



Department of Energy

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MAY 25 2017

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PPPO-02-4179686-17A

Ms. April Webb
Division of Waste Management
Kentucky Department for Environmental Protection
300 Sower Boulevard, 2nd Floor
Frankfort, Kentucky 40601

Dear Mr. Shingleton and Ms. Webb:


**TRANSMITTAL OF C-404 HAZARDOUS WASTE LANDFILL MAY 2017
SEMIANNUAL GROUNDWATER REPORT (OCTOBER 2016–MARCH 2017),
PADUCAH GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANT, PADUCAH, KENTUCKY,
FPDP-RPT-0086/V1, PERMIT NO. KY8-890-008-982**

This report is submitted to comply with Part II Specific Condition II.K.6.d of the Hazardous Waste Management Facility Permit, Permit Number KY8-890-008-982. This report provides the groundwater analytical results and statistical analysis of those results for the semiannual sampling event conducted during January 2017 at the C-404 Hazardous Waste Landfill. This report also includes groundwater flow direction as supplemental information to the permit-required annual flow rate and direction.

Results of the statistical analyses indicate that compliance well concentrations of permit-required parameters are not statistically different from those in background wells, except for total arsenic in Monitoring Well (MW) 84. The MW84 total arsenic exceedance is consistent with the 2007 *C-404 Landfill Source Demonstration, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, PRS-ENM-0031/R2, which demonstrates that the C-404 Landfill was not the source of the historical, statistically significant background exceedance of trichloroethene in MW84; therefore, there is no apparent exceedance (of arsenic or any other permit-required parameter) that is attributable to a release from the C-404 Landfill. Notification of the statistically significant difference for total arsenic was submitted, pursuant to Part II Specific Condition II.K.6.a, to the Kentucky Department of Environmental Protection under separate correspondence.

If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact David Dollins at (270) 441-6819.

Sincerely,



Jennifer Woodard
Paducah Site Lead
Portsmouth/Paducah Project Office

Enclosures:

1. Certification Page
2. C-404 Hazardous Waste Landfill May 2017 Semiannual Groundwater Report

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CERTIFICATION

Document Identification: C-404 Hazardous Waste Landfill Notification of Statistically Significant Exceedance of Background in Groundwater Monitoring as Required by Permit KY8-890-008-982

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to ensure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Fluor Federal Services, Inc.

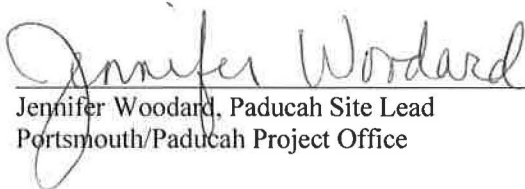


Myrna E. Redfield, Director
Environmental Management

5/25/17
Date Signed

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to ensure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

U.S. Department of Energy



Jennifer Woodard, Paducah Site Lead
Portsmouth/Paducah Project Office

5/25/17
Date Signed

**C-404 Hazardous Waste Landfill
May 2017 Semiannual
Groundwater Report
(October 2016–March 2017),
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky**

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This document is approved for public release per review by:

R.H. Watson

FPDP Classification Support

5-17-17

Date

**C-404 Hazardous Waste Landfill
May 2017 Semiannual
Groundwater Report
(October 2016–March 2017),
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky**

Date Issued—May 2017

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
Office of Environmental Management

Prepared by
FLUOR FEDERAL SERVICES, INC.,
Paducah Deactivation Project
managing the
Deactivation Project at the
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
under Task Order DE-DT0007774

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ACRONYMS

AKGWA	Assembled Kentucky Groundwater
MW	monitoring well
PGDP	Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RGA	Regional Gravel Aquifer
UCRS	Upper Continental Recharge System
URGA	Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer
UTL	upper tolerance limit

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report, *C-404 Hazardous Waste Landfill May 2017 Semiannual Groundwater Report (October 2016–March 2017), Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, FPDP-RPT-0086/V1, is being submitted by the U.S. Department of Energy in accordance with requirements in Kentucky Division of Waste Management Hazardous Waste Facility Permit, KY8-890-008-982. The reporting period covers October 2016 through March 2017 and includes analytical data from the January 2017 sampling of monitoring wells (MWs) located in the vicinity of the closed C-404 Hazardous Waste Landfill (C-404 Landfill). In 1986, disposal of waste at C-404 Landfill was halted and a portion of the disposed-of waste was found to be Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) hazardous. The landfill was covered with a RCRA multilayered cap and certified closed in 1987.

The groundwater monitoring analytical data were subjected to statistical analyses. The analyses were conducted in accordance with the Hazardous Waste Facility Permit. Only the arsenic concentration in compliance well MW84 was statistically different from concentrations in the background wells. The MW84 arsenic exceedance is consistent with the 2007 Alternate Source Demonstration (PRS 2007), which demonstrates that the C-404 Landfill was not the source of the historical, statistically significant background exceedance of trichloroethene in MW84. This determination fulfills Section II.K.8 of the Hazardous Waste Facility Permit, which allows for demonstrating that the exceedance is consistent with the findings in the 2007 Alternate Source Demonstration and also allows for the demonstration to be submitted within the semiannual report.

For the remaining parameters, concentrations in the downgradient (compliance) wells are not statistically different from the concentrations in upgradient (background) wells.

No leachate was removed from the C-404 Landfill sump during this reporting period. Leachate analytical data from the sample collected during the previous reporting period (September 2016) are provided in this report because the laboratory results were not available by the regulatory deadline of the previous report.

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1. INTRODUCTION

This report contains the statistical evaluation of data from groundwater sampling and analysis for the C-404 Hazardous Waste Landfill (C-404 Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant (PGDP), Paducah, Kentucky. This semiannual report is required by the Kentucky Division of Waste Management Hazardous Waste Facility Permit, KY8-890-008-982 (the permit) (KDWM 2015), Specific Condition II.K.6.d—Recordkeeping, Reporting, and Response. The period covered by this report is October 2016 through March 2017.

Groundwater analytical results are provided in Appendix A. The statistical analyses and qualification statement are provided in Appendix B. Landfill leachate analytical results are provided in Appendix C. The groundwater flow direction determination is provided in Appendix D.

1.1 BACKGROUND

The C-404 Landfill is located in the west-central portion of the PGDP secured area. The 1.2-acre facility operated as a surface impoundment from approximately 1952 until early 1957. During this time, influents to the impoundment originated from the C-400 Cleaning Building. In 1957, the impoundment was converted to a solid waste disposal facility for uranium-contaminated solid waste. When the impoundment was converted into a disposal facility, a sump was installed at the former weir to collect the leachate from the facility. Leachate is pumped from the sump, as needed, into a mobile tank. Then the leachate is transferred to a permitted hazardous waste storage facility on-site prior to characterization and transferred off-site for treatment.

In 1986, the disposal of waste at C-404 Landfill was halted, and a portion of the disposed-of waste was found to be Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)-hazardous. The landfill was covered with a RCRA multilayered cap and certified closed in 1987. It currently is regulated under RCRA as a land disposal unit and compliance is monitored under the current Hazardous Waste Facility Permit (KDWM 2015).

Previous groundwater monitoring documented that concentrations in compliance wells were statistically different from background wells for trichloroethene (TCE). The *C-404 Landfill Source Demonstration, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky* (PRS 2007) documented that the source of the differences from background concentrations in compliance wells is not from the C-404 Landfill, but rather, the source is located upgradient/crossgradient of the C-404 Landfill.

1.2 MONITORING PERIOD ACTIVITIES

1.2.1 Groundwater Monitoring

Groundwater sampling was conducted in January 2017 using Fluor Federal Services, Inc., procedure CP4-ES-2101, *Groundwater Sampling*. Appropriate sample containers and preservatives were used. The laboratory that performed analyses used U.S. Environmental Protection Agency-approved methods, as applicable. There are nine MWs sampled under this permit for the C-404 Landfill: four Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS) wells and five Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA) wells. Table 1 presents the well numbers for URGA wells located upgradient and downgradient of the C-404 Landfill. Table 1 also presents the well numbers for the UCRS wells located in proximity to the URGA wells. This table refers to these UCRS wells as being adjacent to an “upgradient” or “downgradient” URGA well location, identified relative to the URGA groundwater flow direction (see Figure 1).

Table 1. Monitoring Well Locations

UCRS	
Located south of C-404 Landfill, adjacent to upgradient URGA background well MW93	MW94
Located north of C-404 Landfill, adjacent to downgradient URGA compliance wells	MW85, MW88, MW91
URGA	
Upgradient background wells	MW93, MW420
Downgradient compliance wells	MW84, MW87, MW90A*

*MW90 was abandoned in 2001 and replaced with MW90A.

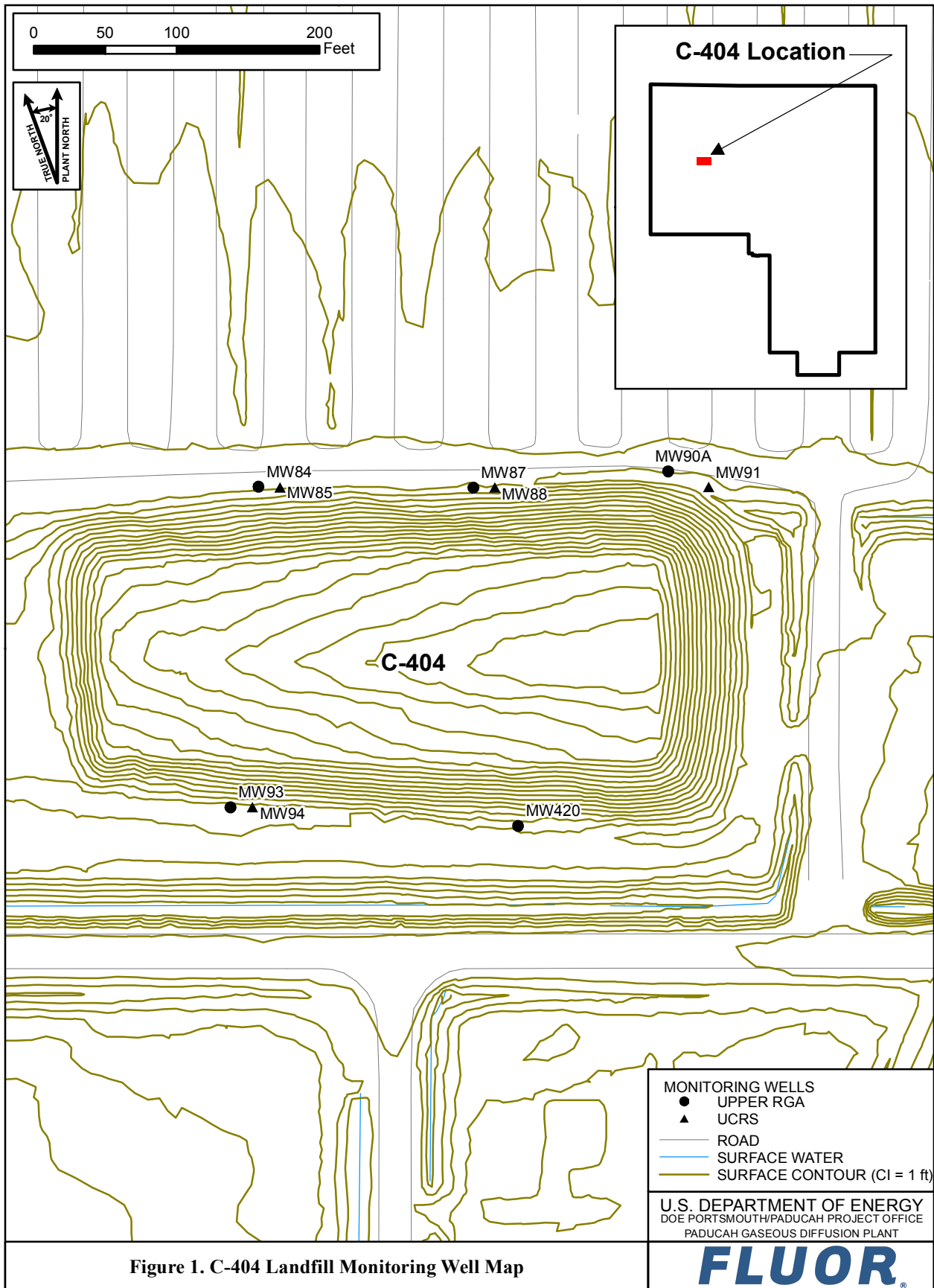


Figure 1. C-404 Landfill Monitoring Well Map

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 11/4/2013

The conceptual model for the site indicates that groundwater in the UCRS wells flows primarily vertically until it reaches the URGA; therefore, UCRS wells are not considered “upgradient” or “downgradient” of other wells in the area.

Table 2 presents the Assembled Kentucky Groundwater (AKGWA) numbers for each MW. A map of the MW locations is provided in Figure 1. All of the MWs listed in Tables 1 and 2 were sampled during this reporting period, and the samples were analyzed for parameters required by Attachment E of the Hazardous Waste Facility Permit.

Appendix A of this report contains the analytical results from the wells that were sampled during the January 2017 semiannual sampling event. Appendix B of this report contains the statistical analyses.

Per Permit Specific Condition II.K.4.a, the groundwater flow rate and direction are evaluated annually and reported in each November report. For this May report, a potentiometric map has been included in Appendix D as supplemental information, using data from sampling performed in January 2017. Depth-to-water was measured on January 24, 2017, from several wells at the perimeter of the C-404 Landfill. Water level measurements in 11 vicinity well locations define the potentiometric surface for the URGA (see Tables D.3 and D.4). Groundwater flow direction beneath the C-404 Landfill generally trends northward, but commonly varies from northeast to northwest. On January 24, 2017, groundwater flow was toward the north-northeast (see Figure D.1).

1.2.2 Landfill Leachate

In accordance with Section 1.2 of the Hazardous Waste Facility Permit, the quantity of liquid in the leachate collection system is monitored (at least monthly) and, at a minimum, will be “removed when the quantity exceeds 3 ft in depth.” No leachate was removed from the sump during this reporting period, October 2016 to March 2017.

