FRNP-RPT-0027/V2

C-746-U Contained Landfill
Second Quarter Calendar Year 2018
(April–June)
Compliance Monitoring Report
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky

FOUR RIVERS
NUCLEAR PARTNERSHIP, LLC

This document is approved for public release per review by:

David Hayden — 8-23-18

FRNP Classification Support — Date

FRNP-RPT-0027/V2

C-746-U Contained Landfill
Second Quarter Calendar Year 2018
(April–June)
Compliance Monitoring Report
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky

Date Issued—August 2018

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
Office of Environmental Management

Prepared by
FOUR RIVERS NUCLEAR PARTNERSHIP, LLC,
managing the
Deactivation and Remediation Project at the
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
under Contract DE-EM0004895

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ACRONYMS

CFR	*Code of Federal Regulations*
CY	calendar year
KAR	*Kentucky Administrative Regulations*
KDWM	Kentucky Division of Waste Management
KRS	*Kentucky Revised Statutes*
LEL	lower explosive limit
LRGA	Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer
MCL	maximum contaminant level
MW	monitoring well
RGA	Regional Gravel Aquifer
UCRS	Upper Continental Recharge System
URGA	Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer
UTL	upper tolerance limit

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1. INTRODUCTION

This report, *C-746-U Contained Landfill Second Quarter Calendar Year 2018 (April–June) Compliance Monitoring Report, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky,* is being submitted in accordance with Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045.

The Groundwater, Surface Water, Leachate, and Methane Monitoring Sample Data Reporting Form is provided in Appendix A. The facility information sheet is provided in Appendix B. Groundwater analytical results are recorded on the Kentucky Division of Waste Management (KDWM) Groundwater Sample Analyses forms, which are presented in Appendix C. The statistical analyses and qualification statement are provided in Appendix D. The groundwater flow rate and direction determinations are provided in Appendix E. Appendix F contains the notifications for all permit required parameters whose concentrations exceed the maximum contaminant level (MCL) for Kentucky solid waste facilities provided in 401 *KAR* 47:030 § 6 and for all permit required parameters listed in 40 *CFR* § 302.4, Appendix A, that do not have an MCL and whose concentrations exceed the historical background concentrations [upper tolerance limit (UTL), as established at a 95% confidence]. Appendix G provides a chart of MCL exceedances and exceedances of the historical background UTL that have occurred, beginning in the fourth quarter calendar year (CY) 2002. Methane monitoring results are documented on the approved C-746-U Landfill Methane Monitoring Report form provided in Appendix H. The form includes pertinent remarks/observations as required by 401 *KAR* 48:090 § 5. Surface water results are provided in Appendix I.

1.1 BACKGROUND

The C-746-U Landfill is an operating solid waste landfill located north of the Paducah Site and north of the C-746-S&T Landfills. Construction and operation of the C-746-U Landfill were permitted in November 1996. The operation is regulated under Solid Waste Landfill Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045. The permitted C-746-U Landfill area covers about 60 acres and includes a liner and leachate collection system. C-746-U Landfill currently is operating in Phases 4 and 5. Phases 1, 2, and 3 have long-term cover. Phases 6 through 23 have not been constructed.

1.2 MONITORING PERIOD ACTIVITIES

1.2.1 Groundwater Monitoring

Three zones are monitored at the site: the Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS), the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA), and the Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA). There are 21 monitoring wells (MWs) under permit for the C-746-U Landfill: 9 UCRS wells, 6 URGA wells, and 6 LRGA wells. A map of the MW locations is presented in Figure 1. All MWs were sampled this quarter except MW376 and MW377 (both screened in the UCRS), which had an insufficient amount of water to obtain samples; therefore, there are no laboratory analysis results for these locations.

Consistent with the approved *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah*

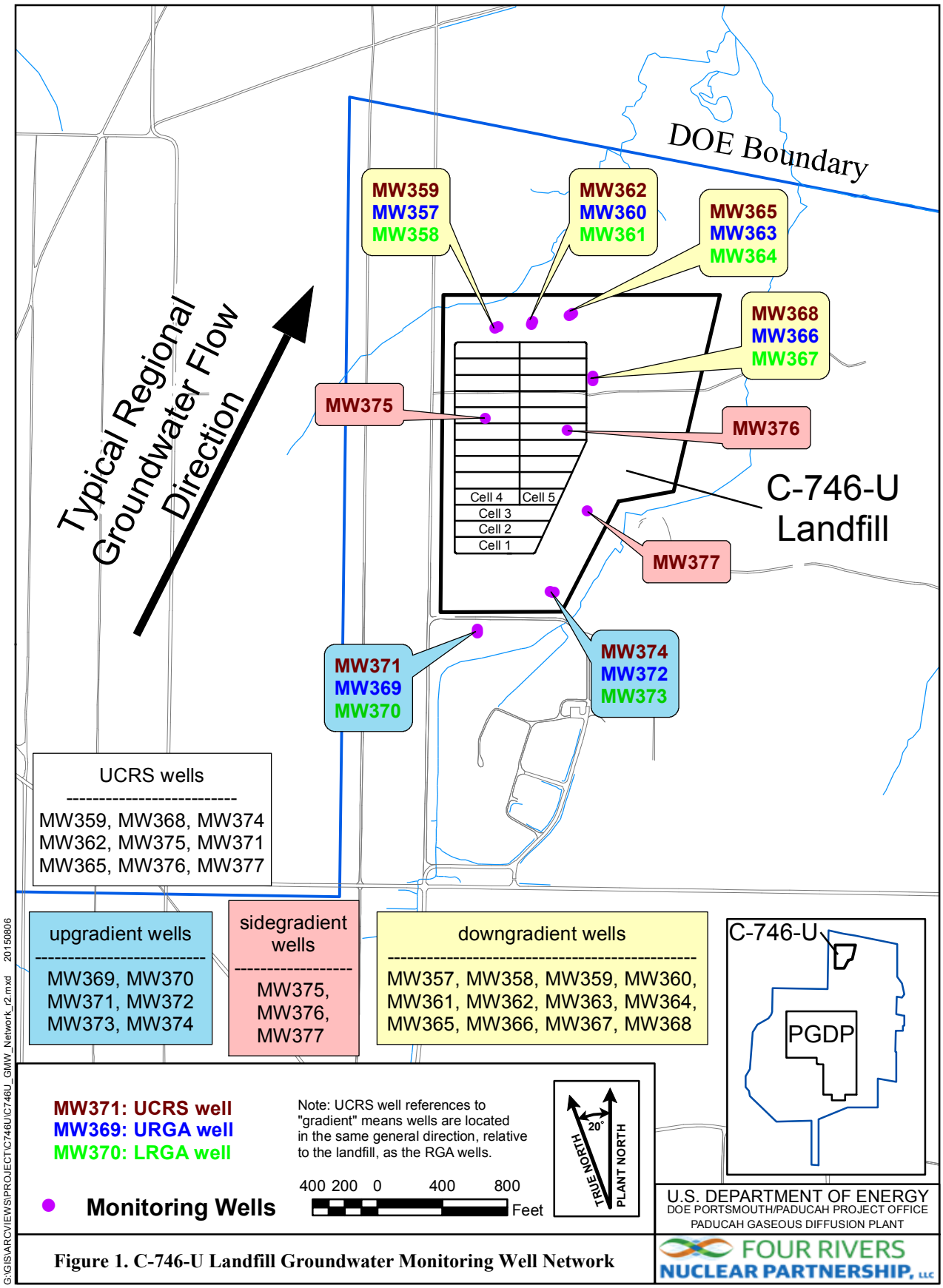

Figure 1. C-746-U Landfill Groundwater Monitoring Well Network

Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky, (Groundwater Monitoring Plan), UCRS wells are included in the monitoring program (LATA Kentucky 2014). Groundwater flow gradients are downward through the UCRS, but flow in the underlying Regional Gravel Aquifer (RGA) is lateral. Groundwater flow in the RGA typically is in a northeasterly direction in the vicinity of the C-746-U Landfill. The Ohio River and lower reaches of Little Bayou Creek are the discharge areas for the RGA flow system from the vicinity of the landfills.

Consistent with the conceptual site model, the constituent concentrations in UCRS wells are considered to be representative only of the conditions local to the well or sourced from overlying soils; thus, no discussion of potential "upgradient" sources is relevant to the discussion for the UCRS. Nevertheless, a UTL for background also has been calculated for UCRS wells using concentrations from UCRS wells located in the same direction (relative to the landfill) as those RGA wells identified as upgradient. The results from these wells are considered to represent historical "background" for UCRS water quality. Similarly, other gradient references for UCRS wells are identified using the same gradient references (relative to the landfill) that are attributed to nearby RGA wells. Results from UCRS wells are compared to this UTL and exceedances of these values are reported in the quarterly report.

Groundwater sampling was conducted within the second quarter 2018 in accordance with the Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014) using the Deactivation and Remediation Contractor, procedure CP4-ES-2101, *Groundwater Sampling*. The analytical laboratory used U.S. Environmental Protection Agency-approved methods, as applicable. Appropriate sample containers and preservatives were used. The parameters specified in Permit Condition GSTR0001, Special Condition 1, were analyzed for all locations sampled.

The groundwater flow rate and direction determination are provided in Appendix E. Depth-to-water was measured on April 25, 2018, in MWs of the C-746-U Landfill (see Table E.1), in MWs of the C-746-S&T Landfills, and in MWs of the surrounding region (shown on Figure E.4). Water level measurements in 39 vicinity wells define the potentiometric surface for the RGA. Typical regional flow in the RGA is northeastward, toward the Ohio River. During April, RGA groundwater flow in the area of the landfill was oriented northeastward to southeastward. While this varies from typical regional flow, the fluctuation in flow has occurred at least twice during April (2011 and 2015) over the last seven years. The hydraulic gradient for the RGA in the vicinity of the C-746-U Landfill in April was 3.59×10^{-4} ft/ft. The hydraulic gradients for the URGA and LRGA at the C-746-U Landfill were 4.72×10^{-4} ft/ft and 3.85×10^{-4} ft/ft, respectively. Calculated groundwater flow rates (average linear velocity) at the C-746-U Landfill range from 0.802 to 1.37 ft/day for the URGA and 0.654 to 1.12 ft/day for the LRGA (see Table E.3).

1.2.2 Methane Monitoring

Methane monitoring was conducted in accordance with 401 *KAR* 48:090 § 5 and the approved Explosive Gas Monitoring Program (KEEC 2011), which is Technical Application Attachment 12, of the Solid Waste Landfill permit. Landfill operations staff monitored for the occurrence of methane in four on-site building locations and four locations along the landfill boundary on May 29, 2018. See Appendix H for a map (Figure H.1) of the monitoring locations. Monitoring identified 0% of the lower explosive limit (LEL) of methane at all locations, which is compliant with the regulatory requirement of < 100% LEL at boundary locations and < 25% LEL at all other locations. The results are documented on the C-746-U Landfill Methane Log provided in Appendix H.

1.2.3 Surface Water Monitoring

Surface water was monitored, as specified in 401 *KAR* 48:300 § 2, and the approved *Surface Water Monitoring Plan for C-746-U Contained Landfill Permit Number KY-073-00045, Paducah Gaseous*

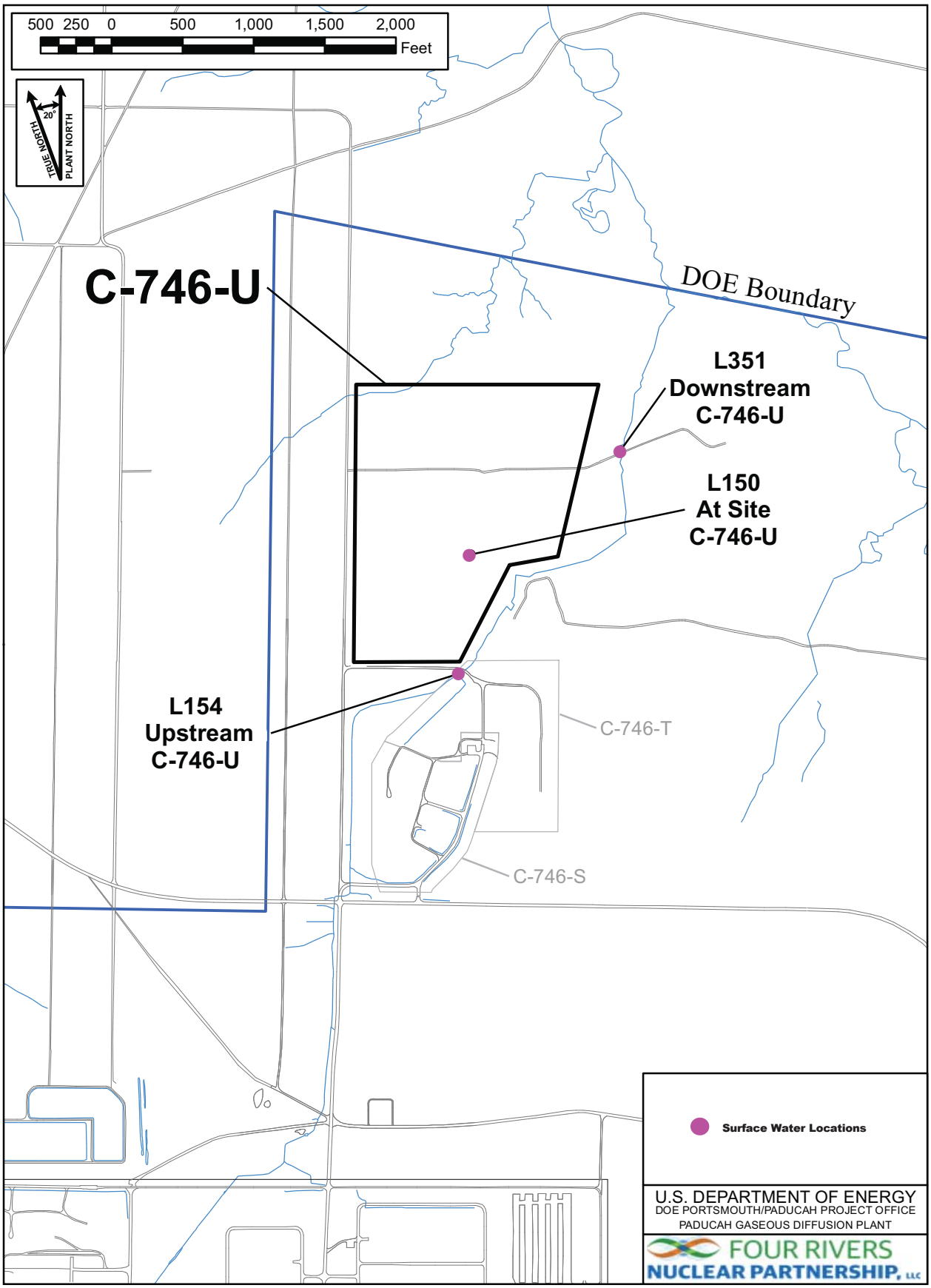

Figure 2. C-746-U Landfill Surface Water Monitoring Locations

Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky (PRS 2008), which is Technical Application Attachment 24, of the Solid Waste Landfill Permit. Sampling was performed at three locations (see Figure 2) monitored for the C-746-U Landfill. The C-746-U Landfill has an upstream location, L154; a downstream location, L351; and a location capturing runoff from the landfill surface, L150. Surface water results are provided in Appendix I.

1.3 KEY RESULTS

Groundwater data were evaluated in accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014), which is Technical Application, Attachment 25, of the Solid Waste Landfill Permit. Parameters that had concentrations that exceeded their respective MCL are listed in Table 1. Those constituents that exceeded their respective MCL were evaluated further against their historical background UTL. Table 2 identifies parameters (without MCLs) with concentrations that exceeded the statistically derived historical background UTL concentrations[1] during the second quarter 2018, as well as parameters that exceeded their MCL and also exceeded their historical background UTL. Those constituents (present in downgradient wells) that exceed their historical background UTL were evaluated against their current UTL-derived background using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells considered to be upgradient (Table 3).

Table 1. Summary of MCL Exceedances

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
None	MW357: Trichloroethene	MW358: Trichloroethene
	MW369: Beta activity	MW361: Trichloroethene
	MW372: Trichloroethene	MW364: Trichloroethene
		MW367: Trichloroethene
		MW373: Trichloroethene

Table 2. Exceedances of Statistically Derived Historical Background Concentrations

UCRS*	URGA	LRGA
MW359: Dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW357: Oxidation-reduction potential, thorium-230	MW358: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW362: Dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW360: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW361: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW365: Dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW363: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW364: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW368: Oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW366: Oxidation-reduction potential, thorium-230	MW367: Oxidation-reduction potential, technetium-99
MW371: Dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate	MW369: Beta activity, oxidation-reduction potential, technetium-99	MW370: Oxidation-reduction potential, technetium-99
MW374: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW372: Oxidation-reduction potential	MW373: Oxidation-reduction potential
MW375: Oxidation-reduction potential, sulfate		

*Gradients in the UCRS are downward. UCRS gradient designations are identified using the same gradient reference (relative to the landfill) that is attributed to nearby RGA wells.
Sidegradient wells: MW375, MW376, MW377
Downgradient wells: MW357, MW358, MW359, MW360, MW361, MW362, MW363, MW364, MW365, MW366, MW367, MW368
Upgradient wells: MW369, MW370, MW371, MW372, MW373, MW374

[1] The term "concentration" may refer to a field measurement result such as pH or oxidation-reduction potential or an analytical parameter such as trichloroethene or polychlorinated biphenyls.

Table 3. Exceedances of Current Background UTL in Downgradient Wells

URGA	LRGA
MW357: Thorium-230	None
MW366: Thorium-230	

The notification of parameters that exceeded the MCL submitted electronically to the KDWM, in accordance with 401 *KAR* 48:300 § 7, prior to the submittal of this report.

The constituents that exceeded their MCL in a downgradient well were subjected to a comparison against the UTL concentrations calculated using historical concentrations from wells identified as background. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan, the MCL exceedances for trichloroethene in MW357, MW358, MW361, MW364, and MW367 (downgradient wells) do not exceed the historical background concentration and are considered to be a Type 1 exceedance—not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill.

This report serves as the notification of parameters that had statistically significant increased concentrations relative to historical background concentrations, as required by Permit Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Condition GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 5; and 401 *KAR* 48:300 § 7.

The constituents that had exceedances of the statistically derived historical background UTL underwent additional statistical evaluation. The current-quarter concentrations were compared to the current background UTLs that were developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as upgradient in order to determine if the current downgradient concentrations are consistent with current background values. Table 3 summarizes the evaluation against current background UTL for those constituents present in downgradient wells with historical UTL exceedances. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan, constituents in downgradient wells that exceed the historical UTL, but do not exceed the current UTL, are considered not to have a landfill source; therefore, they are a Type 1 exceedance.

The constituents listed in Table 3 that exceed both the historical UTL and the current UTL, thorium-230 in MW357 and MW366, do not have an identified source and are considered preliminarily to be a Type 2 exceedance, per the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan. To evaluate the preliminary Type 2 exceedances further, the parameters were subjected to the Mann-Kendall statistical test for trend using the most recent eight quarters of data. The results are summarized in Table 4.

The Mann-Kendall statistical test indicates that there is an increasing trend of thorium-230 in MW357 and MW366 over the past eight quarters. In accordance with the Groundwater Monitoring Plan, these are considered to be Type 2 exceedances (source unknown). The source of the trends is believed to be unrelated to the C-746-U Landfill because thorium-230 has very limited solubility; therefore, if the source were related to landfill leachate, other soluble constituents (not detected) also would be expected. This quarter is only the second detection of thorium-230 in MW357 (analysis of thorium-230 was initiated in 2004; 57 samples collected to date) and the third detection in MW366 (analysis of thorium-230 was initiated in 2004; 60 samples collected to date). The concentrations are only slightly elevated above the minimum detectable activity; therefore, the detections are uncertain. Similarly, the past seven quarters of data appear to suggest a trend below the minimum detectable activity making the trend uncertain. Results of this parameter from these wells will be evaluated with the next quarter's results to identify if there is a persistent trend.

The statistical evaluation of current UCRS concentrations against the current UCRS background UTL identified UCRS wells with dissolved oxygen and sulfate values that exceed both the historical and current backgrounds (Table 5). Because these wells are not hydrogeologically downgradient of the C-746-U Landfill, these exceedances are not attributable to C-746-U sources and are considered to be Type 1 exceedances.

Table 4. C-746-U Landfill Downgradient Wells Trend Summary Utilizing the Previous Eight Quarters

Location	Well ID	Parameter	Sample Size	Alpha[1]	p-Value[2]	S[3]	Decision[4]
C-746-U Landfill	MW357	Thorium-230	8	0.05	0.007	20	Positive Trend
	MW366	Thorium-230	8	0.05	0.007	20	Positive Trend

Footnotes:
[1] An alpha of 0.05 represents a 95% confidence interval.
[2] The p-value represents the risk of acceptance the H_a hypothesis of a trend, in terms of a percentage.
[3] The initial value of the Mann-Kendall statistic, S, is assumed to be 0 (e.g., no trend). If a data value from a later time period is higher than a data value from an earlier time period, S is incremented by 1. On the other hand, if the data value from a later time period is lower than a data value sampled earlier, S is decremented by 1. The net result of all such increments and decrements yields the final value of S. A very high positive value of S is an indicator of an increasing trend, and a very low negative value indicates a decreasing trend.
[4] The Mann-Kendall decision operates on two hypotheses, the H_0 and H_a. H_0 assumes there is no trend in the data, whereas H_a assumes either a positive or negative trend.
Note: Statistics generated using ProUCL.

Table 5. Exceedances of Current Background UTL in Downgradient UCRS Wells*

UCRS
MW359: Sulfate
MW362: Dissolved oxygen, sulfate
MW365: Dissolved oxygen, sulfate
MW368: Sulfate

*In the same direction (relative to the landfill) as RGA wells.

All MCL and UTL exceedances, except thorium-230 in MW357 and MW366, reported for this quarter were evaluated and considered to be Type 1 exceedances—not attributable to the C-746-U Landfill. The increasing trends for thorium-230 in MW357 and MW366 do not appear to be landfill related. Thorium-230 in MW357 and MW366 will continue to be evaluated.

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2. DATA EVALUATION/STATISTICAL SYNOPSIS

The statistical analyses conducted on the second quarter 2018 groundwater data collected from the C-746-U Landfill MWs were performed in accordance with the Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014). The statistical analyses for this report use data from the first eight quarters that were sampled for each parameter, beginning with the baseline sampling events in 2002, when available. The sampling dates associated with background data are listed next to the result in the statistical analysis sheets in Appendix D (Attachments D1 and D2).

For those parameters that exceed the MCL for Kentucky solid waste facilities found in 401 *KAR* 47:030 § 6, these exceedances were documented and evaluated further as follows. Exceedances were reviewed against historical background results (UTL). If the MCL exceedance was found not to exceed the historical UTL, the exceedance was noted as a Type 1 exceedance—an exceedance not attributable to the landfill. If there was an exceedance of the MCL in a downgradient well and this constituent also exceeded the historical background, the quarterly result was compared to the current background UTL (developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as upgradient) to identify if this exceedance is attributable to upgradient/non-landfill sources. If the downgradient concentration was less than the current background, the exceedance was noted as a Type 1 exceedance. If a constituent exceeds its Kentucky solid waste facility MCL, historical background UTL, and current background UTL, it was reported as a Type 2 exceedance—source undetermined. Type 2 exceedances (undetermined source) were evaluated further using the Mann-Kendall test for trend. If there was no statistically significant increasing trend for a constituent in a downgradient well, the exceedance was reclassified as a Type 1 exceedance (not attributable to the landfill).

For those parameters that do not have a Kentucky solid waste facility MCL, the same process was used. If a constituent without an MCL exceeded its historical background UTL and its current background UTL, it was evaluated further to identify the source of the exceedance, if possible. If the source of the exceedance could not be identified, it was reported as a Type 2 exceedance—source undetermined. Type 2 exceedances (undetermined source) were evaluated further using the Mann-Kendall test for trend. If there was no statistically significant increasing trend for a constituent in a downgradient well, the exceedance was reclassified as a Type 1 exceedance (not attributable to the landfill).

To calculate the UTL, the data are divided into censored (nondetects) and uncensored (detected) observations. The one-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted only on parameters that have at least one uncensored observation. Results of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test are used to determine whether the data show a statistical exceedance in concentrations with respect to historical background concentrations (UTL).

For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted. The test well results are compared to both an upper and lower tolerance limit to determine if statistically significant deviations in concentrations exist with respect to upgradient (background) well data.

A stepwise list of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical procedures applied to the data is provided in Appendix D under Statistical Analysis Process. The statistical analysis was conducted separately for each parameter in each well. The MWs included historically in the statistical analyses are listed in Table 6.

Table 6. Monitoring Wells Included in Statistical Analysis*

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
MW359	MW357	MW358
MW362	MW360	MW361
MW365	MW363	MW364
MW368	MW366	MW367
MW371**	MW369 (upgradient)	MW370 (upgradient)
MW374**	MW372 (upgradient)	MW373 (upgradient)
MW375		
MW376***		
MW377***		

*A map showing the monitoring well locations is shown on Figure 1.
**In the same direction (relative to the landfill) as RGA wells considered to be upgradient.
***MW376 and MW377 had insufficient water to permit a water sample for laboratory analysis.

2.1 STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF GROUNDWATER DATA

Parameters requiring statistical analysis are summarized in Appendix D for each hydrogeological unit. A stepwise list for determining exceedances of statistically derived historical background concentrations is provided in Appendix D under Statistical Analysis Process. A comparison of the current quarter's results to the statistically derived historical background was conducted for parameters that do not have MCLs and also for those parameters whose concentrations exceed MCLs. Appendix G summarizes the occurrences (by well and by quarter) of exceedances of historical UTLs and MCL exceedances. The constituents that had exceedances of the statistically derived historical background UTL underwent additional statistical evaluation. The current-quarter concentrations were compared to the current background UTL developed using the most recent eight quarters of data from wells identified as upgradient in order to determine if the current downgradient concentrations are consistent with current background values.

2.1.1 Upper Continental Recharge System

In this quarter, 27 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the UCRS. During the second quarter, dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, and sulfate displayed concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTL and are listed in Table 2. Dissolved oxygen and sulfate exceeded the current background UTL and are included in Table 5.

2.1.2 Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer

In this quarter, 32 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the URGA. During the second quarter, beta activity, oxidation-reduction potential, technetium-99, and thorium-230 displayed concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTL and are listed in Table 2. Thorium-230 exceeded the current background UTL and is included in Table 3.

2.1.3 Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer

In this quarter, 28 parameters, including those with MCLs, required statistical analysis in the LRGA. During the second quarter, oxidation-reduction potential and technetium-99 displayed concentrations that exceeded their respective historical UTL and are listed in Table 2. There were no exceedances of the current background UTL for any LRGA downgradient wells as summarized in Table 3.

2.2 DATA VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION

Data verification is the process of comparing a data set against a set standard or contractual requirements. In accordance with the approved Groundwater Monitoring Plan (LATA Kentucky 2014), data verification is performed for 100% of the data. Data are flagged as necessary.

Data validation was performed on 100% of the organic, inorganic, and radiochemical analytical data by a qualified individual independent from sampling, laboratory, project management, or other decision-making personnel. Data validation evaluates the laboratory adherence to analytical method requirements. Validation qualifiers are added by the independent validator and not the laboratory. Validation qualifiers are not requested on the groundwater reporting forms.

Field quality control samples are collected each sampling event. Field blanks, rinseate blanks, and trip blanks are obtained to ensure quality of field and laboratory practices and data are reported in the Groundwater Sample Analysis forms in Appendix C. Laboratory quality control samples, such as matrix spikes, matrix spike duplicates, and method blanks, are performed by the laboratory. Both field and laboratory quality control sample results are reviewed as part of the data verification/validation process.

Data verification and validation results for this data set indicated that all data were considered usable.

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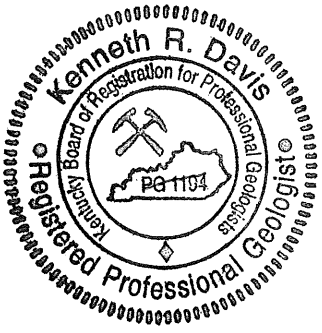
3. PROFESSIONAL GEOLOGIST AUTHORIZATION

DOCUMENT IDENTIFICATION: *C-746-U Contained Landfill*
Second Quarter Calendar Year 2018 (April–June)
Compliance Monitoring Report,
Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant,
Paducah, Kentucky (FRNP-RPT-0027/V2)

Stamped and signed pursuant to my authority as a duly registered geologist under the provisions of *KRS* Chapter 322A.



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KRD 8/23/18

Kenneth R. Davis — PG113927 — August 23, 2018

Kenneth R. Davis — PG113927 — Date

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4. REFERENCES

KEEC (Kentucky Energy and Environment Cabinet) 2011. Solid Waste Landfill Permit, Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Division of Waste Management, Solid Waste Branch, Technical Application Attachment 12, "Explosive Gas Monitoring Program," January 21.

LATA Kentucky (LATA Environmental Services of Kentucky, LLC) 2014. *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, PAD-PROJ-0139, Solid Waste Landfill Permit, Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Technical Application Attachment 25, LATA Environmental Services of Kentucky, LLC, Kevil, KY, June.

PRS (Paducah Remediation Services, LLC) 2008. *Surface Water Monitoring Plan for C-746-U Contained Landfill Permit Number KY-073-00045, Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky*, Solid Waste Landfill Permit, Number SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045, Technical Application Attachment 24, Paducah Remediation Services, LLC, Kevil, KY, June.

