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MAY 20 2016

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Mr. Allan Shingleton
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Dear Ms. Green, Mr. Hendricks, and Mr. Shingleton:

C-746-S&T LANDFILLS FIRST QUARTER CALENDAR YEAR 2016 (JANUARY–MARCH) COMPLIANCE MONITORING REPORT, PADUCAH GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANT, PADUCAH, KENTUCKY, FPDP-RPT-0026/V1, PERMIT NUMBER SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Enclosed is the subject report for first quarter calendar year 2016. This report is required in accordance with Condition ACTV0006, Special Condition Number 3, of the C-746-S&T Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045. The report includes groundwater and surface water analytical data, validation summary, groundwater flow rate and direction determination, figures depicting well locations, and methane monitoring results.

The statistical analyses on the first quarter 2016 monitoring well data collected from the C-746-S&T Landfills were performed in accordance with Condition GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 3, using the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency guidance document, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989). This report also serves as the statistical increase notification for the first quarter calendar year 2016, in accordance with Condition GSTR0003, Standard Requirement 8, of the C-746-S&T Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045.

If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact David Dollins at (270) 441-6819.

Sincerely,

Jennifer Woodard

Jennifer Woodard
Paducah Site Lead
Portsmouth/Paducah Project Office

Enclosure:
C-746-S&T Landfills 1st Qtr CY 2016 (January–March) Compliance Monitoring Report

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FPDP-RPT-0026/V1

C-746-S&T Landfills
First Quarter Calendar Year 2016
(January–March)
Compliance Monitoring Report,
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky

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FPDP-RPT-0026/V1

C-746-S&T Landfills
First Quarter Calendar Year 2016
(January–March)
Compliance Monitoring Report,
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky

Date Issued—May 2016

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
Office of Environmental Management

Prepared by
FLUOR FEDERAL SERVICES, INC.,
Paducah Deactivation Project
managing the
Deactivation Project at the
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
under Task Order DE-DT0007774

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ACRONYMS

CFR	*Code of Federal Regulations*
CY	calendar year
KAR	*Kentucky Administrative Regulations*
KDWM	Kentucky Division of Waste Management
KRS	*Kentucky Revised Statutes*
LEL	lower explosive limit
LRGA	Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer
MCL	maximum contaminant level
MW	monitoring well
PGDP	Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
RGA	Regional Gravel Aquifer
UCRS	Upper Continental Recharge System
URGA	Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer
UTL	upper tolerance limit

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1. INTRODUCTION

This report, *C-746-S&T Landfills First Quarter Calendar Year 2016 (January–March) Compliance Monitoring Report, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky,* is being submitted in accordance with Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 for the C-746-S Residential Landfill and for the C-746-T Inert Landfill.

The Groundwater, Surface Water, Leachate, and Methane Monitoring Sample Data Reporting Form is provided in Appendix A. The facility information sheet is provided in Appendix B. Groundwater analytical results are recorded on the Kentucky Division of Waste Management (KDWM) Groundwater Sample Analyses forms, which are presented in Appendix C. The statistical analyses and qualification statement are provided in Appendix D. The groundwater flow rate and direction determinations are provided in Appendix E. Appendix F contains the notifications for all permit required parameters whose concentrations exceed the maximum contaminant level (MCL) for Kentucky solid waste facilities provided in 401 *KAR* 47:030 § 6 and for all permit required parameters listed in 40 *CFR* § 302.4, Appendix A, that do not have an MCL and whose concentrations exceed the historical background concentrations [upper tolerance limit (UTL), as established at a 95% confidence]. Appendix G provides a chart of exceedances of the MCL and historical UTL that have occurred since the fourth quarter calendar year (CY) 2002. Methane monitoring results are documented on the approved C-746-S&T Landfill Methane Monitoring Report form provided in Appendix H. The form includes pertinent remarks/observations as required by 401 *KAR* 48:090 § 4. Surface water results are provided in Appendix I.

1.1 BACKGROUND

The C-746-S&T Landfills are closed, solid waste landfills located north of the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant (PGDP) and south of the C-746-U Landfill. Construction and operation of the C-746-S Residential Landfill were permitted in April 1981 under Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number 073-00014. The permitted C-746-S Landfill area covers about 16 acres and contains a clay liner with a cover of compacted soil. The C-746-S Landfill was a sanitary landfill for PGDP. The C-746-S Landfill is closed and has been inactive since July 1995.

Construction and operation of the C-746-T Inert Landfill were permitted in February 1985 under Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number 073-00015. The permitted C-746-T Landfill area covers about 20 acres and contains a clay liner with a cover of compacted soil. The C-746-T Landfill was used to dispose of construction debris (e.g., concrete, wood, and rock) and steam plant fly ash from PGDP. The C-746-T Landfill is closed and has been inactive since June 1992.

1.2 MONITORING PERIOD ACTIVITIES

1.2.1 Groundwater Monitoring

Three zones are monitored at the site: the Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS), the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA), and the Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA). There are 23 monitoring wells (MWs) under permit for the C-746-S&T Landfills: 5 UCRS wells, 11 URGA wells, and 7 LRGA wells. A map of the MW locations is presented in Figure 1. All MWs listed on the permit were sampled this quarter except MW389 (screened in the UCRS), which had an insufficient amount of water to obtain samples; therefore, there are no analytical results for this location.

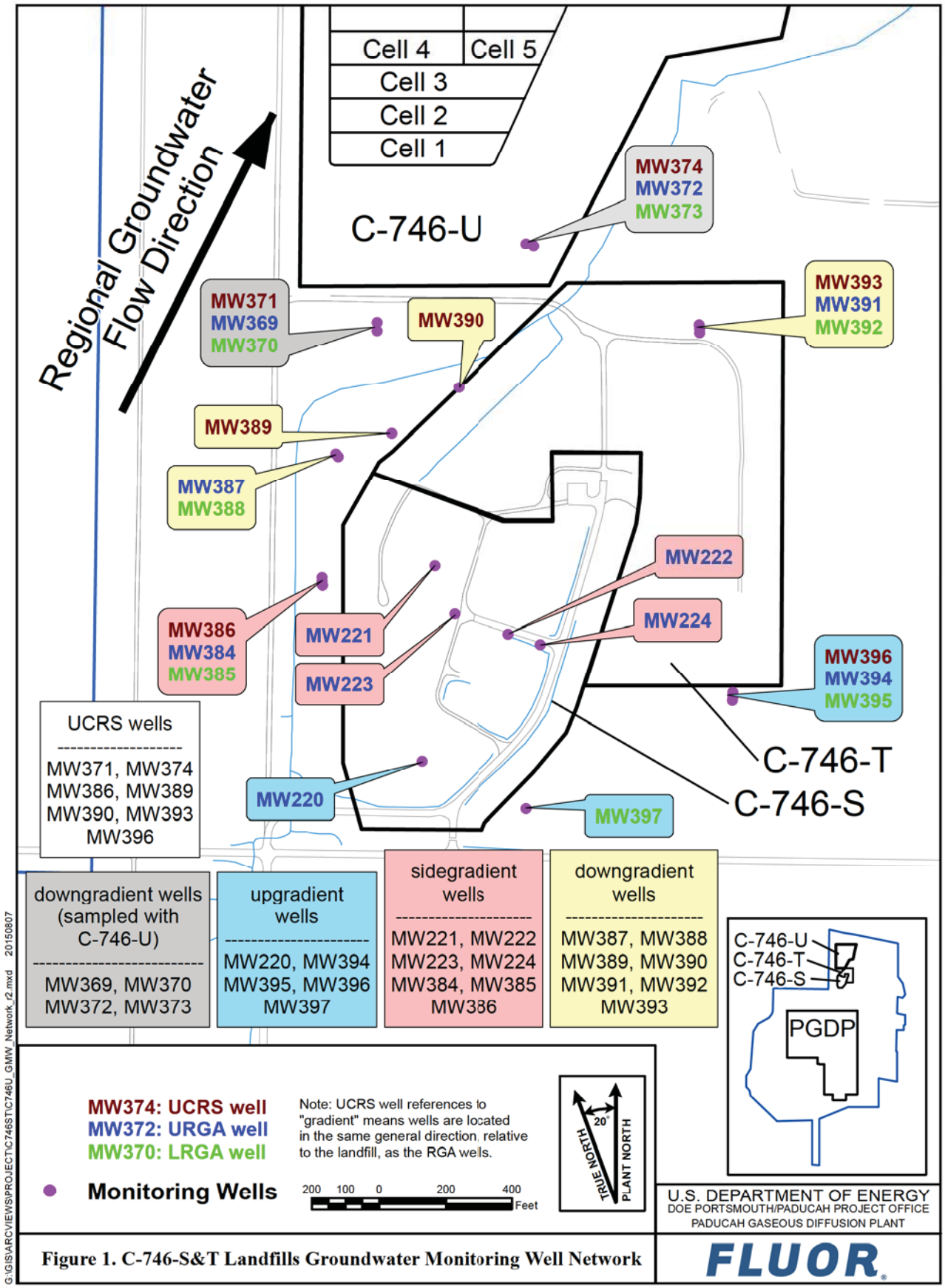

Figure 1. C-746-S&T Landfills Groundwater Monitoring Well Network

Consistent with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014), UCRS wells are included in the monitoring program. Groundwater flow gradients are downward through the UCRS, but the underlying Regional Gravel Aquifer (RGA) flows laterally. Groundwater flow in the RGA is typically in a north-northeasterly direction in the vicinity of the C-746-S&T Landfills. The Ohio River and lower reaches of Little Bayou Creek are the discharge areas for the RGA flow system from the vicinity of the landfills. Consistent with the conceptual site model, the constituent concentrations in UCRS wells are considered to be representative only of the conditions local to the well or sourced from overlying soils; thus, no discussion of potential "upgradient" sources is relevant to the discussion for the UCRS. Nevertheless, a UTL for background also has been calculated for UCRS wells using concentrations from UCRS wells located in the same direction (relative to the landfill) as those RGA wells identified as upgradient. The results from these wells are considered to represent historical "background" for the UCRS water quality. Similarly, other gradient references for UCRS wells are identified using the RGA wells located in the same direction (relative to the landfill) as nearby UCRS wells. Results from UCRS wells are compared to this UTL, and exceedances of these values are reported in the quarterly report.

Groundwater sampling was conducted within the first quarter 2016 in accordance with the Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014) using Fluor Federal Services, Inc., procedure CP4-ES-2101, *Groundwater Sampling*. Appropriate sample containers and preservatives were utilized. The laboratory also used U.S. Environmental Protection Agency-approved methods, as applicable. The parameters specified in Permit Condition GSTR0003, Special Condition 3, were analyzed for all locations sampled. Polychlorinated biphenyls, which are evaluated annually as required by Special Condition 1, also were analyzed for all locations sampled.

The groundwater flow rate and direction determination are provided in Appendix E. Depth-to-water measurements were collected on January 26, 2016, in MWs of the C-746-S&T Landfills (see Table E.1); in MWs of the C-746-U Landfill; and in MWs of the surrounding region (shown on Figure E.3). Water level measurements in 39 vicinity wells define the potentiometric surface for the RGA. Normal regional flow in the RGA is northeastward, toward the Ohio River. During January, RGA groundwater flow in the area of the landfill was oriented to the east. The hydraulic gradient for the RGA in the vicinity of the C-746-S&T Landfills in January was 2.22×10^{-4} ft/ft, while the gradient beneath the C-746-S&T Landfills was 1.88×10^{-4} ft/ft. Calculated groundwater flow rates (average linear velocities) for the RGA at the C-746-S&T Landfills range from 0.32 to 0.64 ft/day (see Table E.3).

1.2.2 Methane Monitoring

Methane monitoring was conducted in accordance with 401 *KAR* 48:090 § 4 and the approved Explosive Gas Monitoring Program (KEEC 2011), Technical Application, Attachment 12, of the Solid Waste Landfill Permit. Landfill operations staff monitored for the occurrence of methane in 1 on-site building location, 4 locations along the landfill boundary, and 27 gas-passive vents located in Cells 1, 2, and 3 of the C-746-S Landfill on February 29, 2016. See Appendix H for a map (Figure H.1) of the monitoring locations. Monitoring identified 0% of the lower explosive limit (LEL) of methane at all locations, which is compliant with the regulatory requirement of < 100% LEL at boundary locations and < 25% LEL at all other locations. The results are documented on the approved C-746-S&T Landfill Methane Log provided in Appendix H.

1.2.3 Surface Water Monitoring

Surface water was monitored, as specified in 401 *KAR* 48:300 § 2, and the approved *Surface Water Monitoring Plan for C-746-S and C-746-T Landfills Permit Numbers KY-073-00014 and KY-073-00015, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky* (PRS 2008),Technical Application Attachment 24, of the Solid Waste Landfill Permit. Sampling was performed at the three locations (see Figure 2) that are

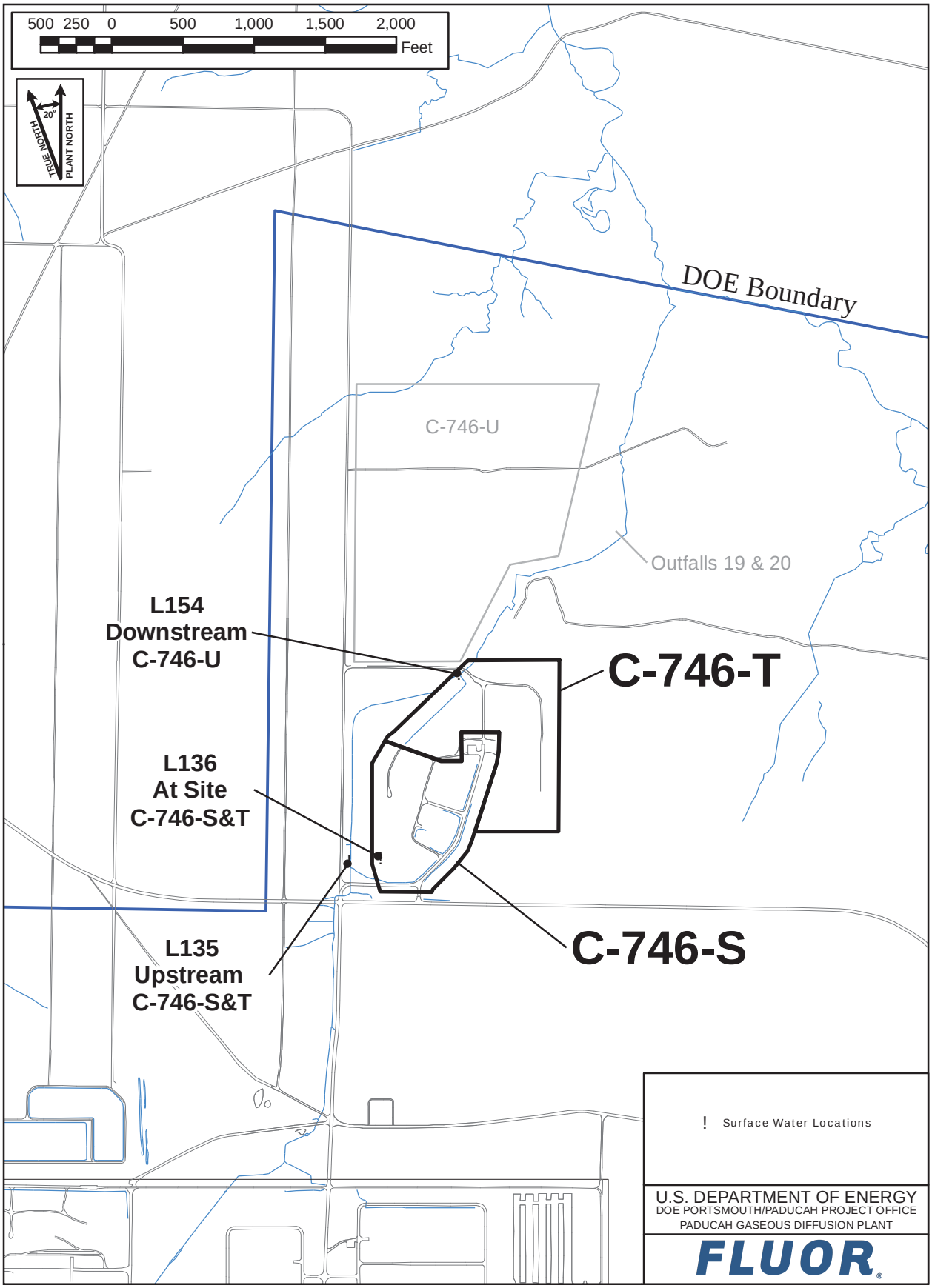

Figure 2. C-746-S&T Landfills Surface Water Monitoring Locations

monitored for the C-746-S&T Landfills. The landfills have an upstream location, L135; a downstream location, L154; and a location capturing runoff from the landfill surface, L136. The parameters identified in the Solid Waste Landfill Permit were analyzed for the three locations sampled for report only format, pursuant to Permit Condition GMNP0003, Standard Requirement 1. Surface water results are provided in Appendix I.

1.3 KEY RESULTS

Groundwater data were evaluated in accordance with the approved *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, (LATA Kentucky 2014), Technical Application, Attachment 25, of the Solid Waste Landfill permit. Parameters that had concentrations that exceeded the respective MCL are listed in Table 1. Those constituents that exceeded their respective MCL (beta activity) were further evaluated against their historical background UTL. Table 2 identifies parameters (without MCLs) with concentrations that exceeded the statistically derived historical background UTL during the first quarter 2016, as well as parameters that exceeded their MCL (beta activity and trichloroethene) and also exceeded their historical background UTL. Those constituents (present in downgradient wells) that exceed their historical background UTL were evaluated against their current UTL-derived background using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells considered to be upgradient (Table 3).

Table 1. Summary of MCL Exceedances

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
MW390: Beta activity	MW372: Trichloroethene	MW373:Trichloroethene
	MW384: Beta activity	MW385: Beta activity
	MW387: Beta activity	MW388: Beta activity
	MW391: Trichloroethene	MW392: Trichloroethene
	MW394: Trichloroethene	

The notification of parameters that exceeded the MCL has been submitted electronically to KDWM, in accordance with 401 *KAR* 48:300 § 7, prior to the submittal of this report.

The constituents that exceeded their MCL were subjected to a comparison against the UTL concentrations calculated using historical concentrations from wells identified as background. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan, the MCL exceedances for trichloroethene in MW372, MW373, MW391, and MW392 (downgradient wells) do not exceed the historical background concentration and are considered to be a Type 1 exceedance—not attributable to the C-746-S&T Landfill.

The MCL exceedances for beta activity in MW387 and MW388 (downgradient wells) were shown to exceed both the historical background UTL and the current background UTL; therefore, preliminarily they were considered to be Type 2 exceedances because the source(s) of these exceedances is not determined. To evaluate these preliminary Type 2 exceedances further, these parameters were subjected to the Mann-Kendall statistical test for trend using the most recent eight quarters of data. The results are summarized in Table 4. MW387 had no increasing trend and is considered to be a Type 1 exceedance (not attributable to the landfill). MW388 had an increasing trend that is discussed in detail later in this section.

This report serves as the notification of parameters that had statistically significant increased concentrations relative to historical background concentrations, as required by Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Condition GSTR0003, Standard Requirement 8, and 401 *KAR* 48:300 § 7.

Table 2. Exceedances of Statistically Derived Historical Background Concentrations

UCRS*	URGA	LRGA
MW386: Oxidation-reduction potential	**MW220:** Oxidation-reduction potential	**MW370:** Oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate
MW390: Beta activity,[a] oxidation-reduction potential, technetium-99	**MW221:** Oxidation-reduction potential	**MW373:** Calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, sulfate, technetium-99
MW393: Oxidation-reduction potential	**MW222:** Aluminum, oxidation-reduction potential	**MW385:** Beta activity,[a] oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate, technetium-99
MW396: Oxidation-reduction potential	**MW223:** Oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	**MW388:** Beta activity,[a] oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate, technetium-99
	MW224: Oxidation-reduction potential	**MW392:** Oxidation-reduction potential
	MW369: Oxidation-reduction potential, technetium-99	**MW395:** Oxidation-reduction potential
	MW372: Calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, sulfate	**MW397:** Oxidation-reduction potential
	MW384: Beta activity,[a] oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate, technetium-99	
	MW387: Beta activity,[a] oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate, technetium-99	
	MW391: Sulfate	

*Gradients in the UCRS are downward. UCRS gradient designations refer to locations of wells in the same direction, relative to the landfill as the RGA wells.
Sidegradient wells: MW221, MW222, MW223, MW224, MW384, MW385, MW386
Downgradient wells: MW369, MW370, MW372, MW373, MW387, MW388, MW389, MW390, MW391, MW392, MW393
Upgradient wells: MW220, MW394, MW395, MW396,[b] MW397
[a] Beta activity has an MCL; the exceedances of the MCL were subjected to a comparison against the statistically derived historical background.
[b] In the same direction (relative to the landfill) as RGA wells considered to be upgradient.

Table 3. Exceedances of Current Background UTL in Downgradient Wells

URGA	LRGA
MW369: Technetium-99	**MW370:** Sulfate
MW372: Calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, sulfate	**MW373:** Calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, sulfate, technetium-99
MW387: Beta activity, sulfate, technetium-99	**MW388:** Beta activity, sulfate, technetium-99
MW391: Sulfate	

Table 4. C-746-S and T Landfills Downgradient Wells Trend Summary Utilizing the Previous Eight Quarters

Location	Well ID	Parameter	Sample Size	Alpha[1]	p-Value [2]	S[3]	Var(S)[4]	Sen's Slope[5]	Kendall Correlation[6]	Decision[7]
C-746-S and T Landfills Downgradient Wells	MW369	Technetium-99	8	0.05	0.031	16.00	0.000	2.186	0.571	**Positive Trend**
	MW370	Sulfate	8	0.05	0.265	-6.000	63.33	-0.086	-0.222	No Trend
	MW372	Calcium	8	0.05	0.452	-2.000	0.000	-0.775	-0.071	No Trend
		Conductivity	8	0.05	0.016	-18.00	0.000	-16.40	-0.643	**Negative Trend**
		Dissolved Solids	8	0.05	0.452	2.000	0.000	12.90	0.071	No Trend
		Magnesium	8	0.05	0.548	0.000	0.000	-0.013	0.000	No Trend
		Sulfate	8	0.05	0.016	-18.00	0.000	-9.750	-0.643	**Negative Trend**
	MW373	Calcium	8	0.05	0.012	-19.00	64.33	-1.273	-0.691	**Negative Trend**
		Conductivity	8	0.05	0.007	-20.00	0.000	-13.50	-0.714	**Negative Trend**
		Dissolved Solids	8	0.05	0.054	-14.00	0.000	-12.00	-0.500	No Trend
		Magnesium	8	0.05	0.199	-8.000	0.000	-0.125	-0.286	No Trend
		Sulfate	8	0.05	0.001	-24.00	0.000	-11.36	-0.857	**Negative Trend**
		Technetium-99	8	0.05	0.548	0.000	0.000	0.362	0.000	No Trend
	MW387	Beta Activity	8	0.05	0.089	12.00	0.000	5.667	0.429	No Trend
		Sulfate	8	0.05	0.360	-4.000	0.000	-0.380	-0.143	No Trend
		Technetium-99	8	0.05	0.227	7.000	64.33	5.292	0.255	No Trend
	MW388	Beta Activity	8	0.05	0.031	16.00	0.000	8.242	0.571	**Positive Trend**
		Sulfate	8	0.05	0.309	-5.000	64.33	-0.238	-0.182	No Trend
		Technetium-99	8	0.05	0.159	9.000	64.33	4.800	0.327	No Trend
	MW391	Sulfate	8	0.05	0.138	10.00	0.000	2.712	0.357	No Trend

Footnotes:

[1]An alpha of 0.05 represents a 95% confidence interval.

[2]The p-value represents the risk of acceptance the H_a hypothesis of a trend, in terms of a percentage.

[3]The initial value of the Mann-Kendall statistic, S, is assumed to be 0 (e.g., no trend). If a data value from a later time period is higher than a data value from an earlier time period, S is incremented by 1. On the other hand, if the data value from a later time period is lower than a data value sampled earlier, S is decremented by 1. The net result of all such increments and decrements yields the final value of S. A very high positive value of S is an indicator of an increasing trend, and a very low negative value indicates a decreasing trend.

[4]VAR(S) represents the varience of S in the sample set and takes into account statistical ties.

[5]The magnitude of trend is predicted by the Sen's Slope. Here, the slope is described as the median of all $(x_j-x_k)/(j-k)$, where x is a data point and j and k are values of time.

[6]Kendall's correlation is described as the difference of concordant pairs and discordant pairs, also taking sample size and statistical ties into account. When the Kendall's correlation is postive, it indicates an increasing trend and when it is negative, it indicates a decreasing trend.

[7]The Mann-Kendall decision operates on two hypothesis, the H_0 and H_a. H_0 assumes there is no trend in the data, whereas H_a assumes either a positve or negative trend. Two different tests were ran to test for positive or negative trends. This table reports the test with the lowest p-value.

Note: Statistics generated using XLSTAT Version 2015.2.01.16684

The constituents that had exceedances of the statistically derived historical background UTL underwent additional statistical evaluation. The current-quarter concentrations were compared to the current background UTL, developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as upgradient, to identify if the current downgradient concentrations are consistent with current background values. Table 3 summarizes the evaluation against current background UTL for those constituents present in downgradient wells with historical UTL exceedances. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan, constituents in downgradient wells that exceed the historical UTL, but do not exceed the current UTL, are considered not to have a landfill source; therefore, they are a Type 1 exceedance.

Those constituents listed in Table 3 that exceed both the historical UTL and the current UTL do not have an identified source and preliminarily are considered to be a Type 2 exceedance per the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan. To evaluate these preliminary Type 2 exceedances further, the parameters were subjected to the Mann-Kendall statistical test for trend using the most recent eight quarters of data. The results are summarized in Table 4. All but two of these preliminary Type 2 exceedances in downgradient wells did not have an increasing trend and are considered to be Type 1 exceedances (not attributable to the landfill).

The Mann-Kendall statistical test indicates that there is an increasing trend of beta activity in MW388 and of Tc-99 in MW369 over the past eight quarters. In accordance with the Groundwater Monitoring Plan, these are considered a Type 2 exceedance (source unknown). The source(s) of the trends is believed to be unrelated to the C-746-S&T Landfills for the following reasons:

- There is a known upgradient regional source of beta activity and technetium-99 associated with the technetium-99 Northwest Plume (refer to Figure 10 in the Groundwater Monitoring Plan that shows portions of the 2009 technetium-99 Plume map);

- Although MW388 and MW369 are considered downgradient wells, in January 2016, groundwater flow in the area of the landfill was oriented to the east, making MW388 and MW369 hydraulically upgradient/crossgradient to the C-746-S&T Landfills;

- Although the deeper (LRGA) MW388 shows an increasing trend, the shallower, collocated (URGA) well, MW387, does not show the increasing Mann-Kendall trend (refer to Table 4);

- The recent beta activity in MW388 is within the range of historical levels of beta activity since 2002; and

- Although the technetium-99 concentrations in MW369 show a recent increase, the technetium-99 concentration in MW369 is within the range of historical levels of technetium-99 concentrations since 2002.

Beta activity and technetium-99 results of upcoming quarters' results will provide additional evidence related to these trends and will continue to be evaluated in the context of these observations.

In accordance with Permit Condition GSTR0003, Variance 2, of the Solid Waste Permit, the groundwater assessment and corrective action requirements of 401 *KAR* 48:300 § 8 shall not apply to the C-746-S Residential Landfill and the C-746-T Inert Landfill. This variance in the Permit provides that groundwater assessment and corrective actions for these landfills will be conducted in accordance with the corrective action requirements of 401 *KAR* 34:060 § 12.

The statistical evaluation of current UCRS wells against the current UCRS background UTL identified a UCRS well with both a beta activity and technetium-99 value that exceeds both the historical and current backgrounds. Because this well is not hydrogeologically downgradient of the C-746-S&T Landfills, this exceedance is not attributable to C-746-S&T sources and is considered to be a Type 1 exceedance (Table 5).

Table 5. Exceedances of Current Background UTL in UCRS Wells

UCRS
MW390: Beta activity, technetium-99

All MCL and UTL exceedances, except for two parameters, reported for this quarter were evaluated and considered to be Type 1 exceedances—not attributable to the C-746-S&T Landfills. Tc-99 in MW369 and beta activity in MW388 will continue to be evaluated in the context of these observations. The increasing trends for Tc-99 in MW369 and beta activity in MW388 do not appear to be landfill-related.

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2. DATA EVALUATION/STATISTICAL SYNOPSIS

The statistical analyses conducted on the first quarter 2016 groundwater data collected from the C-746-S&T Landfills MWs were performed in accordance with the *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky* (LATA Kentucky 2014). The statistical analyses for this report utilize data from the first eight quarters that were sampled for each parameter, beginning with the first two baseline sampling events in 2002, when available. The sampling dates associated with background data are listed next to the result in the statistical analysis sheets in Appendix D (Attachments D1 and D2).

For those parameters that exceed the respective Kentucky solid waste facility MCL found in 401 *KAR* 47:030 § 6, these exceedances were documented and evaluated further as follows. Exceedances were reviewed against historical background results (UTL). If the MCL exceedance was found not to exceed the historical UTL, the exceedance was noted as a Type 1 exceedance—an exceedance not attributable to the landfill. If there was an exceedance of the MCL in a downgradient well and this constituent also exceeded the historical background, the quarterly result was compared to the current background UTL (developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as upgradient) to identify if this exceedance is attributable to upgradient/non-landfill sources. If the downgradient concentration was less than the current background, the exceedance was noted as a Type 1 exceedance. If a constituent exceeds its Kentucky solid waste facility MCL, historical background UTL, and current background UTL, it was evaluated further to identify the source of the exceedance, if possible. If the source of the exceedance could not be identified, it was reported as a Type 2 exceedance—source undetermined. Type 2 exceedances (undetermined source) were further evaluated using the Mann-Kendall test for trend. If there was not a statistically significant increasing trend for a constituent in a downgradient well, the exceedance was reclassified as a Type 1 exceedance (not attributable to the landfill).

For those parameters that do not have a Kentucky solid waste facility MCL, the same process was used. If a constituent without an MCL exceeded its historical background UTL and its current background UTL, it was evaluated further to identify the source of the exceedance, if possible. If the source of the exceedance could not be identified, it was reported as a Type 2 exceedance.

To calculate the UTL, the data are divided into censored (nondetects) and uncensored (detected) observations. The one-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted only on parameters that have at least one uncensored observation. Results of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test are used to determine whether the data show a statistical exceedance in concentrations with respect to historical background concentrations (UTL).

For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test was conducted. The test well results were compared to both the upper and lower tolerance limit to determine if statistically significant deviations in concentrations exist with respect to upgradient (background) well data.

A stepwise list of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical procedures applied to the data is provided in Appendix D under Statistical Analysis Process. The statistical analysis was conducted separately for each parameter in each well. The MWs included historically in the statistical analyses are listed in Table 6.

Table 6. Monitoring Wells Included in Statistical Analysis*

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
MW386	MW220 (upgradient)	MW370
MW389***	MW221	MW373
MW390	MW222	MW385
MW393	MW223	MW388
MW396**	MW224	MW392
	MW369	MW395 (upgradient)
	MW372	MW397 (upgradient)
	MW384	
	MW387	
	MW391	
	MW394 (upgradient)	

*A map showing the MW locations is shown on Figure 1.
**In the same direction (relative to the landfill) as RGA wells considered to be upgradient.
***MW389 had insufficient water to permit a water sample for laboratory analysis.

2.1 STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF GROUNDWATER DATA

Parameters requiring statistical analysis are summarized in Appendix D for each hydrological unit. A stepwise list for determining exceedances of statistically derived historical background concentrations is provided in Appendix D under Statistical Analysis Process. A comparison of the current quarter's results to the statistically derived historical background was conducted for parameters that do not have MCLs and also for those parameters whose concentrations exceed MCLs. Appendix G summarizes the occurrences (by well and by quarter) of exceedances of historical UTLs and MCL exceedances. The constituents that had exceedances of the statistically derived historical background UTL underwent additional statistical evaluation. The current-quarter concentrations were compared to the current background UTL developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as upgradient in order to determine if the current downgradient concentrations are consistent with current background values. Table 3 summarizes the constituents present in downgradient wells with historical UTL exceedances that are above the current UTL. Those constituents that have exceeded both the historical and current background UTLs in downgradient wells were further evaluated for increasing trends and are listed in Table 4.