Leachate sample data from the previous reporting period are provided in this report because the laboratory data were not available by the regulatory deadline of the previous report. Analytical results from leachate sampling on September 19, 2016, are included in Appendix C.

Table 2. Assembled Kentucky Groundwater Numbers

PGDP Well Number	AKGWA Number
MW84	8000-5233
MW85	8000-5234
MW87	8000-5236
MW88	8000-5237
MW90A	8004-0357
MW91	8000-5240
MW93	8000-5102
MW94	8000-5103
MW420	8005-3263

2. STATISTICAL SYNOPSIS

The statistical analyses conducted on the data collected from C-404 Landfill were performed in accordance with procedures in the Hazardous Waste Facility Permit, Attachment Part E, reissued in July 2015. Appendix B of this report contains the statistical analyses performed for this reporting period. Data utilized for statistical analyses included data from the URGA background wells, MW93 and MW420, and URGA compliance wells, MW84, MW87, and MW90A. For these statistical analyses, the reporting period data set includes data from January 2015, July 2015, January 2016, July 2016, and January 2017.

Only the arsenic (see Appendix B) concentration in compliance well MW84 was different from concentrations in the background wells. The statistical tests on all other parameters, including dissolved arsenic, showed no statistical difference between concentrations in the compliance (downgradient) and background (upgradient) wells.

Since the nonparametric ANOVA test for arsenic identified a statistically significant difference between concentrations in the compliance well, MW84, and concentrations in background wells, in accordance with the permit provisions, the data were evaluated further by comparing the most recent compliance analytical data to a 95% upper tolerance limit (UTL) using the five most recent sets of data for each background well. Results of the comparison showed concentrations in compliance MW84 were higher than the UTL for the paired background concentrations. Analytical data were then evaluated using parametric ANOVA of wells in the same direction relative to the landfill (e.g., compare upgradient westernmost well MW93 analytical data to downgradient westernmost well MW84 analytical data). Results show the compliance (downgradient) well, MW84, does have statistically significant higher concentrations than the background (upgradient) well, MW93. Additional intra-well evaluation of trend was then performed for arsenic in MW84 using the Mann-Kendall statistical test. The Mann-Kendall statistical test identified a positive trend in MW84 over the past eight semiannual events.

STATISTICALLY SIGNIFICANT EXCEEDANCE OF BACKGROUND

The exceedance in arsenic concentration over background concentrations is consistent with the findings in the 2007 Alternate Source Demonstration (PRS 2007). The 2007 demonstration found that the statistically significant increase of TCE in the downgradient well, MW84, appeared to be due to an upgradient source whose TCE is migrating through the C-404 Landfill area. This determination fulfills Section II.K.8 of the Hazardous Waste Facility Permit, which allows for demonstrating that the exceedance is consistent with the findings in the 2007 Alternate Source Demonstration and allows for the demonstration to be submitted within the semiannual report.

Additional information that reinforces the alternate source demonstration is as follows. First, until the January 2015 sampling event, the westernmost upgradient well (MW93) had higher arsenic concentrations than the downgradient well MW84. Since then, the MW84 arsenic concentrations have increased steadily. This condition is similar to the pattern of TCE concentrations historically seen in these same wells and are attributed to a source upgradient/crossgradient of the C-404 Landfill in the 2007 Alternate Source Demonstration. Second, groundwater flow directions are to the northeast (see Figure D.1)—similarly indicating an upgradient, non-C-404 Landfill source of MW84 impacts. This condition is consistent with flow patterns found in 2007 during the Alternate Source Demonstration. Third, although there are significant differences in arsenic concentrations, there is no significant difference in dissolved arsenic concentrations between compliance well MW84 and background wells (see Appendix B, Attachment B2). Both arsenic and dissolved arsenic are permit-required analyses for

groundwater. The mechanism of transport for arsenic from the landfill would have to be via a groundwater/dissolved pathway, because particulate-associated arsenic would not migrate through the subsurface. Finally, most of the leachate samples collected over the years have had no detectable arsenic (dissolved arsenic is not required by the permit for leachate) and do not contain arsenic concentrations that could be the source of the concentrations recently detected in RGA groundwater at MW84. Of the 25% (13 of 51) of leachate samples that do contain arsenic, the maximum concentration of 0.00243 mg/L in leachate is below the arsenic concentration of 0.017 mg/L found in MW84; thus, the C-404 Landfill cannot be the source of the arsenic found in that well.

3. DATA VALIDATION AND QA/QC SUMMARY

The data and the data validation qualifiers for the January 2017 data set are provided in Appendix A. All data for this data set were considered useable as reported.

Data validation was performed on the analytical data by an independent, third-party validator.

Field quality control samples are collected semiannually during each sampling event. Equipment rinseate blanks, field blanks, and trip blanks are obtained to ensure quality control and are reported in the Analytical Results in Appendix A. No contamination was detected in these samples. Laboratory quality control samples, such as matrix spikes, matrix spike duplicates, and method blanks, are performed by the laboratory and reported in the laboratory report. Both field and laboratory quality control sample results are reviewed as part of the data validation process.

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4. PROFESSIONAL GEOLOGIST AUTHORIZATION

DOCUMENT IDENTIFICATION: *C-404 Hazardous Waste Landfill
May 2017 Semiannual Groundwater Report
(October 2016–March 2017),
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky
(FPDP-RPT-0086/V1)*

Stamped and signed pursuant to my authority as a duly registered geologist under the provisions of *KRS* Chapter 322A.



Kenneth R. Davis
Kenneth R. Davis

PG113927

May 17, 2017
Date

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5. REFERENCES

- KDWM (Kentucky Division of Waste Management) 2015. Hazardous Waste Facility Permit for the U.S. Department of Energy, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, KY8-890-008-982, effective July 26.
- PRS (Paducah Remediation Services, LLC) 2007. *C-404 Landfill Source Demonstration, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, PRS-ENM-0031/R2, Paducah Remediation Services, LLC, Kevil, KY.

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APPENDIX A

**C-404 HAZARDOUS WASTE LANDFILL GROUNDWATER
ANALYTICAL RESULTS**

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**Paducah OREIS
GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT**

Facility: C-404 Landfill **County:** McCracken **Permit #:** KY8-890-008-982

Sampling Point: MW84 REG Downgradient URGA **Period:** Semiannual Report

AKGWA Well Tag #: 8000-5233

Parameter	Qualifier	Result	Units	Reporting Limit	Date Collected	Counting Error (+/- TPU)	Method	Validation
Arsenic		0.017	mg/L	0.002	1/24/2017		SW846-6020A	=
		0.0168	mg/L	0.005	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Arsenic, Dissolved		0.00756	mg/L	0.005	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
		0.011	mg/L	0.002	1/24/2017		SW846-6020A	J
Barometric Pressure Reading		29.92	Inches/Hg		1/24/2017			X
Cadmium	J	0.000619	mg/L	0.001	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Cadmium, Dissolved	U	0.001	mg/L	0.001	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Chromium		0.0309	mg/L	0.01	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	J
Chromium, Dissolved	U	0.01	mg/L	0.01	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Conductivity		374	umho/cm		1/24/2017			X
Depth to Water		52.72	ft		1/24/2017			X
Dissolved Oxygen		3.19	mg/L		1/24/2017			X
Lead		0.00475	mg/L	0.002	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	J
Lead, Dissolved	U	0.002	mg/L	0.002	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Mercury	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/24/2017		SW846-7470A	=
Mercury, Dissolved	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/24/2017		SW846-7470A	=
pH		5.91	Std Unit		1/24/2017			X
Redox		363	mV		1/24/2017			X
Selenium	J	0.00287	mg/L	0.005	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Selenium, Dissolved	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Technetium-99	U	11.2	pCi/L	16.3	1/24/2017	9.8 9.88	HASL 300, Tc-02-RC M	=
Temperature		57	deg F		1/24/2017			X
Trichloroethene		2550	ug/L	50	1/24/2017		SW846-8260B	=
Turbidity		247	NTU		1/24/2017			X
Uranium		0.000618	mg/L	0.0002	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Uranium-234	U	2.03	pCi/L	2.72	1/24/2017	2.16 2.19	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-235	U	0	pCi/L	1.53	1/24/2017	1 1.01	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-238	U	0.889	pCi/L	2.55	1/24/2017	1.64 1.65	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=

**Paducah OREIS
GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT**

Facility: C-404 Landfill **County:** McCracken **Permit #:** KY8-890-008-982

Sampling Point: MW84 FR Downgradient URGA **Period:** Semiannual Report

AKGWA Well Tag #: 8000-5233

Parameter	Qualifier	Result	Units	Reporting Limit	Date Collected	Counting Error (+/- TPU)	Method	Validation
Arsenic		0.017	mg/L	0.002	1/24/2017		SW846-6020A	=
		0.0146	mg/L	0.005	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Arsenic, Dissolved		0.00652	mg/L	0.005	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
		0.01	mg/L	0.002	1/24/2017		SW846-6020A	J
Barometric Pressure Reading		29.92	Inches/Hg		1/24/2017			X
Cadmium	J	0.000462	mg/L	0.001	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Cadmium, Dissolved	U	0.001	mg/L	0.001	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Chromium		0.0179	mg/L	0.01	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	J
Chromium, Dissolved	U	0.01	mg/L	0.01	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Conductivity		374	umho/cm		1/24/2017			X
Depth to Water		52.72	ft		1/24/2017			X
Dissolved Oxygen		3.19	mg/L		1/24/2017			X
Lead		0.00285	mg/L	0.002	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	J
Lead, Dissolved	U	0.002	mg/L	0.002	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Mercury	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/24/2017		SW846-7470A	=
Mercury, Dissolved	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/24/2017		SW846-7470A	=
pH		5.91	Std Unit		1/24/2017			X
Redox		363	mV		1/24/2017			X
Selenium	J	0.00294	mg/L	0.005	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Selenium, Dissolved	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Technetium-99	U	12	pCi/L	13.5	1/24/2017	8.24 8.35	HASL 300, Tc-02-RC M	=
Temperature		57	deg F		1/24/2017			X
Trichloroethene		2620	ug/L	50	1/24/2017		SW846-8260B	=
Turbidity		247	NTU		1/24/2017			X
Uranium		0.000555	mg/L	0.0002	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Uranium-234	U	0.708	pCi/L	1.47	1/24/2017	0.986 0.991	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
	U	0.922	pCi/L	1.57	1/24/2017	1.32 1.33	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-235	U	0.865	pCi/L	1.36	1/24/2017	1.1 1.1	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
	U	1.5	pCi/L	2.1	1/24/2017	1.82 1.84	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-238	U	0.103	pCi/L	1.1	1/24/2017	0.574 0.575	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=

**Paducah OREIS
GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT**

Facility: C-404 Landfill **County:** McCracken **Permit #:** KY8-890-008-982

Sampling Point: MW85 REG Downgradient UCRS **Period:** Semiannual Report

AKGWA Well Tag #: 8000-5234

Parameter	Qualifier	Result	Units	Reporting Limit	Date Collected	Counting Error (+/- TPU)	Method	Validation
Arsenic		0.00947	mg/L	0.005	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Arsenic, Dissolved		0.00672	mg/L	0.005	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Barometric Pressure Reading		29.93	Inches/Hg		1/24/2017			X
Cadmium	U	0.001	mg/L	0.001	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Cadmium, Dissolved	U	0.001	mg/L	0.001	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Chromium		0.0166	mg/L	0.01	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Chromium, Dissolved	J	0.00382	mg/L	0.01	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Conductivity		433	umho/cm		1/24/2017			X
Depth to Water		10.09	ft		1/24/2017			X
Dissolved Oxygen		3.65	mg/L		1/24/2017			X
Lead	J	0.00144	mg/L	0.002	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Lead, Dissolved	U	0.002	mg/L	0.002	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Mercury	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/24/2017		SW846-7470A	=
Mercury, Dissolved	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/24/2017		SW846-7470A	=
pH		6.38	Std Unit		1/24/2017			X
Redox		381	mV		1/24/2017			X
Selenium	J	0.00274	mg/L	0.005	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Selenium, Dissolved	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Technetium-99		79.8	pCi/L	13.7	1/24/2017	10.8 14	HASL 300, Tc-02-RC M	=
Temperature		58.4	deg F		1/24/2017			X
Trichloroethene		20.1	ug/L	1	1/24/2017		SW846-8260B	=
Turbidity		51.1	NTU		1/24/2017			X
Uranium		0.000552	mg/L	0.0002	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Uranium-234	U	0.798	pCi/L	1.49	1/24/2017	1.09 1.1	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-235	U	1.02	pCi/L	2.29	1/24/2017	1.86 1.87	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
	U	1.13	pCi/L	1.44	1/24/2017	1.33 1.34	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-238	U	0.722	pCi/L	2.24	1/24/2017	1.51 1.51	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
	U	1.47	pCi/L	1.6	1/24/2017	1.37 1.39	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=

**Paducah OREIS
GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT**

Facility: C-404 Landfill **County:** McCracken **Permit #:** KY8-890-008-982

Sampling Point: MW87 REG Downgradient URGA **Period:** Semiannual Report

AKGWA Well Tag #: 8000-5236

Parameter	Qualifier	Result	Units	Reporting Limit	Date Collected	Counting Error (+/- TPU)	Method	Validation
Arsenic		0.00692	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Arsenic, Dissolved	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Barometric Pressure Reading		29.67	Inches/Hg		1/23/2017			X
Cadmium	U	0.001	mg/L	0.001	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Cadmium, Dissolved	U	0.001	mg/L	0.001	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Chromium		0.262	mg/L	0.01	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Chromium, Dissolved	U	0.01	mg/L	0.01	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Conductivity		330	umho/cm		1/23/2017			X
Depth to Water		51.56	ft		1/23/2017			X
Dissolved Oxygen		2.6	mg/L		1/23/2017			X
Lead		0.00439	mg/L	0.002	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Lead, Dissolved	U	0.002	mg/L	0.002	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Mercury	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/23/2017		SW846-7470A	=
Mercury, Dissolved	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/23/2017		SW846-7470A	=
pH		5.85	Std Unit		1/23/2017			X
Redox		391	mV		1/23/2017			X
Selenium	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Selenium, Dissolved	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Technetium-99	U	-3.27	pCi/L	13.8	1/23/2017	7.72 7.72	HASL 300, Tc-02-RC M	=
Temperature		55.7	deg F		1/23/2017			X
Trichloroethene		2240	ug/L	50	1/23/2017		SW846-8260B	=
Turbidity		135	NTU		1/23/2017			X
Uranium		0.000522	mg/L	0.0002	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Uranium-234	U	0.464	pCi/L	1.24	1/23/2017	0.82 0.823	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-235	U	0.694	pCi/L	1.21	1/23/2017	1 1	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-238	U	0.00814	pCi/L	1.34	1/23/2017	0.603 0.604	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=

