24
4/29/2015	8:19	MW373	LRGA	359.95	29.92	0.00	31.73	328.22	31.73	328.22
4/29/2015	8:20	MW374	UCRS	359.71	29.92	0.00	21.09	338.62	21.09	338.62
4/29/2015	8:31	MW375	UCRS	370.53	29.92	0.00	26.43	344.10	26.43	344.10
4/29/2015	8:29	MW376	UCRS	370.61	29.92	0.00	40.09	330.52	40.09	330.52
4/29/2015	8:26	MW377	UCRS	365.92	29.92	0.00	33.72	332.20	33.72	332.20
Initial Barometric Pressure			29.92							
Elev = elevation										
amsl = above mean sea level										
BP = barometric pressure										
DTW = depth to water in feet below datum										
URGA = Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer										
LRGA = Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer										
UCRS = Upper Continental Recharge System										
ND = No Data acquired										
*Assumes a barometric efficiency of 1.0										



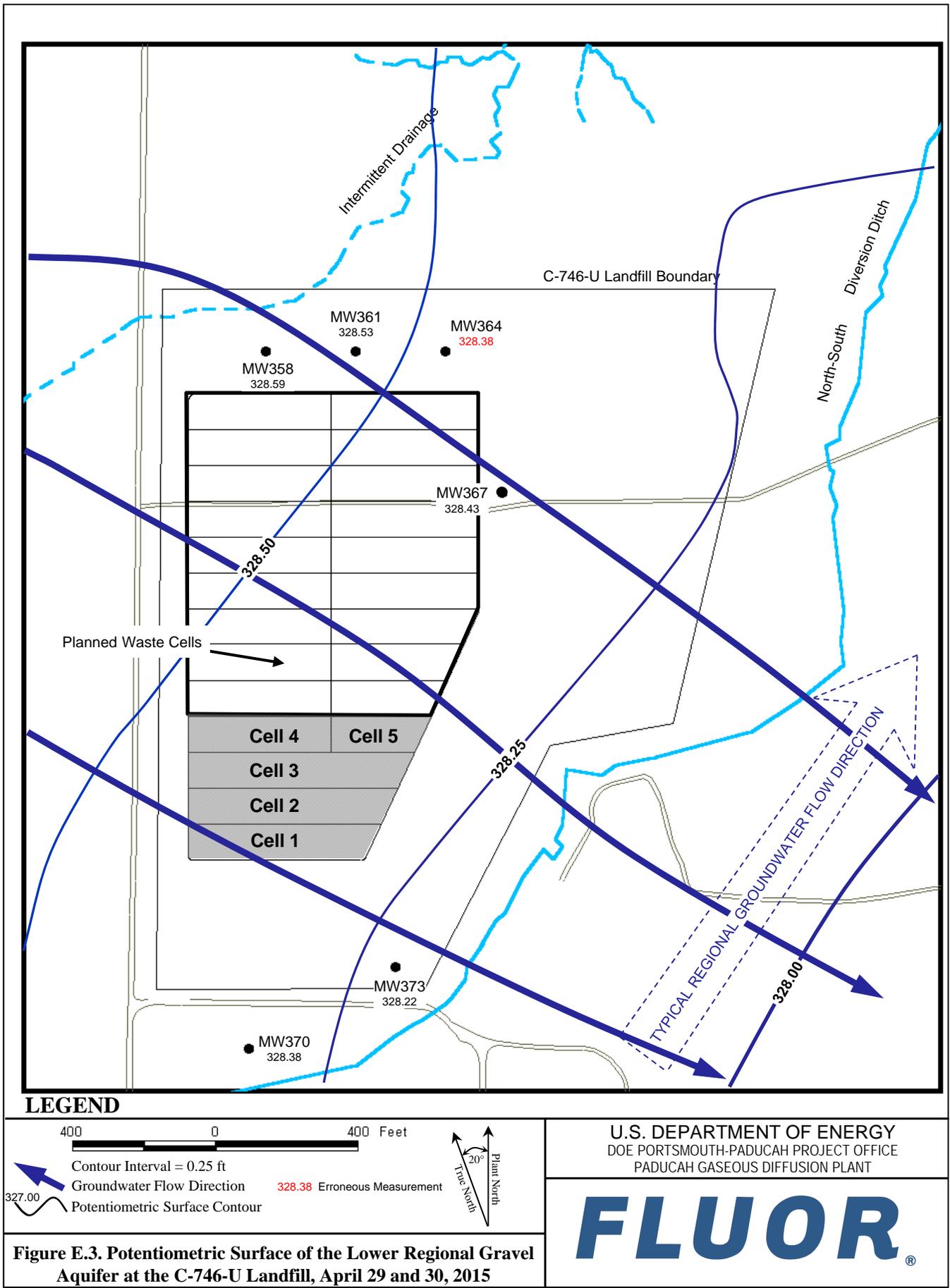


Figure E.3. Potentiometric Surface of the Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer at the C-746-U Landfill, April 29 and 30, 2015