2.1.1 Upper Continental Recharge System

In this quarter, 29 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the UCRS. During the first quarter, beta activity, oxidation-reduction potential, and technetium-99 displayed concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTLs and are listed in Table 2. Beta activity and technetium-99 exceeded the current background UTL and are included in Table 5.

2.1.2 Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer

In this quarter, 32 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the URGA. During the first quarter, aluminum, beta activity, calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate, and technetium-99 displayed concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTLs and are listed in Table 2. Beta activity, calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, sulfate, and technetium-99 exceeded the current background UTL in downgradient wells and are included in Table 3.

2.1.3 Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer

In this quarter, 27 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the LRGA. During the first quarter, beta activity, calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate, and technetium-99 displayed concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTL and are listed in Table 2. Beta activity, calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, sulfate, and technetium-99 exceeded the current background UTL in downgradient wells and are included in Table 3.

2.2 DATA VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION

Data verification is the process of comparing a data set against set standard or contractual requirements. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014), data verification is performed for 100% of the data. Data are flagged as necessary.

Data validation was performed on 100% of the organic, inorganic, and radiochemical analytical data by a qualified individual independent from sampling, laboratory, project management, or other decision-making personnel. Data validation evaluates the laboratory adherence to analytical method requirements. Validation qualifiers are added by the independent validator and not the laboratory. Validation qualifiers are not requested on the groundwater reporting forms.

Field quality control samples are collected for each sampling event. Field blanks, rinseate blanks, and trip blanks are obtained to ensure quality of field and laboratory practices, and data are reported in the Groundwater Sample Analysis forms in Appendix C. Laboratory quality control samples—such as matrix spikes, matrix spike duplicates, and method blanks—are performed by the laboratory. Both field and laboratory quality control sample results are reviewed as part of the data verification/validation process.

Data validation results for this data set indicated that all data were considered usable.

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3. PROFESSIONAL GEOLOGIST AUTHORIZATION

DOCUMENT IDENTIFICATION: *C-746-S&T Landfills*
First Quarter Calendar Year 2016 (January–March)
Compliance Monitoring Report,
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky (FPDP-RPT-0026/V1)

Stamped and signed pursuant to my authority as a duly registered geologist under the provisions of *KRS* Chapter 322A.

Kenneth R. Davis — Kenneth R. Davis

PG1194

May 17, 2016
Date

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4. REFERENCES

KEEC (Kentucky Energy and Environment Cabinet) 2011. Solid Waste Landfill Permit, Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Division of Waste Management, Solid Waste Branch, Technical Application Attachment 12, "Explosive Gas Monitoring Program," January 21.

LATA Kentucky (LATA Environmental Services of Kentucky, LLC) 2014. *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, PAD-PROJ-0139, LATA Environmental Services of Kentucky, LLC, Kevil, KY, June.

PRS (Paducah Remediation Services, LLC) 2008. *Surface Water Monitoring Plan for C-746-S and C-746-T Landfills Permit Numbers KY-073-00014 and KY-073-00015, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, Paducah Remediation Services, LLC, Kevil, KY, June.

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APPENDIX A

GROUNDWATER, SURFACE WATER, LEACHATE, AND METHANE MONITORING SAMPLE DATA REPORTING FORM

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GROUNDWATER, SURFACE WATER, LEACHATE, AND METHANE MONITORING SAMPLE DATA REPORTING FORM

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION CABINET
DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
DIVISION OF WASTE MANAGEMENT
SOLID WASTE BRANCH
14 REILLY ROAD
FRANKFORT, KY 40601

Facility Name: U.S. DOE–Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant (As officially shown on DWM Permit Face)

Activity: C-746-S&T Landfills

Permit No: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit No: _____

Quarter & Year: 1st Qtr. CY 2016

Please check the following as applicable:

_____ Characterization X Quarterly _____ Semiannual _____ Annual _____ Assessment

Please check applicable submittal(s): X Groundwater X Surface Water

_____ Leachate X Methane Monitoring

This form is to be utilized by those sites required by regulation (Kentucky Waste Management Regulations-401 *KAR* 48:300 and 45:160) or by statute (Kentucky Revised Statues Chapter 224) to conduct groundwater and surface water monitoring under the jurisdiction of the Division of Waste Management. **You must report any indication of contamination within forty-eight (48) hours of making the determination using statistical analyses, direct comparison, or other similar techniques. Submitting the lab report is NOT considered notification.** Instructions for completing the form are attached. Do not submit the instruction pages.

I certify under penalty of law that the document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons directly responsible for gathering information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for such violations.

Mark. J. Duff, Director, Environmental Management
Fluor Federal Services, Inc.

5-20-16
Date

Jennifer Woodard, Paducah Site Lead
U.S. Department of Energy

5/20/16
Date

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APPENDIX B

FACILITY INFORMATION SHEET

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FACILITY INFORMATION SHEET

Sampling Date: Groundwater: January 2016; Surface Water: February 2016; Methane: February 2016 | County: McCracken | Permit Nos. SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Facility Name: U.S. DOE, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
(As officially shown on DWM Permit Face)

Site Address: 5501 Hobbs Road (Street) | Kevil, Kentucky (City/State) | 42053 (Zip)

Phone No: (270) 441-6800 | Latitude: N 37° 07' 37.70" | Longitude: W 88° 47' 55.41"

OWNER INFORMATION

Facility Owner: U.S. DOE, Robert E. Edwards III, Acting Manager | Phone No: (859) 227-5020

Contact Person: Mark J. Duff | Phone No: (270) 441-6127

Contact Person Title: Director, Environmental Management, Fluor Federal Services, Inc.

Mailing Address: 5511 Hobbs Road (Street) | Kevil, Kentucky (City/State) | 42053 (Zip)

SAMPLING PERSONNEL
(IF OTHER THAN LANDFILL OR LABORATORY)

Company: GEO Consultants, LLC

Contact Person: Sam Martin | Phone No: (270) 441-6755

Mailing Address: 325 Kentucky Avenue (Street) | Kevil, Kentucky (City/State) | 42053 (Zip)

LABORATORY RECORD #1

Laboratory: GEL Laboratories, LLC | Lab ID No: KY90129

Contact Person: Valerie Davis | Phone No: (843) 769-7391

Mailing Address: 2040 Savage Road (Street) | Charleston, South Carolina (City/State) | 29407 (Zip)

LABORATORY RECORD #2

Laboratory: | Lab ID No:

Contact Person: | Phone No:

Mailing Address: Street | City/State | Zip

LABORATORY RECORD #3

Laboratory: | Lab ID No:

Contact Person: | Phone No:

Mailing Address: Street | City/State | Zip

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APPENDIX C

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSES AND WRITTEN COMMENTS

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Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number	8000-5201	8000-5202	8000-5242	8000-5243
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	220	221	222	223
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	NA	NA	NA
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	1/5/2016 07:42	1/5/2016 08:43	1/5/2016 10:17	1/5/2016 09:30
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]	N	N	N	N
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]	N	N	N	N
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	MW220SG2-16	MW221SG2-16	MW222SG2-16	MW223SG2-16
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	388711001	388711003	388711005	388711007
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis	1/7/2016	1/7/2016	1/7/2016	1/7/2016
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	UP	SIDE	SIDE	SIDE

CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.219		0.448		0.457		0.434	
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	21.6	B	34	B	33.8	B	30.4	B
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.16		0.165		0.249		0.182	
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	1.16		1.14		1.07		0.9	
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	16.5		14.1		11.9		19.1	
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	30.54		30.54		30.56		30.56	
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	μMH0/cm	Field	439		402		385		426	

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8000-5201		8000-5202		8000-5242		8000-5243	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						220		221		222		223	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	324.15		324.15		324.1		324.12	
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	6.95		5.69		5.39		5.86	
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	209		210		237		226	
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	6.56		6.34		6.4		6.33	
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	449		463		468		467	
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	11.78		13.06		14.44		13.56	
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.05		<0.05		1.01		<0.05	
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		0.00248	J	<0.005	
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.2		0.213		0.32		0.25	
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.00728	J	0.0121	J	0.00858	J	0.00686	J
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	19.3		20.7		18.7		22.7	
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	0.00503	J	0.0119		0.0451		0.0131	
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	0.000193	J	0.000414	J	0.00454		0.000724	J
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.000416	J	0.000673	J	0.00137		<0.001	
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.036	J	0.0792	J	2.93		<0.1	
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	8.44		9.47		8.67		9.9	
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.00107	J	0.00224	J	0.259		0.00479	J
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8000-5201		8000-5202		8000-5242		8000-5243	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						220		221		222		223	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	0.000771	B	0.00157	B	0.00143	B	0.00319	B
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.027		0.0327		0.0568		0.393	
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	4.23		1.19		0.574		1.09	
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	0.00151	J	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	40.1		45.3		47.3		48.4	
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005	*	0.00104	*J	<0.005	*	0.00133	*J
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		0.000464	J	<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		<0.0002		0.000128	J	<0.0002	
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		0.00839	BJ	0.00302	BJ
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		0.00497	J	<0.01	
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8000-5201		8000-5202		8000-5242		8000-5243	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						220		221		222		223	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		0.00034	J

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8000-5201		8000-5202		8000-5242		8000-5243	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						220		221		222		223	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000206		<0.0000209		<0.0000205		<0.0000205	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8000-5201		8000-5202		8000-5242		8000-5243	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						220		221		222		223	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	-0.561	*	-1.65	*	-0.248	*	-0.568	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	18.1	*	8.74	*	4.96	*	7.65	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	HASL 300	0.745	*	0.806	*	-0.0617	*	0.564	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	2.59	*	-0.435	*	-0.283	*	2.82	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	18.4	*	16	*	12.4	*	-1.08	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	-0.00535	*	0.0134	*	0.216	*	-0.228	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	-77.9	*	78.3	*	57.6	*	28.4	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	<20		<20		<20		<20	
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5		<0.5	
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	0.762	J	0.814	J	0.781	J	1	J
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.00882	BJ	0.00556	BJ	0.00564	BJ	0.00644	BJ

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number	8000-5244	8004-4820	8004-4818	8004-4808
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	224	369	370	372
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	NA	NA	NA
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	1/5/2016 12:03	1/12/2016 12:46	1/12/2016 13:56	1/21/2016 10:37
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]	N	N	N	N
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]	N	N	N	N
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	MW224SG2-16	MW369UG2-16	MW370UG2-16	MW372UG2-16
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	388711009	389118003	389118001	389926009
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis	1/7/2016	1/15/2016	1/15/2016	1/27/2016
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	SIDE	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN

CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.398		0.392		0.472		0.608	
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	28.7	B	33.1		36.6		45.5	
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.256		0.163		0.14		0.129	
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	0.718		0.622		1.19		<0.2	
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	13.4		9.98		18.4		102	
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	30.5		30.14		30.17		30.23	
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	μMH0/cm	Field	443		387		427		700	

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8000-5244		8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						224		369		370		372	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	324.18		324.78		324.76		325.45	
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	3.56		0.94		3.44		0.53	
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	260		207		240		530	
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	6.43		6.21		6.17		6.31	
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	468		398		415		246	
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	15.44		14.94		13.89		15.83	
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.05		0.0742		<0.05		0.0308	*J
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		0.00325	J
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.216		0.411		0.197		0.0454	
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0131	J	0.0147	J	0.0291		1.16	
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	21.7		18.4		27.6		60.9	
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	0.000487	J	0.00435		0.000356	J	0.000676	J
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.000705	J	<0.001		<0.001	
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	<0.1		0.113		<0.1		0.64	
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	9.59		7.78		11.8		23.7	
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.00485	J	0.0235		0.00163	J	0.0134	
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8000-5244		8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						224		369		370		372	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	0.000641	B	0.000179	BJ	0.00029	BJ	0.000697	B
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.00417		0.0055		0.000795	J	0.000999	J
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	0.772		0.581		2.34		2.25	
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	57.8		55.7		41.2		57.7	
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005	*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	*
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		0.000529	J
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	0.00417	BJ	0.00337	J	<0.01		<0.01	
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		0.00547	J
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8000-5244		8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						224		369		370		372	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		0.00108		0.00093	J	0.00987	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8000-5244		8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						224		369		370		372	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000206		<0.0000207		<0.0000205		<0.0000204	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0962		<0.1		0.0552	J
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0962		<0.1		<0.0952	
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0962		<0.1		<0.0952	
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0962		<0.1		<0.0952	
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0962		<0.1		0.0552	J
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0962		<0.1		<0.0952	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8000-5244		8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						224		369		370		372	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0962		<0.1		<0.0952	
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0962		<0.1		<0.0952	
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.0962		<0.1		<0.0952	
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	-2.47	*	0.891	*	0.342	*	-0.909	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	4.92	*	38.6	*	35.4	*	13.9	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	HASL 300	0.889	*	0.754	*	0.659	*	0.367	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	-1.41	*	-1.15	*	-0.403	*	-1.61	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	8.18	*	52.7	*	32.1	*	18.3	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	-0.106	*	0.182	*	0.248	*	0.122	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	200	*	-9.22	*	64.2	*	-20.4	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	<20		<20		19.1	J	<20	
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5		<0.5	
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	1.06	J	1.29	J	0.852	J	1.29	J
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.00536	BJ	0.0254		0.0061	J	0.00886	J

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-4792	8004-4809	8004-4810	8004-4804
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	373	384	385	386
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	NA	NA	NA
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	1/21/2016 12:42	1/7/2016 08:18	1/7/2016 09:24	1/5/2016 10:18
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]	N	N	N	N
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]	N	N	N	N
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	MW373UG2-16	MW384SG2-16	MW385SG2-16	MW386SG2-16
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	389926013	388881003	388881005	388711011
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis	1/27/2016	1/11/2016	1/11/2016	1/7/2016
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	DOWN	SIDE	SIDE	SIDE

CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.595		0.456		0.277		0.148	J
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	48.1		42		31.5		13.6	B
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.154		0.211		0.114		0.596	
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	1.05		1.25		1.08		<0.5	
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	127		20.2		21.3		45.1	
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	30.19		30.12		30.12		30.04	
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	μMH0/cm	Field	793		501		413		576	

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-4809		8004-4810		8004-4804	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						373		384		385		386	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	325.51		324.19		324.32		347.88	
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	2.24		3.93		2.8		2.57	
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	507		257		221		381	
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	6.39		6.36		6.3		6.26	
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	193		459		466		160	
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	13.83		13.72		13.67		13.89	
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	0.02	*J	<0.05		0.0154	J	0.0315	J
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		0.00275	J
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0262		0.13		0.199		0.201	
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	1.39		0.013	J	0.0122	J	0.00523	J
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	64.6		29.1		25.1		21.4	
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		0.0029	J	<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	0.000922	J	<0.001		<0.001		0.00737	
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		0.000412	J
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.353		<0.1		<0.1		1.78	
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	25.4		11.3		8.82		9.41	
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.0459		0.00118	J	<0.005		1.22	
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-4809		8004-4810		8004-4804	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						373		384		385		386	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		0.000321	BJ	0.000224	BJ	0.00075	B
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.000676	J	0.000906	J	0.000947	J	0.00221	
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	2.48		1.13		1.55		0.291	J
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		0.00275	J	<0.005		<0.005	
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	58.2		54.1		47		115	
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005	*	<0.005		0.00217	J	0.00146	*J
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		0.00318	BJ	0.00671	BJ
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-4809		8004-4810		8004-4804	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						373		384		385		386	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00989		0.00032	J	0.00047	J	<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-4809		8004-4810		8004-4804	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						373		384		385		386	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000208		<0.0000206		<0.0000205		<0.0000206	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971			*		*		*
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971			*		*		*
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971			*		*		*
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971			*		*		*
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971			*		*		*
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971			*		*		*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
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FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-4809		8004-4810		8004-4804	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						373		384		385		386	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971			*		*		*
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971			*		*		*
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0971			*		*		*
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	2.09	*	-1.42	*	-2.48	*	-2.89	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	23.7	*	153	*	172	*	1.71	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	HASL 300	0.459	*	1.25	*	0.343	*	0.729	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	-0.874	*	-1.51	*	1.75	*	-2.54	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	46	*	210	*	199	*	6.32	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	0.115	*	0.316	*	0.0451	*	0.0243	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	-31.3	*	65	*	42.6	*	125	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	<20		<20		<20		16.7	J
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5		<0.5	
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	1.11	J	1.16	J	0.998	J	9.39	
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.00922	J	0.00442	J	<0.01		0.204	B

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
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Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-4815	8004-4816	8004-4812	8004-4811
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	387	388	389	390
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	NA	NA	NA
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	1/5/2016 09:50	1/5/2016 09:22	NA	1/7/2016 07:36
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]	N	N	N	N
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]	N	N	N	N
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	MW387SG2-16	MW388SG2-16	NA	MW390SG2-16
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	388711013	388711015	NA	388881007
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis	1/7/2016	1/7/2016	NA	1/11/2016
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	DOWN	DOWN	SIDE	DOWN

CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.431		0.34			*	0.615	
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	36.8		32.1			*	59	
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.491		0.261			*	0.243	
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	1.19		1.17			*	2.5	
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	26.7		23.5			*	33.4	
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	30.04		30.04			*	30.12	
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	μMH0/cm	Field	554		473			*	714	

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4815		8004-4816		8004-4812		8004-4811	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						387		388		389		390	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	323.84		323.76			*	324.42	
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	2.76		3.17			*	3.67	
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	297		267			*	400	
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	6.21		6.26			*	6.34	
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	413		410			*	447	
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	13.78		13.89			*	13	
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	0.0164	J	0.0615			*	0.123	
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003			*	<0.003	
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	0.00236	J	0.00178	J		*	<0.005	
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.12		0.175			*	0.255	
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005			*	<0.0005	
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0303		0.0216			*	0.0108	J
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	32.4		27.2			*	31.4	
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	0.00273	J	0.0023	J		*	0.00377	J
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.000142	J		*	0.000236	J
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.000443	J		*	0.000414	J
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0945	J	0.308			*	0.12	
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002			*	<0.002	
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	14		11.9			*	12.8	
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.00933		0.00312	J		*	<0.005	
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002			*	<0.0002	

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4815		8004-4816		8004-4812		8004-4811	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						387		388		389		390	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		0.000289	BJ		*	0.000985	B
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		0.00132	J		*	0.00163	J
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	1.69		1.79			*	0.358	
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005			*	<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0019	J	0.00228	J		*	<0.005	
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	53.3		47.8			*	94.6	
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005	*	<0.005	*		*	<0.005	
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		0.000483	J		*	<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		<0.0002			*	0.000121	J
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01			*	0.00432	BJ
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01			*	<0.01	
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005			*	<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005			*	<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005			*	<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005			*	<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003			*	<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4815		8004-4816		8004-4812		8004-4811	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						387		388		389		390	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005			*	<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005			*	<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005			*	<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00103		0.00085	J		*	<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4815		8004-4816		8004-4812		8004-4811	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						387		388		389		390	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005			*	<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005			*	<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005			*	<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005			*	<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000207		<0.000021			*	<0.0000206	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001			*	<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4815		8004-4816		8004-4812		8004-4811	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						387		388		389		390	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	3.31	*	6.42	*		*	2.23	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	162	*	146	*		*	51.5	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	HASL 300	0.748	*	1.21	*		*	2.04	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	-0.25	*	-0.35	*		*	-2.89	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	232	*	164	*		*	69.7	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	0.169	*	0.302	*		*	0.167	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	-69.2	*	6.24	*		*	136	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	<20		<20			*	<20	
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2			*	<0.2	
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5			*	<0.5	
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	1.13	J	1.1	J		*	2.44	
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.0061	J	0.00386	J		*	0.0141	

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-4805	8004-4806	8004-4807	8004-4802
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	391	392	393	394
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	NA	NA	NA
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	1/12/2016 10:28	1/12/2016 08:37	1/12/2016 09:24	1/5/2016 08:48
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]	N	N	N	N
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]	N	N	N	N
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	MW391SG2-16	MW392SG2-16	MW393SG2-16	MW394SG2-16
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	389122001	389122003	389122005	388711017
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis	1/15/2016	1/15/2016	1/15/2016	1/7/2016
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN	UP

CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.503		0.575		0.177	J	0.622	
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	38.4		47.9		13.6		48.4	
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.147		0.181		0.127		0.131	
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	0.92		0.576		<0.5		1.54	
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	40.6		6		11.9		10.1	
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	30.1		30.02		30.06		30.04	
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	μMH0/cm	Field	457		400		407		415	

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4805		8004-4806		8004-4807		8004-4802	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						391		392		393		394	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	324.81		324.85		339.33		323.36	
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	3.02		0.98		0.97		3.08	
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	267		227		270		226	
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	6.24		6.32		6.26		6.44	
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	293		414		156		351	
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	14.39		11.22		14.06		12.94	
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.05		0.021	J	0.0155	J	0.0363	J
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		0.00505		<0.005	
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.263		0.203		0.0977		0.253	
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0961		0.0248		0.0169		0.0224	
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	29.4		27.2		11.3		27.7	
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.000185	J	<0.001		<0.001	
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		0.000684	J
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	<0.1		0.203		1.9		0.347	
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	12.4		10.1		3.37		11.9	
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		0.0689		0.041		0.00723	
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4805		8004-4806		8004-4807		8004-4802	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						391		392		393		394	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		0.000321	BJ	0.000308	BJ	<0.0005	
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.000708	J	0.000853	J	<0.002		0.00189	J
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	1.56		1.75		0.39		1.27	
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	40.9		35.8		78.3		32.3	
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	*
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		0.00685	J	0.00302	BJ
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	0.00039	J	0.0003	J	<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4805		8004-4806		8004-4807		8004-4802	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						391		392		393		394	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	0.00048	J	0.00068	J	<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00931		0.0163		<0.001		0.00644	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4805		8004-4806		8004-4807		8004-4802	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						391		392		393		394	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.000021		<0.0000206		<0.0000208		<0.0000207	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4805		8004-4806		8004-4807		8004-4802	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						391		392		393		394	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	2.15	*	-1.34	*	-1.36	*	-0.92	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	4.11	*	2.23	*	2.84	*	6.13	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	HASL 300	0.325	*	0.596	*	0.276	*	1.19	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	0.145	*	1.15	*	-0.501	*	-2.2	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	0.266	*	-9.7	*	-12.2	*	4.07	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	0.205	*	0.0351	*	0.214	*	0.182	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	27.1	*	127	*	-46.9	*	-36.8	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	<20		<20		13.8	J	<20	
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5		<0.5	
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	0.792	J	0.984	J	2.56		0.77	J
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.00556	J	0.026		0.0187		0.00682	J

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-4801	8004-4803	8004-4817	0000-0000
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	395	396	397	E. BLANK
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	NA	NA	E
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	1/5/2016 07:42	1/5/2016 08:15	1/5/2016 12:52	1/7/2016 07:00
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]	N	N	N	N
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]	N	N	N	N
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	MW395SG2-16	MW396SG2-16	MW397SG2-16	RI1SG2-16
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	388711019	388711021	388711023	388881010
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis	1/7/2016	1/7/2016	1/7/2016	1/11/2016
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	UP	UP	UP	NA

CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.551		1.19		0.497			*
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	49.2		76.9		39.7			*
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.114		0.512		0.126			*
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	1.69		<0.5		1.56			*
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	9.84		21.6		11.2			*
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	30.04		30.04		30.5			*
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	μMH0/cm	Field	408		421		353			*

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4801		8004-4803		8004-4817		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						395		396		397		E. BLANK	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	324.05		369.41		323.74			*
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	3.03		2.86		5.58			*
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	229		470		204			*
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	6.24		6.5		6.28			*
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	380		223		473			*
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	12.33		13.78		15.72			*
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	0.0396	J	0.033	J	0.019	J	<0.05	
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		0.00226	J	<0.005		<0.005	
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.257		0.421		0.138		<0.002	
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0225		0.00712	J	0.00726	J	<0.015	
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	27.4		37.9		19.2		<0.2	
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.00345		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.000415	J	0.00254		<0.001		<0.001	
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.18		2.66		0.0373	J	<0.1	
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	0.000605	J	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	11.8		16.7		8.18		<0.03	
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.00266	J	0.56		0.00116	J	<0.005	
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4801		8004-4803		8004-4817		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						395		396		397		E. BLANK	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	0.000244	BJ	0.000531	B	<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.000705	J	0.00163	J	0.000779	J	<0.002	
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	1.57		0.806		1.76		<0.3	
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	31.2		110		33.5		<0.25	
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005	*	<0.005	*	<0.005	*	<0.005	
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		0.0035	BJ	<0.01		0.00732	BJ
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		0.00482	J	<0.01		<0.01	
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4801		8004-4803		8004-4817		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						395		396		397		E. BLANK	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00461		<0.001		0.0003	J	<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4801		8004-4803		8004-4817		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						395		396		397		E. BLANK	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000207		<0.0000209		<0.0000207		<0.0000207	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4801		8004-4803		8004-4817		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						395		396		397		E. BLANK	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	-1.76	*	0.528	*	0.488	*	-0.706	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	17.2	*	1.53	*	9.49	*	-2.75	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	HASL 300	0.707	*	0.907	*	0.748	*	0.919	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	-2.88	*	1.58	*	-2.77	*	-1.43	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	5.69	*	6.24	*	17.4	*	1.16	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	0.0208	*	0.188	*	0.109	*	-0.0228	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	56.9	*	12.7	*	40.4	*	168	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	<20		11.4	J	<20			*
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2			*
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		0.779		<0.5		<0.5	
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	0.766	J	6.29		0.773	J		*
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	<0.01		0.0438		0.00344	J		*

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1		T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3	
Sample Sequence #						1		1		1		1	
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment						F		T		T		T	
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)						1/7/2016 08:30		1/5/2016 06:45		1/5/2016 07:00		1/7/2016 06:50	
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]						N		N		N		N	
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]						N		N		N		N	
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)						FB1SG2-16		TB1SG2-16		TB2SG2-16		TB3SG2-16	
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)						388881009		388711025		388881026		388881011	
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis						1/11/2016		1/7/2016		1/7/2016		1/11/2016	
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)						NA		NA		NA		NA	
CAS RN[4]		**CONSTITUENT**	**TD[5]**	**Unit OF MEASURE**	**METHOD**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS[7]**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**
24959-67-9		**Bromide**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**		*		*		*		*
16887-00-6		**Chloride(s)**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**		*		*		*		*
16984-48-8		**Fluoride**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**		*		*		*		*
S0595- -		**Nitrate & Nitrite**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**		*		*		*		*
14808-79-8		**Sulfate**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**		*		*		*		*
NS1894		**Barometric Pressure Reading**	**T**	**Inches/Hg**	**Field**		*		*		*		*
S0145- -		**Specific Conductance**	**T**	**μMH0/cm**	**Field**		*		*		*		*

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1		T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field		*		*		*		*
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field		*		*		*		*
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1		*		*		*		*
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field		*		*		*		*
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field		*		*		*		*
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field		*		*		*		*
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.05			*		*		*
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003			*		*		*
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005			*		*		*
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002			*		*		*
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005			*		*		*
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	<0.015			*		*		*
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001			*		*		*
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.2			*		*		*
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01			*		*		*
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001			*		*		*
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001			*		*		*
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	<0.1			*		*		*
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002			*		*		*
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.03			*		*		*
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005			*		*		*
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002			*		*		*

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1		T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005			*		*		*
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002			*		*		*
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.3			*		*		*
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005			*		*		*
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005			*		*		*
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001			*		*		*
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.25			*		*		*
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005			*		*		*
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002			*		*		*
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002			*		*		*
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	0.00699	BJ		*		*		*
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01			*		*		*
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1		T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1		T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000205		<0.0000206		<0.0000207		<0.0000204	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1		T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082		*		*		*		*
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	-1.54	*		*		*		*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	0.34	*		*		*		*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	HASL 300	1.04	*		*		*		*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	-3.16	*		*		*		*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	-0.846	*		*		*		*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	0.182	*		*		*		*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	121	*		*		*		*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4		*		*		*		*
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012		*		*		*		*
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5			*		*		*
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060		*		*		*		*
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020		*		*		*		*

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number	0000-0000	8004-4809	8004-4792	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	T. BLANK 4	384	373	
Sample Sequence #	1	2	2	
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	T	NA	NA	
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	1/12/2016 07:35	1/7/2016 08:18	1/21/2016 12:42	
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]	N	Y	Y	
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]	N	N	N	
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	TB4SG2-16	MW384DSG2-16	MW373DUG2-16	
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	389122007	388881001	389926011	
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis	1/15/2016	1/11/2016	1/27/2016	
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	NA	SIDE	DOWN	

CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056		*	0.395		0.595			
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056		*	37.4		43.7			
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056		*	0.202		0.152			
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056		*	1.17		1.02			
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056		*	20.2		127			
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field		*	30.12		30.19			
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	μMH0/cm	Field		*	501		793			

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		8004-4809		8004-4792			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						T. BLANK 4		384		373			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field		*	324.19		325.51			
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field		*	3.93		2.24			
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1		*	251		487			
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field		*	6.36		6.39			
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field		*	459		193			
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field		*	13.72		13.83			
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.05		0.0154	*J		
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.003		<0.003			
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020		*	0.119		0.0269			
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.0005		<0.0005			
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020		*	0.0139	J	1.42			
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020		*	27		68			
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.01		<0.01			
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		0.000737	J		
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.1		0.31			
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020		*	10.3		26.4			
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020		*	0.00104	J	0.0387			
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470		*	<0.0002		<0.0002			

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		8004-4809		8004-4792			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						T. BLANK 4		384		373			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020		*	0.00031	BJ	<0.0005			
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020		*	0.000853	J	0.000696	J		
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020		*	1.11		2.5			
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020		*	0.00211	J	<0.005			
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020		*	50.8		61.7			
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005	*		
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.0002		<0.0002			
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.01		<0.01			
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.01		<0.01			
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003			
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	0.00056	J	<0.001		<0.001			
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		8004-4809		8004-4792			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						T. BLANK 4		384		373			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		0.00033	J	0.00993			

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		8004-4809		8004-4792			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						T. BLANK 4		384		373			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000209		<0.0000205		<0.0000207			
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0943			
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0943			
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0943			
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0943			
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0943			
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0943			

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		8004-4809		8004-4792			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						T. BLANK 4		384		373			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0943			
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0943			
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0943			
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310		*	-1.5	*	2.55	*		
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310		*	170	*	25.6	*		
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	HASL 300		*	0.239	*	0.321	*		
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0		*	3.08	*	-1.64	*		
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC		*	185	*	50.3	*		
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC		*	-0.229	*	0.14	*		
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0		*	79	*	12.3	*		
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4		*	7	J	<20			
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012		*	<0.2		<0.2			
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0		*	<0.5		<0.5			
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060		*	1.19	J	1.12	J		
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020		*	0.0038	J	0.0141			

RESIDENTIAL/INERT – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: 073-00014 and 073-00015 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8000-5201 MW220	MW220SG2-16	Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 2.42. Rad error is 2.42.
		Gross beta		TPU is 4.87. Rad error is 3.88.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.513. Rad error is 0.513.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 2.8. Rad error is 2.77.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 13.8. Rad error is 13.7.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.331. Rad error is 0.329.
		Tritium		TPU is 120. Rad error is 120.
8000-5202 MW221	MW221SG2-16	Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 1.98. Rad error is 1.98.
		Gross beta		TPU is 2.87. Rad error is 2.49.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.541. Rad error is 0.54.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 3.57. Rad error is 3.57.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 13.6. Rad error is 13.5.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.401. Rad error is 0.399.
		Tritium		TPU is 127. Rad error is 127.

RESIDENTIAL/INERT – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: 073-00014 and 073-00015 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8000-5242 MW222	MW222SG2-16	Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 2.46. Rad error is 2.46.
		Gross beta		TPU is 2.84. Rad error is 2.7.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.186. Rad error is 0.186.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 2.24. Rad error is 2.23.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 14.5. Rad error is 14.5.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.424. Rad error is 0.419.
		Tritium		TPU is 127. Rad error is 127.
8000-5243 MW223	MW223SG2-16	Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 2.38. Rad error is 2.38.
		Gross beta		TPU is 3.83. Rad error is 3.61.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.498. Rad error is 0.497.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 2.66. Rad error is 2.62.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12.4. Rad error is 12.4.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.231. Rad error is 0.231.
		Tritium		TPU is 125. Rad error is 125.