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APPENDIX A

GROUNDWATER, SURFACE WATER, LEACHATE, AND METHANE MONITORING SAMPLE DATA REPORTING FORM

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GROUNDWATER, SURFACE WATER, LEACHATE, AND METHANE MONITORING SAMPLE DATA REPORTING FORM

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION CABINET
DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
DIVISION OF WASTE MANAGEMENT
SOLID WASTE BRANCH
14 REILLY ROAD
FRANKFORT, KY 40601

Facility Name: U.S. DOE–Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant (As officially shown on DWM Permit Face)

Activity: C-746-U Contained Landfill

Permit No: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit No: _____

Quarter & Year: 2nd Qtr. CY 2018

Please check the following as applicable:

_____ Characterization X Quarterly _____ Semiannual ____ Annual _____ Assessment

Please check applicable submittal(s): X Groundwater X Surface Water

_____ Leachate X Methane Monitoring

This form is to be utilized by those sites required by regulation (Kentucky Waste Management Regulations-401 *KAR* 48:300 and 45:160) or by statute (Kentucky Revised Statues Chapter 224) to conduct groundwater and surface water monitoring under the jurisdiction of the Division of Waste Management. **You must report any indication of contamination within forty-eight (48) hours of making the determination using statistical analyses, direct comparison, or other similar techniques. Submitting the lab report is NOT considered notification.** Instructions for completing the form are attached. Do not submit the instruction pages.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for such violations.

Myrna E. Redfield, Deputy Program Manager
Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC

Date: 8/30/18

Jennifer Woodard, Paducah Site Lead
U.S. Department of Energy

Date: 8/30/18

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APPENDIX B

FACILITY INFORMATION SHEET

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FACILITY INFORMATION SHEET

Sampling Date: Groundwater: April 2018; Surface water: April 2018; Methane: May 2018 | County: McCracken | Permit Nos. SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Facility Name: U.S. DOE—Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
(As officially shown on DWM Permit Face)

Site Address: 5600 Hobbs Road (Street) | Kevil, Kentucky (City/State) | 42053 (Zip)

Phone No: (270) 441-6800 | Latitude: N 37° 07' 45" | Longitude: W 88° 47' 55"

OWNER INFORMATION

Facility Owner: U.S. DOE, Robert E. Edwards III, Manager | Phone No: (859) 227-5020

Contact Person: James Miller | Phone No: (270) 441-5068

Contact Person Title: Director, Waste, Materials, and Environmental Services Project
Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC

Mailing Address: 5511 Hobbs Road (Street) | Kevil, Kentucky (City/State) | 42053 (Zip)

SAMPLING PERSONNEL
(IF OTHER THAN LANDFILL OR LABORATORY)

Company: GEO Consultants, LLC

Contact Person: Sam Martin | Phone No: (270) 441-6755

Mailing Address: 199 Kentucky Avenue (Street) | Kevil, Kentucky (City/State) | 42053 (Zip)

LABORATORY RECORD #1

Laboratory: GEL Laboratories, LLC | Lab ID No: KY90129

Contact Person: Valerie Davis | Phone No: (843) 769-7391

Mailing Address: 2040 Savage Road (Street) | Charleston, South Carolina (City/State) | 29407 (Zip)

LABORATORY RECORD #2

Laboratory: N/A | Lab ID No: N/A

Contact Person: N/A | Phone No: N/A

Mailing Address: N/A (Street) | City/State | Zip

LABORATORY RECORD #3

Laboratory: N/A | Lab ID No: N/A

Contact Person: N/A | Phone No: N/A

Mailing Address: N/A (Street) | City/State | Zip

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APPENDIX C

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSES AND WRITTEN COMMENTS

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Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014,SW07300015,SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-4798	8004-4799	8004-0981	8004-4800
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	357	358	359	360
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	NA	NA	NA
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	4/10/2018 12:07	4/10/2018 13:10	4/10/2018 10:29	4/10/2018 09:47
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]	N	N	N	N
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]	N	N	N	N
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	MW357UG3-18	MW358UG3-18	MW359UG3-18	MW360UG3-18
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	447718001	447718003	447718005	447718007
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis	4/13/2018	4/13/2018	4/13/2018	4/13/2018
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN	DOWN

CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.303		0.459		<0.2		0.278	
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	25.5		38.9		0.989		25.3	
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.214		0.187		<0.1		0.222	
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	1.18		1.07		1.23		0.697	
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	32.3		68.1		50.9		19.9	
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	30.33		30.32		30.33		30.32	
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	μMH0/cm	Field	351		495		236		444	

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						357		358		359		360	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	327.1		327.33		340.76		327.22	
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	4.45		1.25		4.39		1.89	
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	210		274		177		241	
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	6.09		6.08		6.29		6.49	
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	399		223		375		340	
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	15.11		15.22		14.61		14.61	
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	0.0272	J	<0.05		0.046	J	0.0813	
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		0.00212	J	<0.005		<0.005	
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0826		0.0441		0.0249		0.175	
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.247		0.428		<0.015		0.0524	
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	20.2		32.1		6.48		23.9	
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.00275		<0.001		0.0022	
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.000618	J	0.00118		0.000917	J	0.00134	
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0444	J	1.31		0.0512	J	0.594	
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	8.65		14.7		3.95		10.1	
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.0198		0.114		<0.005		0.0263	
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
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Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						357		358		359		360	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		0.000213	J	<0.0005		0.000234	J
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		0.0131		0.000761	J	0.00115	J
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	1.35		2.37		<0.3		0.964	
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		0.00206	J
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	37.7		42.4		40.7		56.9	
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	0.000189	J	<0.0002		0.00008	J	<0.0002	
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.0058	J	0.00745	J	0.00332	J	0.00409	J
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						357		358		359		360	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.0053		0.00602		0.00084	J	0.00236	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						357		358		359		360	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000197		<0.0000197		<0.0000197		<0.0000201	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0962		<0.0971		<0.098	
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0962		<0.0971		<0.098	
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0962		<0.0971		<0.098	
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0962		<0.0971		<0.098	
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0962		<0.0971		<0.098	
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0962		<0.0971		<0.098	

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AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4798		8004-4799		8004-0981		8004-4800	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						357		358		359		360	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0962		<0.0971		<0.098	
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0962		<0.0971		<0.098	
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.1		<0.0962		<0.0971		<0.098	
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	5.48	*	0.198	*	2.77	*	0.391	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	19.5	*	23.4	*	6.57	*	4.36	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	0.412	*	0.531	*	0.304	*	0.694	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	0.224	*	-0.177	*	0.435	*	-0.97	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	32.3	*	42.9	*	9.66	*	10.9	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	2.15	*	0.209	*	0.00547	*	0.646	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	-55.1	*	1.21	*	40.6	*	-18.6	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	30.7		32.7		20.7		30.7	
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5	*	<0.5	*	<0.5	*	<0.5	*
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	0.492	J	0.996	J	0.649	J	1.29	J
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.00478	J	0.00532	J	<0.01		0.00778	J

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014,SW07300015,SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						361		362		363		364	
Sample Sequence #						1		1		1		1	
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment						NA		NA		NA		NA	
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)						4/10/2018 07:48		4/10/2018 09:05		4/11/2018 07:53		4/11/2018 09:22	
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]						N		N		N		N	
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]						N		N		N		N	
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)						MW361UG3-18		MW362UG3-18		MW363UG3-18		MW364UG3-18	
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)						447718011		447718013		447938003		447938001	
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis						4/13/2018		4/13/2018		4/17/2018		4/17/2018	
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)						DOWN		DOWN		DOWN		DOWN	
CAS RN[4]		**CONSTITUENT**	**TD[5]**	**Unit OF MEASURE**	**METHOD**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS[7]**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**
24959-67-9		**Bromide**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	0.429		<0.2		0.161	J	0.412	
16887-00-6		**Chloride(s)**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	33.8	*	5.9	*	23.6	*	33.4	*
16984-48-8		**Fluoride**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	0.185		0.43		0.181		0.157	
S0595- -		**Nitrate & Nitrite**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	1.25		0.576		4.48	*	0.855	
14808-79-8		**Sulfate**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	62.1		30.6		38		69.8	
NS1894		**Barometric Pressure Reading**	**T**	**Inches/Hg**	**Field**	30.3		30.32		30.21		30.22	
S0145- -		**Specific Conductance**	**T**	**μMH0/cm**	**Field**	462		705		407		467	

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						361		362		363		364	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	327.24		339.49		327.3		326.56	
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	3.51		6.57		1.32		3.9	
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	286		453		239	B	266	B
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	5.87		6.9		5.98		6.13	
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	403		340		437		434	
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	13.83		14.22		13.33		14.67	
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	0.0214	J	6.02		<0.05		<0.05	
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		0.00294	J	0.00208	J	0.00226	J
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0529		0.118		0.159		0.0661	
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.322		0.0164		0.0299		0.0112	J
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	30.2		21.6		26.1		29.2	
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		0.00628	J	<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.00173		0.00102		<0.001	
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.000763	J	0.00466		0.000376	J	0.000524	J
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0998	J	3.78		0.0664	J	<0.1	
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		0.00305		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	13.2		9.87		10.5		13.2	
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.0505		0.0183		0.266		0.00823	
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						361		362		363		364	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		0.00115		<0.0005		0.000382	J
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		0.00303		0.00107	J	0.000848	J
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	1.85		0.721		1.29		2.03	
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	0.000382	J	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	43.6		138		38.1		42.6	
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		0.00594		<0.0002		<0.0002	
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		0.00966	J	<0.01		<0.01	
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.00489	J	0.0103		<0.01		0.0494	
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						361		362		363		364	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00934		0.00205		0.00257		0.00693	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						361		362		363		364	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000197		<0.0000197		<0.0000198		<0.0000197	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0935		<0.099		0.0474	J	<0.0971	
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0935		<0.099		<0.0943		<0.0971	
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0935		<0.099		<0.0943		<0.0971	
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0935		<0.099		<0.0943		<0.0971	
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0935		<0.099		0.0474	J	<0.0971	
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0935		<0.099		<0.0943		<0.0971	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4795		8004-0986		8004-4796		8004-4797	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						361		362		363		364	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0935		<0.099		<0.0943		<0.0971	
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0935		<0.099		<0.0943		<0.0971	
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0935		<0.099		<0.0943		<0.0971	
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	1.85	*	4.16	*	-0.354	*	-0.186	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	30.3	*	4.09	*	6.75	*	36.6	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	0.236	*	0.157	*	0.0999	*	0.0741	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	0.872	*	-1.51	*	1.05	*	-1.27	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	39.8	*	6.29	*	15.2	*	42.1	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	1.26	*	0.858	*	0.7	*	1.22	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	-59.4	*	59.8	*	19.5	*	2.53	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	18.7	J	24.7		<20		10.7	J
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5	*	<0.5	*	<0.5	*	<0.5	*
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	0.796	J	2.8		0.696	J	0.798	J
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.00662	J	0.0273		<0.01		0.0095	J

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014,SW07300015,SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						365		366		367		368	
Sample Sequence #						1		1		1		1	
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment						NA		NA		NA		NA	
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)						4/11/2018 08:36		4/10/2018 13:57		4/11/2018 10:11		4/11/2018 12:15	
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]						N		N		N		N	
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]						N		N		N		N	
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)						MW365UG3-18		MW366UG3-18		MW367UG3-18		MW368UG3-18	
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)						447938005		447718015		447884001		447884003	
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis						4/17/2018		4/13/2018		4/17/2018		4/17/2018	
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)						DOWN		DOWN		DOWN		DOWN	
CAS RN[4]		**CONSTITUENT**	**TD[5]**	**Unit OF MEASURE**	**METHOD**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS[7]**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**
24959-67-9		**Bromide**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	<0.2		0.481		0.467		<0.2	
16887-00-6		**Chloride(s)**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	2.88	*	40.2	*	39.5	*	0.896	*
16984-48-8		**Fluoride**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	0.268		0.203		0.161		0.258	
S0595- -		**Nitrate & Nitrite**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	1.01	*	0.979		0.707		<0.2	
14808-79-8		**Sulfate**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	65.5		56.1		58.3		27.7	
NS1894		**Barometric Pressure Reading**	**T**	**Inches/Hg**	**Field**	30.21		30.31		30.22		30.18	
S0145- -		**Specific Conductance**	**T**	**μMH0/cm**	**Field**	429		478		472		382	

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						365		366		367		368	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	336.57		327.01		327.2		362.84	
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	5.82		2.19		1.81		2.17	
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	269	B	271		280	B	241	B
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	6.33		6.19		6.11		6.63	
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	425		258		409		389	
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	13.83		15.83		15.61		15.5	
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	0.0237	J	<0.05		<0.05		0.658	
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	0.00231	J	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.106		0.112		0.147		0.0186	
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	<0.015		0.142		0.053		0.00643	J
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	22		31.6		31.6	B	38.7	B
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	0.00204		<0.001		0.000455	J	<0.001	
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.00164		<0.001		0.000631	J*	0.000831	J*
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	<0.1		<0.1		0.735		0.439	
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	10.5		13.5		12.6		11.4	
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.0525		0.0097		0.0649		0.00868	
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						365		366		367		368	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		0.000758	
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.00476		<0.002		0.00132	J	0.00138	J
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	0.271	J	1.9		2.74		0.495	
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		0.00248	J	<0.005	
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	51.6		45.1		36.9		20.7	
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	0.000161	BJ	<0.0002		0.000109	BJ	0.000346	B
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	0.00371	J	<0.01		<0.01		0.00768	J
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.00627	J	0.00345	J	0.00502	J	0.00813	J
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						365		366		367		368	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.0007	J	0.0041		0.00592		0.00224	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						365		366		367		368	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000198		<0.00002		<0.0000199		<0.0000198	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082	0.0335	J*	<0.0971		<0.0952		<0.0943	
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0971		<0.0952		<0.0943	
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0971		<0.0952		<0.0943	
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0971		<0.0952		<0.0943	
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	0.0335	J*	<0.0971		<0.0952		<0.0943	
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0971		<0.0952		<0.0943	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0984		8004-0982		8004-4793		8004-0983	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						365		366		367		368	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0971		<0.0952		<0.0943	
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0971		<0.0952		<0.0943	
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0971		<0.0952		<0.0943	
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	0.665	*	-0.681	*	4.78	*	1.6	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	3.49	*	11.4	*	32.8	*	7.03	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	0.122	*	0.0575	*	1.35	*	0.189	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	-2.45	*	0.456	*	-0.886	*	-0.32	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	-5.31	*	62.1	*	60.2	*	-2.03	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	0.127	*	2.8	*	0.708	*	0.257	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	-89.7	*	-11.5	*	-96.8	*	11.2	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	<20		16.7	J	18.7	J	22.7	
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5	*	<0.5	*	<0.5	*	<0.5	*
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	1.52	J	0.745	J	0.677	J	1.32	J
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.0153		0.00904	J	0.00824	J	0.005	J

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014,SW07300015,SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808		
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						369		370		371		372		
Sample Sequence #						1		1		1		1		
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment						NA		NA		NA		NA		
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)						4/11/2018 12:59		4/11/2018 13:43		4/12/2018 07:21		4/12/2018 08:05		
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]						N		N		N		N		
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]						N		N		N		N		
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)						MW369UG3-18		MW370UG3-18		MW371UG3-18		MW372UG3-18		
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)						447938007		447938009		447950001		447950003		
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis						4/17/2018		4/17/2018		4/18/2018		4/19/2018		
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)						UP		UP		UP		UP		
CAS RN[4]		**CONSTITUENT**	**TD[5]**	**Unit OF MEASURE**	**METHOD**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS[7]**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**	**DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]**	**FLAGS**	
24959-67-9		**Bromide**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	0.407		0.43		<0.2		0.572		
16887-00-6		**Chloride(s)**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	35.5	*	35.6	*	1.77		43.2		
16984-48-8		**Fluoride**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	0.177		0.168		0.128		0.197		
S0595- -		**Nitrate & Nitrite**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	0.976		0.965		<0.2		0.413		
14808-79-8		**Sulfate**	**T**	**mg/L**	**9056**	24		21.1		91.6	*	78.2	*	
NS1894		**Barometric Pressure Reading**	**T**	**Inches/Hg**	**Field**	30.15		30.15		29.94		29.94		
S0145- -		**Specific Conductance**	**T**	**μMH0/cm**	**Field**	425		445		503		614		

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
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B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None
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GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						369		370		371		372	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	327.15		327.2		343.62		327.35	
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	1.27		3.18		7.85		1.22	
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	281	B	236	B	304	B	356	B
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	6.34		6.1		6.1		6.18	
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	397		368		365		348	
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	17.11		16.28		15.67		16.89	
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	0.0247	J	<0.05		1.62		<0.05	
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	0.00289	J	0.00311	J	0.00342	J	0.00285	J
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.505		0.222		0.0583		0.0537	
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005	
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0244		0.0285		<0.015		0.953	
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	28.7		28.5		62.5		49.9	
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01		<0.01	
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	0.000935	J	0.00041	J	<0.001		0.00118	
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.00321		0.000661	J	0.00234		0.000793	J
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0697	J	<0.1		0.963		0.0669	J
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		0.000602	J	<0.002	
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	12.6		12.7		10.3		19.4	
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.0127		0.00452	J	0.0142		0.00775	
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						369		370		371		372	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		0.00031	J	0.000358	J
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	0.00122	J	0.000797	J	0.00164	J	0.00132	J
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	1.59		2.56		0.643		2.19	
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	49.2		42.1		14.6		46.4	
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002		<0.002	
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		<0.0002		0.000391	B	<0.0002	
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	0.00366	J	0.00355	J	0.00759	J	0.00362	J
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.00665	J	0.00456	J	0.00749	J	0.00689	J
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						369		370		371		372	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00107		0.0006	J	<0.001		0.00788	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						369		370		371		372	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000197		<0.0000198		<0.0000197		<0.0000198	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0962		<0.0952		<0.0962	
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0962		<0.0952		<0.0962	
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0962		<0.0952		<0.0962	
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0962		<0.0952		<0.0962	
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0962		<0.0952		<0.0962	
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0962		<0.0952		<0.0962	

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4820		8004-4818		8004-4819		8004-4808	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						369		370		371		372	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0962		<0.0952		<0.0962	
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0962		<0.0952		<0.0962	
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0962		<0.0952		<0.0962	
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	-4.88	*	2.77	*	-3.51	*	-3.97	*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	102	*	50	*	-0.0836	*	20.9	*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	-0.19	*	0.166	*	0.00973	*	0.258	*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	-2.29	*	-0.792	*	0.408	*	0.551	*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	142	*	107	*	2.35	*	36.6	*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	0.0378	*	0.287	*	0.529	*	-0.178	*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	28.1	*	-104	*	-69.8	*	-158	*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	24.7		<20		<20		10.7	J
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2		<0.2	
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5	*	<0.5	*	<0.5		<0.5	
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	1.29	J	1.07	J	1.09	J	0.849	J
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.00398	J	<0.01		<0.01		0.00596	J

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014,SW07300015,SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-4792	8004-0990	8004-0985	8004-0988
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	373	374	375	376
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	NA	NA	NA
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	4/12/2018 09:31	4/12/2018 08:47	4/12/2018 10:19	NA
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]	N	N	N	N
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]	N	N	N	N
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	MW373UG3-18	MW374UG3-18	MW375UG3-18	NA
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	447950005	447950007	447950009	NA
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis	4/19/2018	4/19/2018	4/19/2018	NA
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	UP	UP	SIDE	SIDE

CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056	0.58		0.704		<0.2			*
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056	43.1		58.4		4.36			*
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056	0.167		0.17		0.281			*
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056	1.09		0.124	J	1.24			*
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056	89.5	*	7.24	*	25.5	*		*
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field	29.94		29.94		29.93			*
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	μMH0/cm	Field	662		654		350			*

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						373		374		375		376	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field	327.37		338.3		343.24			*
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field	2.78		1.67		0.69			*
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	386	B	363	B	220	B		*
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field	6.18		6.63		6.35			*
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field	350		331		344			*
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field	17.94		17.67		16.67			*
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.05		<0.05		0.0611			*
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003			*
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020	0.00298	J	0.00266	J	<0.005			*
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020	0.0314		0.119		0.166			*
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		<0.0005		<0.0005			*
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020	1.18		0.0221		0.0112	J		*
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020	53.2		21.4		13.1			*
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.01		<0.01		<0.01			*
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		0.000414	J	0.00044	J		*
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020	0.000498	J	0.00061	J	0.000649	J		*
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020	0.0668	J	1.11		0.126			*
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002			*
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020	20.6		5.03		5.47			*
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020	0.00864		0.0716		0.005			*
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470	<0.0002		<0.0002		<0.0002			*

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						373		374		375		376	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0005		0.000237	J	<0.0005			*
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		0.000663	J	0.00103	J		*
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020	2.39		0.429		0.27	J		*
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		0.00268	J		*
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020	47.9		108		49.3			*
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.002		<0.002		<0.002			*
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020	<0.0002		0.000328	B	0.000085	BJ		*
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020	0.00376	J	<0.01		<0.01			*
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020	0.006	J	0.00444	J	0.00516	J		*
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003			*
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						373		374		375		376	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	0.00771		0.00207		<0.001			*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						373		374		375		376	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			*
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.00002		<0.0000199		<0.0000198			*
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			*
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0952		<0.0952			*
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0952		<0.0952			*
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0952		<0.0952			*
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0952		<0.0952			*
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0952		<0.0952			*
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0952		<0.0952			*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-4792		8004-0990		8004-0985		8004-0988	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						373		374		375		376	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0952		<0.0952			*
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0952		<0.0952			*
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082	<0.0952		<0.0952		<0.0952			*
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310	2.32	*	2.8	*	0.0709	*		*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310	4.99	*	6.03	*	1.38	*		*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	AN-1418	-0.0404	*	0.268	*	0.164	*		*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0	-0.912	*	2.68	*	1.5	*		*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC	30.2	*	-4.27	*	0.0545	*		*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC	-0.299	*	-0.15	*	0.557	*		*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0	-4.51	*	-40	*	47.9	*		*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	24.7		22.7		14.7	J		*
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012	<0.2		<0.2		<0.2			*
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0	<0.5		<0.5		<0.5			*
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060	1.09	J	2.46		1.1	J		*
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020	0.0132	B	0.0248	B	0.0125	B		*

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014,SW07300015,SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number	8004-0989	0000-0000	0000-0000	0000-0000
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	377	E. BLANK	F. BLANK	T. BLANK 1
Sample Sequence #	1	1	1	1
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	NA	E	F	T
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	NA	4/10/2018 06:35	4/10/2018 07:55	4/10/2018 06:30
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]	N	N	N	N
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]	N	N	N	N
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	NA	RI1UG3-18	FB1UG3-18	TB1UG3-18
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	NA	447718018	447718017	447718019
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis	NA	4/13/2018	4/13/2018	4/13/2018
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	SIDE	NA	NA	NA

CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056		*		*		*		*
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field		*		*		*		*
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	μMH0/cm	Field		*		*		*		*

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field		*		*		*		*
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field		*		*		*		*
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1		*		*		*		*
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field		*		*		*		*
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field		*		*		*		*
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field		*		*		*		*
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.05		<0.05			*
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.003		<0.003			*
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			*
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.0005		<0.0005			*
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.015		<0.015			*
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.2		<0.2			*
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.01		<0.01			*
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020		*	0.00085	J	0.00048	J		*
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.1		<0.1			*
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			*
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.03		<0.03			*
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470		*	<0.0002		<0.0002			*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.0005		<0.0005			*
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			*
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.3		<0.3			*
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.001		<0.001			*
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.25		<0.25			*
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.005		<0.005			*
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.002		<0.002			*
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.0002		<0.0002			*
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.01		<0.01			*
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020		*	<0.01		<0.01			*
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260		*	0.00333	J	0.00893		0.00309	J
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260		*	0.00126		0.00067	J	0.00125	
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003	
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		0.0136		<0.005	
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005	
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011		*	<0.0000199		<0.0000198		<0.0000198	
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260		*	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001	
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.099		<0.0962			*
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.099		<0.0962			*
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.099		<0.0962			*
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.099		<0.0962			*
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.099		<0.0962			*
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.099		<0.0962			*

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						8004-0989		0000-0000		0000-0000		0000-0000	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						377		E. BLANK		F. BLANK		T. BLANK 1	
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.099		<0.0962			*
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.099		<0.0962			*
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082		*	<0.099		<0.0962			*
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310		*	0.388	*	3.39	*		*
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310		*	1.7	*	8.02	*		*
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		*
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	HASL 300		*	0.0999	*	-0.0247	*		*
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0		*	-1.34	*	0.0909	*		*
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC		*	7.06	*	-4.93	*		*
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC		*	1.12	*	0.574	*		*
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0		*	-0.777	*	24.7	*		*
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4		*		*		*		*
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012		*		*		*		*
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0		*	<0.5	*	<0.5	*		*
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060		*		*		*		*
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020		*		*		*		*

Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: SW07300014,SW07300015,SW07300045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS(S)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number	0000-0000	0000-0000	8004-4795	
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)	T. BLANK 2	T. BLANK 3	361	
Sample Sequence #	1	1	2	
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment	T	T	NA	
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)	4/11/2018 06:45	4/12/2018 06:35	4/10/2018 07:48	
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[2]	N	N	Y	
Split ("Y" or "N")[3]	N	N	N	
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)	TB2UG3-18	TB3UG3-18	MW361DUG3-18	
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)	447938011	447950011	447718009	
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year) For Volatile Organics Analysis	4/17/2018	4/19/2018	4/13/2018	
Gradient with respect to Monitored Unit (UP, DOWN, SIDE, UNKNOWN)	NA	NA	DOWN	

CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
24959-67-9		Bromide	T	mg/L	9056		*		*	0.408			
16887-00-6		Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	9056		*		*	34.7			
16984-48-8		Fluoride	T	mg/L	9056		*		*	0.158			
S0595- -		Nitrate & Nitrite	T	mg/L	9056		*		*	1.22			
14808-79-8		Sulfate	T	mg/L	9056		*		*	62.5			
NS1894		Barometric Pressure Reading	T	Inches/Hg	Field		*		*	30.3			
S0145- -		Specific Conductance	T	μMH0/cm	Field		*		*	462			

[1]AKGWA # is 0000-0000 for any type of blank.
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report.
[3]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[4]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[5]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[6]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value shown is Practical Quantification Limit.
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments Page."

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4795			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, BLANK-F, etc.)						T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		361			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
S0906 - -		Static Water Level Elevation	T	Ft. MSL	Field		*		*	327.24			
N238		Dissolved Oxygen	T	mg/L	Field		*		*	3.51			
S0266- -		Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1		*		*	256			
S0296- -		pH	T	Units	Field		*		*	5.87			
NS215		Eh	T	mV	Field		*		*	403			
S0907 - -		Temperature	T	°C	Field		*		*	13.83			
7429-90-5		Aluminum	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.05			
7440-36-0		Antimony	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.003			
7440-38-2		Arsenic	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.005			
7440-39-3		Barium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.0519			
7440-41-7		Beryllium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.0005			
7440-42-8		Boron	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.308			
7440-43-9		Cadmium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.001			
7440-70-2		Calcium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	28.6			
7440-47-3		Chromium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.01			
7440-48-4		Cobalt	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.001			
7440-50-8		Copper	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.00123			
7439-89-6		Iron	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.089	J		
7439-92-1		Lead	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.002			
7439-95-4		Magnesium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	12.6			
7439-96-5		Manganese	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.0469			
7439-97-6		Mercury	T	mg/L	7470		*		*	<0.0002			

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4795			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		361			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
7439-98-7		Molybdenum	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.0005			
7440-02-0		Nickel	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.002			
7440-09-7		Potassium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	1.82			
7440-16-6		Rhodium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.005			
7782-49-2		Selenium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.005			
7440-22-4		Silver	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.000688	J		
7440-23-5		Sodium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	41.6			
7440-25-7		Tantalum	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.005			
7440-28-0		Thallium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.002			
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.0002			
7440-62-2		Vanadium	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	<0.01			
7440-66-6		Zinc	T	mg/L	6020		*		*	0.00429	J		
108-05-4		Vinyl acetate	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
67-64-1		Acetone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
107-02-8		Acrolein	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
107-13-1		Acrylonitrile	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
71-43-2		Benzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
108-90-7		Chlorobenzene	T	mg/L	8260	0.00106		0.00114		<0.001			
1330-20-7		Xylenes	T	mg/L	8260	<0.003		<0.003		<0.003			
100-42-5		Styrene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
108-88-3		Toluene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
74-97-5		Chlorobromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4795			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		361			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
75-27-4		Bromodichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-25-2		Tribromomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
74-83-9		Methyl bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
78-93-3		Methyl ethyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
110-57-6		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
75-15-0		Carbon disulfide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
75-00-3		Chloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
67-66-3		Chloroform	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
74-87-3		Methyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
156-59-2		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
74-95-3		Methylene bromide	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-34-3		1,1-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
107-06-2		1,2-Dichloroethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-35-4		1,1-Dichloroethylene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
106-93-4		Ethane, 1,2-dibromo	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
79-34-5		Ethane, 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
71-55-6		Ethane, 1,1,1-Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
79-00-5		Ethane, 1,1,2-Trichloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
630-20-6		Ethane, 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloro	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-01-4		Vinyl chloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
127-18-4		Ethene, Tetrachloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
79-01-6		Ethene, Trichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		0.0147			

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4795			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		361			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
100-41-4		Ethylbenzene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
591-78-6		2-Hexanone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
74-88-4		Iodomethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
124-48-1		Methane, Dibromochloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
56-23-5		Carbon Tetrachloride	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-09-2		Dichloromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
108-10-1		Methyl isobutyl ketone	T	mg/L	8260	<0.005		<0.005		<0.005			
96-12-8		Propane, 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloro	T	mg/L	8011	<0.0000201		<0.0000196		<0.0000197			
78-87-5		Propane, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
10061-02-6		trans-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
10061-01-5		cis-1,3-Dichloro-1-propene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
156-60-5		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
75-69-4		Trichlorofluoromethane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
96-18-4		1,2,3-Trichloropropane	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
95-50-1		Benzene, 1,2-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
106-46-7		Benzene, 1,4-Dichloro-	T	mg/L	8260	<0.001		<0.001		<0.001			
1336-36-3		PCB,Total	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0971			
12674-11-2		PCB-1016	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0971			
11104-28-2		PCB-1221	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0971			
11141-16-5		PCB-1232	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0971			
53469-21-9		PCB-1242	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0971			
12672-29-6		PCB-1248	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0971			

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
Permit Number: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