**Paducah OREIS
GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT**

Facility: C-404 Landfill **County:** McCracken **Permit #:** KY8-890-008-982
Sampling Point: MW88 REG Downgradient UCRS **Period:** Semiannual Report
AKGWA Well Tag #: 8000-5237

Parameter	Qualifier	Result	Units	Reporting Limit	Date Collected	Counting Error (+/- TPU)	Method	Validation
Arsenic		0.00829	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Arsenic, Dissolved	J	0.00279	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Barometric Pressure Reading		29.72	Inches/Hg		1/23/2017			X
Cadmium	U	0.001	mg/L	0.001	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Cadmium, Dissolved	U	0.001	mg/L	0.001	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Chromium		0.0147	mg/L	0.01	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Chromium, Dissolved	U	0.01	mg/L	0.01	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Conductivity		627	umho/cm		1/23/2017			X
Depth to Water		9.49	ft		1/23/2017			X
Dissolved Oxygen		1.49	mg/L		1/23/2017			X
Lead	J	0.00192	mg/L	0.002	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Lead, Dissolved	U	0.002	mg/L	0.002	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Mercury	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/23/2017		SW846-7470A	=
Mercury, Dissolved	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/23/2017		SW846-7470A	=
pH		5.74	Std Unit		1/23/2017			X
Redox		396	mV		1/23/2017			X
Selenium	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Selenium, Dissolved	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Technetium-99		38.3	pCi/L	14.2	1/23/2017	9.66 10.6	HASL 300, Tc-02-RC M	=
Temperature		56.7	deg F		1/23/2017			X
Trichloroethene		1.89	ug/L	1	1/23/2017		SW846-8260B	=
Turbidity		167	NTU		1/23/2017			X
Uranium		0.0005	mg/L	0.0002	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Uranium-234	U	1.53	pCi/L	2.23	1/23/2017	1.64 1.66	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-235	U	0.541	pCi/L	1.97	1/23/2017	1.24 1.25	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
	U	0.617	pCi/L	1.07	1/23/2017	0.889 0.893	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-238	U	0.438	pCi/L	1.6	1/23/2017	1.01 1.01	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=

**Paducah OREIS
GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT**

Facility: C-404 Landfill **County:** McCracken **Permit #:** KY8-890-008-982

Sampling Point: MW90A REG Downgradient URGA **Period:** Semiannual Report

AKGWA Well Tag #: 8004-0357

Parameter	Qualifier	Result	Units	Reporting Limit	Date Collected	Counting Error (+/- TPU)	Method	Validation
Arsenic	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Arsenic, Dissolved	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Barometric Pressure Reading		29.72	Inches/Hg		1/23/2017			X
Cadmium	U	0.001	mg/L	0.001	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Cadmium, Dissolved	U	0.001	mg/L	0.001	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Chromium	U	0.01	mg/L	0.01	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Chromium, Dissolved	U	0.01	mg/L	0.01	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Conductivity		209	umho/cm		1/23/2017			X
Depth to Water		49.97	ft		1/23/2017			X
Dissolved Oxygen		5.4	mg/L		1/23/2017			X
Lead	U	0.002	mg/L	0.002	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Lead, Dissolved	U	0.002	mg/L	0.002	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Mercury	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/23/2017		SW846-7470A	=
Mercury, Dissolved	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/23/2017		SW846-7470A	=
pH		5.93	Std Unit		1/23/2017			X
Redox		385	mV		1/23/2017			X
Selenium	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Selenium, Dissolved	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Technetium-99	U	6.05	pCi/L	14.4	1/23/2017	8.51 8.54	HASL 300, Tc-02-RC M	=
Temperature		56.2	deg F		1/23/2017			X
Trichloroethene		49.5	ug/L	1	1/23/2017		SW846-8260B	=
Turbidity		11.6	NTU		1/23/2017			X
Uranium	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Uranium-234	U	1.53	pCi/L	2.39	1/23/2017	1.62 1.64	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-235	U	0.083	pCi/L	1.81	1/23/2017	0.867 0.869	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-238	U	0.432	pCi/L	1.68	1/23/2017	0.98 0.982	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=

**Paducah OREIS
GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT**

Facility: C-404 Landfill **County:** McCracken **Permit #:** KY8-890-008-982
Sampling Point: MW91 REG Downgradient UCRS **Period:** Semiannual Report
AKGWA Well Tag #: 8000-5240

Parameter	Qualifier	Result	Units	Reporting Limit	Date Collected	Counting Error (+/- TPU)	Method	Validation
Arsenic	J	0.00442	mg/L	0.005	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Arsenic, Dissolved	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Barometric Pressure Reading		29.91	Inches/Hg		1/24/2017			X
Cadmium	U	0.001	mg/L	0.001	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Cadmium, Dissolved	U	0.001	mg/L	0.001	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Chromium		0.209	mg/L	0.01	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Chromium, Dissolved		0.0261	mg/L	0.01	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Conductivity		515	umho/cm		1/24/2017			X
Depth to Water		10.73	ft		1/24/2017			X
Dissolved Oxygen		2.66	mg/L		1/24/2017			X
Lead	J	0.00189	mg/L	0.002	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Lead, Dissolved	U	0.002	mg/L	0.002	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Mercury	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/24/2017		SW846-7470A	=
Mercury, Dissolved	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/24/2017		SW846-7470A	=
pH		5.77	Std Unit		1/24/2017			X
Redox		405	mV		1/24/2017			X
Selenium	J	0.00414	mg/L	0.005	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Selenium, Dissolved	J	0.00264	mg/L	0.005	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Technetium-99		1480	pCi/L	14.3	1/24/2017	33.7 168	HASL 300, Tc-02-RC M	=
Temperature		58.2	deg F		1/24/2017			X
Trichloroethene		108	ug/L	2	1/24/2017		SW846-8260B	=
Turbidity		315	NTU		1/24/2017			X
Uranium		0.00077	mg/L	0.0002	1/24/2017		SW846-6020	=
Uranium-234	U	0.081	pCi/L	1.96	1/24/2017	0.923 0.924	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
	U	1	pCi/L	3.1	1/24/2017	2.09 2.1	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-235	U	0.163	pCi/L	1.73	1/24/2017	0.904 0.906	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
	U	0.573	pCi/L	3.55	1/24/2017	2.11 2.12	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-238	U	0.891	pCi/L	1.4	1/24/2017	1.13 1.14	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=

**Paducah OREIS
GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT**

Facility: C-404 Landfill **County:** McCracken **Permit #:** KY8-890-008-982

Sampling Point: MW93 REG Upgradient URGA **Period:** Semiannual Report

AKGWA Well Tag #: 8000-5102

Parameter	Qualifier	Result	Units	Reporting Limit	Date Collected	Counting Error (+/- TPU)	Method	Validation
Arsenic		0.00842	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Arsenic, Dissolved	J	0.00254	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Barometric Pressure Reading		29.76	Inches/Hg		1/23/2017			X
Cadmium	U	0.001	mg/L	0.001	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Cadmium, Dissolved	U	0.001	mg/L	0.001	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Chromium		0.428	mg/L	0.01	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Chromium, Dissolved		0.0116	mg/L	0.01	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Conductivity		378	umho/cm		1/23/2017			X
Depth to Water		53.08	ft		1/23/2017			X
Dissolved Oxygen		2.22	mg/L		1/23/2017			X
Lead	J	0.00155	mg/L	0.002	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Lead, Dissolved	U	0.002	mg/L	0.002	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Mercury	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/23/2017		SW846-7470A	=
Mercury, Dissolved	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/23/2017		SW846-7470A	=
pH		6.19	Std Unit		1/23/2017			X
Redox		373	mV		1/23/2017			X
Selenium	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Selenium, Dissolved	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Technetium-99	U	8.62	pCi/L	13.5	1/23/2017	8.1 8.16	HASL 300, Tc-02-RC M	=
Temperature		57.1	deg F		1/23/2017			X
Trichloroethene		2450	ug/L	50	1/23/2017		SW846-8260B	=
Turbidity		127	NTU		1/23/2017			X
Uranium		0.000223	mg/L	0.0002	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Uranium-234	U	1.34	pCi/L	2.08	1/23/2017	1.46 1.47	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-235	U	1.34	pCi/L	1.64	1/23/2017	1.44 1.46	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-238	U	1.03	pCi/L	1.46	1/23/2017	1.17 1.18	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=

**Paducah OREIS
GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT**

Facility: C-404 Landfill **County:** McCracken **Permit #:** KY8-890-008-982

Sampling Point: MW94 REG Upgradient UCRS **Period:** Semiannual Report

AKGWA Well Tag #: 8000-5103

Parameter	Qualifier	Result	Units	Reporting Limit	Date Collected	Counting Error (+/- TPU)	Method	Validation
Arsenic	J	0.00385	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Arsenic, Dissolved	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Barometric Pressure Reading		29.74	Inches/Hg		1/23/2017			X
Cadmium	U	0.001	mg/L	0.001	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Cadmium, Dissolved	U	0.001	mg/L	0.001	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Chromium		0.0366	mg/L	0.01	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Chromium, Dissolved	U	0.01	mg/L	0.01	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Conductivity		847	umho/cm		1/23/2017			X
Depth to Water		13.55	ft		1/23/2017			X
Dissolved Oxygen		4.86	mg/L		1/23/2017			X
Lead		0.00332	mg/L	0.002	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Lead, Dissolved	U	0.002	mg/L	0.002	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Mercury	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/23/2017		SW846-7470A	=
Mercury, Dissolved	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/23/2017		SW846-7470A	=
pH		6.27	Std Unit		1/23/2017			X
Redox		387	mV		1/23/2017			X
Selenium	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Selenium, Dissolved	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Technetium-99		706	pCi/L	13.7	1/23/2017	23.4 81.8	HASL 300, Tc-02-RC M	=
Temperature		58.9	deg F		1/23/2017			X
Trichloroethene		4.95	ug/L	1	1/23/2017		SW846-8260B	=
Turbidity		211	NTU		1/23/2017			X
Uranium		0.00212	mg/L	0.0002	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Uranium-234	U	1.37	pCi/L	1.66	1/23/2017	1.34 1.36	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-235	U	-0.0702	pCi/L	1.4	1/23/2017	0.606 0.607	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
	U	0.889	pCi/L	1.09	1/23/2017	0.957 0.964	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-238	U	1.19	pCi/L	1.56	1/23/2017	1.25 1.27	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=

**Paducah OREIS
GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT**

Facility: C-404 Landfill **County:** McCracken **Permit #:** KY8-890-008-982

Sampling Point: MW420 REG Upgradient URGA **Period:** Semiannual Report

AKGWA Well Tag #: 8005-3263

Parameter	Qualifier	Result	Units	Reporting Limit	Date Collected	Counting Error (+/- TPU)	Method	Validation
Arsenic	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Arsenic, Dissolved	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Barometric Pressure Reading		29.74	Inches/Hg		1/23/2017			X
Cadmium	U	0.001	mg/L	0.001	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Cadmium, Dissolved	U	0.001	mg/L	0.001	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Chromium	U	0.01	mg/L	0.01	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Chromium, Dissolved	U	0.01	mg/L	0.01	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Conductivity		317	umho/cm		1/23/2017			X
Depth to Water		53.17	ft		1/23/2017			X
Dissolved Oxygen		2.64	mg/L		1/23/2017			X
Lead	U	0.002	mg/L	0.002	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Lead, Dissolved	U	0.002	mg/L	0.002	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Mercury	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/23/2017		SW846-7470A	=
Mercury, Dissolved	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/23/2017		SW846-7470A	=
pH		5.99	Std Unit		1/23/2017			X
Redox		382	mV		1/23/2017			X
Selenium	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Selenium, Dissolved	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Technetium-99	U	-3.67	pCi/L	13.6	1/23/2017	7.64 7.64	HASL 300, Tc-02-RC M	=
Temperature		57.7	deg F		1/23/2017			X
Trichloroethene		274	ug/L	4	1/23/2017		SW846-8260B	=
Turbidity		1.9	NTU		1/23/2017			X
Uranium	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/23/2017		SW846-6020	=
Uranium-234	U	0.22	pCi/L	1.39	1/23/2017	0.827 0.828	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-235	U	0.717	pCi/L	1.08	1/23/2017	1.23 1.23	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-238	U	0.232	pCi/L	2.03	1/23/2017	1.04 1.04	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=

**Paducah OREIS
GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT**

Facility: C-404 Landfill **County:** McCracken **Permit #:** KY8-890-008-982
Type of Sample: FB **Period:** Semiannual Report QC Samples
AKGWA Well Tag #: 0000-0000

Parameter	Qualifier	Result	Units	Reporting Limit	Date Collected	Counting Error (+/-)	TPU	Method	Validation
Arsenic	U	0.002	mg/L	0.002	1/24/2017			SW846-6020A	=
	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/24/2017			SW846-6020	=
Cadmium	U	0.001	mg/L	0.001	1/24/2017			SW846-6020	=
Chromium	U	0.01	mg/L	0.01	1/24/2017			SW846-6020	=
Lead	U	0.002	mg/L	0.002	1/24/2017			SW846-6020	=
Mercury	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/24/2017			SW846-7470A	=
Selenium	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/24/2017			SW846-6020	=
Technetium-99	U	4.22	pCi/L	15.1	1/24/2017	8.82	8.84	HASL 300, Tc-02-RC M	=
Trichloroethene	U	1	ug/L	1	1/24/2017			SW846-8260B	=
Uranium	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/24/2017			SW846-6020	=
Uranium-234	U	0.824	pCi/L	1.18	1/24/2017	0.942	0.949	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-235	U	0.181	pCi/L	1.14	1/24/2017	0.678	0.679	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-238	U	0.539	pCi/L	1.35	1/24/2017	0.872	0.876	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=