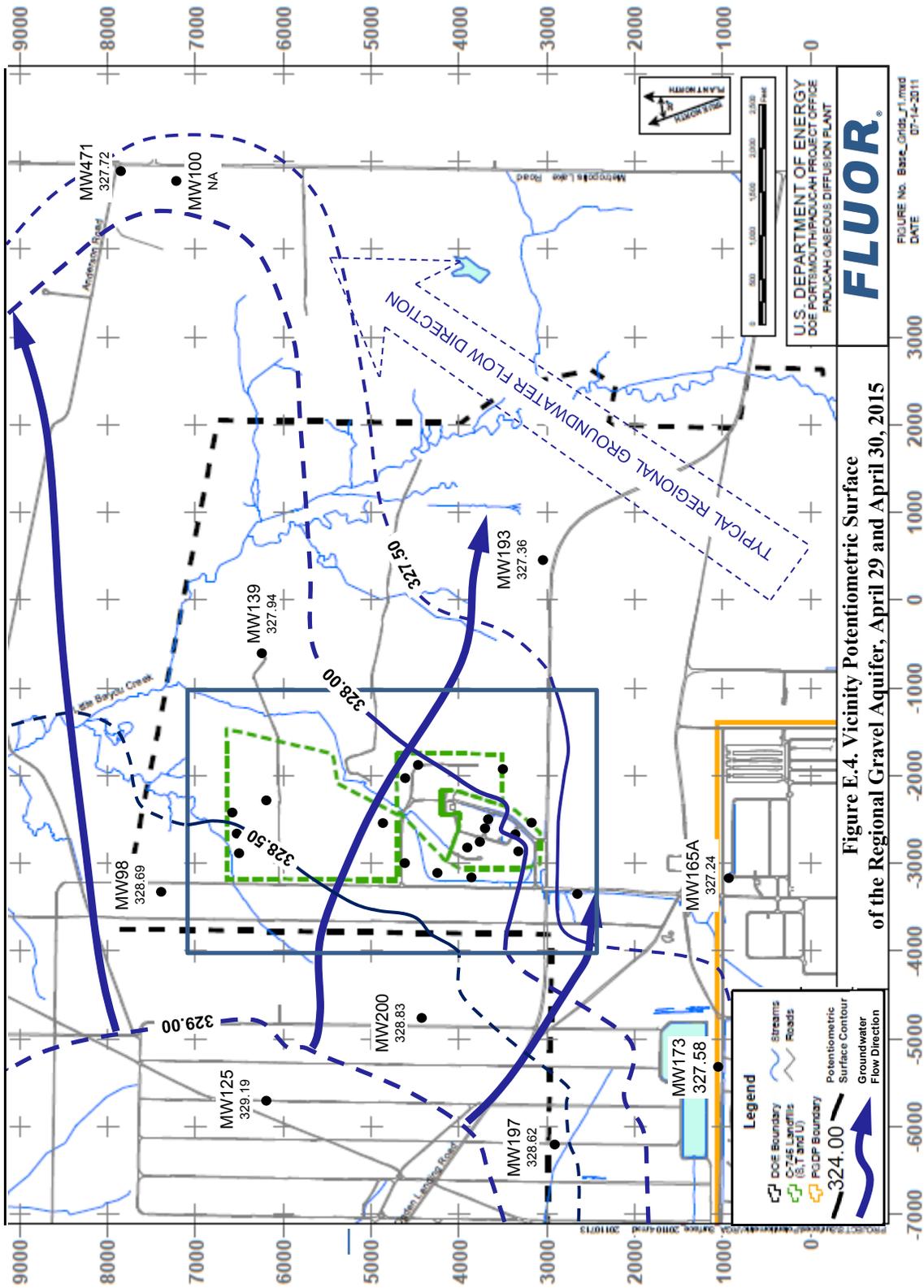


Table E.2. C-746-U Landfill Hydraulic Gradients

	ft/ft
Beneath Landfill—Upper RGA	2.61×10^{-4}
Beneath Landfill—Lower RGA	2.61×10^{-4}
Vicinity	3.25×10^{-4}

Table E.3. C-746-U Landfill Groundwater Flow Rate

Hydraulic Conductivity (K)		Specific Discharge (q)		Average Linear Velocity (v)	
ft/day	cm/s	ft/day	cm/s	ft/day	cm/s
<u>Upper RGA</u>					
725	0.256	0.19	6.68×10^{-5}	0.76	2.67×10^{-4}
425	0.150	0.11	3.91×10^{-5}	0.44	1.56×10^{-4}
<u>Lower RGA</u>					
725	0.256	0.19	6.69×10^{-5}	0.76	2.67×10^{-4}
425	0.150	0.11	3.92×10^{-5}	0.44	1.57×10^{-4}

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APPENDIX F
NOTIFICATIONS

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NOTIFICATIONS

In accordance with 401 KAR 48:300 § 7, the notification for parameters that exceed the maximum contaminant level has been submitted to the Kentucky Division of Waste Management. The parameters submitted are listed on page F-4. The notification for parameters that had statistically significant increased concentrations relative to background concentrations is provided below.