AKGWA NUMBER[1], Facility Well/Spring Number						0000-0000		0000-0000		8004-4795			
Facility's Local Well or Spring Number (e.g., MW-1, MW-2, etc.)						T. BLANK 2		T. BLANK 3		361			
CAS RN[4]		CONSTITUENT	TD[5]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[6]	FLAGS
11097-69-1		PCB-1254	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0971			
11096-82-5		PCB-1260	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0971			
11100-14-4		PCB-1268	T	ug/L	8082		*		*	<0.0971			
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha	T	pCi/L	9310		*		*	1.66	*		
12587-47-2		Gross Beta	T	pCi/L	9310		*		*	25.3	*		
10043-66-0		Iodine-131	T	pCi/L			*		*		*		
13982-63-3		Radium-226	T	pCi/L	HASL 300		*		*	0.295	*		
10098-97-2		Strontium-90	T	pCi/L	905.0		*		*	0.566	*		
14133-76-7		Technetium-99	T	pCi/L	Tc-02-RC		*		*	39.9	*		
14269-63-7		Thorium-230	T	pCi/L	Th-01-RC		*		*	0.471	*		
10028-17-8		Tritium	T	pCi/L	906.0		*		*	-43.6	*		
S0130- -		Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4		*		*	26.7			
57-12-5		Cyanide	T	mg/L	9012		*		*	<0.2			
20461-54-5		Iodide	T	mg/L	300.0		*		*	<0.5	*		
S0268- -		Total Organic Carbon	T	mg/L	9060		*		*	0.851	J		
S0586- -		Total Organic Halides	T	mg/L	9020		*		*	0.0115			

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4798 MW357	MW357UG3-18	Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.76. Rad error is 5.69.
		Gross beta		TPU is 7.38. Rad error is 6.63.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.435. Rad error is 0.433.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.65. Rad error is 1.65.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 11.4. Rad error is 10.8.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 1.91. Rad error is 1.82.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 118. Rad error is 118.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
8004-4799 MW358	MW358UG3-18	Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.34. Rad error is 3.34.
		Gross beta		TPU is 7.94. Rad error is 6.96.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.483. Rad error is 0.476.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.1. Rad error is 2.1.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 11.3. Rad error is 10.3.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.873. Rad error is 0.868.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 125. Rad error is 125.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
8004-0981 MW359	MW359UG3-18	Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.94. Rad error is 4.92.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.54. Rad error is 5.42.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.4. Rad error is 0.395.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.65. Rad error is 2.65.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 8.93. Rad error is 8.86.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.688. Rad error is 0.687.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 128. Rad error is 128.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4800 MW360	MW360UG3-18	Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.98. Rad error is 2.98.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.72. Rad error is 4.67.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.589. Rad error is 0.567.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2. Rad error is 2.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 10.6. Rad error is 10.5.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.77. Rad error is 0.754.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 121. Rad error is 121.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
8004-4795 MW361	MW361UG3-18	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.13. Rad error is 4.11.
		Gross beta		TPU is 9.67. Rad error is 8.33.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.347. Rad error is 0.34.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.09. Rad error is 3.09.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12.2. Rad error is 11.3.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.13. Rad error is 1.09.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 120. Rad error is 120.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
8004-0986 MW362	MW362UG3-18	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.56. Rad error is 5.52.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.18. Rad error is 5.13.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.312. Rad error is 0.308.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.48. Rad error is 1.48.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.99. Rad error is 9.97.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.05. Rad error is 1.03.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 123. Rad error is 122.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4796 MW363	MW363UG3-18	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Nitrate & Nitrite	H	Analysis performed outside holding time requirement
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.84. Rad error is 3.84.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.48. Rad error is 7.39.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.275. Rad error is 0.275.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.08. Rad error is 3.08.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.89. Rad error is 9.75.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.967. Rad error is 0.948.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 131. Rad error is 131.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
8004-4797 MW364	MW364UG3-18	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.12. Rad error is 3.11.
		Gross beta		TPU is 11.7. Rad error is 10.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.208. Rad error is 0.208.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.01. Rad error is 2.01.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12.8. Rad error is 12.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.6. Rad error is 1.55.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 129. Rad error is 129.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0984 MW365	MW365UG3-18	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Nitrate & Nitrite	H	Analysis performed outside holding time requirement
		PCB, Total	P	Difference between results from two GC columns unacceptable.
		PCB-1242	P	Difference between results from two GC columns unacceptable.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.27. Rad error is 4.27.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 8.1. Rad error is 8.08.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.241. Rad error is 0.241.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.41. Rad error is 2.41.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.53. Rad error is 9.53.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.707. Rad error is 0.703.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 126. Rad error is 126.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
8004-0982 MW366	MW366UG3-18	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.77. Rad error is 1.76.
		Gross beta		TPU is 7.08. Rad error is 6.83.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.218. Rad error is 0.216.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.89. Rad error is 1.89.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 13.1. Rad error is 11.2.
		Thorium-230		TPU is 2.03. Rad error is 1.9.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 127. Rad error is 127.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
8004-4793 MW367	MW367UG3-18	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Copper	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.66. Rad error is 4.58.
		Gross beta		TPU is 9.84. Rad error is 8.15.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		TPU is 0.761. Rad error is 0.758.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.21. Rad error is 2.21.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 14.6. Rad error is 13.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.09. Rad error is 1.07.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 124. Rad error is 124.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0983 MW368	MW368UG3-18	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Copper	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.46. Rad error is 4.45.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.48. Rad error is 5.36.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.456. Rad error is 0.456.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.83. Rad error is 1.83.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 10. Rad error is 10.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.13. Rad error is 1.12.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 130. Rad error is 130.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
8004-4820 MW369	MW369UG3-18	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.82. Rad error is 3.82.
		Gross beta		TPU is 22.4. Rad error is 14.8.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.198. Rad error is 0.198.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.32. Rad error is 2.32.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 21.8. Rad error is 15.2.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.619. Rad error is 0.617.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 131. Rad error is 131.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
8004-4818 MW370	MW370UG3-18	Chloride	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.88. Rad error is 4.86.
		Gross beta		TPU is 14.6. Rad error is 12.2.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.332. Rad error is 0.331.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.89. Rad error is 1.89.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 18.3. Rad error is 14.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.843. Rad error is 0.838.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 125. Rad error is 125.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-4819 MW371	MW371UG3-18	Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.48. Rad error is 4.48.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.29. Rad error is 7.29.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.448. Rad error is 0.447.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.09. Rad error is 3.09.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 11.6. Rad error is 11.6.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.05. Rad error is 1.04.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 127. Rad error is 127.
8004-4808 MW372	MW372UG3-18	Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 3.6. Rad error is 3.6.
		Gross beta		TPU is 9.52. Rad error is 8.84.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.424. Rad error is 0.419.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.3. Rad error is 1.3.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 12.5. Rad error is 11.9.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.938. Rad error is 0.934.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 123. Rad error is 123.
8004-4792 MW373	MW373UG3-18	Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.24. Rad error is 4.22.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 8.49. Rad error is 8.45.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.18. Rad error is 0.179.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.74. Rad error is 1.74.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 10.9. Rad error is 10.4.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.473. Rad error is 0.472.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 122. Rad error is 122.

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8004-0990 MW374	MW374UG3-18	Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.34. Rad error is 7.33.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.73. Rad error is 6.66.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.599. Rad error is 0.592.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.63. Rad error is 2.6.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.4. Rad error is 9.4.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.521. Rad error is 0.521.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 130. Rad error is 130.
8004-0985 MW375	MW375UG3-18	Sulfate	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.7. Rad error is 2.7.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.41. Rad error is 6.41.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.692. Rad error is 0.689.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 2.57. Rad error is 2.56.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 10.6. Rad error is 10.6.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.84. Rad error is 0.827.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 129. Rad error is 129.

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Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988	MW376	Bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Fluoride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sulfate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Specific Conductance		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Static Water Level Elevation		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dissolved Oxygen		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Dissolved Solids		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		pH		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Eh		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Temperature		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Aluminum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Antimony		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Arsenic		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Beryllium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Boron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cadmium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Calcium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chromium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cobalt		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Copper		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Lead		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Magnesium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Manganese		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Mercury		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988	MW376	Molybdenum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nickel		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Potassium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Rhodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Selenium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Silver		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tantalum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thallium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Uranium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vanadium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Zinc		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl acetate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acetone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrolein		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrylonitrile		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Benzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Xylenes		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Styrene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Toluene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Bromodichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tribromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Ethyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon disulfide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Numbers: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045

Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988	MW376	Chloroform		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methylene bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethylene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromoethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tetrachloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Ethylbenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		2-Hexanone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dibromochloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon tetrachloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichlorofluoromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2,3-Trichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0988	MW376	1,2-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,4-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB, Total		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1016		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1221		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1232		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1242		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1248		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1254		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1260		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1268		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross alpha		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross beta		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodine-131		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Radium-226		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Strontium-90		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Technetium-99		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thorium-230		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tritium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cyanide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Carbon		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Halides		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989	MW377	Bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Fluoride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sulfate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Specific Conductance		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Static Water Level Elevation		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dissolved Oxygen		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Dissolved Solids		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		pH		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Eh		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Temperature		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Aluminum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Antimony		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Arsenic		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Barium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Beryllium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Boron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cadmium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Calcium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chromium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cobalt		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Copper		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iron		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Lead		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Magnesium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Manganese		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Mercury		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

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Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

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GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989 MW377		Molybdenum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Nickel		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Potassium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Rhodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Selenium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Silver		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Sodium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tantalum		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thallium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Uranium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vanadium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Zinc		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl acetate		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acetone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrolein		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Acrylonitrile		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Benzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Xylenes		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Styrene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Toluene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chlorobromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Bromodichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tribromomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Ethyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon disulfide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
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Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID:None
For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989 MW377		Chloroform		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methylene bromide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1-Dichloroethylene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromoethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,2-Trichloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Vinyl chloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tetrachloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Ethylbenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		2-Hexanone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodomethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dibromochloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Carbon tetrachloride		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Dichloromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Methyl Isobutyl Ketone		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2-Dichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Trichlorofluoromethane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,2,3-Trichloropropane		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 For Official Use Only

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WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
8004-0989 MW377		1,2-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		1,4-Dichlorobenzene		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB, Total		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1016		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1221		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1232		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1242		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1248		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1254		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1260		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		PCB-1268		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross alpha		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Gross beta		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodine-131		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Radium-226		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Strontium-90		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Technetium-99		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Thorium-230		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Tritium		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Cyanide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Iodide		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Carbon		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.
		Total Organic Halides		During sampling, the well went dry; therefore, no sample was collected.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	RI1UG3-18	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.17. Rad error is 4.17.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.03. Rad error is 6.03.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.279. Rad error is 0.275.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.64. Rad error is 1.64.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.39. Rad error is 9.36.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.06. Rad error is 1.03.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 124. Rad error is 124.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

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Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

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GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	FB1UG3-18	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.42. Rad error is 4.39.
		Gross beta	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.24. Rad error is 7.12.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.217. Rad error is 0.213.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.66. Rad error is 1.66.
		Technetium-99	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 9.6. Rad error is 9.6.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.799. Rad error is 0.786.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 123. Rad error is 123.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB1UG3-18	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB1UG3-18	Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB2UG3-18	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB2UG3-18	Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB3UG3-18	Bromide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chloride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Fluoride		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nitrate & Nitrite		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sulfate		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barometric Pressure Reading		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Specific Conductance		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Static Water Level Elevation		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Dissolved Oxygen		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Dissolved Solids		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		pH		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Eh		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Temperature		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Aluminum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Antimony		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Arsenic		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Barium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Beryllium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Boron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cadmium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Calcium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chromium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cobalt		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Copper		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iron		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Lead		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Magnesium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Manganese		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Mercury		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Molybdenum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Nickel		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Potassium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Rhodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Selenium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Silver		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Sodium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tantalum		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thallium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Uranium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Vanadium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant LAB ID:None

Permit Numbers: SW07300014, SW07300015, SW07300045 For Official Use Only

GROUNDWATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
0000-0000 QC	TB3UG3-18	Zinc		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB, Total		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1016		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1221		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1232		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1242		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1248		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1254		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1260		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		PCB-1268		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross alpha		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Gross beta		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Strontium-90		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Technetium-99		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Thorium-230		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Tritium		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Cyanide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Iodide		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Carbon		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Total Organic Halides		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
8004-4795 MW361	MW361DUG3-18	Gross alpha	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.32. Rad error is 4.31.
		Gross beta		TPU is 8.87. Rad error is 7.86.
		Iodine-131		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Radium-226	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 0.418. Rad error is 0.411.
		Strontium-90	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.73. Rad error is 1.73.
		Technetium-99		TPU is 11.5. Rad error is 10.6.
		Thorium-230	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 1.13. Rad error is 1.12.
		Tritium	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 121. Rad error is 121.
		Iodide	W	Post-digestion spike recovery out of control limits.

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APPENDIX D

STATISTICAL ANALYSES AND QUALIFICATION STATEMENT

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GROUNDWATER STATISTICAL COMMENTS

Introduction

The statistical analyses conducted on the second quarter 2018 groundwater data collected from the C-746-U Landfill monitoring wells (MWs) were performed in accordance with Permit GSTR0001, Standard Requirement 3, using the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidance document, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989).

The statistical evaluation was conducted separately for the three groundwater systems: the Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS), the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA), and the Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA). For each groundwater system, data from wells considered to represent background conditions were compared with test wells (downgradient or sidegradient wells) (Exhibit D.1). The second quarter 2018 data used to conduct the statistical analyses were collected in April 2018. The statistical analyses for this report first used data from the first eight quarters that had been sampled for each parameter to develop the historical background value, beginning with the first two baseline sampling events in 2002, when available. Then a second set of statistical analyses was run on analytes that had at least one downgradient well that had exceeded the historical background (using the last eight quarters). The sampling dates associated with both the historical and the current background data are listed next to the result in the statistical analysis sheets of this appendix.

Statistical Analysis Process

Constituents of concern that have Kentucky maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) and results that do not exceed their respective MCL are not included in the statistical evaluation. Parameters that have MCLs can be found in 401 *KAR* 47:030 § 6. For parameters with no established MCL and those parameters that exceed their MCLs, the most recent results are compared to historical background concentrations, as follows: the data are divided into censored and uncensored observations. The one-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted only on parameters that have at least one uncensored (detected) observation. The current result is compared to the results of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test to determine if the current data exceed the historical background concentration calculated using the first eight quarters of data.

For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted. The test well results are compared to both an upper and lower tolerance limit (TL) to determine if statistically significant deviations in concentrations exist with respect to upgradient (background) well data from the first eight quarters. The tolerance interval statistical analysis is conducted separately for each parameter in each well (no pooling of downgradient data).

Statistical analyses are performed on the first eight quarters of historical background data, not on the data for the current quarter. Once a statistical result is obtained using the background data, the result for the current quarter is compared to that value. If the value is exceeded, the well is considered to have an exceedance of the statistically derived historical background concentration.

Exhibit D.1. Station Identification for Monitoring Wells Analyzed

Station	Type	Groundwater Unit
MW357	TW	URGA
MW358	TW	LRGA
MW359[a]	TW	UCRS
MW360	TW	URGA
MW361	TW	LRGA
MW362[a]	TW	UCRS
MW363	TW	URGA
MW364	TW	LRGA
MW365[a]	TW	UCRS
MW366	TW	URGA
MW367	TW	LRGA
MW368[a]	TW	UCRS
MW369	BG	URGA
MW370	BG	LRGA
MW371[a]	BG	UCRS
MW372	BG	URGA
MW373	BG	LRGA
MW374[a]	BG	UCRS
MW375[a]	SG	UCRS
MW376[a]*	SG	UCRS
MW377[a]*	SG	UCRS

[a] **NOTE:** The gradients in UCRS wells are downward and, hydrogeologically, UCRS wells are not considered upgradient, downgradient, or sidegradient from the C-746-U Landfill. The UCRS wells identified as upgradient, sidegradient, or downgradient are those wells located in the same general direction as the RGA wells considered to be upgradient, sidegradient, or downgradient.
BG: upgradient or background wells
TW: downgradient or test wells
SG: sidegradient wells
***** Well was dry this quarter, and a groundwater sample could not be collected

For those parameters that are determined to exceed the historical background concentration, a second one-sided tolerance interval statistical test, or a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test in the case of pH, is conducted. The second one-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted to determine whether the current concentration in downgradient wells exceeds the current background, as determined by a comparison against the statistically derived upper TL using the most recent eight quarters of data for the relevant background wells. For the statistical analysis of pH, a two-sided tolerance interval statistical test is conducted, if required. The test well pH results are compared to both an upper and lower TL to determine if the current pH is different from the current background level to a statistically significant level. The tolerance interval statistical analysis is conducted separately for each parameter in each well (no pooling of downgradient data).

Statistical analyses are performed on the last eight quarters of current background data, not on the data for the current quarter. Once a statistical result is obtained using the background data, the result for the current quarter is compared to that value. If the value is exceeded, the well has an exceedance of the statistically derived current background concentration.

A stepwise list of the one-sided tolerance interval statistical procedure applied to the data is summarized below.[1]

1. The TL is calculated for the background data (first using the first eight quarters, then using the last eight quarters, if required).

    - For each parameter, the background data are used to establish a baseline. On this data set, the mean (X) and the standard deviation (S) are computed.

    - The data set is checked for normality using coefficient of variation (CV). If CV ≤ 1.0, then the data are assumed to be normally distributed. Data sets with CV > 1.0 are assumed to be log-normally distributed; for data sets with CV > 1.0, the data are log-transformed and analyzed.

    - The factor (K) for one-sided upper TL with 95% minimum coverage is determined (Table 5, Appendix B, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance*, 1989) based on the number of background data points.

    - The one-sided upper TL is calculated using the following equation:

      $TL = X + (K \times S)$

2. Each observation from downgradient wells is compared to the calculated one-sided upper TL in Step 1. If an observation value exceeds the TL, then there is statistically significant evidence that the well concentration exceeds the historical background.

Type of Data Used

Exhibit D.1 presents the upgradient or background wells (identified as "BG"), the downgradient or test wells (identified as "TW"), and the sidegradient wells (identified as "SG") for the C-746-U Contained Landfill. Exhibit D.2 presents the parameters from the available data set for which a statistical test was performed using the one-sided tolerance interval.

Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5 list the number of analyses (observations), nondetects (censored observations), and detects (uncensored observations), by parameter in the UCRS, the URGA, and the LRGA, respectively. Those parameters displayed with bold-face type indicate the one-sided tolerance interval statistical test was performed. The data presented in Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5 were collected during the current quarter, second quarter 2018. The observations are representative of the current quarter data. Background data are presented in Attachments D1 and D2. The sampling dates associated with background data are listed next to the result in Attachments D1 and D2. When field duplicate data are available, the higher of the two readings is retained for further evaluation. When a data point has been rejected following data validation, this result is not used, and the next available data point is used for the background or current quarter data.

[1] For pH, two-sided TLs (upper and lower) were calculated with an adjusted K factor using the following equations:
upper TL = X + (K × S)
lower TL = X - (K × S)

Exhibit D.2. List of Parameters Tested Using the One-Sided Upper Tolerance Level Test with Historical Background

Parameters
Aluminum
Beta Activity
Boron
Bromide
Calcium
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)
Chloride
Cobalt
Conductivity
Copper
Dissolved Oxygen
Dissolved Solids
Iron
Magnesium
Manganese
Molybdenum
Nickel
Oxidation-Reduction Potential
PCB, Total
PCB-1242
pH*
Potassium
Radium-226
Sodium
Sulfate
Technetium-99
Thorium-230
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)
Total Organic Halides (TOX)
Trichloroethene
Vanadium
Zinc

*****For pH, the test well results were compared to both an upper and lower TL to determine if the current result differs to a statistically significant degree from the historical background values.

Exhibit D.3. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—UCRS

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	7	7	0	No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	7	7	0	No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	7	7	0	No
1,1-Dichloroethane	7	7	0	No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	7	7	0	No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	7	7	0	No
1,2-Dibromoethane	7	7	0	No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	7	7	0	No
1,2-Dichloropropane	7	7	0	No
2-Butanone	7	7	0	No
2-Hexanone	7	7	0	No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	7	7	0	No
Acetone	7	7	0	No
Acrolein	7	7	0	No
Acrylonitrile	7	7	0	No
Aluminum	**7**	**1**	**6**	**Yes**
Antimony	7	7	0	No
Beryllium	7	7	0	No
Boron	**7**	**3**	**4**	**Yes**
Bromide	**7**	**6**	**1**	**Yes**
Bromochloromethane	7	7	0	No
Bromodichloromethane	7	7	0	No
Bromoform	7	7	0	No
Bromomethane	7	7	0	No
Calcium	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Carbon disulfide	7	7	0	No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	**7**	**2**	**5**	**Yes**
Chloride	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Chlorobenzene	7	7	0	No
Chloroethane	7	7	0	No
Chloroform	7	7	0	No
Chloromethane	7	7	0	No
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	7	7	0	No
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	7	7	0	No
Cobalt	**7**	**3**	**4**	**Yes**
Conductivity	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Copper	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Cyanide	7	7	0	No
Dibromochloromethane	7	7	0	No
Dibromomethane	7	7	0	No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	7	7	0	No
Dissolved Oxygen	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Dissolved Solids	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Ethylbenzene	7	7	0	No
Iodide	7	7	0	No
Iodomethane	7	7	0	No
Iron	**7**	**1**	**6**	**Yes**
Magnesium	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Manganese	**7**	**1**	**6**	**Yes**
Methylene chloride	7	7	0	No
Molybdenum	**7**	**3**	**4**	**Yes**

Exhibit D.3. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—UCRS (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Nickel	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
PCB, Total	**7**	**6**	**1**	**Yes**
PCB-1016	7	7	0	No
PCB-1221	7	7	0	No
PCB-1232	7	7	0	No
PCB-1242	**7**	**6**	**1**	**Yes**
PCB-1248	7	7	0	No
PCB-1254	7	7	0	No
PCB-1260	7	7	0	No
PCB-1268	7	7	0	No
pH	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Potassium	**7**	**1**	**6**	**Yes**
Radium-226	7	7	0	No
Rhodium	7	7	0	No
Sodium	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Styrene	7	7	0	No
Sulfate	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Tantalum	7	7	0	No
Technetium-99	7	7	0	No
Tetrachloroethene	7	7	0	No
Thallium	7	7	0	No
Thorium-230	7	7	0	No
Toluene	7	7	0	No
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	**7**	**2**	**5**	**Yes**
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	7	7	0	No
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	7	7	0	No
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	7	7	0	No
Trichlorofluoromethane	7	7	0	No
Vanadium	**7**	**3**	**4**	**Yes**
Vinyl Acetate	7	7	0	No
Zinc	**7**	**0**	**7**	**Yes**

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Exhibit D.4. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—URGA

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1-Dichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromoethane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichloropropane	6	6	0	No
2-Butanone	6	6	0	No
2-Hexanone	6	6	0	No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	6	6	0	No
Acetone	6	6	0	No
Acrolein	6	6	0	No
Acrylonitrile	6	6	0	No
Aluminum	**6**	**3**	**3**	**Yes**
Antimony	6	6	0	No
Beryllium	6	6	0	No
Beta activity	**6**	**2**	**4**	**Yes**
Boron	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Bromide	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Bromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromodichloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromoform	6	6	0	No
Bromomethane	6	6	0	No
Calcium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Carbon disulfide	6	6	0	No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	**6**	**1**	**5**	**Yes**
Chloride	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Chlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
Chloroethane	6	6	0	No
Chloroform	6	6	0	No
Chloromethane	6	6	0	No
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
Cobalt	**6**	**2**	**4**	**Yes**
Conductivity	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Copper	**6**	**1**	**5**	**Yes**
Cyanide	6	6	0	No
Dibromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Dibromomethane	6	6	0	No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	6	6	0	No
Dissolved Oxygen	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Dissolved Solids	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Ethylbenzene	6	6	0	No
Iodide	6	6	0	No
Iodomethane	6	6	0	No
Iron	**6**	**1**	**5**	**Yes**
Magnesium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Manganese	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Methylene chloride	6	6	0	No

Exhibit D.4. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—URGA (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Molybdenum	**6**	**4**	**2**	**Yes**
Nickel	**6**	**2**	**4**	**Yes**
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
PCB, Total	**6**	**5**	**1**	**Yes**
PCB-1016	6	6	0	No
PCB-1221	6	6	0	No
PCB-1232	6	6	0	No
PCB-1242	**6**	**5**	**1**	**Yes**
PCB-1248	6	6	0	No
PCB-1254	6	6	0	No
PCB-1260	6	6	0	No
PCB-1268	6	6	0	No
pH	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Potassium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Radium-226	**6**	**5**	**1**	**Yes**
Rhodium	6	6	0	No
Sodium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Styrene	6	6	0	No
Sulfate	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Tantalum	6	6	0	No
Technetium-99	**6**	**2**	**4**	**Yes**
Tetrachloroethene	6	6	0	No
Thallium	6	6	0	No
Thorium-230	**6**	**4**	**2**	**Yes**
Toluene	6	6	0	No
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	**6**	**1**	**5**	**Yes**
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	6	6	0	No
Trichloroethene	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Trichlorofluoromethane	6	6	0	No
Vanadium	**6**	**4**	**2**	**Yes**
Vinyl Acetate	6	6	0	No
Zinc	**6**	**1**	**5**	**Yes**

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Exhibit D.5. Summary of Censored, and Uncensored Data—LRGA

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,1-Dichloroethane	6	6	0	No
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dibromoethane	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
1,2-Dichloropropane	6	6	0	No
2-Butanone	6	6	0	No
2-Hexanone	6	6	0	No
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	6	6	0	No
Acetone	6	6	0	No
Acrolein	6	6	0	No
Acrylonitrile	6	6	0	No
Aluminum	**6**	**5**	**1**	**Yes**
Antimony	6	6	0	No
Beryllium	6	6	0	No
Boron	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Bromide	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Bromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromodichloromethane	6	6	0	No
Bromoform	6	6	0	No
Bromomethane	6	6	0	No
Calcium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Carbon disulfide	6	6	0	No
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	**6**	**1**	**5**	**Yes**
Chloride	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Chlorobenzene	6	6	0	No
Chloroethane	6	6	0	No
Chloroform	6	6	0	No
Chloromethane	6	6	0	No
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
Cobalt	**6**	**3**	**3**	**Yes**
Conductivity	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Copper	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Cyanide	6	6	0	No
Dibromochloromethane	6	6	0	No
Dibromomethane	6	6	0	No
Dimethylbenzene, Total	6	6	0	No
Dissolved Oxygen	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Dissolved Solids	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Ethylbenzene	6	6	0	No
Iodide	6	6	0	No
Iodomethane	6	6	0	No
Iron	**6**	**2**	**4**	**Yes**
Magnesium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Manganese	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Methylene chloride	6	6	0	No
Molybdenum	**6**	**4**	**2**	**Yes**

Exhibit D.5. Tests Summary for Qualified Parameters—LRGA (Continued)

Parameters	Observations	Censored Observation	Uncensored Observation	Statistical Analysis?
Nickel	**6**	**2**	**4**	**Yes**
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
PCB, Total	6	6	0	No
PCB-1016	6	6	0	No
PCB-1221	6	6	0	No
PCB-1232	6	6	0	No
PCB-1242	6	6	0	No
PCB-1248	6	6	0	No
PCB-1254	6	6	0	No
PCB-1260	6	6	0	No
PCB-1268	6	6	0	No
pH	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Potassium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Radium-226	**6**	**4**	**2**	**Yes**
Rhodium	6	6	0	No
Sodium	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Styrene	6	6	0	No
Sulfate	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Tantalum	6	6	0	No
Technetium-99	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Tetrachloroethene	6	6	0	No
Thallium	6	6	0	No
Thorium-230	6	6	0	No
Toluene	6	6	0	No
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	**6**	**1**	**5**	**Yes**
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	6	6	0	No
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	6	6	0	No
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-Butene	6	6	0	No
Trichloroethene	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**
Trichlorofluoromethane	6	6	0	No
Vanadium	**6**	**4**	**2**	**Yes**
Vinyl Acetate	6	6	0	No
Zinc	**6**	**0**	**6**	**Yes**

Bold denotes parameters with at least one uncensored observation.

Discussion of Results from Historical Background Comparison

For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the concentrations of this quarter were compared to the results of the one-sided upper tolerance interval test calculated using historical background and are presented in Attachment D1. The statistician qualification statement is presented in Attachment D3. For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the test was applied to 27, 32, and 28 parameters, respectively, including those listed in bold print in Exhibits D.3, D.4, and D.5, which includes those constituents (beta activity and trichloroethene) that exceeded their MCL. A summary of exceedances when compared to statistically derived historical upgradient background by well number is shown in Exhibit D.6.

UCRS

This quarter's results identified historical background exceedances for dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential, and sulfate.

URGA

This quarter's results identified historical background exceedances for beta activity, oxidation-reduction potential, technetium-99, and thorium-230.

LRGA

This quarter's results identified historical background exceedances for oxidation-reduction potential and technetium-99.

Statistical Summary

Summaries of the results of the statistical tests conducted on data obtained from wells in the UCRS, the URGA, and in the LRGA in comparison to historical data are presented in Exhibit D.7, Exhibit D.8, and Exhibit D.9, respectively.

Exhibit D.6. Summary of Exceedances of Statistically Derived Historical Background Concentrations

UCRS	URGA	LRGA
MW359: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	**MW357:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Thorium-230	**MW358:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW362: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	**MW360:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**MW361:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW365: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	**MW363:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**MW364:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW368: Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	**MW366:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Thorium-230	**MW367:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Technetium-99
MW371: Dissolved Oxygen, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate	**MW369:** Beta Activity, Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Technetium-99	**MW370:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Technetium-99
MW374: Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**MW372:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential	**MW373:** Oxidation-Reduction Potential
MW375: Oxidation-Reduction Potential, Sulfate		

Exhibit D.7. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—UCRS

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	2.08	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Boron	Tolerance Interval	1.24	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.34	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.97	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.95	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	1.31	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.45	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Copper	Tolerance Interval	1.28	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.55	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW359, MW362, MW365, and MW371.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.42	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Iron	Tolerance Interval	0.98	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.27	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	0.89	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Molybdenum	Tolerance Interval	1.65	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	0.98	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

Exhibit D.7. Tests Summary for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—UCRS (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	3.54	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW359, MW362, MW365, MW368, MW371, MW374, and MW375.
PCB, Total	Tolerance Interval	0.92	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
PCB-1242	Tolerance Interval	1.41	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.05	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	0.72	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.49	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW359, MW362, MW365, MW368, MW371, and MW375.
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	1.38	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	1.08	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Vanadium	Tolerance Interval	1.32	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Zinc	Tolerance Interval	1.38	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

CV: coefficient of variation
*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.