**Paducah OREIS
GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT**

Facility: C-404 Landfill **County:** McCracken **Permit #:** KY8-890-008-982
Type of Sample: RI **Period:** Semiannual Report QC Samples
AKGWA Well Tag #: 0000-0000

Parameter	Qualifier	Result	Units	Reporting Limit	Date Collected	Counting Error (+/-)	TPU	Method	Validation
Arsenic	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/24/2017			SW846-6020	=
	U	0.002	mg/L	0.002	1/24/2017			SW846-6020A	=
Cadmium	U	0.001	mg/L	0.001	1/24/2017			SW846-6020	=
Chromium	U	0.01	mg/L	0.01	1/24/2017			SW846-6020	=
Lead	U	0.002	mg/L	0.002	1/24/2017			SW846-6020	=
Mercury	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/24/2017			SW846-7470A	=
Selenium	U	0.005	mg/L	0.005	1/24/2017			SW846-6020	=
Technetium-99	U	-2.09	pCi/L	13.5	1/24/2017	7.64	7.64	HASL 300, Tc-02-RC M	=
Trichloroethene	U	1	ug/L	1	1/24/2017			SW846-8260B	=
Uranium	U	0.0002	mg/L	0.0002	1/24/2017			SW846-6020	=
Uranium-234	U	1.17	pCi/L	1.17	1/24/2017	1.11	1.13	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-235	U	0.524	pCi/L	0.786	1/24/2017	0.898	0.902	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=
Uranium-238	U	0.908	pCi/L	1.3	1/24/2017	1.04	1.05	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	=

**Paducah OREIS
GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT**

Facility: C-404 Landfill **County:** McCracken **Permit #:** KY8-890-008-982
Type of Sample: TB **Period:** Semiannual Report QC Samples
AKGWA Well Tag #: 0000-0000

Parameter	Qualifier	Result	Units	Reporting Limit	Date Collected	Counting Error (+/-)	TPU	Method	Validation
Trichloroethene	U	1	ug/L	1	1/23/2017			SW846-8260B	=
	U	1	ug/L	1	1/24/2017			SW846-8260B	=

MEDIA Codes

WG Groundwater

QUALIFIER Codes

U Analyte analyzed for, but not detected at or below the lowest concentration reported.

J Estimated quantitation.

SAMPLE METHOD Codes

GR Grab

SAMPLING POINT Codes

UCRS Upper Continental Recharge System

URGA Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer

SAMPLE TYPE Codes

FB Field Blank

FR Field Replicate (Code used for Field Duplicate)

REG Regular

RI QC Equipment Rinseate/Decon

TB Trip Blank

VALIDATION Code

= Validated result, no qualifier is necessary.

J The analyte was positively identified; the associated numerical value is the approximate concentration of the analyte in the sample.

U The analyte was analyzed for, but was not detected above the reported sample quantitation limit.

X Not validated.

APPENDIX B

C-404 HAZARDOUS WASTE LANDFILL STATISTICAL ANALYSES

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GROUNDWATER STATISTICAL SUMMARY

Introduction

The statistical analyses conducted on the data collected from C-404 Hazardous Waste Landfill (C-404 Landfill) were performed in accordance with procedures provided in Appendix E of the C-404 Hazardous Waste Management Permit, reissued by the Kentucky Division of Waste Management (KDWM) in July 2015. The percent of censored (nondetected) data points for individual parameters was calculated for the combined analytical data from the most recent five sampling events. The percent of censored data was used to select the types of statistical analyses to determine whether compliance well concentrations differed from background well concentrations. Data points were used in the statistical analysis for analyte results close to the sample quantitation limit that were judged to be below that limit by the data validator. For this report, the reporting period data set includes data from January 2015, July 2015, January 2016, July 2016, and January 2017.

Statistical Analysis Process

Utilizing the current data set and four previous data sets, the type of statistical test conducted for each chemical data set is a function of the number of samples and proportion of censored data (nondetects) to uncensored data (detects) in each group. The percent of censored (nondetected) data points for individual parameters was calculated for the combined analytical data. The statistical procedures applied to the data are summarized below.

- Determine the percentage of the censored data using the reporting period data set.
- Group by percentage of censored data where the following apply:
 - If censored data are greater than or equal to 90%, determine the limit of detection (LOD) and half of the LOD (1/2 LOD). This is Statistical Test 1.
 - If censored data are between 50% and 90%, perform a Test of Proportions. If the analysis indicates a significant proportional difference in compliance wells, further analyze through nonparametric Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) Test. This is Statistical Test 2.
 - If censored data are between 15% and 50%, perform nonparametric ANOVA Test. If results exceed the critical value, compute the critical difference used to identify individual well concentrations, which are significantly elevated compared with background. This is Statistical Test 3.
 - If censored data are less than 15%, actual data values are analyzed using parametric ANOVA procedures. If the wells exhibit equal variances, then the data are used as presented. If the wells do not exhibit equal variances, then the log of the data is taken and then used in the calculations. Where statistical testing indicates elevated compliance well concentrations, Bonferroni's Test of

Contrasts is performed. This is Statistical Test 4. If variances are found to be unequal even for log-transformed concentrations, Statistical Test 4 is abandoned and Statistical Test 3 is used to compare compliance wells with background wells. Statistical Test 4 is found in Section 5.2.1 of EPA guidance document, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (April 1989).

If the statistical method above indicates no statistical difference between concentrations in downgradient wells and concentrations in background wells, then there are no indications of statistically significant impacts on the groundwater from the C-404 Landfill. If the tiered statistical method above identifies a statistically significant difference between concentrations in downgradient wells and concentrations in background wells, then the data will be evaluated further to determine if the concentrations in downgradient wells are within statistically developed upper tolerance limit (UTL) for background concentrations or are consistent with the findings of the 2007 Alternate Source Demonstration (ASD), as follows:

- (1) Compare the most recent downgradient sample results to a 95% UTL using the five most recent sets of data for each upgradient well as described below. If downgradient concentrations are lower than the UTL for the paired upgradient concentrations, then there is no confirmed exceedance.
- (2) Evaluate results using paired ANOVA of wells in the same direction relative to the landfill (e.g., compare upgradient westernmost well results to downgradient westernmost well results). If ANOVA does not identify a statistically significant difference between upgradient and downgradient wells, then the results are consistent with the historical ASD.
- (3) If results show downgradient wells have statistically significant higher concentrations than upgradient wells, even when evaluated with respect to the ASD, additional intra-well evaluation of trend will be performed using the Mann-Kendall test for trend. If concentrations do not show an increasing trend, then there is no confirmed exceedance attributable to C-404.
- (4) Review other RGA well results in vicinity to determine if they are consistent with ASD.

If the statistical analysis identifies downgradient well concentrations that are increasing, are higher than UTL, are higher than the upgradient well concentrations even when the ASD results are taken into account, this evaluation will identify a confirmed, statistically significant exceedance (in a compliance well) over background.

Data Analysis

Data from the upgradient background wells in the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA) are included for comparison with three downgradient URGA wells. Figure 1 of this C-404 Landfill Groundwater Report provides a map of the well locations associated with the C-404 Landfill. Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS) wells in Figure 1 are provided for reference only. Data from wells that are in the UCRS are not included in the statistical analyses.

Table B.1 presents the C-404 Landfill upgradient or background wells and downgradient or compliance wells from the URGA. Data from the URGA compliance wells were compared with data from the URGA background wells.

Table B.1. Monitoring Well Locations

URGA	
Upgradient background wells	MW93, MW420
Downgradient compliance wells	MW84, MW87, MW90A*

*MW90 was abandoned in 2001 and replaced with MW90A.

For this report, the reporting period data set from January 2015 through January 2017 consists of five sets of data.

Table B.2 lists the number of analyses (observations), nondetects (censored observations), detects (uncensored observations), and missing observations by parameter. When field duplicate data are available from a well, the higher of the two readings was retained for further evaluation.

Censoring Percentage and Statistical Analysis

The type of statistical test set applied to the data is a function of the number of nondetects (censored) versus detects (uncensored) in each of the parameter groups and among the wells. Table B.3 presents the percentage of censored and uncensored data and type of statistical test chosen for each of the parameters.

Table B.2. Summary of Missing, Censored, and Uncensored Data Collected

Parameters	Observations	Missing Observations*	Censored Observations (Nondetects)	Uncensored Observations (Detects)
URGA				
Arsenic	25	0	10	15
Arsenic, Dissolved	25	0	15	10
Cadmium	25	0	15	10
Cadmium, Dissolved	25	0	25	0
Chromium	25	0	10	15
Chromium, Dissolved	25	0	21	4
Lead	25	0	12	13
Lead, Dissolved	25	0	25	0
Mercury	25	0	25	0
Mercury, Dissolved	25	0	25	0
Selenium	25	0	19	6
Selenium, Dissolved	25	0	21	4
Technetium-99	25	0	24	1
Trichloroethene	25	0	0	25
Uranium (Metals)	25	0	16	9
Uranium-234	25	0	25	0
Uranium-235	25	0	25	0
Uranium-238	25	0	25	0

*Missing parameters that were dissolved metals were not analyzed when the parent total metals were not detected in prior sampling events.

Table B.3. Percent Censored Report and Statistical Test Set Selected

Parameter	Total Samples (Nonmissing)	Censored (Nondetects)	Uncensored (Detects)	Percent Censored	Statistical Test Set*
URGA					
Arsenic	25	10	15	40.00	3
Arsenic, Dissolved	25	15	10	60.00	2
Cadmium	25	15	10	60.00	2
Cadmium, Dissolved	25	25	0	100.00	1
Chromium	25	10	15	40.00	3
Chromium, Dissolved	25	21	4	84.00	2
Lead	25	12	13	48.00	3
Lead, Dissolved	25	25	0	100.00	1
Mercury	25	25	0	100.00	1
Mercury, Dissolved	25	25	0	100.00	1
Selenium	25	19	6	76.00	2
Selenium, Dissolved	25	21	4	84.00	2
Technetium-99	25	24	1	96.00	1
Trichloroethene	25	0	25	0.00	4/3**
Uranium (Metals)	25	16	9	64.00	2
Uranium-234	25	25	0	100.00	1
Uranium-235	25	25	0	100.00	1
Uranium-238	25	25	0	100.00	1

*A list of the constituents with greater than or equal to 90% censored data is included in Table B.4, which summarizes the results of Statistical Test 1.

**Because equality of variance could not be confirmed, Statistical Test 4, Parametric ANOVA, was abandoned, and Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, was performed.

SUMMARY OF CONCLUSIONS

The results for Statistical Test 1, LOD, are summarized in Table B.4. Table B.5 provides the summary of conclusions for the statistical analyses for the C-404 Landfill, including the statistical tests performed, the attachment number, well type, parameter, and results of each statistical test. Results of Statistical Test 2, Statistical Test 3, and Statistical Test 4 are presented in Attachments B1 through B10. The statistician qualification statement is presented in Attachment B11.

Table B.4. Statistical Test 1: Limit of Detection

Parameter	LOD Values	½ LOD Values
URGA		
Cadmium, Dissolved (mg/L)	0.001	0.0005
Lead, Dissolved (mg/L)	0.002	0.001
Mercury (mg/L)	0.0002	0.0001
Mercury, Dissolved (mg/L)	0.0002	0.0001
Technetium-99 (pCi/L)	14.4	7.2
Uranium-234 (pCi/L)	2.72	1.36
Uranium-235 (pCi/L)	2.1	1.05
Uranium-238 (pCi/L)	2.55	1.275

In summary, Statistical Test 2, Test of Proportions, for dissolved arsenic, cadmium, dissolved chromium, selenium, dissolved selenium, and uranium in the URGA indicated no statistically significant difference between concentrations in downgradient wells and concentrations in background wells.

Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, for arsenic in the URGA identified a statistically significant difference between concentrations in downgradient wells and concentrations in background wells; therefore, the data were evaluated further by comparing results to the UTL. The 95% UTL indicated a statistically significant difference between concentrations in downgradient wells and concentrations in background wells. Based on these results, the data were evaluated using paired (parametric) ANOVA of wells in the same direction relative to the landfill [e.g., a comparison was performed of downgradient westernmost well results (MW84) to upgradient westernmost well (MW93) results]. Results of the ANOVA identified there to be a significant difference between upgradient and downgradient wells. A Mann-Kendall test was performed to further evaluate the data, and it identified a positive trend in MW84.

Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, for chromium and lead in the URGA indicated no statistically significant difference between concentrations in downgradient wells and concentrations in background wells.

Statistical Test 4, Parametric ANOVA, could not be used for trichloroethene in the URGA because there was no evidence of equality of variance. Thus, Statistical Test 4 was abandoned and Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, was performed. Statistical Test 3 showed there was no statistically significant difference between concentrations in downgradient wells and concentrations in background wells for trichloroethene.

Table B.5. Summary of Conclusions from the Statistical Analyses for the C-404 Hazardous Waste Landfill for the January 2017 Data Set

Attachment	RGA Well Type	Parameter	Applied Statistical Test	Results
B1	URGA	Arsenic	Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA with 95% UTL, paired ANOVA (MW84 vs. MW93), Mann-Kendall, and data review	Because Nonparametric ANOVA indicated a statistically significant difference between concentrations in downgradient wells and concentrations in background wells for compliance well MW84, a comparison to the 95% UTL, paired ANOVA, Mann-Kendall, and an attempt to review data were performed, as required by the Hazardous Waste Facility Permit. Results of the ANOVA have identified there to be a significant difference between upgradient and downgradient wells. The Mann-Kendall identified a positive trend in MW84.
B2	URGA	Arsenic, Dissolved	Statistical Test 2, Test of Proportions	No statistically significant difference between concentrations in downgradient wells and concentrations in background wells.
B3	URGA	Cadmium	Statistical Test 2, Test of Proportions	No statistically significant difference between concentrations in downgradient wells and concentrations in background wells.
B4	URGA	Chromium	Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA	No statistically significant difference between concentrations in downgradient wells and concentrations in background wells.
B5	URGA	Chromium, Dissolved	Statistical Test 2, Test of Proportions	No statistically significant difference between concentrations in downgradient wells and concentrations in background wells.
B6	URGA	Lead	Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA	No statistically significant difference between concentrations in downgradient wells and concentrations in background wells.
B7	URGA	Selenium	Statistical Test 2, Test of Proportions	No statistically significant difference between concentrations in downgradient wells and concentrations in background wells.
B8	URGA	Selenium, Dissolved	Statistical Test 2, Test of Proportions	No statistically significant difference between concentrations in downgradient wells and concentrations in background wells.
B9	URGA	Trichloroethene	Statistical Test 4, Parametric ANOVA/ Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA	Because equality of variance could not be confirmed, Statistical Test 4 was abandoned and Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, was performed. Results of this analysis showed no statistically significant difference between concentrations in downgradient wells and concentrations in background wells.
B10	URGA	Uranium	Statistical Test 2, Test of Proportions	No statistically significant difference between concentrations in downgradient wells and concentrations in background wells.