Statistical Analysis of Parameters Notification

The statistical analyses conducted on the second quarter 2015 groundwater data collected from the C-746-U Landfill monitoring wells were performed in accordance with *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky* (LATA Kentucky 2014).

The following are the permit required parameters in 40 CFR § 302.4, Appendix A, which had statistically significant increased concentrations relative to historical background concentrations.

	<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Monitoring Well</u>
Upper Continental Recharge System	None	
Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer	None	
Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer	Technetium-99	MW367

6/2/2015

**LATA Environmental Services of Kentucky
PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM
C-746-U LANDFILL
PERMIT NUMBER 073-00045
MAXIMUM CONTAMINANT LIMIT (MCL) EXCEEDANCE REPORT
Quarterly Groundwater Sampling**

AKGWA	Station	Analysis	Method	Results	Units	MCL
8004-4799	MW358	Trichloroethene	8260B	15.8	ug/L	5
8004-0981	MW359	Trichloroethene	8260B	5.77	ug/L	5
8004-4793	MW367	Beta activity	900.0	50.5	pCi/L	50
8004-4808	MW372	Trichloroethene	8260B	8.96	ug/L	5
8004-4792	MW373	Trichloroethene	8260B	8.61	ug/L	5

NOTE 1: These limits are defined in 401 KAR 47:030.

NOTE 2: MW370, MW372, and MW373 are down-gradient wells for the C-746-S and C-746-T Landfills and upgradient for the the C-746-U Landfill. These wells are sampled with the C-746-U Landfill monitoring well network. These wells are reported on the exceedance reports for C-746-S, C-746-T, and C-746-U.

APPENDIX G
CHART OF MCL AND UTL EXCEEDANCES

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Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		S	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	S	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
ACETONE																						
Quarter 3, 2002											*	*	*									
Quarter 4, 2002											*	*	*									
Quarter 1, 2003												*	*									
Quarter 2, 2003												*	*	*								
Quarter 3, 2003	*						*				*	*	*		*			*				
Quarter 4, 2003						*	*					*			*							
Quarter 3, 2004						*											*					
Quarter 3, 2005						*																
Quarter 4, 2005						*																
ALPHA ACTIVITY																						
Quarter 1, 2004																						■
Quarter 2, 2004							■															
Quarter 3, 2009							■															
ALUMINUM																						
Quarter 3, 2003												*										
BETA ACTIVITY																						
Quarter 1, 2004																	■					
Quarter 2, 2004																	■					■
Quarter 3, 2004																	■					
Quarter 4, 2004																	■					
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Quarter 3, 2008											■						■				■	
Quarter 4, 2008											■						■				■	
Quarter 1, 2009											■						■					
Quarter 2, 2009																	■	■	■			
Quarter 3, 2009											■						■					
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Quarter 2, 2011											■							■				
Quarter 4, 2011																	■					
Quarter 1, 2012											■											
Quarter 2, 2012											■								■			
Quarter 3, 2012											■						■					
Quarter 4, 2012																	■					■
Quarter 1, 2013																	■					■
Quarter 3, 2013																	■					■
Quarter 4, 2013																	■					
Quarter 1, 2014																	■					
Quarter 4, 2014																	■					
Quarter 1, 2015																	■					
Quarter 2, 2015																		■				
BROMIDE																						
Quarter 2, 2004																*						

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	S	U	U	
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373	
CALCIUM																						
Quarter 3, 2003										*												
Quarter 2, 2005																					*	
Quarter 3, 2006															*							
Quarter 2, 2008															*							
Quarter 3, 2009															*							
Quarter 4, 2009															*							
Quarter 1, 2010															*							
Quarter 2, 2010															*							
Quarter 3, 2010															*							
Quarter 1, 2011															*							
Quarter 2, 2011															*							
Quarter 3, 2011																					*	
Quarter 4, 2011															*						*	
Quarter 1, 2012															*						*	
Quarter 2, 2012															*						*	
Quarter 3, 2012															*						*	
Quarter 4, 2012															*							
Quarter 1, 2013															*						*	
Quarter 2, 2013															*							
Quarter 3, 2013															*						*	
Quarter 4, 2013															*							
Quarter 2, 2014															*						*	
Quarter 3, 2014															*						*	
Quarter 4, 2014															*							
Quarter 2, 2015															*							
CARBON DISULFIDE																						
Quarter 3, 2003															*							
Quarter 2, 2005							*															
Quarter 3, 2005						*																
Quarter 4, 2005						*																
Quarter 1, 2006						*																
Quarter 2, 2006						*																
Quarter 3, 2010		*									*											
Quarter 4, 2010														*								
Quarter 1, 2011															*							
CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND																						
Quarter 3, 2002										*	*	*	*	*	*							
Quarter 4, 2002										*	*											
Quarter 1, 2003										*	*											
Quarter 2, 2003										*	*	*										
Quarter 3, 2003	*									*	*					*						
Quarter 4, 2003						*				*	*											
Quarter 3, 2004						*				*												
Quarter 3, 2005						*				*					*	*			*			
Quarter 4, 2005						*				*							*	*	*			
Quarter 1, 2006																			*			
CHLORIDE																						
Quarter 1, 2006																					*	
Quarter 2, 2014															*							
COBALT																						
Quarter 3, 2003	*						*			*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2004														*								
CONDUCTIVITY																						
Quarter 4, 2002										*												
Quarter 1, 2003										*												
Quarter 2, 2003										*	*											
Quarter 4, 2003										*												
Quarter 1, 2004										*												