Exhibit D.8. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—URGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	1.24	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Beta Activity[1]	Tolerance Interval	0.74	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW369.
Boron	Tolerance Interval	0.84	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.00	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.29	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.10	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.10	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	0.85	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.12	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Copper	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.76	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.16	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Iron	Tolerance Interval	0.95	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.27	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	0.66	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Molybdenum	Tolerance Interval	1.20	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	0.91	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

Exhibit D.8. Tests Summary for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—URGA (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	1.26	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW357, MW360, MW363, MW366, MW369, and MW372.
PCB, Total	Tolerance Interval	0.90	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
PCB-1242	Tolerance Interval	1.36	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.03	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	0.29	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Radium-226	Tolerance Interval	2.61	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.26	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.75	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	0.87	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW369.
Thorium-230	Tolerance Interval	1.03	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW357 and MW366.
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	1.23	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	0.95	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Trichloroethene[1]	Tolerance Interval	0.64	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Vanadium	Tolerance Interval	0.26	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Zinc	Tolerance Interval	1.49	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

CV: coefficient of variation
*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.
[1] A tolerance interval was calculated based on an MCL exceedance.

Exhibit D.9. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—LRGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Aluminum	Tolerance Interval	2.78	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Boron	Tolerance Interval	0.68	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Bromide	Tolerance Interval	0.00	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Calcium	Tolerance Interval	0.31	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	Tolerance Interval	0.59	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Chloride	Tolerance Interval	0.16	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Cobalt	Tolerance Interval	1.17	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Conductivity	Tolerance Interval	0.26	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Copper	Tolerance Interval	0.40	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.83	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Dissolved Solids	Tolerance Interval	0.30	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Iron	Tolerance Interval	0.96	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Magnesium	Tolerance Interval	0.34	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Manganese	Tolerance Interval	0.62	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Molybdenum	Tolerance Interval	1.20	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Nickel	Tolerance Interval	0.90	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

Exhibit D.9. Tests Summary for Qualified Parameters for Historical Background—LRGA (Continued)

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test*	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	1.31	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW358, MW361, MW364, MW367, MW370, and MW373.
pH	Tolerance Interval	0.03	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Potassium	Tolerance Interval	0.19	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Radium-226	Tolerance Interval	2.66	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sodium	Tolerance Interval	0.30	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	1.59	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	1.73	Current results exceed statistically derived historical background concentration in MW367 and MW370.
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	Tolerance Interval	1.96	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Total Organic Halides (TOX)	Tolerance Interval	0.98	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Trichloroethene[1]	Tolerance Interval	0.57	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Vanadium	Tolerance Interval	0.32	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.
Zinc	Tolerance Interval	0.67	No exceedance of statistically derived historical background concentration.

CV: coefficient of variation
*If CV > 1.0, used log-transformed data.
[1] A tolerance interval was calculated based on an MCL exceedance.

Discussion of Results from Current Background Comparison

For concentrations in wells in the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA that exceeded the upper TL test using historical background, the concentrations were compared to the results of the one-sided upper tolerance interval test compared to current background, and are presented in Attachment D2. The statistician qualification statement is presented in Attachment D3. For the UCRS, URGA, and LRGA, the test was applied to 3, 4, and 2 parameters, respectively, because these parameter concentrations exceeded the historical background TL.

For downgradient wells only, a summary of instances where concentrations exceeded the TL calculated using current background data is shown in Exhibit D.10.

Exhibit D.10. Summary of Exceedances (in Downgradient Wells) of the TL Calculated Using Current Background Concentrations

URGA	LRGA
MW357: Thorium-230	None
MW366: Thorium-230	

UCRS

Because gradients in the UCRS are downward (vertical), there are no hydrogeologically downgradient UCRS wells. It should be noted; however, that dissolved oxygen in MW362 and MW365; and sulfate in MW359, MW362, MW365, and MW368 were higher than the current TL this quarter.

URGA

This quarter's results showed an exceedance of thorium-230 in MW357 and MW366; these wells are located downgradient of the landfill.

LRGA

This quarter's results showed no exceedances in wells located downgradient of the landfill.

Statistical Summary

Summaries of the statistical tests conducted on data obtained from wells in the UCRS, the URGA, and the LRGA are presented in Exhibit D.11, Exhibit D.12, and Exhibit D.13, respectively.

Exhibit D.11. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Current Background—UCRS

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Dissolved Oxygen	Tolerance Interval	0.49	Because gradients in the UCRS are downward (vertical), there are no hydrogeologically downgradient UCRS wells. However, MW362, MW365, and MW371 exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.32	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Sulfate	Tolerance Interval	0.57	Because gradients in the UCRS are downward (vertical), there are no hydrogeologically downgradient UCRS wells. However, MW359, MW362, MW365, MW368, MW371, and MW375 exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

CV: coefficient of variation

Exhibit D.12. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Current Background—URGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Beta Activity	Tolerance Interval	1.13	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.17	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	1.23	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Thorium-230	Tolerance Interval	1.76	MW357 and MW366 exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

CV: coefficient of variation

Exhibit D.13. Test Summaries for Qualified Parameters for Current Background—LRGA

Parameter	Performed Test	CV Normality Test	Results of Tolerance Interval Test Conducted
Oxidation-Reduction Potential	Tolerance Interval	0.18	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.
Technetium-99	Tolerance Interval	0.67	None of the test wells exceeded the upper TL, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically significant level.

CV: coefficient of variation

ATTACHMENT D1

COMPARISON OF CURRENT DATA TO ONE-SIDED UPPER TOLERANCE INTERVAL TEST CALCULATED USING HISTORICAL BACKGROUND DATA

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C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Aluminum UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 3.300	**S=** 6.859	**CV(1)=** 2.078	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 20.604	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.371	**S=** 1.678	**CV(2)=** -4.521	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.863	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2.24	0.806
4/22/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	21.3	3.059
1/7/2003	20	2.996
4/2/2003	4.11	1.413
7/9/2003	1.41	0.344
10/7/2003	1.09	0.086
1/6/2004	0.854	-0.158
4/7/2004	0.2	-1.609
7/14/2004	0.2	-1.609

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.046	N/A	-3.079	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	6.02	N/A	1.795	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0237	N/A	-3.742	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.658	N/A	-0.419	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	1.62	N/A	0.482	NO
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.0611	N/A	-2.795	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Boron UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.650	**S=** 0.805	**CV(1)=** 1.238	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 2.681	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.034	**S=** 1.030	**CV(2)=** -0.996	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.564	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	2	0.693
1/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
1/6/2004	0.2	-1.609
4/7/2004	0.2	-1.609
7/14/2004	0.2	-1.609

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.015	N/A	-4.200	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.0164	N/A	-4.110	NO
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.015	N/A	-4.200	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00643	N/A	-5.047	NO
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.015	N/A	-4.200	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.0221	N/A	-3.812	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.0112	N/A	-4.492	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Bromide UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 1.394 **S=** 0.474 **CV(1)=** 0.340 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 2.590 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 0.279 **S=** 0.332 **CV(2)=** 1.190 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 1.118 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	1	0.000
7/15/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/8/2003	1	0.000
4/3/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/6/2003	1	0.000

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	2.1	0.742
1/7/2003	2.1	0.742
4/2/2003	1.9	0.642
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/7/2003	1.9	0.642
1/6/2004	1.9	0.642
4/7/2004	1.8	0.588
7/14/2004	1.6	0.470

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.704	NO	-0.351	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.2	N/A	-1.609	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Calcium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 34.100 **S=** 13.637 **CV(1)=** 0.400 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 68.505 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 3.466 **S=** 0.356 **CV(2)=** 0.103 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 4.364 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	17.2	2.845
4/22/2002	22.4	3.109
7/15/2002	25.5	3.239
10/8/2002	26.4	3.273
1/8/2003	27.2	3.303
4/3/2003	30.3	3.411
7/9/2003	25.9	3.254
10/6/2003	27	3.296

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	67.3	4.209
1/7/2003	60.6	4.104
4/2/2003	47.2	3.854
7/9/2003	34.7	3.547
10/7/2003	37.1	3.614
1/6/2004	37.7	3.630
4/7/2004	32.2	3.472
7/14/2004	26.9	3.292

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	6.48	NO	1.869	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	21.6	NO	3.073	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	22	NO	3.091	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	38.7	NO	3.656	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	62.5	NO	4.135	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	21.4	NO	3.063	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	13.1	NO	2.573	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 72.938	**S=** 70.749	**CV(1)=** 0.970	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 251.437	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 4.000	**S=** 0.702	**CV(2)=** 0.175	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 5.770	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35	3.555
4/22/2002	35	3.555
7/15/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/8/2003	35	3.555
4/3/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/6/2003	35	3.555

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	260	5.561
1/7/2003	214	5.366
4/2/2003	147	4.990
7/9/2003	72	4.277
10/7/2003	56	4.025
1/6/2004	68	4.220
4/7/2004	35	3.555
7/14/2004	35	3.555

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	20.7	NO	3.030	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	24.7	NO	3.207	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	22.7	NO	3.122	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	22.7	NO	3.122	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	14.7	NO	2.688	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Chloride UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 91.300 **S=** 86.959 **CV(1)=** 0.952 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 310.697 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 3.620 **S=** 1.590 **CV(2)=** 0.439 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 7.631 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	8.3	2.116
10/8/2002	7.6	2.028
1/8/2003	7.7	2.041
4/3/2003	8.8	2.175
7/9/2003	8.1	2.092
10/6/2003	8.6	2.152
1/7/2004	7.6	2.028
4/6/2004	7.6	2.028

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	199.2	5.294
1/7/2003	199.7	5.297
4/2/2003	171.8	5.146
7/9/2003	178.7	5.186
10/7/2003	175.6	5.168
1/6/2004	170.4	5.138
4/7/2004	156.4	5.052
7/14/2004	144.7	4.975

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.989	NO	-0.011	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	5.9	NO	1.775	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	2.88	NO	1.058	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.896	NO	-0.110	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	1.77	NO	0.571	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	58.4	NO	4.067	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	4.36	NO	1.472	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Cobalt UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.007	**S=** 0.009	**CV(1)=** 1.314	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.031	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -5.843	**S=** 1.392	**CV(2)=** -0.238	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -2.331	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.01	-4.605
1/7/2003	0.01	-4.605
4/2/2003	0.01	-4.605
7/9/2003	0.00161	-6.432
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
1/6/2004	0.001	-6.908
4/7/2004	0.001	-6.908
7/14/2004	0.001	-6.908

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.00173	N/A	-6.360	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00204	N/A	-6.195	NO
MW368	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.000414	N/A	-7.790	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00044	N/A	-7.729	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Conductivity UNITS: umho/cm UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 918.744 **S=** 417.257 **CV(1)=** 0.454 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 1971.483 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 6.705 **S=** 0.550 **CV(2)=** 0.082 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 8.092 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	541	6.293
4/22/2002	643	6.466
7/15/2002	632	6.449
10/8/2002	631	6.447
1/8/2003	680	6.522
4/3/2003	749	6.619
7/9/2003	734	6.599
10/6/2003	753	6.624

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1007	6.915
10/8/2002	1680	7.427
1/7/2003	1715.9	7.448
4/2/2003	172	5.147
7/9/2003	1231	7.116
10/7/2003	1214	7.102
1/6/2004	1172	7.066
4/7/2004	1145	7.043

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	236	NO	5.464	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	705	NO	6.558	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	429	NO	6.061	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	382	NO	5.945	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	503	NO	6.221	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	654	NO	6.483	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	350	NO	5.858	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Copper UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 0.056 **S=** 0.072 **CV(1)=** 1.275 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 0.237 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** -3.395 **S=** 0.915 **CV(2)=** -0.270 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** -1.086 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/6/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/7/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.000917	N/A	-6.994	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.00466	N/A	-5.369	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00164	N/A	-6.413	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.000831	N/A	-7.093	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00234	N/A	-6.058	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.00061	N/A	-7.402	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.000649	N/A	-7.340	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.138	**S=** 0.621	**CV(1)=** 0.546	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 2.704	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.013	**S=** 0.577	**CV(2)=** -43.069	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.441	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2.26	0.815
4/22/2002	1.15	0.140
7/15/2002	0.94	-0.062
10/8/2002	0.74	-0.301
1/8/2003	2.62	0.963
4/3/2003	1.5	0.405
7/9/2003	1.66	0.507
10/6/2003	1.28	0.247

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.6	-0.511
10/8/2002	0.67	-0.400
1/7/2003	0.23	-1.470
4/2/2003	0.65	-0.431
7/9/2003	0.92	-0.083
10/7/2003	0.99	-0.010
1/6/2004	1.11	0.104
4/7/2004	0.88	-0.128

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	4.39	YES	1.479	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	6.57	YES	1.883	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	5.82	YES	1.761	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	2.17	NO	0.775	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	7.85	YES	2.061	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	1.67	NO	0.513	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.69	NO	-0.371	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW359
MW362
MW365
MW371

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Solids UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 590.000 **S=** 248.068 **CV(1)=** 0.420 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 1215.876 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 6.308 **S=** 0.383 **CV(2)=** 0.061 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 7.274 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	274	5.613
4/22/2002	409	6.014
7/15/2002	418	6.035
10/8/2002	424	6.050
1/8/2003	431	6.066
4/3/2003	444	6.096
7/9/2003	445	6.098
10/6/2003	438	6.082

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	1136	7.035
1/7/2003	1101	7.004
4/2/2003	863	6.760
7/9/2003	682	6.525
10/7/2003	589	6.378
1/6/2004	603	6.402
4/7/2004	601	6.399
7/14/2004	582	6.366

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	177	NO	5.176	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	453	NO	6.116	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	269	NO	5.595	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	241	NO	5.485	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	304	NO	5.717	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	363	NO	5.894	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	220	NO	5.394	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Iron UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 6.612 **S=** 6.487 **CV(1)=** 0.981 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 22.979 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 1.363 **S=** 1.147 **CV(2)=** 0.841 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 4.256 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1.31	0.270
4/22/2002	0.913	-0.091
7/15/2002	0.881	-0.127
10/8/2002	3.86	1.351
1/8/2003	1.88	0.631
4/3/2003	3.18	1.157
7/9/2003	0.484	-0.726
10/6/2003	2.72	1.001

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	23	3.135
1/7/2003	13.9	2.632
4/2/2003	14	2.639
7/9/2003	14.2	2.653
10/7/2003	7.92	2.069
1/6/2004	7.86	2.062
4/7/2004	4.82	1.573
7/14/2004	4.87	1.583

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.0512	NO	-2.972	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	3.78	NO	1.330	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.439	NO	-0.823	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.963	NO	-0.038	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	1.11	NO	0.104	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.126	NO	-2.071	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Magnesium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 11.347	**S=** 3.019	**CV(1)=** 0.266	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 18.963	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.401	**S=** 0.237	**CV(2)=** 0.099	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.999	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	7.1	1.960
4/22/2002	9.77	2.279
7/15/2002	10.4	2.342
10/8/2002	10.2	2.322
1/8/2003	10.7	2.370
4/3/2003	11.9	2.477
7/9/2003	10.8	2.380
10/6/2003	10.9	2.389

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	20	2.996
1/7/2003	16.1	2.779
4/2/2003	13.1	2.573
7/9/2003	10.3	2.332
10/7/2003	11.1	2.407
1/6/2004	11	2.398
4/7/2004	9.69	2.271
7/14/2004	8.49	2.139

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	3.95	NO	1.374	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	9.87	NO	2.289	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	10.5	NO	2.351	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	11.4	NO	2.434	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	10.3	NO	2.332	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	5.03	NO	1.615	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	5.47	NO	1.699	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Manganese UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.248	**S=** 0.222	**CV(1)=** 0.894	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.809	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.873	**S=** 1.068	**CV(2)=** -0.570	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.821	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.063	-2.765
4/22/2002	0.067	-2.703
7/15/2002	0.074	-2.604
10/8/2002	0.0521	-2.955
1/8/2003	0.0385	-3.257
4/3/2003	0.0551	-2.899
7/9/2003	0.0546	-2.908
10/6/2003	0.0543	-2.913

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.596	-0.518
1/7/2003	0.565	-0.571
4/2/2003	0.675	-0.393
7/9/2003	0.397	-0.924
10/7/2003	0.312	-1.165
1/6/2004	0.299	-1.207
4/7/2004	0.329	-1.112
7/14/2004	0.342	-1.073

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.005	N/A	-5.298	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.0183	NO	-4.001	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0525	NO	-2.947	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00868	NO	-4.747	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.0142	NO	-4.255	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.0716	NO	-2.637	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.005	NO	-5.298	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Molybdenum UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.006	**S=** 0.010	**CV(1)=** 1.650	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.030	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -6.108	**S=** 1.239	**CV(2)=** -0.203	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -2.983	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/8/2003	0.00121	-6.717
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.00111	-6.803
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.00222	-6.110
1/7/2003	0.00201	-6.210
4/2/2003	0.00159	-6.444
7/9/2003	0.00242	-6.024
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
1/6/2004	0.001	-6.908
4/7/2004	0.001	-6.908
7/14/2004	0.001	-6.908

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.00115	N/A	-6.768	NO
MW365	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.000758	N/A	-7.185	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00031	N/A	-8.079	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.000237	N/A	-8.347	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Nickel UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 0.023 **S=** 0.022 **CV(1)=** 0.980 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 0.078 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** -4.349 **S=** 1.109 **CV(2)=** -0.255 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** -1.552 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/22/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.0124	-4.390
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.005	-5.298
10/6/2003	0.005	-5.298

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.05	-2.996
1/7/2003	0.05	-2.996
4/2/2003	0.05	-2.996
7/9/2003	0.00794	-4.836
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
1/6/2004	0.005	-5.298
4/7/2004	0.005	-5.298
7/14/2004	0.005	-5.298

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.000761	NO	-7.181	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.00303	NO	-5.799	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00476	NO	-5.348	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00138	NO	-6.586	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00164	NO	-6.413	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.000663	NO	-7.319	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00103	NO	-6.878	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential UNITS: mV UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 22.281	**S=** 78.889	**CV(1)=** 3.541	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 221.319	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.642	**S=** 1.729	**CV(2)=** 0.475	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 5.106	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	75	4.317
4/22/2002	165	5.106
7/15/2002	65	4.174
4/3/2003	-19	#Func!
7/9/2003	114	4.736
10/6/2003	-22	#Func!
1/7/2004	20.5	3.020
4/6/2004	113	4.727

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	135	4.905
4/2/2003	-56	#Func!
7/9/2003	-68	#Func!
10/7/2003	-50	#Func!
1/6/2004	-85	#Func!
4/7/2004	6	1.792
7/14/2004	-38	#Func!
10/7/2004	1	0.000

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	375	N/A	5.927	YES
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	340	N/A	5.829	YES
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	425	N/A	6.052	YES
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	389	N/A	5.964	YES
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	365	N/A	5.900	YES
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	331	N/A	5.802	YES
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	344	N/A	5.841	YES

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW359
MW362
MW365
MW368
MW371
MW374
MW375

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

PCB, Total UNITS: UG/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 0.224 **S=** 0.207 **CV(1)=** 0.922 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 0.746 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** -1.647 **S=** 0.440 **CV(2)=** -0.267 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** -0.537 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/15/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/9/2003	0.17	-1.772
10/6/2003	0.17	-1.772
7/13/2004	0.18	-1.715
7/25/2005	0.17	-1.772
4/5/2006	0.18	-1.715

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/9/2003	0.17	-1.772
10/7/2003	0.17	-1.772
7/14/2004	0.18	-1.715
7/26/2005	0.17	-1.772
4/6/2006	0.18	-1.715
7/10/2006	0.17	-1.772
10/12/2006	0.17	-1.772
1/8/2007	0.17	-1.772

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.0971	N/A	-2.332	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.099	N/A	-2.313	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0335	NO	-3.396	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	No	0.0943	N/A	-2.361	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.0952	N/A	-2.352	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.0952	N/A	-2.352	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.0952	N/A	-2.352	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

PCB-1242 UNITS: UG/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.159	**S=** 0.224	**CV(1)=** 1.409	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.726	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -2.134	**S=** 0.579	**CV(2)=** -0.272	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -0.672	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/15/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/9/2003	0.13	-2.040
10/6/2003	0.09	-2.408
7/13/2004	0.1	-2.303
7/25/2005	0.09	-2.408
4/5/2006	0.1	-2.303

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/9/2003	0.13	-2.040
10/7/2003	0.09	-2.408
7/14/2004	0.1	-2.303
7/26/2005	0.1	-2.303
4/6/2006	0.1	-2.303
7/10/2006	0.1	-2.303
10/12/2006	0.1	-2.303
1/8/2007	0.1	-2.303

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.0971	N/A	-2.332	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	No	0.099	N/A	-2.313	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.0335	N/A	-3.396	NO
MW368	Downgradient	No	0.0943	N/A	-2.361	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	No	0.0952	N/A	-2.352	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.0952	N/A	-2.352	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.0952	N/A	-2.352	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

pH UNITS: Std Unit UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 6.619 **S=** 0.295 **CV(1)=** 0.045 **K factor**=** 2.904 **TL(1)=** 7.475 **LL(1)=**5.7635

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 1.889 **S=** 0.046 **CV(2)=** 0.024 **K factor**=** 2.904 **TL(2)=** 2.023 **LL(2)=**1.7548

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	6.3	1.841
4/22/2002	6.5	1.872
7/15/2002	6.5	1.872
10/8/2002	6.6	1.887
1/8/2003	6.6	1.887
4/3/2003	6.9	1.932
7/9/2003	6.7	1.902
10/6/2003	7	1.946

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5.75	1.749
10/8/2002	6.6	1.887
1/7/2003	6.82	1.920
4/2/2003	6.86	1.926
7/9/2003	6.7	1.902
10/7/2003	6.6	1.887
1/6/2004	6.9	1.932
4/7/2004	6.58	1.884

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)? Result <LL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)? LN(Result) <LL(2)?
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	6.29	NO	1.839	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	6.9	NO	1.932	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	6.33	NO	1.845	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	6.63	NO	1.892	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	6.1	NO	1.808	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	6.63	NO	1.892	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	6.35	NO	1.848	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Potassium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 1.262 **S=** 0.907 **CV(1)=** 0.718 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 3.549 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** -0.023 **S=** 0.752 **CV(2)=** -32.218 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 1.874 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.408	-0.896
1/8/2003	0.384	-0.957
4/3/2003	0.368	-1.000
7/9/2003	0.587	-0.533
10/6/2003	0.382	-0.962

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	3.04	1.112
1/7/2003	2.83	1.040
4/2/2003	2	0.693
7/9/2003	1.09	0.086
10/7/2003	0.802	-0.221
1/6/2004	0.897	-0.109
4/7/2004	0.689	-0.373
7/14/2004	0.716	-0.334

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.3	N/A	-1.204	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.721	NO	-0.327	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.271	NO	-1.306	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.495	NO	-0.703	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.643	NO	-0.442	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.429	NO	-0.846	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.27	NO	-1.309	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sodium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 183.063 **S=** 73.222 **CV(1)=** 0.400 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 367.800 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.146 **S=** 0.356 **CV(2)=** 0.069 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.044 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	129	4.860
4/22/2002	131	4.875
7/15/2002	127	4.844
10/8/2002	123	4.812
1/8/2003	128	4.852
4/3/2003	144	4.970
7/9/2003	126	4.836
10/6/2003	120	4.787

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	336	5.817
1/7/2003	329	5.796
4/2/2003	287	5.659
7/9/2003	181	5.198
10/7/2003	182	5.204
1/6/2004	206	5.328
4/7/2004	182	5.204
7/14/2004	198	5.288

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	40.7	NO	3.706	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	138	NO	4.927	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	51.6	NO	3.944	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	20.7	NO	3.030	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	14.6	NO	2.681	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	108	NO	4.682	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	49.3	NO	3.898	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sulfate UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 6.469	**S=** 3.153	**CV(1)=** 0.487	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 14.423	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.794	**S=** 0.357	**CV(2)=** 0.199	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.694	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	16.3	2.791
4/22/2002	8.6	2.152
7/15/2002	6.7	1.902
10/8/2002	5	1.609
1/8/2003	5	1.609
4/3/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	5	1.609
10/6/2003	5	1.609

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	5	1.609
1/7/2003	5	1.609
4/2/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	5.6	1.723
10/7/2003	5	1.609
1/6/2004	5	1.609
4/7/2004	11.3	2.425
7/14/2004	5	1.609

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	50.9	YES	3.930	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	30.6	YES	3.421	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	65.5	YES	4.182	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	27.7	YES	3.321	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	91.6	YES	4.517	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	7.24	NO	1.980	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	25.5	YES	3.239	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW359
MW362
MW365
MW368
MW371
MW375

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Total Organic Carbon (TOC) UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 17.631	**S=** 24.314	**CV(1)=** 1.379	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 78.977	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.318	**S=** 0.979	**CV(2)=** 0.422	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.788	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	11.1	2.407
4/22/2002	7	1.946
7/15/2002	4.1	1.411
10/8/2002	6	1.792
1/8/2003	5.3	1.668
4/3/2003	5.3	1.668
7/9/2003	2.9	1.065
10/6/2003	3.2	1.163

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	90	4.500
1/7/2003	64	4.159
4/2/2003	25	3.219
7/9/2003	16	2.773
10/7/2003	13	2.565
1/6/2004	10	2.303
4/7/2004	7.2	1.974
7/14/2004	12	2.485

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.649	N/A	-0.432	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	2.8	N/A	1.030	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	1.52	N/A	0.419	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	1.32	N/A	0.278	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	1.09	N/A	0.086	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	2.46	N/A	0.900	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	1.1	N/A	0.095	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Total Organic Halides (TOX) UNITS: ug/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 214.094 **S=** 231.089 **CV(1)=** 1.079 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 797.131 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 4.867 **S=** 1.065 **CV(2)=** 0.219 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 7.554 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	50	3.912
4/22/2002	105	4.654
7/15/2002	70	4.248
10/8/2002	52	3.951
1/8/2003	20.2	3.006
4/3/2003	104	4.644
7/9/2003	34.2	3.532
10/6/2003	46.1	3.831

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	903	6.806
1/7/2003	539	6.290
4/2/2003	295	5.687
7/9/2003	272	5.606
10/7/2003	197	5.283
1/6/2004	330	5.799
4/7/2004	183	5.209
7/14/2004	225	5.416

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	10	N/A	2.303	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	27.3	N/A	3.307	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	15.3	N/A	2.728	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	5	N/A	1.609	NO
MW371	Upgradient	No	10	N/A	2.303	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	24.8	N/A	3.211	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	12.5	N/A	2.526	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Vanadium UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.055	**S=** 0.072	**CV(1)=** 1.319	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.237	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.438	**S=** 0.912	**CV(2)=** -0.265	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.138	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/7/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/6/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/7/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.00966	N/A	-4.640	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00371	N/A	-5.597	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00768	N/A	-4.869	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00759	N/A	-4.881	NO
MW374	Upgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Zinc UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.060	**S=** 0.083	**CV(1)=** 1.380	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.270	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.259	**S=** 0.840	**CV(2)=** -0.258	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.140	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/22/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/15/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/8/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/3/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.0376	-3.281
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/7/2003	0.35	-1.050
4/2/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
1/6/2004	0.02	-3.912
4/7/2004	0.02	-3.912
7/14/2004	0.02	-3.912

Dry/Partially Dry Wells

Well No.	Gradient
MW376	Sidegradient
MW377	Sidegradient

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	0.00332	N/A	-5.708	NO
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	0.0103	N/A	-4.576	NO
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	0.00627	N/A	-5.072	NO
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	0.00813	N/A	-4.812	NO
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	0.00749	N/A	-4.894	NO
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	0.00444	N/A	-5.417	NO
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	0.00516	N/A	-5.267	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Aluminum UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.625	**S=** 0.774	**CV(1)=** 1.239	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 2.578	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.973	**S=** 0.935	**CV(2)=** -0.961	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.386	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.255	-1.366
4/22/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.322	-1.133
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.689	-0.373

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	2.61	0.959
4/23/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/16/2002	1.14	0.131
10/8/2002	0.862	-0.149
1/7/2003	2.32	0.842
4/2/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.0272	N/A	-3.605	NO
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.0813	N/A	-2.510	NO
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0247	N/A	-3.701	NO
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Beta activity UNITS: pCi/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 15.996	**S=** 11.899	**CV(1)=** 0.744	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 46.017	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.497	**S=** 0.783	**CV(2)=** 0.314	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.473	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	32.5	3.481
4/22/2002	35.4	3.567
7/15/2002	12.9	2.557
10/8/2002	7.59	2.027
1/8/2003	9.58	2.260
4/3/2003	6.69	1.901
7/8/2003	9.1	2.208
10/6/2003	7.31	1.989

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	28.5	3.350
4/23/2002	5.37	1.681
7/16/2002	19.9	2.991
10/8/2002	38.7	3.656
1/7/2003	13	2.565
4/2/2003	3.94	1.371
7/9/2003	3.56	1.270
10/7/2003	21.9	3.086

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	19.5	N/A	2.970	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	4.36	N/A	1.472	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	6.75	N/A	1.910	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	11.4	N/A	2.434	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	102	YES	4.625	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	20.9	N/A	3.040	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW369

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Boron UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.985	**S=** 0.825	**CV(1)=** 0.838	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 3.067	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.430	**S=** 0.990	**CV(2)=** -2.302	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.068	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	2	0.693
4/23/2002	2	0.693
7/16/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.492	-0.709
1/7/2003	0.492	-0.709
4/2/2003	0.6	-0.511
7/9/2003	0.57	-0.562
10/7/2003	0.604	-0.504

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.247	NO	-1.398	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.0524	NO	-2.949	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.0299	NO	-3.510	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.142	NO	-1.952	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0244	NO	-3.713	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.953	NO	-0.048	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Bromide UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.000	**S=** 0.000	**CV(1)=** 0.000	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 1.000	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.000	**S=** 0.000	**CV(2)=** #Num!	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.000	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	1	0.000
7/15/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/8/2003	1	0.000
4/3/2003	1	0.000
7/8/2003	1	0.000
10/6/2003	1	0.000

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1	0.000
7/16/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/7/2003	1	0.000
4/2/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/7/2003	1	0.000