ATTACHMENT B1
ARSENIC
STATISTICAL TEST 3

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Attachment B1: Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, January 2017 Arsenic URG

Arsenic (mg/L)					
Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	0.00185	0.0025	0.0073	0.00174	0.0025
Jul-15	0.00702	0.0025	0.00922	0.00447	0.0025
Jan-16	0.00743	0.0025	0.0103	0.00481	0.0025
Jul-16	0.00709	0.0025	0.0137	0.00698	0.0025
Jan-17	0.00842	0.0025	0.017	0.00692	0.0025
Sum	0.0443		0.05752	0.02492	0.0125
n _i	10		5	5	5
(x _i) _{avg}	0.00443		0.01150	0.00498	0.0025

mg/L = milligrams per liter

BG = background

DL = detection limit

All data sets represent 1/2 DL values for nondetects.

Bolded values indicate a detected result.

Overall mean $\bar{x}..$ = 0.00557
 N = 25
 p = 4
 $\bar{x}..$ = 0.14

Attachment B1: Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, January 2017 Arsenic URGAs

Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA

Ranking of Observations

Sequence	Arsenic (mg/L)	Adjusted Rank	Tie Number
1	0	5.5	Tie 1
2	0	5.5	
3	0	5.5	
4	0	5.5	
5	0	5.5	
6	0	5.5	
7	0	5.5	
8	0	5.5	
9	0	5.5	
10	0	5.5	
11	0.00174	11	
12	0.00185	12	
13	0.00447	13	
14	0.00481	14	
15	0.00692	15	
16	0.00698	16	
17	0.00702	17	
18	0.00709	18	
19	0.0073	19	
20	0.00743	20	
21	0.00842	21	
22	0.00922	22	
23	0.0103	23	
24	0.0137	24	
25	0.017	25	

mg/L = milligrams per liter

BG = background

DL = detection limit

Bolded values indicate a detected result.

NOTE: For this method, observations below the detection limit that are considered nondetects (i.e., U qualified data) are reported as a concentration of 0.

$$n_{tie} \quad \text{Adjustment for Ties: } (n_{tie}^3 - n_{tie})$$

$$10 \quad \text{Tie 1} = \quad 990$$

$$\sum T_i = \quad 990$$

Attachment B1: Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, January 2017 Arsenic URGA

Sums of Ranks and Averages

Arsenic (mg/L)					
Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	0.00185	0	0.0073	0.00174	0
Jul-15	0.00702	0	0.00922	0.00447	0
Jan-16	0.00743	0	0.0103	0.00481	0
Jul-16	0.00709	0	0.0137	0.00698	0
Jan-17	0.00842	0	0.017	0.00692	0

Observation Ranks for Arsenic					
Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	12	5.5	19	11	5.5
Jul-15	17	5.5	22	13	5.5
Jan-16	20	5.5	23	14	5.5
Jul-16	18	5.5	24	16	5.5
Jan-17	21	5.5	25	15	5.5
R _i	115.5		113	69	27.5
(R _i) _{avg}	11.6		22.6	13.8	5.5
R _i ² /n _i	1334.0		2553.8	952.2	151.3

$$\sum R_i^2/n_i = 4991.3$$

mg/L = milligrams per liter

BG = background

DL = detection limit

Bolded values indicate a detected result.

NOTE: For this method, observations below the detection limit that are considered nondetects (i.e., U qualified data) are reported as a concentration of 0.

$$K = 4$$

$$N = 25$$

Calculation of Kruskal-Wallis Statistic

H =	14.147	Kruskal-Wallis Statistic	H = [12/N(N+1)*ΣR _i ² /n _i] - 3(N+1)
H' =	15.105	Corrected Kruskal-Wallis	H' = H/[1-(ΣT _i ² /N ³ -N)]
χ ² _{crit} * =	7.815	3	degrees of freedom at the 5% significance level

NOTE: H' > χ²_{crit}

If H' ≤ χ²_{crit}, the data from each well come from the same continuous distribution and hence have the same median concentrations of a specific constituent.

If H' > χ²_{crit}, reject the null hypothesis and calculate the critical difference for well comparisons to the background.

K-1 =	3	α(K-1) =	0.01667	Z(α(K-1))** =	2.1280
α =	0.05	1-(α/K-1) =	0.983		

NOTE

*Table 1, Appendix B, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance* (EPA 1989).

**Table 4, Appendix B, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance* (EPA 1989).

Attachment B1: Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, January 2017 Arsenic URGA

Calculate Critical Values

Average Background Ranking = 11.550

	Well No.	C _i	(R _i) _{avg} - (R _b) _{avg}	Conclusion
BG Well	MW93			
BG Well	MW420			
	MW84	8.578	11.05	evidence of contamination
	MW87	8.578	2.25	not contaminated
	MW90A	8.578	-6.05	not contaminated

mg/L = milligrams per liter

BG = background

DL = detection limit

CONCLUSION:

If $(R_i)_{avg} - (R_b)_{avg} > C_i$, then there is evidence that the compliance well is contaminated.

If $(R_i)_{avg} - (R_b)_{avg} < C_i$ for wells, there is no evidence of a statistically significant difference between concentrations in downgradient compliance test wells and background wells.

Since $(R_i)_{avg} - (R_b)_{avg} > C_i$ for MW84, there is a statistically significant difference between downgradient compliance test wells and background wells in MW84 from C-404.

Because nonparametric ANOVA indicated a statistically significant difference between compliance test wells and background wells at the C-404 Landfill in compliance well MW84, the 95% UTL was performed.

Since $(R_i)_{avg} - (R_b)_{avg} < C_i$ for MW87 and MW90A, there is no statistically significant difference from C-404 in these downgradient compliance test wells.

Section 5.2.2, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance* (EPA 1989).

Attachment B1: Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, January 2017 Arsenic URGAs

95% Upper Tolerance Limit (UTL)

Compare the most recent downgradient sample results to a calculated 95% UTL using the five most recent sets of data for each upgradient well, as described below. If downgradient concentration is less than the UTL for the paired upgradient concentrations, then there is no confirmed exceedance.

**January 2017 Data, First Reporting Period
Observations (mg/L)**

Well No.						
MW93	0.00185	0.00702	0.00743	0.00709	0.00842	Upgradient Well ¹
MW420	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	Upgradient Well ¹
MW84	X: Mean Value = 0.0044					0.017
MW87	S: Standard Deviation = 0.0027					0.00692
MW90A	K* factor = 2.911 (for n = 10)					0.0025
	CV = S/X 0.6017 <1, assume normal distribution					
	Upper Tolerance Interval: TL = X +(KxS) = 0.0122 (mg/L)					

¹ = Data from previous 5 sampling events.

* = Table 5, Appendix B, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance* (EPA 1989).

Result: MW84 exceeded the UTL, which is statistically significant evidence that this compliance well has elevated concentration with respect to background data.

Because the 95% UTL indicated a statistically significant difference between compliance test wells and background wells at the C-404 Landfill in compliance well MW84, the paired ANOVA was performed.

Attachment B1: Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, January 2017 Arsenic URG

Paired (Parametric) ANOVA

Evaluate results using paired ANOVA of wells in the same direction relative to the landfill [e.g., compare upgradient westernmost well (i.e., MW93) results to downgradient westernmost well (i.e., MW84) results]. If ANOVA does not identify a statistically significant difference between upgradient and downgradient wells, then the results are consistent with the historical ASD.

Arsenic (mg/L)				
Date	Background		Compliance	
	MW93	MW84	n_i^2	
Jan-15	0.00185	0.0073	0.0000034	0.0000533
Jul-15	0.00702	0.00922	0.0000493	0.0000850
Jan-16	0.00743	0.0103	0.0000552	0.0001061
Jul-16	0.00709	0.0137	0.0000503	0.0001877
Jan-17	0.00842	0.017	0.0000709	0.0002890
Sum (x_i)	0.0318	0.05752	0.0893	Total Sum ($x_{..}$)
n_i	5	5		
$(x_i)_{avg}$	0.00636	0.01150		
$(x_i)^2$	0.00101	0.00331		

mg/L = milligrams per liter

Bolded values indicate a detected result.

Overall mean $x_{..}$ = 0.00893
 N = 10
 p = 2
 $x_{..}$ = 0.0893

Determine Normality of Dataset

Coefficient of Variability Test

Table of Residuals ($x_i - x_{i,avg}$)

Date	Background		Compliance	
	MW93	MW84		
Jan-15	-0.00451	-0.00420		
Jul-15	0.00066	-0.00228		
Jan-16	0.00107	-0.00120		
Jul-16	0.00073	0.00220		
Jan-17	0.00206	0.00550		

X: Mean Value = 0.00000
 S: Standard Deviation = 0.00309
 K* Factor = 2.911 (for n = 10)
 CV = S/X = #ΔI_C/0! †Unable to calculate due to the mean being zero.

†The Coefficient of Variability Test was not performed due to mean = 0 (i.e., division by 0 not possible).

*Table 5, Appendix B, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance* (EPA 1989).

If the coefficient of variation is < 1, the residuals appear to be normally distributed.
 If the coefficient of variation is > or = 1, the residuals are not normally distributed.

Attachment B1: Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, January 2017 Arsenic URG

Determine Equality of Variance of Dataset

p = number of wells	x _{..} = 0.0893
n _i = number of data points per well	(x _{avg}) _{..} = 0.00893
N = total sample size	n _i = 5
S ² = the square of the standard deviation	p = 2
ln(S _i ²) = natural logarithm of each variance	N = 10
f = total sample size minus the number of wells (groups)	f _i = 4
f _i = n _i - 1	

Calculations for Equality of Variance: Bartlett's Test

S _i	S _i ²	ln(S _i ²)	n _i	f _i S _i ²	f _i ln(S _i ²)
0.00258	0.0000667427	-11.917	5	0.0000267	-47.7
0.00385	0.0001484208	-11.118	5	0.0000594	-44.5

$$\sum(S_i^2) = 0.00002 \qquad \sum f_i \ln(S_i^2) = -92.14118$$

Equality of Variance: Bartlett's Test

f =	8		
Sp ² =	0.0000108		
ln Sp ² =	-11.440		
χ ² =	0.622	(If calculated χ ² ≤ χ ² _{crit} , then variances are equal at the given significance level).	
χ ² _{crit} * =	3.841	at a 5% significance level with	1 degrees of freedom (p-1)

Since calculated $\chi^2 \leq \chi^2_{crit}$, then the analysis can proceed as normal.

*Table 1, Appendix B, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance* (EPA 1989).

Between Well Sum of Squares

Source of Variation	Sums of Squares	Degrees of Freedom	Mean Squares	Calculated F	F Statistic**
Between Wells	SS _{wells} = 0.00007	1	0.00007	6.14	5.32
Error	SS _{Error} = 0.00009	8	0.000011		
Total	SS _{Total} = 0.00015	9			

If calculated F > F statistic, then reject the hypothesis of equal well means. If calculated F is less than or equal to F statistic, it can be concluded that there is no significant difference between concentrations; therefore, there is no evidence of well contamination.

CONCLUSION: **Calculated F > F statistic; therefore, ANOVA has identified a significant difference between upgradient and downgradient wells.**

**Table 2, Appendix B, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance* (EPA 1989). F statistic taken at the 5% significance level.

MW84 Trend Summary Utilizing the Previous Eight Quarters

Location	Well ID	Parameter	Sample Size	Alpha ¹	p-Value ²	S ³	Var(S) ⁴	Sen's Slope ⁵	Kendall Correlation ⁶	Decision ⁷
C-404	MW84	Arsenic	8	0.05	1.984E-04	26.00	0.000	0.002	0.929	Positive Trend

Footnotes:

¹An alpha of 0.05 represents a 95% confidence interval.

²The p-value represents the risk of acceptance the H_a hypothesis of a trend, in terms of a percentage.

³The initial value of the Mann-Kendall statistic, S, is assumed to be 0 (e.g., no trend). If a data value from a later time period is higher than a data value from an earlier time period, S is incremented by 1. On the other hand, if the data value from a later time period is lower than a data value sampled earlier, S is decremented by 1. The net result of all such increments and decrements yields the final value of S. A very high positive value of S is an indicator of an increasing trend, and a very low negative value indicates a decreasing trend.

⁴VAR(S) represents the variance of S in the sample set and takes into account statistical ties.

⁵The magnitude of trend is predicted by the Sen's Slope. Here, the slope is described as the median of all $(x_j - x_k)/(j - k)$, where x is a data point and j and k are values of time.

⁶Kendall's correlation is described as the difference of concordant pairs and discordant pairs, also taking sample size and statistical ties into account. When the Kendall's correlation is positive, it indicates an increasing trend and when it is negative, it indicates a decreasing trend.

⁷The Mann-Kendall decision operates on two hypothesis, the H₀ and H_a. H₀ assumes there is no trend in the data, whereas H_a assumes either a positive or negative trend. Two different tests were ran to test for positive or negative trends. This table reports the test with the lowest p-value.