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		S	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	S	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
CONDUCTIVITY																						
Quarter 2, 2004											*											
Quarter 3, 2004											*											
Quarter 1, 2005																*						
Quarter 2, 2005																*						
Quarter 3, 2005						*													*			
Quarter 4, 2005																*		*				
Quarter 1, 2006																*						
Quarter 2, 2006																*						
Quarter 3, 2006																*						
Quarter 1, 2007																*						
Quarter 2, 2007																*						
Quarter 3, 2007																*						
Quarter 4, 2007																*						
Quarter 1, 2008																*						
Quarter 2, 2008																*						
Quarter 3, 2008																*						
Quarter 4, 2008																*						
Quarter 1, 2009																*						
Quarter 2, 2009																*						
Quarter 3, 2009																*						
Quarter 4, 2009																*						
Quarter 1, 2010																*						
Quarter 2, 2010																*						
Quarter 3, 2010																*						
Quarter 4, 2010																*						
Quarter 1, 2011																*						
Quarter 2, 2011																*						
Quarter 3, 2011																*						
Quarter 4, 2011																*						
Quarter 1, 2012															*	*						
Quarter 2, 2012																*						
Quarter 3, 2012																*						
Quarter 4, 2012																*						
Quarter 1, 2013																*						
Quarter 2, 2013																*						
Quarter 3, 2013																*						
Quarter 4, 2013																*						
Quarter 1, 2014																*						
Quarter 2, 2014																*						
Quarter 3, 2014																*						
Quarter 4, 2014																*						
Quarter 1, 2015																*						
Quarter 2, 2015																*						
DISSOLVED OXYGEN																						
Quarter 1, 2003					*	*					*											
Quarter 3, 2003					*						*											
Quarter 4, 2003					*																	
Quarter 1, 2004					*																	
Quarter 2, 2004									*								*					
Quarter 1, 2005					*																	
Quarter 2, 2005									*													
Quarter 1, 2006					*																	
Quarter 2, 2006					*				*													
Quarter 3, 2006					*				*													
Quarter 4, 2006					*					*												
Quarter 2, 2007					*				*													
Quarter 3, 2007					*				*	*												
Quarter 1, 2008					*														*			
Quarter 2, 2008									*	*												
Quarter 3, 2008									*													
Quarter 1, 2009							*															
Quarter 2, 2009					*				*	*												
Quarter 3, 2009						*			*	*												

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		S	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	S	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
DISSOLVED OXYGEN																						
Quarter 1, 2010					*		*															
Quarter 2, 2010					*	*		*	*											*	*	
Quarter 3, 2010					*	*																
Quarter 4, 2010							*						*							*		
Quarter 1, 2011						*																
Quarter 2, 2011					*	*	*	*	*					*								
Quarter 3, 2011						*			*						*							
Quarter 1, 2012							*		*													
Quarter 2, 2012	*			*	*	*		*	*													
Quarter 3, 2012						*																
Quarter 4, 2012									*													
Quarter 1, 2013						*			*													
Quarter 2, 2013							*		*													
Quarter 3, 2013	*				*		*	*	*													
Quarter 4, 2013									*											*		
Quarter 2, 2014	*				*	*	*	*	*									*				
Quarter 3, 2014	*				*	*	*															
Quarter 4, 2014						*																
Quarter 2, 2015					*	*	*	*														
DISSOLVED SOLIDS																						
Quarter 4, 2002											*											
Quarter 1, 2003											*											
Quarter 2, 2003											*											
Quarter 3, 2003							*				*	*										
Quarter 4, 2003											*											
Quarter 3, 2005						*																
Quarter 4, 2006																*						
Quarter 1, 2007																*						
Quarter 2, 2007																*						
Quarter 4, 2008																*						
Quarter 1, 2009																*						
Quarter 2, 2009																*						
Quarter 3, 2009																*						
Quarter 4, 2009																*						
Quarter 1, 2010																*						
Quarter 2, 2010																*						
Quarter 3, 2010																*						
Quarter 4, 2010																*						
Quarter 1, 2011																*						
Quarter 2, 2011																*						
Quarter 3, 2011																*						
Quarter 4, 2011																*						
Quarter 1, 2012														*	*							
Quarter 2, 2012															*	*				*	*	
Quarter 3, 2012															*	*				*	*	
Quarter 4, 2012															*	*						
Quarter 1, 2013															*	*						
Quarter 2, 2013															*	*						
Quarter 3, 2013															*	*						
Quarter 4, 2013															*	*						
Quarter 1, 2014															*	*						
Quarter 2, 2014															*	*						
Quarter 4, 2014															*	*						
Quarter 2, 2015															*	*						
IODIDE																						
Quarter 2, 2003																*						
Quarter 3, 2003	*										*											
Quarter 4, 2003							*															
Quarter 3, 2010						*		*					*				*					
IODINE-131																						
Quarter 3, 2010																						