RESIDENTIAL/INERT – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: 073-00014 and 073-00015 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8000-5244 MW224	MW224SG2-16	Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 1.85. Rad error is 1.85.
		Gross beta		TPU is 3.11. Rad error is 3.01.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.661. Rad error is 0.66.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 2.19. Rad error is 2.19.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12.3. Rad error is 12.3.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.246. Rad error is 0.245.
		Tritium		TPU is 135. Rad error is 130.
8004-4820 MW369	MW369UG2-16	Gross alpha		TPU is 2.63. Rad error is 2.62.
		Gross beta		TPU is 7.65. Rad error is 4.38.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.506. Rad error is 0.505.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 1.47. Rad error is 1.47.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 14.6. Rad error is 13.4.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.455. Rad error is 0.451.
		Tritium		TPU is 139. Rad error is 139.
8004-4818 MW370	MW370UG2-16	Gross alpha		TPU is 2.36. Rad error is 2.35.
		Gross beta		TPU is 7.47. Rad error is 4.62.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.434. Rad error is 0.434.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 2.31. Rad error is 2.31.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 13.2. Rad error is 12.7.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.418. Rad error is 0.412.
		Tritium		TPU is 142. Rad error is 141.

RESIDENTIAL/INERT – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: 073-00014 and 073-00015 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4808 MW372	MW372UG2-16	Aluminum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 2.24. Rad error is 2.24.
		Gross beta		TPU is 3.71. Rad error is 2.94.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.395. Rad error is 0.395.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 2.19. Rad error is 2.19.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 13.8. Rad error is 13.6.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.398. Rad error is 0.394.
		Tritium		TPU is 130. Rad error is 130.
8004-4792 MW373	MW373UG2-16	Aluminum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 2.84. Rad error is 2.82.
		Gross beta		TPU is 5.18. Rad error is 3.46.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.437. Rad error is 0.437.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 2.83. Rad error is 2.83.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 15.6. Rad error is 14.7.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.356. Rad error is 0.352.
		Tritium		TPU is 130. Rad error is 130.
8004-4809 MW384	MW384SG2-16	PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 1.92. Rad error is 1.92.
		Gross beta		TPU is 26.9. Rad error is 8.39.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.683. Rad error is 0.681.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 2.78. Rad error is 2.78.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 29.4. Rad error is 17.8.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.359. Rad error is 0.352.
		Tritium		TPU is 134. Rad error is 133.

RESIDENTIAL/INERT – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: 073-00014 and 073-00015 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4810 MW385	MW385SG2-16	PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 1.91. Rad error is 1.91.
		Gross beta		TPU is 29. Rad error is 8.19.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.392. Rad error is 0.392.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 2.64. Rad error is 2.63.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 27.9. Rad error is 17.1.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.354. Rad error is 0.352.
		Tritium		TPU is 140. Rad error is 140.
8004-4804 MW386	MW386SG2-16	Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 2.52. Rad error is 2.52.
		Gross beta		TPU is 2.16. Rad error is 2.14.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.59. Rad error is 0.59.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 2.1. Rad error is 2.1.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12. Rad error is 12.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.423. Rad error is 0.421.
		Tritium		TPU is 130. Rad error is 128.

RESIDENTIAL/INERT – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

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GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4815 MW387	MW387SG2-16	Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 3.43. Rad error is 3.36.
		Gross beta		TPU is 27.8. Rad error is 9.25.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.546. Rad error is 0.545.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 2.75. Rad error is 2.75.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 32.1. Rad error is 19.2.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.384. Rad error is 0.38.
		Tritium		TPU is 120. Rad error is 120.
8004-4816 MW388	MW388SG2-16	Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 4.01. Rad error is 3.81.
		Gross beta		TPU is 25. Rad error is 8.28.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.658. Rad error is 0.656.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 2.33. Rad error is 2.33.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 25.2. Rad error is 17.4.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.432. Rad error is 0.425.
		Tritium		TPU is 123. Rad error is 123.

RESIDENTIAL/INERT – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: 073-00014 and 073-00015 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4812 MW389		Bromide		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloride		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Fluoride		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sulfate		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Specific Conductance		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Static Water Level Elevation		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dissolved Oxygen		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Dissolved Solids		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		pH		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Eh		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Temperature		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Aluminum		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Antimony		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Arsenic		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barium		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Beryllium		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Boron		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cadmium		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Calcium		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chromium		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cobalt		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Copper		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iron		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Lead		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Magnesium		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Manganese		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Mercury		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/INERT – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

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GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4812 MW389		Molybdenum		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nickel		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Potassium		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Rhodium		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Selenium		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Silver		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sodium		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tantalum		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thallium		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Uranium		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vanadium		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Zinc		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB, Total		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1016		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1221		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1232		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1242		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1248		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1254		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1260		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1268		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross alpha		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross beta		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodine-131		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Radium-226		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Strontium-90		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Technetium-99		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thorium-230		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tritium		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

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Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: 073-00014 and 073-00015 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4812 MW389		Chemical Oxygen Demand		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cyanide		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodide		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Carbon		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Halides		During sampling, the well was dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
8004-4811 MW390	MW390SG2-16	PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 2.91. Rad error is 2.89.
		Gross beta		TPU is 9.72. Rad error is 4.56.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.838. Rad error is 0.835.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 3.03. Rad error is 3.03.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 16.1. Rad error is 14.2.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.349. Rad error is 0.345.
		Tritium		TPU is 138. Rad error is 135.

RESIDENTIAL/INERT – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: 073-00014 and 073-00015 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4805 MW391	MW391SG2-16	PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 2.91. Rad error is 2.89.
		Gross beta		TPU is 2.55. Rad error is 2.45.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.318. Rad error is 0.317.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 2.13. Rad error is 2.13.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 11.7. Rad error is 11.7.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.587. Rad error is 0.582.
		Tritium		TPU is 140. Rad error is 140.
8004-4806 MW392	MW392SG2-16	PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 2.24. Rad error is 2.24.
		Gross beta		TPU is 2.39. Rad error is 2.35.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.448. Rad error is 0.447.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 2.46. Rad error is 2.46.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 11.4. Rad error is 11.4.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.44. Rad error is 0.438.
		Tritium		TPU is 145. Rad error is 143.

RESIDENTIAL/INERT – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: 073-00014 and 073-00015 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4807 MW393	MW393SG2-16	PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 2.07. Rad error is 2.07.
		Gross beta		TPU is 2.21. Rad error is 2.16.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.306. Rad error is 0.306.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 3.76. Rad error is 3.76.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 11.3. Rad error is 11.3.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.637. Rad error is 0.632.
		Tritium		TPU is 135. Rad error is 135.
8004-4802 MW394	MW394SG2-16	Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 2.09. Rad error is 2.09.
		Gross beta		TPU is 2.97. Rad error is 2.8.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.662. Rad error is 0.66.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 2.17. Rad error is 2.17.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12.6. Rad error is 12.6.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.379. Rad error is 0.375.
		Tritium		TPU is 122. Rad error is 122.

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Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

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GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4801 MW395	MW395SG2-16	Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 1.96. Rad error is 1.96.
		Gross beta		TPU is 4.29. Rad error is 3.24.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.579. Rad error is 0.578.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 1.89. Rad error is 1.89.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 13. Rad error is 13.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.297. Rad error is 0.295.
		Tritium		TPU is 127. Rad error is 126.
8004-4803 MW396	MW396SG2-16	Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 2.52. Rad error is 2.52.
		Gross beta		TPU is 1.55. Rad error is 1.53.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.576. Rad error is 0.575.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 2.9. Rad error is 2.89.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 13.1. Rad error is 13.1.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.447. Rad error is 0.443.
		Tritium		TPU is 123. Rad error is 123.

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Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

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GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4817 MW397	MW397SG2-16	Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 2.43. Rad error is 2.43.
		Gross beta		TPU is 3.27. Rad error is 2.86.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.672. Rad error is 0.671.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 2.29. Rad error is 2.29.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12.8. Rad error is 12.6.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.37. Rad error is 0.367.
		Tritium		TPU is 124. Rad error is 124.

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Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: 073-00014 and 073-00015 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	RI1SG2-16	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 1.87. Rad error is 1.87.
		Gross beta		TPU is 3.24. Rad error is 3.24.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.532. Rad error is 0.531.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 2.09. Rad error is 2.09.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 11.7. Rad error is 11.7.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.338. Rad error is 0.336.
		Tritium		TPU is 142. Rad error is 139.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

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GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	FB1SG2-16	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 1.72. Rad error is 1.72.
		Gross beta		TPU is 3.3. Rad error is 3.3.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.662. Rad error is 0.661.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 3.62. Rad error is 3.62.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12.6. Rad error is 12.6.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.418. Rad error is 0.414.
		Tritium		TPU is 134. Rad error is 132.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

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WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB1SG2-16	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

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WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB1SG2-16	Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB2SG2-16	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB2SG2-16	Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB3SG2-16	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/INERT – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: 073-00014 and 073-00015 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB3SG2-16	Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/INERT – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: 073-00014 and 073-00015 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB4SG2-16	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/INERT – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: 073-00014 and 073-00015 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB4SG2-16	Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/INERT – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: 073-00014 and 073-00015 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4809 MW384	MW384DSG2-16	PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 2.44. Rad error is 2.44.
		Gross beta		TPU is 28.8. Rad error is 8.56.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.354. Rad error is 0.354.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 3.12. Rad error is 3.08.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 27. Rad error is 17.5.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.255. Rad error is 0.254.
		Tritium		TPU is 136. Rad error is 135.
8004-4792 MW373	MW373DUG2-16	Aluminum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Tantalum	N	Sample spike recovery not within control limits.
		Gross alpha		TPU is 2.96. Rad error is 2.93.
		Gross beta		TPU is 5.35. Rad error is 3.37.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.367. Rad error is 0.367.
		Strontium-90		TPU is 3.07. Rad error is 3.06.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 15.8. Rad error is 14.8.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 0.339. Rad error is 0.335.
		Tritium		TPU is 134. Rad error is 134.

APPENDIX D

STATISTICAL ANALYSES AND QUALIFICATION STATEMENT

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GROUNDWATER STATISTICAL COMMENTS

Introduction

The statistical analyses conducted on the first quarter 2016 groundwater data collected from the C-746-S&T Landfills monitoring wells (MWs) were performed in accordance with Permit GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 3, using the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidance document, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989).

The statistical evaluation was conducted separately for the three groundwater systems: the Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS), the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA), and the Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA). For each groundwater system, data from wells considered to represent background conditions were compared with test wells (downgradient or sidegradient wells) (Exhibit D.1). The first quarter 2016 data used to conduct the statistical analyses were collected in January 2016. The statistical analyses for this report first used data from the first eight quarters that had been sampled for each parameter to develop the historical background value, beginning with the first two baseline sampling events in 2002, when available. Then a second set of statistical analyses was run on analytes that had at least one downgradient well that exceeded the historical background using the last eight quarters. The sampling dates associated with both the historical and the current background data are listed next to the result in the statistical analysis sheets of this appendix.

Statistical Analysis Process

Constituents of concern that have Kentucky maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) and results that do not exceed their respective MCL are not included in the statistical evaluation. Parameters that have MCLs can be found in 401 *KAR* 47:030 § 6. For parameters with no established MCL and for those parameters that exceed their MCLs, the most recent results are compared to historical background concentrations, as follows: the data are divided into censored and uncensored observations. The one-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted only on parameters that have at least one uncensored (detected) observation. The current result is compared to the results of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test to determine if the current data exceed the historical background concentration calculated using the first eight quarters of data.

For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted for pH. The test well results are compared to both an upper and lower tolerance limit (TL) to determine if statistically significant deviations in concentrations exist with respect to upgradient (background) well data from the first eight quarters. The tolerance interval statistical analysis is conducted separately for each parameter in each well (no pooling of downgradient data).

Statistical analyses are performed on the first eight quarters of historical background data, not on the data for the current quarter. Once a statistical result is obtained using the background data, the result for the

current quarter is compared to that value. If the value is exceeded, the well is considered to have an exceedance of the statistically derived historical background concentration.

For those parameters that are determined to exceed the historical background concentration, a second one-sided tolerance interval statistical test, or a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test in the case of pH, is conducted. The second one-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted to determine whether the current concentration in downgradient wells exceeds the current background, as determined by a comparison against the statistically derived upper TL using the most recent eight quarters of data for the relevant background wells. The tolerance interval statistical analysis is conducted separately for each parameter in each well (no pooling of downgradient data).

For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted, if required. The test well pH results are compared to both an upper and lower TL to determine if the current pH is different from the current background level to a statistically significant level. Statistical analyses are performed on the last eight quarters of current background data, not on the data for the current quarter. Once a statistical result is obtained using the background data, the result for the current quarter is compared to that value. If the value is exceeded, the well has a statistically significant difference in concentration compared to the current background concentration.

A stepwise list of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical procedure applied to the data is summarized below:[1]

1. The TL is calculated for the background data (first using the first eight quarters, then using the last eight quarters).

    - For each parameter, the background data are used to establish a baseline. On this data set, the mean (X) and the standard deviation (S) are computed.

    - The data set is checked for normality using coefficient of variation (CV). If $CV \leq 1.0$, then the data are assumed to be normally distributed. Data sets with $CV > 1.0$ are assumed to be log-normally distributed; for data sets with $CV > 1.0$, the data are log-transformed and analyzed.

    - The factor (K) for one-sided upper TL with 95% minimum coverage is determined (Table 5, Appendix B; *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance*, 1989) based on the number of background data points.

    - The one-sided upper TL is calculated using the following equation:
      $TL = X + (K \times S)$

2. Each observation from downgradient wells is compared to the calculated one-sided upper TL in Step 1. If an observation value exceeds the TL, then there is statistically significant evidence that the well concentration exceeds the historical background.

---

[1] For pH, two-sided TLs (upper and lower) were calculated with an adjusted K factor using the following equations:
upper $TL = X + (K \times S)$
lower $TL = X - (K \times S)$

Type of Data Used

Exhibit D.1 presents the upgradient or background wells (identified as "BG"), the downgradient or test wells (identified as "TW"), and the sidegradient wells (identified as "SG") for the C-746-S&T Residential and Inert Landfills. Exhibit D.2 lists the parameters from the available data set for which a statistically derived historical background concentration was developed using the one-sided tolerance interval and the statistical test performed using the one-sided tolerance interval.

Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5 list the number of analyses (observations), nondetects (censored observations), and detects (uncensored observations) by parameter in the UCRS, the URGA, and the LRGA, respectively. Those parameters displayed with bold-face type indicate the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test was performed. The data presented in Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5 were collected during the current quarter, first quarter 2016. The observations are representative of the current quarter data. Background data are presented in Attachment D1. The sampling dates associated with background data are listed next to the result in Attachment D1. When field duplicate data are available, the higher of the two readings is retained for further evaluation. When a well is sampled on two different dates, the most current available data are used. When a data point has been rejected following data validation, this result is not used, and the next available data point is used for the background or current quarter data.

Exhibit D.1. Station Identification for Monitoring Wells Analyzed

Station	Type	Groundwater Unit
MW220	BG	URGA
MW221	SG	URGA
MW222	SG	URGA
MW223	SG	URGA
MW224	SG	URGA
MW369	TW	URGA
MW370	TW	LRGA
MW372	TW	URGA
MW373	TW	LRGA
MW384	SG	URGA
MW385	SG	LRGA
MW386[1]	SG	UCRS
MW387	TW	URGA
MW388	TW	LRGA
MW389[1]*	TW	UCRS
MW390[1]	TW	UCRS
MW391	TW	URGA
MW392	TW	LRGA
MW393[1]	TW	UCRS
MW394	BG	URGA
MW395	BG	LRGA
MW396[1]	BG	UCRS
MW397	BG	LRGA

[1]**NOTE:** The gradients in UCRS wells are downward. The UCRS wells identified as up-, side- or downgradient are those wells located in the same general direction as the RGA wells considered to be up-, side-, or downgradient.
BG: upgradient or background wells
TW: downgradient or test wells
SG: sidegradient wells
***** Well was dry this quarter and a groundwater sample could not be collected.

Exhibit D.2. List of Parameters Tested Using the One-Sided Upper Tolerance Level Test with Historical Background

Parameters
Aluminum
Beta Activity
Boron
Bromide
Calcium
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)
Chloride
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene
Cobalt
Conductivity
Copper
Dissolved Oxygen
Dissolved Solids
Iodide
Iron
Magnesium
Manganese
Molybdenum
Nickel
Oxidation-Reduction Potential
PCB, Total
PCB-1242
pH*
Potassium
Sodium
Sulfate
Tantalum
Technetium-99
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)
Total Organic Halides (TOX)
Trichloroethene
Uranium
Vanadium
Zinc

*****For pH, the test well results were compared to both an upper and lower TL to determine if the current result differs to a statistically significant degree from the historical background values.

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Exhibit D.3. Summary of Censored and Uncensored Data—UCRS

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	4	4	0	No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	4	4	0	No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	4	4	0	No
1,1-Dichloroethane	4	4	0	No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	4	4	0	No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	4	4	0	No
1,2-Dibromoethane	4	4	0	No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	4	4	0	No
1,2-Dichloropropane	4	4	0	No
2-Butanone	4	4	0	No
2-Hexanone	4	4	0	No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	4	4	0	No
Acetone	4	4	0	No
Acrolein	4	4	0	No
Acrylonitrile	4	4	0	No
Aluminum	**4**	**0**	**4**	**Yes**
Antimony	4	4	0	No
Beryllium	4	4	0	No
Beta Activity	**4**	**3**	**1**	**Yes**
Boron	**4**	**0**	**4**	**Yes**
Bromide	**4**	**0**	**4**	**Yes**
Bromochloromethane	4	4	0	No
Bromodichloromethane	4	4	0	No
Bromoform	4	4	0	No
Bromomethane	4	4	0	No
Calcium	**4**	**0**	**4**	**Yes**
Carbon Disulfide	4	4	0	No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	**4**	**1**	**3**	**Yes**
Chloride	**4**	**0**	**4**	**Yes**
Chlorobenzene	4	4	0	No
Chloroethane	4	4	0	No
Chloroform	4	4	0	No
Chloromethane	4	4	0	No
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	4	4	0	No
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	4	4	0	No
Cobalt	**4**	**1**	**3**	**Yes**
Conductivity	**4**	**0**	**4**	**Yes**
Copper	**4**	**1**	**3**	**Yes**
Cyanide	4	4	0	No
Dibromochloromethane	4	4	0	No
Dibromomethane	4	4	0	No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	4	4	0	No
Dissolved Oxygen	**4**	**0**	**4**	**Yes**
Dissolved Solids	**4**	**0**	**4**	**Yes**
Ethylbenzene	4	4	0	No

Exhibit D.3. Summary of Censored and Uncensored Data—UCRS (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Iodide	**4**	**3**	**1**	**Yes**
Iodomethane	4	4	0	No
Iron	**4**	**0**	**4**	**Yes**
Magnesium	**4**	**0**	**4**	**Yes**
Manganese	**4**	**1**	**3**	**Yes**
Methylene chloride	4	4	0	No
Molybdenum	4	4	0	No
Nickel	**4**	**1**	**3**	**Yes**
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**4**	**0**	**4**	**Yes**
pH	**4**	**0**	**4**	**Yes**
Potassium	**4**	**0**	**4**	**Yes**
Radium-226	4	4	0	No
Rhodium	4	4	0	No
Sodium	**4**	**0**	**4**	**Yes**
Styrene	4	4	0	No
Sulfate	**4**	**0**	**4**	**Yes**
Tantalum	**4**	**3**	**1**	**Yes**
Technetium-99	**4**	**3**	**1**	**Yes**
Tetrachloroethene	4	4	0	No
Thallium	4	4	0	No
Thorium-230	4	4	0	No
Toluene	4	4	0	No
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	**4**	**0**	**4**	**Yes**
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	**4**	**0**	**4**	**Yes**
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	4	4	0	No
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	4	4	0	No
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	4	4	0	No
Trichloroethene	4	4	0	No
Trichlorofluoromethane	4	4	0	No
Uranium	**4**	**3**	**1**	**Yes**
Vanadium	**4**	**3**	**1**	**Yes**
Vinyl Acetate	4	4	0	No
Zinc	**4**	**3**	**1**	**Yes**

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Exhibit D.4. Summary of Censored and Uncensored Data—URGA

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	11	11	0	No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	11	11	0	No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	11	11	0	No
1,1-Dichloroethane	11	11	0	No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	11	11	0	No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	11	11	0	No
1,2-Dibromoethane	11	11	0	No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	11	11	0	No
1,2-Dichloropropane	11	11	0	No
2-Butanone	11	11	0	No
2-Hexanone	11	11	0	No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	11	11	0	No
Acetone	11	11	0	No
Acrolein	11	11	0	No
Acrylonitrile	11	11	0	No
Aluminum	**11**	**6**	**5**	**Yes**
Antimony	11	11	0	No
Aroclor-1268	2	2	0	No
Beryllium	11	11	0	No
Beta Activity	**11**	**0**	**11**	**Yes**
Boron	**11**	**0**	**11**	**Yes**
Bromide	**11**	**0**	**11**	**Yes**
Bromochloromethane	11	11	0	No
Bromodichloromethane	11	11	0	No
Bromoform	11	11	0	No
Bromomethane	11	11	0	No
Calcium	**11**	**0**	**11**	**Yes**
Carbon disulfide	11	11	0	No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	**11**	**10**	**1**	**Yes**
Chloride	**11**	**0**	**11**	**Yes**
Chlorobenzene	11	11	0	No
Chloroethane	11	11	0	No
Chloroform	11	11	0	No
Chloromethane	11	11	0	No
***cis*-1,2-Dichloroethene**	**11**	**10**	**1**	**Yes**
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	11	11	0	No
Cobalt	**11**	**4**	**7**	**Yes**
Conductivity	**11**	**0**	**11**	**Yes**
Copper	**11**	**6**	**5**	**Yes**
Cyanide	11	11	0	No
Dibromochloromethane	11	11	0	No
Dibromomethane	11	11	0	No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	11	11	0	No
Dissolved Oxygen	**11**	**0**	**11**	**Yes**
Dissolved Solids	**11**	**0**	**11**	**Yes**

Exhibit D.4. Summary of Censored and Uncensored Data—URGA (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Ethylbenzene	11	11	0	No
Iodide	11	11	0	No
Iodomethane	11	11	0	No
Iron	**11**	**4**	**7**	**Yes**
Magnesium	**11**	**0**	**11**	**Yes**
Manganese	**11**	**1**	**10**	**Yes**
Methylene chloride	11	11	0	No
Molybdenum	**11**	**8**	**3**	**Yes**
Nickel	**11**	**1**	**10**	**Yes**
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**11**	**0**	**11**	**Yes**
PCB, Total	**2**	**1**	**1**	**Yes**
PCB-1016	2	2	0	No
PCB-1221	2	2	0	No
PCB-1232	2	2	0	No
PCB-1242	**2**	**1**	**1**	**Yes**
PCB-1248	2	2	0	No
PCB-1254	2	2	0	No
PCB-1260	2	2	0	No
pH	**11**	**0**	**11**	**Yes**
Potassium	**11**	**0**	**11**	**Yes**
Radium-226	11	11	0	No
Rhodium	11	11	0	No
Sodium	**11**	**0**	**11**	**Yes**
Styrene	11	11	0	No
Sulfate	**11**	**0**	**11**	**Yes**
Tantalum	**11**	**9**	**2**	**Yes**
Technetium-99	**11**	**8**	**3**	**Yes**
Tetrachloroethene	11	11	0	No
Thallium	11	11	0	No
Thorium-230	11	11	0	No
Toluene	11	11	0	No
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	**11**	**0**	**11**	**Yes**
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	**11**	**5**	**6**	**Yes**
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	11	11	0	No
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	11	11	0	No
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	11	11	0	No
Trichlorofluoromethane	11	11	0	No
Trichloroethene	**11**	**4**	**7**	**Yes**
Uranium	11	11	0	No
Vanadium	**11**	**10**	**1**	**Yes**
Vinyl Acetate	11	11	0	No
Zinc	**11**	**9**	**2**	**Yes**

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Exhibit D.5. Summary of Censored and Uncensored Data—LRGA

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	7	7	0	No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	7	7	0	No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	7	7	0	No
1,1-Dichloroethane	7	7	0	No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	7	7	0	No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	7	7	0	No
1,2-Dibromoethane	7	7	0	No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	7	7	0	No
1,2-Dichloropropane	7	7	0	No
2-Butanone	7	7	0	No
2-Hexanone	7	7	0	No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	7	7	0	No
Acetone	7	7	0	No
Acrolein	7	7	0	No
Acrylonitrile	7	7	0	No
Aluminum	**7**	**1**	**6**	**Yes**
Antimony	7	7	0	No
Aroclor-1268	2	2	0	No
Beryllium	7	7	0	No
Beta Activity	**7**	**1**	**6**	**Yes**
Boron	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Bromide	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Bromochloromethane	7	7	0	No
Bromodichloromethane	7	7	0	No
Bromoform	7	7	0	No
Bromomethane	7	7	0	No
Calcium	**7**	0	**7**	**Yes**
Carbon disulfide	7	7	0	No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	**7**	**6**	**1**	**Yes**
Chloride	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Chlorobenzene	7	7	0	No
Chloroethane	7	7	0	No
Chloroform	7	7	0	No
Chloromethane	7	7	0	No
***cis*-1,2-Dichloroethene**	**7**	**6**	**1**	**Yes**
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	7	7	0	No
Cobalt	**7**	**3**	**4**	**Yes**
Conductivity	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Copper	**7**	**5**	**2**	**Yes**
Cyanide	7	7	0	No
Dibromochloromethane	7	7	0	No
Dibromomethane	7	7	0	No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	7	7	0	No
Dissolved Oxygen	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Dissolved Solids	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Ethylbenzene	7	7	0	No
Iodide	7	7	0	No
Iodomethane	7	7	0	No

Exhibit D.5. Summary of Censored and Uncensored Data—LRGA (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Iron	**7**	**2**	**5**	**Yes**
Magnesium	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Manganese	**7**	**1**	**6**	**Yes**
Methylene chloride	7	7	0	No
Molybdenum	7	7	0	No
Nickel	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
PCB, Total	2	2	0	No
PCB-1016	2	2	0	No
PCB-1221	2	2	0	No
PCB-1232	2	2	0	No
PCB-1242	2	2	0	No
PCB-1248	2	2	0	No
PCB-1254	2	2	0	No
PCB-1260	2	2	0	No
pH	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Potassium	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Radium-226	7	7	0	No
Rhodium	7	7	0	No
Sodium	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Styrene	7	7	0	No
Sulfate	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Tantalum	**7**	**6**	**1**	**Yes**
Technetium-99	**7**	**3**	**4**	**Yes**
Tetrachloroethene	7	7	0	No
Thallium	7	7	0	No
Thorium-230	7	7	0	No
Toluene	7	7	0	No
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	**7**	**2**	**5**	**Yes**
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	7	7	0	No
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	7	7	0	No
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	7	7	0	No
Trichloroethene	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Trichlorofluoromethane	7	7	0	No
Uranium	7	7	0	No
Vanadium	7	7	0	No
Vinyl Acetate	7	7	0	No
Zinc	7	7	0	No

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Discussion of Results from Historical Background Comparison

For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the concentrations of this quarter were compared to the results of the one-sided upper tolerance interval tests that were calculated using historical background and presented in Attachment D1. The statistician qualification statement is presented in Attachment D3. For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the test was applied to 29, 32, and 27 parameters, respectively, including those listed in bold print in Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5, which includes those constituents (beta activity and trichloroethene) that exceeded their MCL. A summary of exceedances when compared to statistically derived historical upgradient background by well number is shown in Exhibit D.6.

UCRS

This quarter's results identified exceedances of historical background UTL for beta activity, oxidation-reduction potential, and technetium-99.

URGA

This quarter's results identified exceedances of historical background UTL for aluminum, beta activity, calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate, and technetium-99.

LRGA

This quarter's results identified exceedances of historical background UTL for beta activity, calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate, and technetium-99.

Statistical Summary

Summaries of the results of the statistical tests conducted on data obtained from wells in the UCRS, the URGA, and in the LRGA are presented in Exhibit D.7, Exhibit D.8, and Exhibit D.9, respectively.

Exhibit D.6. Summary of Exceedances of Statistically Derived Historical Background Concentrations

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
MW386: Oxidation-reduction potential	**MW220:** Oxidation-reduction potential	**MW370:** Oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate
MW390: Beta activity, oxidation-reduction potential, technetium-99	**MW221:** Oxidation-reduction potential	**MW373:** Calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, sulfate, technetium-99
MW393: Oxidation-reduction potential	**MW222:** Aluminum, oxidation-reduction potential	**MW385:** Beta activity, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate, technetium-99
MW396: Oxidation-reduction potential	**MW223:** Oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	**MW388:** Beta activity, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate, technetium-99
	MW224: Oxidation-reduction potential	**MW392:** Oxidation-reduction potential
	MW369: Oxidation-reduction potential, technetium-99	**MW395:** Oxidation-reduction potential
	MW372: Calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, sulfate	**MW397:** Oxidation-reduction potential
	MW384: Beta activity, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate, technetium-99	
	MW387: Beta activity, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate, technetium-99	
	MW391: Sulfate	

Exhibit D.7. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—UCRS

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	0.57	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Beta Activity[1]	Tolerance Interval	1.17	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW390.
Boron	Tolerance Interval	1.28	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.24	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.20	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.02	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.05	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	1.34	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.12	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Copper	Tolerance Interval	0.48	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	1.20	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.19	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Iodide	Tolerance Interval	0.13	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Iron	Tolerance Interval	0.48	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.20	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	0.46	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

CV: coefficient of variation
*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.
[1] Tolerance interval was calculated based on an MCL exceedance.

Exhibit D.7. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—UCRS (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	1.27	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	4.77	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW386, MW390, MW393, and MW396.
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.05	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	0.28	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.30	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Tantalum	Tolerance Interval	1.68	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	0.86	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW390.
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	0.47	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	0.38	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Uranium	Tolerance Interval	0.31	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Vanadium	Tolerance Interval	0.11	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Zinc	Tolerance Interval	0.79	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

CV: coefficient of variation
*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.
[1] Tolerance interval was calculated based on an MCL exceedance.

Exhibit D.8. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—URGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	0.28	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW222.
Beta Activity[1]	Tolerance Interval	0.97	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW384 and MW387.
Boron	Tolerance Interval	1.45	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.00	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.17	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW372.
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.00	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.23	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	Tolerance Interval	0.00	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	2.44	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.28	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW372.
Copper	Tolerance Interval	0.43	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.50	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.12	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW372.
Iron	Tolerance Interval	1.17	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.16	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW372.
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	2.16	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

CV: coefficient of variation
*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.
[1] Tolerance interval was calculated based on an MCL exceedance.

Exhibit D.8. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—URGA (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Molybdenum	Tolerance Interval	1.26	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	1.79	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.48	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW220, MW221, MW222, MW223, MW224, MW369, MW384, and MW387.
PCB, Total	Tolerance Interval	0.72	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
PCB-1242	Tolerance Interval	1.16	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.05	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	1.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.24	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.25	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW223, MW372, MW384, MW387, and MW391.
Tantalum	Tolerance Interval	2.27	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	0.99	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW369, MW384, and MW387.
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	0.49	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	2.57	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Trichloroethene[1]	Tolerance Interval	0.95	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Vanadium	Tolerance Interval	0.08	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Zinc	Tolerance Interval	0.72	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

CV: coefficient of variation
*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.
[1] Tolerance interval was calculated based on an MCL exceedance.

Exhibit D.9. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—LRGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	0.86	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Beta Activity[1]	Tolerance Interval	0.36	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW385 and MW388.
Boron	Tolerance Interval	1.24	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.00	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.50	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW373.
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.04	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.23	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	Tolerance Interval	0.00	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	1.51	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.14	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW373.
Copper	Tolerance Interval	0.47	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.52	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.16	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW373.
Iron	Tolerance Interval	1.29	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.51	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW373.

CV: coefficient of variation
*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.
[1] Tolerance interval was calculated based on an MCL exceedance.

Exhibit D.9. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—LRGA (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	1.49	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	1.09	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.33	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW370, MW385, MW388, MW392, MW395, and MW397.
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.04	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.47	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.20	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW370, MW373, MW385, and MW388.
Tantalum	Tolerance Interval	1.62	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	0.80	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW373, MW385, and MW388.
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	0.55	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	0.59	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Trichlorothene[1]	Tolerance Interval	0.78	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

CV: coefficient of variation
*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.
[1] Tolerance interval was calculated based on an MCL exceedance.

Discussion of Results from Current Background Comparison

For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the concentrations from downgradient wells were compared to the one-sided TL calculated using the most recent eight quarters of data and are presented in Attachment D2 and the statistician qualification statement is presented in Attachment D3. For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the test was applied to 3, 9, and 8 parameters, respectively, because these parameter concentrations exceeded the historical background TL. A summary of instances where downgradient well concentrations exceeded the TL calculated using current background data is shown in Exhibit D.10, presented by well number.