Note: Statistics generated using XLSTAT

ATTACHMENT B2

ARSENIC (DISSOLVED)
STATISTICAL TEST 2

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**Attachment B2: Statistical Test 2, Test of Proportions, January 2017
Arsenic, Dissolved URGA**

Arsenic, Dissolved (mg/L)					
Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	0.0035	0.0025	0.00245	0.0025	0.0025
Jul-15	0.00478	0.0025	0.00544	0.00273	0.0025
Jan-16	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025
Jul-16	0.00434	0.0025	0.00737	0.00282	0.0025
Jan-17	0.00254	0.0025	0.011	0.0025	0.0025

mg/L = milligrams per liter

BG = background

DL = detection limit

All data sets represent 1/2 DL values for nondetects.

Bolded values indicate a detected result.

Test of Proportions

Calculate the number of detections in background wells vs. compliance wells.

X = 4 X = number of samples above DL in background wells
 Y = 6 Y = number of samples above DL in compliance wells
 n_b = 10 n_b = count of background well results/samples analyzed
 n_c = 15 n_c = count of compliance well results/samples analyzed
 n = 25 n = total number of samples

P = 0.400 P = (x+y)/n
 nP = 10 n = n_b+n_c
 n(1-P) = 15

NOTE: If nP and n(1-P) are both >= 5, then the normal approximation may be used.

P_b = 0.400 P_b = proportion of detects in background wells
 P_c = 0.400 P_c = proportion of detects in compliance wells
 S_D = 0.200 S_D = standard error of difference in proportions
 Z = 0.000 Z = (P_b-P_c)/S_D
 absolute value of Z = 0.000

If the absolute value of Z exceeds the 97.5th percentile value of 1.96 from the standard normal distribution, this provides statistically significant evidence at the 5% significance level that the proportion of detects in one group of data exceeds the proportion of detects in the other group.

CONCLUSION: Because the absolute value of Z is less than 1.96, there is no statistical evidence that the proportion of samples with detected results differs between the background well and compliance well samples.

¹ Section 8.1.2, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (EPA 1989).

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ATTACHMENT B3

CADMIUM
STATISTICAL TEST 2

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**Attachment B3: Statistical Test 2, Test of Proportions, January 2017
Cadmium URGA**

Cadmium (mg/L)					
Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	0.0005	0.0005	0.00018	0.00014	0.0005
Jul-15	0.0005	0.0005	0.00012	0.0005	0.0005
Jan-16	0.000152	0.0005	0.000179	0.000121	0.0005
Jul-16	0.000199	0.0005	0.000292	0.000451	0.0005
Jan-17	0.0005	0.0005	0.000619	0.0005	0.0005

mg/L = milligrams per liter

BG = background

DL = detection limit

All data sets represent 1/2 DL values for nondetects.

Bolded values indicate a detected result.

Test of Proportions

Calculate the number of detections in background wells vs. compliance wells.

X =	2	X = number of samples above DL in background wells
Y =	8	Y = number of samples above DL in compliance wells
n _b =	10	n _b = count of background well results/samples analyzed
n _c =	15	n _c = count of compliance well results/samples analyzed
n =	25	n = total number of samples

P =	0.400	P = (x+y)/n
nP =	10	n = n _b +n _c
n(1-P) =	15	

NOTE: If nP and n(1-P) are both >= 5, then the normal approximation may be used.

P _b =	0.200	P _b = proportion of detects in background wells
P _c =	0.533	P _c = proportion of detects in compliance wells
S _D =	0.200	S _D = standard error of difference in proportions
Z =	-1.667	Z = (P _b -P _c)/S _D
absolute value of Z =	1.667	

If the absolute value of Z exceeds the 97.5th percentile value of 1.96 from the standard normal distribution, this provides statistically significant evidence at the 5% significance level that the proportion of detects in one group of data exceeds the proportion of detects in the other group.

CONCLUSION: Because the absolute value of Z is less than 1.96, there is no statistical evidence that the proportion of samples with detected results differs between the background well and compliance well samples.

¹ Section 8.1.2, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (EPA 1989).

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ATTACHMENT B4

CHROMIUM
STATISTICAL TEST 3

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Attachment B4: Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, January 2017 Chromium URG

Chromium (mg/L)					
Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	0.0273	0.005	0.442	0.031	0.005
Jul-15	0.00473	0.005	0.0347	0.00809	0.005
Jan-16	0.0401	0.005	0.0393	0.0266	0.005
Jul-16	0.207	0.005	0.0206	0.165	0.005
Jan-17	0.428	0.005	0.0309	0.262	0.005
Sum	0.7321		0.56750	0.49269	0.0250
n _i	10		5	5	5
(x _i) _{avg}	0.07321		0.11350	0.09854	0.0050

mg/L = milligrams per liter

BG = background

DL = detection limit

All data sets represent 1/2 DL values for nondetects.

Bolded values indicate a detected result.

Overall mean $\bar{x} = 0.07269$

N = 25

p = 4

$\bar{x} = 1.82$

Attachment B4: Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, January 2017 Chromium URGAs

Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA

Ranking of Observations

Sequence	Chromium (mg/L)	Adjusted Rank	Tie Number
1	0	5.5	Tie 1
2	0	5.5	
3	0	5.5	
4	0	5.5	
5	0	5.5	
6	0	5.5	
7	0	5.5	
8	0	5.5	
9	0	5.5	
10	0	5.5	
11	0.00473	11	
12	0.00809	12	
13	0.0206	13	
14	0.0266	14	
15	0.0273	15	
16	0.0309	16	
17	0.031	17	
18	0.0347	18	
19	0.0393	19	
20	0.0401	20	
21	0.165	21	
22	0.207	22	
23	0.262	23	
24	0.428	24	
25	0.442	25	

mg/L = milligrams per liter

BG = background

DL = detection limit

Bolded values indicate a detected result.

NOTE: For this method, observations below the detection limit that are considered nondetects (i.e., U qualified data) are reported as a concentration of 0.

n_{tie} Adjustment for Ties: $(n_{tie}^3 - n_{tie})$

10 Tie 1 = 990

$\sum T_i =$ 990

Attachment B4: Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, January 2017 Chromium URG

Sums of Ranks and Averages

Chromium (mg/L)					
Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	0.0273	0	0.442	0.031	0
Jul-15	0.00473	0	0.0347	0.00809	0
Jan-16	0.0401	0	0.0393	0.0266	0
Jul-16	0.207	0	0.0206	0.165	0
Jan-17	0.428	0	0.0309	0.262	0

Observation Ranks for Chromium					
Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	15	5.5	25	17	5.5
Jul-15	11	5.5	18	12	5.5
Jan-16	20	5.5	19	14	5.5
Jul-16	22	5.5	13	21	5.5
Jan-17	24	5.5	16	23	5.5
R _i	119.5		91	87	27.5
(R _i) _{avg}	12.0		18.2	17.4	5.5
R _i ² /n _i	1428.0		1656.2	1513.8	151.3

$$\Sigma R_i^2/n_i = 4749.3$$

mg/L = milligrams per liter

BG = background

DL = detection limit

Bolded values indicate a detected result.

NOTE: For this method, observations below the detection limit that are considered nondetects (i.e., U qualified data) are reported as a concentration of 0.

$$K = 4$$

$$N = 25$$

Calculation of Kruskal-Wallis Statistic

$$H = 9.679 \quad \text{Kruskal-Wallis Statistic} \quad H = [12/N(N+1) * \Sigma R_i^2/n_i] - 3(N+1)$$

$$H' = 10.335 \quad \text{Corrected Kruskal-Wallis} \quad H' = H/[1 - (\Sigma T_i/N^3 - N)]$$

$$\chi^2_{crit} = 7.815 \quad 3 \quad \text{degrees of freedom at the 5\% significance level}$$

NOTE: $H' > \chi^2_{crit}$

If $H' \leq \chi^2_{crit}$, the data from each well come from the same continuous distribution and hence have the same median concentrations of a specific constituent.

If $H' > \chi^2_{crit}$, reject the null hypothesis and calculate the critical difference for well comparisons to the background.

$$K-1 = 3 \quad \alpha/(K-1) = 0.01667 \quad Z(\alpha/(K-1))^{**} = 2.1280$$

$$\alpha = 0.05 \quad 1-(\alpha/(K-1)) = 0.983$$

NOTE *Table 1, Appendix B, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance* (EPA 1989).

**Table 4, Appendix B, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance* (EPA 1989).

Attachment B4: Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, January 2017 Chromium URGAs

Calculate Critical Values

Average Background Ranking = 11.950

	Well No.	C_i	$(R_i)_{avg} - (R_b)_{avg}$	Conclusion
BG Well	MW93			
BG Well	MW420			
	MW84	8.578	6.25	not contaminated
	MW87	8.578	5.45	not contaminated
	MW90A	8.578	-6.45	not contaminated

mg/L = milligrams per liter

BG = background

DL = detection limit

CONCLUSION: If $(R_i)_{avg} - (R_b)_{avg} > C_i$, then there is evidence that the compliance well is contaminated.

If $(R_i)_{avg} - (R_b)_{avg} < C_i$ for wells, there is no evidence of a statistically significant difference between concentrations in downgradient compliance test wells and background wells.

Since $(R_i)_{avg} - (R_b)_{avg} < C_i$ for MW84, MW87, and MW90A, there is no statistically significant difference compliance test wells and background wells at the C-404 Landfill; however, the negative value indicates that the background well, MW90A, has elevated concentrations.

Section 5.2.2, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance* (EPA 1989).

ATTACHMENT B5
CHROMIUM, DISSOLVED
STATISTICAL TEST 2

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**Attachment B5: Statistical Test 2, Test of Proportions, January 2017
Chromium, Dissolved URGA**

Chromium, Dissolved (mg/L)					
Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	0.005	0.005	0.00405	0.005	0.005
Jul-15	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005
Jan-16	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005
Jul-16	0.0021	0.005	0.005	0.00438	0.005
Jan-17	0.0116	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005

mg/L = milligrams per liter

BG = background

DL = detection limit

All data sets represent 1/2 DL values for nondetects.

Bolded values indicate a detected result.

Test of Proportions

Calculate the number of detections in background wells vs. compliance wells.

X = 2 X = number of samples above DL in background wells
 Y = 2 Y = number of samples above DL in compliance wells
 n_b = 10 n_b = count of background well results/samples analyzed
 n_c = 15 n_c = count of compliance well results/samples analyzed
 n = 25 n = total number of samples

P = 0.160 P = (x+y)/n
 nP = 4 n = n_b+n_c
 n(1-P) = 21

NOTE: If nP and n(1-P) are both >= 5, then the normal approximation may be used.

P_b = 0.200 P_b = proportion of detects in background wells
 P_c = 0.133 P_c = proportion of detects in compliance wells
 S_D = 0.150 S_D = standard error of difference in proportions
 Z = 0.445 Z = (P_b-P_c)/S_D
 absolute value of Z = 0.445

If the absolute value of Z exceeds the 97.5th percentile value of 1.96 from the standard normal distribution, this provides statistically significant evidence at the 5% significance level that the proportion of detects in one group of data exceeds the proportion of detects in the other group.

CONCLUSION: Because the absolute value of Z is less than 1.96, there is no statistical evidence that the proportion of samples with detected results differs between the background well and compliance well samples.

¹ Section 8.1.2, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (EPA 1989).

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ATTACHMENT B6

LEAD

STATISTICAL TEST 3

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Attachment B6: Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, January 2017 Lead URGAs

Lead (mg/L)					
Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	0.0024	0.001	0.00189	0.0009	0.001
Jul-15	0.001	0.001	0.00088	0.001	0.001
Jan-16	0.00144	0.001	0.00108	0.00107	0.001
Jul-16	0.00181	0.001	0.00239	0.0056	0.001
Jan-17	0.00155	0.001	0.00475	0.00439	0.001
Sum	0.0132		0.01099	0.01296	0.0050
n _i	10		5	5	5
(x _i) _{avg}	0.00132		0.00220	0.00259	0.0010

mg/L = milligrams per liter

BG = background

DL = detection limit

All data sets represent 1/2 DL values for nondetects.

Bolded values indicate a detected result.

Overall mean $\bar{x}.. = 0.00169$

N = 25

p = 4

$\bar{x}.. = 0.04$

Attachment B6: Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, January 2017 Lead URGAs

Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA

Ranking of Observations

Sequence	Lead (mg/L)	Adjusted Rank	Tie Number
1	0	6.5	Tie 1
2	0	6.5	
3	0	6.5	
4	0	6.5	
5	0	6.5	
6	0	6.5	
7	0	6.5	
8	0	6.5	
9	0	6.5	
10	0	6.5	
11	0	6.5	
12	0	6.5	
13	0.00088	13	
14	0.0009	14	
15	0.00107	15	
16	0.00108	16	
17	0.00144	17	
18	0.00155	18	
19	0.00181	19	
20	0.00189	20	
21	0.00239	21	
22	0.0024	22	
23	0.00439	23	
24	0.00475	24	
25	0.0056	25	

mg/L = milligrams per liter

BG = background

DL = detection limit

Bolded values indicate a detected result.

NOTE: For this method, observations below the detection limit that are considered nondetects (i.e., U qualified data) are reported as concentration of 0.

n_{tie} Adjustment for Ties: $(n_{tie}^3 - n_{tie})$

12 Tie 1 = 1716

$\sum T_i =$ 1716

Attachment B6: Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, January 2017 Lead URGA

Sums of Ranks and Averages

Lead (mg/L)					
Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	0.0024	0	0.00189	0.0009	0
Jul-15	0	0	0.00088	0	0
Jan-16	0.00144	0	0.00108	0.00107	0
Jul-16	0.00181	0	0.00239	0.0056	0
Jan-17	0.00155	0	0.00475	0.00439	0

Observation Ranks for Lead					
Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	22	6.5	20	14	6.5
Jul-15	6.5	6.5	13	6.5	6.5
Jan-16	17	6.5	16	15	6.5
Jul-16	19	6.5	21	25	6.5
Jan-17	18	6.5	24	23	6.5
R _i	115		94	83.5	32.5
(R _i) _{avg}	11.5		18.8	16.7	6.5
R _i ² /n _i	1322.5		1767.2	1394.5	211.3

$$\sum R_i^2/n_i = 4695.4$$

mg/L = milligrams per liter

BG = background

DL = detection limit

Bolded values indicate a detected result.