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.303	NO	-1.194	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.278	NO	-1.280	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.161	NO	-1.826	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.481	NO	-0.732	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.407	NO	-0.899	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.572	NO	-0.559	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Calcium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 32.763	**S=** 9.391	**CV(1)=** 0.287	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 56.456	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.449	**S=** 0.299	**CV(2)=** 0.087	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.202	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	29.5	3.384
4/22/2002	29.8	3.395
7/15/2002	25.3	3.231
10/8/2002	21.9	3.086
1/8/2003	20.9	3.040
4/3/2003	22.2	3.100
7/8/2003	22.9	3.131
10/6/2003	21.7	3.077

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	41.5	3.726
4/23/2002	43.6	3.775
7/16/2002	40.4	3.699
10/8/2002	38.8	3.658
1/7/2003	41.1	3.716
4/2/2003	42.9	3.759
7/9/2003	35.1	3.558
10/7/2003	46.6	3.842

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	20.2	NO	3.006	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	23.9	NO	3.174	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	26.1	NO	3.262	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	31.6	NO	3.453	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	28.7	NO	3.357	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	49.9	NO	3.910	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 35.938	**S=** 3.750	**CV(1)=** 0.104	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 45.399	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.578	**S=** 0.089	**CV(2)=** 0.025	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.803	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35	3.555
4/22/2002	35	3.555
7/15/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	50	3.912
1/8/2003	35	3.555
4/3/2003	35	3.555
7/8/2003	35	3.555
10/6/2003	35	3.555

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	35	3.555
4/23/2002	35	3.555
7/16/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/7/2003	35	3.555
4/2/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/7/2003	35	3.555

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	30.7	NO	3.424	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	30.7	NO	3.424	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	16.7	NO	2.815	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	24.7	NO	3.207	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	10.7	NO	2.370	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Chloride UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 44.119	**S=** 4.554	**CV(1)=** 0.103	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 55.607	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.782	**S=** 0.099	**CV(2)=** 0.026	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.033	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	48.3	3.877
10/8/2002	47.7	3.865
1/8/2003	45.7	3.822
4/3/2003	47.4	3.859
7/8/2003	55.9	4.024
10/6/2003	47.4	3.859
1/7/2004	45.5	3.818
4/7/2004	43.4	3.770

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/16/2002	39.8	3.684
10/8/2002	41	3.714
1/7/2003	39.4	3.674
4/2/2003	39.2	3.669
7/9/2003	39.8	3.684
10/7/2003	40	3.689
1/5/2004	43.4	3.770
4/5/2004	42	3.738

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	25.5	NO	3.239	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	25.3	NO	3.231	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	23.6	NO	3.161	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	40.2	NO	3.694	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	35.5	NO	3.570	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	43.2	NO	3.766	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Cobalt UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.025	**S=** 0.021	**CV(1)=** 0.845	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.077	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -4.090	**S=** 1.006	**CV(2)=** -0.246	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.553	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00938	-4.669
1/8/2003	0.00548	-5.207
4/3/2003	0.00587	-5.138
7/8/2003	0.0541	-2.917
10/6/2003	0.0689	-2.675

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00158	-6.450
1/7/2003	0.0147	-4.220
4/2/2003	0.0116	-4.457
7/9/2003	0.0653	-2.729
10/7/2003	0.00788	-4.843

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.0022	NO	-6.119	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.00102	NO	-6.888	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.000935	NO	-6.975	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.00118	NO	-6.742	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Conductivity UNITS: umho/cm URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 482.856 **S=** 57.603 **CV(1)=** 0.119 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 628.189 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 6.173 **S=** 0.123 **CV(2)=** 0.020 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.484 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW369	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	388	5.961
4/22/2002	404	6.001
7/15/2002	394	5.976
10/8/2002	403	5.999
1/8/2003	520	6.254
4/3/2003	487	6.188
7/8/2003	478	6.170
10/6/2003	476	6.165

Well Number:	MW372	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	508	6.230
4/23/2002	501	6.217
7/16/2002	507	6.229
10/8/2002	495	6.205
1/7/2003	508.7	6.232
4/2/2003	515	6.244
7/9/2003	576	6.356
10/7/2003	565	6.337

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	351	NO	5.861	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	444	NO	6.096	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	407	NO	6.009	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	478	NO	6.170	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	425	NO	6.052	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	614	NO	6.420	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Copper UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.025	**S=** 0.010	**CV(1)=** 0.400	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.050	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.742	**S=** 0.307	**CV(2)=** -0.082	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -2.967	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/2/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.000618	NO	-7.389	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.00134	NO	-6.615	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.000376	NO	-7.886	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00321	NO	-5.741	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.000793	NO	-7.140	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.781	**S=** 1.351	**CV(1)=** 0.759	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 5.190	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.228	**S=** 1.065	**CV(2)=** 4.665	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.915	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5.41	1.688
4/22/2002	1.57	0.451
7/15/2002	0.8	-0.223
10/8/2002	1.09	0.086
1/8/2003	2.69	0.990
4/3/2003	2.04	0.713
7/8/2003	1.19	0.174
10/6/2003	1.78	0.577

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	3.89	1.358
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/16/2002	1.33	0.285
10/8/2002	2.66	0.978
1/7/2003	0.4	-0.916
4/2/2003	0.91	-0.094
7/9/2003	1.42	0.351
10/7/2003	1.26	0.231

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	4.45	NO	1.493	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	1.89	NO	0.637	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	1.32	NO	0.278	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	2.19	NO	0.784	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	1.27	NO	0.239	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	1.22	NO	0.199	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Solids UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 285.188	**S=** 44.908	**CV(1)=** 0.157	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 398.489	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 5.640	**S=** 0.175	**CV(2)=** 0.031	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 6.080	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	173	5.153
4/22/2002	246	5.505
7/15/2002	232	5.447
10/8/2002	275	5.617
1/8/2003	269	5.595
4/3/2003	250	5.521
7/8/2003	295	5.687
10/6/2003	276	5.620

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	295	5.687
4/23/2002	322	5.775
7/16/2002	329	5.796
10/8/2002	290	5.670
1/7/2003	316	5.756
4/2/2003	311	5.740
7/9/2003	347	5.849
10/7/2003	337	5.820

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	210	NO	5.347	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	241	NO	5.485	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	239	NO	5.476	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	271	NO	5.602	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	281	NO	5.638	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	356	NO	5.875	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Iron UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 7.385	**S=** 6.991	**CV(1)=** 0.947	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 25.024	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.358	**S=** 1.323	**CV(2)=** 0.974	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.697	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.656	-0.422
4/22/2002	0.695	-0.364
7/15/2002	7.1	1.960
10/8/2002	21.5	3.068
1/8/2003	18.5	2.918
4/3/2003	14.9	2.701
7/8/2003	11.3	2.425
10/6/2003	14.9	2.701

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	5.95	1.783
4/23/2002	0.792	-0.233
7/16/2002	1.78	0.577
10/8/2002	0.776	-0.254
1/7/2003	3.55	1.267
4/2/2003	5.02	1.613
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	0.733	-0.311

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.0444	NO	-3.115	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.594	NO	-0.521	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.0664	NO	-2.712	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0697	NO	-2.664	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.0669	NO	-2.705	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Magnesium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 12.864	**S=** 3.505	**CV(1)=** 0.272	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 21.707	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.517	**S=** 0.290	**CV(2)=** 0.115	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.248	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	11.4	2.434
4/22/2002	12	2.485
7/15/2002	10	2.303
10/8/2002	8.62	2.154
1/8/2003	7.89	2.066
4/3/2003	7.97	2.076
7/8/2003	10.3	2.332
10/6/2003	9.14	2.213

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	15.7	2.754
4/23/2002	16.6	2.809
7/16/2002	15.4	2.734
10/8/2002	15.8	2.760
1/7/2003	15.8	2.760
4/2/2003	16.4	2.797
7/9/2003	15.2	2.721
10/7/2003	17.6	2.868

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	8.65	NO	2.158	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	10.1	NO	2.313	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	10.5	NO	2.351	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	13.5	NO	2.603	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	12.6	NO	2.534	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	19.4	NO	2.965	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Manganese UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.413	**S=** 0.274	**CV(1)=** 0.664	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 1.105	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.226	**S=** 1.008	**CV(2)=** -0.822	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.317	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.034	-3.381
4/22/2002	0.062	-2.781
7/15/2002	0.436	-0.830
10/8/2002	0.867	-0.143
1/8/2003	0.828	-0.189
4/3/2003	0.672	-0.397
7/8/2003	0.321	-1.136
10/6/2003	0.714	-0.337

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.205	-1.585
4/23/2002	0.345	-1.064
7/16/2002	0.21	-1.561
10/8/2002	0.0539	-2.921
1/7/2003	0.537	-0.622
4/2/2003	0.415	-0.879
7/9/2003	0.654	-0.425
10/7/2003	0.254	-1.370

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.0198	NO	-3.922	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.0263	NO	-3.638	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.266	NO	-1.324	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.0097	NO	-4.636	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.0127	NO	-4.366	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.00775	NO	-4.860	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Molybdenum UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.010	**S=** 0.012	**CV(1)=** 1.199	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.040	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -5.698	**S=** 1.607	**CV(2)=** -0.282	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.643	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/2/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.00105	-6.859
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.000234	N/A	-8.360	NO
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.000358	N/A	-7.935	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Nickel UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.024	**S=** 0.021	**CV(1)=** 0.910	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.078	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -4.246	**S=** 1.075	**CV(2)=** -0.253	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.535	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/22/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/8/2003	0.013	-4.343
10/6/2003	0.0104	-4.566

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/2/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.019	-3.963
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.00115	NO	-6.768	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.00107	NO	-6.840	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00122	NO	-6.709	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.00132	NO	-6.630	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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Oxidation-Reduction Potential UNITS: mV URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 74.563	**S=** 94.243	**CV(1)=** 1.264	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 312.337	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 4.554	**S=** 0.784	**CV(2)=** 0.172	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 5.371	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	215	5.371
4/22/2002	110	4.700
7/15/2002	20	2.996
1/8/2003	-5	#Func!
4/3/2003	-18	#Func!
7/8/2003	-67	#Func!
10/6/2003	-1	#Func!
1/7/2004	55	4.007

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	210	5.347
4/23/2002	65	4.174
7/16/2002	215	5.371
10/8/2002	185	5.220
1/7/2003	45	3.807
4/2/2003	65	4.174
7/9/2003	-39	#Func!
10/7/2003	138	4.927

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	399	N/A	5.989	YES
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	340	N/A	5.829	YES
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	437	N/A	6.080	YES
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	258	N/A	5.553	YES
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	397	N/A	5.984	YES
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	348	N/A	5.852	YES

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW357
MW360
MW363
MW366
MW369
MW372

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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PCB, Total UNITS: UG/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.390	**S=** 0.350	**CV(1)=** 0.897	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 1.272	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.238	**S=** 0.737	**CV(2)=** -0.595	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.622	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/15/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/8/2003	1.15	0.140
10/6/2003	0.605	-0.503
7/13/2004	0.42	-0.868
7/20/2005	0.28	-1.273
4/4/2006	0.23	-1.470

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/16/2002	0.17	-1.772
7/9/2003	0.17	-1.772
10/7/2003	0.17	-1.772
7/14/2004	0.18	-1.715
7/21/2005	0.17	-1.772
4/5/2006	0.18	-1.715

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.098	N/A	-2.323	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.0474	NO	-3.049	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.0971	N/A	-2.332	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	0.0952	N/A	-2.352	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.0962	N/A	-2.341	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

PCB-1242 UNITS: UG/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.281	**S=** 0.383	**CV(1)=** 1.361	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 1.247	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.835	**S=** 0.938	**CV(2)=** -0.511	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.532	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/22/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/15/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/8/2003	1.15	0.140
10/6/2003	0.09	-2.408
7/13/2004	0.1	-2.303
7/20/2005	0.1	-2.303
4/4/2006	0.1	-2.303

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/16/2002	0.11	-2.207
7/9/2003	0.13	-2.040
10/7/2003	0.09	-2.408
7/14/2004	0.1	-2.303
7/21/2005	0.1	-2.303
4/5/2006	0.1	-2.303

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.098	N/A	-2.323	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.0474	N/A	-3.049	NO
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.0971	N/A	-2.332	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	0.0952	N/A	-2.352	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.0962	N/A	-2.341	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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pH UNITS: Std Unit URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 6.274	**S=** 0.194	**CV(1)=** 0.031	**K factor**=** 2.904	**TL(1)=** 6.837	**LL(1)=**5.7114
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.836	**S=** 0.031	**CV(2)=** 0.017	**K factor**=** 2.904	**TL(2)=** 1.925	**LL(2)=**1.7467

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	6.1	1.808
4/22/2002	6.1	1.808
7/15/2002	6.1	1.808
10/8/2002	6.5	1.872
1/8/2003	6.5	1.872
4/3/2003	6.6	1.887
7/8/2003	6.5	1.872
10/6/2003	6.5	1.872

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	6.1	1.808
4/23/2002	6.12	1.812
7/16/2002	6.1	1.808
10/8/2002	6.06	1.802
1/7/2003	6.26	1.834
4/2/2003	6.15	1.816
7/9/2003	6.3	1.841
10/7/2003	6.4	1.856

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)? Result <LL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)? LN(Result) <LL(2)?
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	6.09	NO	1.807	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	6.49	NO	1.870	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	5.98	NO	1.788	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	6.19	NO	1.823	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	6.34	NO	1.847	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	6.18	NO	1.821	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Potassium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.663	**S=** 0.488	**CV(1)=** 0.293	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 2.895	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.456	**S=** 0.362	**CV(2)=** 0.794	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.368	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/22/2002	2.21	0.793
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.966	-0.035
1/8/2003	0.727	-0.319
4/3/2003	0.8	-0.223
7/8/2003	1.62	0.482
10/6/2003	1.14	0.131

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	2.04	0.713
4/23/2002	2.03	0.708
7/16/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	1.54	0.432
1/7/2003	1.88	0.631
4/2/2003	2.09	0.737
7/9/2003	1.78	0.577
10/7/2003	1.79	0.582

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	1.35	NO	0.300	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.964	NO	-0.037	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	1.29	NO	0.255	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	1.9	NO	0.642	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	1.59	NO	0.464	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	2.19	NO	0.784	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Radium-226 UNITS: pCi/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 3.398	**S=** 8.854	**CV(1)=** 2.605	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 25.736	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.836	**S=** 1.704	**CV(2)=** -2.039	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.346	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW369	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	28.4	3.346
10/8/2002	0.167	-1.790
1/8/2003	0.173	-1.754
10/6/2003	0.168	-1.784
1/7/2004	0.702	-0.354
4/7/2004	0.195	-1.635
7/13/2004	0.256	-1.363
10/7/2004	0.228	-1.478

Well Number:	MW372	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/16/2002	23.5	3.157
10/8/2002	0.195	-1.635
1/7/2003	-0.844	#Func!
10/7/2003	0.349	-1.053
1/5/2004	0.239	-1.431
4/5/2004	0.308	-1.178
7/14/2004	0.147	-1.917
10/7/2004	0.188	-1.671

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.412	N/A	-0.887	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.694	N/A	-0.365	NO
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.0999	N/A	-2.304	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.0575	N/A	-2.856	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	No	-0.19	N/A	#Error	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	0.258	N/A	-1.355	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sodium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 45.100	**S=** 11.875	**CV(1)=** 0.263	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 75.061	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.780	**S=** 0.242	**CV(2)=** 0.064	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.390	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35.7	3.575
4/22/2002	37.6	3.627
7/15/2002	42.4	3.747
10/8/2002	66.9	4.203
1/8/2003	67.9	4.218
4/3/2003	61.8	4.124
7/8/2003	45.6	3.820
10/6/2003	59.1	4.079

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	37.2	3.616
4/23/2002	38.6	3.653
7/16/2002	35.6	3.572
10/8/2002	37.5	3.624
1/7/2003	34.1	3.529
4/2/2003	34.4	3.538
7/9/2003	44.1	3.786
10/7/2003	43.1	3.764

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	37.7	NO	3.630	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	56.9	NO	4.041	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	38.1	NO	3.640	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	45.1	NO	3.809	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	49.2	NO	3.896	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	46.4	NO	3.837	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sulfate UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 45.031	**S=** 33.919	**CV(1)=** 0.753	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 130.609	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.420	**S=** 0.981	**CV(2)=** 0.287	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 5.894	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	15.5	2.741
4/22/2002	15.8	2.760
7/15/2002	13.8	2.625
10/8/2002	6.9	1.932
1/8/2003	10.5	2.351
4/3/2003	10.5	2.351
7/8/2003	10.9	2.389
10/6/2003	16.3	2.791

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	71.7	4.272
4/23/2002	74.7	4.313
7/16/2002	74.1	4.305
10/8/2002	70.5	4.256
1/7/2003	75.8	4.328
4/2/2003	81.8	4.404
7/9/2003	83.6	4.426
10/7/2003	88.1	4.478

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	32.3	NO	3.475	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	19.9	NO	2.991	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	38	NO	3.638	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	56.1	NO	4.027	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	24	NO	3.178	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	78.2	NO	4.359	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Technetium-99 UNITS: pCi/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 20.821	**S=** 18.044	**CV(1)=** 0.867	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 66.344	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.770	**S=** 1.150	**CV(2)=** 0.415	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.972	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	41.7	3.731
4/22/2002	53.1	3.972
7/15/2002	18.1	2.896
10/8/2002	16.4	2.797
1/8/2003	3.49	1.250
4/3/2003	9.34	2.234
7/8/2003	17.5	2.862
10/6/2003	17	2.833

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	44.8	3.802
4/23/2002	0.802	-0.221
7/16/2002	19.8	2.986
10/8/2002	46.1	3.831
1/7/2003	-0.973	#Func!
4/2/2003	9.07	2.205
7/9/2003	0	#Func!
10/7/2003	36.9	3.608

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	32.3	NO	3.475	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	10.9	N/A	2.389	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	15.2	N/A	2.721	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	62.1	NO	4.129	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	142	YES	4.956	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	36.6	NO	3.600	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW369

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Thorium-230 UNITS: pCi/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.143	**S=** 0.148	**CV(1)=** 1.032	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.517	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -2.235	**S=** 0.875	**CV(2)=** -0.391	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -0.534	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/7/2004	0.586	-0.534
1/12/2005	0.0362	-3.319
4/7/2005	0.224	-1.496
7/20/2005	0.029	-3.540
10/12/2005	0.0719	-2.632
1/4/2006	0.0753	-2.586
4/4/2006	0.0972	-2.331
7/6/2006	0.0491	-3.014

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
10/7/2004	0.252	-1.378
1/6/2005	0.165	-1.802
4/13/2005	0.119	-2.129
7/21/2005	0.122	-2.104
10/11/2005	0.323	-1.130
1/5/2006	-0.00656	#Func!
4/5/2006	0.117	-2.146
7/10/2006	0.034	-3.381

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	2.15	N/A	0.765	YES
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.646	N/A	-0.437	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.7	N/A	-0.357	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	2.8	N/A	1.030	YES
MW369	Upgradient	No	0.0378	N/A	-3.275	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	No	-0.178	N/A	#Error	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW357
MW366

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Carbon (TOC) UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 3.513	**S=** 4.307	**CV(1)=** 1.226	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 14.378	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.851	**S=** 0.828	**CV(2)=** 0.973	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.940	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1.7	0.531
4/22/2002	1.6	0.470
7/15/2002	3.1	1.131
10/8/2002	17.7	2.874
1/8/2003	9	2.197
4/3/2003	4	1.386
7/8/2003	4.9	1.589
10/6/2003	2.4	0.875

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1.2	0.182
7/16/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/7/2003	1.6	0.470
4/2/2003	1.5	0.405
7/9/2003	3	1.099
10/7/2003	1.5	0.405

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.492	N/A	-0.709	NO
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	1.29	N/A	0.255	NO
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	0.696	N/A	-0.362	NO
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.745	N/A	-0.294	NO
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	1.29	N/A	0.255	NO
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.849	N/A	-0.164	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Halides (TOX) UNITS: ug/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 67.963	**S=** 64.316	**CV(1)=** 0.946	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 230.231	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.772	**S=** 1.023	**CV(2)=** 0.271	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 6.353	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	50	3.912
4/22/2002	50	3.912
7/15/2002	81	4.394
10/8/2002	202	5.308
1/8/2003	177	5.176
4/3/2003	93.1	4.534
7/8/2003	17.5	2.862
10/6/2003	37.5	3.624

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	184	5.215
4/23/2002	50	3.912
7/16/2002	50	3.912
10/8/2002	50	3.912
1/7/2003	10	2.303
4/2/2003	12.7	2.542
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	12.6	2.534

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	4.78	NO	1.564	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	7.78	NO	2.052	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	10	N/A	2.303	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	9.04	NO	2.202	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	3.98	NO	1.381	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	5.96	NO	1.785	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Trichloroethene UNITS: ug/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 5.625	**S=** 3.594	**CV(1)=** 0.639	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 14.693	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.571	**S=** 0.565	**CV(2)=** 0.360	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.995	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	11	2.398
4/22/2002	16	2.773
7/15/2002	8	2.079
10/8/2002	3	1.099
1/8/2003	2	0.693
4/3/2003	3	1.099
7/8/2003	3	1.099
10/6/2003	2	0.693

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	5	1.609
4/23/2002	5	1.609
7/16/2002	4	1.386
10/8/2002	6	1.792
1/7/2003	5	1.609
4/2/2003	6	1.792
7/9/2003	5	1.609
10/7/2003	6	1.792

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	5.3	NO	1.668	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	2.36	N/A	0.859	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	2.57	N/A	0.944	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	4.1	N/A	1.411	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	1.07	N/A	0.068	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	7.88	NO	2.064	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Vanadium UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.024	**S=** 0.006	**CV(1)=** 0.259	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.039	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.771	**S=** 0.223	**CV(2)=** -0.059	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -3.208	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/22/2002	0.027	-3.612
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.039	-3.244
4/23/2002	0.037	-3.297
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/2/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00366	NO	-5.610	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.00362	NO	-5.621	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Zinc UNITS: mg/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.116	**S=** 0.173	**CV(1)=** 1.490	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.552	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -2.729	**S=** 1.014	**CV(2)=** -0.371	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -0.172	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW369

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/22/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/15/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/8/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/3/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW372

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/19/2002	0.725	-0.322
4/23/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/16/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/7/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/2/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	0.0058	N/A	-5.150	NO
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	0.00409	N/A	-5.499	NO
MW363	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	0.00345	N/A	-5.669	NO
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	0.00665	N/A	-5.013	NO
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	0.00689	N/A	-4.978	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Aluminum UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 2.026	**S=** 5.626	**CV(1)=** 2.777	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 16.219	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.803	**S=** 1.380	**CV(2)=** -1.718	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.678	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	4.66	1.539
4/23/2002	0.2	-1.609
7/15/2002	0.2	-1.609
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	22.7	3.122
4/23/2002	1.46	0.378
7/16/2002	0.253	-1.374
10/8/2002	0.482	-0.730
1/7/2003	0.608	-0.498
4/2/2003	0.446	-0.807
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/7/2003	0.2	-1.609

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.0214	N/A	-3.844	NO
MW364	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.05	N/A	-2.996	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Boron UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.140	**S=** 0.780	**CV(1)=** 0.684	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 3.108	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.235	**S=** 1.006	**CV(2)=** -4.287	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.303	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW370	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	2	0.693
4/23/2002	2	0.693
7/15/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.2	-1.609
1/8/2003	0.2	-1.609
4/3/2003	0.2	-1.609
7/9/2003	0.2	-1.609
10/6/2003	0.2	-1.609

Well Number:	MW373	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	2	0.693
4/23/2002	2	0.693
7/16/2002	2	0.693
10/8/2002	0.79	-0.236
1/7/2003	0.807	-0.214
4/2/2003	1.13	0.122
7/9/2003	1.28	0.247
10/7/2003	1.24	0.215

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.428	NO	-0.849	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.322	NO	-1.133	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.0112	NO	-4.492	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.053	NO	-2.937	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.0285	NO	-3.558	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	1.18	NO	0.166	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Bromide UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.000	**S=** 0.000	**CV(1)=** 0.000	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 1.000	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.000	**S=** 0.000	**CV(2)=** #Num!	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.000	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1	0.000
7/15/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/8/2003	1	0.000
4/3/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/6/2003	1	0.000

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1	0.000
4/23/2002	1	0.000
7/16/2002	1	0.000
10/8/2002	1	0.000
1/7/2003	1	0.000
4/2/2003	1	0.000
7/9/2003	1	0.000
10/7/2003	1	0.000

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.459	NO	-0.779	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.429	NO	-0.846	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.412	NO	-0.887	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.467	NO	-0.761	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.43	NO	-0.844	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.58	NO	-0.545	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Calcium UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 43.413	**S=** 13.444	**CV(1)=** 0.310	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 77.331	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.723	**S=** 0.323	**CV(2)=** 0.087	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.539	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	34.8	3.550
4/23/2002	43.4	3.770
7/15/2002	33.2	3.503
10/8/2002	29.2	3.374
1/8/2003	31.3	3.444
4/3/2003	32.4	3.478
7/9/2003	22.9	3.131
10/6/2003	28	3.332

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	61.9	4.126
4/23/2002	59.2	4.081
7/16/2002	47.6	3.863
10/8/2002	46.1	3.831
1/7/2003	49.2	3.896
4/2/2003	57.8	4.057
7/9/2003	52.7	3.965
10/7/2003	64.9	4.173

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	32.1	NO	3.469	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	30.2	NO	3.408	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	29.2	NO	3.374	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	31.6	NO	3.453	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	28.5	NO	3.350	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	53.2	NO	3.974	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 41.938	**S=** 24.732	**CV(1)=** 0.590	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 104.336	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.658	**S=** 0.339	**CV(2)=** 0.093	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.512	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	35	3.555
4/23/2002	134	4.898
7/15/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/8/2003	35	3.555
4/3/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/6/2003	35	3.555

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	35	3.555
4/23/2002	47	3.850
7/16/2002	35	3.555
10/8/2002	35	3.555
1/7/2003	35	3.555
4/2/2003	35	3.555
7/9/2003	35	3.555
10/7/2003	35	3.555

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	32.7	NO	3.487	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	26.7	NO	3.285	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	10.7	NO	2.370	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	18.7	NO	2.929	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	20	N/A	2.996	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	24.7	NO	3.207	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Chloride UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 45.919	**S=** 7.524	**CV(1)=** 0.164	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 64.901	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.814	**S=** 0.165	**CV(2)=** 0.043	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.231	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	55.5	4.016
10/8/2002	53.6	3.982
1/8/2003	52.9	3.968
4/3/2003	53.6	3.982
7/9/2003	51.9	3.949
10/6/2003	53	3.970
1/7/2004	53	3.970
4/7/2004	51.6	3.944

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/16/2002	40.6	3.704
10/8/2002	38.8	3.658
1/7/2003	39	3.664
4/2/2003	38.4	3.648
7/9/2003	38.1	3.640
10/7/2003	38	3.638
1/6/2004	37.9	3.635
4/7/2004	38.8	3.658

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	38.9	NO	3.661	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	34.7	NO	3.547	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	33.4	NO	3.509	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	39.5	NO	3.676	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	35.6	NO	3.572	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	43.1	NO	3.764	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Cobalt UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.027	**S=** 0.032	**CV(1)=** 1.165	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.108	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -4.058	**S=** 1.011	**CV(2)=** -0.249	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.507	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.0174	-4.051
1/8/2003	0.0105	-4.556
4/3/2003	0.00931	-4.677
7/9/2003	0.137	-1.988
10/6/2003	0.0463	-3.073

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.034	-3.381
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00411	-5.494
1/7/2003	0.00344	-5.672
4/2/2003	0.00368	-5.605
7/9/2003	0.0405	-3.206
10/7/2003	0.00843	-4.776

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.00275	N/A	-5.896	NO
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.000455	N/A	-7.695	NO
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.00041	N/A	-7.799	NO
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.001	N/A	-6.908	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Conductivity UNITS: umho/cm LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 608.719 **S=** 156.157 **CV(1)=** 0.257 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 1002.702 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 6.380 **S=** 0.260 **CV(2)=** 0.041 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 7.036 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW370	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	406	6.006
4/23/2002	543	6.297
7/15/2002	476	6.165
10/8/2002	441	6.089
1/8/2003	486	6.186
4/3/2003	466	6.144
7/9/2003	479	6.172
10/6/2003	435	6.075

Well Number:	MW373	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	661	6.494
4/23/2002	801	6.686
7/16/2002	774	6.652
10/8/2002	680	6.522
1/7/2003	686.5	6.532
4/2/2003	763	6.637
7/9/2003	828	6.719
10/7/2003	814	6.702

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	495	NO	6.205	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	462	NO	6.136	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	467	NO	6.146	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	472	NO	6.157	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	445	NO	6.098	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	662	NO	6.495	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Copper UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.025	**S=** 0.010	**CV(1)=** 0.399	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.050	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.739	**S=** 0.308	**CV(2)=** -0.082	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -2.963	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.026	-3.650
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/2/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.00118	NO	-6.742	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.00123	NO	-6.701	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.000524	NO	-7.554	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.000631	NO	-7.368	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.000661	NO	-7.322	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.000498	NO	-7.605	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.387	**S=** 1.153	**CV(1)=** 0.831	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 4.295	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.115	**S=** 1.207	**CV(2)=** -10.514	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.930	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	4.32	1.463
4/23/2002	1.24	0.215
7/15/2002	0.75	-0.288
10/8/2002	0.94	-0.062
1/8/2003	3.08	1.125
4/3/2003	1.45	0.372
7/9/2003	1.22	0.199
10/6/2003	1.07	0.068

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	3.04	1.112
4/23/2002	0.03	-3.507
7/16/2002	0.23	-1.470
10/8/2002	0.86	-0.151
1/7/2003	0.21	-1.561
4/2/2003	1.19	0.174
7/9/2003	1.1	0.095
10/7/2003	1.46	0.378

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	1.25	NO	0.223	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	3.51	NO	1.256	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	3.9	NO	1.361	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	1.81	NO	0.593	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	3.18	NO	1.157	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	2.78	NO	1.022	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Dissolved Solids UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 356.188 **S=** 106.752 **CV(1)=** 0.300 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 625.523 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.831 **S=** 0.311 **CV(2)=** 0.053 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.616 **LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW370	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	236	5.464
4/23/2002	337	5.820
7/15/2002	266	5.583
10/8/2002	240	5.481
1/8/2003	282	5.642
4/3/2003	238	5.472
7/9/2003	248	5.513
10/6/2003	224	5.412