Exhibit D.10. Summary of Exceedances (Downgradient Wells) of the TL Calculated Using Current Background Concentrations

URGA	LRGA
MW369: Technetium-99	**MW370:** Sulfate
MW372: Calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, sulfate	**MW373:** Calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, sulfate, technetium-99
MW387: Beta activity, sulfate, technetium-99	**MW388:** Beta activity, sulfate, technetium-99
MW391: Sulfate	

UCRS

Because gradients in the UCRS are downward (vertical), there are no hydrogeologically downgradient UCRS wells. It should be noted, however, that the beta activity and technetium-99 concentrations in one UCRS well (i.e., MW390) was higher than the current TL this quarter.

URGA

This quarter's results identified current background exceedances in downgradient wells for beta activity, calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, sulfate, and technetium-99.

LRGA

This quarter's results identified current background exceedances in downgradient wells for beta activity, calcium, conductivity, dissolved solids, magnesium, sulfate, and technetium-99.

Statistical Summary

Summaries of the statistical tests conducted on data obtained from wells in the UCRS, the URGA, and in the LRGA are presented in Exhibit D.11, Exhibit D.12, and Exhibit D.13, respectively.

Exhibit D.11. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Current Background—UCRS

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Beta Activity	Tolerance Interval	-4.88	Because gradients in UCRS wells are downward, there are no UCRS wells that are hydrogeologically downgradient of the landfill. However, beta activity concentrations exceeded the TL calculated using current background data in MW390.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.48	No exceedance of statistically derived current background concentration.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	3.52	Because gradients in UCRS wells are downward, there are no UCRS wells that are hydrogeologically downgradient of the landfill. However, technetium-99 concentrations exceeded the TL calculated using current background data in MW390.

CV: coefficient of variation
*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.

Exhibit D.12. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Current Background—URGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	0.89	Current results exceed statistically derived current background concentration in MW222.
Beta Activity	Tolerance Interval	0.55	Current results exceed statistically derived current background concentration in MW384 and MW387.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.13	Current results exceed statistically derived current background concentration in MW372.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.09	Current results exceed statistically derived current background concentration in MW372.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.42	Current results exceed statistically derived current background concentration in MW372.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.14	Current results exceed statistically derived current background concentration in MW372.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.29	No exceedance of statistically derived current background concentration.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.27	Current results exceed statistically derived current background concentration in MW372, MW387, and MW391.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	0.64	Current results exceed statistically derived current background concentration MW369, MW384, and MW387.

CV: coefficient of variation
*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.

Exhibit D.13. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Current Background—LRGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Beta Activity	Tolerance Interval	0.72	Current results exceed statistically derived current background concentration in MW385 and MW388.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.18	Current results exceed statistically derived current background concentration in MW373.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.08	Current results exceed statistically derived current background concentration in MW373.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.12	Current results exceed statistically derived current background concentration in MW373.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.19	Current results exceed statistically derived current background concentration in MW373.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.28	No exceedance of statistically derived current background concentration.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.08	Current results exceed statistically derived current background concentration in MW370, MW373, MW385, and MW388.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	0.50	Current results exceed statistically derived current background concentration in MW373, MW385, and MW388.

CV: coefficient of variation
* If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.

ATTACHMENT D1

COMPARISON OF CURRENT DATA TO ONE-SIDED UPPER TOLERANCE INTERVAL TEST CALCULATED USING HISTORICAL BACKGROUND DATA

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C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Aluminum UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.320	**S=** 0.182	**CV(1)=** 0.567	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 0.900	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.259	**S=** 0.503	**CV(2)=** -0.400	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** 0.345	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.393	-0.934
9/16/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/16/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/13/2003	0.501	-0.691
4/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/16/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/14/2003	0.2	-1.609
1/14/2004	0.668	-0.403

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	0.0315	NO	-3.458	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	0.123	NO	-2.096	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	0.0155	NO	-4.167	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	0.033	NO	-3.411	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Beta activity UNITS: pCi/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 4.298	**S=** 5.012	**CV(1)=** 1.166	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 20.277	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.294	**S=** 0.988	**CV(2)=** 0.764	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** 2.632	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	2.2	0.788
9/16/2002	0.727	-0.319
10/16/2002	7.28	1.985
1/13/2003	6.97	1.942
4/8/2003	13.9	2.632
7/16/2003	2.08	0.732
10/14/2003	-2.42	#Func!
1/14/2004	3.65	1.295

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	No	1.71	N/A	0.536	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	51.5	N/A	3.942	YES
MW393	Downgradient	No	2.84	N/A	1.044	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	No	1.53	N/A	0.425	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW390

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Boron UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.650	**S=** 0.833	**CV(1)=** 1.282	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 3.306	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.034	**S=** 1.066	**CV(2)=** -1.031	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** 2.364	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	2	0.693
9/16/2002	2	0.693
10/16/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/13/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/16/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/14/2003	0.2	-1.609
1/14/2004	0.2	-1.609

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00523	N/A	-5.253	NO
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	0.0108	N/A	-4.528	NO
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	0.0169	N/A	-4.080	NO
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	0.00712	N/A	-4.945	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Bromide **UNITS: mg/L** **UCRS**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.388	**S=** 0.327	**CV(1)=** 0.236	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 2.430	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.301	**S=** 0.252	**CV(2)=** 0.838	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** 1.105	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	1.5	0.405
9/16/2002	1.6	0.470
10/16/2002	1.6	0.470
1/13/2003	1	0.000
4/8/2003	1	0.000
7/16/2003	1	0.000
10/14/2003	1.7	0.531
1/14/2004	1.7	0.531

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	0.148	NO	-1.911	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	0.615	NO	-0.486	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	0.177	NO	-1.732	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	1.19	NO	0.174	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Calcium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 41.825	**S=** 8.445	**CV(1)=** 0.202	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 68.748	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.711	**S=** 0.241	**CV(2)=** 0.065	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** 4.479	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	38.4	3.648
9/16/2002	42.9	3.759
10/16/2002	40.2	3.694
1/13/2003	46.7	3.844
4/8/2003	49.8	3.908
7/16/2003	43.3	3.768
10/14/2003	49.7	3.906
1/14/2004	23.6	3.161

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	21.4	NO	3.063	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	31.4	NO	3.447	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	11.3	NO	2.425	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	37.9	NO	3.635	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 35.375	**S=** 0.744	**CV(1)=** 0.021	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 37.747	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.566	**S=** 0.021	**CV(2)=** 0.006	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** 3.632	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	36	3.584
9/16/2002	35	3.555
10/16/2002	37	3.611
1/13/2003	35	3.555
4/8/2003	35	3.555
7/16/2003	35	3.555
10/14/2003	35	3.555
1/14/2004	35	3.555

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	16.7	NO	2.815	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	13.8	NO	2.625	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	11.4	NO	2.434	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Chloride UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 101.725 **S=** 5.245 **CV(1)=** 0.052 **K factor**=** 3.188 **TL(1)=** 118.447 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 4.621 **S=** 0.053 **CV(2)=** 0.011 **K factor**=** 3.188 **TL(2)=** 4.789 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	91.6	4.517
9/16/2002	98.3	4.588
10/16/2002	101.4	4.619
1/13/2003	108.3	4.685
4/8/2003	100.5	4.610
7/16/2003	102.5	4.630
10/14/2003	106.8	4.671
1/14/2004	104.4	4.648

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	13.6	NO	2.610	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	59	NO	4.078	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	13.6	NO	2.610	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	76.9	NO	4.343	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Cobalt UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.008	**S=** 0.011	**CV(1)=** 1.340	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 0.042	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -5.645	**S=** 1.339	**CV(2)=** -0.237	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** -1.377	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.025	-3.689
9/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/16/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/13/2003	0.00324	-5.732
4/8/2003	0.00436	-5.435
7/16/2003	0.00276	-5.893
10/14/2003	0.001	-6.908
1/14/2004	0.001	-6.908

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00737	N/A	-4.910	NO
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	0.000236	N/A	-8.352	NO
MW393	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	0.00345	N/A	-5.669	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Conductivity UNITS: umho/cm UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 922.500 **S=** 107.616 **CV(1)=** 0.117 **K factor**=** 3.188 **TL(1)=** 1265.579 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 6.822 **S=** 0.111 **CV(2)=** 0.016 **K factor**=** 3.188 **TL(2)=** 7.175 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	784	6.664
9/30/2002	871	6.770
10/16/2002	868	6.766
1/13/2003	912	6.816
4/8/2003	942	6.848
7/16/2003	910	6.813
10/14/2003	935	6.841
1/14/2004	1158	7.054

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	576	NO	6.356	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	714	NO	6.571	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	407	NO	6.009	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	421	NO	6.043	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Copper UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.028	**S=** 0.014	**CV(1)=** 0.481	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 0.072	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.650	**S=** 0.414	**CV(2)=** -0.113	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** -2.331	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.05	-2.996
9/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/16/2002	0.026	-3.650
1/13/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/16/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/14/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	0.000412	NO	-7.794	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	0.000414	NO	-7.790	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	0.00254	NO	-5.976	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Dissolved Oxygen UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.395	**S=** 1.677	**CV(1)=** 1.202	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 6.743	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.043	**S=** 0.814	**CV(2)=** -18.867	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** 2.553	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	5.45	1.696
9/16/2002	0.4	-0.916
10/16/2002	0.54	-0.616
1/13/2003	0.72	-0.329
4/8/2003	0.69	-0.371
7/16/2003	1.1	0.095
10/14/2003	0.71	-0.342
1/14/2004	1.55	0.438

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	2.57	N/A	0.944	NO
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	3.67	N/A	1.300	NO
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	0.97	N/A	-0.030	NO
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	2.86	N/A	1.051	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Dissolved Solids UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 550.375 **S=** 104.330 **CV(1)=** 0.190 **K factor**=** 3.188 **TL(1)=** 882.980 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 6.298 **S=** 0.162 **CV(2)=** 0.026 **K factor**=** 3.188 **TL(2)=** 6.815 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	502	6.219
9/16/2002	506	6.227
10/16/2002	543	6.297
1/13/2003	521	6.256
4/8/2003	504	6.223
7/16/2003	532	6.277
10/14/2003	490	6.194
1/14/2004	805	6.691

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	381	NO	5.943	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	400	NO	5.991	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	270	NO	5.598	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	470	NO	6.153	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Iodide UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 2.150	**S=** 0.283	**CV(1)=** 0.132	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 3.052	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.759	**S=** 0.123	**CV(2)=** 0.162	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** 1.150	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	2	0.693
9/16/2002	2	0.693
10/16/2002	2	0.693
1/13/2003	2	0.693
4/8/2003	2	0.693
7/16/2003	2.7	0.993
10/14/2003	2.5	0.916
1/14/2004	2	0.693

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	No	0.5	N/A	-0.693	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	No	0.5	N/A	-0.693	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	No	0.5	N/A	-0.693	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	0.779	NO	-0.250	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Iron **UNITS: mg/L** **UCRS**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 7.796	**S=** 3.723	**CV(1)=** 0.478	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 19.666	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.880	**S=** 0.723	**CV(2)=** 0.384	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** 4.184	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	1.8	0.588
9/16/2002	9.53	2.254
10/16/2002	7.43	2.006
1/13/2003	9.93	2.296
4/8/2003	10.2	2.322
7/16/2003	9.16	2.215
10/14/2003	11.9	2.477
1/14/2004	2.42	0.884

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	1.78	NO	0.577	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	0.12	NO	-2.120	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	1.9	NO	0.642	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	2.66	NO	0.978	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Magnesium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 16.876	**S=** 3.313	**CV(1)=** 0.196	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 27.438	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.804	**S=** 0.240	**CV(2)=** 0.086	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** 3.569	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW396

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	15.5	2.741
9/16/2002	17.3	2.851
10/16/2002	17.8	2.879
1/13/2003	19.2	2.955
4/8/2003	17.8	2.879
7/16/2003	17.8	2.879
10/14/2003	20.2	3.006
1/14/2004	9.41	2.242

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	9.41	NO	2.242	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	12.8	NO	2.549	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	3.37	NO	1.215	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	16.7	NO	2.815	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Manganese UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.774	**S=** 0.353	**CV(1)=** 0.456	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 1.900	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.566	**S=** 1.192	**CV(2)=** -2.105	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** 3.235	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.57	-0.562
9/16/2002	0.647	-0.435
10/16/2002	0.88	-0.128
1/13/2003	1.132	0.124
4/8/2003	0.965	-0.036
7/16/2003	0.983	-0.017
10/14/2003	0.984	-0.016
1/14/2004	0.0314	-3.461

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	1.22	NO	0.199	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	0.041	NO	-3.194	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	0.56	NO	-0.580	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Nickel UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.016	**S=** 0.021	**CV(1)=** 1.272	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 0.083	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -4.706	**S=** 1.057	**CV(2)=** -0.225	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** -1.338	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.05	-2.996
9/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/16/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/13/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/8/2003	0.00571	-5.166
7/16/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/14/2003	0.005	-5.298
1/14/2004	0.005	-5.298

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00221	N/A	-6.115	NO
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	0.00163	N/A	-6.419	NO
MW393	Downgradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	0.00163	N/A	-6.419	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Oxidation-Reduction Potential UNITS: mV UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 13.000	**S=** 61.952	**CV(1)=** 4.766	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 210.502	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 4.364	**S=** 0.333	**CV(2)=** 0.076	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** 4.736	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	60	4.094
4/8/2003	71	4.263
7/16/2003	-56	#Func!
10/14/2003	-54	#Func!
1/14/2004	-22	#Func!
4/12/2004	-6	#Func!
7/20/2004	-3	#Func!
10/12/2004	114	4.736

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	160	N/A	5.075	YES
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	447	N/A	6.103	YES
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	156	N/A	5.050	YES
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	223	N/A	5.407	YES

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW386
MW390
MW393
MW396

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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pH UNITS: Std Unit UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 6.460 **S=** 0.350 **CV(1)=** 0.054 **K factor**=** 3.736 **TL(1)=** 7.766 **LL(1)=**5.1541

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 1.864 **S=** 0.054 **CV(2)=** 0.029 **K factor**=** 3.736 **TL(2)=** 2.067 **LL(2)=**1.6621

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	6.17	1.820
9/16/2002	6.4	1.856
10/16/2002	5.9	1.775
1/13/2003	6.4	1.856
4/8/2003	6.65	1.895
7/16/2003	6.4	1.856
10/14/2003	6.71	1.904
1/14/2004	7.05	1.953

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)? Result <LL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)? LN(Result) <LL(2)?
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	6.26	NO	1.834	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	6.34	NO	1.847	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	6.26	NO	1.834	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	6.5	NO	1.872	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Potassium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.411	**S=** 0.399	**CV(1)=** 0.282	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 2.682	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.311	**S=** 0.271	**CV(2)=** 0.870	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** 1.175	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	2	0.693
9/16/2002	2	0.693
10/16/2002	0.978	-0.022
1/13/2003	1.08	0.077
4/8/2003	1.12	0.113
7/16/2003	1.38	0.322
10/14/2003	1.24	0.215
1/14/2004	1.49	0.399

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	0.291	NO	-1.234	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	0.358	NO	-1.027	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	0.39	NO	-0.942	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	0.806	NO	-0.216	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Sodium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 106.825 **S=** 32.041 **CV(1)=** 0.300 **K factor**=** 3.188 **TL(1)=** 208.973 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 4.595 **S=** 0.492 **CV(2)=** 0.107 **K factor**=** 3.188 **TL(2)=** 6.163 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	115	4.745
9/16/2002	116	4.754
10/16/2002	117	4.762
1/13/2003	122	4.804
4/8/2003	106	4.663
7/16/2003	117	4.762
10/14/2003	132	4.883
1/14/2004	29.6	3.388

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	115	NO	4.745	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	94.6	NO	4.550	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	78.3	NO	4.361	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	110	NO	4.700	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Sulfate UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 22.463	**S=** 8.876	**CV(1)=** 0.395	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 50.759	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.054	**S=** 0.351	**CV(2)=** 0.115	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** 4.173	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	41.9	3.735
9/16/2002	26.3	3.270
10/16/2002	20.6	3.025
1/13/2003	16.6	2.809
4/8/2003	23.9	3.174
7/16/2003	18.8	2.934
10/14/2003	12.9	2.557
1/14/2004	18.7	2.929

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	45.1	NO	3.809	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	33.4	NO	3.509	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	11.9	NO	2.477	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	21.6	NO	3.073	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Tantalum UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.054	**S=** 0.090	**CV(1)=** 1.679	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 0.342	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -4.376	**S=** 1.708	**CV(2)=** -0.390	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** 1.068	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.2	-1.609
9/16/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/16/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/13/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/16/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/14/2003	0.005	-5.298
1/14/2004	0.005	-5.298

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00146	N/A	-6.529	NO
MW390	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Technetium-99 UNITS: pCi/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 7.624	**S=** 6.558	**CV(1)=** 0.860	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 28.531	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.498	**S=** 1.321	**CV(2)=** 0.882	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** 5.710	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	16.7	2.815
9/16/2002	6.39	1.855
10/16/2002	4.55	1.515
1/13/2003	16.5	2.803
4/8/2003	3.04	1.112
7/16/2003	0.354	-1.038
10/14/2003	11.9	2.477
1/14/2004	1.56	0.445

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	No	6.32	N/A	1.844	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	69.7	YES	4.244	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	No	-12.2	N/A	#Error	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	No	6.24	N/A	1.831	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW390

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Total Organic Carbon (TOC) UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 9.988	**S=** 4.696	**CV(1)=** 0.470	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 24.959	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.210	**S=** 0.454	**CV(2)=** 0.205	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** 3.657	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	19	2.944
9/16/2002	14.6	2.681
10/16/2002	10.4	2.342
1/13/2003	4.4	1.482
4/8/2003	7	1.946
7/16/2003	7.3	1.988
10/14/2003	9.1	2.208
1/14/2004	8.1	2.092

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	9.39	NO	2.240	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	2.44	NO	0.892	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	2.56	NO	0.940	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	6.29	NO	1.839	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Total Organic Halides (TOX) UNITS: ug/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 142.650 **S=** 53.533 **CV(1)=** 0.375 **K factor**=** 3.188 **TL(1)=** 313.314 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 4.896 **S=** 0.390 **CV(2)=** 0.080 **K factor**=** 3.188 **TL(2)=** 6.138 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	193	5.263
9/16/2002	190	5.247
10/16/2002	221	5.398
1/13/2003	106	4.663
4/8/2003	77.8	4.354
7/16/2003	122	4.804
10/14/2003	86.4	4.459
1/14/2004	145	4.977

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	204	NO	5.318	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	14.1	NO	2.646	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	18.7	NO	2.929	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	43.8	NO	3.780	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Uranium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.001	**S=** 0.000	**CV(1)=** 0.314	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 0.002	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -6.821	**S=** 0.245	**CV(2)=** -0.036	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** -6.040	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.002	-6.215
9/16/2002	0.001	-6.908
10/16/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/13/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/16/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/14/2003	0.001	-6.908
1/14/2004	0.001	-6.908

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	No	0.0002	N/A	-8.517	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	0.000121	NO	-9.020	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	No	0.0002	N/A	-8.517	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	No	0.0002	N/A	-8.517	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Vanadium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.021	**S=** 0.002	**CV(1)=** 0.109	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 0.029	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.856	**S=** 0.103	**CV(2)=** -0.027	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** -3.527	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.025	-3.689
9/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/16/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/13/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/16/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/14/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	No	0.00671	N/A	-5.004	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	No	0.00432	N/A	-5.444	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	0.00685	NO	-4.984	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	No	0.0035	N/A	-5.655	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Zinc UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.044	**S=** 0.035	**CV(1)=** 0.786	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 0.156	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.342	**S=** 0.682	**CV(2)=** -0.204	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** -1.168	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.1	-2.303
9/16/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/13/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/8/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/16/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/14/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW389	Downgradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	0.00482	NO	-5.335	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Aluminum UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.221	**S=** 0.061	**CV(1)=** 0.277	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.376	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.534	**S=** 0.212	**CV(2)=** -0.138	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -0.999	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/15/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/10/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/14/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/13/2003	0.427	-0.851
1/13/2004	0.309	-1.174
4/13/2004	0.2	-1.609
7/21/2004	0.202	-1.599

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.2	-1.609
9/16/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/16/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/13/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/10/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/16/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/14/2003	0.2	-1.609
1/13/2004	0.2	-1.609

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	1.01	YES	0.010	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	0.0742	NO	-2.601	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	0.0308	NO	-3.480	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	0.0164	NO	-4.110	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	0.0363	NO	-3.316	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW222

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Beta activity UNITS: pCi/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 14.273	**S=** 13.883	**CV(1)=** 0.973	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 49.300	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.213	**S=** 1.033	**CV(2)=** 0.467	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.819	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	15.2	2.721
1/15/2003	42.5	3.750
4/10/2003	45.4	3.816
7/14/2003	8.53	2.144
10/13/2003	11.7	2.460
1/13/2004	13.5	2.603
4/13/2004	33.5	3.512
7/21/2004	13.7	2.617

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	5.03	1.615
9/16/2002	5.57	1.717
10/16/2002	12.8	2.549
1/13/2003	4.3	1.459
4/10/2003	9.52	2.253
7/16/2003	3.92	1.366
10/14/2003	1.06	0.058
1/13/2004	2.14	0.761

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	18.1	N/A	2.896	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	8.74	N/A	2.168	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	4.96	N/A	1.601	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	7.65	N/A	2.035	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	Yes	4.92	N/A	1.593	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	38.6	N/A	3.653	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	13.9	N/A	2.632	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	170	YES	5.136	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	162	YES	5.088	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	Yes	4.11	N/A	1.413	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	6.13	N/A	1.813	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW384
MW387

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Boron UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.425	**S=** 0.615	**CV(1)=** 1.447	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 1.976	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.322	**S=** 0.786	**CV(2)=** -0.595	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.663	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW220

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/15/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/10/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/14/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/13/2003	0.2	-1.609
1/13/2004	0.2	-1.609
4/13/2004	0.2	-1.609
7/21/2004	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW394

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	2	0.693
9/16/2002	2	0.693
10/16/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/13/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/10/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/16/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/14/2003	0.2	-1.609
1/13/2004	0.2	-1.609

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	0.00728	N/A	-4.923	NO
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	0.0121	N/A	-4.415	NO
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	0.00858	N/A	-4.758	NO
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	0.00686	N/A	-4.982	NO
MW224	Downgradient	Yes	0.0131	N/A	-4.335	NO
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	0.0147	N/A	-4.220	NO
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	1.16	N/A	0.148	NO
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	0.0139	N/A	-4.276	NO
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	0.0303	N/A	-3.497	NO
MW391	Downgradient	Yes	0.0961	N/A	-2.342	NO
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	0.0224	N/A	-3.799	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Bromide UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.000	**S=** 0.000	**CV(1)=** 0.000	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 1.000	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.000	**S=** 0.000	**CV(2)=** #Num!	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.000	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW220

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	1	0.000
1/15/2003	1	0.000
4/10/2003	1	0.000
7/14/2003	1	0.000
10/13/2003	1	0.000
1/13/2004	1	0.000
4/13/2004	1	0.000
7/21/2004	1	0.000

Well Number: MW394

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	1	0.000
9/16/2002	1	0.000
10/16/2002	1	0.000
1/13/2003	1	0.000
4/10/2003	1	0.000
7/16/2003	1	0.000
10/14/2003	1	0.000
1/13/2004	1	0.000

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	0.219	NO	-1.519	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	0.448	NO	-0.803	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	0.457	NO	-0.783	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	0.434	NO	-0.835	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	Yes	0.398	NO	-0.921	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	0.392	NO	-0.936	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	0.608	NO	-0.498	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	0.456	NO	-0.785	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	0.431	NO	-0.842	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	Yes	0.503	NO	-0.687	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	0.622	NO	-0.475	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Calcium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 27.638	**S=** 4.743	**CV(1)=** 0.172	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 39.604	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.304	**S=** 0.183	**CV(2)=** 0.055	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.765	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	23.6	3.161
1/15/2003	25.9	3.254
4/10/2003	30.4	3.414
7/14/2003	33.9	3.523
10/13/2003	21.3	3.059
1/13/2004	20.3	3.011
4/13/2004	23.8	3.170
7/21/2004	19	2.944

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	29.5	3.384
9/16/2002	29.9	3.398
10/16/2002	31.2	3.440
1/13/2003	30.7	3.424
4/10/2003	34.4	3.538
7/16/2003	29.6	3.388
10/14/2003	30.3	3.411
1/13/2004	28.4	3.346

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	19.3	NO	2.960	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	20.7	NO	3.030	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	18.7	NO	2.929	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	22.7	NO	3.122	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	Yes	21.7	NO	3.077	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	18.4	NO	2.912	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	60.9	YES	4.109	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	29.1	NO	3.371	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	32.4	NO	3.478	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	Yes	29.4	NO	3.381	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	27.7	NO	3.321	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 35.000	**S=** 0.000	**CV(1)=** 0.000	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 35.000	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.555	**S=** 0.000	**CV(2)=** 0.000	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.555	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW220

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	35	3.555
1/15/2003	35	3.555
4/10/2003	35	3.555
7/14/2003	35	3.555
10/13/2003	35	3.555
1/13/2004	35	3.555
4/13/2004	35	3.555
7/21/2004	35	3.555

Well Number: MW394

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	35	3.555
9/16/2002	35	3.555
10/16/2002	35	3.555
1/13/2003	35	3.555
4/10/2003	35	3.555
7/16/2003	35	3.555
10/14/2003	35	3.555
1/13/2004	35	3.555

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	7	NO	1.946	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Chloride UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 49.044	**S=** 11.278	**CV(1)=** 0.230	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 77.499	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.866	**S=** 0.244	**CV(2)=** 0.063	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.482	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	44.6	3.798
1/15/2003	43.2	3.766
4/10/2003	31.5	3.450
7/14/2003	30.8	3.428
10/13/2003	40.9	3.711
1/13/2004	40.8	3.709
4/13/2004	37.5	3.624
7/21/2004	40.8	3.709

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	60.4	4.101
9/16/2002	60.3	4.099
10/16/2002	58	4.060
1/13/2003	60.7	4.106
4/10/2003	62.9	4.142
7/16/2003	58.1	4.062
10/14/2003	58.2	4.064
1/13/2004	56	4.025

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	21.6	NO	3.073	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	34	NO	3.526	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	33.8	NO	3.520	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	30.4	NO	3.414	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	Yes	28.7	NO	3.357	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	33.1	NO	3.500	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	45.5	NO	3.818	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	42	NO	3.738	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	36.8	NO	3.605	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	Yes	38.4	NO	3.648	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	48.4	NO	3.879	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

cis-1,2-Dichloroethene UNITS: ug/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 5.000	**S=** 0.000	**CV(1)=** 0.000	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 5.000	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.609	**S=** 0.000	**CV(2)=** 0.000	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.609	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	5	1.609
1/15/2003	5	1.609
4/10/2003	5	1.609
7/14/2003	5	1.609
10/13/2003	5	1.609
1/13/2004	5	1.609
4/13/2004	5	1.609
7/21/2004	5	1.609

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	5	1.609
9/30/2002	5	1.609
10/16/2002	5	1.609
1/13/2003	5	1.609
4/10/2003	5	1.609
7/16/2003	5	1.609
10/14/2003	5	1.609
1/13/2004	5	1.609

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	Yes	0.48	NO	-0.734	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Cobalt UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.016	**S=** 0.040	**CV(1)=** 2.440	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.116	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -5.582	**S=** 1.573	**CV(2)=** -0.282	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.613	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW220

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	0.0041	-5.497
1/15/2003	0.00496	-5.306
4/10/2003	0.00289	-5.846
7/14/2003	0.161	-1.826
10/13/2003	0.0226	-3.790
1/13/2004	0.00464	-5.373
4/13/2004	0.001	-6.908
7/21/2004	0.00264	-5.937

Well Number: MW394

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.025	-3.689
9/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/16/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/13/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/10/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/16/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/14/2003	0.001	-6.908
1/13/2004	0.001	-6.908

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	0.000193	N/A	-8.553	NO
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	0.000414	N/A	-7.790	NO
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	0.00454	N/A	-5.395	NO
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	0.000724	N/A	-7.231	NO
MW224	Downgradient	Yes	0.000487	N/A	-7.627	NO
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	0.00435	N/A	-5.438	NO
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	0.000676	N/A	-7.299	NO
MW384	Sidegradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Conductivity UNITS: umho/cm URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 382.132 **S=** 107.134 **CV(1)=** 0.280 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 652.432 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.716 **S=** 1.164 **CV(2)=** 0.204 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 8.652 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	368	5.908
1/15/2003	433.2	6.071
4/10/2003	489	6.192
7/14/2003	430	6.064
10/13/2003	346	5.846
1/13/2004	365	5.900
4/13/2004	416	6.031
7/21/2004	353	5.866

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	406	6.006
9/16/2002	418	6.035
10/16/2002	411	6.019
1/13/2003	422	6.045
4/10/2003	420	6.040
7/16/2003	438	6.082
10/14/2003	3.91	1.364
1/13/2004	395	5.979

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	439	NO	6.084	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	402	NO	5.996	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	385	NO	5.953	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	426	NO	6.054	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	Yes	443	NO	6.094	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	387	NO	5.958	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	700	YES	6.551	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	501	NO	6.217	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	554	NO	6.317	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	Yes	457	NO	6.125	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	415	NO	6.028	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Copper UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.024	**S=** 0.010	**CV(1)=** 0.429	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.050	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.794	**S=** 0.312	**CV(2)=** -0.082	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -3.007	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	0.0211	-3.858
1/15/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/10/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/14/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/13/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/13/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/13/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/21/2004	0.02	-3.912

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.05	-2.996
9/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/16/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/13/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/10/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/16/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/14/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/13/2004	0.02	-3.912

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	0.000416	NO	-7.785	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	0.000673	NO	-7.304	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	0.00137	NO	-6.593	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	0.000705	NO	-7.257	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	0.000684	NO	-7.288	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 3.784	**S=** 1.887	**CV(1)=** 0.499	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 8.545	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.182	**S=** 0.612	**CV(2)=** 0.518	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.727	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	6.79	1.915
1/15/2003	7.25	1.981
4/10/2003	3.6	1.281
7/14/2003	0.94	-0.062
10/13/2003	1.65	0.501
1/13/2004	3.48	1.247
4/13/2004	1.05	0.049
7/21/2004	4.46	1.495

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	6.09	1.807
9/16/2002	3.85	1.348
10/16/2002	5.11	1.631
1/13/2003	3.83	1.343
4/10/2003	4.15	1.423
7/16/2003	1.83	0.604
10/14/2003	3.33	1.203
1/13/2004	3.14	1.144

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	6.95	NO	1.939	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	5.69	NO	1.739	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	5.39	NO	1.685	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	5.86	NO	1.768	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	Yes	3.56	NO	1.270	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	0.94	NO	-0.062	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	0.53	NO	-0.635	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	3.93	NO	1.369	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	2.76	NO	1.015	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	Yes	3.02	NO	1.105	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	3.08	NO	1.125	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Solids UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 232.688 **S=** 27.490 **CV(1)=** 0.118 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 302.045 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.443 **S=** 0.118 **CV(2)=** 0.022 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 5.740 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	208	5.338
1/15/2003	257	5.549
4/10/2003	288	5.663
7/14/2003	262	5.568
10/13/2003	197	5.283
1/13/2004	198	5.288
4/13/2004	245	5.501
7/21/2004	204	5.318

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	247	5.509
9/16/2002	259	5.557
10/16/2002	201	5.303
1/13/2003	228	5.429
4/10/2003	249	5.517
7/16/2003	240	5.481
10/14/2003	230	5.438
1/13/2004	210	5.347

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	209	NO	5.342	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	210	NO	5.347	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	237	NO	5.468	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	226	NO	5.421	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	Yes	260	NO	5.561	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	207	NO	5.333	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	530	YES	6.273	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	257	NO	5.549	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	297	NO	5.694	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	Yes	267	NO	5.587	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	226	NO	5.421	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Iron UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.897	**S=** 1.050	**CV(1)=** 1.170	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 3.545	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.565	**S=** 0.951	**CV(2)=** -1.683	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.834	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/15/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/10/2003	0.429	-0.846
7/14/2003	4.33	1.466
10/13/2003	1.81	0.593
1/13/2004	0.793	-0.232
4/13/2004	0.13	-2.040
7/21/2004	0.382	-0.962