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		S	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	S	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
IODOMETHANE																						
Quarter 4, 2003						*																
IRON																						
Quarter 4, 2002						*																
Quarter 3, 2003																					*	
Quarter 4, 2003											*										*	
Quarter 1, 2004											*										*	
Quarter 2, 2004											*											
Quarter 3, 2004											*											
Quarter 3, 2005																					*	
MAGNESIUM																						
Quarter 2, 2005																*						*
Quarter 3, 2005						*																*
Quarter 2, 2006																*						*
Quarter 3, 2006																*						
Quarter 1, 2007																*						
Quarter 2, 2008																*						
Quarter 2, 2009																*						
Quarter 3, 2009																*						
Quarter 4, 2009																*						
Quarter 1, 2010																*						
Quarter 2, 2010																*						
Quarter 3, 2010																*						
Quarter 1, 2011																*						
Quarter 2, 2011																*						
Quarter 3, 2011																*						
Quarter 4, 2011																*						
Quarter 1, 2012																*						
Quarter 2, 2012																*						
Quarter 3, 2012																*						
Quarter 4, 2012																*						
Quarter 1, 2013																*						
Quarter 2, 2013																*						
Quarter 3, 2013																*						
Quarter 4, 2013																*						
Quarter 2, 2014																*						
Quarter 4, 2014																*						
Quarter 2, 2015																*						
MANGANESE																						
Quarter 3, 2002											*		*									
Quarter 4, 2002		*				*	*				*		*		*							
Quarter 2, 2003											*		*									
Quarter 3, 2003											*		*	*	*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 4, 2003											*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 1, 2004											*	*	*				*	*	*			*
Quarter 2, 2004							*				*	*	*				*		*			*
Quarter 3, 2004							*				*	*	*				*		*			*
Quarter 4, 2004											*		*				*		*			*
Quarter 1, 2005											*		*				*		*			*
Quarter 2, 2005											*		*				*		*			*
Quarter 3, 2005											*		*				*		*			*
Quarter 4, 2005											*		*				*		*			*
Quarter 1, 2006											*		*				*		*			*
Quarter 2, 2006							*				*		*				*		*			*
Quarter 3, 2006											*		*				*		*			*
Quarter 4, 2006											*		*				*		*			*
Quarter 1, 2007											*		*				*		*			*
Quarter 2, 2007							*				*		*				*		*			*
Quarter 3, 2007							*				*		*				*		*			*
Quarter 3, 2008							*				*		*				*		*			*
Quarter 4, 2008							*				*		*				*		*			*
Quarter 3, 2009							*				*		*				*		*			*
Quarter 3, 2011							*				*		*				*		*			*