Well Number:	MW373	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	427	6.057
4/23/2002	507	6.229
7/16/2002	464	6.140
10/8/2002	408	6.011
1/7/2003	404	6.001
4/2/2003	450	6.109
7/9/2003	487	6.188
10/7/2003	481	6.176

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	274	NO	5.613	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	286	NO	5.656	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	266	NO	5.583	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	280	NO	5.635	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	236	NO	5.464	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	386	NO	5.956	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Iron UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 9.230	**S=** 8.841	**CV(1)=** 0.958	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 31.535	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.942	**S=** 0.713	**CV(2)=** 0.367	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.740	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	9.34	2.234
4/23/2002	4.33	1.466
7/15/2002	3.52	1.258
10/8/2002	7.45	2.008
1/8/2003	7.04	1.952
4/3/2003	4.64	1.535
7/9/2003	15.8	2.760
10/6/2003	6.49	1.870

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	37.6	3.627
4/23/2002	19	2.944
7/16/2002	10.7	2.370
10/8/2002	3.75	1.322
1/7/2003	3.87	1.353
4/2/2003	3.5	1.253
7/9/2003	7.72	2.044
10/7/2003	2.93	1.075

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	1.31	NO	0.270	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.0998	NO	-2.305	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.735	NO	-0.308	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.1	N/A	-2.303	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.0668	NO	-2.706	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Magnesium UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 17.544	**S=** 5.911	**CV(1)=** 0.337	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 32.458	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.810	**S=** 0.343	**CV(2)=** 0.122	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.676	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	12.1	2.493
4/23/2002	15.1	2.715
7/15/2002	12.4	2.518
10/8/2002	12.2	2.501
1/8/2003	11.5	2.442
4/3/2003	12.3	2.510
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/6/2003	12.1	2.493

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	24.8	3.211
4/23/2002	22.7	3.122
7/16/2002	18.8	2.934
10/8/2002	21.1	3.049
1/7/2003	19.9	2.991
4/2/2003	25.5	3.239
7/9/2003	23.3	3.148
10/7/2003	26.9	3.292

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	14.7	NO	2.688	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	13.2	NO	2.580	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	13.2	NO	2.580	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	12.6	NO	2.534	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	12.7	NO	2.542	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	20.6	NO	3.025	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Manganese UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 1.080	**S=** 0.674	**CV(1)=** 0.624	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 2.780	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.114	**S=** 0.658	**CV(2)=** -5.762	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.547	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.244	-1.411
4/23/2002	1.82	0.599
7/15/2002	1.22	0.199
10/8/2002	0.988	-0.012
1/8/2003	0.729	-0.316
4/3/2003	0.637	-0.451
7/9/2003	2.51	0.920
10/6/2003	1.05	0.049

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.355	-1.036
4/23/2002	2.16	0.770
7/16/2002	1.39	0.329
10/8/2002	0.717	-0.333
1/7/2003	0.587	-0.533
4/2/2003	0.545	-0.607
7/9/2003	1.76	0.565
10/7/2003	0.57	-0.562

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.114	NO	-2.172	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.0505	NO	-2.986	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.00823	NO	-4.800	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.0649	NO	-2.735	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.00452	NO	-5.399	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.00864	NO	-4.751	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Molybdenum UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.010	**S=** 0.012	**CV(1)=** 1.198	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.040	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -5.693	**S=** 1.604	**CV(2)=** -0.282	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.647	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.00113	-6.786
1/8/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/3/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/6/2003	0.001	-6.908

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.025	-3.689
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.001	-6.908
1/7/2003	0.001	-6.908
4/2/2003	0.001	-6.908
7/9/2003	0.001	-6.908
10/7/2003	0.001	-6.908

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.000213	N/A	-8.454	NO
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.000382	N/A	-7.870	NO
MW367	Downgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.0005	N/A	-7.601	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Nickel UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.024	**S=** 0.022	**CV(1)=** 0.901	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.078	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -4.239	**S=** 1.087	**CV(2)=** -0.256	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.497	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/15/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/8/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/3/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.0264	-3.634
10/6/2003	0.00971	-4.635

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.05	-2.996
4/23/2002	0.05	-2.996
7/16/2002	0.05	-2.996
10/8/2002	0.005	-5.298
1/7/2003	0.005	-5.298
4/2/2003	0.005	-5.298
7/9/2003	0.0112	-4.492
10/7/2003	0.005	-5.298

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.0131	NO	-4.335	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.000848	NO	-7.073	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.00132	NO	-6.630	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.000797	NO	-7.135	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	0.002	N/A	-6.215	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential UNITS: mV LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 46.688	**S=** 60.986	**CV(1)=** 1.306	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 200.555	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.829	**S=** 1.151	**CV(2)=** 0.301	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.942	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	140	4.942
4/23/2002	-15	#Func!
7/15/2002	5	1.609
4/3/2003	49	3.892
7/9/2003	-35	#Func!
10/6/2003	40	3.689
1/7/2004	101	4.615
4/7/2004	105	4.654

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	140	4.942
4/23/2002	-20	#Func!
10/8/2002	10	2.303
1/7/2003	10	2.303
4/2/2003	67	4.205
7/9/2003	-29	#Func!
10/7/2003	127	4.844
1/6/2004	52	3.951

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	223	N/A	5.407	YES
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	403	N/A	5.999	YES
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	434	N/A	6.073	YES
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	409	N/A	6.014	YES
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	368	N/A	5.908	YES
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	350	N/A	5.858	YES

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW358
MW361
MW364
MW367
MW370
MW373

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

pH UNITS: Std Unit LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 6.283 **S=** 0.159 **CV(1)=** 0.025 **K factor**=** 2.904 **TL(1)=** 6.745 **LL(1)=**5.8202

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 1.837 **S=** 0.025 **CV(2)=** 0.014 **K factor**=** 2.904 **TL(2)=** 1.911 **LL(2)=**1.7634

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	6.3	1.841
4/23/2002	6.4	1.856
7/15/2002	6.3	1.841
10/8/2002	6.3	1.841
1/8/2003	6.4	1.856
4/3/2003	6.5	1.872
7/9/2003	6.3	1.841
10/6/2003	6.5	1.872

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	6	1.792
4/23/2002	6.3	1.841
7/16/2002	6.45	1.864
10/8/2002	6.18	1.821
1/7/2003	6.35	1.848
4/2/2003	6.14	1.815
7/9/2003	6.1	1.808
10/7/2003	6	1.792

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)? Result <LL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)? LN(Result) <LL(2)?
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	6.08	NO	1.805	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	5.87	NO	1.770	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	6.13	NO	1.813	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	6.11	NO	1.810	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	6.1	NO	1.808	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	6.18	NO	1.821	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Potassium UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 2.823	**S=** 0.522	**CV(1)=** 0.185	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 4.139	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.024	**S=** 0.167	**CV(2)=** 0.163	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 1.445	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	3.22	1.169
4/23/2002	3.43	1.233
7/15/2002	2.98	1.092
10/8/2002	2.46	0.900
1/8/2003	2.41	0.880
4/3/2003	2.43	0.888
7/9/2003	2.44	0.892
10/6/2003	2.48	0.908

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	4.34	1.468
4/23/2002	3.04	1.112
7/16/2002	2.93	1.075
10/8/2002	2.3	0.833
1/7/2003	2.45	0.896
4/2/2003	2.7	0.993
7/9/2003	2.68	0.986
10/7/2003	2.88	1.058

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	2.37	NO	0.863	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	1.85	NO	0.615	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	2.03	NO	0.708	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	2.74	NO	1.008	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	2.56	NO	0.940	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	2.39	NO	0.871	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Radium-226 UNITS: pCi/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 2.158	**S=** 5.739	**CV(1)=** 2.660	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 16.637	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -0.670	**S=** 1.833	**CV(2)=** -2.736	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.068	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW370	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/15/2002	10.1	2.313
10/8/2002	-0.825	#Func!
1/8/2003	0.415	-0.879
10/6/2003	0.52	-0.654
1/7/2004	1.03	0.030
4/7/2004	0.434	-0.835
7/13/2004	0.532	-0.631
10/7/2004	0.299	-1.207

Well Number:	MW373	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
7/16/2002	21.5	3.068
10/8/2002	0.0327	-3.420
1/7/2003	-0.844	#Func!
10/7/2003	0	#Func!
1/6/2004	0.177	-1.732
4/7/2004	0.792	-0.233
7/14/2004	0.327	-1.118
10/7/2004	0.033	-3.411

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.531	N/A	-0.633	NO
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.295	N/A	-1.221	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	No	0.0741	N/A	-2.602	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	1.35	N/A	0.300	NO
MW370	Upgradient	No	0.166	N/A	-1.796	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	No	-0.0404	N/A	#Error	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sodium UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 51.544	**S=** 15.227	**CV(1)=** 0.295	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 89.962	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.906	**S=** 0.272	**CV(2)=** 0.070	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.592	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	31.8	3.459
4/23/2002	50	3.912
7/15/2002	44.7	3.800
10/8/2002	40	3.689
1/8/2003	44.6	3.798
4/3/2003	41.9	3.735
7/9/2003	40	3.689
10/6/2003	38.1	3.640

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	43.4	3.770
4/23/2002	79.8	4.380
7/16/2002	87.7	4.474
10/8/2002	61.6	4.121
1/7/2003	59.3	4.083
4/2/2003	62.1	4.129
7/9/2003	50.1	3.914
10/7/2003	49.6	3.904

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	42.4	NO	3.747	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	43.6	NO	3.775	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	42.6	NO	3.752	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	36.9	NO	3.608	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	42.1	NO	3.740	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	47.9	NO	3.869	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Sulfate UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 122.381	**S=** 195.095	**CV(1)=** 1.594	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 614.606	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.985	**S=** 1.323	**CV(2)=** 0.332	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 7.322	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	17.4	2.856
4/23/2002	37.9	3.635
7/15/2002	15.7	2.754
10/8/2002	13.4	2.595
1/8/2003	14.4	2.667
4/3/2003	18.1	2.896
7/9/2003	9.6	2.262
10/6/2003	16.5	2.803

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	163.3	5.096
4/23/2002	809.6	6.697
7/16/2002	109.4	4.695
10/8/2002	110.6	4.706
1/7/2003	113.7	4.734
4/2/2003	133	4.890
7/9/2003	182.1	5.205
10/7/2003	193.4	5.265

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	68.1	N/A	4.221	NO
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	62.5	N/A	4.135	NO
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	69.8	N/A	4.246	NO
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	58.3	N/A	4.066	NO
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	21.1	N/A	3.049	NO
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	89.5	N/A	4.494	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Technetium-99 UNITS: pCi/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 7.655	**S=** 13.274	**CV(1)=** 1.734	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 41.146	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.946	**S=** 0.939	**CV(2)=** 0.483	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.833	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	10.8	2.380
4/23/2002	8.53	2.144
7/15/2002	5.09	1.627
10/8/2002	4.78	1.564
1/8/2003	-5.12	#Func!
4/3/2003	5.11	1.631
7/9/2003	4.25	1.447
10/6/2003	6.54	1.878

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	16.5	2.803
4/23/2002	3.49	1.250
7/16/2002	1.42	0.351
10/8/2002	-6.06	#Func!
1/7/2003	-8.41	#Func!
4/2/2003	26.3	3.270
7/9/2003	3.06	1.118
10/7/2003	46.2	3.833

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	42.9	N/A	3.759	NO
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	39.9	N/A	3.686	NO
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	42.1	N/A	3.740	NO
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	60.2	N/A	4.098	YES
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	107	N/A	4.673	YES
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	30.2	N/A	3.408	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to historical background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW367
MW370

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Carbon (TOC) UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 6.169	**S=** 12.072	**CV(1)=** 1.957	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 36.626	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 1.069	**S=** 1.014	**CV(2)=** 0.948	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.626	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	1.2	0.182
4/23/2002	4.3	1.459
7/15/2002	2.6	0.956
10/8/2002	2.3	0.833
1/8/2003	3	1.099
4/3/2003	1.2	0.182
7/9/2003	2.6	0.956
10/6/2003	1.7	0.531

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	1.1	0.095
4/23/2002	17.5	2.862
7/16/2002	49	3.892
10/8/2002	2.9	1.065
1/7/2003	3.9	1.361
4/2/2003	2.5	0.916
7/9/2003	1.7	0.531
10/7/2003	1.2	0.182

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.996	N/A	-0.004	NO
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.851	N/A	-0.161	NO
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.798	N/A	-0.226	NO
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.677	N/A	-0.390	NO
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	1.07	N/A	0.068	NO
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	1.09	N/A	0.086	NO

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Total Organic Halides (TOX) UNITS: ug/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 79.819	**S=** 78.470	**CV(1)=** 0.983	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 277.798	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 3.971	**S=** 0.950	**CV(2)=** 0.239	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 6.368	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	50	3.912
4/23/2002	228	5.429
7/15/2002	88	4.477
10/8/2002	58	4.060
1/8/2003	72.4	4.282
4/3/2003	26.6	3.281
7/9/2003	16.4	2.797
10/6/2003	31.1	3.437

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	50	3.912
4/23/2002	276	5.620
7/16/2002	177	5.176
10/8/2002	76	4.331
1/7/2003	45.9	3.826
4/2/2003	57.8	4.057
7/9/2003	10	2.303
10/7/2003	13.9	2.632

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	5.32	NO	1.671	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	11.5	NO	2.442	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	9.5	NO	2.251	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	8.24	NO	2.109	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	No	10	N/A	2.303	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	13.2	NO	2.580	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Trichloroethene UNITS: ug/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 12.188	**S=** 6.950	**CV(1)=** 0.570	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 29.721	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.305	**S=** 0.687	**CV(2)=** 0.298	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 4.039	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	19	2.944
4/23/2002	17	2.833
7/15/2002	15	2.708
10/8/2002	18	2.890
1/8/2003	17	2.833
4/3/2003	18	2.890
7/9/2003	15	2.708
10/6/2003	16	2.773

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	5	1.609
4/23/2002	25	3.219
7/16/2002	3	1.099
10/8/2002	4	1.386
1/7/2003	6	1.792
4/2/2003	5	1.609
7/9/2003	6	1.792
10/7/2003	6	1.792

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	6.02	NO	1.795	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	14.7	NO	2.688	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	6.93	NO	1.936	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	5.92	NO	1.778	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.6	N/A	-0.511	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	7.71	NO	2.043	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Vanadium UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.024	**S=** 0.008	**CV(1)=** 0.324	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.044	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.749	**S=** 0.265	**CV(2)=** -0.071	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -3.080	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.035	-3.352
4/23/2002	0.033	-3.411
7/15/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/8/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/3/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.048	-3.037
4/23/2002	0.025	-3.689
7/16/2002	0.025	-3.689
10/8/2002	0.02	-3.912
1/7/2003	0.02	-3.912
4/2/2003	0.02	-3.912
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	No	0.01	N/A	-4.605	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.00355	NO	-5.641	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.00376	NO	-5.583	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Historical Background Comparison

Zinc UNITS: mg/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is evidence of an exceedance of the statistically-derived historical background concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.055	**S=** 0.037	**CV(1)=** 0.673	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 0.147	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -3.131	**S=** 0.691	**CV(2)=** -0.221	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** -1.388	**LL(2)=**N/A

Historical Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW370

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/17/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/23/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/15/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/8/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/3/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.02	-3.912
10/6/2003	0.02	-3.912

Well Number: MW373

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
3/18/2002	0.1	-2.303
4/23/2002	0.1	-2.303
7/16/2002	0.1	-2.303
10/8/2002	0.025	-3.689
1/7/2003	0.035	-3.352
4/2/2003	0.035	-3.352
7/9/2003	0.0234	-3.755
10/7/2003	0.02	-3.912

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	0.00745	NO	-4.900	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	0.00489	NO	-5.321	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	0.0494	NO	-3.008	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	0.00502	NO	-5.294	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	0.00456	NO	-5.390	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	0.006	NO	-5.116	N/A

N/A - Results identified as Non-Detects during laboratory analysis or data validation and were not included in the statistical evaluation. Additionally for parameters that have MCLs, where the result for a well did not exceed the MCL value, that well was not included in the statistical evaluation.

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Historical Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from historical background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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ATTACHMENT D2

COMPARISON OF CURRENT DATA TO ONE-SIDED UPPER TOLERANCE INTERVAL TEST CALCULATED USING CURRENT BACKGROUND DATA

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C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Dissolved Oxygen UNITS: mg/L UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 2.589	**S=** 1.261	**CV(1)=** 0.487	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 5.771	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 0.835	**S=** 0.506	**CV(2)=** 0.605	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 2.111	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/7/2016	4.79	1.567
7/18/2016	3.65	1.295
10/19/2016	2.2	0.788
1/18/2017	2.41	0.880
4/18/2017	3.43	1.233
7/20/2017	3.51	1.256
10/3/2017	1.82	0.599
1/22/2018	2.8	1.030

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/7/2016	5.01	1.611
7/18/2016	1	0.000
10/19/2016	3.39	1.221
1/19/2017	1.43	0.358
4/18/2017	1.52	0.419
7/20/2017	1.95	0.668
10/3/2017	1.12	0.113
1/22/2018	1.39	0.329

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	4.39	NO	1.479	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	6.57	YES	1.883	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	5.82	YES	1.761	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	7.85	YES	2.061	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW362
MW365
MW371

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential UNITS: mV UCRS

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 281.438 **S=** 88.975 **CV(1)=** 0.316 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 505.921 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.594 **S=** 0.313 **CV(2)=** 0.056 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.382 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW371	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/7/2016	295	5.687
7/18/2016	441	6.089
10/19/2016	370	5.914
1/18/2017	410	6.016
4/18/2017	257	5.549
7/20/2017	364	5.897
10/3/2017	375	5.927
1/22/2018	339	5.826

Well Number:	MW374	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/7/2016	250	5.521
7/18/2016	193	5.263
10/19/2016	241	5.485
1/19/2017	187	5.231
4/18/2017	193	5.263
7/20/2017	188	5.236
10/3/2017	194	5.268
1/22/2018	206	5.328

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	375	NO	5.927	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	340	NO	5.829	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	425	NO	6.052	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	389	NO	5.964	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	365	NO	5.900	N/A
MW374	Upgradient	Yes	331	NO	5.802	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	344	NO	5.841	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis — Current Background Comparison

Sulfate — **UNITS: mg/L** — **UCRS**

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 10.215	**S=** 5.797	**CV(1)=** 0.567	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 24.840	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** 2.204	**S=** 0.484	**CV(2)=** 0.220	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 3.426	**LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number: MW371

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/7/2016	10.9	2.389
7/18/2016	27.6	3.318
10/19/2016	14.8	2.695
1/18/2017	13.1	2.573
4/18/2017	13.9	2.632
7/20/2017	14	2.639
10/3/2017	10	2.303
1/22/2018	11	2.398

Well Number: MW374

Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/7/2016	5.74	1.747
7/18/2016	6.25	1.833
10/19/2016	6.18	1.821
1/19/2017	4.83	1.575
4/18/2017	5.71	1.742
7/20/2017	6.31	1.842
10/3/2017	6.78	1.914
1/22/2018	6.34	1.847

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW359	Downgradient	Yes	50.9	YES	3.930	N/A
MW362	Downgradient	Yes	30.6	YES	3.421	N/A
MW365	Downgradient	Yes	65.5	YES	4.182	N/A
MW368	Downgradient	Yes	27.7	YES	3.321	N/A
MW371	Upgradient	Yes	91.6	YES	4.517	N/A
MW375	Sidegradient	Yes	25.5	YES	3.239	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW359
MW362
MW365
MW368
MW371
MW375

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Beta activity UNITS: pCi/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 27.531 **S=** 31.056 **CV(1)=** 1.128 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 105.885 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 2.936 **S=** 0.851 **CV(2)=** 0.290 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 5.083 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW369	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/7/2016	11.3	2.425
7/14/2016	22.3	3.105
10/19/2016	57	4.043
1/18/2017	8.82	2.177
4/18/2017	9.12	2.210
7/20/2017	26.1	3.262
10/3/2017	40.7	3.706
1/22/2018	32	3.466

Well Number:	MW372	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/7/2016	4.15	1.423
7/18/2016	21.5	3.068
10/19/2016	9.61	2.263
1/19/2017	14.2	2.653
4/18/2017	8.69	2.162
7/20/2017	21.3	3.059
10/3/2017	132	4.883
1/22/2018	21.7	3.077

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	102	N/A	4.625	NO

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential UNITS: mV URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 310.250 **S=** 53.675 **CV(1)=** 0.173 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 445.672 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.723 **S=** 0.172 **CV(2)=** 0.030 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.157 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW369	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/7/2016	302	5.710
7/14/2016	323	5.778
10/19/2016	365	5.900
1/18/2017	381	5.943
4/18/2017	271	5.602
7/20/2017	376	5.930
10/3/2017	399	5.989
1/22/2018	346	5.846

Well Number:	MW372	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/7/2016	259	5.557
7/18/2016	248	5.513
10/19/2016	242	5.489
1/19/2017	263	5.572
4/18/2017	256	5.545
7/20/2017	300	5.704
10/3/2017	358	5.881
1/22/2018	275	5.617

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	399	NO	5.989	N/A
MW360	Downgradient	Yes	340	NO	5.829	N/A
MW363	Downgradient	Yes	437	NO	6.080	N/A
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	258	NO	5.553	N/A
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	397	NO	5.984	N/A
MW372	Upgradient	Yes	348	NO	5.852	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Technetium-99 UNITS: pCi/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 38.326 **S=** 47.287 **CV(1)=** 1.234 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 157.631 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 3.153 **S=** 1.005 **CV(2)=** 0.319 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 5.688 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW369	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/7/2016	13.4	2.595
7/14/2016	10.7	2.370
10/19/2016	83.3	4.422
1/18/2017	27	3.296
4/18/2017	9.22	2.221
7/20/2017	34.2	3.532
10/3/2017	70.8	4.260
1/22/2018	38.8	3.658

Well Number:	MW372	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/7/2016	3.34	1.206
7/18/2016	35.4	3.567
10/19/2016	10.3	2.332
1/19/2017	24.7	3.207
4/18/2017	9.55	2.257
7/20/2017	30.2	3.408
10/3/2017	195	5.273
1/22/2018	17.3	2.851

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW369	Upgradient	Yes	142	N/A	4.956	NO

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Thorium-230 UNITS: pCi/L URGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data	**X=** 0.270	**S=** 0.475	**CV(1)=** 1.762	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(1)=** 1.469	**LL(1)=**N/A
Statistics-Transformed Background Data	**X=** -1.097	**S=** 0.977	**CV(2)=** -0.891	**K factor**=** 2.523	**TL(2)=** 0.191	**LL(2)=**N/A

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW369	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/7/2016	0.243	-1.415
7/14/2016	0.151	-1.890
10/19/2016	0.0272	-3.605
1/18/2017	-0.00581	#Func!
4/18/2017	0.679	-0.387
7/20/2017	0.459	-0.779
10/3/2017	-0.203	#Func!
1/22/2018	-0.923	#Func!

Well Number:	MW372	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/7/2016	0.365	-1.008
7/18/2016	-0.025	#Func!
10/19/2016	0.286	-1.252
1/19/2017	0.32	-1.139
4/18/2017	0.298	-1.211
7/20/2017	1.21	0.191
10/3/2017	0.664	-0.409
1/22/2018	0.771	-0.260

Because CV(1) is greater than 1, the natural logarithm of background and test well results were calculated utilizing TL(2) for comparison.

#Because the natural log was not possbile for all background values, the TL was considered equal to the maximum background value.

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW357	Downgradient	Yes	2.15	N/A	0.765	YES
MW366	Downgradient	Yes	2.8	N/A	1.030	YES

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

The test well(s) listed exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence of elevated concentration with respect to current background data.

Wells with Exceedances

MW357
MW366

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Oxidation-Reduction Potential UNITS: mV LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 342.938 **S=** 60.295 **CV(1)=** 0.176 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 495.063 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 5.824 **S=** 0.171 **CV(2)=** 0.029 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 6.255 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW370	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/7/2016	318	5.762
7/18/2016	483	6.180
10/19/2016	402	5.996
1/18/2017	412	6.021
4/18/2017	278	5.628
7/20/2017	343	5.838
10/3/2017	392	5.971
1/22/2018	334	5.811

Well Number:	MW373	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/7/2016	278	5.628
7/18/2016	337	5.820
10/19/2016	322	5.775
1/19/2017	279	5.631
4/18/2017	260	5.561
7/20/2017	309	5.733
10/3/2017	347	5.849
1/22/2018	393	5.974

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW358	Downgradient	Yes	223	NO	5.407	N/A
MW361	Downgradient	Yes	403	NO	5.999	N/A
MW364	Downgradient	Yes	434	NO	6.073	N/A
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	409	NO	6.014	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	368	NO	5.908	N/A
MW373	Upgradient	Yes	350	NO	5.858	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

C-746-U Second Quarter 2018 Statistical Analysis Current Background Comparison

Technetium-99 UNITS: pCi/L LRGA

The CV is calculated to determine if background data are normally distributed. If so, the current test well results are compared to the TL. If not, a transformation is performed on the background and test well results, then each transformed test well result is compared to the transformed TL. If the test well result exceeds the TL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated concentration in that well. For pH only, the current test well results are compared to the TL and LL. If the test well result for pH exceeds the TL or is less than the LL, that is statistically significant evidence of elevated or lowered concentration in that well.

Statistics-Background Data **X=** 55.870 **S=** 37.129 **CV(1)=** 0.665 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(1)=** 149.546 **LL(1)=**N/A

Statistics-Transformed Background Data **X=** 3.778 **S=** 0.761 **CV(2)=** 0.202 **K factor**=** 2.523 **TL(2)=** 5.698 **LL(2)=**N/A

Because CV(1) is less than or equal to 1, assume normal distribution and continue with statistical analysis utilizing TL(1).

Current Background Data from Upgradient Wells with Transformed Result

Well Number:	MW370	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/7/2016	92	4.522
7/18/2016	93.2	4.535
10/19/2016	31.7	3.456
1/18/2017	82.8	4.416
4/18/2017	99.1	4.596
7/20/2017	120	4.787
10/3/2017	103	4.635
1/22/2018	73.9	4.303

Well Number:	MW373	
Date Collected	Result	LN(Result)
4/7/2016	31.2	3.440
7/18/2016	23.7	3.165
10/19/2016	19.9	2.991
1/19/2017	33.1	3.500
4/18/2017	26.8	3.288
7/20/2017	9.12	2.210
10/3/2017	29.6	3.388
1/22/2018	24.8	3.211

Current Quarter Data

Well No.	Gradient	Detected?	Result	Result >TL(1)?	LN(Result)	LN(Result) >TL(2)
MW367	Downgradient	Yes	60.2	NO	4.098	N/A
MW370	Upgradient	Yes	107	NO	4.673	N/A

Conclusion of Statistical Analysis on Current Data

None of the test wells exceeded the Upper Tolerance Limit, which is evidence that concentrations in these wells are not different from current background concentrations to a statistically-significant level.

NOTE: For UCRS wells, background ("upgradient") wells are those located in the same direction as RGA wells located upgradient from the landfill.

CV Coefficient-of-Variation, CV = S/X If CV is less than or equal to 1 assume normal distribution.

S Standard Deviation, S = [Sum ([(background result-X)^2]/[count of background results -1])]^0.5

TL Upper Tolerance Limit, TL = X + (K * S), LL Lower Tolerance Limit, LL = X - (K * S)

X Mean, X = (sum of background results)/(count of background results)

** *Read from Table 5, Appendix B of Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,Interim Guidance, EPA, 1989, based on total number of background results - The K-factor for pH to account for a two-sided tolerance interval instead of a one-sided tolerance limit. The K-factor for pH was computed using a formula from NIST/SEMATECH e-Handbook of Statistical Methods, http://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/handbook/,2009.*

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ATTACHMENT D3

STATISTICIAN QUALIFICATION STATEMENT

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FOUR RIVERS
NUCLEAR PARTNERSHIP, LLC

Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC
5511 Hobbs Road
Kevil, KY 42053
www.fourriversnuclearpartnership.com

July 17, 2018

Ms. Kelly Layne
Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC
5511 Hobbs Road
Kevil, KY 42053

Dear Ms. Layne:

This statement is submitted in response to your request that it be included with the completed statistical analysis that I have performed on the groundwater data for the C-746-S&T and C-746-U Landfills at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant.

As an Environmental Scientist, with a bachelor's degree in science, I have over 20 years of experience in reviewing and assessing laboratory analytical results associated with environmental sampling and investigation activities. For the generation of these statistical analyses, my work was observed and reviewed by a senior chemist and geologist with Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC.

For this project, the statistical analyses conducted on the second quarter 2018 monitoring well data collected from the C-746-S&T and C-746-U Landfills were performed in accordance with guidance provided in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency guidance document, *EPA Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance* (1989).