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	1.34	0.293
9/16/2002	0.328	-1.115
10/16/2002	1.38	0.322
1/13/2003	1.3	0.262
4/10/2003	0.494	-0.705
7/16/2003	0.62	-0.478
10/14/2003	0.37	-0.994
1/13/2004	0.251	-1.382

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	0.036	N/A	-3.324	NO
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	0.0792	N/A	-2.536	NO
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	2.93	N/A	1.075	NO
MW223	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	0.113	N/A	-2.180	NO
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	0.64	N/A	-0.446	NO
MW384	Sidegradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	0.0945	N/A	-2.359	NO
MW391	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	0.347	N/A	-1.058	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Magnesium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 10.796	**S=** 1.703	**CV(1)=** 0.158	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 15.092	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.368	**S=** 0.158	**CV(2)=** 0.067	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.766	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW220

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	9.16	2.215
1/15/2003	10	2.303
4/10/2003	10.8	2.380
7/14/2003	14.7	2.688
10/13/2003	9.03	2.201
1/13/2004	8.49	2.139
4/13/2004	9.7	2.272
7/21/2004	8.06	2.087

Well Number: MW394

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	11.8	2.468
9/16/2002	12.1	2.493
10/16/2002	11.3	2.425
1/13/2003	10.3	2.332
4/10/2003	11.7	2.460
7/16/2003	12	2.485
10/14/2003	12.2	2.501
1/13/2004	11.4	2.434

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	8.44	NO	2.133	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	9.47	NO	2.248	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	8.67	NO	2.160	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	9.9	NO	2.293	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	Yes	9.59	NO	2.261	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	7.78	NO	2.052	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	23.7	YES	3.165	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	11.3	NO	2.425	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	14	NO	2.639	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	Yes	12.4	NO	2.518	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	11.9	NO	2.477	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Manganese UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.287	**S=** 0.619	**CV(1)=** 2.156	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 1.848	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -2.455	**S=** 1.619	**CV(2)=** -0.659	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.630	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	0.0306	-3.487
1/15/2003	0.0291	-3.537
4/10/2003	0.0137	-4.290
7/14/2003	2.54	0.932
10/13/2003	0.378	-0.973
1/13/2004	0.159	-1.839
4/13/2004	0.00707	-4.952
7/21/2004	0.0841	-2.476

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.542	-0.612
9/16/2002	0.155	-1.864
10/16/2002	0.103	-2.273
1/13/2003	0.128	-2.056
4/10/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/16/2003	0.272	-1.302
10/14/2003	0.0795	-2.532
1/13/2004	0.0658	-2.721

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	0.00107	N/A	-6.840	NO
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	0.00224	N/A	-6.101	NO
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	0.259	N/A	-1.351	NO
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	0.00479	N/A	-5.341	NO
MW224	Downgradient	Yes	0.00485	N/A	-5.329	NO
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	0.0235	N/A	-3.751	NO
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	0.0134	N/A	-4.313	NO
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00118	N/A	-6.742	NO
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	0.00933	N/A	-4.675	NO
MW391	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	0.00723	N/A	-4.930	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Molybdenum UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.006	**S=** 0.008	**CV(1)=** 1.261	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.026	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -5.747	**S=** 1.205	**CV(2)=** -0.210	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -2.708	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	0.00558	-5.189
1/15/2003	0.00983	-4.622
4/10/2003	0.0109	-4.519
7/14/2003	0.00245	-6.012
10/13/2003	0.00566	-5.174
1/13/2004	0.00572	-5.164
4/13/2004	0.001	-6.908
7/21/2004	0.00392	-5.542

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.025	-3.689
9/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/16/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/13/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/10/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/16/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/14/2003	0.001	-6.908
1/13/2004	0.001	-6.908

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	No	0.000771	N/A	-7.168	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	0.00157	N/A	-6.457	NO
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	0.00143	N/A	-6.550	NO
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	0.00319	N/A	-5.748	NO
MW224	Downgradient	No	0.000641	N/A	-7.352	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	No	0.000179	N/A	-8.628	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	No	0.000697	N/A	-7.269	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	No	0.000321	N/A	-8.044	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Nickel UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.127	**S=** 0.228	**CV(1)=** 1.790	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.701	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.617	**S=** 1.837	**CV(2)=** -0.508	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.019	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	0.418	-0.872
1/15/2003	0.738	-0.304
4/10/2003	0.544	-0.609
7/14/2003	0.106	-2.244
10/13/2003	0.0529	-2.939
1/13/2004	0.0209	-3.868
4/13/2004	0.005	-5.298
7/21/2004	0.0192	-3.953

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.05	-2.996
9/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/16/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/13/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/10/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/16/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/14/2003	0.005	-5.298
1/13/2004	0.005	-5.298

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	0.027	N/A	-3.612	NO
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	0.0327	N/A	-3.420	NO
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	0.0568	N/A	-2.868	NO
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	0.393	N/A	-0.934	NO
MW224	Downgradient	Yes	0.00417	N/A	-5.480	NO
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	0.0055	N/A	-5.203	NO
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	0.000999	N/A	-6.909	NO
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	0.000906	N/A	-7.006	NO
MW387	Downgradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	Yes	0.000708	N/A	-7.253	NO
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	0.00189	N/A	-6.271	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential UNITS: mV URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 179.872 **S=** 86.318 **CV(1)=** 0.480 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 397.652 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 4.861 **S=** 1.252 **CV(2)=** 0.258 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 8.021 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	205	5.323
1/15/2003	1.95	0.668
4/10/2003	203	5.313
7/14/2003	30	3.401
10/13/2003	107	4.673
1/13/2004	295	5.687
4/13/2004	190	5.247
7/21/2004	319	5.765

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	90	4.500
9/16/2002	240	5.481
10/16/2002	185	5.220
1/13/2003	220	5.394
4/10/2003	196	5.278
7/16/2003	172	5.147
10/14/2003	175	5.165
1/13/2004	249	5.517

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	449	YES	6.107	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	463	YES	6.138	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	468	YES	6.148	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	467	YES	6.146	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	Yes	468	YES	6.148	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	398	YES	5.986	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	246	NO	5.505	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	459	YES	6.129	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	413	YES	6.023	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	Yes	293	NO	5.680	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	351	NO	5.861	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW220
MW221
MW222
MW223
MW224
MW369
MW384
MW387

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

PCB, Total UNITS: ug/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.212	**S=** 0.152	**CV(1)=** 0.715	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.594	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.655	**S=** 0.376	**CV(2)=** -0.227	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -0.706	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW220

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/14/2003	0.78	-0.248
10/13/2003	0.17	-1.772
7/21/2004	0.18	-1.715
7/14/2005	0.18	-1.715
7/17/2006	0.18	-1.715
7/18/2007	0.17	-1.772
10/24/2007	0.17	-1.772
1/24/2008	0.17	-1.772

Well Number: MW394

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.17	-1.772
9/16/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/16/2003	0.17	-1.772
10/14/2003	0.17	-1.772
7/20/2004	0.18	-1.715
7/11/2005	0.18	-1.715
7/17/2006	0.18	-1.715
7/17/2007	0.17	-1.772

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW369	Downgradient	No	0.0962	N/A	-2.341	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	0.0552	NO	-2.897	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

PCB-1242 UNITS: ug/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.146	**S=** 0.170	**CV(1)=** 1.164	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.573	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -2.149	**S=** 0.517	**CV(2)=** -0.241	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -0.844	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW220

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/14/2003	0.78	-0.248
10/13/2003	0.09	-2.408
7/21/2004	0.1	-2.303
7/14/2005	0.1	-2.303
7/17/2006	0.1	-2.303
7/18/2007	0.1	-2.303
10/24/2007	0.1	-2.303
1/24/2008	0.1	-2.303

Well Number: MW394

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.11	-2.207
9/16/2002	0.13	-2.040
7/16/2003	0.13	-2.040
10/14/2003	0.09	-2.408
7/20/2004	0.1	-2.303
7/11/2005	0.1	-2.303
7/17/2006	0.1	-2.303
7/17/2007	0.1	-2.303

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW369	Downgradient	No	0.0962	N/A	-2.341	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	0.0552	N/A	-2.897	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

pH UNITS: Std Unit URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 6.138	**S=** 0.282	**CV(1)=** 0.046	**K factor**=** 2.904	**TL(1)=** 6.957	**LL(1)=**5.3179
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.813	**S=** 0.047	**CV(2)=** 0.026	**K factor**=** 2.904	**TL(2)=** 1.950	**LL(2)=**1.6765

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Well Number: MW220

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	6.04	1.798
1/15/2003	6.31	1.842
4/10/2003	6.5	1.872
7/14/2003	6.3	1.841
10/13/2003	6.34	1.847
1/13/2004	6.33	1.845
4/13/2004	6.3	1.841
7/21/2004	5.9	1.775

Well Number: MW394

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	5.8	1.758
9/30/2002	5.93	1.780
10/16/2002	5.42	1.690
1/13/2003	6	1.792
4/10/2003	6.04	1.798
7/16/2003	6.2	1.825
10/14/2003	6.4	1.856
1/13/2004	6.39	1.855

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)? Result <LL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)? LN(Result) <LL(2)?
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	6.56	NO	1.881	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	6.34	NO	1.847	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	6.4	NO	1.856	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	6.33	NO	1.845	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	Yes	6.43	NO	1.861	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	6.21	NO	1.826	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	6.31	NO	1.842	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	6.36	NO	1.850	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	6.21	NO	1.826	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	Yes	6.24	NO	1.831	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	6.44	NO	1.863	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Potassium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 6.654	**S=** 9.310	**CV(1)=** 1.399	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 30.144	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.130	**S=** 1.208	**CV(2)=** 1.069	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.178	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW220

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	6.7	1.902
1/15/2003	29.7	3.391
4/10/2003	24.9	3.215
7/14/2003	1.13	0.122
10/13/2003	3.43	1.233
1/13/2004	6.71	1.904
4/13/2004	19.3	2.960
7/21/2004	3.97	1.379

Well Number: MW394

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	2	0.693
9/16/2002	2	0.693
10/16/2002	1.03	0.030
1/13/2003	1.1	0.095
4/10/2003	1.24	0.215
7/16/2003	1.14	0.131
10/14/2003	1.05	0.049
1/13/2004	1.07	0.068

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	4.23	N/A	1.442	NO
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	1.19	N/A	0.174	NO
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	0.574	N/A	-0.555	NO
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	1.09	N/A	0.086	NO
MW224	Downgradient	Yes	0.772	N/A	-0.259	NO
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	0.581	N/A	-0.543	NO
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	2.25	N/A	0.811	NO
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	1.13	N/A	0.122	NO
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	1.69	N/A	0.525	NO
MW391	Downgradient	Yes	1.56	N/A	0.445	NO
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	1.27	N/A	0.239	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sodium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 36.363	**S=** 8.666	**CV(1)=** 0.238	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 58.227	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.570	**S=** 0.222	**CV(2)=** 0.062	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.129	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	35.4	3.567
1/15/2003	40.6	3.704
4/10/2003	51	3.932
7/14/2003	58.2	4.064
10/13/2003	38.1	3.640
1/13/2004	37	3.611
4/13/2004	43.2	3.766
7/21/2004	33.8	3.520

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	32.9	3.493
9/16/2002	29.9	3.398
10/16/2002	29	3.367
1/13/2003	27.1	3.300
4/10/2003	24.8	3.211
7/16/2003	35.6	3.572
10/14/2003	33.9	3.523
1/13/2004	31.3	3.444

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	40.1	NO	3.691	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	45.3	NO	3.813	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	47.3	NO	3.857	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	48.4	NO	3.879	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	Yes	57.8	NO	4.057	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	55.7	NO	4.020	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	57.7	NO	4.055	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	54.1	NO	3.991	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	53.3	NO	3.976	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	Yes	40.9	NO	3.711	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	32.3	NO	3.475	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sulfate UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 10.481	**S=** 2.648	**CV(1)=** 0.253	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 17.161	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.322	**S=** 0.239	**CV(2)=** 0.103	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.925	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	10.4	2.342
1/15/2003	9.8	2.282
4/10/2003	15.4	2.734
7/14/2003	14.9	2.701
10/13/2003	13.5	2.603
1/13/2004	10.3	2.332
4/13/2004	14.3	2.660
7/21/2004	10.5	2.351

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	11.2	2.416
9/16/2002	8.3	2.116
10/16/2002	8	2.079
1/13/2003	8.5	2.140
4/10/2003	7.9	2.067
7/16/2003	8.4	2.128
10/14/2003	8.2	2.104
1/13/2004	8.1	2.092

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	16.5	NO	2.803	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	14.1	NO	2.646	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	11.9	NO	2.477	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	19.1	YES	2.950	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	Yes	13.4	NO	2.595	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	9.98	NO	2.301	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	102	YES	4.625	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	20.2	YES	3.006	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	26.7	YES	3.285	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	Yes	40.6	YES	3.704	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	10.1	NO	2.313	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW223
MW372
MW384
MW387
MW391

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Tantalum UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.029	**S=** 0.067	**CV(1)=** 2.267	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.197	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -4.837	**S=** 1.260	**CV(2)=** -0.260	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.658	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW220

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/15/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/10/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/14/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/13/2003	0.005	-5.298
1/13/2004	0.005	-5.298
4/13/2004	0.005	-5.298
7/21/2004	0.005	-5.298

Well Number: MW394

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.2	-1.609
9/16/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/16/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/13/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/10/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/16/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/14/2003	0.005	-5.298
1/13/2004	0.005	-5.298

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	0.00104	N/A	-6.869	NO
MW222	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	0.00133	N/A	-6.623	NO
MW224	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Technetium-99 UNITS: pCi/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 9.354	**S=** 9.280	**CV(1)=** 0.992	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 32.768	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.270	**S=** 0.849	**CV(2)=** 0.374	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.262	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	19.7	2.981
1/15/2003	26.1	3.262
4/10/2003	3.56	1.270
7/14/2003	0	#Func!
10/13/2003	21	3.045
1/13/2004	6.32	1.844
4/13/2004	3	1.099
7/21/2004	14.6	2.681

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	14	2.639
9/16/2002	5.45	1.696
10/16/2002	2.49	0.912
1/13/2003	18.3	2.907
4/10/2003	-1.45	#Func!
7/16/2003	-1.71	#Func!
10/14/2003	18.3	2.907
1/13/2004	0	#Func!

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	No	18.4	N/A	2.912	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	No	16	N/A	2.773	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	No	12.4	N/A	2.518	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	No	-1.08	N/A	#Error	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	No	8.18	N/A	2.102	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	52.7	YES	3.965	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	No	18.3	N/A	2.907	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	210	YES	5.347	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	232	YES	5.447	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	No	0.266	N/A	-1.324	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	No	4.07	N/A	1.404	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW369
MW384
MW387

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Carbon (TOC) UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.494	**S=** 0.737	**CV(1)=** 0.493	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 3.353	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.315	**S=** 0.402	**CV(2)=** 1.279	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.330	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	1	0.000
1/15/2003	1.1	0.095
4/10/2003	1	0.000
7/14/2003	3.3	1.194
10/13/2003	1.8	0.588
1/13/2004	1	0.000
4/13/2004	2	0.693
7/21/2004	3.1	1.131

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	1.3	0.262
9/16/2002	1	0.000
10/16/2002	1	0.000
1/13/2003	1.6	0.470
4/10/2003	1	0.000
7/16/2003	1.4	0.336
10/14/2003	1.3	0.262
1/13/2004	1	0.000

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	0.762	NO	-0.272	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	0.814	NO	-0.206	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	0.781	NO	-0.247	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	1	NO	0.000	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	Yes	1.06	NO	0.058	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	1.29	NO	0.255	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	1.29	NO	0.255	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	1.19	NO	0.174	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	1.13	NO	0.122	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	Yes	0.792	NO	-0.233	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	0.77	NO	-0.261	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Halides (TOX) UNITS: ug/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 63.475	**S=** 163.135	**CV(1)=** 2.570	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 475.063	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.103	**S=** 1.145	**CV(2)=** 0.369	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 5.992	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	50	3.912
1/15/2003	10	2.303
4/10/2003	10	2.303
7/14/2003	10	2.303
10/13/2003	10	2.303
1/13/2004	10	2.303
4/13/2004	10	2.303
7/21/2004	10	2.303

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	50	3.912
9/16/2002	672	6.510
10/16/2002	50	3.912
1/13/2003	36.1	3.586
4/10/2003	10	2.303
7/16/2003	42.7	3.754
10/14/2003	22	3.091
1/13/2004	12.8	2.549

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	No	8.82	N/A	2.177	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	No	5.56	N/A	1.716	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	No	5.64	N/A	1.730	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	No	6.44	N/A	1.863	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	No	5.36	N/A	1.679	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	25.4	N/A	3.235	NO
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	8.86	N/A	2.182	NO
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	4.42	N/A	1.486	NO
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	6.1	N/A	1.808	NO
MW391	Downgradient	Yes	5.56	N/A	1.716	NO
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	6.82	N/A	1.920	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Trichloroethene UNITS: ug/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 8.813	**S=** 8.376	**CV(1)=** 0.951	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 29.946	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.395	**S=** 1.449	**CV(2)=** 1.039	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 5.052	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW220

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	1	0.000
1/15/2003	1	0.000
4/10/2003	1	0.000
7/14/2003	1	0.000
10/13/2003	1	0.000
1/13/2004	1	0.000
4/13/2004	1	0.000
7/21/2004	1	0.000

Well Number: MW394

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	16	2.773
9/30/2002	20	2.996
10/16/2002	17	2.833
1/13/2003	15	2.708
4/10/2003	10	2.303
7/16/2003	19	2.944
10/14/2003	20	2.996
1/13/2004	16	2.773

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	0.34	N/A	-1.079	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	1.08	N/A	0.077	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	9.87	NO	2.289	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	0.33	N/A	-1.109	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	1.03	N/A	0.030	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	Yes	9.31	NO	2.231	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	Yes	6.44	NO	1.863	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Vanadium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.021	**S=** 0.002	**CV(1)=** 0.083	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.025	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.884	**S=** 0.076	**CV(2)=** -0.020	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -3.692	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/15/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/10/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/14/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/13/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/13/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/13/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/21/2004	0.02	-3.912

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.025	-3.689
9/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/16/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/13/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/10/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/16/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/14/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/13/2004	0.02	-3.912

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	No	0.00839	N/A	-4.781	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	No	0.00302	N/A	-5.802	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	No	0.00417	N/A	-5.480	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	0.00337	NO	-5.693	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	No	0.00302	N/A	-5.802	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Zinc UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.036	**S=** 0.026	**CV(1)=** 0.722	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.101	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.485	**S=** 0.525	**CV(2)=** -0.151	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -2.162	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/14/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/15/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/10/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/14/2003	0.0389	-3.247
10/13/2003	0.026	-3.650
1/13/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/13/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/21/2004	0.02	-3.912

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.1	-2.303
9/16/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/13/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/10/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/16/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/14/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/13/2004	0.02	-3.912

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	0.00497	NO	-5.304	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	0.00547	NO	-5.208	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW394	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Aluminum UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.258	**S=** 0.221	**CV(1)=** 0.856	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.815	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -2.266	**S=** 2.485	**CV(2)=** -1.097	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.003	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.2	-1.609
9/16/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/16/2002	0.0002	-8.517
1/13/2003	0.737	-0.305
4/10/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/16/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/14/2003	0.2	-1.609
1/13/2004	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.824	-0.194
9/16/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/17/2002	0.0002	-8.517
1/13/2003	0.363	-1.013
4/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/16/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/14/2003	0.2	-1.609
1/13/2004	0.2	-1.609

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	0.02	NO	-3.912	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	0.0154	NO	-4.173	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	0.0615	NO	-2.789	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	0.021	NO	-3.863	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	0.0396	NO	-3.229	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	0.019	NO	-3.963	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Beta activity UNITS: pCi/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 7.183	**S=** 2.612	**CV(1)=** 0.364	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 13.773	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.870	**S=** 0.552	**CV(2)=** 0.295	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.261	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	1.09	0.086
9/16/2002	5.79	1.756
10/16/2002	6.82	1.920
1/13/2003	5.01	1.611
4/10/2003	6.1	1.808
7/16/2003	8.51	2.141
10/14/2003	4.99	1.607
1/13/2004	6.58	1.884

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	9.57	2.259
9/16/2002	11	2.398
10/17/2002	9.3	2.230
1/13/2003	8.63	2.155
4/8/2003	10	2.303
7/16/2003	6.89	1.930
10/14/2003	10.1	2.313
1/13/2004	4.55	1.515

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	35.4	N/A	3.567	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	25.6	N/A	3.243	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	172	YES	5.147	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	146	YES	4.984	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	No	2.23	N/A	0.802	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	17.2	N/A	2.845	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	9.49	N/A	2.250	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW385
MW388

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Boron UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.650	**S=** 0.805	**CV(1)=** 1.238	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 2.681	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.034	**S=** 1.030	**CV(2)=** -0.996	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.564	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	2	0.693
9/16/2002	2	0.693
10/16/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/13/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/10/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/16/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/14/2003	0.2	-1.609
1/13/2004	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	2	0.693
9/16/2002	2	0.693
10/17/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/13/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/16/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/14/2003	0.2	-1.609
1/13/2004	0.2	-1.609

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	0.0291	N/A	-3.537	NO
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	1.42	N/A	0.351	NO
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	0.0122	N/A	-4.406	NO
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	0.0216	N/A	-3.835	NO
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	0.0248	N/A	-3.697	NO
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	0.0225	N/A	-3.794	NO
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	0.00726	N/A	-4.925	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Bromide UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.000	**S=** 0.000	**CV(1)=** 0.000	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 1.000	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.000	**S=** 0.000	**CV(2)=** #Num!	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.000	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW395	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	1	0.000
9/16/2002	1	0.000
10/16/2002	1	0.000
1/13/2003	1	0.000
4/10/2003	1	0.000
7/16/2003	1	0.000
10/14/2003	1	0.000
1/13/2004	1	0.000

Well Number:	MW397	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	1	0.000
9/16/2002	1	0.000
10/17/2002	1	0.000
1/13/2003	1	0.000
4/8/2003	1	0.000
7/16/2003	1	0.000
10/14/2003	1	0.000
1/13/2004	1	0.000

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	0.472	NO	-0.751	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	0.595	NO	-0.519	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	0.277	NO	-1.284	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	0.34	NO	-1.079	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	0.575	NO	-0.553	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	0.551	NO	-0.596	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	0.497	NO	-0.699	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Calcium UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 23.103	**S=** 11.538	**CV(1)=** 0.499	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 52.213	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.357	**S=** 2.411	**CV(2)=** 1.023	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 8.439	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	32.2	3.472
9/16/2002	33	3.497
10/16/2002	0.0295	-3.523
1/13/2003	32.1	3.469
4/10/2003	40.2	3.694
7/16/2003	32.4	3.478
10/14/2003	33.9	3.523
1/13/2004	31.2	3.440

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	19.4	2.965
9/16/2002	19	2.944
10/17/2002	0.0179	-4.023
1/13/2003	17.8	2.879
4/8/2003	20.3	3.011
7/16/2003	19.4	2.965
10/14/2003	19.9	2.991
1/13/2004	18.8	2.934

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	27.6	NO	3.318	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	68	YES	4.220	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	25.1	NO	3.223	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	27.2	NO	3.303	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	27.2	NO	3.303	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	27.4	NO	3.311	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	19.2	NO	2.955	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW373

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 35.313	**S=** 1.250	**CV(1)=** 0.035	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 38.466	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.564	**S=** 0.033	**CV(2)=** 0.009	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.648	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	35	3.555
9/16/2002	35	3.555
10/16/2002	35	3.555
1/13/2003	35	3.555
4/10/2003	35	3.555
7/16/2003	35	3.555
10/14/2003	35	3.555
1/13/2004	35	3.555

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	40	3.689
9/16/2002	35	3.555
10/17/2002	35	3.555
1/13/2003	35	3.555
4/8/2003	35	3.555
7/16/2003	35	3.555
10/14/2003	35	3.555
1/13/2004	35	3.555

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	19.1	NO	2.950	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Chloride UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 51.844	**S=** 11.652	**CV(1)=** 0.225	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 81.242	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.924	**S=** 0.229	**CV(2)=** 0.058	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.501	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW395	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	62.2	4.130
9/16/2002	64.7	4.170
10/16/2002	62.2	4.130
1/13/2003	63.5	4.151
4/10/2003	64.1	4.160
7/16/2003	64	4.159
10/14/2003	63.2	4.146
1/13/2004	60.6	4.104

Well Number:	MW397	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	38.9	3.661
9/16/2002	39.8	3.684
10/17/2002	39.3	3.671
1/13/2003	40.5	3.701
4/8/2003	42.1	3.740
7/16/2003	42	3.738
10/14/2003	40.8	3.709
1/13/2004	41.6	3.728

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	36.6	NO	3.600	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	48.1	NO	3.873	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	31.5	NO	3.450	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	32.1	NO	3.469	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	47.9	NO	3.869	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	49.2	NO	3.896	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	39.7	NO	3.681	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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cis-1,2-Dichloroethene UNITS: ug/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 5.000	**S=** 0.000	**CV(1)=** 0.000	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 5.000	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.609	**S=** 0.000	**CV(2)=** 0.000	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.609	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW395	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	5	1.609
9/30/2002	5	1.609
10/16/2002	5	1.609
1/13/2003	5	1.609
4/10/2003	5	1.609
7/16/2003	5	1.609
10/14/2003	5	1.609
1/13/2004	5	1.609

Well Number:	MW397	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	5	1.609
9/30/2002	5	1.609
10/17/2002	5	1.609
1/13/2003	5	1.609
4/8/2003	5	1.609
7/16/2003	5	1.609
10/14/2003	5	1.609
1/13/2004	5	1.609

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	0.68	NO	-0.386	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	No	1	N/A	0.000	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Cobalt UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.007	**S=** 0.011	**CV(1)=** 1.515	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.034	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -6.053	**S=** 1.416	**CV(2)=** -0.234	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -2.480	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.025	-3.689
9/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/16/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/13/2003	0.00148	-6.516
4/10/2003	0.00151	-6.496
7/16/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/14/2003	0.001	-6.908
1/13/2004	0.001	-6.908

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.025	-3.689
9/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/17/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/13/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/16/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/14/2003	0.001	-6.908
1/13/2004	0.001	-6.908

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	0.000356	N/A	-7.941	NO
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	0.000922	N/A	-6.989	NO
MW385	Sidegradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	0.000142	N/A	-8.860	NO
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	0.000185	N/A	-8.595	NO
MW395	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Conductivity UNITS: umho/cm LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 377.875	**S=**	52.101	**CV(1)=** 0.138	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 509.326	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 5.926	**S=**	0.136	**CV(2)=** 0.023	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 6.270	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW395	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	405	6.004
9/16/2002	401	5.994
10/16/2002	392	5.971
1/13/2003	404	6.001
4/10/2003	488	6.190
7/16/2003	450	6.109
10/14/2003	410	6.016
1/13/2004	413	6.023

Well Number:	MW397	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	322	5.775
9/16/2002	315	5.753
10/17/2002	317	5.759
1/13/2003	320	5.768
4/8/2003	390	5.966
7/16/2003	354	5.869
10/14/2003	331	5.802
1/13/2004	334	5.811

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	427	NO	6.057	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	793	YES	6.676	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	413	NO	6.023	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	473	NO	6.159	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	400	NO	5.991	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	408	NO	6.011	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	353	NO	5.866	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW373

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Copper UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.028	**S=** 0.013	**CV(1)=** 0.474	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.061	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.662	**S=** 0.406	**CV(2)=** -0.111	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -2.638	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW395	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.05	-2.996
9/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/16/2002	0.0281	-3.572
1/13/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/10/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/16/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/14/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/13/2004	0.02	-3.912

Well Number:	MW397	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.05	-2.996
9/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/17/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/13/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/16/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/14/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/13/2004	0.02	-3.912

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	0.000443	NO	-7.722	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	0.000415	NO	-7.787	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 4.678	**S=** 2.431	**CV(1)=** 0.520	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 10.812	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.414	**S=** 0.550	**CV(2)=** 0.389	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.802	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	7.29	1.987
9/30/2002	4.03	1.394
10/16/2002	3.85	1.348
1/13/2003	2.36	0.859
4/10/2003	1.14	0.131
7/16/2003	1.76	0.565
10/14/2003	4.05	1.399
1/13/2004	4.26	1.449

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	11.56	2.448
9/16/2002	5.86	1.768
10/17/2002	5.94	1.782
1/13/2003	4.66	1.539
4/8/2003	3.77	1.327
7/16/2003	3.47	1.244
10/14/2003	5.34	1.675
1/13/2004	5.51	1.707

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	3.44	NO	1.235	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	2.24	NO	0.806	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	2.8	NO	1.030	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	3.17	NO	1.154	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	0.98	NO	-0.020	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	3.03	NO	1.109	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	5.58	NO	1.719	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Solids UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 219.250	**S=**	34.107	**CV(1)=** 0.156	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 305.301	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 5.379	**S=**	0.152	**CV(2)=** 0.028	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 5.762	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW395	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	249	5.517
9/16/2002	272	5.606
10/16/2002	255	5.541
1/13/2003	211	5.352
4/10/2003	289	5.666
7/16/2003	236	5.464
10/14/2003	224	5.412
1/13/2004	235	5.460

Well Number:	MW397	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	187	5.231
9/16/2002	197	5.283
10/17/2002	183	5.209
1/13/2003	182	5.204
4/8/2003	217	5.380
7/16/2003	196	5.278
10/14/2003	198	5.288
1/13/2004	177	5.176

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	240	NO	5.481	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	507	YES	6.229	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	221	NO	5.398	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	267	NO	5.587	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	227	NO	5.425	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	229	NO	5.434	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	204	NO	5.318	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW373

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Iron UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.400	**S=** 0.514	**CV(1)=** 1.286	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 1.698	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -2.197	**S=** 2.634	**CV(2)=** -1.199	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.449	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.294	-1.224
9/16/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/16/2002	0.0002	-8.517
1/13/2003	1.33	0.285
4/10/2003	1.31	0.270
7/16/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/14/2003	0.1	-2.303
1/13/2004	0.1	-2.303

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	1.58	0.457
9/16/2002	0.232	-1.461
10/17/2002	0.0002	-8.517
1/13/2003	0.453	-0.792
4/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/16/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/14/2003	0.1	-2.303
1/13/2004	0.1	-2.303

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	0.353	N/A	-1.041	NO
MW385	Sidegradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	0.308	N/A	-1.178	NO
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	0.203	N/A	-1.595	NO
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	0.18	N/A	-1.715	NO
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	0.0373	N/A	-3.289	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Magnesium UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 9.102	**S=** 4.685	**CV(1)=** 0.515	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 20.922	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.423	**S=** 2.408	**CV(2)=** 1.692	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 7.500	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	12.5	2.526
9/16/2002	13	2.565
10/16/2002	0.0127	-4.366
1/13/2003	11.2	2.416
4/10/2003	17.5	2.862
7/16/2003	12.9	2.557
10/14/2003	13.4	2.595
1/13/2004	12.4	2.518

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	7.83	2.058
9/16/2002	7.64	2.033
10/17/2002	0.00658	-5.024
1/13/2003	6.69	1.901
4/8/2003	7.28	1.985
7/16/2003	7.82	2.057
10/14/2003	7.94	2.072
1/13/2004	7.51	2.016

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	11.8	NO	2.468	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	26.4	YES	3.273	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	8.82	NO	2.177	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	11.9	NO	2.477	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	10.1	NO	2.313	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	11.8	NO	2.468	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	8.18	NO	2.102	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW373

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Manganese UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.131	**S=** 0.195	**CV(1)=** 1.487	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.624	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.104	**S=** 1.529	**CV(2)=** -0.493	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.755	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.361	-1.019
9/16/2002	0.028	-3.576
10/16/2002	0.026	-3.650
1/13/2003	0.0713	-2.641
4/10/2003	0.629	-0.464
7/16/2003	0.297	-1.214
10/14/2003	0.0198	-3.922
1/13/2004	0.0126	-4.374

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.466	-0.764
9/16/2002	0.077	-2.564
10/17/2002	0.028	-3.576
1/13/2003	0.0164	-4.110
4/8/2003	0.0407	-3.202
7/16/2003	0.0167	-4.092
10/14/2003	0.00555	-5.194
1/13/2004	0.005	-5.298