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
	S 368	S 375	S 376	S 377	D 359	D 362	D 365	U 371	U 374	S 366	D 360	D 363	D 357	U 369	U 372	S 367	D 361	D 364	S 358	U 370	U 373	
NICKEL																						
Quarter 3, 2003										*												
OXIDATION-REDUCTION POTENTIAL																						
Quarter 4, 2002																	*		*			
Quarter 1, 2003																	*		*			
Quarter 2, 2003																			*			
Quarter 3, 2003	*																					
Quarter 4, 2003					*																	
Quarter 2, 2004													*				*				*	
Quarter 3, 2004								*					*	*	*		*			*	*	
Quarter 4, 2004												*									*	
Quarter 1, 2005																	*			*	*	
Quarter 2, 2005								*				*		*			*			*		
Quarter 3, 2005					*	*		*			*	*	*				*		*	*	*	
Quarter 4, 2005		*						*				*		*			*		*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2006					*			*	*								*			*	*	
Quarter 2, 2006					*		*	*					*				*			*		
Quarter 3, 2006					*			*					*				*			*		
Quarter 4, 2006					*		*	*		*		*	*				*			*	*	
Quarter 1, 2007		*			*		*	*				*	*	*			*		*	*	*	
Quarter 2, 2007					*								*				*		*	*	*	
Quarter 3, 2007					*			*									*		*	*	*	
Quarter 4, 2007																	*		*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2008					*			*				*	*						*	*	*	
Quarter 2, 2008					*			*		*		*	*	*				*	*	*	*	
Quarter 3, 2008					*		*	*	*	*		*	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 4, 2008								*		*		*	*				*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2009								*	*	*		*	*				*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 2, 2009					*		*	*	*	*		*	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 3, 2009		*			*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 4, 2009		*			*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2010		*			*		*	*	*	*		*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 2, 2010					*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 3, 2010		*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 4, 2010		*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2011					*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 2, 2011		*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 3, 2011		*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 4, 2011		*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2012		*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 2, 2012	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 3, 2012		*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 4, 2012		*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2013		*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 2, 2013		*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 3, 2013	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 4, 2013		*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2014		*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 2, 2014	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 3, 2014	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 4, 2014		*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2015		*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 2, 2015	*	*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
PCB, TOTAL																						
Quarter 4, 2003																	*					
Quarter 3, 2004												*										
Quarter 3, 2005								*														
Quarter 2, 2006								*														
Quarter 3, 2006								*														
Quarter 1, 2007								*														
Quarter 2, 2007								*														
Quarter 3, 2007								*														
Quarter 1, 2008								*														
Quarter 2, 2008								*														

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		S	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	S	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
PCB, TOTAL																						
Quarter 4, 2008							*															
Quarter 3, 2009							*															
Quarter 1, 2010							*															
Quarter 2, 2010							*															
Quarter 4, 2010							*															
PCB-1016																						
Quarter 3, 2004													*									
Quarter 2, 2006							*						*									
Quarter 1, 2007							*															
Quarter 2, 2007							*															
Quarter 3, 2007							*															
Quarter 2, 2008							*															
Quarter 4, 2008							*															
Quarter 3, 2009							*															
Quarter 1, 2010							*															
Quarter 2, 2010							*															
Quarter 4, 2010							*															
PCB-1242																						
Quarter 3, 2006							*						*									
Quarter 4, 2006											*											
Quarter 1, 2008							*															
Quarter 2, 2012							*															
PCB-1248																						
Quarter 2, 2008							*															
PCB-1260																						
Quarter 2, 2006							*															
pH																						
Quarter 3, 2002											*											
Quarter 4, 2002											*											
Quarter 1, 2003											*											
Quarter 2, 2003											*											
Quarter 3, 2003	*						*				*											
Quarter 4, 2003							*										*					
Quarter 1, 2004							*										*					
Quarter 3, 2005							*												*	*		
Quarter 4, 2005							*													*		
Quarter 3, 2006																	*					
Quarter 2, 2011															*							
Quarter 3, 2011															*							
Quarter 4, 2011															*							
Quarter 1, 2012																	*	*				
Quarter 2, 2012													*									
Quarter 1, 2013											*		*				*					
POTASSIUM																						
Quarter 1, 2014																	*					
RADIUM-228																						
Quarter 2, 2005																						
Quarter 4, 2005							■						■		■				■			
SELENIUM																						
Quarter 4, 2003									■													
SODIUM																						
Quarter 3, 2002											*	*		*								
Quarter 4, 2002											*	*			*							
Quarter 1, 2003											*											
Quarter 2, 2003											*	*										
Quarter 3, 2003												*										
Quarter 1, 2007												*										
Quarter 1, 2012															*							
Quarter 1, 2014																*						
Quarter 3, 2014												*										
Quarter 4, 2014												*										