Sincerely,

Jennifer R. Watson

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APPENDIX E

GROUNDWATER FLOW RATE AND DIRECTION

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GROUNDWATER FLOW RATE AND DIRECTION

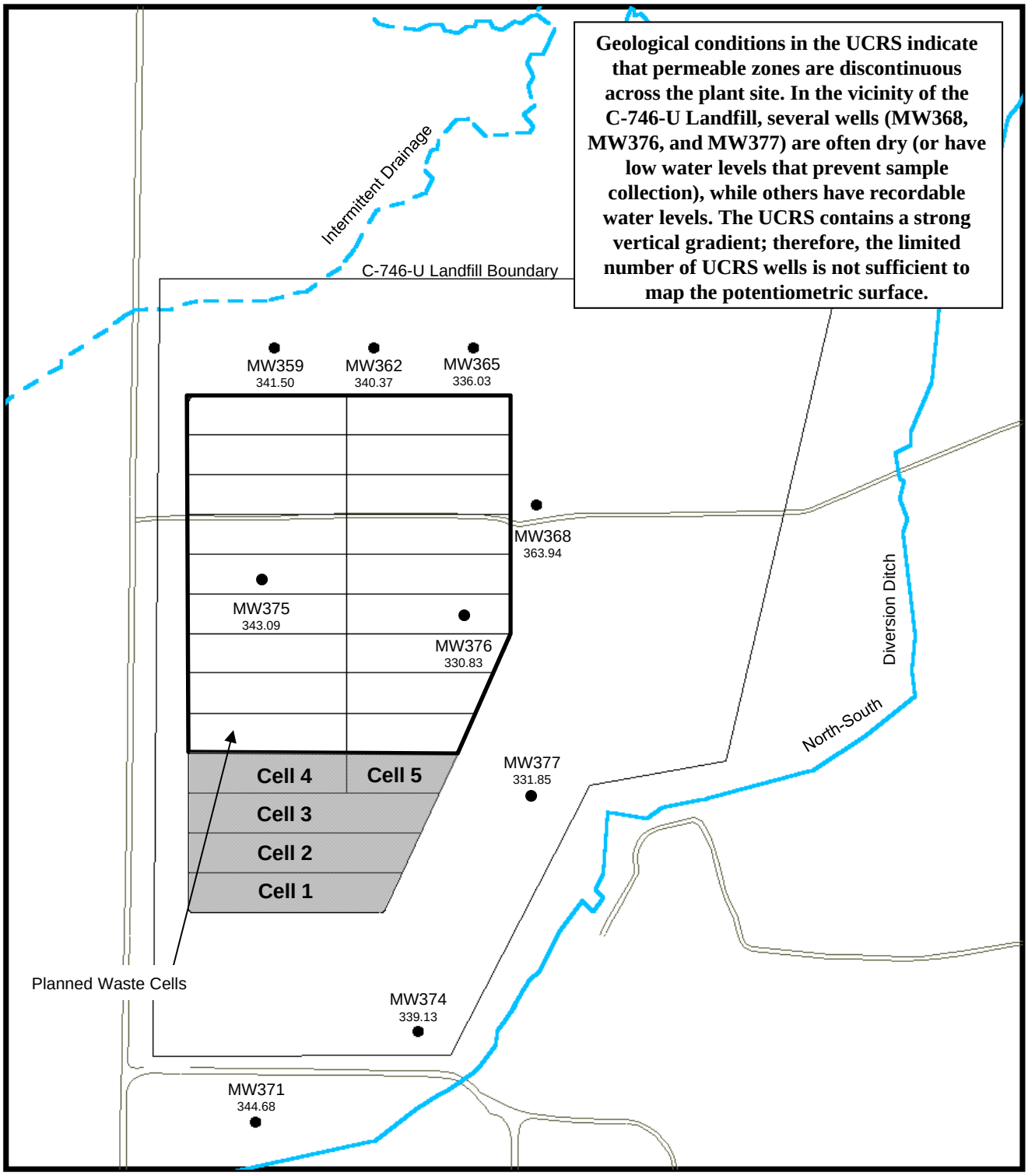
Determination of groundwater flow rate and direction of flow in the uppermost aquifer whenever the monitoring wells (MWs) are sampled is a requirement of 401 *KAR* 48.300, Section 11. The uppermost aquifer below the C-746-U Landfill is the Regional Gravel Aquifer (RGA). Water level measurements currently are recorded in several wells at the landfill on a quarterly basis. These measurements were used to plot the potentiometric surface of the RGA for the second quarter 2018 and determine groundwater flow rate and direction.

Water levels during this reporting period were measured on April 25, 2018. As shown on Figure E.1, all Upper Continental Recharge System (UCRS) wells had sufficient water to permit water level measurement during this reporting period. UCRS wells MW376 and MW377 had insufficient water to permit sampling for laboratory analysis.

The UCRS has a strong vertical hydraulic gradient; therefore, the available UCRS wells screened over different elevations are not sufficient for mapping the potentiometric surface. As shown in Table E.1, the RGA data were converted to elevations to plot the potentiometric surfaces within the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer (URGA) and Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer (LRGA). (At the request of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the RGA is differentiated into two zones, the URGA and LRGA.) Based on the potentiometric maps (Figures E.2 and E.3), the hydraulic gradients for the URGA and LRGA at the C-746-U Landfill, as measured along the defined groundwater flow directions, were 4.72×10^{-4} ft/ft and 3.85×10^{-4} ft/ft, respectively. Water level measurements in wells at the C-746-U Landfill and in wells of the surrounding region (MW98, MW100, MW125, MW139, MW165A, MW173, MW193, MW197, and MW200), along with the C-746-S&T Landfill wells, were used to contour the general RGA potentiometric surface (Figure E.4). The hydraulic gradient for the RGA, as a whole, in the vicinity of the C-746-U Landfill was 3.59×10^{-4} ft/ft. The hydraulic gradients are shown in Table E.2.

The average linear groundwater flow velocity (v) is determined by multiplying the hydraulic gradient (i) by the hydraulic conductivity (K) [resulting in the specific discharge (q)] and dividing by the effective porosity (n_e). The RGA hydraulic conductivity values used are reported in the Administrative Application for the New Solid Waste Landfill Permit No. SW07300045NWC1 and range from 425 to 725 ft/day (0.150 to 0.256 cm/s). RGA (both URGA and LRGA) effective porosity is assumed to be 25%. Flow velocities were calculated for the URGA and LRGA using the low and high values for hydraulic conductivity, as shown in the Table E.3.

Groundwater flow beneath the C-746-U Landfill typically trends northeastward toward the Ohio River. As demonstrated on the potentiometric maps for April 2018, the groundwater flow direction in the immediate area of the landfill ranges from northeastward to southeastward. While this varies from typical regional flow, the fluctuation in flow has occurred at least twice during April (2011 and 2015) over the last seven years.



LEGEND

500 0 500 Feet

Contour Interval = N/A

20° True North Plant North

Figure E.1. Potentiometric Surface of the Upper Continental Recharge System at the C-746-U Landfill, April 25, 2018

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
DOE PORTSMOUTH-PADUCAH PROJECT OFFICE
PADUCAH GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANT

FOUR RIVERS NUCLEAR PARTNERSHIP, LLC

Table E.1. C-746-U Landfill Second Quarter 2018 (April) Water Levels

C-746-U Landfill (April 2018) Water Levels										
							Raw Data		*Corrected Data	
Date	Time	Well	Aquifer	Datum Elev (ft amsl)	BP (in Hg)	Delta BP (ft H_20)	DTW (ft)	Elev (ft amsl)	DTW (ft)	Elev (ft amsl)
4/25/2018	10:14	MW357	URGA	368.99	30.03	-0.02	40.60	328.39	40.58	328.41
4/25/2018	10:12	MW358	LRGA	369.13	30.03	-0.02	40.74	328.39	40.72	328.41
4/25/2018	10:13	MW359	UCRS	369.11	30.03	-0.02	27.63	341.48	27.61	341.50
4/25/2018	10:17	MW360	URGA	362.30	30.03	-0.02	33.95	328.35	33.93	328.37
4/25/2018	10:19	MW361	LRGA	361.54	30.03	-0.02	33.19	328.35	33.17	328.37
4/25/2018	10:18	MW362	UCRS	362.04	30.03	-0.02	21.69	340.35	21.67	340.37
4/25/2018	10:10	MW363	URGA	368.84	30.03	-0.02	40.54	328.30	40.52	328.32
4/25/2018	10:08	MW364	LRGA	368.45	30.03	-0.02	40.26	328.19	40.24	328.21
4/25/2018	10:09	MW365	UCRS	368.37	30.03	-0.02	32.36	336.01	32.34	336.03
4/25/2018	10:04	MW366	URGA	369.27	30.03	-0.02	40.99	328.28	40.97	328.30
4/25/2018	10:06	MW367	LRGA	369.66	30.03	-0.02	41.41	328.25	41.39	328.27
4/25/2018	10:05	MW368	UCRS	369.27	30.03	-0.02	5.35	363.92	5.33	363.94
4/25/2018	9:04	MW369	URGA	364.48	30.01	0.00	36.27	328.21	36.27	328.21
4/25/2018	9:06	MW370	LRGA	365.35	30.01	0.00	37.15	328.20	37.15	328.20
4/25/2018	9:05	MW371	UCRS	364.88	30.01	0.00	20.20	344.68	20.20	344.68
4/25/2018	9:01	MW372	URGA	359.52	30.01	0.00	31.52	328.00	31.52	328.00
4/25/2018	8:59	MW373	LRGA	359.95	30.01	0.00	31.83	328.12	31.83	328.12
4/25/2018	9:00	MW374	UCRS	359.71	30.01	0.00	20.58	339.13	20.58	339.13
4/25/2018	9:55	MW375	UCRS	370.53	30.03	-0.02	27.46	343.07	27.44	343.09
4/25/2018	9:53	MW376	UCRS	370.61	30.03	-0.02	39.80	330.81	39.78	330.83
4/25/2018	9:51	MW377	UCRS	365.92	30.01	0.00	34.07	331.85	34.07	331.85

Initial Barometric Pressure 30.01
Elev = elevation
amsl = above mean sea level
BP = barometric pressure
DTW = depth to water in feet below datum
URGA = Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer
LRGA = Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer
UCRS = Upper Continental Recharge System

*Assumes a barometric efficiency of 1.0

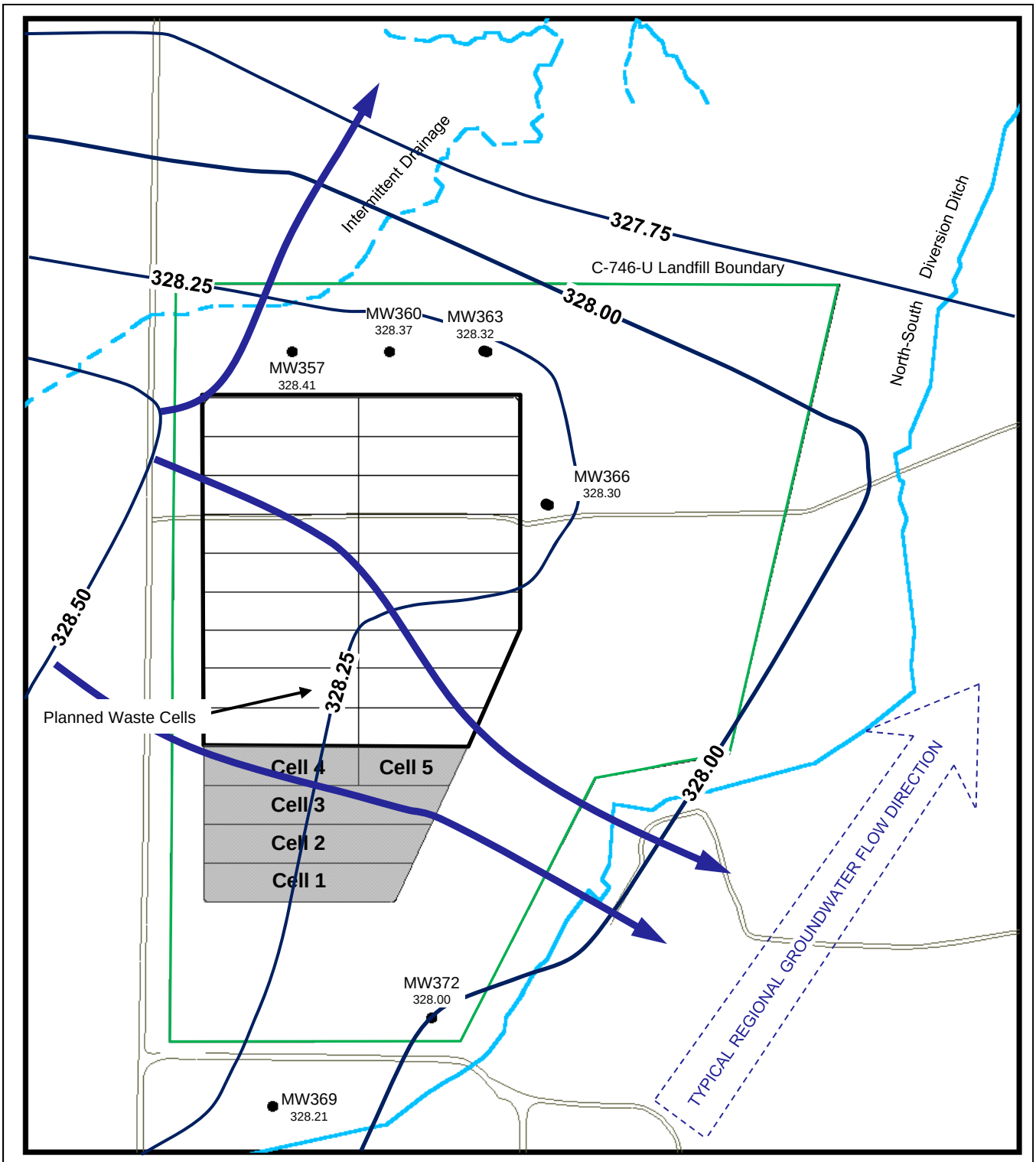
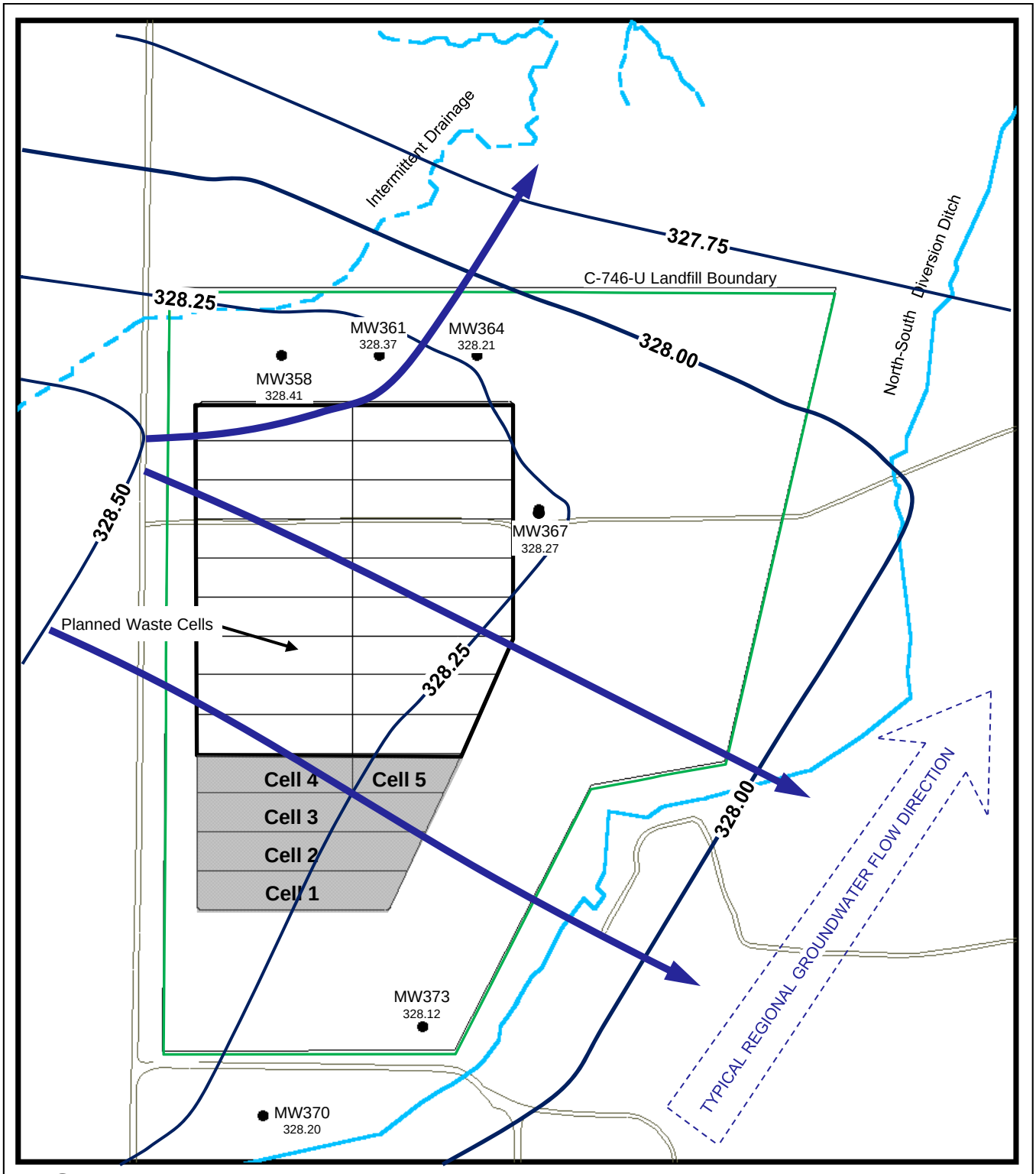


Figure E.2. Potentiometric Surface of the Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer at the C-746-U Landfill, April 25, 2018



LEGEND

500 0 500 Feet

Contour Interval = 0.25 ft

Groundwater Flow Direction

327.00 Potentiometric Surface Contour

Landfill Boundary

20° True North Plant North

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
DOE PORTSMOUTH-PADUCAH PROJECT OFFICE
PADUCAH GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANT

FOUR RIVERS NUCLEAR PARTNERSHIP, LLC

Figure E.3. Potentiometric Surface of the Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer at the C-746-U Landfill, April 25, 2018

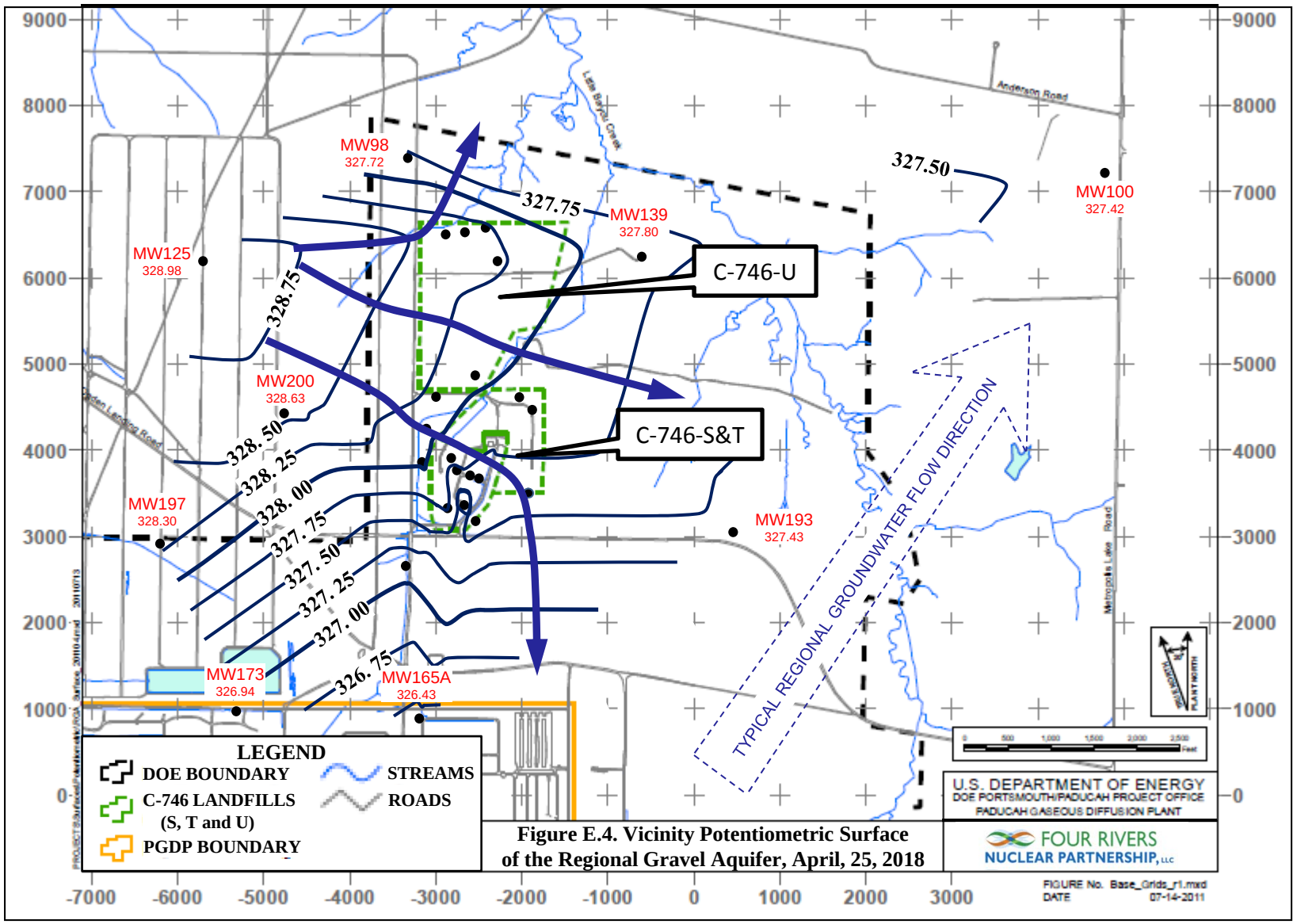


Figure E.4. Vicinity Potentiometric Surface of the Regional Gravel Aquifer, April, 25, 2018

Table E.2. C-746-U Landfill Hydraulic Gradients

	ft/ft
Beneath Landfill—Upper RGA	4.72×10^{-4}
Beneath Landfill—Lower RGA	3.85×10^{-4}
Vicinity	3.59×10^{-4}

Table E.3. C-746-U Landfill Groundwater Flow Rate

Hydraulic Conductivity (K)		Specific Discharge (q)		Average Linear Velocity (v)	
ft/day	cm/s	ft/day	cm/s	ft/day	cm/s
Upper RGA					
725	0.256	0.342	1.21×10^{-4}	1.37	4.83×10^{-4}
425	0.150	0.200	7.08×10^{-5}	0.802	2.83×10^{-4}
Lower RGA					
725	0.256	0.279	9.85×10^{-5}	1.12	3.94×10^{-4}
425	0.150	0.164	5.77×10^{-5}	0.654	2.31×10^{-4}

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APPENDIX F

NOTIFICATIONS

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NOTIFICATIONS

In accordance with 401 *KAR* 48:300 § 7, the notification for parameters that exceed the maximum contaminant level (MCL) has been submitted to the Kentucky Division of Waste Management. The parameters submitted are listed on page F-4. The notification for parameters that do not have MCLs, but had statistically significant increased concentrations relative to historical background concentrations, is provided below.

Statistical Analysis of Parameters Notification

The statistical analyses conducted on the second quarter 2018 groundwater data collected from the C-746-U Landfill monitoring wells were performed in accordance with *Groundwater Monitoring Plan for the Solid Waste Permitted Landfills (C-746-S Residential Landfill, C-746-T Inert Landfill, and C-746-U Contained Landfill) at the Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant, Paducah, Kentucky* (LATA Kentucky 2014).

The following are the permit required parameters in 40 *CFR* § 302.4, Appendix A, which had statistically significant increased concentrations relative to historical background concentrations.

	Parameter	**Monitoring Well**
Upper Continental Recharge System	None	
Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer	Technetium-99	MW369
Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer	Technetium-99	MW367, MW370

NOTE: Although technetium-99 is not cited in 40 *CFR* § 302.4, Appendix A, this radionuclide is being reported along with the parameters of this regulation.

5/22/2018

Four Rivers Nuclear Partnership, LLC
PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM
C-746-U LANDFILL
SOLID WASTE PERMIT NUMBER SW07300045
MAXIMUM CONTAMINANT LEVEL (MCL) EXCEEDANCE REPORT
Quarterly Groundwater Sampling

AKGWA	Station	Analysis	Method	Results	Units	MCL
8004-4798	MW357	Trichloroethene	8260B	5.3	ug/L	5
8004-4799	MW358	Trichloroethene	8260B	6.02	ug/L	5
8004-4795	MW361	Trichloroethene	8260B	14.7	ug/L	5
		Trichloroethene	8260B	9.34	ug/L	5
8004-4797	MW364	Trichloroethene	8260B	6.93	ug/L	5
8004-4793	MW367	Trichloroethene	8260B	5.92	ug/L	5
8004-4820	MW369	Beta activity	9310	102	pCi/L	50
8004-4808	MW372	Trichloroethene	8260B	7.88	ug/L	5
8004-4792	MW373	Trichloroethene	8260B	7.71	ug/L	5

NOTE 1: MCLs are defined in 401 KAR 47:030.

NOTE 2: MW369, MW370, MW372, and MW373 are down-gradient wells for the C-746-S and C-746-T Landfills and upgradient for the C-746-U Landfill. These wells are sampled with the C-746-U Landfill monitoring well network. These wells are reported on the exceedance reports for C-746-S, C-746-T, and C-746-U.

APPENDIX G

CHART OF MCL AND UTL EXCEEDANCES

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Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
ACETONE																					
Quarter 3, 2002										✱	✱	✱									
Quarter 4, 2002										✱	✱	✱									
Quarter 1, 2003											✱	✱									
Quarter 2, 2003											✱	✱									
Quarter 3, 2003	✱						✱			✱	✱	✱			✱			✱			
Quarter 4, 2003						✱	✱				✱			✱							
Quarter 3, 2004						✱										✱					
Quarter 3, 2005						✱															
Quarter 4, 2005						✱															
ALPHA ACTIVITY																					
Quarter 1, 2004																					■
Quarter 2, 2004						■															
Quarter 3, 2009						■															
ALUMINUM																					
Quarter 3, 2003											✱										
BETA ACTIVITY																					
Quarter 1, 2004															■						
Quarter 2, 2004															■						■
Quarter 3, 2004															■						
Quarter 4, 2004															■						
Quarter 4, 2005															■						
Quarter 1, 2006															■						■
Quarter 2, 2006																					■
Quarter 3, 2006															■						■
Quarter 4, 2006															■						■
Quarter 1, 2007										■					■						■
Quarter 2, 2007															■						■
Quarter 3, 2007										■					■						
Quarter 4, 2007										■					■						■
Quarter 1, 2008										■					■						
Quarter 2, 2008														■		■					
Quarter 3, 2008										■					■				■		
Quarter 4, 2008										■					■				■		
Quarter 1, 2009										■					■						
Quarter 2, 2009															■	■	■				
Quarter 3, 2009										■					■						
Quarter 4, 2009										■					■						
Quarter 1, 2010															■						
Quarter 2, 2010										■						■					
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Quarter 4, 2010															■						
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Quarter 4, 2011															■						
Quarter 1, 2012										■											
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Quarter 3, 2012										■					■						
Quarter 4, 2012															■						■
Quarter 1, 2013															■						■
Quarter 3, 2013															■						■
Quarter 4, 2013															■						
Quarter 1, 2014															■						
Quarter 4, 2014															■						
Quarter 1, 2015															■						
Quarter 2, 2015																■					
Quarter 4, 2015															■				■		
Quarter 3, 2016																				■	
Quarter 4, 2016														■							
Quarter 2, 2017																				■	
Quarter 3, 2017																				■	
Quarter 4, 2017															■					■	
Quarter 1, 2018																			■	■	
Quarter 2, 2018														■							
BROMIDE																					
Quarter 2, 2004													✱								
CALCIUM																					
Quarter 3, 2003										✱											
Quarter 2, 2005																					✱
Quarter 3, 2006															✱						
Quarter 2, 2008															✱						
Quarter 3, 2009															✱						

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
CALCIUM																					
Quarter 4, 2009															*						
Quarter 1, 2010															*						
Quarter 2, 2010															*						
Quarter 3, 2010															*						
Quarter 1, 2011															*						
Quarter 2, 2011															*						
Quarter 3, 2011																					*
Quarter 4, 2011															*						*
Quarter 1, 2012															*						*
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Quarter 3, 2012															*						*
Quarter 4, 2012															*						
Quarter 1, 2013															*						*
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Quarter 2, 2014															*						*
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Quarter 4, 2014															*						
Quarter 2, 2015															*						
Quarter 3, 2015															*						
Quarter 4, 2015															*						
Quarter 1, 2016															*						
Quarter 2, 2016															*						
Quarter 2, 2017	*																				
Quarter 1, 2018	*																				
CARBON DISULFIDE																					
Quarter 3, 2003										*											
Quarter 2, 2005							*														
Quarter 3, 2005						*															
Quarter 4, 2005						*															
Quarter 1, 2006						*															
Quarter 2, 2006						*															
Quarter 3, 2010		*									*										
Quarter 4, 2010														*							
Quarter 1, 2011															*						
CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND																					
Quarter 3, 2002										*	*	*	*	*	*						
Quarter 4, 2002										*	*										
Quarter 1, 2003										*	*										
Quarter 2, 2003										*	*	*									
Quarter 3, 2003	*									*	*					*					
Quarter 4, 2003						*				*	*										
Quarter 3, 2004										*											
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Quarter 4, 2005						*												*	*		
Quarter 1, 2006																			*		
Quarter 4, 2016																		*			
Quarter 1, 2017											*										
CHLORIDE																					
Quarter 1, 2006																				*	
Quarter 2, 2014															*						
COBALT																					
Quarter 3, 2003	*						*			*	*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	
Quarter 1, 2004														*							
Quarter 2, 2016														*							
CONDUCTIVITY																					
Quarter 4, 2002										*											
Quarter 1, 2003										*											
Quarter 2, 2003										*	*										
Quarter 4, 2003										*											
Quarter 1, 2004										*											
Quarter 2, 2004										*											
Quarter 3, 2004										*											
Quarter 1, 2005															*						
Quarter 2, 2005															*						
Quarter 3, 2005						*													*		
Quarter 4, 2005															*			*			
Quarter 1, 2006															*						

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
CONDUCTIVITY																					
Quarter 2, 2006															*						
Quarter 3, 2006															*						
Quarter 1, 2007															*						
Quarter 2, 2007															*						
Quarter 3, 2007															*						
Quarter 4, 2007															*						
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Quarter 1, 2012														*	*						
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Quarter 3, 2015															*						
Quarter 4, 2015															*						
Quarter 1, 2016															*						
Quarter 2, 2016															*						
Quarter 3, 2016															*						
DISSOLVED OXYGEN																					
Quarter 1, 2003					*	*				*											
Quarter 3, 2003					*					*											
Quarter 4, 2003					*																
Quarter 1, 2004					*																
Quarter 2, 2004								*								*					
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Quarter 1, 2009							*														
Quarter 2, 2009					*			*	*												
Quarter 3, 2009						*		*	*												
Quarter 1, 2010					*		*														
Quarter 2, 2010					*	*		*	*											*	*
Quarter 3, 2010					*	*															
Quarter 4, 2010							*					*								*	
Quarter 1, 2011						*															
Quarter 2, 2011					*	*	*	*	*					*							