NOTE: For this method, observations below the detection limit that are considered nondetects (i.e., U qualified data) are reported as a concentration of 0.

$$K = 4$$

$$N = 25$$

Calculation of Kruskal-Wallis Statistic

$$H = 8.684 \quad \text{Kruskal-Wallis Statistic} \quad H = [12/N(N+1) * \sum R_i^2/n_i] - 3(N+1)$$

$$H' = 9.758 \quad \text{Corrected Kruskal-Wallis} \quad H' = H/[1 - (\sum T_i/N^3 - N)]$$

$$\chi^2_{crit} = 7.815 \quad 3 \quad \text{degrees of freedom at the 5\% significance level}$$

NOTE: $H' > \chi^2_{crit}$

If $H' \leq \chi^2_{crit}$, the data from each well come from the same continuous distribution and hence have the same median concentrations of a specific constituent.

If $H' > \chi^2_{crit}$, reject the null hypothesis and calculate the critical difference for well comparisons to the background.

$$K-1 = 3 \quad \alpha/(K-1) = 0.01667 \quad Z(\alpha/(K-1))^{**} = 2.1280$$

$$\alpha = 0.05 \quad 1-(\alpha/K-1) = 0.983$$

NOTE *Table 1, Appendix B, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance* (EPA 1989).

**Table 4, Appendix B, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance* (EPA 1989).

Attachment B6: Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, January 2017 Lead URGA

Calculate Critical Values

Average Background Ranking = 11.500

	Well No.	C_i	$(R_i)_{avg} - (R_b)_{avg}$	Conclusion
BG Well	MW93			
BG Well	MW420			
	MW84	8.578	7.30	not contaminated
	MW87	8.578	5.20	not contaminated
	MW90A	8.578	-5.00	not contaminated

mg/L = milligrams per liter

BG = background

DL = detection limit

CONCLUSION: If $(R_i)_{avg} - (R_b)_{avg} > C_i$, then there is evidence that the compliance well is contaminated.

If $(R_i)_{avg} - (R_b)_{avg} < C_i$ for wells, there is no evidence of a statistically significant difference between downgradient compliance test wells and background wells.

Since $(R_i)_{avg} - (R_b)_{avg} < C_i$ for MW84, MW87, and MW90A, there is no statistically significant difference between compliance test wells and background wells at the C-404 Landfill; however, the negative value indicates that the background well, MW90A, has elevated concentrations.

Section 5.2.2, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance* (EPA 1989).

ATTACHMENT B7

SELENIUM
STATISTICAL TEST 2

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**Attachment B7: Statistical Test 2, Test of Proportions, January 2017
Selenium URGA**

Selenium (mg/L)					
Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.00182
Jul-15	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025
Jan-16	0.00165	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.00231
Jul-16	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.00159	0.0017
Jan-17	0.0025	0.0025	0.00294	0.0025	0.0025

mg/L = milligrams per liter

BG = background

DL = detection limit

Nondetect values are 1/2 DL.

Bolded values indicate a detected result.

Test of Proportions

Calculate the number of detections in background wells vs. compliance wells.

X =	1	X = number of samples above DL in background wells
Y =	5	Y = number of samples above DL in compliance wells
n _b =	10	n _b = count of background well results/samples analyzed
n _c =	15	n _c = count of compliance well results/samples analyzed
n =	25	n = total number of samples

P =	0.240	P=(x+y)/n
nP =	6	n=n _b +n _c
n(1-P) =	19	

NOTE: If nP and n(1-P) are both >= 5, then the normal approximation may be used.

P _b =	0.100	P _b = proportion of detects in background wells
P _c =	0.333	P _c = proportion of detects in compliance wells
S _D =	0.174	S _D = standard error of difference in proportions
Z =	-1.338	Z = (P _b -P _c)/S _D
absolute value of Z =	1.338	

If the absolute value of Z exceeds the 97.5th percentile value of 1.96 from the standard normal distribution, this provides statistically significant evidence at the 5% significance level that the proportion of detects in one group of data exceeds the proportion of detects in the other group.

CONCLUSION: Because the absolute value of Z is less than 1.96, there is no statistical evidence that the proportion of samples with detected results differs between the background well and compliance well samples.

¹Section 8.1.2, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (EPA 1989).

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ATTACHMENT B8

**SELENIUM, DISSOLVED
STATISTICAL TEST 2**

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**Attachment B8: Statistical Test 2, Test of Proportions, January 2017
Selenium, Dissolved URGA**

Selenium, Dissolved (mg/L)					
Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025
Jul-15	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025
Jan-16	0.00225	0.0025	0.0025	0.00199	0.00197
Jul-16	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.00157
Jan-17	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025	0.0025

mg/L = milligrams per liter

BG = background

DL = detection limit

Nondetect values are 1/2 DL.

Bolded values indicate a detected result.

Test of Proportions

Calculate the number of detections in background wells vs. compliance wells.

X = 1 X = number of samples above DL in background wells
 Y = 3 Y = number of samples above DL in compliance wells
 n_b = 10 n_b = count of background well results/samples analyzed
 n_c = 15 n_c = count of compliance well results/samples analyzed
 n = 25 n = total number of samples

P = 0.160 P = (x+y)/n
 nP = 4 n = n_b+n_c
 n(1-P) = 21

NOTE: If nP and n(1-P) are both >= 5, then the normal approximation may be used; however, because nP < 5 and/or n(1-P) < 5, the test was continued to determine if the conclusion, along with a simple evaluation of the data would be similar.

P_b = 0.100 P_b = proportion of detects in background wells
 P_c = 0.200 P_c = proportion of detects in compliance wells
 S_D = 0.150 S_D = standard error of difference in proportions
 Z = -0.668 Z = (P_b-P_c)/S_D
 absolute value of Z = 0.668

If the absolute value of Z exceeds the 97.5th percentile value of 1.96 from the standard normal distribution, this provides statistically significant evidence at the 5% significance level that the proportion of detects in one group of data exceeds the proportion of detects in the other group.

CONCLUSION: Because the absolute value of Z is less than 1.96, there is no statistical evidence that the proportion of samples with detected results differs between the background well and compliance well samples.

¹Section 8.1.2, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (EPA 1989).

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ATTACHMENT B9

**TRICHLOROETHENE
STATISTICAL TESTS 4/3**

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Attachment B9: Statistical Test 4, Parametric ANOVA, January 2017 Trichloroethene URGA

Trichloroethene (TCE, µg/L)					
Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	2970	208	1380	1010	37.3
Jul-15	2520	191	1530	1250	37.9
Jan-16	2490	222	1350	1230	39.8
Jul-16	2020	169	1820	1090	35.3
Jan-17	2450	274	2620	2240	49.5
n _i	10		5	5	5
Sum	13514		8700	6820	199.80
(x _i)avg	1351.40		1740.00	1364.00	39.96

µg/L = micrograms per liter

Bolded values indicate a detected result.

Overall mean $\bar{x} = 1169.35$
 $N = 25$
 $p = 4$
 $\sum x = 29233.80$

Determine Normality of Dataset

Coefficient of Variability Test

Table of Residuals

Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	1618.60	-1143.40	-360.00	-354.00	-2.66
Jul-15	1168.60	-1160.40	-210.00	-114.00	-2.06
Jan-16	1138.60	-1129.40	-390.00	-134.00	-0.16
Jul-16	668.60	-1182.40	80.00	-274.00	-4.66
Jan-17	1098.60	-1077.40	880.00	876.00	9.54

X: Mean Value = $-3.47E-14$
 S: Standard Deviation = 804.4
 K* Factor = 2.292 (for n = 25)
 $CV = S/X = -2.32E+16 < 1$, the data are normally distributed

*K factor [from Table 5, Appendix B of *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance* (EPA 1989)].

If the coefficient of variation is < 1 , the residuals appear to be normally distributed.

If the coefficient of variation is $> \text{ or } = 1$, log-transformed data are not normally distributed.

Attachment B9: Statistical Test 4, Parametric ANOVA, January 2017 Trichloroethene URGA

Determine Equality of Variance of Dataset

p = number of wells	x _{..} = 29233.80
n _i = number of data points per well	(x _{avg}) _{..} = 1169.35
N = total sample size	
S ² = the square of the standard deviation	p = 4
ln(S _i ²) = natural logarithm of each variance	N = 25
f = total sample size minus the number of wells (groups)	
f _i = n _i - 1	

Calculations for Equality of Variance: Bartlett's Test

S _i	S _i ²	ln(S _i ²)	n _i	f _i S _i ²	f _i ln(S _i ²)
1221.299	1491571.82	14.215	10	13424146.4	127.9
525.975	276650.00	12.531	5	1106600.000	50.1
499.680	249680.00	12.428	5	998720.000	49.7
5.569	31.02	3.435	5	124.072	13.7

$$\sum(S_i^2) = 2017932.84 \qquad \sum f_i \ln(S_i^2) = 241.5$$

Equality of Variance: Bartlett's Test

$$\begin{aligned}
 f &= 21 \\
 Sp^2 &= 739504.308 \\
 \ln Sp^2 &= 13.514 \\
 \chi^2 &= 42.278 \quad \text{(If calculated } \chi^2 \leq \chi^2_{\text{crit}}, \text{ then variances are equal at the given} \\
 &\qquad \qquad \qquad \text{significance level).} \\
 \chi^2_{\text{crit}} &^* = 7.815 \quad \text{at a 5\% significance level with} \qquad \qquad \qquad 3 \quad \text{degrees of freedom}
 \end{aligned}$$

Variances are not equal, transform the original data to lognormal (i.e., since calculated $\chi^2 >$ tabulated χ^2).

*Table 1, Appendix B, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance* (EPA 1989).

Attachment B9: Statistical Test 4, Parametric ANOVA, January 2017 Trichloroethene URGA

Lognormal Data for TCE

ln[TCE (µg/L)]					
Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	8.00	5.34	7.23	6.92	3.62
Jul-15	7.83	5.25	7.33	7.13	3.63
Jan-16	7.82	5.40	7.21	7.11	3.68
Jul-16	7.61	5.13	7.51	6.99	3.56
Jan-17	7.80	5.61	7.87	7.71	3.90
x_i	65.80		37.15	35.87	18.40
$(x_i)_{avg}$	6.58		7.43	7.17	3.68

µg/L = micrograms per liter

Determine Normality of Dataset

Coefficient of Variability Test

Table of Residuals

Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	1.42	-1.24	-0.20	-0.26	-0.06
Jul-15	1.25	-1.33	-0.10	-0.04	-0.05
Jan-16	1.24	-1.18	-0.22	-0.06	0.00
Jul-16	1.03	-1.45	0.08	-0.18	-0.12
Jan-17	1.22	-0.97	0.44	0.54	0.22

X: Mean Value = 2.66E-16
 S: Standard Deviation = 0.82
 K* Factor = 2.292 (for n = 25)
 CV = S/X = 3.08E+15 > or = 1, log-transformed data are not normally distributed

*K factor [from Table 5, Appendix B of *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance* (EPA 1989)].

Attachment B9: Statistical Test 4, Parametric ANOVA, January 2017 Trichloroethene URGA

Determine Equality of Variance of Dataset

p = number of wells (background wells considered as one group) $\bar{x}_{..} = 157.22$
 n_i = number of data points per well $(\bar{x}_{avg})_{..} = 6.29$
 N = total sample size
 S^2 = the square of the standard deviation $p = 4$
 $\ln(S_i^2)$ = natural logarithm of each variance $N = 25$
 f = total sample size minus the number of wells (groups)
 $f_i = n_i - 1$

Calculations for Equality of Variance: Bartlett's Test

S_i	S_i^2	$\ln(S_i^2)$	n_i	$f_i S_i^2$	$f_i \ln(S_i^2)$
1.308	1.711	0.537	10	15.402	4.8
0.273	0.075	-2.593	5	0.299	-10.4
0.314	0.099	-2.314	5	0.395	-9.3
0.131	0.017	-4.067	5	0.069	-16.3

$\sum(S_i^2) = 1.90$ $\sum f_i \ln(S_i^2) = -31.1$

Equality of Variance: Bartlett's Test

$f = 21$
 $S_p^2 = 0.770$
 $\ln S_p^2 = -0.262$
 $\chi^2 = 25.567$ (If calculated $\chi^2 \leq$ tabulated χ^2 , then variances are equal at the given significance level).
 tabulated $\chi^2 * = 7.815$ at a 5% significance level with 3 degrees of freedom

Variances are not equal (i.e., calculated $\chi^2 >$ tabulated χ^2).

*Table 1, Appendix B, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance* (EPA 1989)].

Because variances are not equal, Statistical Test 3 - Nonparametric ANOVA is performed.

Attachment B9: Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, January 2017 Trichloroethene URGA

Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA

Date	TCE ($\mu\text{g/L}$)				
	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	2970	208	1380	1010	37.3
Jul-15	2520	191	1530	1250	37.9
Jan-16	2490	222	1350	1230	39.8
Jul-16	2020	169	1820	1090	35.3
Jan-17	2450	274	2620	2240	49.5
n_i	10		5	5	5
x_i	13514		8700	6820	199.80
$(x_i)\text{avg}$	1351.40		1740.00	1364.00	39.96

$\mu\text{g/L}$ = micrograms per liter

BG=background

DL=detection limit

All data sets represent 1/2 DL values for nondetects.

Bolded values indicate a detected result.

Overall mean $x_{..}$ = 1169.35

N = 25

p = 4

$x_{..}$ = 29233.80

Attachment B9: Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, January 2017 Trichloroethene URGA

Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA

Ranking of Observations

Sequence	TCE (µg/L)	Adjusted Rank	Tie Number
1	35.3	1	
2	37.3	2	
3	37.9	3	
4	39.8	4	
5	49.5	5	
6	169	6	
7	191	7	
8	208	8	
9	222	9	
10	274	10	
11	1010	11	
12	1090	12	
13	1230	13	
14	1250	14	
15	1350	15	
16	1380	16	
17	1530	17	
18	1820	18	
19	2020	19	
20	2240	20	
21	2450	21	
22	2490	22	
23	2520	23	
24	2620	24	
25	2970	25	

µg/L = micrograms per liter

BG = background

DL = detection limit

Bolded values indicate a detected result.