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	0.00163	N/A	-6.419	NO
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	0.0459	N/A	-3.081	NO
MW385	Sidegradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	0.00312	N/A	-5.770	NO
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	0.0689	N/A	-2.675	NO
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	0.00266	N/A	-5.929	NO
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	0.00116	N/A	-6.759	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Nickel UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.018	**S=** 0.020	**CV(1)=** 1.089	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.068	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -4.540	**S=** 1.020	**CV(2)=** -0.225	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.965	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW395	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.05	-2.996
9/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/16/2002	0.00702	-4.959
1/13/2003	0.029	-3.540
4/10/2003	0.0091	-4.699
7/16/2003	0.00627	-5.072
10/14/2003	0.005	-5.298
1/13/2004	0.005	-5.298

Well Number:	MW397	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.05	-2.996
9/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/17/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/13/2003	0.00502	-5.294
4/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/16/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/14/2003	0.005	-5.298
1/13/2004	0.005	-5.298

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	0.000795	N/A	-7.137	NO
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	0.000696	N/A	-7.270	NO
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	0.000947	N/A	-6.962	NO
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	0.00132	N/A	-6.630	NO
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	0.000853	N/A	-7.067	NO
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	0.000705	N/A	-7.257	NO
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	0.000779	N/A	-7.157	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential UNITS: mV LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 157.250 **S=** 52.376 **CV(1)=** 0.333 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 289.395 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.003 **S=** 0.348 **CV(2)=** 0.069 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 5.880 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW395	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	80	4.382
9/16/2002	145	4.977
10/16/2002	125	4.828
1/13/2003	85	4.443
4/10/2003	159	5.069
7/16/2003	98	4.585
10/14/2003	138	4.927
1/13/2004	233	5.451

Well Number:	MW397	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	115	4.745
9/30/2002	140	4.942
10/17/2002	185	5.220
1/13/2003	230	5.438
4/8/2003	155	5.043
7/16/2003	188	5.236
10/14/2003	187	5.231
1/13/2004	253	5.533

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	415	YES	6.028	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	193	NO	5.263	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	466	YES	6.144	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	410	YES	6.016	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	414	YES	6.026	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	380	YES	5.940	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	473	YES	6.159	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW370
MW385
MW388
MW392
MW395
MW397

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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pH UNITS: Std Unit LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 6.048	**S=** 0.248	**CV(1)=** 0.041	**K factor**=** 2.904	**TL(1)=** 6.767	**LL(1)=**5.3289
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.799	**S=** 0.042	**CV(2)=** 0.023	**K factor**=** 2.904	**TL(2)=** 1.920	**LL(2)=**1.6782

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW395	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	5.8	1.758
9/16/2002	6	1.792
10/16/2002	5.47	1.699
1/13/2003	6	1.792
4/10/2003	6.18	1.821
7/16/2003	6	1.792
10/14/2003	6.31	1.842
1/13/2004	6.24	1.831

Well Number:	MW397	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	5.84	1.765
9/30/2002	6	1.792
10/17/2002	5.75	1.749
1/13/2003	6	1.792
4/8/2003	6.3	1.841
7/16/2003	6.2	1.825
10/14/2003	6.36	1.850
1/13/2004	6.32	1.844

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)? Result <LL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)? LN(Result) <LL(2)?
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	6.17	NO	1.820	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	6.39	NO	1.855	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	6.3	NO	1.841	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	6.26	NO	1.834	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	6.32	NO	1.844	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	6.24	NO	1.831	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	6.28	NO	1.837	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Potassium UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.590	**S=** 0.642	**CV(1)=** 0.404	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 3.208	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.306	**S=** 2.457	**CV(2)=** -8.028	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 5.892	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	2	0.693
9/16/2002	2	0.693
10/16/2002	0.00129	-6.653
1/13/2003	1.51	0.412
4/10/2003	1.67	0.513
7/16/2003	1.73	0.548
10/14/2003	1.7	0.531
1/13/2004	1.58	0.457

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	2.03	0.708
9/16/2002	2	0.693
10/17/2002	0.00145	-6.536
1/13/2003	1.69	0.525
4/8/2003	1.73	0.548
7/16/2003	2	0.693
10/14/2003	1.92	0.652
1/13/2004	1.87	0.626

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	2.34	NO	0.850	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	2.5	NO	0.916	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	1.55	NO	0.438	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	1.79	NO	0.582	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	1.75	NO	0.560	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	1.57	NO	0.451	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	1.76	NO	0.565	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Sodium UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 29.560	**S=** 13.894	**CV(1)=** 0.470	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 64.616	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.615	**S=** 2.411	**CV(2)=** 0.922	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 8.699	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	27	3.296
9/16/2002	27.2	3.303
10/16/2002	0.0253	-3.677
1/13/2003	22.6	3.118
4/10/2003	53.9	3.987
7/16/2003	30	3.401
10/14/2003	29.1	3.371
1/13/2004	26.4	3.273

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	35.2	3.561
9/16/2002	34.3	3.535
10/17/2002	0.0336	-3.393
1/13/2003	31.3	3.444
4/8/2003	46.1	3.831
7/16/2003	38.4	3.648
10/14/2003	37.1	3.614
1/13/2004	34.3	3.535

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	41.2	NO	3.718	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	61.7	NO	4.122	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	47	NO	3.850	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	47.8	NO	3.867	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	35.8	NO	3.578	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	31.2	NO	3.440	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	33.5	NO	3.512	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Sulfate UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 10.756	**S=** 2.147	**CV(1)=** 0.200	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 16.173	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.356	**S=** 0.203	**CV(2)=** 0.086	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.869	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	10.3	2.332
9/16/2002	9.1	2.208
10/16/2002	8.8	2.175
1/13/2003	9	2.197
4/10/2003	8.3	2.116
7/16/2003	8.2	2.104
10/14/2003	8.3	2.116
1/13/2004	8.2	2.104

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	14	2.639
9/16/2002	12.8	2.549
10/17/2002	12.3	2.510
1/13/2003	12.7	2.542
4/8/2003	12.8	2.549
7/16/2003	13.1	2.573
10/14/2003	12.1	2.493
1/13/2004	12.1	2.493

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	18.4	YES	2.912	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	127	YES	4.844	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	21.3	YES	3.059	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	23.5	YES	3.157	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	6	NO	1.792	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	9.84	NO	2.286	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	11.2	NO	2.416	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW370
MW373
MW385
MW388

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Tantalum UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.054	**S=** 0.087	**CV(1)=** 1.622	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.274	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -4.376	**S=** 1.650	**CV(2)=** -0.377	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -0.214	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.2	-1.609
9/16/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/16/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/13/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/10/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/16/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/14/2003	0.005	-5.298
1/13/2004	0.005	-5.298

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	0.2	-1.609
9/16/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/17/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/13/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/16/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/14/2003	0.005	-5.298
1/13/2004	0.005	-5.298

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00217	N/A	-6.133	NO
MW388	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Technetium-99 UNITS: pCi/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 11.359	**S=** 9.138	**CV(1)=** 0.805	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 34.414	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.398	**S=** 0.859	**CV(2)=** 0.358	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.246	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW395	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	20.8	3.035
9/16/2002	16.2	2.785
10/16/2002	8.28	2.114
1/13/2003	13	2.565
4/10/2003	-9.37	#Func!
7/16/2003	0.826	-0.191
10/14/2003	14.1	2.646
1/13/2004	0	#Func!

Well Number:	MW397	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	6.06	1.802
9/16/2002	17.3	2.851
10/17/2002	25.7	3.246
1/13/2003	20.9	3.040
4/8/2003	20.1	3.001
7/16/2003	9.2	2.219
10/14/2003	10.1	2.313
1/13/2004	8.54	2.145

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	32.1	NO	3.469	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	50.3	YES	3.918	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	199	YES	5.293	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	164	YES	5.100	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	No	-9.7	N/A	#Error	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	No	5.69	N/A	1.739	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	No	17.4	N/A	2.856	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW373
MW385
MW388

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Carbon (TOC) UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.544	**S=** 0.856	**CV(1)=** 0.554	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 3.702	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.325	**S=** 0.452	**CV(2)=** 1.393	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.465	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	1.6	0.470
9/16/2002	1.1	0.095
10/16/2002	1	0.000
1/13/2003	2	0.693
4/10/2003	3.4	1.224
7/16/2003	2	0.693
10/14/2003	1	0.000
1/13/2004	1	0.000

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	1	0.000
9/16/2002	1	0.000
10/17/2002	1	0.000
1/13/2003	3.6	1.281
4/8/2003	1.9	0.642
7/16/2003	1.1	0.095
10/14/2003	1	0.000
1/13/2004	1	0.000

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	0.852	NO	-0.160	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	1.12	NO	0.113	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	0.998	NO	-0.002	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	1.1	NO	0.095	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	0.984	NO	-0.016	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	0.766	NO	-0.267	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	0.773	NO	-0.257	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Halides (TOX) UNITS: ug/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 31.513	**S=** 18.609	**CV(1)=** 0.591	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 78.462	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.240	**S=** 0.707	**CV(2)=** 0.218	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 5.024	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	50	3.912
9/16/2002	50	3.912
10/16/2002	50	3.912
1/13/2003	18.3	2.907
4/10/2003	51.2	3.936
7/16/2003	42.6	3.752
10/14/2003	12.3	2.510
1/13/2004	10	2.303

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	50	3.912
9/16/2002	50	3.912
10/17/2002	50	3.912
1/13/2003	12	2.485
4/8/2003	19.9	2.991
7/16/2003	17.9	2.885
10/14/2003	10	2.303
1/13/2004	10	2.303

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	6.1	NO	1.808	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	14.1	NO	2.646	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	No	10	N/A	2.303	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	3.86	NO	1.351	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	26	NO	3.258	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	No	10	N/A	2.303	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	3.44	NO	1.235	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Trichloroethene UNITS: ug/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 7.313	**S=** 5.701	**CV(1)=** 0.780	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 21.695	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.467	**S=** 1.213	**CV(2)=** 0.827	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.528	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	11	2.398
9/30/2002	14	2.639
10/16/2002	12	2.485
1/13/2003	14	2.639
4/10/2003	14	2.639
7/16/2003	13	2.565
10/14/2003	12	2.485
1/13/2004	11	2.398

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
8/13/2002	5	1.609
9/30/2002	5	1.609
10/17/2002	1	0.000
1/13/2003	1	0.000
4/8/2003	1	0.000
7/16/2003	1	0.000
10/14/2003	1	0.000
1/13/2004	1	0.000

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	0.93	N/A	-0.073	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	9.93	NO	2.296	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	0.47	N/A	-0.755	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	0.85	N/A	-0.163	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	16.3	NO	2.791	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	4.61	N/A	1.528	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	0.3	N/A	-1.204	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

ATTACHMENT D2

COMPARISON OF CURRENT DATA TO ONE-SIDED UPPER TOLERANCE INTERVAL TEST CALCULATED USING CURRENT BACKGROUND DATA

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C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Beta activity UNITS: pCi/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** -0.783	**S=** 3.821	**CV(1)=** -4.880	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 11.399	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.897	**S=** 0.816	**CV(2)=** 0.909	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** 1.575	**LL(2)=**N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	3.08	1.125
4/9/2014	-0.524	#Func!
7/17/2014	-5.25	#Func!
10/27/2014	-5.77	#Func!
1/8/2015	-0.133	#Func!
4/22/2015	0.992	-0.008
7/16/2015	4.83	1.575
10/22/2015	-3.49	#Func!

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	51.5	YES	3.942	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW390

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential — UNITS: mV — UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 316.625 **S=** 152.698 **CV(1)=** 0.482 **K factor**=** 3.188 **TL(1)=** 803.425 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.647 **S=** 0.515 **CV(2)=** 0.091 **K factor**=** 3.188 **TL(2)=** 7.288 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW396

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	549	6.308
4/9/2014	427	6.057
7/17/2014	265	5.580
10/27/2014	141	4.949
1/8/2015	193	5.263
4/22/2015	469	6.151
7/16/2015	330	5.799
10/22/2015	159	5.069

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW386	Sidegradient	Yes	160	NO	5.075	N/A
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	447	NO	6.103	N/A
MW393	Downgradient	Yes	156	NO	5.050	N/A
MW396	Upgradient	Yes	223	NO	5.407	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Technetium-99 UNITS: pCi/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.804	**S=** 6.358	**CV(1)=** 3.525	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(1)=** 22.073	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.849	**S=** 1.542	**CV(2)=** 1.817	**K factor**=** 3.188	**TL(2)=** 2.416	**LL(2)=**N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW396	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	8.86	2.182
4/9/2014	-5.67	#Func!
7/17/2014	1.03	0.030
10/27/2014	3.28	1.188
1/8/2015	11.2	2.416
4/22/2015	2.84	1.044
7/16/2015	0.171	-1.766
10/22/2015	-7.28	#Func!

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW390	Downgradient	Yes	69.7	N/A	4.244	YES

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW390

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Aluminum UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.079	**S=** 0.070	**CV(1)=** 0.889	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.257	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -2.920	**S=** 0.923	**CV(2)=** -0.316	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -0.590	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW220

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	0.2	-1.609
4/7/2014	0.05	-2.996
7/17/2014	0.05	-2.996
10/21/2014	0.0283	-3.565
1/5/2015	0.207	-1.575
4/14/2015	0.0162	-4.123
7/15/2015	0.05	-2.996
10/15/2015	0.0151	-4.193

Well Number: MW394

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	0.2	-1.609
4/9/2014	0.05	-2.996
7/17/2014	0.05	-2.996
10/27/2014	0.0202	-3.902
1/8/2015	0.133	-2.017
4/22/2015	0.132	-2.025
7/17/2015	0.05	-2.996
10/22/2015	0.0162	-4.123

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	1.01	YES	0.010	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW222

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Beta activity UNITS: pCi/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 10.844	**S=** 5.987	**CV(1)=** 0.552	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 25.949	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.248	**S=** 0.534	**CV(2)=** 0.237	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.594	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	21.2	3.054
4/7/2014	7.94	2.072
7/17/2014	20.3	3.011
10/21/2014	9.99	2.302
1/5/2015	21.8	3.082
4/14/2015	11.4	2.434
7/15/2015	9.31	2.231
10/15/2015	17	2.833

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	5.63	1.728
4/9/2014	6.27	1.836
7/17/2014	6.9	1.932
10/27/2014	3.99	1.384
1/8/2015	5.07	1.623
4/22/2015	9.13	2.212
7/17/2015	5.97	1.787
10/22/2015	11.6	2.451

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	170	YES	5.136	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	162	YES	5.088	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW384
MW387

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Calcium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 24.056 **S=** 3.169 **CV(1)=** 0.132 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 32.052 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 3.172 **S=** 0.139 **CV(2)=** 0.044 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 3.522 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW220

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	22.9	3.131
4/7/2014	25.6	3.243
7/17/2014	21.6	3.073
10/21/2014	18.4	2.912
1/5/2015	20	2.996
4/14/2015	23	3.135
7/15/2015	21.8	3.082
10/15/2015	18.5	2.918

Well Number: MW394

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	25.6	3.243
4/9/2014	27.3	3.307
7/17/2014	26.3	3.270
10/27/2014	26.5	3.277
1/8/2015	27.2	3.303
4/22/2015	26.5	3.277
7/17/2015	26.8	3.288
10/22/2015	26.9	3.292

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	60.9	YES	4.109	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Conductivity UNITS: umho/cm URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 376.313 **S=** 33.510 **CV(1)=** 0.089 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 460.857 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.927 **S=** 0.092 **CV(2)=** 0.016 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.158 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW220

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	386	5.956
4/7/2014	403	5.999
7/17/2014	407	6.009
10/21/2014	316	5.756
1/5/2015	330	5.799
4/14/2015	422	6.045
9/3/2015	343	5.838
10/15/2015	330	5.799

Well Number: MW394

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	382	5.945
4/9/2014	404	6.001
7/17/2014	391	5.969
10/27/2014	397	5.984
1/8/2015	397	5.984
4/22/2015	335	5.814
7/17/2015	395	5.979
10/22/2015	383	5.948

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	700	YES	6.551	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Dissolved Solids — UNITS: mg/L — URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 220.000 **S=** 93.309 **CV(1)=** 0.424 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 455.418 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.342 **S=** 0.296 **CV(2)=** 0.055 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.089 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW220

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	219	5.389
4/7/2014	226	5.421
7/17/2014	556	6.321
10/21/2014	159	5.069
1/5/2015	140	4.942
4/14/2015	197	5.283
7/15/2015	224	5.412
10/15/2015	236	5.464

Well Number: MW394

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	208	5.338
4/9/2014	214	5.366
7/17/2014	196	5.278
10/27/2014	187	5.231
1/8/2015	166	5.112
4/22/2015	181	5.198
7/17/2015	201	5.303
10/22/2015	210	5.347

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	530	YES	6.273	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Magnesium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 10.094	**S=** 1.448	**CV(1)=** 0.143	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 13.747	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.302	**S=** 0.151	**CV(2)=** 0.066	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.683	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	9.57	2.259
4/7/2014	10.5	2.351
7/17/2014	8.95	2.192
10/21/2014	7.41	2.003
1/5/2015	8.05	2.086
4/14/2015	10.2	2.322
7/15/2015	9.16	2.215
10/15/2015	7.86	2.062

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	10.3	2.332
4/9/2014	11	2.398
7/17/2014	11.1	2.407
10/27/2014	11	2.398
1/8/2015	11.3	2.425
4/22/2015	11.1	2.407
7/17/2015	11.9	2.477
10/22/2015	12.1	2.493

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	23.7	YES	3.165	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential UNITS: mV URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 518.000 **S=** 148.895 **CV(1)=** 0.287 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 893.661 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 6.215 **S=** 0.269 **CV(2)=** 0.043 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.892 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW220

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	381	5.943
4/7/2014	400	5.991
7/17/2014	395	5.979
10/21/2014	401	5.994
1/5/2015	733	6.597
4/14/2015	488	6.190
9/3/2015	672	6.510
10/15/2015	728	6.590

Well Number: MW394

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	832	6.724
4/9/2014	516	6.246
7/17/2014	356	5.875
10/27/2014	453	6.116
1/8/2015	453	6.116
4/22/2015	461	6.133
7/17/2015	608	6.410
10/22/2015	411	6.019

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW220	Upgradient	Yes	449	NO	6.107	N/A
MW221	Downgradient	Yes	463	NO	6.138	N/A
MW222	Downgradient	Yes	468	NO	6.148	N/A
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	467	NO	6.146	N/A
MW224	Downgradient	Yes	468	NO	6.148	N/A
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	398	NO	5.986	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	459	NO	6.129	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	413	NO	6.023	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Sulfate UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 13.644	**S=** 3.725	**CV(1)=** 0.273	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 23.042	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.580	**S=** 0.266	**CV(2)=** 0.103	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.250	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW220

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	18	2.890
4/7/2014	18.9	2.939
7/17/2014	19.4	2.965
10/21/2014	13.5	2.603
1/5/2015	14	2.639
4/14/2015	17.9	2.885
7/15/2015	18.6	2.923
10/15/2015	14.7	2.688

Well Number: MW394

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	10	2.303
4/9/2014	10	2.303
7/17/2014	10.3	2.332
10/27/2014	11.1	2.407
1/8/2015	10.5	2.351
4/22/2015	10.3	2.332
7/17/2015	10.4	2.342
10/22/2015	10.7	2.370

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW223	Downgradient	Yes	19.1	NO	2.950	N/A
MW372	Downgradient	Yes	102	YES	4.625	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	20.2	NO	3.006	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	26.7	YES	3.285	N/A
MW391	Downgradient	Yes	40.6	YES	3.704	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW372
MW387
MW391

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Technetium-99 UNITS: pCi/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 16.130	**S=** 10.396	**CV(1)=** 0.645	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 42.359	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.471	**S=** 0.993	**CV(2)=** 0.402	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.976	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW220	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	32.1	3.469
4/7/2014	24.8	3.211
7/17/2014	12.1	2.493
10/21/2014	35	3.555
1/5/2015	32.5	3.481
4/14/2015	12.2	2.501
7/15/2015	14.8	2.695
10/15/2015	11.6	2.451

Well Number:	MW394	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	18.8	2.934
4/9/2014	4.32	1.463
7/17/2014	10.1	2.313
10/27/2014	17.2	2.845
1/8/2015	17.2	2.845
4/22/2015	11.5	2.442
7/17/2015	3.11	1.135
10/22/2015	0.742	-0.298

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW369	Downgradient	Yes	52.7	YES	3.965	N/A
MW384	Sidegradient	Yes	210	YES	5.347	N/A
MW387	Downgradient	Yes	232	YES	5.447	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW369
MW384
MW387

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Beta activity UNITS: pCi/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 8.178	**S=** 5.894	**CV(1)=** 0.721	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 23.050	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.925	**S=** 0.815	**CV(2)=** 0.423	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.950	**LL(2)=**N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW395	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	9.4	2.241
4/9/2014	2.09	0.737
7/17/2014	11.5	2.442
10/27/2014	19.1	2.950
1/6/2015	5.98	1.788
4/22/2015	1.03	0.030
7/17/2015	3.79	1.332
10/22/2015	10.7	2.370

Well Number:	MW397	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	10	2.303
4/8/2014	4.03	1.394
7/16/2014	5.18	1.645
10/21/2014	10.4	2.342
1/7/2015	16.3	2.791
4/22/2015	5.37	1.681
7/15/2015	17	2.833
10/22/2015	-1.02	#Func!

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	172	YES	5.147	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	146	YES	4.984	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW385
MW388

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Calcium UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 22.763	**S=** 4.106	**CV(1)=** 0.180	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 33.123	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.110	**S=** 0.183	**CV(2)=** 0.059	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.571	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW395	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	27	3.296
4/9/2014	27.7	3.321
7/17/2014	26.5	3.277
10/27/2014	26.6	3.281
1/6/2015	25.8	3.250
4/22/2015	26.4	3.273
7/17/2015	26.5	3.277
10/22/2015	27	3.296

Well Number:	MW397	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	19.5	2.970
4/8/2014	19.4	2.965
7/16/2014	17.8	2.879
10/21/2014	19.8	2.986
1/7/2015	18.6	2.923
4/22/2015	18.7	2.929
7/15/2015	17.7	2.874
10/22/2015	19.2	2.955

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	68	YES	4.220	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW373

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Conductivity UNITS: umho/cm LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 358.000 **S=** 28.916 **CV(1)=** 0.081 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 430.955 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.878 **S=** 0.080 **CV(2)=** 0.014 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.080 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	387	5.958
4/9/2014	402	5.996
7/17/2014	401	5.994
10/27/2014	387	5.958
1/6/2015	376	5.930
4/22/2015	338	5.823
7/17/2015	390	5.966
10/22/2015	372	5.919

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	338	5.823
4/8/2014	328	5.793
7/16/2014	336	5.817
10/21/2014	337	5.820
1/7/2015	354	5.869
4/22/2015	325	5.784
7/15/2015	334	5.811
10/22/2015	323	5.778

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	793	YES	6.676	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW373

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Dissolved Solids — UNITS: mg/L — LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 177.625 **S=** 22.102 **CV(1)=** 0.124 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 233.389 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.172 **S=** 0.124 **CV(2)=** 0.024 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 5.485 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	213	5.361
4/9/2014	217	5.380
7/17/2014	166	5.112
10/27/2014	181	5.198
1/6/2015	147	4.990
4/22/2015	179	5.187
7/17/2015	203	5.313
10/22/2015	194	5.268

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	190	5.247
4/8/2014	171	5.142
7/16/2014	167	5.118
10/21/2014	161	5.081
1/7/2015	159	5.069
4/22/2015	144	4.970
7/15/2015	190	5.247
10/22/2015	160	5.075

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	507	YES	6.229	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW373

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Magnesium — UNITS: mg/L — LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 9.661	**S=** 1.826	**CV(1)=** 0.189	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 14.269	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.251	**S=** 0.189	**CV(2)=** 0.084	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.729	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	10.8	2.380
4/9/2014	12.2	2.501
7/17/2014	11	2.398
10/27/2014	11.3	2.425
1/6/2015	9.96	2.299
4/22/2015	11.3	2.425
7/17/2015	11.8	2.468
10/22/2015	12.3	2.510

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	8.08	2.089
4/8/2014	8.36	2.123
7/16/2014	7.49	2.014
10/21/2014	8.07	2.088
1/7/2015	7.64	2.033
4/22/2015	8.09	2.091
7/15/2015	7.55	2.022
10/22/2015	8.64	2.156

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	26.4	YES	3.273	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW373

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential — UNITS: mV — LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 477.563 **S=** 132.639 **CV(1)=** 0.278 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 812.212 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 6.136 **S=** 0.259 **CV(2)=** 0.042 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.789 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW395

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	803	6.688
4/9/2014	537	6.286
7/17/2014	381	5.943
10/27/2014	307	5.727
1/6/2015	586	6.373
4/22/2015	474	6.161
7/17/2015	468	6.148
10/22/2015	378	5.935

Well Number: MW397

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	389	5.964
4/8/2014	363	5.894
7/16/2014	382	5.945
10/21/2014	380	5.940
1/7/2015	675	6.515
4/22/2015	471	6.155
7/15/2015	599	6.395
10/22/2015	448	6.105

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	415	NO	6.028	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	466	NO	6.144	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	410	NO	6.016	N/A
MW392	Downgradient	Yes	414	NO	6.026	N/A
MW395	Upgradient	Yes	380	NO	5.940	N/A
MW397	Upgradient	Yes	473	NO	6.159	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Sulfate UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 10.892	**S=** 0.915	**CV(1)=** 0.084	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 13.200	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.385	**S=** 0.083	**CV(2)=** 0.035	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.595	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW395	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	9.8	2.282
4/9/2014	9.77	2.279
7/17/2014	10.1	2.313
10/27/2014	10.6	2.361
1/6/2015	10.1	2.313
4/22/2015	10.1	2.313
7/17/2015	10.2	2.322
10/22/2015	10	2.303

Well Number:	MW397	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	12	2.485
4/8/2014	11.7	2.460
7/16/2014	11.7	2.460
10/21/2014	12.6	2.534
1/7/2015	11.7	2.460
4/22/2015	10.9	2.389
7/15/2015	11.4	2.434
10/22/2015	11.6	2.451

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW370	Downgradient	Yes	18.4	YES	2.912	N/A
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	127	YES	4.844	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	21.3	YES	3.059	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	23.5	YES	3.157	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW370
MW373
MW385
MW388

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-S/T First Quarter 2016 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Technetium-99 UNITS: pCi/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 13.401	**S=** 6.758	**CV(1)=** 0.504	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 30.451	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.493	**S=** 0.462	**CV(2)=** 0.185	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.659	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW395	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	20	2.996
4/9/2014	11.2	2.416
7/17/2014	8.05	2.086
10/27/2014	14.4	2.667
1/6/2015	17	2.833
4/22/2015	7.25	1.981
7/17/2015	14.7	2.688
10/22/2015	9.39	2.240

Well Number:	MW397	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
1/22/2014	33.7	3.517
4/8/2014	16.5	2.803
7/16/2014	10.6	2.361
10/21/2014	14.7	2.688
1/7/2015	4.58	1.522
4/22/2015	9.32	2.232
7/15/2015	13.2	2.580
10/22/2015	9.83	2.285

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW373	Downgradient	Yes	50.3	YES	3.918	N/A
MW385	Sidegradient	Yes	199	YES	5.293	N/A
MW388	Downgradient	Yes	164	YES	5.100	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW373
MW385
MW388

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

ATTACHMENT D3

STATISTICIAN QUALIFICATION STATEMENT

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FLUOR®

April 19, 2016

Ms. Myrna Redfield
Fluor Federal Services, Inc.
5511 Hobbs Road
Kevil, KY 42053

Dear Ms. Redfield:

This statement is submitted in response to your request that it be included with the completed statistical analysis that I have performed on the groundwater data for the C-746-S&T and C-746-U Landfills at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant.

As a Chemist, with a Bachelor of Science degree in chemistry and a minor in biology, I have over 20 years of experience in reviewing and assessing laboratory analytical results associated with environmental sampling and investigation activities. For the generation of these statistical analyses, my work was observed and reviewed by a senior chemist and geologist with Fluor Federal Services, Inc.

For this project, the statistical analyses conducted on the first quarter 2016 monitoring well data collected from the C-746-S&T and C-746-U Landfills were performed in accordance with guidance provided in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency guidance document, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989).

Sincerely,

Jennifer R. Blewett

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APPENDIX E

GROUNDWATER FLOW RATE AND DIRECTION

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GROUNDWATER FLOW RATE AND DIRECTION

Whenever monitoring wells (MWs) are sampled, 401 *KAR* 48:300, Section 11, requires determination of groundwater flow rate and direction of flow in the uppermost aquifer. The uppermost aquifer below the C-746-S&T Landfills is the Regional Gravel Aquifer (RGA). Water level measurements currently are recorded in several wells at the landfill on a quarterly basis. These measurements were used to plot the potentiometric surface of the RGA for the first quarter 2016 and to determine the groundwater flow rate and direction.

Water levels during this reporting period were measured on January 26, 2016. As shown on Figure E.1, MW389, screened in the Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS), is usually dry, while other UCRS wells have recordable water levels. During this reporting period, MW389 had sufficient water for measurement of the water level but insufficient water for sampling.

The UCRS has a strong vertical hydraulic gradient; therefore, the limited number of available UCRS wells, screened over different elevations, is not sufficient for mapping the potentiometric surface. Figure E.1 shows the location of UCRS MWs. The Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA) and Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA) data were corrected for barometric pressure, if necessary, and converted to elevations to plot the potentiometric surface of the RGA, as a whole, as shown on Table E.1. Figure E.2 is a composite or average map of the URGA and LRGA elevations where well clusters exist. The contour lines are placed based on the average water level elevations of the clusters.[1] Based on the site potentiometric map (Figure E.2), the hydraulic gradient beneath the landfill is 1.88×10^{-4} ft/ft. Additional water level measurements in January (Figure E.3) document the vicinity groundwater hydraulic gradient for the RGA to be 2.22×10^{-4} ft/ft. The hydraulic gradients are shown in Table E.2.

The average linear groundwater flow velocity (v) is determined by multiplying the hydraulic gradient (i) by the hydraulic conductivity (K) [resulting in the specific discharge (q)] and dividing by the effective porosity (n_e). The RGA hydraulic conductivity values used are reported in the Administrative Application for the New Solid Waste Landfill Permit No. 073-00045NWC1 and range from 425 to 725 ft/day (0.150 to 0.256 cm/s). RGA effective porosity is assumed to be 25%. Vicinity and site flow velocities were calculated using the low and high values for hydraulic conductivity, as shown in Table E.3.

Regional groundwater flow near the C-746-S&T Landfills typically trends northeastward toward the Ohio River. During January 2016, the groundwater flow direction in the immediate area of the landfill was oriented southeast to east.

[1] Additional water level measurements, in wells at the C-746-U Landfill and in wells of the surrounding region (MW98, MW100, MW125, MW139, MW165A, MW173, MW193, MW197, and MW200), were used to contour the RGA potentiometric surface.