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
DISSOLVED OXYGEN																					
Quarter 3, 2011						✱			✱												
Quarter 1, 2012							✱		✱												
Quarter 2, 2012	✱			✱	✱	✱		✱	✱												
Quarter 3, 2012						✱															
Quarter 4, 2012									✱												
Quarter 1, 2013						✱			✱												
Quarter 2, 2013							✱		✱												
Quarter 3, 2013	✱				✱		✱	✱	✱												
Quarter 4, 2013									✱											✱	
Quarter 2, 2014	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱	✱									✱			
Quarter 3, 2014	✱				✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 4, 2014						✱															
Quarter 2, 2015					✱	✱	✱	✱													
Quarter 3, 2015					✱	✱		✱													
Quarter 4, 2015	✱					✱	✱														
Quarter 1, 2016	✱				✱		✱														
Quarter 2, 2016	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱											✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2016					✱	✱	✱	✱					✱								
Quarter 4, 2016						✱			✱												
Quarter 1, 2017							✱						✱								
Quarter 2, 2017	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱													
Quarter 3, 2017	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱										✱			
Quarter 4, 2017						✱	✱											✱			
Quarter 1, 2018					✱	✱	✱	✱												✱	
Quarter 2, 2018					✱	✱	✱	✱													
DISSOLVED SOLIDS																					
Quarter 4, 2002										✱											
Quarter 1, 2003										✱											
Quarter 2, 2003										✱											
Quarter 3, 2003							✱			✱	✱										
Quarter 4, 2003										✱											
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Quarter 2, 2012															✱						✱
Quarter 3, 2012															✱						✱
Quarter 4, 2012															✱						
Quarter 1, 2013															✱						
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Quarter 2, 2015															✱						
Quarter 3, 2015															✱						
Quarter 4, 2015															✱						
Quarter 1, 2016															✱						
IODIDE																					
Quarter 2, 2003																✱					
Quarter 3, 2003	✱									✱											
Quarter 4, 2003							✱														
Quarter 3, 2010						✱		✱					✱				✱				
IODINE-131																					
Quarter 3, 2010																		■			

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
IODOMETHANE																					
Quarter 4, 2003						✱															
IRON																					
Quarter 4, 2002						✱															
Quarter 3, 2003																✱					
Quarter 4, 2003										✱						✱					
Quarter 1, 2004										✱						✱					
Quarter 2, 2004										✱											
Quarter 3, 2004										✱											
Quarter 3, 2005																✱					
MAGNESIUM																					
Quarter 2, 2005															✱						✱
Quarter 3, 2005						✱															✱
Quarter 2, 2006															✱						✱
Quarter 3, 2006															✱						
Quarter 1, 2007															✱						
Quarter 2, 2008															✱						
Quarter 2, 2009															✱						
Quarter 3, 2009															✱						
Quarter 4, 2009															✱						
Quarter 1, 2010															✱						
Quarter 2, 2010															✱						
Quarter 3, 2010															✱						
Quarter 1, 2011															✱						
Quarter 2, 2011															✱						
Quarter 3, 2011															✱						
Quarter 4, 2011															✱						
Quarter 1, 2012															✱						
Quarter 2, 2012															✱						
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Quarter 4, 2012															✱						
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Quarter 2, 2013															✱						
Quarter 3, 2013															✱						
Quarter 4, 2013															✱						
Quarter 2, 2014															✱						
Quarter 4, 2014															✱						
Quarter 2, 2015															✱						
Quarter 3, 2015															✱						
Quarter 4, 2015															✱						
Quarter 1, 2016															✱						
Quarter 2, 2016															✱						
Quarter 3, 2016	✱																				
Quarter 4, 2016	✱																				
Quarter 2, 2017	✱																				
Quarter 3, 2017	✱																				
Quarter 1, 2018	✱																				
MANGANESE																					
Quarter 3, 2002										✱		✱									
Quarter 4, 2002		✱				✱	✱			✱		✱		✱							
Quarter 2, 2003										✱		✱									
Quarter 3, 2003										✱		✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱		
Quarter 4, 2003										✱	✱	✱	✱				✱	✱			
Quarter 1, 2004										✱	✱	✱				✱	✱	✱			
Quarter 2, 2004							✱			✱	✱	✱						✱			
Quarter 3, 2004							✱			✱	✱	✱				✱					
Quarter 4, 2004										✱		✱				✱					
Quarter 1, 2005										✱		✱									
Quarter 2, 2005										✱		✱									
Quarter 3, 2005										✱		✱				✱					
Quarter 4, 2005										✱						✱					
Quarter 1, 2006										✱											
Quarter 2, 2006							✱			✱		✱									
Quarter 3, 2006										✱						✱					
Quarter 4, 2006										✱											
Quarter 1, 2007										✱											
Quarter 2, 2007							✱			✱											
Quarter 3, 2007							✱														
Quarter 3, 2008							✱														
Quarter 4, 2008							✱														

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
MANGANESE																					
Quarter 3, 2009							✱														
Quarter 3, 2011							✱														
Quarter 2, 2016														✱							
Quarter 3, 2016									✱												
NICKEL																					
Quarter 3, 2003										✱											
OXIDATION-REDUCTION POTENTIAL																					
Quarter 4, 2002																	✱		✱		
Quarter 1, 2003																	✱		✱		
Quarter 2, 2003																			✱		
Quarter 3, 2003	✱																				
Quarter 4, 2003					✱																
Quarter 2, 2004													✱				✱				✱
Quarter 3, 2004					✱			✱					✱	✱	✱		✱			✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2004												✱									✱
Quarter 1, 2005																	✱			✱	✱
Quarter 2, 2005								✱					✱				✱			✱	
Quarter 3, 2005					✱	✱		✱			✱	✱	✱				✱		✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2005		✱						✱					✱				✱			✱	
Quarter 1, 2006					✱			✱	✱								✱				✱
Quarter 2, 2006					✱		✱	✱					✱				✱			✱	
Quarter 3, 2006					✱			✱					✱				✱			✱	
Quarter 4, 2006					✱		✱			✱		✱	✱				✱			✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2007		✱			✱			✱					✱				✱			✱	✱
Quarter 2, 2007					✱								✱				✱			✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2007					✱			✱									✱			✱	
Quarter 4, 2007																	✱			✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2008					✱			✱				✱	✱						✱	✱	
Quarter 2, 2008					✱			✱		✱			✱	✱				✱		✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2008					✱		✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2008								✱		✱		✱	✱				✱	✱		✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2009							✱	✱		✱		✱	✱					✱		✱	
Quarter 2, 2009					✱		✱	✱		✱		✱	✱				✱	✱		✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2009		✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2009		✱				✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2010		✱			✱		✱	✱		✱			✱			✱	✱	✱		✱	
Quarter 2, 2010					✱	✱		✱		✱	✱	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2010		✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2010		✱				✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2011						✱		✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	
Quarter 2, 2011		✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2011		✱				✱		✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2011		✱				✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱		✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2012		✱				✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 2, 2012	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2012		✱				✱		✱		✱		✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2012		✱				✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2013		✱				✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱		✱	
Quarter 2, 2013		✱						✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2013	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2013		✱				✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2014		✱						✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 2, 2014	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2014	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2014		✱				✱		✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2015		✱				✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 2, 2015	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2015		✱			✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2015	✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2016	✱	✱			✱		✱	✱		✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 2, 2016	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2016	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2016	✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2017	✱	✱				✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 2, 2017	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2017	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2017		✱				✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱		✱	✱
Quarter 1, 2018	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱
Quarter 2, 2018	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
PCB, TOTAL																					
Quarter 4, 2003																	✱				
Quarter 3, 2004												✱									
Quarter 3, 2005							✱														
Quarter 2, 2006							✱														
Quarter 3, 2006							✱														
Quarter 1, 2007							✱														
Quarter 2, 2007							✱														
Quarter 3, 2007							✱														
Quarter 1, 2008							✱														
Quarter 2, 2008							✱														
Quarter 4, 2008							✱														
Quarter 3, 2009							✱														
Quarter 1, 2010							✱														
Quarter 2, 2010							✱														
Quarter 4, 2010							✱														
PCB-1016																					
Quarter 3, 2004												✱									
Quarter 2, 2006							✱					✱									
Quarter 1, 2007							✱														
Quarter 2, 2007							✱														
Quarter 3, 2007							✱														
Quarter 2, 2008							✱														
Quarter 4, 2008							✱														
Quarter 3, 2009							✱														
Quarter 1, 2010							✱														
Quarter 2, 2010							✱														
Quarter 4, 2010							✱														
PCB-1242																					
Quarter 3, 2006							✱					✱									
Quarter 4, 2006										✱											
Quarter 1, 2008							✱														
Quarter 2, 2012							✱														
PCB-1248																					
Quarter 2, 2008							✱														
PCB-1260																					
Quarter 2, 2006							✱														
pH																					
Quarter 3, 2002										✱											
Quarter 4, 2002										✱											
Quarter 1, 2003										✱											
Quarter 2, 2003										✱											
Quarter 3, 2003	✱						✱			✱											
Quarter 4, 2003							✱									✱					
Quarter 1, 2004							✱									✱					
Quarter 3, 2005						✱												✱	✱		
Quarter 4, 2005						✱													✱		
Quarter 3, 2006																✱					
Quarter 2, 2011														✱							
Quarter 3, 2011														✱							
Quarter 4, 2011														✱							
Quarter 1, 2012																✱	✱				
Quarter 2, 2012												✱									
Quarter 1, 2013										✱		✱				✱					
Quarter 3, 2015																	✱				
Quarter 2, 2016																				✱	✱
Quarter 3, 2016																				✱	
Quarter 2, 2017																	✱				
POTASSIUM																					
Quarter 1, 2014																✱					
RADIUM-228																					
Quarter 2, 2005														■							
Quarter 4, 2005						■						■						■			
SELENIUM																					
Quarter 4, 2003									■												

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
SODIUM																					
Quarter 3, 2002										✱	✱		✱								
Quarter 4, 2002										✱	✱			✱							
Quarter 1, 2003										✱											
Quarter 2, 2003										✱	✱										
Quarter 3, 2003											✱										
Quarter 1, 2007											✱										
Quarter 1, 2012														✱							
Quarter 1, 2014															✱						
Quarter 3, 2014											✱										
Quarter 4, 2014											✱										
Quarter 4, 2015											✱										
Quarter 1, 2016											✱										
Quarter 2, 2016											✱										
Quarter 3, 2016											✱										
Quarter 4, 2016											✱										
Quarter 1, 2017											✱										
Quarter 2, 2017											✱										
Quarter 3, 2017											✱										
Quarter 4, 2017											✱										
Quarter 1, 2018											✱										
STRONTIUM-90																					
Quarter 4, 2008							■														
SULFATE																					
Quarter 1, 2003							✱														
Quarter 2, 2003						✱	✱														
Quarter 3, 2003	✱					✱															
Quarter 4, 2003					✱		✱														
Quarter 1, 2004					✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 2, 2004					✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 3, 2004					✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 1, 2005					✱	✱			✱												
Quarter 2, 2005					✱		✱		✱						✱						
Quarter 3, 2005					✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 4, 2005															✱						
Quarter 1, 2006					✱				✱												
Quarter 2, 2006						✱	✱		✱						✱						
Quarter 3, 2006							✱														
Quarter 1, 2007							✱														
Quarter 2, 2007							✱														
Quarter 3, 2007							✱														
Quarter 4, 2007		✱																			
Quarter 1, 2008		✱			✱		✱		✱												
Quarter 2, 2008		✱			✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 3, 2008		✱			✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 4, 2008		✱				✱	✱														
Quarter 1, 2009		✱					✱														
Quarter 2, 2009		✱			✱	✱	✱														
Quarter 3, 2009		✱			✱	✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 4, 2009		✱			✱	✱									✱						
Quarter 1, 2010		✱			✱	✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 2, 2010		✱			✱	✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 3, 2010		✱			✱	✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 4, 2010		✱				✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 1, 2011		✱																			
Quarter 2, 2011		✱			✱	✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 3, 2011		✱				✱	✱	✱							✱						
Quarter 4, 2011		✱				✱									✱						
Quarter 1, 2012		✱					✱	✱							✱						
Quarter 2, 2012	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱						✱						
Quarter 3, 2012		✱				✱									✱						
Quarter 4, 2012		✱													✱						
Quarter 1, 2013		✱				✱									✱						
Quarter 2, 2013		✱													✱						
Quarter 3, 2013	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱								✱						
Quarter 4, 2013		✱													✱						
Quarter 1, 2014		✱													✱						
Quarter 2, 2014	✱	✱			✱		✱	✱							✱						
Quarter 3, 2014	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱							✱						
Quarter 4, 2014		✱				✱															
Quarter 1, 2015		✱																			

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
SULFATE																					
Quarter 2, 2015	*	*			*		*								*						
Quarter 3, 2015		*			*	*		*							*						
Quarter 4, 2015	*	*				*	*	*													
Quarter 1, 2016	*	*			*	*	*														
Quarter 2, 2016	*	*			*	*	*														
Quarter 3, 2016	*	*			*	*	*	*													
Quarter 4, 2016	*	*				*	*	*													
Quarter 1, 2017	*	*				*	*														
Quarter 2, 2017	*	*			*	*	*														
Quarter 3, 2017	*	*			*	*	*														
Quarter 4, 2017		*				*	*														
Quarter 1, 2018	*	*			*	*	*														
Quarter 2, 2018	*	*			*	*	*	*													
TECHNETIUM-99																					
Quarter 4, 2002																	*	*	*		
Quarter 2, 2003							*						*			*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 3, 2003																	*				
Quarter 4, 2003																	*				*
Quarter 1, 2004															*		*				*
Quarter 2, 2004															*						*
Quarter 3, 2004															*						*
Quarter 4, 2004															*		*				*
Quarter 3, 2005																	*				
Quarter 1, 2006															*						*
Quarter 2, 2006		*							*												*
Quarter 3, 2006																					*
Quarter 4, 2006															*						*
Quarter 1, 2007																					*
Quarter 2, 2007													*		*					*	
Quarter 3, 2007															*		*	*			
Quarter 4, 2007										*					*				*		*
Quarter 1, 2008															*					*	*
Quarter 2, 2008							*	*						*		*			*		
Quarter 3, 2008															*						
Quarter 4, 2008										*							*		*		
Quarter 1, 2009										*											
Quarter 2, 2009																		*			
Quarter 3, 2009								*		*					*						
Quarter 4, 2009										*					*			*	*		
Quarter 2, 2010										*						*	*	*	*		
Quarter 3, 2010										*					*						
Quarter 4, 2010																		*			
Quarter 1, 2011		*								*							*				
Quarter 2, 2011																*	*	*	*		
Quarter 1, 2012																	*	*			
Quarter 2, 2012								*										*			
Quarter 3, 2012																	*	*			
Quarter 4, 2012															*			*			*
Quarter 1, 2013																		*			*
Quarter 2, 2013																					*
Quarter 3, 2013										*											*
Quarter 4, 2013															*		*	*			*
Quarter 1, 2014															*		*	*			
Quarter 2, 2014																		*			
Quarter 3, 2014																	*	*	*		
Quarter 4, 2014															*						
Quarter 1, 2015															*			*			
Quarter 2, 2015																*					
Quarter 3, 2015																		*	*	*	
Quarter 4, 2015															*		*			*	
Quarter 1, 2016																*	*	*	*		*
Quarter 2, 2016																*	*	*	*	*	
Quarter 3, 2016																	*		*	*	
Quarter 4, 2016										*				*			*	*			
Quarter 1, 2017																	*		*	*	
Quarter 2, 2017																				*	
Quarter 3, 2017																		*		*	
Quarter 4, 2017														*	*		*	*		*	
Quarter 1, 2018																				*	
Quarter 2, 2018														*		*				*	

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
THORIUM-230																					
Quarter 4, 2015																✱					
Quarter 2, 2016										✱											
Quarter 4, 2016	✱											✱				✱			✱		
Quarter 4, 2017													✱								
Quarter 2, 2018										✱			✱								
TOLUENE																					
Quarter 2, 2014										✱				✱							
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON																					
Quarter 3, 2002										✱	✱	✱		✱							✱
Quarter 4, 2002										✱	✱			✱							
Quarter 1, 2003											✱										
Quarter 3, 2003	✱									✱	✱					✱					
Quarter 4, 2003										✱	✱										
Quarter 1, 2004											✱										
Quarter 3, 2005						✱				✱					✱	✱			✱		
Quarter 4, 2005						✱												✱	✱		
Quarter 1, 2006																			✱		
TOTAL ORGANIC HALIDES																					
Quarter 4, 2002										✱											
Quarter 1, 2003										✱											
Quarter 2, 2003										✱											
Quarter 1, 2004																✱					
TRICHLOROETHENE																					
Quarter 3, 2002														■						■	
Quarter 4, 2002															■					■	
Quarter 1, 2003																				■	■
Quarter 2, 2003															■					■	
Quarter 3, 2003							■													■	■
Quarter 4, 2003															■					■	■
Quarter 1, 2004															■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2004															■					■	■
Quarter 3, 2004															■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2004															■					■	■
Quarter 1, 2005															■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2005															■					■	■
Quarter 3, 2005															■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2005															■					■	■
Quarter 1, 2006															■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2006															■					■	■
Quarter 3, 2006															■					■	■
Quarter 4, 2006															■						■
Quarter 1, 2007															■					■	■
Quarter 2, 2007															■						■
Quarter 3, 2007															■						■
Quarter 4, 2007															■						■
Quarter 1, 2008															■						■
Quarter 2, 2008															■				■		■
Quarter 3, 2008															■						■
Quarter 4, 2008															■						■
Quarter 1, 2009															■						■
Quarter 2, 2009															■						■
Quarter 3, 2009															■						■
Quarter 4, 2009						■	■				■		■	■	■		■				■
Quarter 1, 2010													■		■						■
Quarter 2, 2010													■		■						■
Quarter 3, 2010													■		■						■
Quarter 4, 2010													■		■						■
Quarter 2, 2011															■				■		■
Quarter 3, 2011													■		■				■		■
Quarter 4, 2011													■		■						■
Quarter 1, 2012													■		■		■		▨		■
Quarter 2, 2012															■						■
Quarter 3, 2012															■						■
Quarter 4, 2012														■	■						■
Quarter 1, 2013													■		■						■
Quarter 2, 2013													■		■		■		■		■
Quarter 3, 2013													■		■						■
Quarter 4, 2013													■		■				■		■
Quarter 1, 2014													■		■				■		■
Quarter 2, 2014															■		■		■		

Chart of MCL and Historical UTL Exceedances for the C-746-U Contained Landfill (Continued)

Groundwater Flow System	UCRS									URGA						LRGA					
Gradient	D	S	S	S	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U	D	D	D	D	U	U
Monitoring Well	368	375	376	377	359	362	365	371	374	366	360	363	357	369	372	367	361	364	358	370	373
TRICHLOROETHENE																					
Quarter 3, 2014													■		■				■		■
Quarter 4, 2014													■		■				■		■
Quarter 1, 2015													■		■						■
Quarter 2, 2015					■										■				■		■
Quarter 3, 2015													■		■		■				■
Quarter 4, 2015													■		■						■
Quarter 1, 2016													■		■		■	■			■
Quarter 2, 2016												■	■		■		■		■		■
Quarter 3, 2016													■		■		■	■			■
Quarter 4, 2016													■		■		■	■	■		■
Quarter 1, 2017													■		■			■			■
Quarter 2, 2017															■		■	■			■
Quarter 3, 2017															■		■	■			■
Quarter 4, 2017										■			■	■			■	■			■
Quarter 1, 2018															■		■	■			■
Quarter 2, 2018													■		■	■	■	■	■		■
TURBIDITY																					
Quarter 1, 2003										✱											
URANIUM																					
Quarter 4, 2002		✱			✱	✱	✱			✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱	✱		✱	✱	✱	✱
Quarter 4, 2006																					✱
ZINC																					
Quarter 3, 2005																			✱		

✱ Statistical test results indicate an elevated concentration (i.e., a statistical exceedance).

■ MCL Exceedance

■ Previously reported as an MCL exceedance; however, result was equal to MCL

UCRS Upper Continental Recharge System

URGA Upper Regional Gravel Aquifer

LRGA Lower Regional Gravel Aquifer

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APPENDIX H

METHANE MONITORING DATA

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CP3-WM-0017-F04 - C-746-U LANDFILL METHANE MONITORING REPORT

PADUCAH GASEOUS DIFFUSION PLANT
Permit #: 073-00045
McCracken County, Kentucky

Date:	5/29/2018	Time:	0900am	Monitor:	Robert Kirby

Weather Conditions:
Mostly cloudy at 82 degrees with scattered showers

Monitoring Equipment:
RAE Systems, Multi-RAE, Serial# 7971

Monitoring Location		Reading (% LEL)
C-746-U1	Checked at floor level	0
C-746-U2	Checked at floor level	0
C-746-U-T-14	Checked at floor level	0
C-746-U15	Checked at floor level	0
MG1	Dry casing	0
MG2	Dry casing	0
MG3	Dry casing	0
MG4	Dry casing	0
Suspect or Problem Areas	No problems noted	N/A

Remarks:

Performed by:

Tammy Smith — Signature

5/29/18 — Date

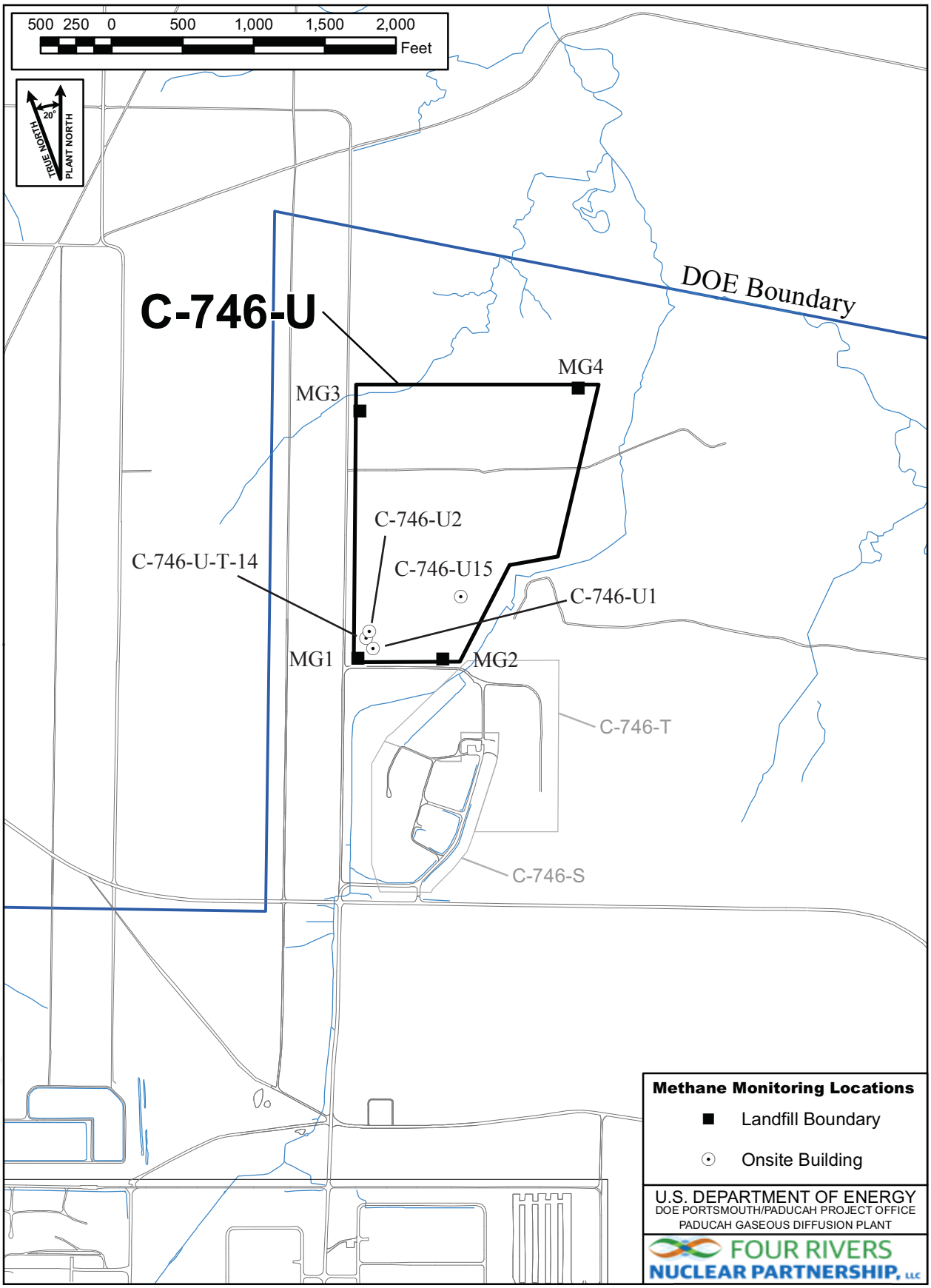

Figure H.1. C-746-U Methane Monitoring Locations

APPENDIX I

SURFACE WATER ANALYSES AND WRITTEN COMMENTS

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Division of Waste Management
Solid Waste Branch
14 Reilly Road
Frankfort, KY 40601 (502)564-6716

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED-QUARTERLY
Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant
Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1
LAB ID: None
For Official Use Only

SURFACE WATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS (S)

Monitoring Point (KPDES Discharge Number, or "UPSTREAM", or "DOWNSTREAM")						L150 AT SITE		L154 UPSTREAM		L351 DOWNSTREAM			
Sample Sequence #						1		1		1			
If sample is a Blank, specify Type: (F)ield, (T)rip, (M)ethod, or (E)quipment						NA		NA		NA			
Sample Date and Time (Month/Day/Year hour: minutes)						4/14/2018 09:01		4/14/2018 09:12		4/14/2018 08:45			
Duplicate ("Y" or "N")[1]						N		N		N			
Split ('Y' or "N")[2]						N		N		N			
Facility Sample ID Number (if applicable)						L150US3-18		L154US3-18		L351US3-18			
Laboratory Sample ID Number (if applicable)						448154001		448154002		448154003			
Date of Analysis (Month/Day/Year)						4/24/2018		4/24/2018		4/24/2018			
CAS RN[3]		CONSTITUENT	TD[4]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]
A200-00-0	0	Flow	T	MGD	Field	0.31		3.52		6.51			
16887-00-6	2	Chloride(s)	T	mg/L	300.0	0.838		1.94		1.49			
14808-79-8	0	Sulfate	T	mg/L	300.0	5.22		4.35		6.79			
7439-89-6	0	Iron	T	mg/L	200.8	1.6		2.37		2.04			
7440-23-5	0	Sodium	T	mg/L	200.8	0.998		3.11		2.64			
S0268- -	0	Organic Carbon[6]	T	mg/L	9060	13.4		16.5		13.8			
S0097- -	0	BOD[6]	T	mg/L	not applicable		*		*		*		
S0130- -	0	Chemical Oxygen Demand	T	mg/L	410.4	69.9	*B	68.3	*B	65.2	*B		

[1]Respond "Y" if the sample was a duplicate of another sample in this report
[2]Respond "Y" if the sample was split and analyzed by separate laboratories.
[3]Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number or unique identifier number assigned by agency.
[4]"T" = Total; "D" = Dissolved
[5]"<" indicates a non-detect; do not use "ND" or "BDL". Value then shown is Practical Quantification Limit
[6]Facility has either/or option on Organic Carbon and (BOD) Biochemical Oxygen Demand - both are not required
[7]Flags are as designated, do not use any other type. Use "*," then describe on "Written Comments" page.

STANDARD FLAGS:
* = See Comments
J = Estimated Value
B = Analyte found in blank
A = Average value
N = Presumptive ID
D = Concentration from analysis of a secondary dilution factor

SURFACE WATER - QUARTERLY

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant

Permit Number: 073-00045

FINDS/UNIT: KY8-890-008-982 / 1

LAB ID: None

For Official Use Only

SURFACE WATER SAMPLE ANALYSIS - (Cont.)

Monitoring Point (KPDES Discharge Number, or "UPSTREAM" or "DOWNSTREAM")						L150 AT SITE		L154 UPSTREAM		L351 DOWNSTREAM			
CAS RN[3]		CONSTITUENT	TD[4]	Unit OF MEASURE	METHOD	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]	DETECTED VALUE OR PQL[5]	FLAGS[7]
S0145- -	1	Specific Conductance	T	µmho/cm	Field	116		123		125			
S0270- -	0	Total Suspended Solids	T	mg/L	160.2	41.2		46.8		86			
S0266- -	0	Total Dissolved Solids	T	mg/L	160.1	131	B	137	B	137	B		
S0269- -	0	Total Solids	T	mg/L	SM-2540 B 17	157	*	170	*	191	*		
S0296- -	0	pH	T	Units	Field	7.38		7.33		7.31			
7440-61-1		Uranium	T	mg/L	200.8	0.000489		0.00252		0.00312			
12587-46-1		Gross Alpha (α)	T	pCi/L	9310	3.8	*	0.136	*	9.96	*		
12587-47-2		Gross Beta (β)	T	pCi/L	9310	7.7	*	8.07	*	4.98	*		

RESIDENTIAL/CONTAINED – QUARTERLY **Finds/Unit: KY8-890-008-982 / 1**

Facility: US DOE - Paducah Gaseous Diffusion Plant **LAB ID: None**

Permit Numbers: 073-00045 **For Official Use Only**

SURFACE WATER
WRITTEN COMMENTS

Monitoring Point	Facility Sample ID	Constituent	Flag	Description
L150	L150US3-18	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Total Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Alpha activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.16. Rad error is 4.12.
		Beta activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 5.41. Rad error is 5.26.
L154	L154US3-18	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Total Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Alpha activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 4.22. Rad error is 4.22.
		Beta activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.87. Rad error is 6.74.
L351	L351US3-18	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)		Analysis of constituent not required and not performed.
		Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	N	Sample spike (MS/MSD) recovery not within control limits
		Total Solids	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits.
		Alpha activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 7.37. Rad error is 7.18.
		Beta activity	U	Indicates analyte/nuclide was analyzed for, but not detected. TPU is 6.63. Rad error is 6.56.

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