NOTE: For this method, observations below the detection limit that are considered nondetects (i.e., U qualified data) are reported as a concentration of 0.

Adjustment for Ties: $(n_{tie}^3 - n_{tie})$

n_{tie}
0

Tie 1 = 0

$\sum T_i = 0$

Attachment B9: Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, January 2017 Trichloroethene URGA

Sums of Ranks and Averages

TCE (µg/L)					
Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	2970	208	1380	1010	37.3
Jul-15	2520	191	1530	1250	37.9
Jan-16	2490	222	1350	1230	39.8
Jul-16	2020	169	1820	1090	35.3
Jan-17	2450	274	2620	2240	49.5

Observation Ranks for TCE					
Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	25	8	16	11	2
Jul-15	23	7	17	14	3
Jan-16	22	9	15	13	4
Jul-16	19	6	18	12	1
Jan-17	21	10	24	20	5
R_i	150		90	70	15
$(R_i)_{avg}$	15.0		18.0	14.0	3
R_i^2/n_i	2250.0		1620.0	980.0	45

$$\Sigma R_i^2/n_i = 4895.0$$

µg/L = micrograms per liter

BG=background

DL=detection limit

Bolded values indicate a detected result.

NOTE: For this method, observations below the detection limit that are considered nondetects (i.e., U qualified data) are reported as a concentration of 0.

$$K = 4$$

$$N = 25$$

Calculation of Kruskal-Wallis Statistic

$$H = 12.369 \quad \text{Kruskal-Wallis Statistic} \quad H = [12/N(N+1)*\Sigma R_i^2/n_i] - 3(N+1)$$

$$H' = 12.369 \quad \text{Corrected Kruskal-Wallis} \quad H' = H/[1-(\Sigma T_i/N^3-N)]$$

$$\chi^2_{crit} = 7.815 \quad 3 \quad \text{degrees of freedom at the 5% significance level}$$

NOTE: $H' > \chi^2_{crit}$

If $H' \leq \chi^2_{crit}$, the data from each well come from the same continuous distribution and hence have the same median concentrations of a specific constituent.

If $H' > \chi^2_{crit}$, reject the null hypothesis and calculate the critical difference for well comparisons to the background.

$$K-1 = 3 \quad \alpha/(K-1) = 0.01667 \quad Z(\alpha/(K-1))^{**} = 2.128$$

$$\alpha = 0.05 \quad 1-(\alpha/(K-1)) = 0.983$$

NOTE *Table 1, Appendix B, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance* (USEPA 1989).

**Table 4, Appendix B, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance* (USEPA 1989).

Attachment B9: Statistical Test 3, Nonparametric ANOVA, January 2017 Trichloroethene URGA

Calculate Critical Values

Average Background Ranking = 15.0

	Well No.	C_i	$(R_i)_{avg} - (R_b)_{avg}$	Conclusion
BG Well	MW93			
BG Well	MW420			
	MW84	8.578	3.00	not contaminated
	MW87	8.578	-1.00	not contaminated
	MW90A	8.578	-12.00	not contaminated

µg/L = micrograms per liter

BG = background

DL = detection limit

CONCLUSION:

If $(R_i)_{avg} - (R_b)_{avg} > C_i$, then there is evidence that the compliance well is contaminated.

If $(R_i)_{avg} - (R_b)_{avg} < C_i$ for wells, there is no evidence of a statistically significant difference between downgradient compliance test wells and background wells.

Since $(R_i)_{avg} - (R_b)_{avg} < C_i$ for MW84, MW87, and MW90A, there is no statistically significant difference between compliance test wells and background wells at the C-404 Landfill; however, the negative values indicate that background wells have elevated concentrations.

Section 5.2.2, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Guidance* (EPA 1989).

ATTACHMENT B10

**URANIUM
STATISTICAL TEST 2**

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Attachment B10: Statistical Test 2, Test of Proportions, January 2017 Uranium URGA

Uranium (mg/L)					
Date	Background	Background	Compliance	Compliance	Compliance
	MW93	MW420	MW84	MW87	MW90A
Jan-15	0.00214	0.0001	0.00043	0.00019	0.0001
Jul-15	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Jan-16	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Jul-16	0.000165	0.0001	0.000345	0.000559	0.0001
Jan-17	0.000223	0.0001	0.000618	0.000522	0.0001

mg/L = milligrams per liter

BG=background

DL=detection limit

Nondetect values are 1/2 DL.

Bolded values indicate a detected result.

Test of Proportions

Calculate the number of detections in background wells vs. compliance wells.

X=	3	X=number of samples above DL in background wells
Y=	6	Y=number of samples above DL in compliance wells
n _b =	10	n _b =count of background well results/samples analyzed
n _c =	15	n _c =count of compliance well results/samples analyzed
n=	25	n=total number of samples

P =	0.360	P=(x+y)/n
nP =	9	n=n _b +n _c
n(1-P) =	16	

NOTE: If nP and n(1-P) are both >= 5, then the normal approximation may be used.

P _b =	0.300	P _b =proportion of detects in background wells
P _c =	0.400	P _c =proportion of detects in compliance wells
S _D =	0.196	S _D =standard error of difference in proportions
Z =	-0.510	Z = (P _b -P _c)/S _D
absolute value of Z =	0.510	

If the absolute value of Z exceeds the 97.5th percentile value of 1.96 from the standard normal distribution, this provides statistically significant evidence at the 5% significance level that the proportion of detects in one group of data exceeds the proportion of detects in the other group.

CONCLUSION: Because the absolute value of Z is less than 1.96, there is no statistical evidence that the proportion of samples with detected results differs between the background well and compliance well samples.

¹ Section 8.1.2, *Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (EPA, 1989).

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ATTACHMENT B11
STATISTICIAN STATEMENT

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March 31, 2017

Ms. Kelly Layne
Fluor Federal Services, Inc.
5511 Hobbs Road
Kevil, KY 42053

Dear Ms. Layne:

I am submitting this statement as a supplementary document to the completed statistical analysis I performed on the groundwater data for the C-404 Landfill at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant.

As a Chemist, with a Bachelor of Science degree in chemistry and a minor in biology, I have over 20 years of experience in reviewing and assessing laboratory analytical results associated with environmental sampling and investigation activities. For the generation of these statistical analyses, my work was observed and reviewed by a senior chemist and geologist with Fluor Federal Services, Inc.

For this project, the statistical analyses on groundwater data from January 2015 through January 2017 were performed in accordance with the C-404 Hazardous Waste Landfill Permit, Appendix E using Microsoft Excel 2010. The spreadsheets include the results for the following statistical tests:

- Test of Proportions
- Parametric Analysis of Variance (ANOVA)
- Nonparametric ANOVA
- 95% Upper Tolerance Limit

The statistical analyses procedures were based on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) *Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989).

Sincerely,



Jennifer R. Blewett

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APPENDIX C

**C-404 HAZARDOUS WASTE LANDFILL
LEACHATE ANALYTICAL RESULTS**

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Paducah OREIS Report for 404L16-03

L1404L3-16

from: C404L

on 9/19/2016

Media: WW

SmpMethod: GR

Comments:

Analysis	Results	Units	Result Qual	Foot Note	Reporting Limit	Counting Error	TPU	Method	LabCode	V/V/A*
ANION										
Fluoride	5.54	mg/L			0.2			SW846-9056	GEL	I / X /
FS										
Conductivity	440	umho/cm						FS	FS	//
Dissolved Oxygen	6.45	mg/L						FS	FS	//
pH	6.93	Std Unit						FS	FS	//
Redox	391	mV						FS	FS	//
Temperature	75.6	deg F						FS	FS	//
METAL										
Arsenic	0.005	mg/L	U		0.005			SW846-6020	GEL	/ X /
Barium	0.0809	mg/L			0.002			SW846-6020	GEL	/ X /
Cadmium	0.001	mg/L	U		0.001			SW846-6020	GEL	/ X /
Chromium	0.01	mg/L	U		0.01			SW846-6020	GEL	/ X /
Copper	0.0145	mg/L			0.001			SW846-6020	GEL	/ X /
Iron	0.1	mg/L	U		0.1			SW846-6020	GEL	/ X /
Lead	0.002	mg/L	U		0.002			SW846-6020	GEL	/ X /
Mercury	0.0002	mg/L	U		0.0002			SW846-7470A	GEL	/ X /
Nickel	0.00365	mg/L			0.002			SW846-6020	GEL	/ X /
Selenium	0.005	mg/L	U		0.005			SW846-6020	GEL	/ X /
Silver	0.001	mg/L	U		0.001			SW846-6020	GEL	/ X /
Uranium	55.8	mg/L			0.2			SW846-6020	GEL	I / X /
Zinc	0.01	mg/L	U		0.01			SW846-6020	GEL	/ X /
PCCB										
PCB-1016	0.1	ug/L	U		0.1			SW846-8082	GEL	/ X /
PCB-1221	0.1	ug/L	U		0.1			SW846-8082	GEL	/ X /
PCB-1232	0.1	ug/L	U		0.1			SW846-8082	GEL	/ X /
PCB-1242	0.1	ug/L	U		0.1			SW846-8082	GEL	/ X /
PCB-1248	0.623	ug/L			0.1			SW846-8082	GEL	/ X /
PCB-1254	0.1	ug/L	U		0.1			SW846-8082	GEL	/ X /
PCB-1260	0.1	ug/L	U		0.1			SW846-8082	GEL	/ X /
PCB-1268	0.1	ug/L	U		0.1			SW846-8082	GEL	/ X /
Polychlorinated biphenyl	0.623	ug/L			0.1			SW846-8082	GEL	I / X /
RADS										
Cesium-137	6.04	pCi/L	U		7.93	4.7	4.71	EPA-901.1	GEL	/ X /
Neptunium-237	1.55	pCi/L	U		2.23	1.61	1.62	Alpha Spectroscopy	GEL	/ X /
Plutonium-239/240	-0.175	pCi/L	U		2.02	0.776	0.777	HASL 300, Pu-11-RC M	GEL	/ X /
Technetium-99	134	pCi/L			27	20.3	25.1	HASL 300, Tc-02-RC M	GEL	/ X /
Thorium-230	0.113	pCi/L	U		3.68	1.73	1.73	HASL 300, Th-01-RC M	GEL	/ X /
Uranium-234	1350	pCi/L			102	312	372	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	GEL	/ X /
Uranium-235	273	pCi/L			68.1	161	166	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	GEL	/ X /
Uranium-238	16900	pCi/L			88.1	1090	2760	HASL 300, U-02-RC M	GEL	/ X /
VOA										
Trichloroethene	1	ug/L	U		1			SW846-8260B	GEL	/ X /
WETCHEM										
Ammonia as Nitrogen	0.143	mg/L	B		0.05			EPA-350.1	GEL	/ X /

Paducah OREIS Report for 404L16-03

TB404L3-16

from: QC

on 9/19/2016

Media: WQ

SmpMethod:

Comments:

Analysis	Results	Units	Result Qual	Foot Note	Reporting Limit	Counting Error	TPU	Method	LabCode	V/V/A*
VOA										
Trichloroethene	1	ug/L	U		1			SW846-8260B	GEL	/X/

APPENDIX D

**C-404 HAZARDOUS WASTE LANDFILL
GROUNDWATER FLOW RATE AND DIRECTION**

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C-404 LANDFILL FLOW DIRECTION

The C-404 Hazardous Waste Landfill (C-404 Landfill) Permit requires annual determination of average hydraulic flow rate and direction of flow in the uppermost aquifer. The uppermost aquifer below C-404 Landfill is the Regional Gravel Aquifer (RGA). Water level measurements currently are taken from several wells at the perimeter of the C-404 Landfill on a semiannual basis. The flow direction information included in this report is supplemental to the permit-required annual flow rate and direction.

The water levels used for this analysis (taken on January 24, 2017) were measured as closely as possible and within a 24-hour period to ensure the comparability of the data. These measurements were used to plot the potentiometric surface of the upper RGA for the January 2017 sampling event. As indicated in previous reports, flow direction beneath the C-404 Landfill generally trends northward, but commonly varies from northeast to northwest.

Contours for the potentiometric surface were drawn after water-level data were corrected for barometric efficiency. The potentiometric contours depict the directions of hydraulic flow during the sampling event.

The January potentiometric surface data of the upper RGA are presented in Table D.1, and a potentiometric surface map is presented in Figure D.1.

Table D.1. Barometric Pressure Corrections

C-404 Landfill (January 2017) Water Levels									
Date	Time	Well	Datum Elev (ft amsl)	BP (in Hg)	Delta BP (ft H ₂ O)	Raw Data		Corrected Data*	
						DTW (ft)	Elev (ft amsl)	DTW (ft)	Elev (ft amsl)
1/24/2017	7:55	MW67	374.95	29.92	0.00	50.82	324.13	50.82	324.13
1/24/2017	8:06	MW76	376.77	29.92	0.00	52.54	324.23	52.54	324.23
1/24/2017	14:13	MW86 ¹	375.97	29.84	0.09	51.68	324.29	51.77	324.20
1/24/2017	7:52	MW87	375.79	29.92	0.00	51.72	324.07	51.72	324.07
1/24/2017	7:49	MW90A	374.20	29.92	0.00	50.28	323.92	50.28	323.92
1/24/2017	8:02	MW93	377.67	29.92	0.00	53.25	324.42	53.25	324.42
1/24/2017	10:25	MW227	378.81	29.92	0.00	54.29	324.52	54.29	324.52
1/24/2017	8:03	MW333	377.35	29.92	0.00	52.85	324.50	52.85	324.50
1/24/2017	8:15	MW337	374.67	29.92	0.00	50.35	324.32	50.35	324.32
1/24/2017	8:17	MW338	374.86	29.92	0.00	50.60	324.26	50.60	324.26
1/24/2017	7:58	MW420	377.70	29.92	0.00	53.36	324.34	53.36	324.34

¹Measurement for MW86 (lower RGA) used in place of measurement for MW84 (upper RGA)
Initial Barometric Pressure 29.92
Elev = elevation
amsl = above mean sea level
BP = barometric pressure
DTW = depth to water in feet below datum
*Assumes a barometric efficiency of 1.0