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		S	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	S	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
STRONTIUM-90																						
Quarter 4, 2008								■														
SULFATE																						
Quarter 1, 2003							*															
Quarter 2, 2003							*	*														
Quarter 3, 2003	*						*															
Quarter 4, 2003					*		*															
Quarter 1, 2004					*	*	*															
Quarter 2, 2004					*	*	*															
Quarter 3, 2004					*	*	*															
Quarter 1, 2005					*	*			*													
Quarter 2, 2005					*	*	*		*							*						
Quarter 3, 2005					*	*	*															
Quarter 4, 2005																*						
Quarter 1, 2006					*				*													
Quarter 2, 2006						*	*		*							*						
Quarter 3, 2006							*															
Quarter 1, 2007							*															
Quarter 2, 2007							*															
Quarter 3, 2007							*															
Quarter 4, 2007		*																				
Quarter 1, 2008		*			*		*		*													
Quarter 2, 2008		*			*	*	*															
Quarter 3, 2008		*			*	*	*															
Quarter 4, 2008		*			*	*	*															
Quarter 1, 2009		*					*															
Quarter 2, 2009		*			*	*	*															
Quarter 3, 2009		*			*	*	*									*						
Quarter 4, 2009		*			*	*	*									*						
Quarter 1, 2010		*			*	*	*									*						
Quarter 2, 2010		*			*	*	*									*						
Quarter 3, 2010		*			*	*	*									*						
Quarter 4, 2010		*			*	*	*									*						
Quarter 1, 2011		*			*	*	*									*						
Quarter 2, 2011		*			*	*	*									*						
Quarter 3, 2011		*			*	*	*	*								*						
Quarter 4, 2011		*			*	*	*									*						
Quarter 1, 2012		*			*	*	*	*								*						
Quarter 2, 2012	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*							*						
Quarter 3, 2012		*			*	*	*									*						
Quarter 4, 2012		*			*	*	*									*						
Quarter 1, 2013		*			*	*	*									*						
Quarter 2, 2013		*			*	*	*									*						
Quarter 3, 2013	*	*		*	*	*	*									*						
Quarter 4, 2013		*			*	*	*									*						
Quarter 1, 2014		*			*	*	*									*						
Quarter 2, 2014	*	*			*	*	*	*								*						
Quarter 3, 2014	*	*			*	*	*	*								*						
Quarter 4, 2014		*			*	*	*									*						
Quarter 1, 2015		*			*	*	*									*						
Quarter 2, 2015	*	*			*	*	*									*						
TECHNETIUM-99																						
Quarter 4, 2002																		*	*	*		
Quarter 2, 2003							*						*				*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 3, 2003																		*				
Quarter 4, 2003																		*				*
Quarter 1, 2004																*		*				*
Quarter 2, 2004																*		*				*
Quarter 3, 2004																*		*				*
Quarter 4, 2004																*		*				*
Quarter 3, 2005																*		*				*
Quarter 1, 2006																*		*				*
Quarter 2, 2006		*							*							*		*				*
Quarter 3, 2006																*		*				*

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA					
	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		S	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	S	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
TECHNETIUM-99																						
Quarter 4, 2006																*						*
Quarter 1, 2007																						*
Quarter 2, 2007														*		*					*	
Quarter 3, 2007																*		*	*			
Quarter 4, 2007											*					*				*		*
Quarter 1, 2008																*					*	*
Quarter 2, 2008							*	*							*	*				*		
Quarter 3, 2008																*						
Quarter 4, 2008											*							*		*		
Quarter 1, 2009											*											
Quarter 2, 2009																			*			
Quarter 3, 2009								*			*					*						
Quarter 4, 2009											*					*				*	*	
Quarter 2, 2010											*					*	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 3, 2010											*					*						
Quarter 4, 2010																			*			
Quarter 1, 2011		*									*							*		*	*	
Quarter 2, 2011																	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 1, 2012																	*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 2, 2012								*											*	*	*	
Quarter 3, 2012																		*	*	*	*	
Quarter 4, 2012																*			*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2013																*			*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2013																			*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2013											*								*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2013																*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2014																*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2014																		*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2014																		*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2014																*			*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2015																*			*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2015																	*		*	*	*	*
TOLUENE																						
Quarter 2, 2014											*				*							
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON																						
Quarter 3, 2002											*	*	*		*							*
Quarter 4, 2002											*	*	*		*							
Quarter 1, 2003											*	*	*		*							
Quarter 3, 2003	*										*	*	*		*		*					
Quarter 4, 2003											*	*	*		*							
Quarter 1, 2004											*	*	*		*							
Quarter 3, 2005						*					*	*	*		*	*	*			*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2005						*					*	*	*		*			*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2006																			*	*	*	*
TOTAL ORGANIC HALIDES																						
Quarter 4, 2002											*				*							
Quarter 1, 2003											*				*							
Quarter 2, 2003											*				*							
Quarter 1, 2004																	*					
TRICHLOROETHENE																						
Quarter 3, 2002															■							■
Quarter 4, 2002																	■					■
Quarter 1, 2003																					■	■
Quarter 2, 2003																	■					■
Quarter 3, 2003																					■	■
Quarter 4, 2003																	■					■
Quarter 1, 2004																	■					■
Quarter 2, 2004																	■					■
Quarter 3, 2004																	■					■
Quarter 4, 2004																	■					■
Quarter 1, 2005																	■					■
Quarter 2, 2005																	■					■
Quarter 3, 2005																	■					■