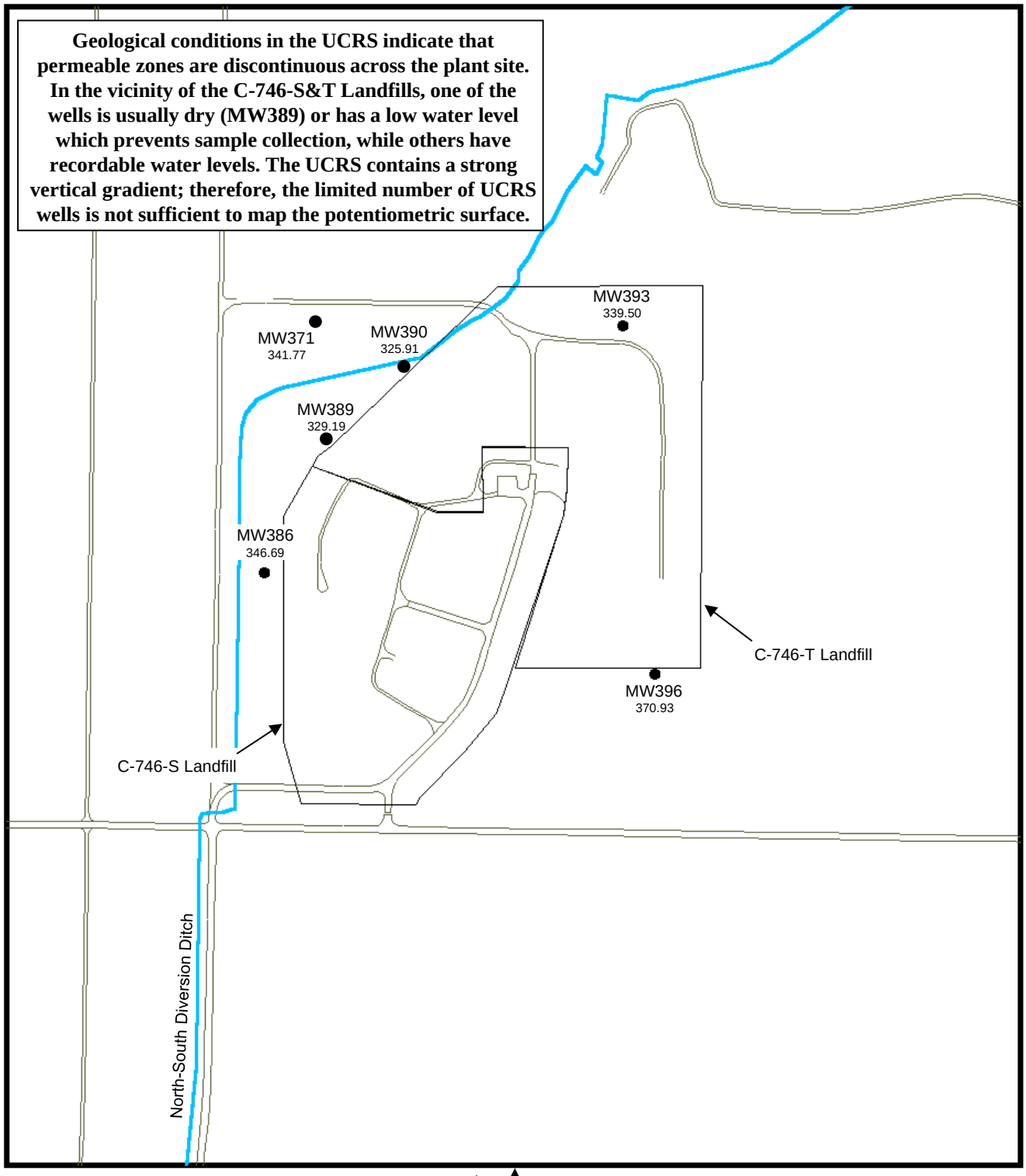

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Figure E.1. Potentiometric Surface of the Upper Continental Recharge System at the C-746 S&T Landfills Permit Numbers 073-00014 & 073-00015 January 26, 2016

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Table E.1. C-746-S&T Landfills First Quarter 2016 (January) Water Levels

C-746-S&T Landfills (January 2016) Water Levels										
							Raw Data		*Corrected Data	
Date	Time	Well	Formation	Datum Elev (ft amsl)	BP (in Hg)	Delta BP (ft H_20)	DTW (ft)	Elev (ft amsl)	DTW (ft)	Elev (ft amsl)
1/26/2016	8:46	MW220	URGA	381.44	30.20	-0.03	55.65	325.79	55.62	325.82
1/26/2016	8:50	MW221	URGA	390.83	30.20	-0.03	64.98	325.85	64.95	325.88
1/26/2016	8:55	MW222	URGA	394.87	30.20	-0.03	69.13	325.74	69.10	325.77
1/26/2016	8:52	MW223	URGA	394.03	30.20	-0.03	68.23	325.80	68.20	325.83
1/26/2016	8:57	MW224	URGA	395.41	30.20	-0.03	69.66	325.75	69.63	325.78
1/26/2016	9:00	MW225	URGA	385.55	30.20	-0.03	59.84	325.71	59.81	325.74
1/26/2016	9:30	MW353	LRGA	374.86	30.20	-0.03	49.13	325.73	49.10	325.76
1/26/2016	8:42	MW384	URGA	365.06	30.20	-0.03	39.18	325.88	39.15	325.91
1/26/2016	8:44	MW385	LRGA	365.54	30.20	-0.03	39.64	325.90	39.61	325.93
1/26/2016	8:43	MW386	UCRS	365.21	30.20	-0.03	18.55	346.66	18.52	346.69
1/26/2016	8:40	MW387	URGA	363.27	30.20	-0.03	37.33	325.94	37.30	325.97
1/26/2016	8:41	MW388	LRGA	363.25	30.20	-0.03	37.33	325.92	37.30	325.95
1/26/2016	8:38	MW389	UCRS	363.82	30.20	-0.03	34.66	329.16	34.63	329.19
1/26/2016	8:36	MW390	UCRS	360.36	30.20	-0.03	34.48	325.88	34.45	325.91
1/26/2016	8:22	MW391	URGA	366.54	30.17	0.00	40.76	325.78	40.76	325.78
1/26/2016	8:24	MW392	LRGA	365.67	30.20	-0.03	39.90	325.77	39.87	325.80
1/26/2016	8:23	MW393	UCRS	366.59	30.17	0.00	27.09	339.50	27.09	339.50
1/26/2016	8:31	MW394	URGA	378.32	30.20	-0.03	52.67	325.65	52.64	325.68
1/26/2016	14:01	MW395	LRGA	379.01	30.21	-0.05	53.34	325.67	53.29	325.72
1/26/2016	8:30	MW396	UCRS	378.64	30.20	-0.03	7.74	370.90	7.71	370.93
1/26/2016	8:33	MW397	LRGA	386.90	30.20	-0.03	61.30	325.60	61.27	325.63
1/26/2016	8:25	MW418	URGA	366.78	30.20	-0.03	41.04	325.74	41.01	325.77
1/26/2016	8:27	MW419	LRGA	366.68	30.20	-0.03	40.90	325.78	40.87	325.81

Initial Barometric Pressure **30.17**
Elev = elevation
amsl = above mean sea level
BP = barometric pressure
DTW = depth to water in feet below datum
URGA = Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer
LRGA = Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer
UCRS = Upper Continental Recharge System
*Assumes a barometric efficiency of 1.0

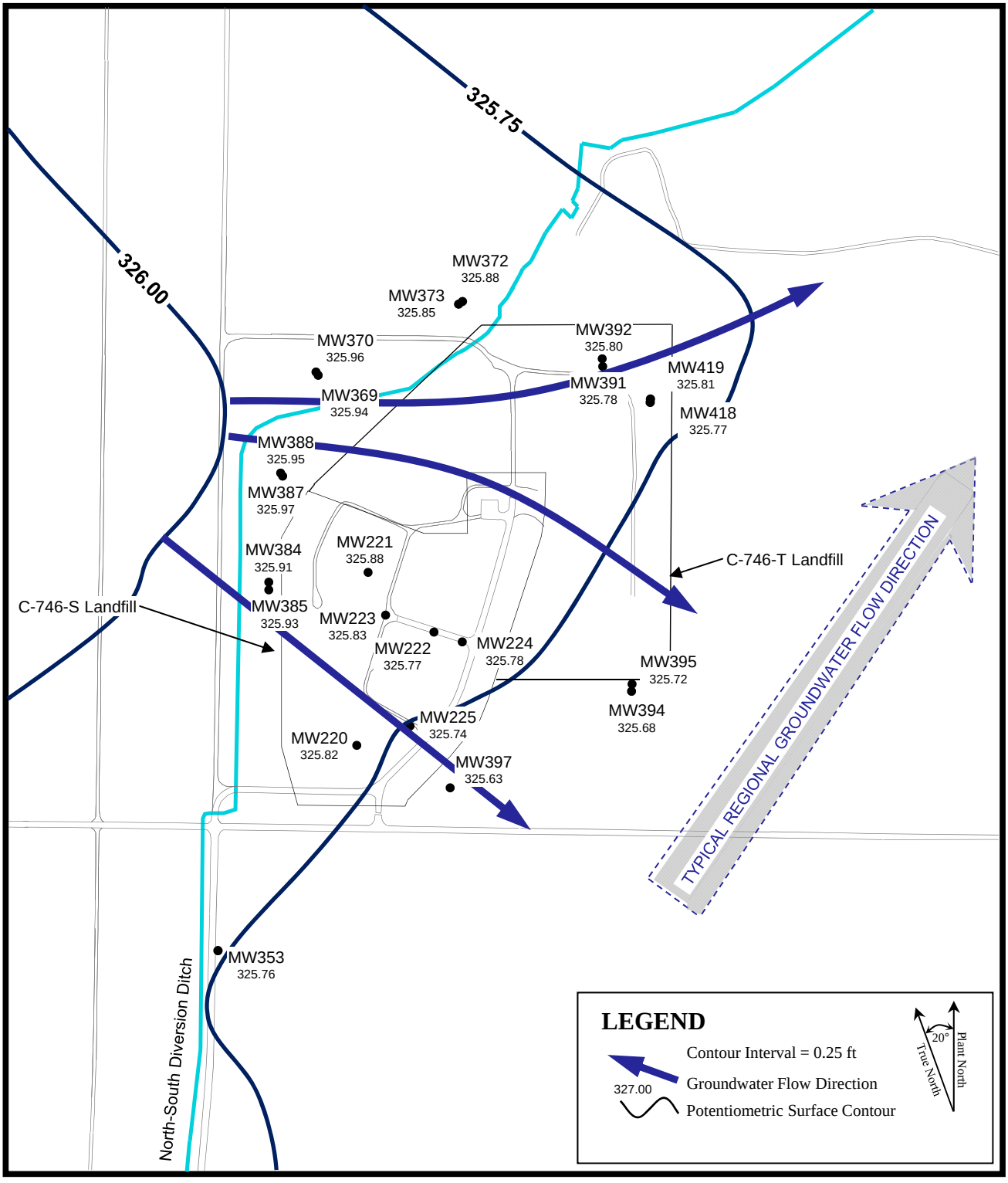

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Figure E.2. Composite Potentiometric Surface of the Regional Gravel Aquifer at the C-746-S&T Landfills Permit Numbers 073-00014 & 073-00015 January 26, 2016

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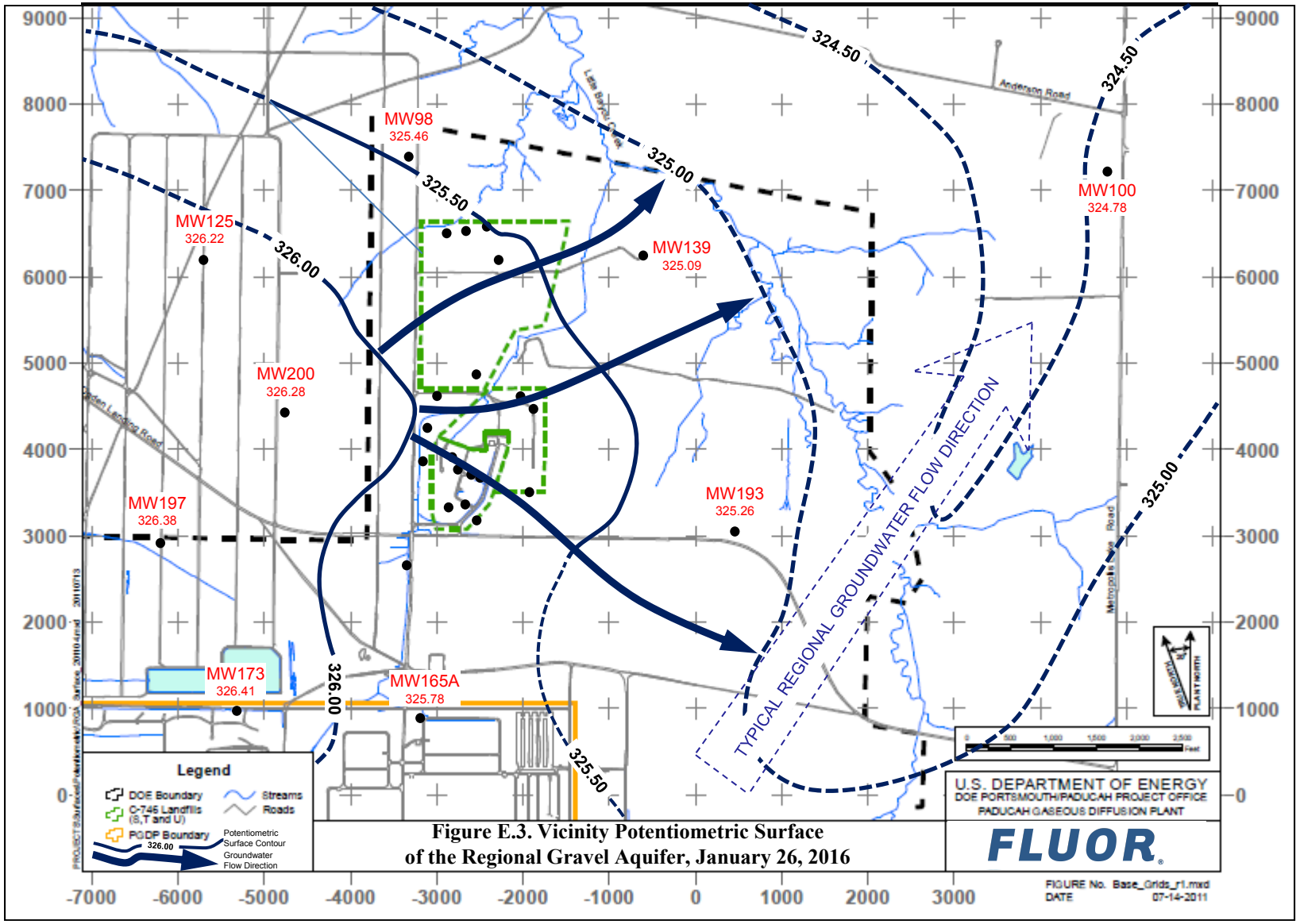

Figure E.3. Vicinity Potentiometric Surface of the Regional Gravel Aquifer, January 26, 2016

Table E.2. C-746-S&T Landfills Hydraulic Gradients

	ft/ft
Beneath Landfill Mound	1.88×10^{-4}
Vicinity	2.22×10^{-4}

Table E.3. C-746-S&T Landfills Groundwater Flow Rate

Hydraulic Conductivity (K)		Specific Discharge (q)		Average Linear Velocity (v)	
ft/day	cm/s	ft/day	cm/s	ft/day	cm/s
Beneath Landfill Mound					
725	0.256	0.14	4.82×10^{-5}	0.55	1.93×10^{-4}
425	0.150	0.08	2.82×10^{-5}	0.32	1.13×10^{-4}
Vicinity					
725	0.256	0.16	5.68×10^{-5}	0.64	2.27×10^{-4}
425	0.150	0.09	3.33×10^{-5}	0.38	1.33×10^{-4}

APPENDIX F

NOTIFICATIONS

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NOTIFICATIONS

In accordance with 401 *KAR* 48:300 § 7, the notification for parameters that exceed the maximum contaminant level (MCL) has been submitted to the Kentucky Division of Waste Management. The parameters are listed on the page F-4. The notification for parameters that do not have MCLs but had statistically significant increased concentrations relative to historical background concentrations is provided below.

STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF PARAMETERS NOTIFICATION

The statistical analyses conducted on the first quarter 2016 groundwater data collected from the C-746-S&T Landfills MWs were performed in accordance with *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky* (LATA Kentucky 2014).

The following are the permit required parameters in 40 *CFR* § 302.4, Appendix A, which had statistically significant increased concentrations relative to historical background concentrations.

	Parameter	**Monitoring Well**
Upper Continental Recharge System	Technetium-99	MW390
Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer	Technetium-99	MW369, MW384, MW387
Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer	Technetium-99	MW373, MW385, MW388

NOTE: Although technetium-99 is not cited in 40 *CFR* § 302.4, Appendix A, this radionuclide is being reported along with the parameters of this regulation.

2/29/2016

Fluor Federal Services
PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM
C-746-S and -T LANDFILLS
PERMIT NUMBERS 073-00014 and 073-00015
MAXIMUM CONTAMINANT LIMIT (MCL) EXCEEDANCE REPORT
Quarterly Groundwater Sampling

AKGWA	Station	Analysis	Method	Results	Units	MCL
8004-4808	MW372	Trichloroethene	8260B	9.87	ug/L	5
8004-4792	MW373	Trichloroethene	8260B	9.93	ug/L	5
		Trichloroethene	8260B	9.89	ug/L	5
8004-4809	MW384	Beta activity	9310	170	pCi/L	50
		Beta activity	9310	153	pCi/L	50
8004-4810	MW385	Beta activity	9310	172	pCi/L	50
8004-4815	MW387	Beta activity	9310	162	pCi/L	50
8004-4816	MW388	Beta activity	9310	146	pCi/L	50
8004-4811	MW390	Beta activity	9310	51.5	pCi/L	50
8004-4805	MW391	Trichloroethene	8260B	9.31	ug/L	5
8004-4806	MW392	Trichloroethene	8260B	16.3	ug/L	5
8004-4802	MW394	Trichloroethene	8260B	6.44	ug/L	5

NOTE 1: These limits are defined in 401 KAR 47:030.

NOTE 2: MW370, MW372, and MW373 are down-gradient wells for the C-746-S and C-746-T Landfills and upgradient for the the C-746-U Landfill. These wells are sampled with the C-746-U Landfill monitoring well network. These wells are reported on the exceedance reports for C-746-S, C-746-T, and C-746-U.

APPENDIX G

CHART OF MCL AND UTL EXCEEDANCES

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Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-S and T Landfills

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS					URGA											LRGA						
Gradient	S	D	D	D	U	S	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	386	389	390	393	396	221	222	223	224	384	369	372	387	391	220	394	385	370	373	388	392	395	397
ACETONE																							
Quarter 3, 2003							✱					✱											
Quarter 4, 2003											✱								✱				
Quarter 1, 2005									✱														
ALPHA ACTIVITY																							
Quarter 4, 2002				■	■								■										
Quarter 4, 2008										■													
Quarter 4, 2010										■													
ALUMINUM																							
Quarter 1, 2003			✱				✱					✱	✱	✱									
Quarter 2, 2003			✱				✱						✱	✱									
Quarter 3, 2003			✱				✱	✱					✱	✱									
Quarter 4, 2003							✱	✱			✱			✱									
Quarter 1, 2004			✱				✱	✱			✱												
Quarter 2, 2004							✱							✱									
Quarter 3, 2004							✱							✱									
Quarter 4, 2004			✱																				
Quarter 1, 2005			✱																				
Quarter 2, 2005			✱				✱																
Quarter 3, 2005			✱				✱			✱											✱		
Quarter 4, 2005			✱				✱				✱												
Quarter 1, 2006							✱						✱										
Quarter 2, 2006			✱				✱																
Quarter 3, 2006							✱																
Quarter 4, 2006			✱				✱																
Quarter 1, 2007							✱										✱						
Quarter 2, 2007							✱										✱						
Quarter 3, 2007							✱																
Quarter 4, 2007							✱																
Quarter 1, 2008							✱							✱									
Quarter 2, 2008											✱												
Quarter 4, 2008							✱																
Quarter 1, 2009			✱				✱				✱												
Quarter 1, 2010			✱				✱				✱												
Quarter 2, 2010			✱								✱												
Quarter 3, 2010			✱								✱			✱			✱			✱			
Quarter 1, 2011							✱				✱												
Quarter 2, 2011			✱								✱												
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Quarter 3, 2013			✱																				
Quarter 1, 2014							✱																
Quarter 2, 2014											✱												
Quarter 4, 2014			✱																				
Quarter 1, 2016							✱																
BARIUM																							
Quarter 3, 2003							■	■															
Quarter 4, 2003							■	■															

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-S and T Landfills (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS					URGA											LRGA						
Gradient	S	D	D	D	U	S	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	386	389	390	393	396	221	222	223	224	384	369	372	387	391	220	394	385	370	373	388	392	395	397
BETA ACTIVITY																							
Quarter 4, 2002													■										
Quarter 1, 2003													■				■						
Quarter 2, 2003			■	■													■			■			
Quarter 3, 2003			■										■				■						
Quarter 4, 2003			■							■			■										
Quarter 1, 2004			■										■				■						
Quarter 2, 2004			■									■	■				■		■	■			
Quarter 3, 2004			■									■	■				■						
Quarter 4, 2004			■									■	■				■						
Quarter 1, 2005			■							■			■				■						
Quarter 2, 2005			■										■				■			■			
Quarter 3, 2005										■			■										
Quarter 4, 2005										■		■	■				■						
Quarter 1, 2006										■		■	■				■		■	■			
Quarter 2, 2006			■							■			■				■		■	■			
Quarter 3, 2006										■		■	■				■		■	■			
Quarter 4, 2006	■		■							■		■	■						■	■			
Quarter 1, 2007			■							■		■	■				■		■	■			
Quarter 2, 2007			■							■		■	■				■		■	■			
Quarter 3, 2007										■		■	■				■			■			
Quarter 4, 2007			■							■		■	■				■		■	■			
Quarter 1, 2008			■							■		■	■				■			■			
Quarter 2, 2008			■							■	■		■				■			■			
Quarter 3, 2008										■		■	■				■			■			
Quarter 4, 2008										■		■	■				■						
Quarter 1, 2009			■							■		■	■				■						
Quarter 2, 2009										■		■	■				■						
Quarter 3, 2009										■		■	■				■			■			
Quarter 4, 2009										■		■	■				■						
Quarter 1, 2010												■	■										
Quarter 2, 2010			■							■			■				■						
Quarter 3, 2010										■			■				■						
Quarter 4, 2010										■		■	■				■						
Quarter 1, 2011										■			■				■						
Quarter 2, 2011			■							■			■				■						
Quarter 3, 2011										■			■				■			■			
Quarter 4, 2011										■		■	■				■						
Quarter 1, 2012			■							■			■				■			■			
Quarter 2, 2012			■							■			■				■			■			
Quarter 3, 2012										■		■	■				■						
Quarter 4, 2012										■		■	■				■		■	■			
Quarter 1, 2013										■		■	■						■	■			
Quarter 2, 2013										■			■				■			■			
Quarter 3, 2013										■		■	■				■		■	■			
Quarter 4, 2013										■		■	■				■			■			
Quarter 1, 2014			■							■		■	■				■						
Quarter 2, 2014										■			■				■			■			
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Quarter 4, 2014										■		■	■				■			■			
Quarter 1, 2015										■		■	■				■			■			
Quarter 2, 2015										■			■				■			■			
Quarter 3, 2015										■			■				■			■			
Quarter 4, 2015										■		■	■				■			■			
Quarter 1, 2016			■							■			■				■			■			

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-S and T Landfills (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS					URGA											LRGA						
Gradient	S	D	D	D	U	S	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	386	389	390	393	396	221	222	223	224	384	369	372	387	391	220	394	385	370	373	388	392	395	397
BROMIDE																							
Quarter 1, 2003			*																				
Quarter 4, 2003			*																				
Quarter 1, 2004			*																				
Quarter 2, 2004			*																				
Quarter 3, 2004			*																				
Quarter 4, 2004			*																				
Quarter 1, 2005			*																				
Quarter 3, 2006			*																				
CALCIUM																							
Quarter 1, 2003			*																				
Quarter 2, 2003			*									*											
Quarter 3, 2003			*																				
Quarter 4, 2003			*									*							*				
Quarter 1, 2004			*									*		*					*				
Quarter 2, 2004			*									*							*				
Quarter 3, 2004			*									*							*				
Quarter 4, 2004			*									*							*				
Quarter 1, 2005												*							*				
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Quarter 3, 2014												*						*	*				
Quarter 4, 2014												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2015												*	*						*				

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-S and T Landfills (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS					URGA											LRGA						
Gradient	S	D	D	D	U	S	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	386	389	390	393	396	221	222	223	224	384	369	372	387	391	220	394	385	370	373	388	392	395	397
CALCIUM																							
Quarter 2, 2015												✱							✱				
Quarter 3, 2015												✱							✱				
Quarter 4, 2015												✱							✱				
Quarter 1, 2016												✱							✱				
CARBON DISULFIDE																							
Quarter 4, 2010											✱												
Quarter 1, 2011												✱									✱		
CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND																							
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Quarter 2, 2003				✱																			
Quarter 3, 2003				✱			✱			✱													
Quarter 4, 2003				✱																			
Quarter 1, 2004	✱			✱																			
Quarter 4, 2004	✱																						
Quarter 1, 2005	✱																						
Quarter 2, 2005	✱																						
Quarter 3, 2005	✱									✱		✱									✱		
Quarter 4, 2005	✱									✱													
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Quarter 1, 2013	✱																						
Quarter 3, 2013	✱																						
Quarter 3, 2014	✱								✱				✱					✱					
Quarter 4, 2014							✱																
Quarter 2, 2015																✱							
Quarter 3, 2015															✱								

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-S and T Landfills (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS					URGA											LRGA						
Gradient	S	D	D	D	U	S	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	386	389	390	393	396	221	222	223	224	384	369	372	387	391	220	394	385	370	373	388	392	395	397
CHLORIDE																							
Quarter 1, 2003			✱																				
Quarter 2, 2003			✱																				
Quarter 3, 2003			✱																				
Quarter 4, 2003			✱																				
Quarter 1, 2004			✱																				
Quarter 2, 2004			✱																				
Quarter 3, 2004			✱																				
Quarter 4, 2004			✱																				
Quarter 1, 2005			✱																				
Quarter 2, 2005			✱																				
Quarter 3, 2005			✱																				
Quarter 4, 2005			✱																				
Quarter 1, 2006																		✱					
Quarter 2, 2006			✱																				
Quarter 3, 2006			✱																				
Quarter 4, 2006			✱																				
Quarter 1, 2007			✱																				
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Quarter 4, 2008			✱																				
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Quarter 2, 2009			✱																				
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Quarter 2, 2010			✱																				
Quarter 3, 2010			✱																				
Quarter 4, 2010			✱																				
Quarter 2, 2011			✱																				
Quarter 3, 2011			✱																				
Quarter 4, 2011			✱																				
Quarter 3, 2012			✱																				
Quarter 3, 2013			✱																				
Quarter 4, 2013			✱																				
Quarter 4, 2014			✱																				
CHROMIUM																							
Quarter 4, 2002								■															
Quarter 1, 2003								■														■	
Quarter 2, 2003							■	■															
Quarter 3, 2009						■																	
COBALT																							
Quarter 3, 2003							✱																

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-S and T Landfills (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS					URGA											LRGA						
Gradient	S	D	D	D	U	S	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	386	389	390	393	396	221	222	223	224	384	369	372	387	391	220	394	385	370	373	388	392	395	397
CONDUCTIVITY																							
Quarter 4, 2002										*									*				
Quarter 1, 2003			*							*									*				
Quarter 2, 2003			*							*									*				
Quarter 3, 2003			*					*		*									*				
Quarter 4, 2003			*							*									*				
Quarter 1, 2004																			*				
Quarter 2, 2004										*									*				
Quarter 3, 2004										*									*				
Quarter 4, 2004			*							*									*				
Quarter 1, 2005										*		*							*				
Quarter 2, 2005												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2005																			*				
Quarter 4, 2005										*		*							*				
Quarter 1, 2006												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2006												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2006												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2006																	*		*				
Quarter 1, 2007												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2007																	*		*				
Quarter 3, 2007																	*		*				
Quarter 4, 2007												*					*		*				
Quarter 1, 2008												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2008												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2008												*					*		*				
Quarter 4, 2008												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2009												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2009												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2009												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2009												*					*		*				
Quarter 1, 2010												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2010												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2010												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2010												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2011										*		*							*				
Quarter 2, 2011												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2011												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2011												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2012											*	*							*				
Quarter 2, 2012												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2012												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2012												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2013												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2013												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2013												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2013												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2014												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2014												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2014												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2014												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2015												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2015												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2015												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2015												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2016												*							*				

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-S and T Landfills (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS					URGA											LRGA						
Gradient	S	D	D	D	U	S	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	386	389	390	393	396	221	222	223	224	384	369	372	387	391	220	394	385	370	373	388	392	395	397
DISSOLVED OXYGEN																							
Quarter 3, 2006			*					*															
DISSOLVED SOLIDS																							
Quarter 4, 2002										*									*				
Quarter 1, 2003			*							*									*				
Quarter 2, 2003			*							*									*				
Quarter 3, 2003			*				*	*		*		*							*				
Quarter 4, 2003			*				*		*	*		*							*				
Quarter 1, 2004			*									*							*				
Quarter 2, 2004										*		*							*				
Quarter 3, 2004										*		*							*				
Quarter 4, 2004										*		*							*				
Quarter 1, 2005												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2005																			*				
Quarter 3, 2005																	*	*	*	*	*		
Quarter 4, 2005																	*	*	*	*	*		
Quarter 1, 2006																	*	*	*	*	*		
Quarter 2, 2006																	*	*	*	*	*		
Quarter 3, 2006																	*	*	*	*	*		
Quarter 4, 2006										*		*					*		*				
Quarter 1, 2007																			*				
Quarter 2, 2007										*		*							*				
Quarter 3, 2007										*		*							*				
Quarter 4, 2007												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2008												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2008												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2008												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2008										*		*							*				
Quarter 1, 2009												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2009												*	*						*				
Quarter 3, 2009												*	*						*				
Quarter 4, 2009												*	*						*				
Quarter 1, 2010												*	*						*				
Quarter 2, 2010										*		*	*						*				
Quarter 3, 2010										*		*							*				
Quarter 4, 2010										*		*							*				
Quarter 1, 2011										*		*							*				
Quarter 2, 2011												*	*						*				
Quarter 3, 2011												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2011												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2012											*	*	*						*				
Quarter 2, 2012												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2012										*		*	*						*				
Quarter 4, 2012												*	*						*				
Quarter 1, 2013										*		*							*				
Quarter 2, 2013												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2013												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2013												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2014												*	*						*				
Quarter 2, 2014												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2014									*			*	*						*				
Quarter 4, 2014												*	*						*				
Quarter 1, 2015												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2015												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2015												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2015									*			*						*	*				
Quarter 1, 2016												*							*				

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-S and T Landfills (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS					URGA										LRGA						
Gradient	S	D	D	D	U	S	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	386	389	390	393	396	221	222	223	224	384	369	372	387	391	220	394	385	370	373	388	392	395	397
IODIDE																							
Quarter 4, 2002																					*		
Quarter 2, 2003						*																	
Quarter 3, 2003													*										
Quarter 1, 2004				*																			
Quarter 3, 2010																					*		
Quarter 2, 2013										*													
IRON																							
Quarter 1, 2003							*			*	*			*									
Quarter 2, 2003										*	*	*	*										
Quarter 3, 2003							*	*	*	*	*	*											
Quarter 4, 2003											*												
Quarter 1, 2004											*												
Quarter 2, 2004										*	*												
Quarter 3, 2004										*													
Quarter 4, 2004										*													
Quarter 1, 2005												*											
Quarter 2, 2005											*	*											
Quarter 1, 2006							*																
Quarter 2, 2006												*											
Quarter 3, 2006											*												
Quarter 1, 2007											*	*											
Quarter 2, 2007											*												
Quarter 2, 2008												*											
Quarter 3, 2008												*											

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-S and T Landfills (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS					URGA											LRGA						
Gradient	S	D	D	D	U	S	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	386	389	390	393	396	221	222	223	224	384	369	372	387	391	220	394	385	370	373	388	392	395	397
MAGNESIUM																							
Quarter 1, 2003			*																				
Quarter 2, 2003			*									*							*				
Quarter 3, 2003			*				*					*											
Quarter 4, 2003			*									*							*				
Quarter 1, 2004			*									*		*					*				
Quarter 2, 2004			*									*							*				
Quarter 3, 2004			*									*							*				
Quarter 4, 2004			*									*							*				
Quarter 1, 2005												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2005												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2005												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2005												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2006												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2006												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2006												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2006												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2007												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2007												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2007												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2007												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2008												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2008												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2008												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2008												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2009												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2009												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2009												*	*						*				
Quarter 4, 2009												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2010												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2010												*	*						*				
Quarter 3, 2010												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2010												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2011												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2011												*	*						*				
Quarter 3, 2011												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2011												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2012												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2012												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2012												*	*						*				
Quarter 4, 2012												*	*						*				
Quarter 1, 2013												*							*				
Quarter 2, 2013												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2013												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2013												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2014																		*	*				
Quarter 2, 2014												*	*						*				
Quarter 3, 2014												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2014												*	*						*				
Quarter 1, 2015												*	*						*				
Quarter 2, 2015												*							*				
Quarter 3, 2015												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2015												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2016												*							*				

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-S and T Landfills (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS					URGA											LRGA						
Gradient	S	D	D	D	U	S	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	386	389	390	393	396	221	222	223	224	384	369	372	387	391	220	394	385	370	373	388	392	395	397
MANGANESE																							
Quarter 4, 2002																					*		
Quarter 3, 2003							*	*															
Quarter 4, 2003							*	*															
Quarter 1, 2004							*																
Quarter 2, 2004							*																
Quarter 4, 2004							*	*															
Quarter 1, 2005							*																
Quarter 3, 2005																					*		
Quarter 3, 2009	*																						
OXIDATION-REDUCTION POTENTIAL																							
Quarter 4, 2003			*																				
Quarter 2, 2004			*																				
Quarter 3, 2004			*															*					
Quarter 4, 2004			*			*																	
Quarter 1, 2005			*															*					
Quarter 2, 2005	*		*																				
Quarter 3, 2005	*		*																				
Quarter 4, 2005			*																				
Quarter 2, 2006			*																				
Quarter 3, 2006			*															*					
Quarter 4, 2006			*																				
Quarter 1, 2007			*																				
Quarter 2, 2007			*				*																
Quarter 3, 2007			*				*																
Quarter 4, 2007			*																				
Quarter 1, 2008			*			*			*														
Quarter 2, 2008	*		*	*		*							*				*		*	*			
Quarter 3, 2008			*	*		*							*				*		*	*			
Quarter 4, 2008			*	*		*	*	*	*				*				*	*		*			
Quarter 1, 2009			*				*	*	*				*	*				*		*			
Quarter 3, 2009			*	*		*											*	*	*	*			
Quarter 4, 2009			*			*			*									*		*			
Quarter 1, 2010	*		*																	*			
Quarter 2, 2010	*		*	*					*				*				*	*		*			
Quarter 3, 2010	*		*	*		*											*	*	*	*			
Quarter 4, 2010			*					*			*			*			*	*	*	*			
Quarter 1, 2011	*			*		*	*	*	*		*		*	*			*	*		*	*		
Quarter 2, 2011	*		*	*			*	*	*	*	*		*	*			*	*	*	*	*		
Quarter 3, 2011	*		*	*			*		*		*		*				*	*	*	*			
Quarter 4, 2011	*		*	*			*				*						*	*		*			
Quarter 1, 2012	*		*	*		*	*	*	*	*			*	*			*	*	*	*	*		
Quarter 2, 2012	*		*				*		*		*		*	*			*	*	*	*	*		
Quarter 3, 2012	*		*			*	*	*	*	*			*	*			*	*	*	*	*		
Quarter 4, 2012				*		*		*	*	*	*		*	*			*	*	*	*	*		
Quarter 1, 2013				*		*		*	*		*		*	*				*		*	*		
Quarter 2, 2013	*			*			*		*		*		*				*	*	*	*	*		
Quarter 3, 2013	*		*	*		*	*	*	*	*			*				*	*	*	*			
Quarter 4, 2013			*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*	*		
Quarter 1, 2014	*		*	*		*	*		*		*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*	*		
Quarter 2, 2014	*		*	*		*	*		*		*		*				*	*	*	*	*		
Quarter 3, 2014	*		*	*		*											*	*	*	*			
Quarter 4, 2014	*		*	*							*		*				*	*	*	*	*		
Quarter 1, 2015	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 2, 2015	*		*	*	*	*	*				*			*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 3, 2015	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 4, 2015	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*			*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Quarter 1, 2016	*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		*		*		*	*		*	*	*	*

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-S and T Landfills (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS					URGA											LRGA						
Gradient	S	D	D	D	U	S	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	386	389	390	393	396	221	222	223	224	384	369	372	387	391	220	394	385	370	373	388	392	395	397
PCB, 1016																							
Quarter 4, 2003							*	*	*		*							*					
Quarter 3, 2004											*												
Quarter 3, 2005							*				*												
Quarter 1, 2006											*												
Quarter 2, 2006											*												
Quarter 4, 2006											*												
Quarter 1, 2007											*	*											
Quarter 2, 2007												*											
Quarter 3, 2007											*												
Quarter 2, 2008											*	*											
Quarter 3, 2008											*												
Quarter 4, 2008											*												
Quarter 1, 2009											*												
Quarter 2, 2009											*												
Quarter 3, 2009											*												
Quarter 4, 2009											*												
Quarter 1, 2010											*												
Quarter 2, 2010											*												
Quarter 3, 2010											*												
Quarter 4, 2010											*												
PCB-1232																							
Quarter 1, 2011											*												
PCB-1248																							
Quarter 2, 2008												*											
PCB-1260																							
Quarter 2, 2006																		*					
pH																							
Quarter 4, 2002																	*						
Quarter 2, 2003																	*						
Quarter 3, 2003																	*						
Quarter 4, 2003							*										*						
Quarter 1, 2004							*										*						
Quarter 2, 2004																	*						
Quarter 3, 2004																	*						
Quarter 4, 2004																	*						
Quarter 3, 2005										*							*				*		
Quarter 4, 2005										*							*						
Quarter 1, 2006																	*						
Quarter 2, 2006																	*						
Quarter 3, 2006																	*						
Quarter 3, 2007																	*						
Quarter 4, 2007																	*						
Quarter 4, 2008																	*						
Quarter 1, 2009																	*						
Quarter 1, 2011																	*						
Quarter 2, 2011											*												
Quarter 3, 2011											*												
Quarter 1, 2012														*									
Quarter 1, 2013										*			*				*						
Quarter 4, 2014																					*		

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-S and T Landfills (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS					URGA											LRGA						
Gradient	S	D	D	D	U	S	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	386	389	390	393	396	221	222	223	224	384	369	372	387	391	220	394	385	370	373	388	392	395	397
POTASSIUM																							
Quarter 4, 2002																		*	*				
Quarter 3, 2004																			*				
Quarter 2, 2005																			*				
Quarter 3, 2005																			*				
Quarter 4, 2005																			*				
Quarter 2, 2006																			*				
Quarter 3, 2006																			*				
Quarter 4, 2006																			*				
Quarter 4, 2008																			*				
Quarter 3, 2012																			*				
Quarter 1, 2013																			*				
Quarter 2, 2013																			*				
Quarter 3, 2013																			*				
RADIUM-226																							
Quarter 4, 2002			*										*	*							*		
Quarter 2, 2004																			*				
Quarter 2, 2005									*														
Quarter 1, 2009											*												
Quarter 3, 2014									*			*											
Quarter 4, 2014			*								*							*					
Quarter 1, 2015			*				*			*		*						*					
Quarter 2, 2015			*				*			*		*						*					
Quarter 3, 2015			*																				
Quarter 4, 2015					*	*									*		*				*	*	
RADIUM-228																							
Quarter 2, 2005							■				■												
Quarter 3, 2005			■																				
Quarter 4, 2005							■		■														
Quarter 1, 2006					■																		
SELENIUM																							
Quarter 4, 2002			■		■																		
Quarter 1, 2003					■																	■	
Quarter 2, 2003			■																				
Quarter 3, 2003			■		■																		
Quarter 4, 2003			■																				

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-S and T Landfills (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS					URGA											LRGA						
Gradient	S	D	D	D	U	S	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	386	389	390	393	396	221	222	223	224	384	369	372	387	391	220	394	385	370	373	388	392	395	397
SODIUM																							
Quarter 4, 2002																			*		*		
Quarter 1, 2003				*					*	*	*												
Quarter 2, 2003				*						*	*		*										
Quarter 3, 2003							*	*		*													
Quarter 4, 2003							*		*	*													
Quarter 1, 2004									*	*				*									
Quarter 2, 2004										*													
Quarter 3, 2004										*													
Quarter 4, 2004									*	*													
Quarter 1, 2005										*									*				
Quarter 2, 2005										*									*				
Quarter 3, 2005									*	*									*				
Quarter 4, 2005									*	*													
Quarter 1, 2006									*	*													
Quarter 2, 2006									*														
Quarter 3, 2006									*	*		*							*				
Quarter 4, 2006									*	*							*						
Quarter 1, 2007									*			*											
Quarter 2, 2007									*	*													
Quarter 3, 2007									*														
Quarter 4, 2007									*														
Quarter 1, 2008									*														
Quarter 3, 2008												*											
Quarter 4, 2008									*	*													
Quarter 1, 2009									*			*							*				
Quarter 3, 2009												*											
Quarter 4, 2009									*			*											
Quarter 1, 2010												*											
Quarter 2, 2010										*		*											
Quarter 3, 2010										*													
Quarter 4, 2010									*	*													
Quarter 1, 2011										*													
Quarter 2, 2011									*														
Quarter 4, 2011																			*				
Quarter 1, 2012											*												
Quarter 3, 2012												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2012												*											
Quarter 1, 2013										*		*							*				
Quarter 2, 2013												*											
Quarter 3, 2013												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2013												*							*				
Quarter 1, 2014												*											
Quarter 2, 2014									*		*	*							*				
Quarter 3, 2014												*							*				
Quarter 4, 2014									*	*		*	*										
Quarter 1, 2015													*										
Quarter 2, 2015												*											
Quarter 3, 2015										*		*											
Quarter 4, 2015									*	*		*											

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-S and T Landfills (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS					URGA										LRGA						
Gradient	S	D	D	D	U	S	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	386	389	390	393	396	221	222	223	224	384	369	372	387	391	220	394	385	370	373	388	392	395	397
STRONTIUM-90																							
Quarter 2, 2003										■													
Quarter 1, 2004										■													
SULFATE																							
Quarter 4, 2002																		✱					
Quarter 1, 2003												✱	✱				✱		✱				
Quarter 2, 2003										✱		✱	✱					✱	✱				
Quarter 3, 2003										✱		✱	✱						✱				
Quarter 4, 2003										✱		✱	✱						✱				
Quarter 1, 2004										✱		✱	✱					✱	✱				
Quarter 2, 2004										✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 3, 2004									✱	✱		✱	✱					✱	✱				
Quarter 4, 2004										✱		✱	✱					✱	✱				
Quarter 1, 2005										✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱				
Quarter 2, 2005										✱		✱	✱					✱	✱				
Quarter 3, 2005										✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱				
Quarter 4, 2005										✱		✱	✱					✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 1, 2006										✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 2, 2006									✱	✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 3, 2006									✱	✱		✱	✱				✱		✱	✱			
Quarter 4, 2006									✱	✱		✱	✱				✱		✱				
Quarter 1, 2007									✱	✱		✱	✱				✱		✱	✱			
Quarter 2, 2007									✱	✱		✱	✱				✱		✱	✱			
Quarter 3, 2007									✱	✱		✱	✱				✱		✱	✱			
Quarter 4, 2007										✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 1, 2008										✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 2, 2008								✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 3, 2008										✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 4, 2008										✱		✱	✱				✱		✱				
Quarter 1, 2009										✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱				
Quarter 2, 2009									✱	✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 3, 2009									✱	✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 4, 2009	✱									✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱				
Quarter 1, 2010	✱								✱	✱		✱	✱				✱		✱				
Quarter 2, 2010									✱	✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 3, 2010										✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 4, 2010	✱									✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱				
Quarter 1, 2011	✱									✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱				
Quarter 2, 2011	✱									✱		✱	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 3, 2011	✱									✱		✱	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 4, 2011	✱									✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 1, 2012	✱									✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 2, 2012	✱									✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 3, 2012	✱									✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 4, 2012										✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 1, 2013										✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 2, 2013										✱		✱	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 3, 2013										✱		✱	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 4, 2013										✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 1, 2014								✱		✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 2, 2014										✱		✱	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 3, 2014										✱		✱	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 4, 2014										✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 1, 2015										✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 2, 2015										✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 3, 2015								✱		✱		✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 4, 2015										✱		✱	✱	✱			✱		✱	✱			
Quarter 1, 2016								✱		✱		✱	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱			

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-S and T Landfills (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS					URGA										LRGA						
Gradient	S	D	D	D	U	S	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	386	389	390	393	396	221	222	223	224	384	369	372	387	391	220	394	385	370	373	388	392	395	397
TECHNETIUM-99																							
Quarter 4, 2002																			*				
Quarter 1, 2003													*				*		*				
Quarter 2, 2003	*		*							*			*				*						
Quarter 3, 2003			*										*				*			*			
Quarter 4, 2003			*							*		*	*				*		*	*			
Quarter 1, 2004			*									*	*				*		*				
Quarter 2, 2004			*									*	*				*		*	*			
Quarter 3, 2004			*									*					*		*				
Quarter 4, 2004			*							*		*	*				*	*	*				
Quarter 1, 2005			*							*		*	*				*			*			
Quarter 2, 2005			*							*			*				*	*	*	*			
Quarter 3, 2005			*							*			*				*	*	*	*			
Quarter 4, 2005			*							*		*	*				*		*	*			
Quarter 1, 2006										*		*	*						*	*			
Quarter 2, 2006			*							*			*				*	*	*	*			
Quarter 3, 2006			*							*			*				*	*	*	*			
Quarter 4, 2006	*									*		*	*						*	*			
Quarter 1, 2007			*							*			*				*		*	*			
Quarter 2, 2007			*							*		*	*				*	*		*			
Quarter 3, 2007			*							*	*	*	*				*		*	*			
Quarter 4, 2007			*							*		*	*				*		*	*			
Quarter 1, 2008			*							*		*	*				*	*	*	*			
Quarter 2, 2008			*							*	*		*				*		*	*			
Quarter 3, 2008										*		*	*				*			*			
Quarter 4, 2008			*							*		*	*				*	*	*	*			
Quarter 1, 2009			*							*		*	*				*						
Quarter 2, 2009			*							*		*	*				*	*		*			
Quarter 3, 2009			*							*	*	*	*				*			*			
Quarter 4, 2009			*							*		*	*				*						
Quarter 1, 2010			*							*		*	*				*						
Quarter 2, 2010			*							*			*				*	*		*			
Quarter 3, 2010			*							*	*	*	*				*						
Quarter 4, 2010			*							*		*	*				*						
Quarter 1, 2011										*			*				*						
Quarter 2, 2011			*							*			*				*			*			
Quarter 3, 2011			*							*			*				*			*			
Quarter 4, 2011			*							*	*	*	*				*						
Quarter 1, 2012			*							*			*				*			*			
Quarter 2, 2012			*							*			*				*		*	*			
Quarter 3, 2012			*							*		*	*				*						
Quarter 4, 2012										*		*	*				*		*	*			
Quarter 1, 2013										*			*				*		*	*			
Quarter 2, 2013										*		*	*				*		*	*			
Quarter 3, 2013			*							*		*	*				*		*	*			
Quarter 4, 2013			*							*		*	*				*		*	*			
Quarter 1, 2014			*							*	*		*				*		*	*			
Quarter 2, 2014			*							*	*		*	*			*		*	*			
Quarter 3, 2014			*							*			*				*			*			
Quarter 4, 2014			*							*	*	*	*				*		*	*			
Quarter 1, 2015			*							*	*	*	*				*			*			
Quarter 2, 2015			*							*	*		*				*			*			
Quarter 3, 2015			*							*	*	*	*				*	*	*	*			
Quarter 4, 2015			*							*	*	*	*				*	*		*			
Quarter 1, 2016			*							*	*		*				*		*	*			
THORIUM-230																							
Quarter 1, 2012	*								*					*									
Quarter 4, 2014	*		*																				
Quarter 3, 2015	*								*	*			*		*								

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-S and T Landfills (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS					URGA										LRGA						
Gradient	S	D	D	D	U	S	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	386	389	390	393	396	221	222	223	224	384	369	372	387	391	220	394	385	370	373	388	392	395	397
THORIUM-234																							
Quarter 2, 2003						*			*					*									
Quarter 4, 2007									*														
TOLUENE																							
Quarter 2, 2014										*	*		*										
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON																							
Quarter 4, 2002																					*		
Quarter 1, 2003				*						*	*							*	*		*		
Quarter 2, 2003										*	*		*								*		
Quarter 3, 2003							*	*	*	*	*	*											
Quarter 4, 2003							*		*	*													
Quarter 1, 2004										*													
Quarter 2, 2004										*	*												
Quarter 3, 2004										*													
Quarter 4, 2004										*													
Quarter 1, 2005										*													
Quarter 2, 2005										*											*		
Quarter 3, 2005										*		*									*		
Quarter 4, 2005										*											*		
Quarter 1, 2006										*													
Quarter 2, 2006										*		*											
Quarter 4, 2006																	*						
Quarter 1, 2007	*									*													
Quarter 3, 2007	*					*	*	*	*	*			*	*			*						
Quarter 2, 2011											*												
Quarter 3, 2012	*																						
TOTAL ORGANIC HALIDES																							
Quarter 4, 2002																		*	*		*		
Quarter 1, 2003				*														*			*		
Quarter 3, 2003				*																	*		
Quarter 2, 2004																					*		
Quarter 3, 2004	*																						
Quarter 1, 2005	*																						
Quarter 2, 2005	*																						
Quarter 3, 2005	*																						
Quarter 4, 2005	*																						
Quarter 1, 2006	*																						
Quarter 2, 2006	*																						
Quarter 3, 2006	*																						
Quarter 4, 2006																	*						
Quarter 1, 2007	*																						
Quarter 2, 2007	*																						
Quarter 3, 2007	*																						
Quarter 4, 2007	*																				*		
Quarter 1, 2008	*																						
Quarter 4, 2008	*																						
Quarter 4, 2008	*																						
Quarter 1, 2009	*																						
Quarter 2, 2009	*																				*		
Quarter 3, 2009	*																						
Quarter 4, 2009	*																						
Quarter 1, 2010	*																						
Quarter 2, 2010	*																						
Quarter 3, 2010	*																						

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-S and T Landfills (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS					URGA											LRGA						
Gradient	S	D	D	D	U	S	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	386	389	390	393	396	221	222	223	224	384	369	372	387	391	220	394	385	370	373	388	392	395	397
TOTAL ORGANIC HALIDES																							
Quarter 4, 2010	*																						
Quarter 1, 2011	*																						
Quarter 3, 2013																					*		
TRICHLOROETHENE																							
Quarter 4, 2002														■		■					■	■	
Quarter 1, 2003														■		■					■	■	
Quarter 2, 2003														■		■					■	■	
Quarter 3, 2003														■		■					■	■	
Quarter 4, 2003														■		■					■	■	
Quarter 1, 2004														■		■					■	■	
Quarter 2, 2004												■		■		■		■	■		■	■	
Quarter 3, 2004												■		■		■		■	■		■	■	
Quarter 4, 2004												■		■		■		■	■		■	■	
Quarter 1, 2005												■		■		■		■	■		■	■	
Quarter 2, 2005												■		■		■		■	■		■	■	
Quarter 3, 2005												■		■		■		■	■		■	■	
Quarter 4, 2005												■		■		■		■	■		■	■	
Quarter 1, 2006												■		■		■		■	■		■	■	
Quarter 2, 2006												■		■		■		■	■		■	■	
Quarter 2, 2007												■		■		■			■		■	■	
Quarter 3, 2007												■		■		■			■		■	■	
Quarter 4, 2007												■		■		■			■		■	■	
Quarter 1, 2008												■		■		■			■		■		
Quarter 2, 2008												■		■		■			■		■		
Quarter 3, 2008												■		■		■			■		■		
Quarter 4, 2008												■		■		■			■		■		
Quarter 1, 2009												■		■		■			■		■		
Quarter 2, 2009												■		■		■			■		■		
Quarter 3, 2009												■		■		■			■		■		
Quarter 4, 2009											■	■		■		■			■		■		
Quarter 1, 2010												■		■		■			■		■		
Quarter 2, 2010												■		■		■			■		■		
Quarter 3, 2010												■		■		■			■		■	■	
Quarter 4, 2010												■		■		■			■		■	■	
Quarter 1, 2011												■		■		■			■		■	■	
Quarter 2, 2011												■		■		■			■		■		
Quarter 3, 2011												■		■		■			■		■		
Quarter 4, 2011												■		■		■			■		■	■	
Quarter 1, 2012												■		■		■			■		■	■	
Quarter 2, 2012												■		■					■		■		
Quarter 3, 2012												■		■					■		■		
Quarter 4, 2012											■	■		■		■			■		■		
Quarter 1, 2013												■		■		■			■		■		
Quarter 2, 2013												■		■					■		■		
Quarter 3, 2013												■		■					■		■		
Quarter 4, 2013												■		■		■			■		■		
Quarter 1, 2014												■		■		■			■		■		
Quarter 2, 2014												■		■							■		
Quarter 3, 2014												■		■					■		■		
Quarter 4, 2014												■		■		■			■		■		
Quarter 1, 2015												■		■		■			■		■		
Quarter 2, 2015												■		■					■		■		
Quarter 3, 2015												■		■	■				■		■		
Quarter 4, 2015												■		■		■			■		■		
Quarter 1, 2016												■		■		■			■		■		

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-S and T Landfills (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS					URGA											LRGA						
Gradient	S	D	D	D	U	S	S	S	S	S	D	D	D	D	U	U	S	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	386	389	390	393	396	221	222	223	224	384	369	372	387	391	220	394	385	370	373	388	392	395	397
TURBIDITY																							
Quarter 4, 2002																					✱		
Quarter 1, 2003							✱					✱		✱									
URANIUM																							
Quarter 4, 2002																		✱	✱				
Quarter 1, 2003																			✱				
Quarter 4, 2003							✱																
Quarter 1, 2004							✱	✱	✱					✱			✱						
Quarter 4, 2004																	✱						
Quarter 4, 2006																			✱		✱		
ZINC																							
Quarter 3, 2003												✱											
Quarter 4, 2003							✱		✱			✱											
Quarter 4, 2004							✱																
Quarter 4, 2007							✱	✱	✱														

✱ Statistical test results indicate an elevated concentration (i.e., a statistically significant increase)

■ MCL Exceedance

UCRS Upper Continental Recharge System

URGA Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer

LRGA Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer

S Sidegradient; D Downgradient; U Upgradient

APPENDIX H

METHANE MONITORING DATA

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C-746-S & T LANDFILL METHANE MONITORING REPORT

Date:	2/29/2016	Time:	12:35	Monitor:	Tammy Smith

Weather Conditions:
Sunny at 64.2* with winds out of the south west

Monitoring Equipment:
RAE Systems, MultiRae 4496-5

Monitoring Location		Reading (% LEL)
Ogden Landing Road Entrance	Checked at ground level	0
North Landfill Gate	Checked at ground level	0
West Side of Landfill: North 37° 07.652' West 88° 48.029'	Checked at ground level	0
East Side of Landfill: North 37° 07.628' West 88° 47.798'	Checked at ground level	0
Cell 1 Gas Vent (17)	10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 170	0
Cell 2 Gas Vent (3)	10 20 30	0
Cell 3 Gas Vent (7)	10 20 30 40 50 60 70	0
Landfill Office	Checked at floor level	0
Suspect or Problem Areas	No areas noted	

Remarks:

ALL VENTS CHECKED 1" FROM MOUTH OF THE VENT

Performed by:

Tammy Smith — **Signature**

2/29/2016 — **Date**

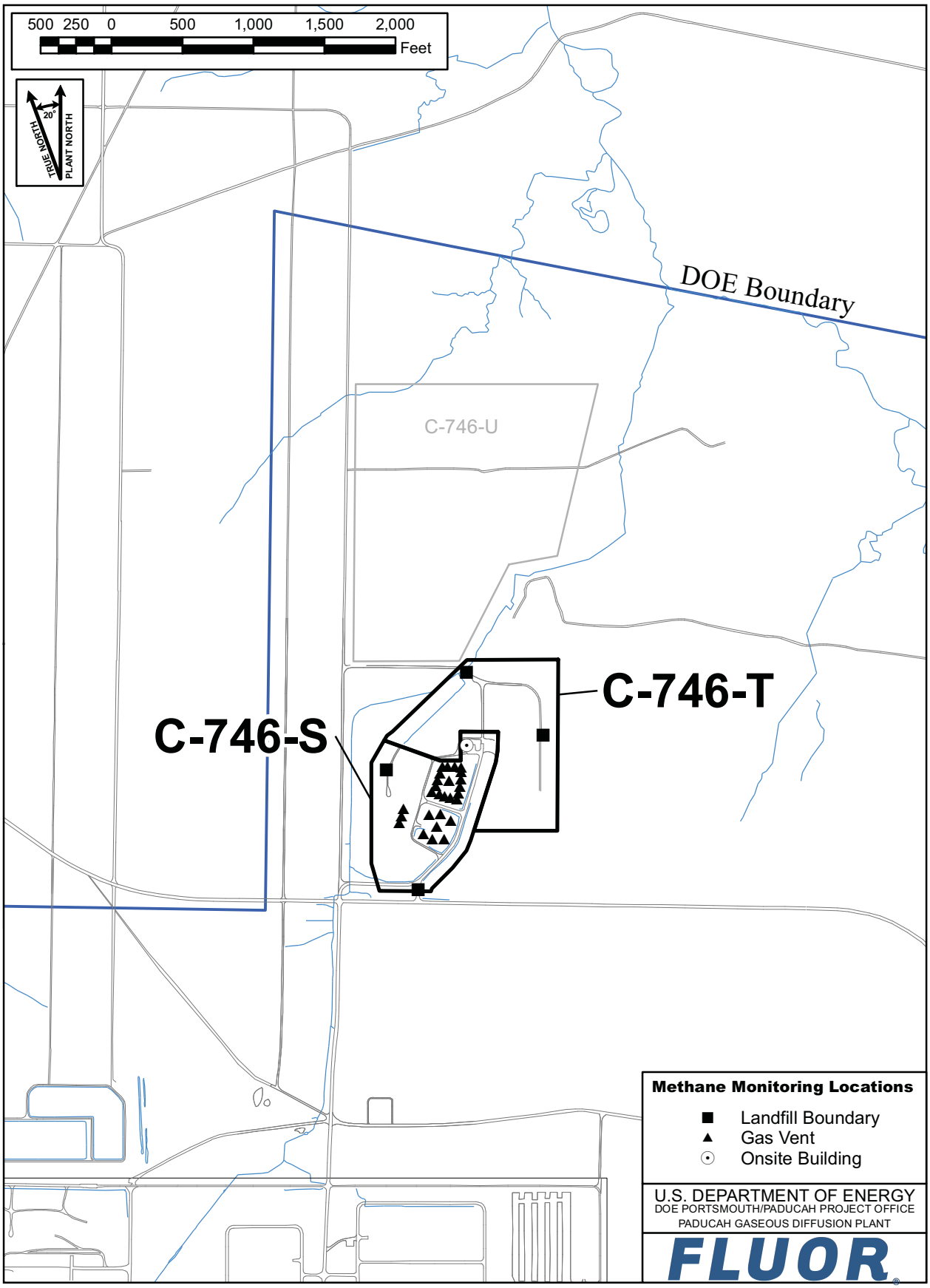

Figure H.1. C-746-S&T Methane Monitoring Locations

APPENDIX I

SURFACE WATER ANALYSES AND WRITTEN COMMENTS

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Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015 FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

SURFACE WATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS (S)

Monitoring Point (KPDES Discharge Number, or "UPSTREAM", or "DOWNSTREAM")	L135 UPSTREAM	L154 DOWNSTREAM	L136 AT SITE	F. BLANK
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	NA	NA	F
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	2/16/2016 14:01	2/16/2016 13:45	2/16/2016 14:17	2/16/2016 14:04
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[1]	N	N	N	N
Split ('Y' or "N")[2]	N	N	N	N
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	L135SS2-16	L154US2-16	L136SS2-16	FB1SS2-16
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	391519002	391512002	391519003	391519004
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year)	2/24/2016	2/25/2016	2/24/2016	2/24/2016

CAS RN[3]		CONSTITUENT	TD[4]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]
A200-00-0	0	Flow	T	MGD	Field	0.17		0.56		0.08			*
16887-00-6	2	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	300.0	51.1		40.5		3.56		0.0988	J
14808-79-8	0	Sulfate	T	mg/L	300.0	22.5		12.9		37.4		<0.4	
7439-89-6	0	Iron	T	mg/L	200.8	1.13		2.51		0.514		<0.1	
7440-23-5	0	Sodium	T	mg/L	200.8	26.5		15.3		5.14		<0.25	
S0268- -	0	Organic Carbon[6]	T	mg/L	9060	16.8		16.3		13.5			*
S0097- -	0	BOD[6]	T	mg/L	not applicable		*		*		*		*
S0130- -	0	Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	42.6		44.7		40.6			*

I-3

[1]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[3]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[4]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[5]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value then shown is Practical Quantification Limit
[6]Facility has either/or option on Organic Carbon and (BOD) Biochemical Oxygen Demand - both are not required
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments" page.

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution factor

SURFACE WATER - QUARTERLY

Facility: **US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant**

Permit Number: **073-00014 & 073-00015**

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

SURFACE WATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

Monitoring Point (KPDES Discharge Number, or "UPSTREAM" or "DOWNSTREAM")						L135 UPSTREAM		L154 DOWNSTREAM		L136 AT SITE		F. BLANK	
CAS RN[3]		CONSTITUENT	TD[4]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]
S0145- -	1	Specific Conductance	T	µhmo/cm	Field	405		284		322			*
S0270- -	0	Total Suspended Solids	T	mg/L	160.2	11.6		32.8		4.67			*
S0266- -	0	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	249		240		223			*
S0269- -	0	Total Solids	T	mg/L	SM-2540B	275		281		232			*
S0296- -	0	pH	T	Units	Field	7.59		7.63		8.06			*
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	200.8	0.00872	*	0.00502		0.00662	*	<0.0002	*
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha (α)	T	pCi/L	9310	0.407	*	4.08	*	2.92	*	-1.05	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta (β)	T	pCi/L	9310	11.3	*	-10.4	*	6.81	*	-4.09	*

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/INERT-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00014 & 073-00015 FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

SURFACE WATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS (S)

Monitoring Point (KPDES Discharge Number, or "UPSTREAM", or "DOWNSTREAM")	L135 UPSTREAM
Sample Sequence #	2
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	2/16/2016 14:01
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[1]	Y
Split ('Y' or "N")[2]	N
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	L135DSS2-16
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	391519001
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year)	2/24/2016

CAS RN[3]		CONSTITUENT	TD[4]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]
A200-00-0	0	Flow	T	MGD	Field	0.17							
16887-00-6	2	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	300.0	52.3							
14808-79-8	0	Sulfate	T	mg/L	300.0	23							
7439-89-6	0	Iron	T	mg/L	200.8	1.12							
7440-23-5	0	Sodium	T	mg/L	200.8	25.4							
S0268- -	0	Organic Carbon[6]	T	mg/L	9060	18.7							
S0097- -	0	BOD[6]	T	mg/L	not applicable		*						
S0130- -	0	Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	38.5							

[1]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[3]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[4]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[5]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value then shown is Practical Quantification Limit
[6]Facility has either/or option on Organic Carbon and (BOD) Biochemical Oxygen Demand - both are not required
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments" page.

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution factor

SURFACE WATER - QUARTERLY

Facility: **US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant**

Permit Number: **073-00014 & 073-00015**

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

SURFACE WATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

Monitoring Point (KPDES Discharge Number, or "UPSTREAM" or "DOWNSTREAM")						L135 UPSTREAM							
CAS RN[3]		CONSTITUENT	TD[4]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]
S0145- -	1	Specific Conductance	T	µmho/cm	Field	405							
S0270- -	0	Total Suspended Solids	T	mg/L	160.2	21.2							
S0266- -	0	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	271							
S0269- -	0	Total Solids	T	mg/L	SM-2540B	288							
S0296- -	0	pH	T	Units	Field	7.59							
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	200.8	0.00871	*						
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha (α)	T	pCi/L	9310	2.1	*						
12587-47-2		Gross Beta (β)	T	pCi/L	9310	15.9	*						

RESIDENTIAL/INERT – QUARTERLY **Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1**

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant **LAB ID: None**

Permit Numbers: 073-00014 & 073-00015 **For Official Use Only**

SURFACE WATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
L135	L135SS2-16	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium	X	Other specific flags and footnotes may be required to properly define the results.
		Alpha activity		TPU is 5.67. Rad error is 5.67.
		Beta activity		TPU is 9.93. Rad error is 9.75.
L154	L154US2-16	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Alpha activity		TPU is 7.55. Rad error is 7.52.
		Beta activity		TPU is 8.51. Rad error is 8.51.
L136	L136SS2-16	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium	X	Other specific flags and footnotes may be required to properly define the results.
		Alpha activity		TPU is 4.48. Rad error is 4.45.
		Beta activity		TPU is 5.55. Rad error is 5.42.
QC	FB1SS2-16	Flow Rate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon (TOC)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Conductivity		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Suspended Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium	X	Other specific flags and footnotes may be required to properly define the results.
		Alpha activity		TPU is 2.93. Rad error is 2.93.
		Beta activity		TPU is 4.39. Rad error is 4.39.
L135	L135DSS2-16	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium	X	Other specific flags and footnotes may be required to properly define the results.
		Alpha activity		TPU is 7.02. Rad error is 7.01.
		Beta activity		TPU is 11.3. Rad error is 11.

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