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS										URGA						LRGA						
	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U		S	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	S	U	U	
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374		366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373	
TRICHLOROETHENE																							
Quarter 4, 2005															■						■	■	
Quarter 1, 2006															■							■	■
Quarter 2, 2006															■							■	■
Quarter 3, 2006															■							■	■
Quarter 4, 2006															■							■	■
Quarter 1, 2007															■							■	■
Quarter 2, 2007															■							■	■
Quarter 3, 2007															■							■	■
Quarter 4, 2007															■							■	■
Quarter 1, 2008															■							■	■
Quarter 2, 2008															■				■			■	■
Quarter 3, 2008															■							■	■
Quarter 4, 2008															■							■	■
Quarter 1, 2009															■							■	■
Quarter 2, 2009															■							■	■
Quarter 3, 2009															■							■	■
Quarter 4, 2009						■	■					■		■	■		■					■	■
Quarter 1, 2010															■		■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2010															■		■					■	■
Quarter 3, 2010															■		■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2010															■		■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2011															■		■			■		■	■
Quarter 3, 2011															■		■			■		■	■
Quarter 4, 2011															■		■			■		■	■
Quarter 1, 2012															■		■		■		■	■	■
Quarter 2, 2012															■		■					■	■
Quarter 3, 2012															■		■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2012															■		■					■	■
Quarter 1, 2013															■		■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2013															■		■		■		■	■	■
Quarter 3, 2013															■		■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2013															■		■			■		■	■
Quarter 1, 2014															■		■			■		■	■
Quarter 2, 2014															■		■		■		■	■	■
Quarter 3, 2014															■		■			■		■	■
Quarter 4, 2014															■		■			■		■	■
Quarter 1, 2015															■		■			■		■	■
Quarter 2, 2015					■										■		■			■		■	■
TURBIDITY																							
Quarter 1, 2003															*								
URANIUM																							
Quarter 4, 2002		*			*	*	*				*	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2006																							*
ZINC																							
Quarter 3, 2005																					*		
* Statistical test results indicate an elevated concentration (i.e., a statistical exceedance).																							
■ MCL Exceedance																							
UCRS Upper Continental Recharge System																							
URGA Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer																							
LRGA Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer																							

APPENDIX H
METHANE MONITORING DATA

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C-746-U LANDFILL METHANE LOG

PADUCAH GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANT

Permit #: 073-00045

McCracken County, Kentucky

Date: June 04, 2015

Time	Location	% LEL of Methane Reading	Remarks	Weather Conditions
09:00	C-746-U1	0	checked at floor level	inside office
	C-746-U2	0	checked at floor level	inside shop
	C-746-U-T-14	0	checked at floor level	inside trailer
	C-746-U15	0	checked at floor level	inside building
	MG1	0	dry casing	<i>Survey @ 746.3'</i>
	MG2	0	dry casing	
	MG3	0	dry casing	
10:20	MG4	0	dry casing	
N/A	Suspect or Problem Areas	N/A	No problems noted	N/A

JS 6/04/15

Tommy Smith
Signature

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APPENDIX I

SURFACE WATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS AND WRITTEN COMMENTS

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Division of Waste Management
 Solid Waste Branch
 14 Reilly Road
 Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
 Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
 Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
 LAB ID: None
 For Official Use Only

SURFACE WATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS (S)

Monitoring Point (KPDDES Discharge Number, or "UPSTREAM", or "DOWNSTREAM")		L150 AT SITE	L154 UPSTREAM	L351 DOWNSTREAM				
Sample Sequence #		1	1	1				
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment		NA	NA	NA				
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour:minutes)		4/14/2015 08:28	4/14/2015 08:40	4/14/2015 07:56				
Duplicate ("Y" or "N") ¹		N	N	N				
Split ("Y" or "N") ²		N	N	N				
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)		L150US3-15	L154US3-15	L351US3-15				
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)		371075001	371075002	371075003				
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year)		5/6/2015	5/6/2015	5/6/2015				
CAS RN ³	CONSTITUENT	TID ⁴	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL ⁵ S ⁷			
A200-00-0	Flow	T	MGD	Field	0.08	6.3	5.17	
16887-00-6	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	300.0	0.353	0.552	0.551	
14808-79-8	Sulfate	T	mg/L	300.0	6.27	1.76	2.16	
7439-89-6	Iron	T	mg/L	200.8	1.4	2.11	2.66	
7440-23-5	Sodium	T	mg/L	200.8	1.08	1.17	1.2	
S0268-	Organic Carbon ⁶	T	mg/L	9060	6	9.6	9.2	
S0097-	BOD ⁶	T	mg/L	not applicable	*	*	*	
S0130-	Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	29.4	60.2	44.8	

STANDARD FLAGS:
 * = See Comments
 J = Estimated Value
 B = Analyte found in blank
 A = Average value
 N = Presumptive ID
 D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution factor

¹Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report
²Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
³Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
⁴T = Total; "D" = Dissolved
⁵"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BD". Value then shown is Practical Quantification Limit
⁶Facility has either/or option on Organic Carbon and (BOD) Biochemical Oxygen Demand - both are not required
⁷Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*", then describe on "Written Comments" page.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Numbers: 073-00045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

SURFACE WATER WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
L150	L150US3-15	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Alpha activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.46. Rad error is 7.37.
		Beta activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.94. Rad error is 6.94.
L154	L154US3-15	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Alpha activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.12. Rad error is 5.11.
		Beta activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.29. Rad error is 7.28.
L351	L351US3-15	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Alpha activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.73. Rad error is 7.63.
		Beta activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 8.27. Rad error is 8.16.

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